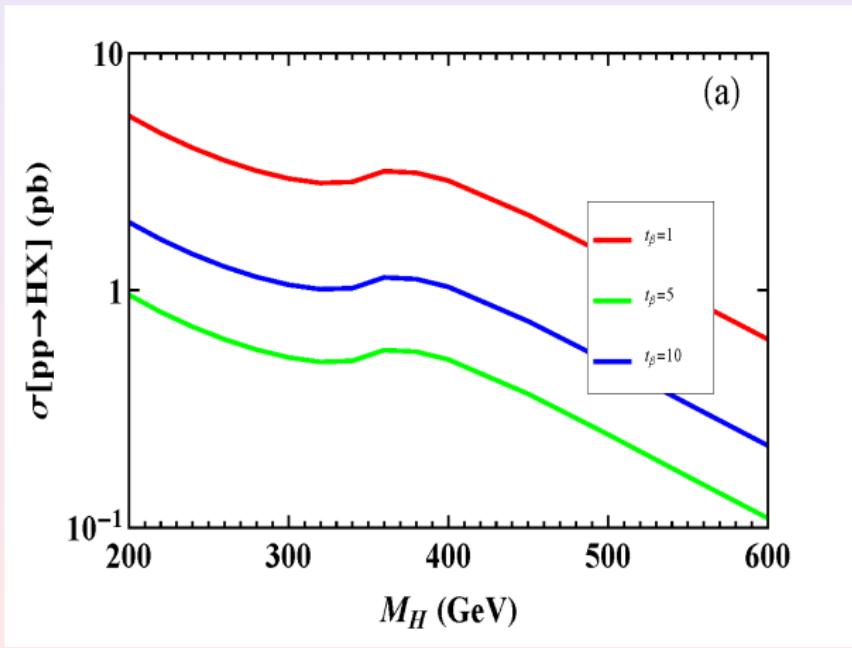
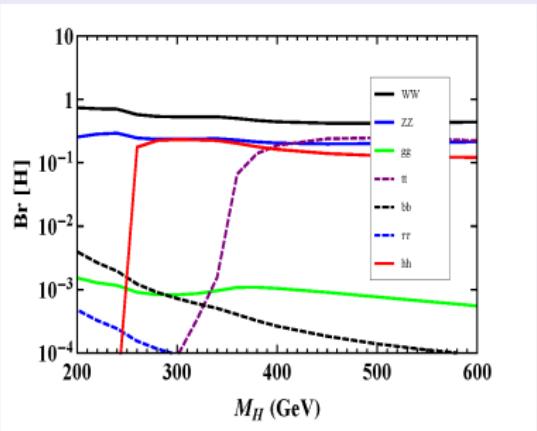


# The 2HDM-I heavier CP-even Higgs production

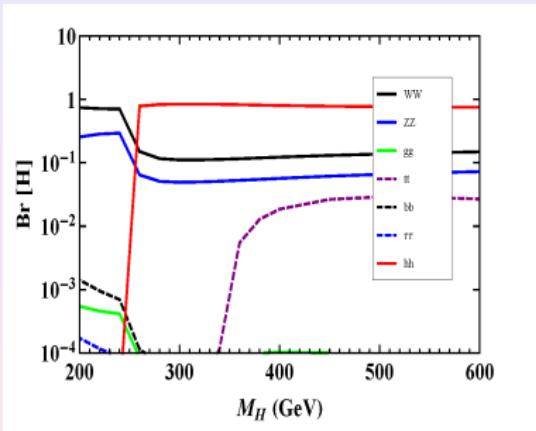
- $\sqrt{s} = 14$  TeV.
- Alignment limit:  $\cos(\beta - \alpha) = 0.4$ .



# The 2HDM-I heavier CP-even Higgs Br



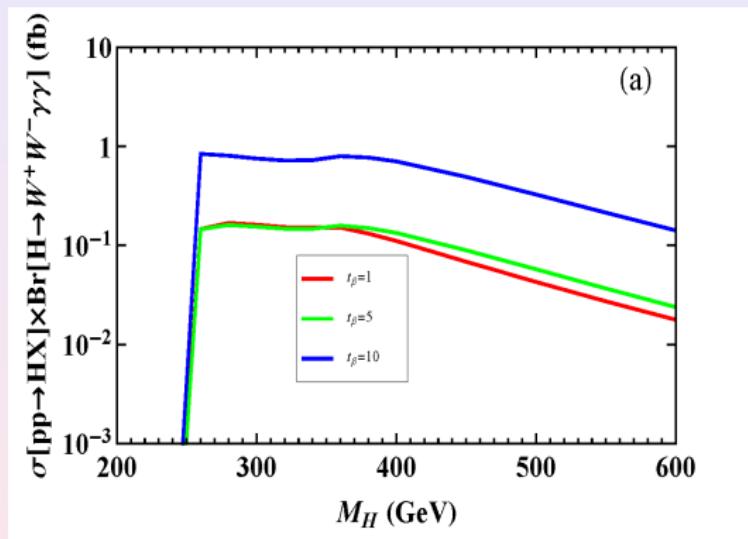
$$\tan \beta = 1$$



$$\tan \beta = 10$$

# The 2HDM-I $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow W^+ W^- \gamma\gamma$ channel

$\sigma[pp \rightarrow HX] \times Br[H \rightarrow hh] \times Br[h \rightarrow W^+ W^-] \times Br[h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma] \times 2 :$



We take Xsection= 1 fb for  $M_H = 300(400)\text{GeV}$  and  
Xsection=  $10^{-1}$  fb for  $M_H = 600\text{GeV}$  in the next analysis.

# The 2HDM-I $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow W^+ W^- \gamma\gamma$ channel

- $Br [ W \rightarrow \ell \nu ] \simeq 10.8\% \quad (\ell : e \text{ or } \mu \text{ or } \tau);$
- $Br [ W \rightarrow \text{hadrons} ] \simeq 67.6\%.$
- Signal cross section with  $W$  decay:

- hadronic decay:

$$67.6\%^2 \times \text{Xsection} \simeq 0.457 \times \text{Xsection};$$

- leptonic decay:

$$(3 \times 10.8\%)^2 \times \text{Xsection} \simeq 0.105 \times \text{Xsection};$$

- semi-leptonic decay:

$$67.6\% \times 3 \times 10.8\% \times 2 \times \text{Xsection} \simeq 0.438 \times \text{Xsection}.$$

# Semi-leptonic decay channel

- Fast-simulation project:

MG5 + pythia + delphes 3.0.10.

- 2HDM Signal:  $M_H = 300$  GeV and  $M_H = 400(600)$  GeV.
- SM irreducible background:

$$p\ p \rightarrow q\ q\ \ell\ \nu\ \gamma\ \gamma \sim 31.13[\text{fb}].$$

- SM reducible background:

$$p\ p \rightarrow q\ q\ \ell\ \nu\ g\ g \sim o(10^{-4})[\text{fb}],$$

$$p\ p \rightarrow q\ q\ \ell\ \nu\ g\ q \sim o(10^{-4})[\text{fb}],$$

$$p\ p \rightarrow q\ q\ \ell\ \nu\ q\ q \sim o(10^{-4})[\text{fb}],$$

$$p\ p \rightarrow q\ q\ \ell\ \nu\ q\ \gamma \sim o(10^{-1})[\text{fb}],$$

$$p\ p \rightarrow q\ q\ \ell\ \nu\ g\ \gamma \sim o(10^{-1})[\text{fb}].$$

with photon identification efficiencies:

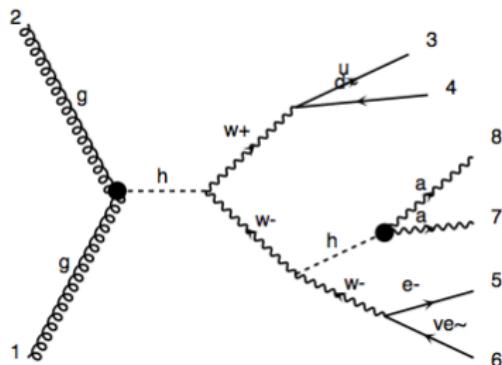
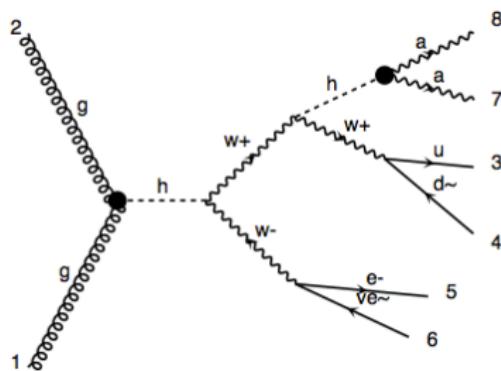
$$\epsilon_{q \rightarrow \gamma} \approx 3.6 \times 10^{-4}, \quad \epsilon_{g \rightarrow \gamma} \approx 3.6 \times 10^{-5}.$$

# Semi-leptonic decay channel

- SM Higgstrahlung:

Radiate Higgs:  $p\ p \rightarrow h \rightarrow W^+ W^- \rightarrow W^+ W^- h.$

$p\ p \rightarrow W^+ W^- h \rightarrow q\ q\ \ell\ \nu\ \gamma\ \gamma \sim 2.3 \times 10^{-3} [\text{fb}].$



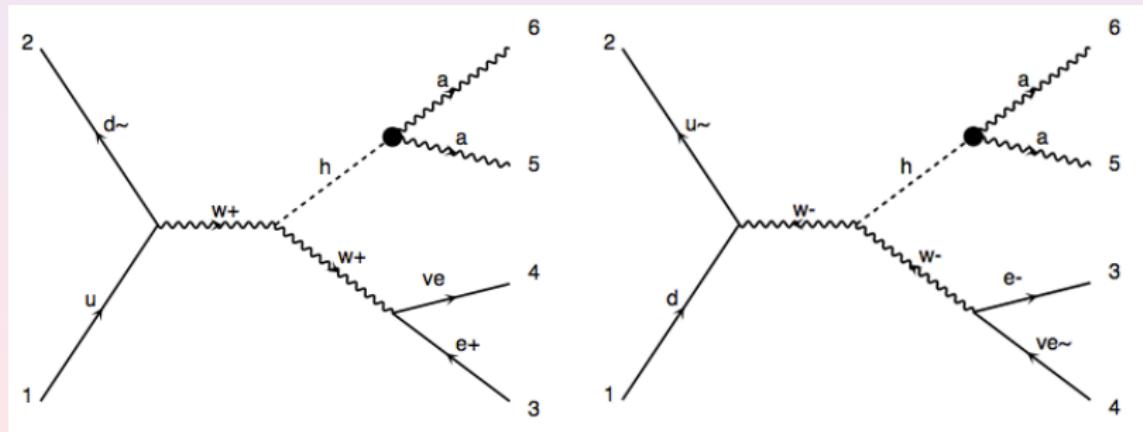
# Semi-leptonic decay channel

- SM reducible background:

$$p \ p \rightarrow \ell \nu \gamma \gamma \sim 143.3[\text{fb}].$$

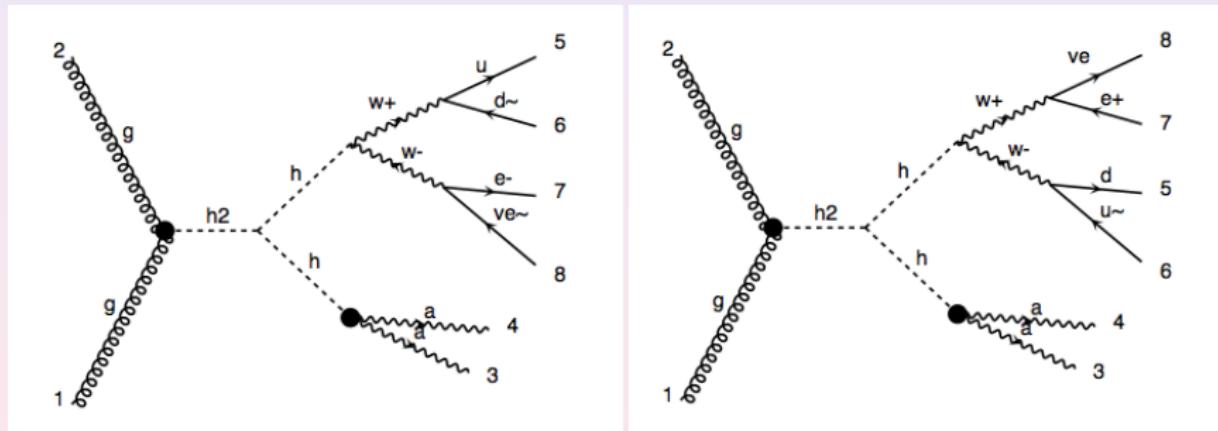
- SM Higgs reducible background:

$$p \ p \rightarrow W h \rightarrow \ell \nu \gamma \gamma \sim 0.42[\text{fb}].$$



# Signal generated by MG5

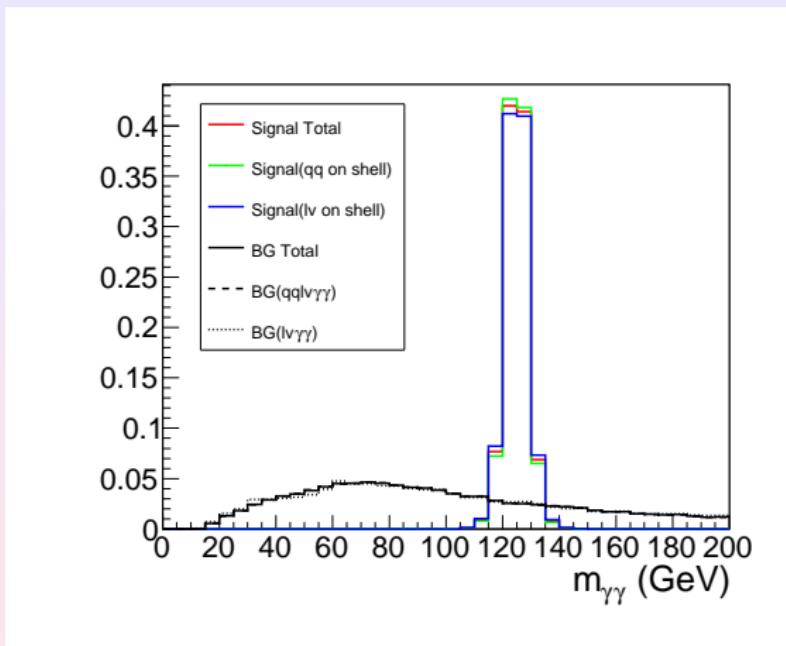
- Generating  $q \bar{q}$  on shell ( $\ell \nu$  off shell) and  $q \bar{q}$  off shell ( $\ell \nu$  on shell) separately



# Events selection

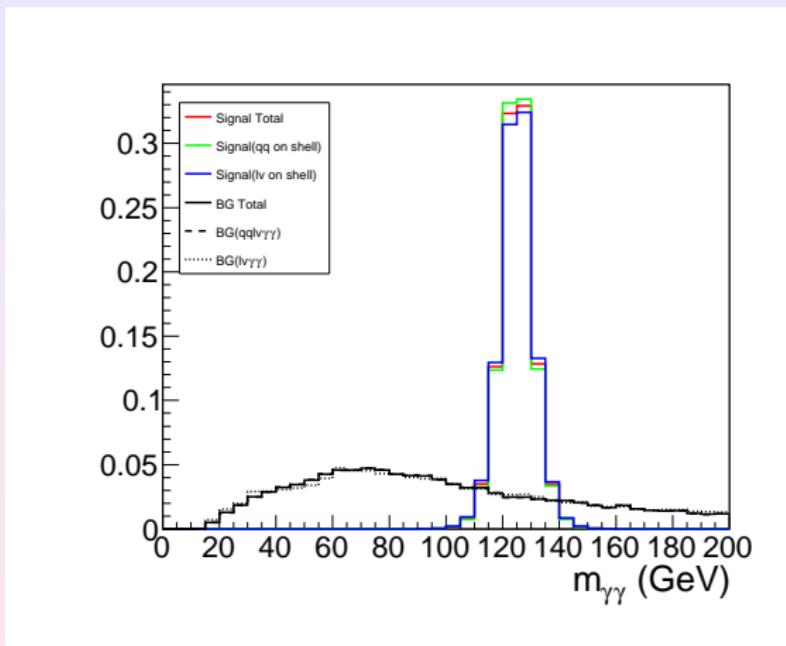
- Overlab remove:
  - Electrons with  $\Delta R(e, \gamma) < 0.4$  are removed;
  - Jets(BTag,TauTag = 0) with  $\Delta R(\text{jet}, e) < 0.2$  or  $\Delta R(\text{jet}, \gamma) < 0.4$  are removed;
  - Muons with  $\Delta R(\mu, \text{jet}) < 0.4$  or  $\Delta R(\mu, \gamma) < 0.4$  are removed.
- Final state( $q\ q\ \ell\ \nu\ \gamma\ \gamma$ ) selection:
  - Number of qjet  $\geq 2$ , choosing leading and subleading qjet pair;
  - Number of photon  $\geq 2$ ,  $m_{\gamma\gamma}$  of photon pair closest to  $m_h$ ;
  - Number of electron or muon = 1.
- Basic cuts:  $|\eta_{\gamma, q, \ell}| < 2.5$ ,  $P_{T_{\gamma, q}} > 25$  GeV,  $P_{T_\ell} > 15$  GeV.

# Distribution of photon ( $M_H = 300\text{GeV}$ )



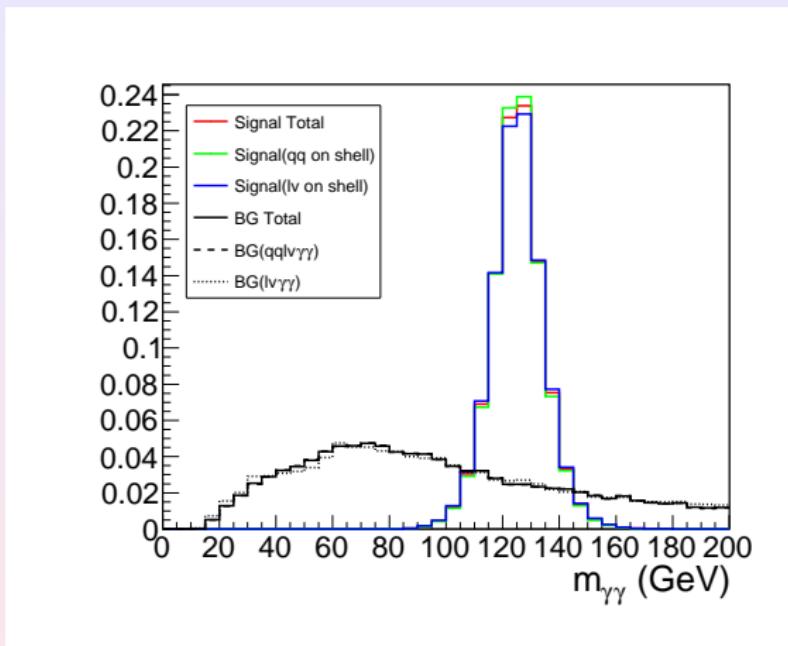
- Cut based:  $120 \text{ GeV} < m_{\gamma\gamma} < 130 \text{ GeV}$ .

# Distribution of photon ( $M_H = 400\text{GeV}$ )



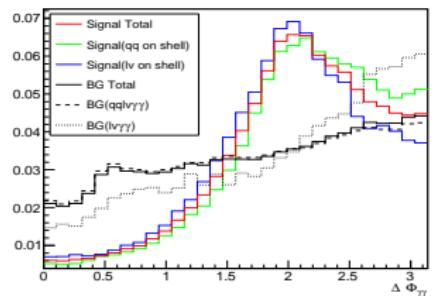
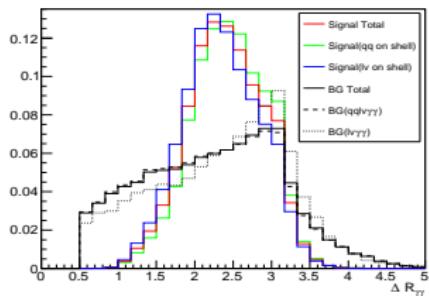
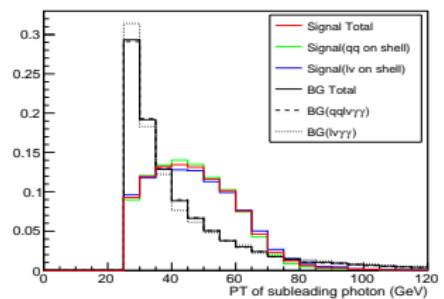
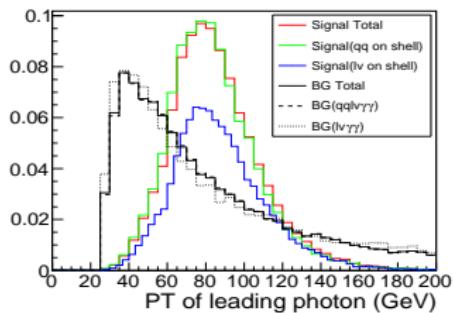
- Cut based:  $120 \text{ GeV} < m_{\gamma\gamma} < 130 \text{ GeV}$ .

# Distribution of photon ( $M_H = 600\text{GeV}$ )



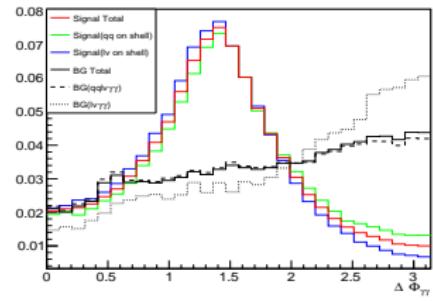
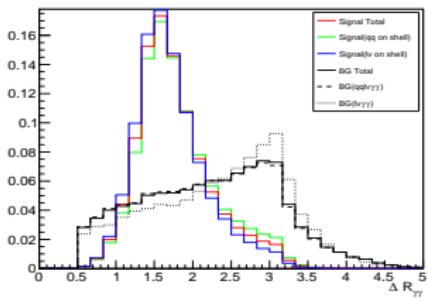
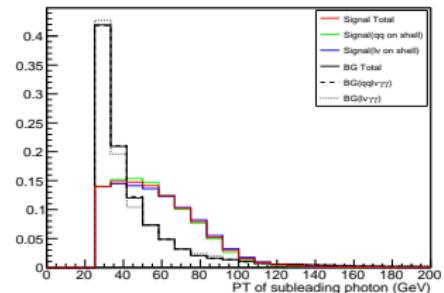
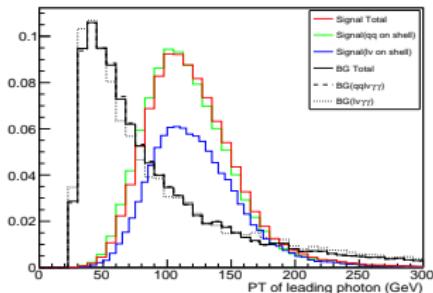
- Cut based:  $115 \text{ GeV} < m_{\gamma\gamma} < 135 \text{ GeV}$ .

# Distribution of photon ( $M_H = 300\text{GeV}$ )



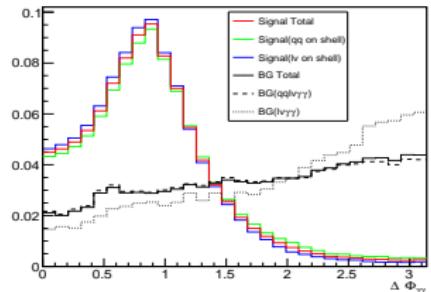
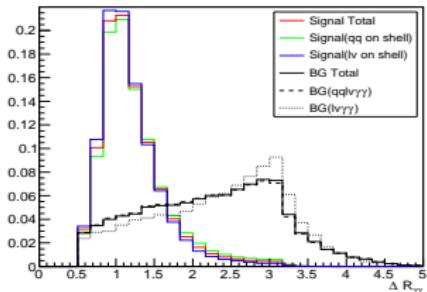
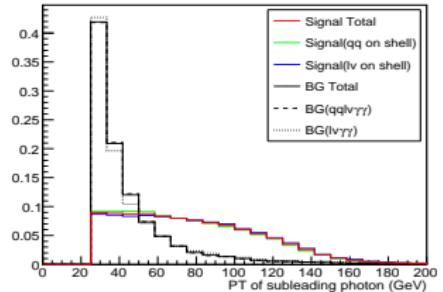
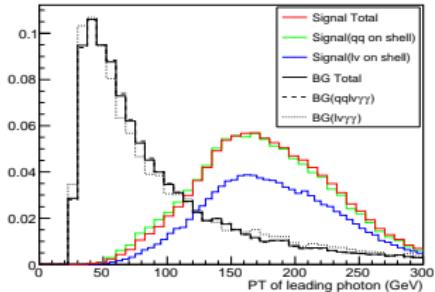
- Cut based:  $60 \text{ GeV} < P_{T_{\gamma-\text{leading}}} < 120 \text{ GeV}$ .

# Distribution of photon ( $M_H = 400\text{GeV}$ )



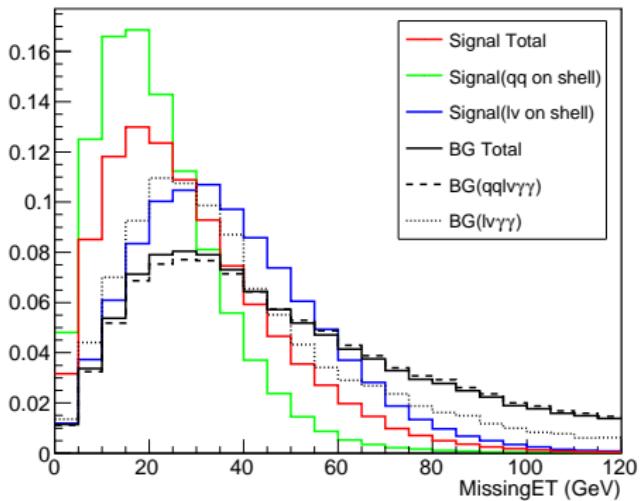
- Cut based:  $80\text{ GeV} < P_{T\gamma-\text{leading}} < 180\text{ GeV}$ ,  $1 < \Delta R_{\gamma\gamma} < 2.1$ ,  $\Delta \Phi_{\gamma\gamma} < 1.9$ .

# Distribution of photon ( $M_H = 600\text{GeV}$ )



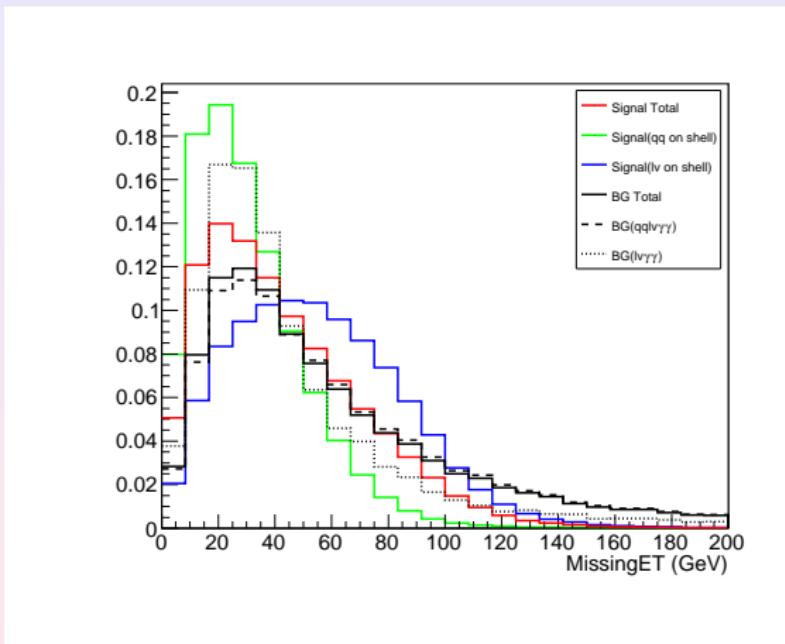
- Cut based:  $P_{T_{\gamma-\text{leading}}} > 120 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $\Delta R_{\gamma\gamma} < 1.7$ ,  $\Delta\Phi_{\gamma\gamma} < 1.4$ .

# Missing ET distribution( $M_H = 300\text{GeV}$ )

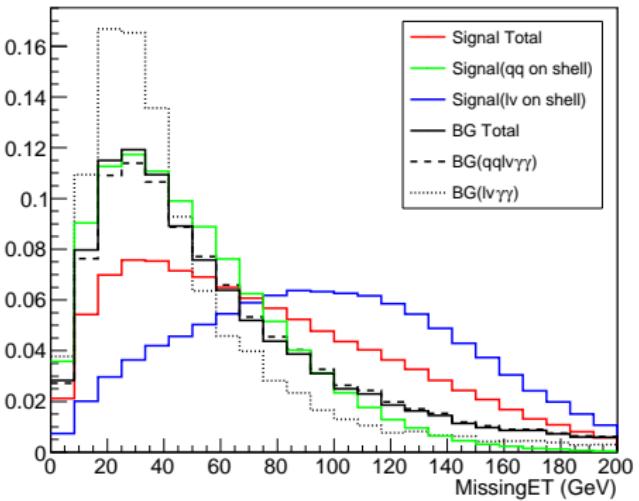


- Cut based: MET  $< 40$  GeV.

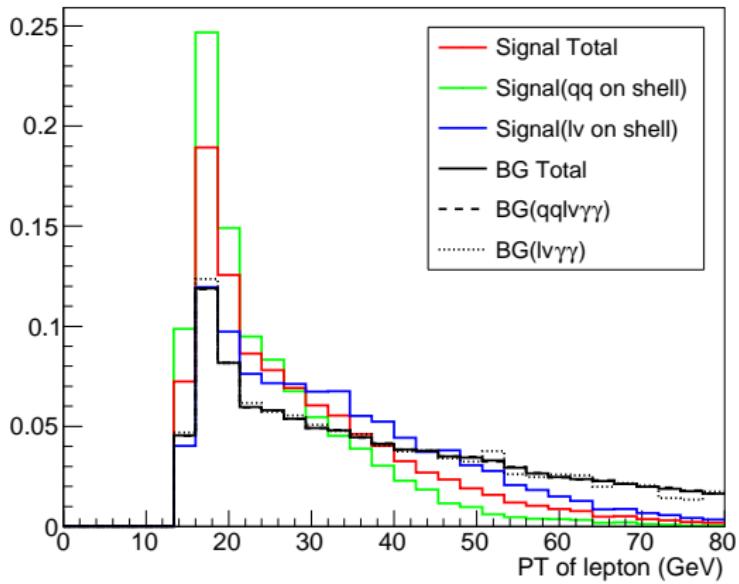
# Missing ET distribution( $M_H = 400\text{GeV}$ )



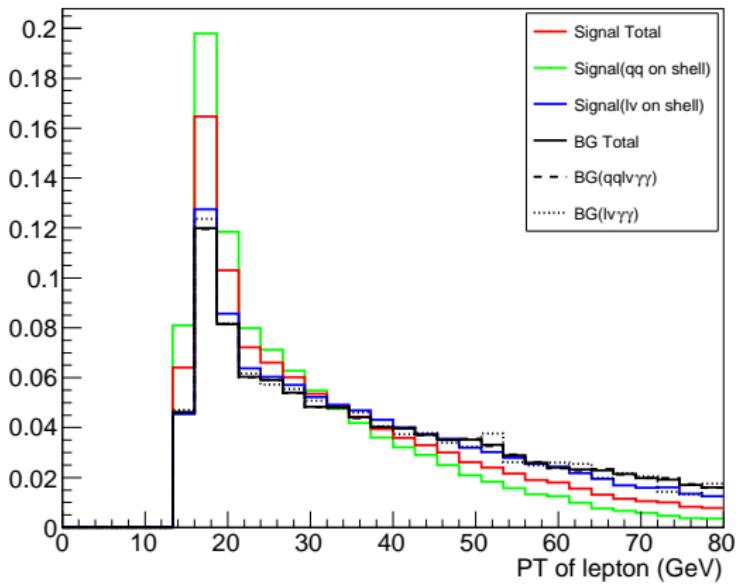
# Missing ET distribution( $M_H = 600\text{GeV}$ )



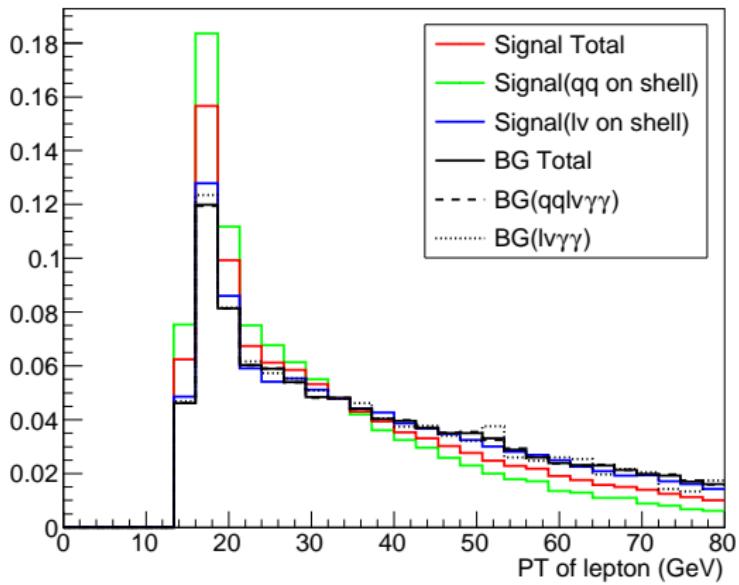
# Distribution of lepton ( $M_H = 300\text{GeV}$ )



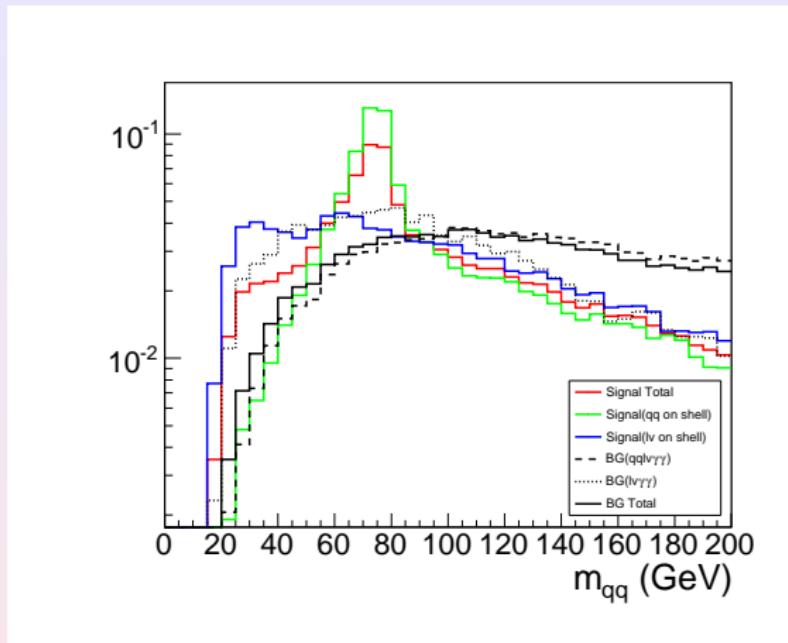
# Distribution of lepton ( $M_H = 400\text{GeV}$ )



# Distribution of lepton ( $M_H = 600\text{GeV}$ )

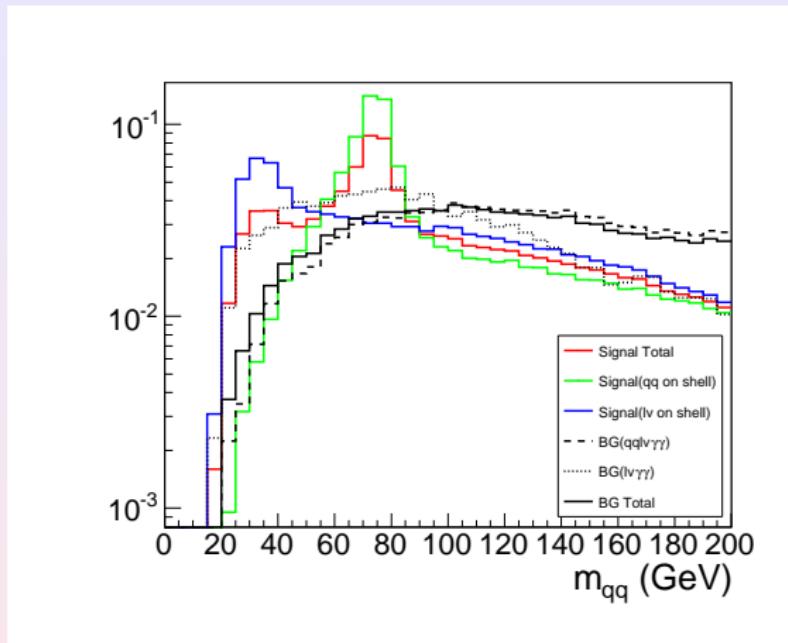


# Distribution of qjet( $M_H = 300\text{GeV}$ )



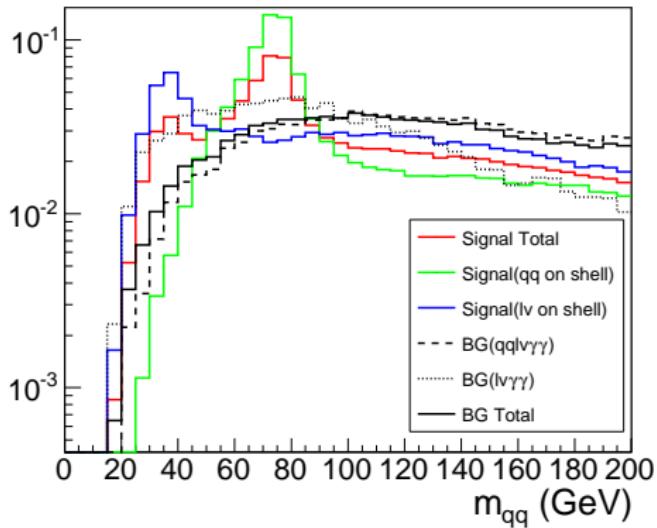
- Cut based:  $m_{qq} < 90 \text{ GeV}$ .

# Distribution of qjet( $M_H = 400\text{GeV}$ )



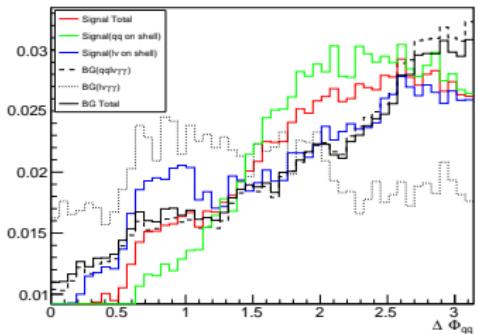
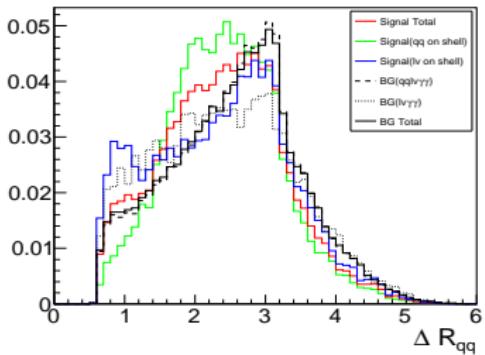
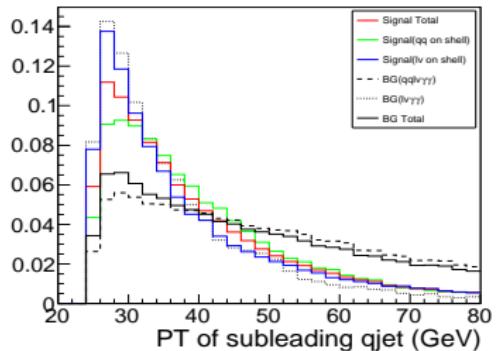
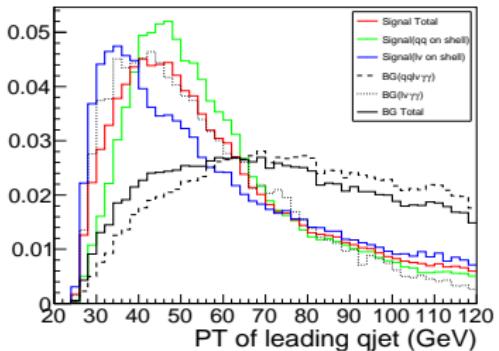
- Cut based:  $m_{qq} < 90$  GeV.

# Distribution of qjet( $M_H = 600\text{GeV}$ )

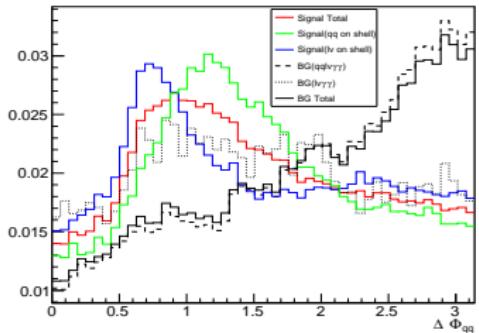
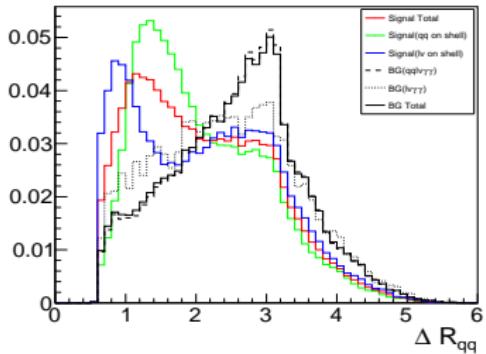
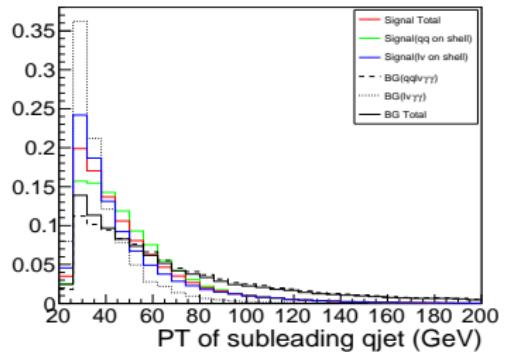
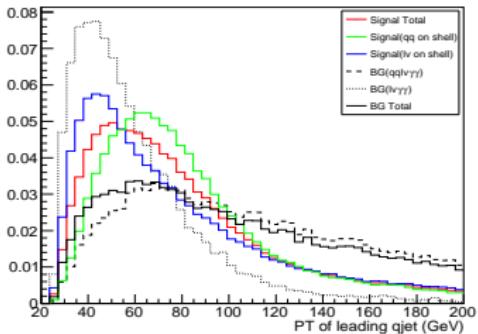


- Cut based:  $m_{qq} < 90 \text{ GeV}$ .

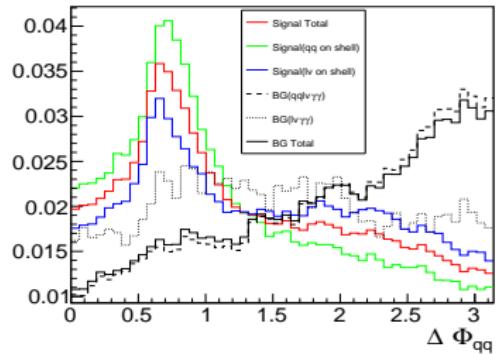
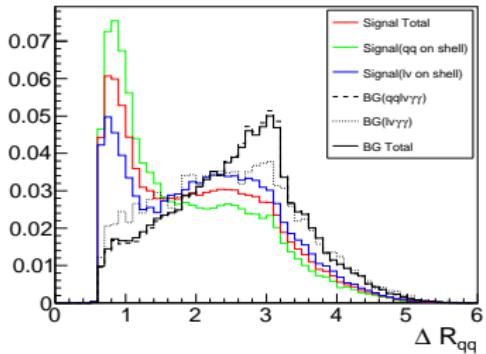
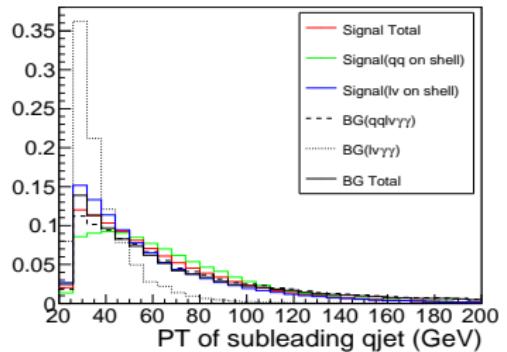
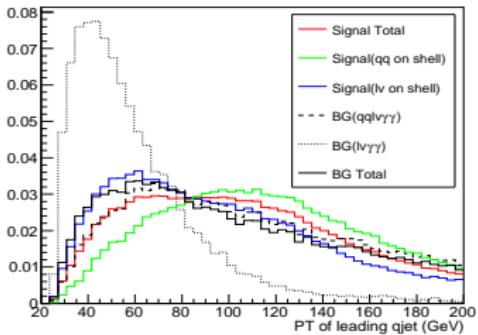
# Distribution of qjet( $M_H = 300\text{GeV}$ )



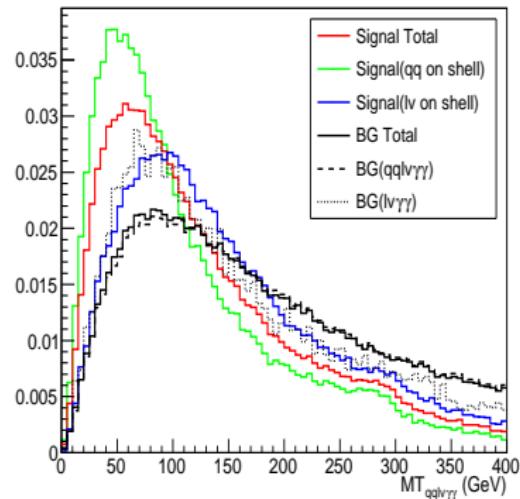
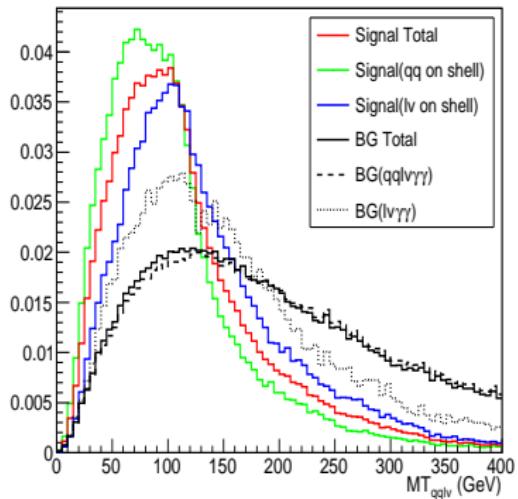
# Distribution of qjet( $M_H = 400\text{GeV}$ )



# Distribution of qjet( $M_H = 600\text{GeV}$ )

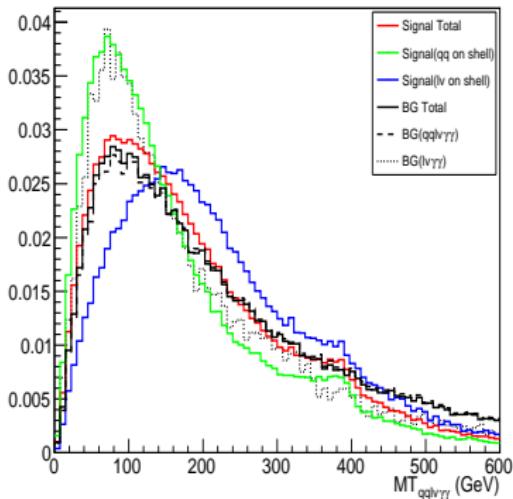
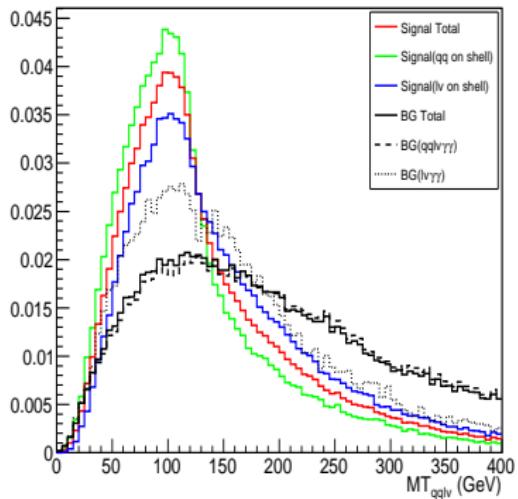


# Transverse mass distribution ( $M_H = 300\text{GeV}$ )



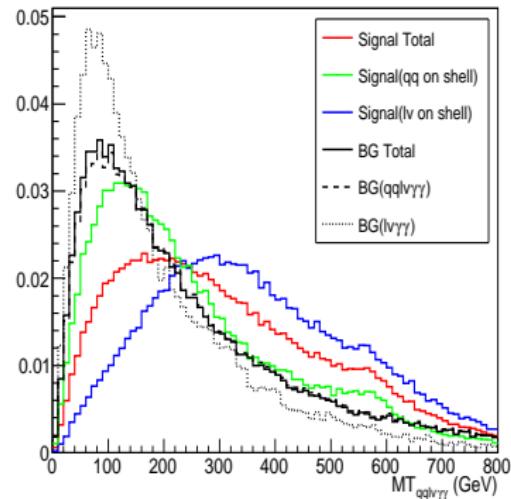
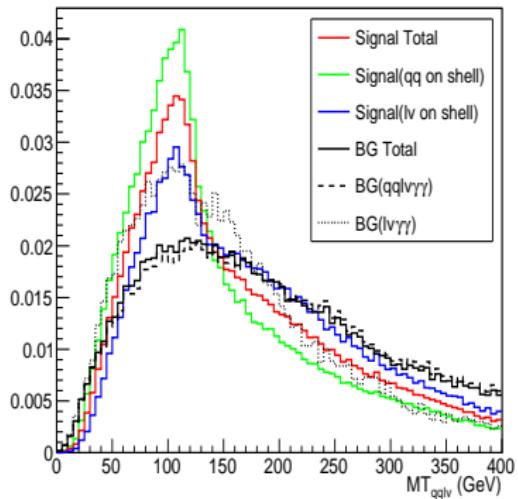
- Cut based:  $MT_{qql\nu} < 150 \text{ GeV}$ .

# Transverse mass distribution ( $M_H = 400\text{GeV}$ )



- Cut based:  $MT_{qql\nu} < 150 \text{ GeV}$ .

# Transverse mass distribution ( $M_H = 600\text{GeV}$ )



- Cut based:  $MT_{qq\ell\nu} < 150\text{ GeV}$ .

# Cut efficiency(Semi-leptonic decay, $M_H = 300\text{GeV}$ )

Cuts	$\sigma_{\text{total}}$	Events selection	$m_{\gamma\gamma}$ $m_{qq}$ MET	$P_{T_\gamma}, M_{T_{q\bar{q}\ell\nu}}$
Signal [fb]	0.44	0.025	0.0083	0.0067
$q\bar{q}\ell\nu\gamma\gamma$ [fb]	31.59	0.58	0.0017	0.00069
$\ell\nu\gamma\gamma$ [fb]	143.3	0.064	0.00078	0.00036
$Wh$ [fb]	0.42	0.0051	0.00026	0.00015
$WWh$ [fb]	0.0023	0.00021	0.00002	0.00001
$S/B$	0.0025	0.038	3.05	5.61
$S/\sqrt{B}$	1.05	0.97	5.04	6.14
Signif-P	1.05	0.97	3.78	4.06

Signif-P:  $\sqrt{2 \times \left\{ (S + B) \times \ln[(S + B)/B] - S \right\}}$ . Integrate luminosity is assumed to be  $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 1000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ .

# Cut efficiency(Semi-leptonic decay, $M_H = 400\text{GeV}$ )

Cuts	$\sigma_{\text{total}}$	Events selection	$m_{\gamma\gamma}$	$M_{T_{qql\nu}}$
			$m_{qq}$	$\Delta R_{\gamma\gamma}$
Signal [fb]	0.44	0.030	0.0078	0.0055
$qql\nu\gamma\gamma$ [fb]	31.59	0.58	0.0016	0.0003
$\ell\nu\gamma\gamma$ [fb]	143.3	0.064	0.00055	0.00004
$Wh$ [fb]	0.42	0.0051	0.0004	0.0001
$WWh$ [fb]	0.0023	0.00021	0.000028	0.000006
$S/B$	0.00025	0.0046	3.05	12.3
$S/\sqrt{B}$	1.05	1.16	4.89	8.20
Signif-P	1.05	1.16	3.67	4.44

Signif-P:  $\sqrt{2 \times \left\{ (S + B) \times \ln[(S + B)/B] - S \right\}}$ . Integrate luminosity is assumed to be  $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 1000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ .

# Cut efficiency(Semi-leptonic decay, $M_H = 600\text{GeV}$ )

Cuts	$\sigma_{\text{total}}$	Events selection	$m_{\gamma\gamma}$	$M_{T_{qql\nu}}$
			$m_{qq}$	$\Delta R_{\gamma\gamma}$
Signal [fb]	0.044	0.0026	0.00063	0.00048
$qql\nu\gamma\gamma$ [fb]	31.59	0.58	0.0010	0.000069
$\ell\nu\gamma\gamma$ [fb]	143.3	0.064	0.00033	0.000013
$Wh$ [fb]	0.42	0.0051	0.00029	0.000065
$WWh$ [fb]	0.0023	0.00021	0.000026	0.000005
$S/B$	0.00025	0.0040	0.38	3.17
$S/\sqrt{B}$	0.11	0.10	0.49	1.23
Signif-P	0.11	0.10	0.46	0.92

Signif-P:  $\sqrt{2 \times \left\{ (S + B) \times \ln[(S + B)/B] - S \right\}}$ . Integrate luminosity is assumed to be  $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 1000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ .

# Cut efficiency(Semi-leptonic decay, $M_H = 600\text{GeV}$ )

Cuts	$\sigma_{\text{total}}$	Events selection	$m_{\gamma\gamma}$	$M_{T_{qql\nu}}$
			$m_{qq}$	$\Delta R_{\gamma\gamma}$
Signal [fb]	0.044	0.0026	0.00063	0.00048
$qql\nu\gamma\gamma$ [fb]	31.59	0.58	0.0010	0.000069
$\ell\nu\gamma\gamma$ [fb]	143.3	0.064	0.00033	0.000013
$Wh$ [fb]	0.42	0.0051	0.00029	0.000065
$WWh$ [fb]	0.0023	0.00021	0.000026	0.000005
$S/B$	0.00025	0.0040	0.38	3.17
$S/\sqrt{B}$	0.23	0.23	1.09	2.76
Signif-P	0.23	0.23	1.03	2.05

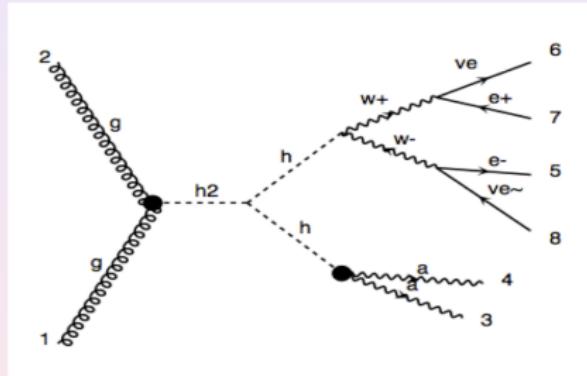
Signif-P:  $\sqrt{2 \times \left\{ (S + B) \times \ln[(S + B)/B] - S \right\}}$ . Integrate luminosity is assumed to be  $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 5000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ .

# Leptonic decay channel

- Fast-simulation project:

MG5 + pythia + delphes 3.0.10.

- 2HDM Signal:  $M_H = 300$  GeV and  $M_H = 600$  GeV.



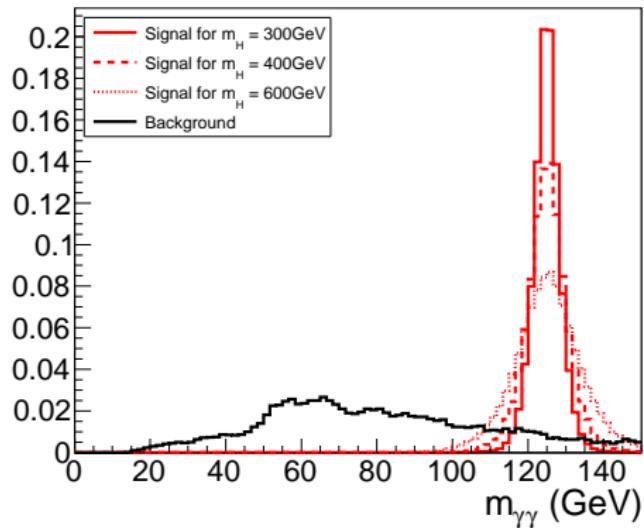
- SM irreducible background:

$$\begin{aligned} p \ p \rightarrow & \ell \ \nu \ \ell \ \nu \ \gamma \ \gamma \\ + \ p \ p \rightarrow & \ell^+ \ \ell^- \ \gamma \ \gamma \sim 153.3[\text{fb}]. \end{aligned}$$

# Events selection

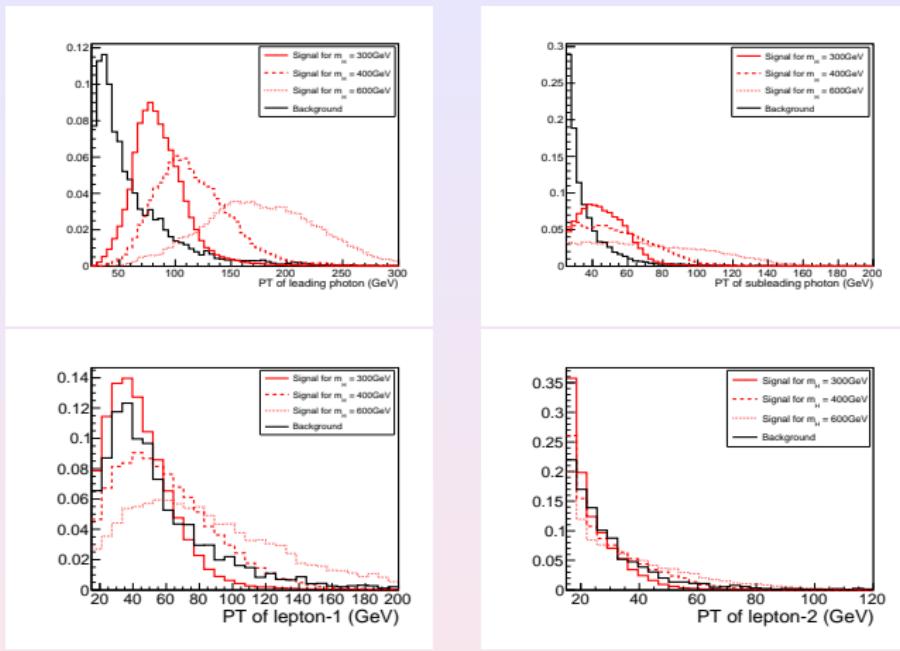
- Overlab remove:
  - Electrons with  $\Delta R(e, \gamma) < 0.4$  are removed;
  - Jets(BTag,TauTag = 0) with  $\Delta R(\text{jet}, e) < 0.2$  or  $\Delta R(\text{jet}, \gamma) < 0.4$  are removed;
  - Muons with  $\Delta R(\mu, \text{jet}) < 0.4$  or  $\Delta R(\mu, \gamma) < 0.4$  are removed.
- Final state( $\ell \nu \ell \nu \gamma \gamma$ ) selection:
  - Number of photon  $\geq 2$ ,  $m_{\gamma\gamma}$  of photon pair closest to  $m_h$ ;
  - Number of electron + muon = 2.
- Basic cuts:  $|\eta_{\gamma,\ell}| < 2.5$ ,  $P_{T\gamma} > 25$  GeV,  $P_{T\ell} > 15$  GeV.

# Distribution of photon



- Cut based:  $120 \text{ GeV} < m_{\gamma\gamma} < 130 \text{ GeV}$  ( $m_H = 300\text{GeV}$ ).
- Cut based:  $120 \text{ GeV} < m_{\gamma\gamma} < 130 \text{ GeV}$  ( $m_H = 400\text{GeV}$ ).
- Cut based:  $115 \text{ GeV} < m_{\gamma\gamma} < 135 \text{ GeV}$  ( $m_H = 600\text{GeV}$ ).

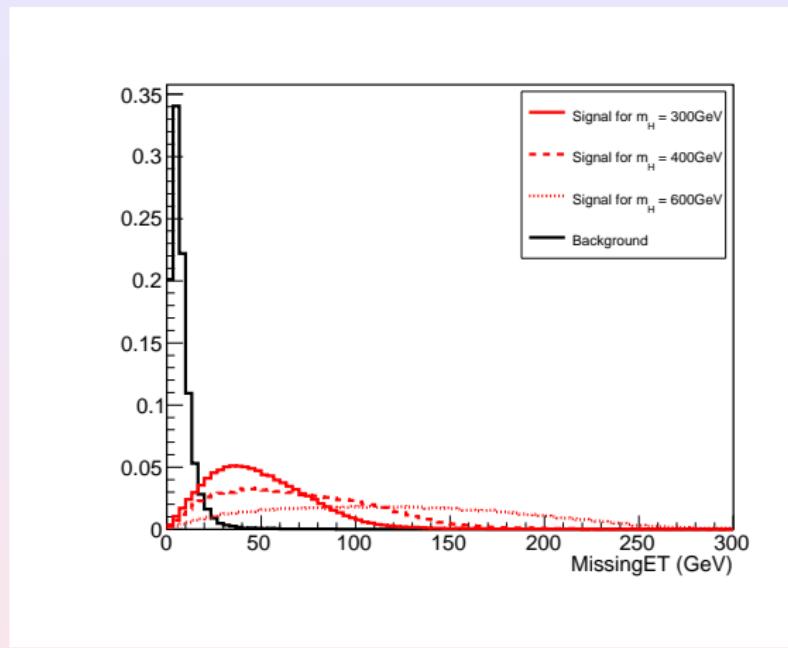
# Distribution of PT



Cut based:

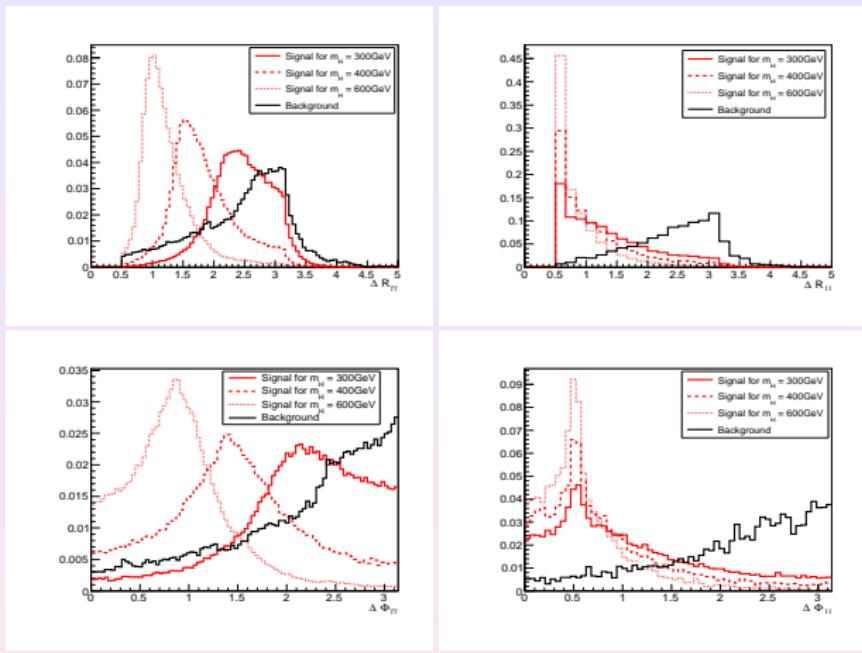
- $P_{T_{\gamma-\text{leading}}} > 70 \text{ GeV}, P_{T_{\gamma-\text{subleading}}} > 40 \text{ GeV} (m_H = 400\text{GeV})$ .
- $P_{T_{\gamma-\text{leading}}} > 100 \text{ GeV}, P_{T_{\gamma-\text{subleading}}} > 50 \text{ GeV} (m_H = 600\text{GeV})$ .

# Missing ET distribution



- Cut based:  $\text{MET} > 20 \text{ GeV} (m_H = 300\text{GeV})$ .
- Cut based:  $\text{MET} > 20 \text{ GeV} (m_H = 400\text{GeV})$ .
- Cut based:  $\text{MET} > 30 \text{ GeV} (m_H = 600\text{GeV})$ .

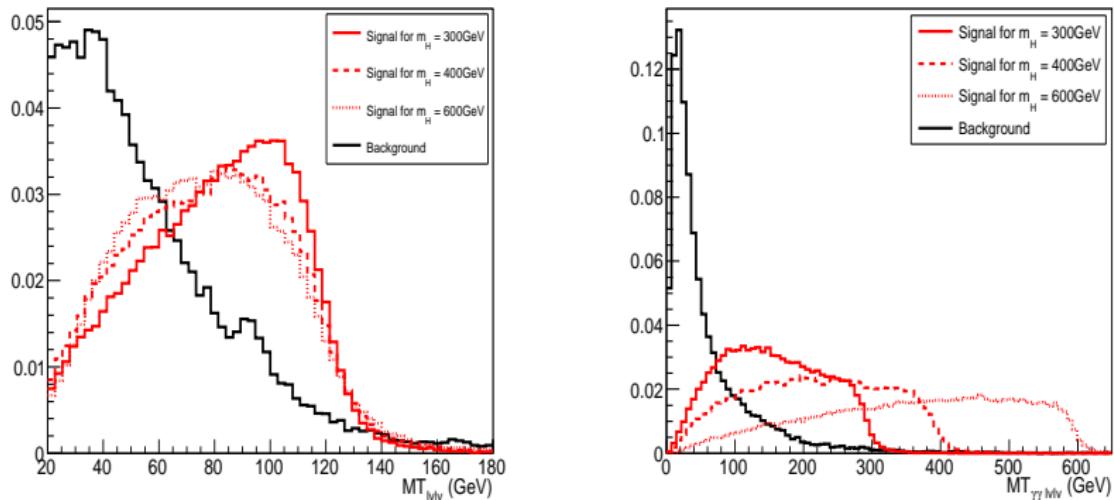
# Distribution of $\Delta R$ and $\Delta\Phi$



Cut based:

- $\Delta R_{\ell\ell} < 1.8$  and  $\Delta\Phi_{\ell\ell} < 1.5$  ( $m_H = 300\text{GeV}$ ).
- $\Delta R_{\gamma\gamma} < 2.3$ ,  $\Delta\Phi_{\gamma\gamma} < 2.0$ ,  $\Delta R_{\ell\ell} < 1.5$ ,  $\Delta\Phi_{\ell\ell} < 1.5$  ( $m_H = 400\text{GeV}$ ).
- $\Delta R_{\gamma\gamma} < 1.8$ ,  $\Delta\Phi_{\gamma\gamma} < 1.6$ ,  $\Delta R_{\ell\ell} < 1.5$ ,  $\Delta\Phi_{\ell\ell} < 1.2$  ( $m_H = 600\text{GeV}$ ).

# Transverse mass distribution



- Cut based:  $70 \text{ GeV} < M_{T_{\ell\nu\ell\nu\gamma\gamma}} < 300 \text{ GeV} (m_H = 300\text{GeV})$ .
- Cut based:  $75 \text{ GeV} < M_{T_{\ell\nu\ell\nu\gamma\gamma}} < 400 \text{ GeV} (m_H = 400\text{GeV})$ .
- Cut based:  $75 \text{ GeV} < M_{T_{\ell\nu\ell\nu\gamma\gamma}} < 600 \text{ GeV} (m_H = 600\text{GeV})$ .

# Cut efficiency(Leptonic decay, $M_H = 300\text{GeV}$ )

Cuts	$\sigma_{\text{total}}$	Events selection	$m_{\gamma\gamma}$ , MET	$M_{T_{\ell\nu\ell\nu\gamma\gamma}}$ $\Delta R_{\ell\ell}$ $\Delta\Phi_{\ell\ell}$
Signal [fb]	0.105	0.0051	0.0038	0.0023
BG[fb]	153.3	0.94	0.0013	0.00009
$S/B$	0.0007	0.005	2.99	25.3
$S/\sqrt{B}$	0.27	0.17	3.37	7.69
Signif-P	0.27	0.17	2.54	3.34

Signif-P:  $\sqrt{2 \times \left\{ (S + B) \times \ln[(S + B)/B] - S \right\}}$ . Integrate luminosity is assumed to be  $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 1000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ .

# Cut efficiency(Leptonic decay, $M_H = 400\text{GeV}$ )

Cuts	$\sigma_{\text{total}}$	Events selection	$m_{\gamma\gamma}$ MET $P_{T_\gamma}$	$M_{T_{\ell\nu\ell\nu\gamma\gamma}}$ $\Delta R_{\ell\ell,\gamma\gamma}$ $\Delta\Phi_{\ell\ell,\gamma\gamma}$
Signal [fb]	0.105	0.0054	0.0020	0.0013
BG[fb]	153.3	0.94	0.0005	0.000015
$S/B$	0.00068	0.0058	4.10	84.1
$S/\sqrt{B}$	0.27	0.18	2.87	10.4
Signif-P	0.27	0.18	2.03	3.00

Signif-P:  $\sqrt{2 \times \left\{ (S + B) \times \ln[(S + B)/B] - S \right\}}$ . Integrate luminosity is assumed to be  $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 1000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ .

# Cut efficiency(Leptonic decay, $M_H = 600\text{GeV}$ )

Cuts	$\sigma_{\text{total}}$	Events selection	$m_{\gamma\gamma}$ MET $P_{T_\gamma}$	$M_{T_{\ell\nu\ell\nu\gamma\gamma}}$ $\Delta R_{\ell\ell,\gamma\gamma}$ $\Delta\Phi_{\ell\ell,\gamma\gamma}$
Signal [fb]	0.0105	0.00057	0.00026	0.00023
BG[fb]	153.3	0.94	0.000031	0.000015
$S/B$	0.00007	0.0006	8.58	14.70
$S/\sqrt{B}$	0.027	0.019	1.50	1.82
Signif-P	0.027	0.019	0.90	0.94

Signif-P:  $\sqrt{2 \times \left\{ (S + B) \times \ln[(S + B)/B] - S \right\}}$ . Integrate luminosity is assumed to be  $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 1000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ .

# Cut efficiency(Leptonic decay, $M_H = 600\text{GeV}$ )

Cuts	$\sigma_{\text{total}}$	Events selection	$m_{\gamma\gamma}$ MET $P_{T_\gamma}$	$M_{T_{\ell\nu\ell\nu\gamma\gamma}}$ $\Delta R_{\ell\ell,\gamma\gamma}$ $\Delta\Phi_{\ell\ell,\gamma\gamma}$
Signal [fb]	0.0105	0.00057	0.00026	0.00023
BG[fb]	153.3	0.94	0.000031	0.000015
$S/B$	0.00007	0.0006	8.58	14.70
$S/\sqrt{B}$	0.060	0.042	3.36	4.07
Signif-P	0.060	0.042	2.00	2.09

Signif-P:  $\sqrt{2 \times \left\{ (S + B) \times \ln[(S + B)/B] - S \right\}}$ . Integrate luminosity is assumed to be  $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 5000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ .