

HH pair searches status report

combination with $wwyy$, $bbyy$, $bb\tau\tau$, $bbbb$

Xiaohu SUN
on behalf of all HH analyzers

CDS entry

[$wwyy$]<https://cds.cern.ch/record/1967498>

[$bb\tau\tau$]<https://cds.cern.ch/record/1967500>

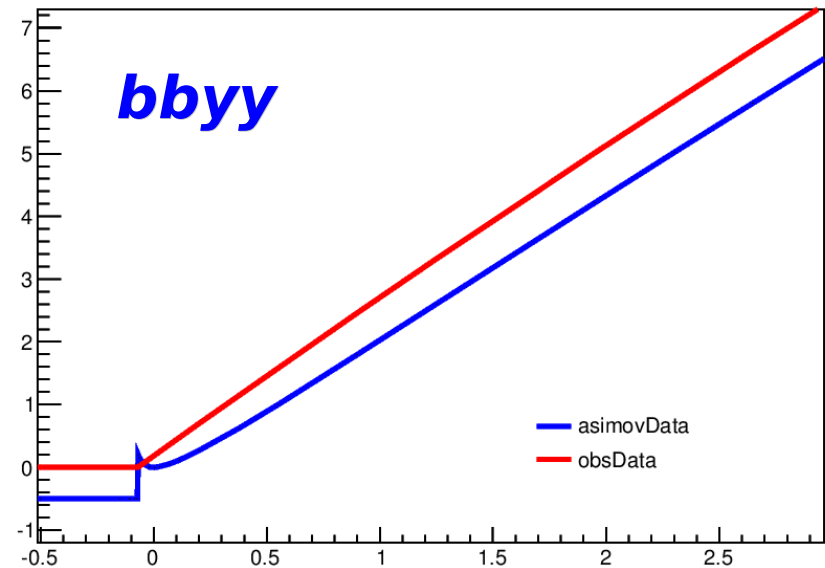
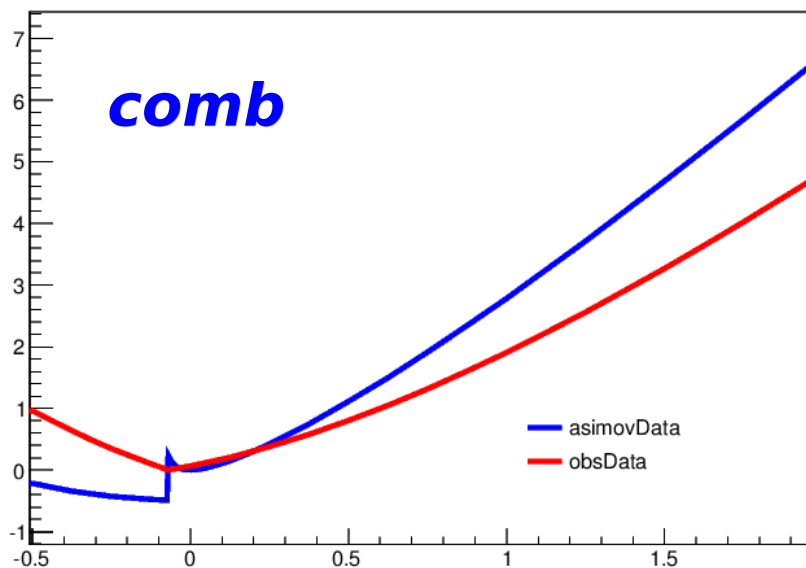
[combination]<https://cds.cern.ch/record/1984111/>

[paper draft]<https://cds.cern.ch/record/2008753/>

29-06-2015
IHEP

Current status - limits

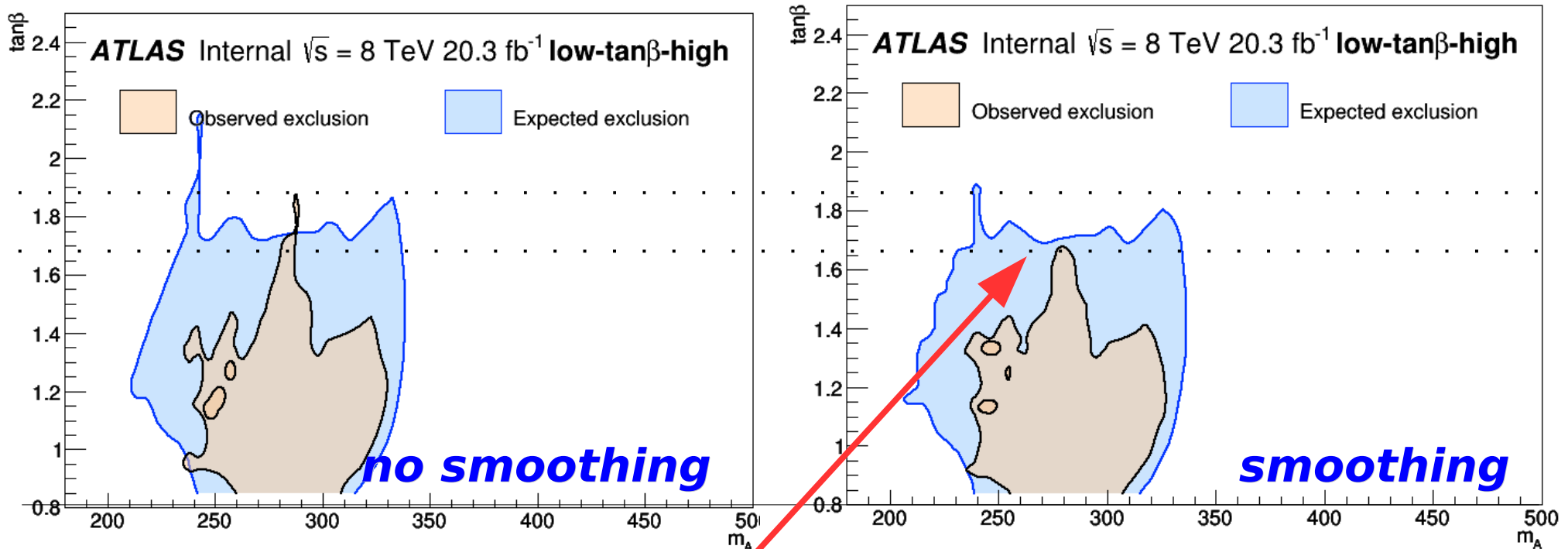
- In low mass: now understood p_0 , limits and μ_{hat} , but PRL curves drop below certain μ value less than 0 (from bbyy). One might need to inject data toys



- In high mass: non-parabolic PRL due to bbbb, David is rebinning (2->1) in high mass to avoid bins with signal but no backgrounds

Current status – low-tb-high

- low-tb-high interpretation:
 - use full resolution in map file: **5 GeV vs 0.1**
 - before, we use m_A 10 GeV with smooth, did not notice the fine structures in obs
 - compare no smoothing and smoothing

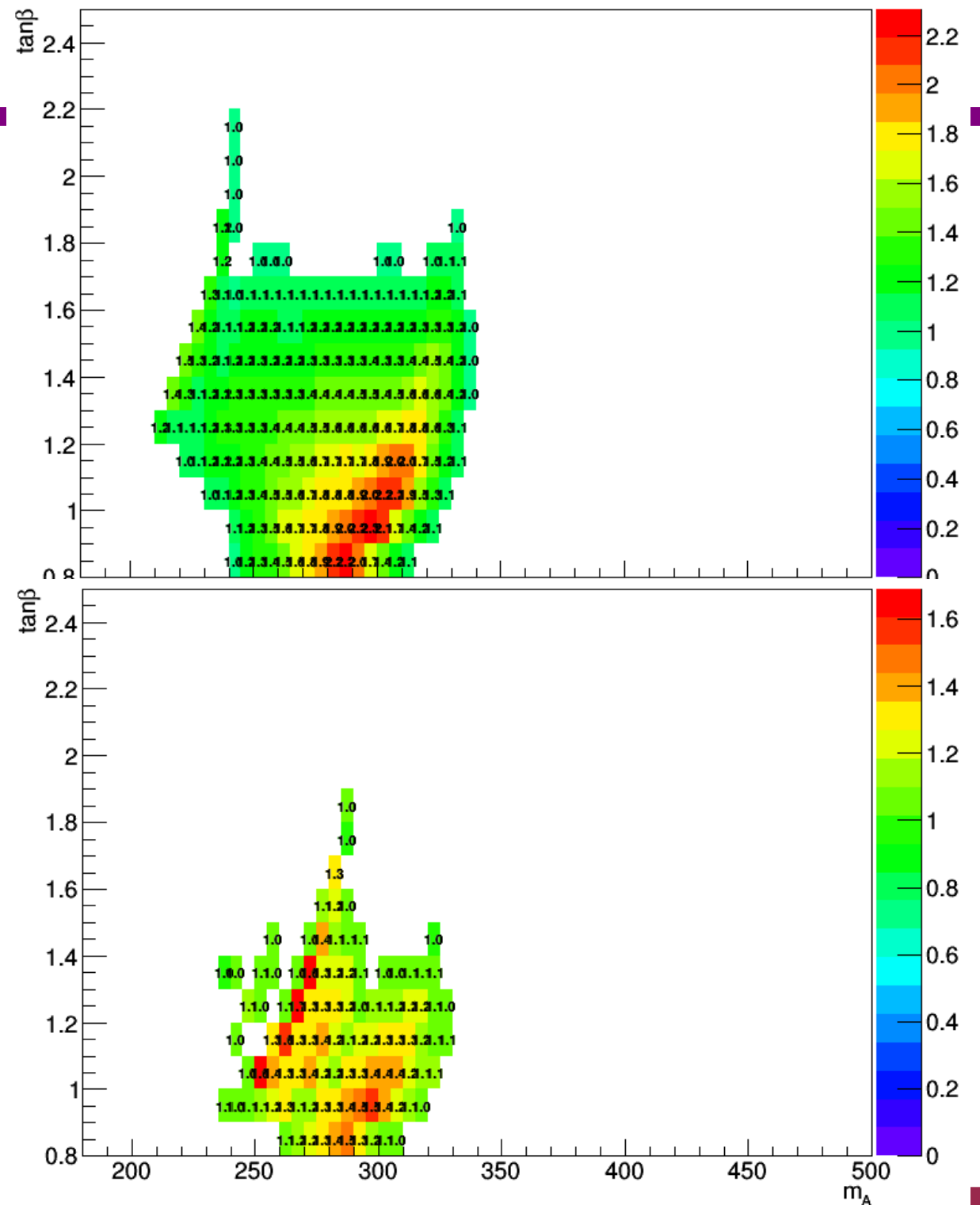
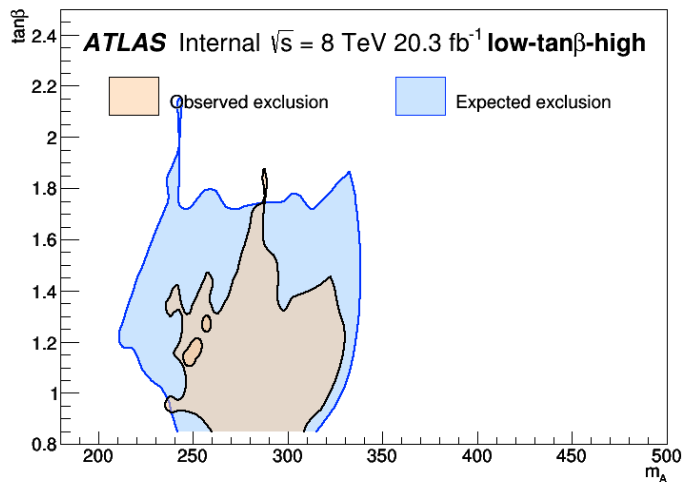


* smooth algorithm: the Delaunay triangles (TGraph2D)

after smoothing, obs shrinks

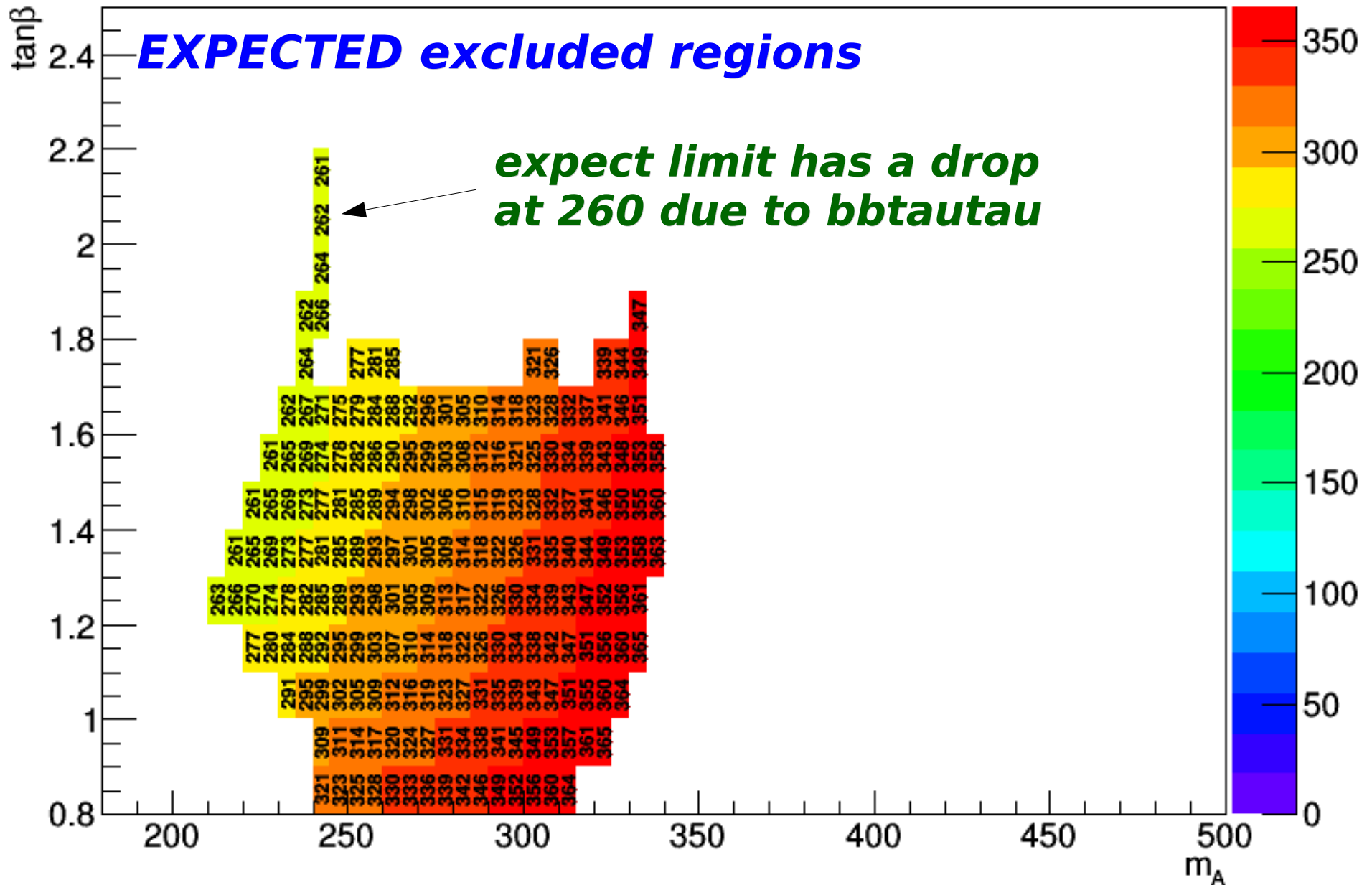
Excl. maps

- Exclusion map before making contours
- Bins are filled with theo/limit, so once the bin content >1 , this bin is excluded
- plots only show bins with theo/limit >1



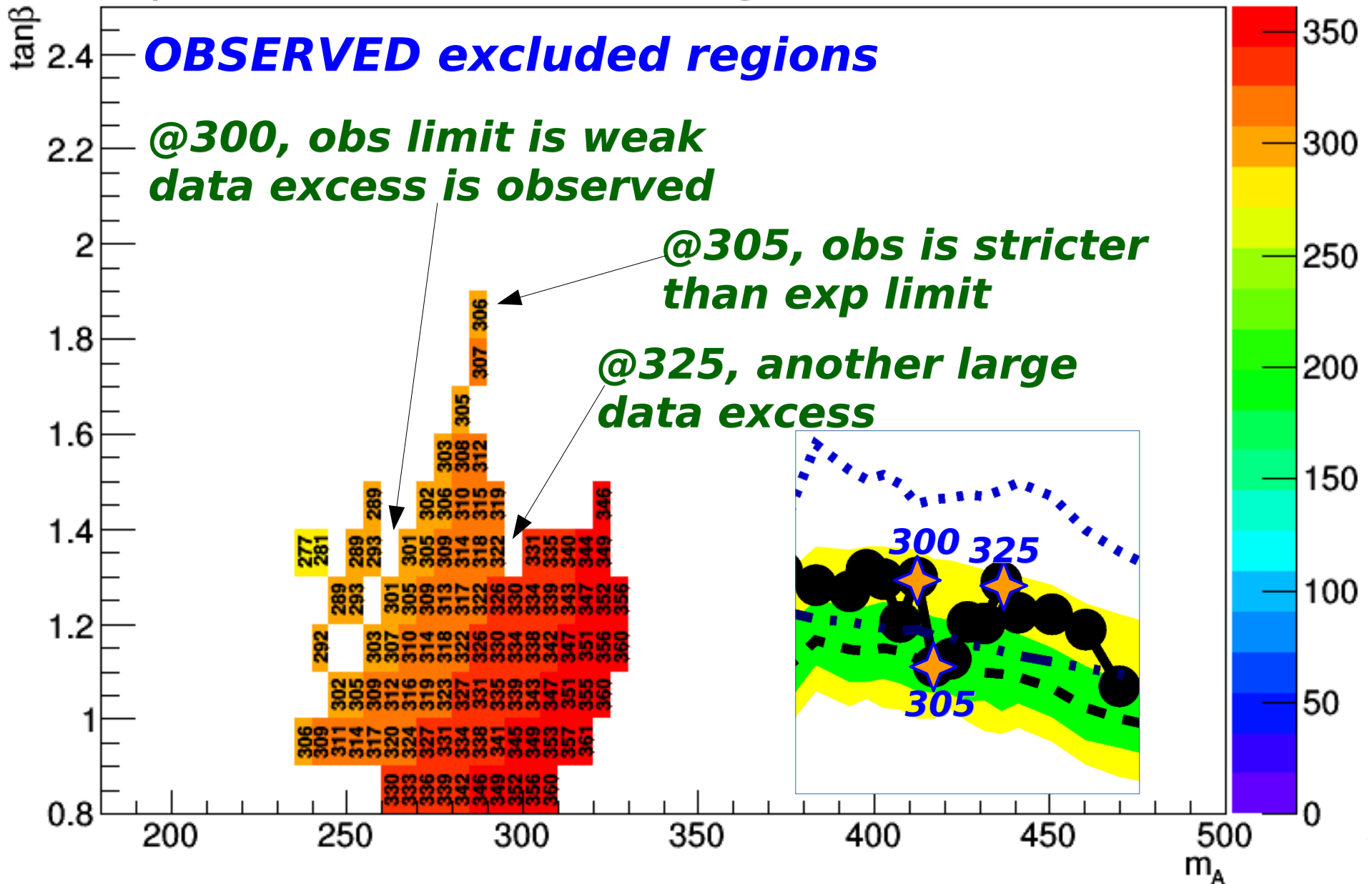
Excl. map (expected, mH)

- Map before contour making: filled with mH



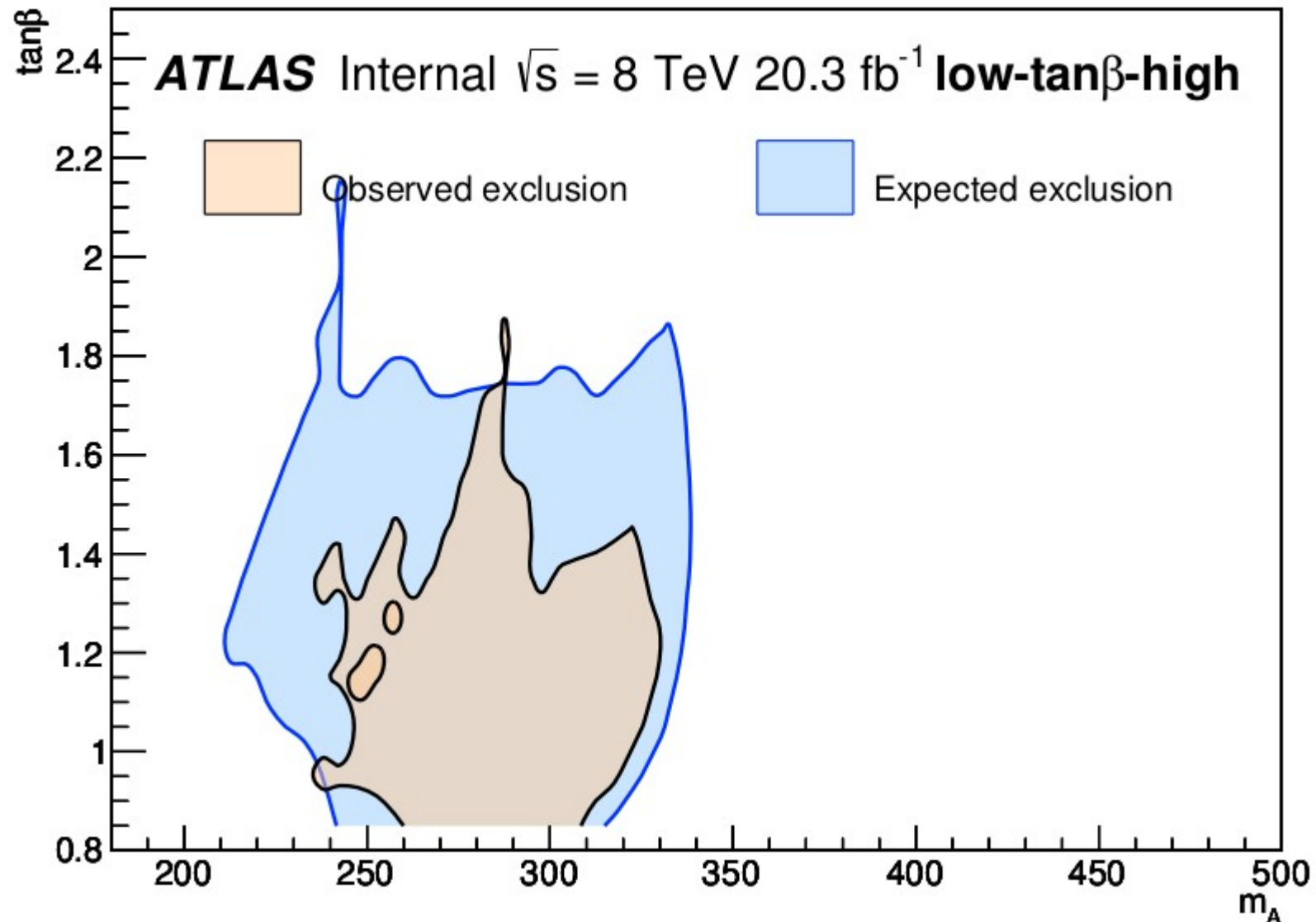
Excl. map (observed, mH)

- Map before contour making: filled with mH



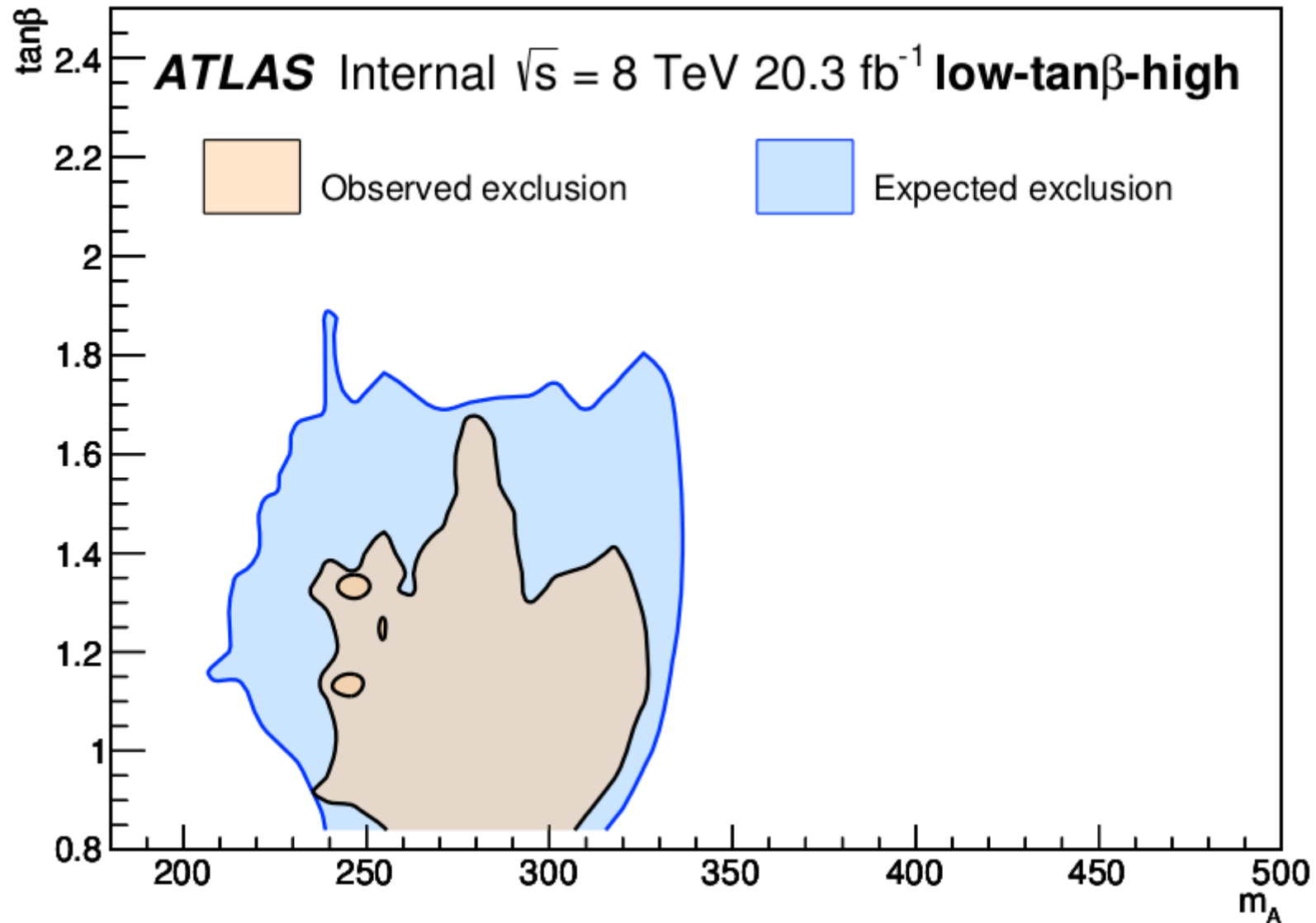
What we have now on low-tb-high 1/3

- No interpolation



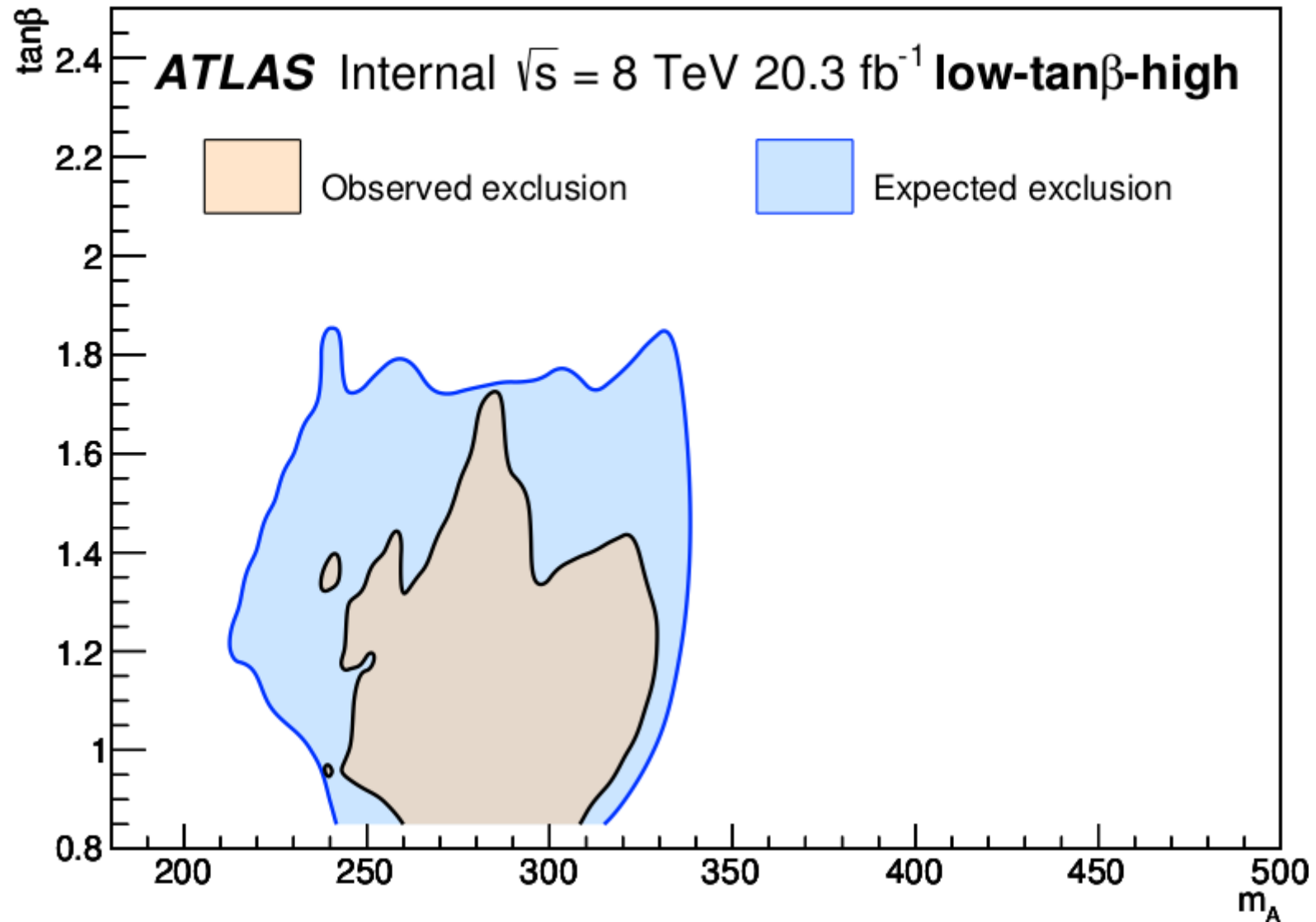
What we have now on low-tb-high 2/3

- Delauney interpolation



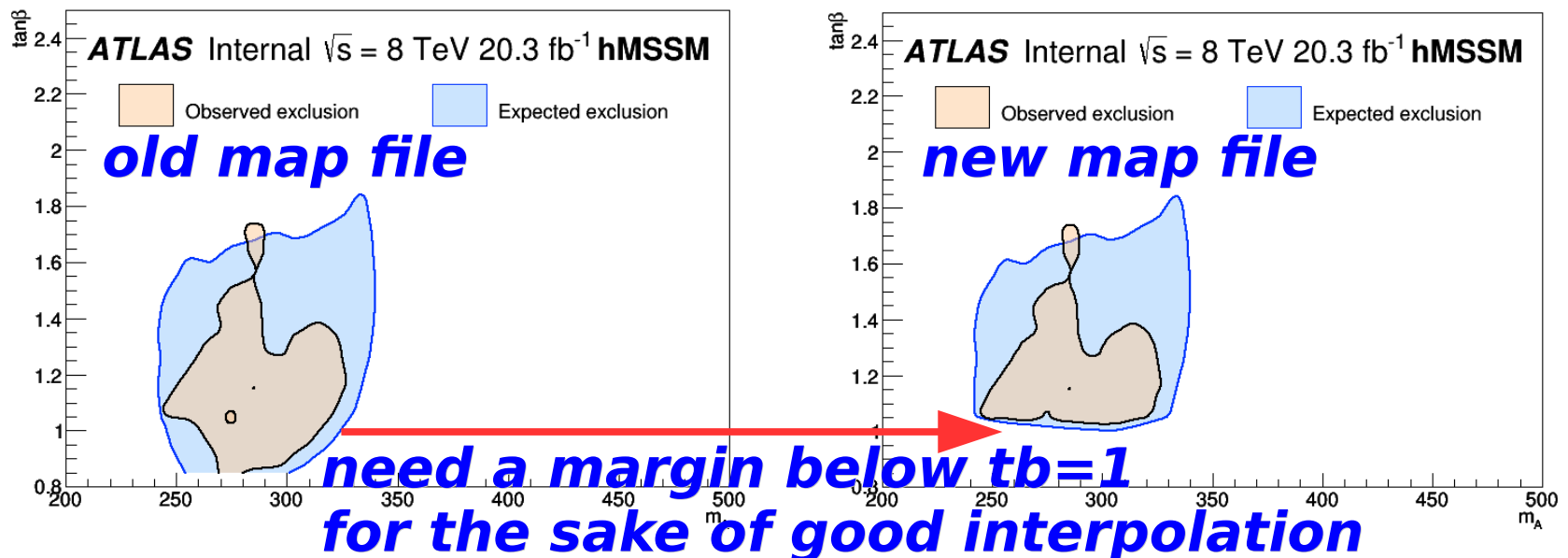
What we have now on low-tb-high 3/3

- Bilinear interpolation (#iteration=5)



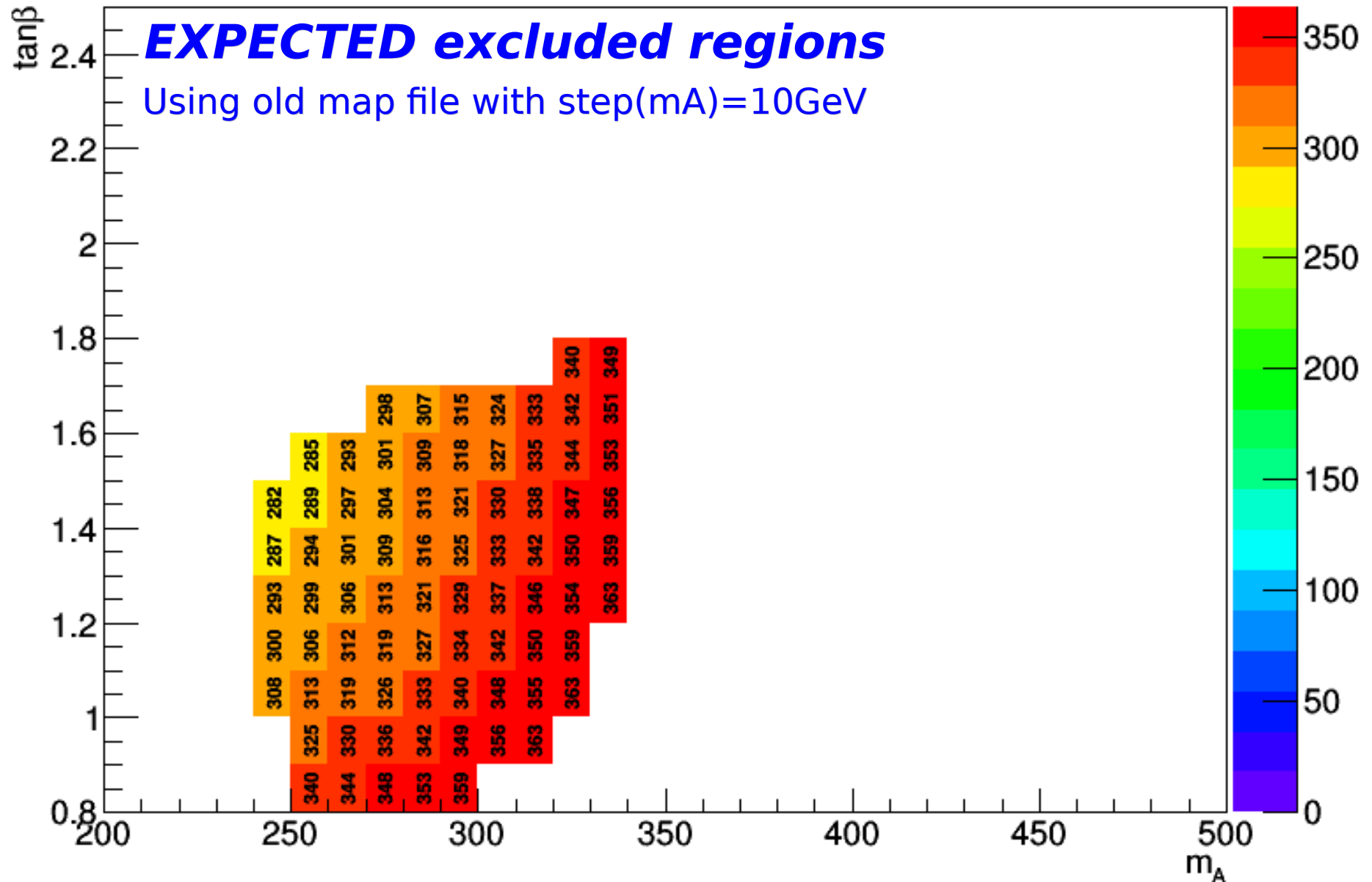
Current status - hMSSM

- hMSSM interpretation:
 - Allison and Nikos produced a new map file with **5** GeV on m_A step (**10** GeV previously); but the map file did not have phase points below $tb=1.0$ which causes interpolation issues in TGraph (closed contours are drawn @ $tb \sim 1$). We asked for a margin below $tb=1$ (will be ready this week)



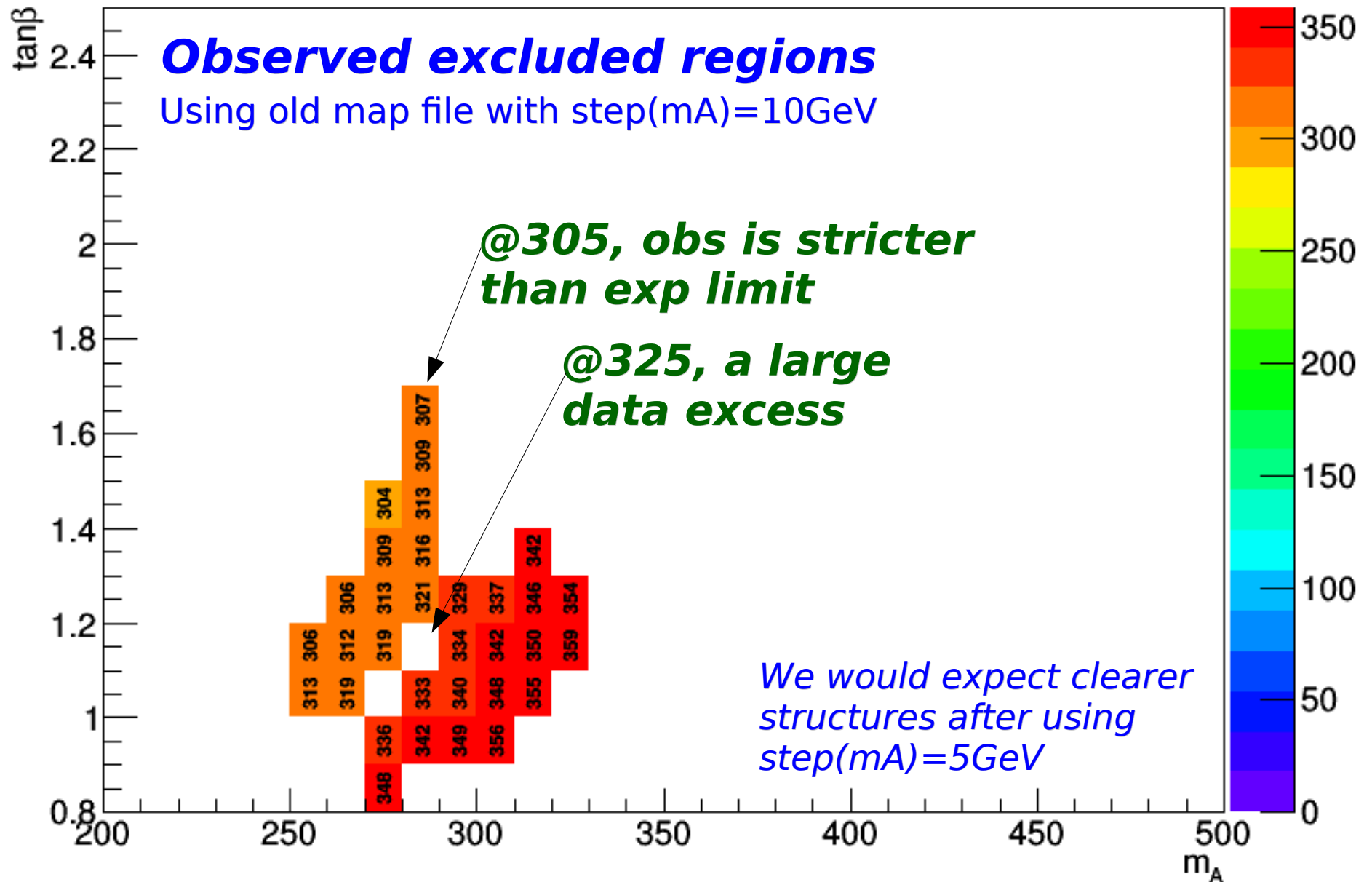
Exclu. map (expected, mH)

- Plot the exclusion maps before contour making



Exclu. map (observed, mH)

- Plot the exclusion maps before contour making



backup

bbtautau rate uncertainty (theory)

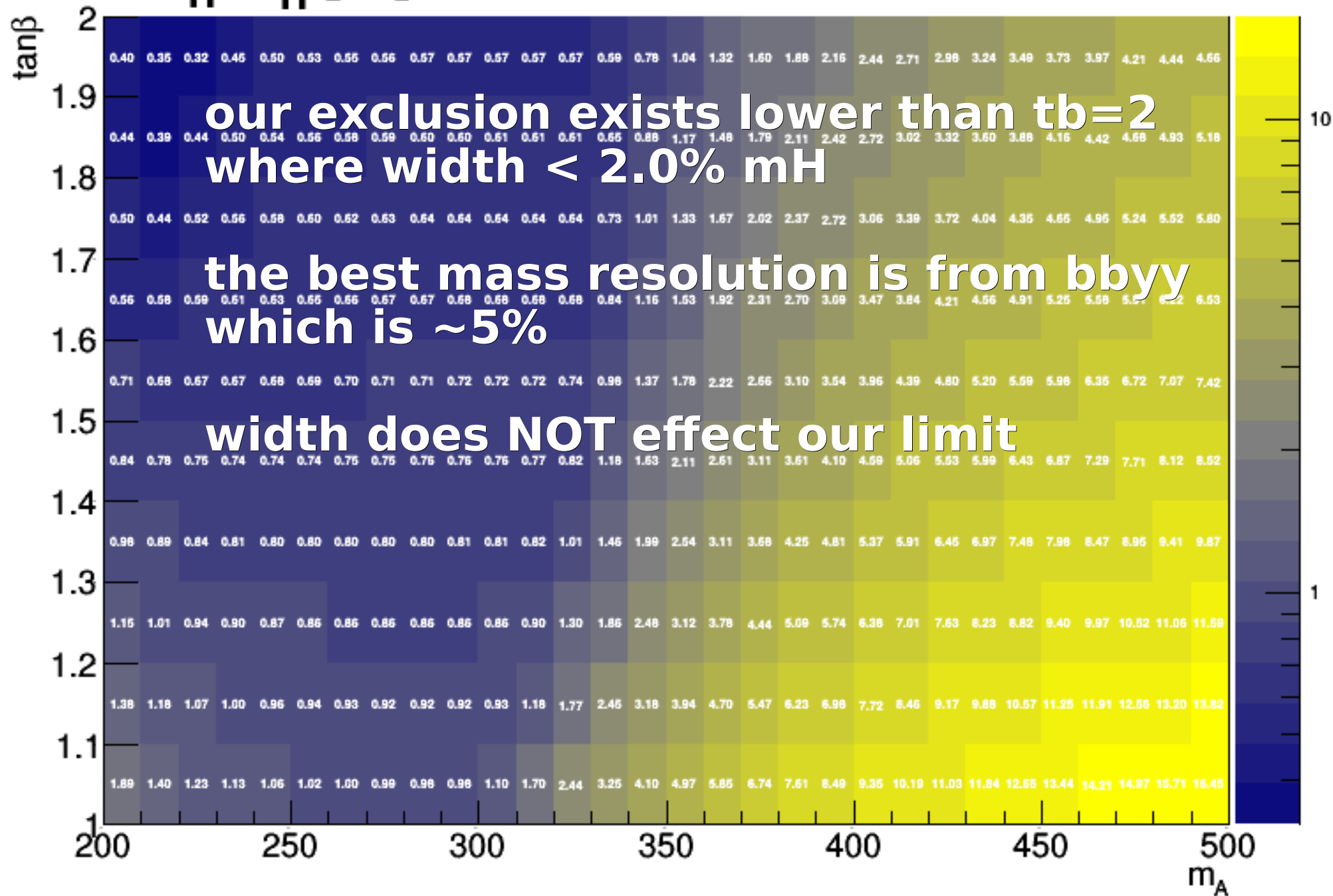
merge Low / High pT higgs categories

Theory uncertainty [%]

	stat	PDF	ISR, FSR	Scale
		L/H merge	L/H merge	L/H merge
260	40k	2.3	5.5	3.0
300	40k	1.5	3.8	6.2
350	40k	3.4	7.9	3.7
400	40k	0.89	2.3	2.7
500	40k	-3.1	6.0	4.5
800	40k	1.8	5.4	3.1
1000	40k	1.9	3.5	1.9
non-resonant	40k	2.5	4.2	4.2

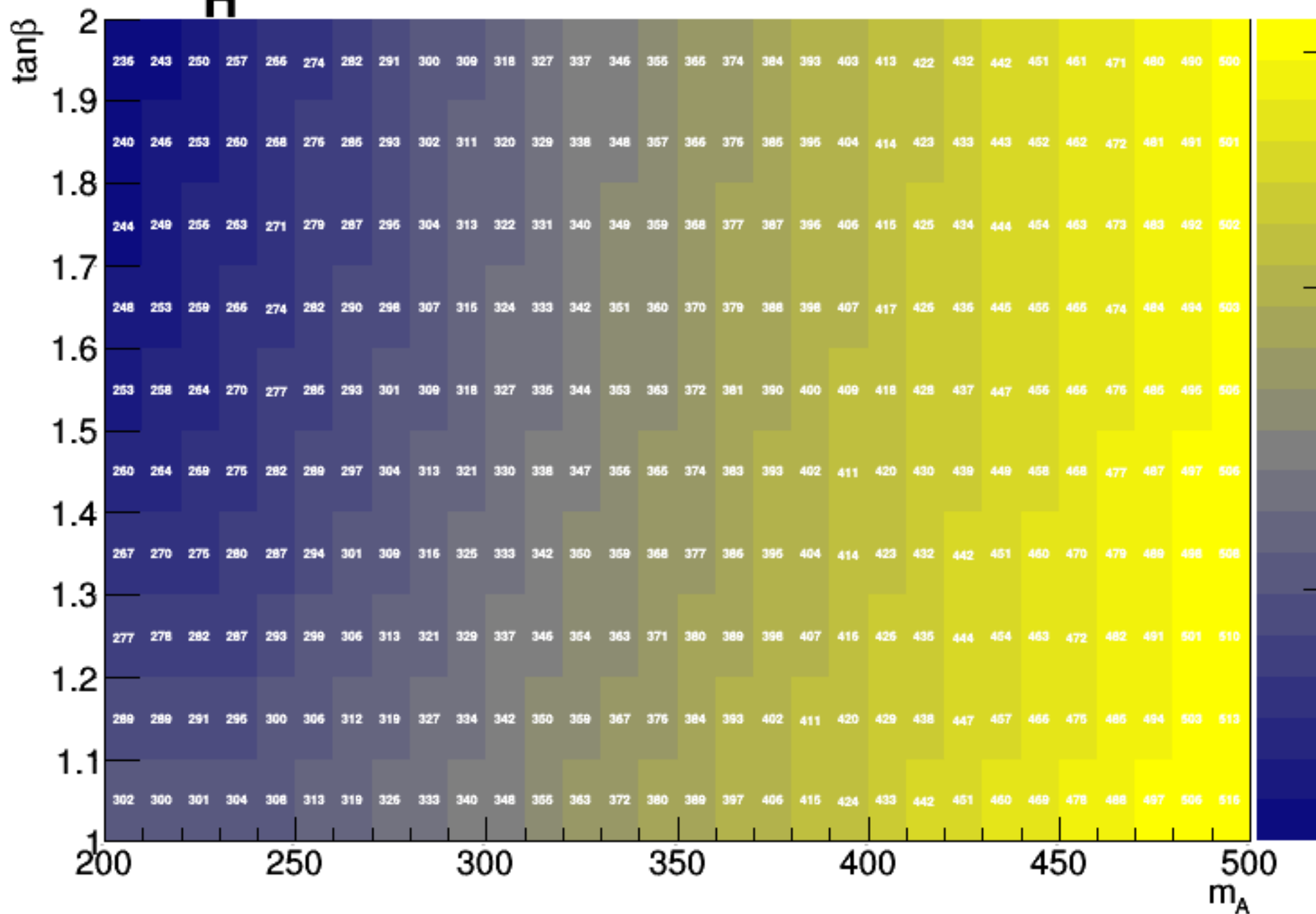
Γ_H/m_H [%]

ATLAS Internal hMSSM

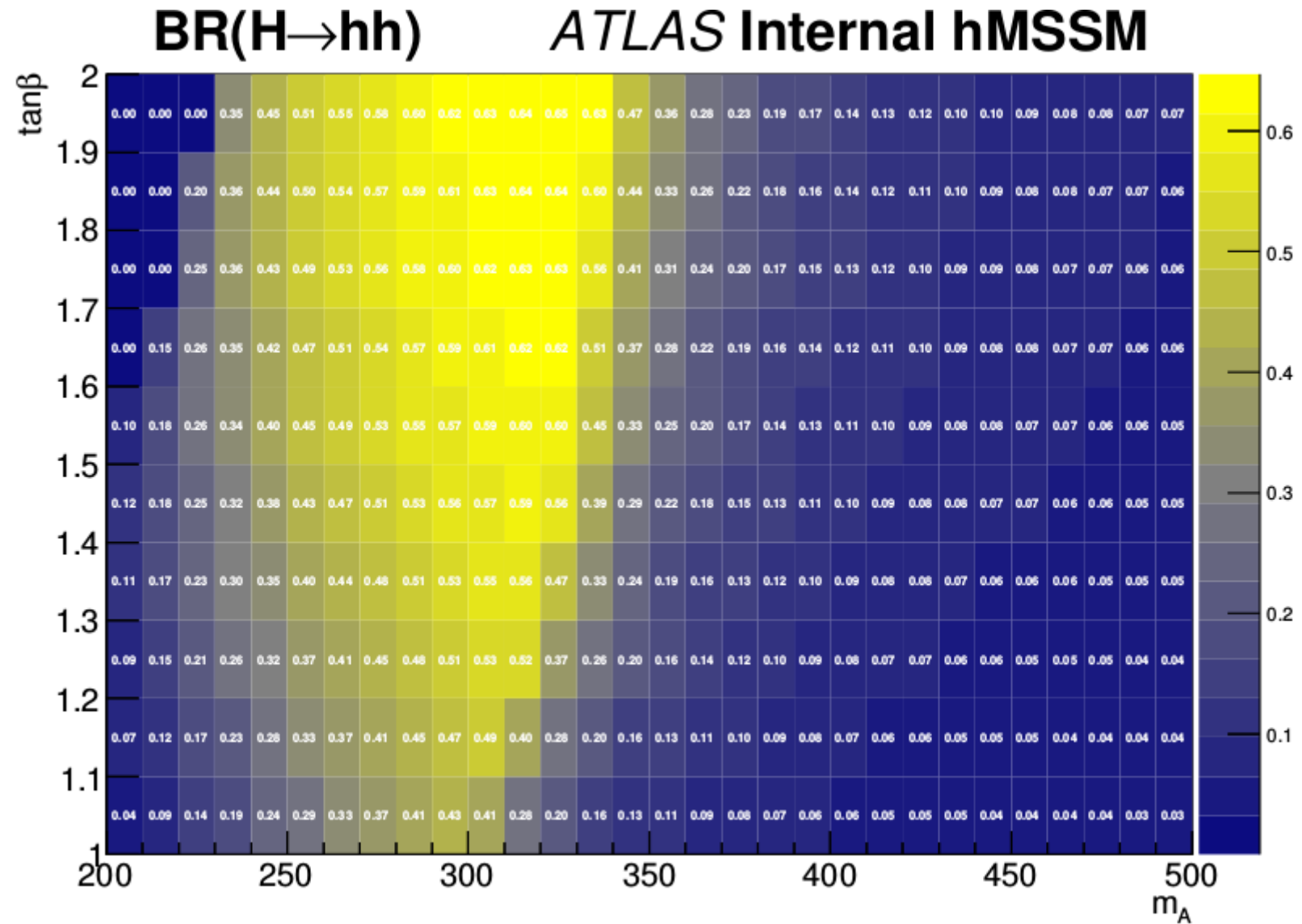


m_H

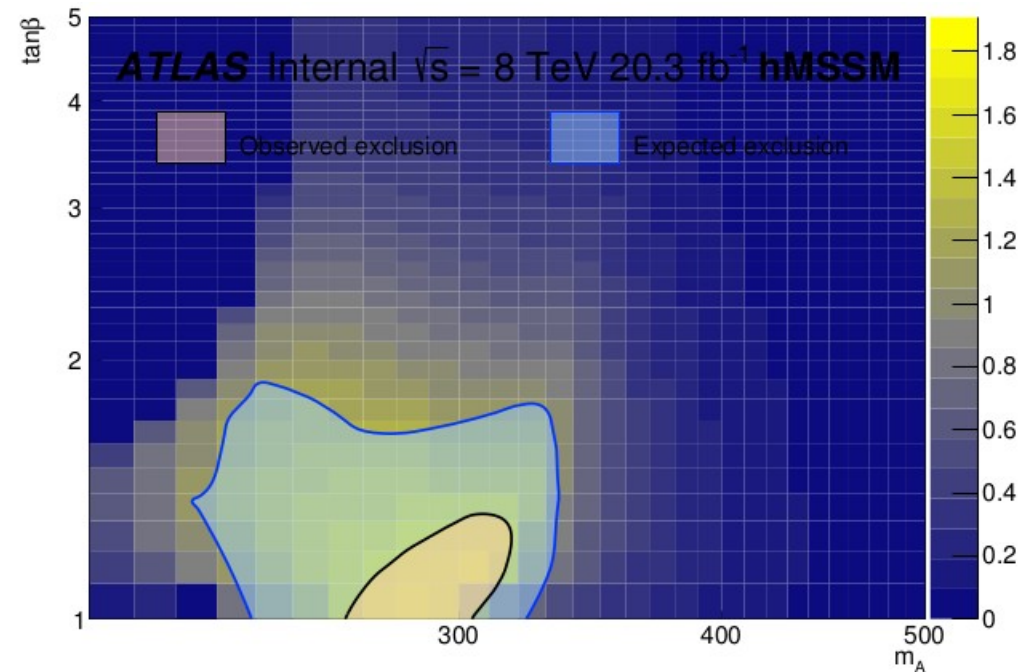
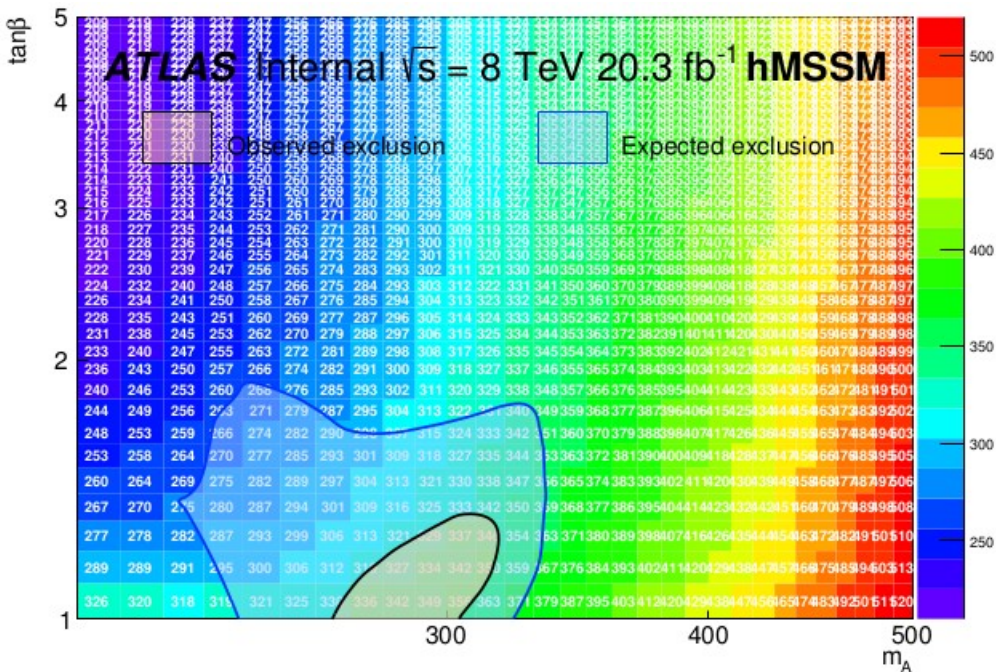
ATLAS Internal hMSSM



hMSSM BR(H-hh)

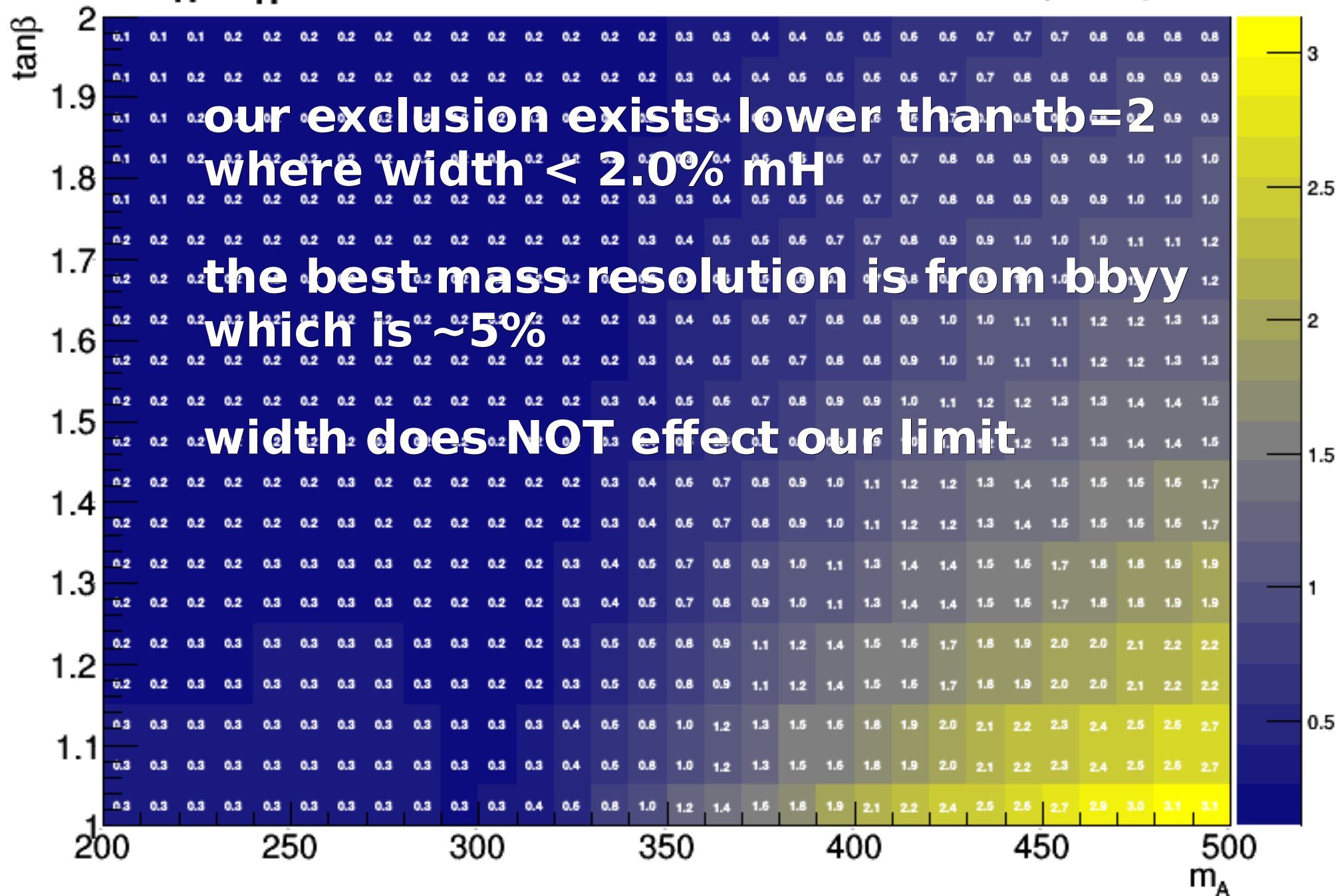


hMSSM exclusion overlaid contours



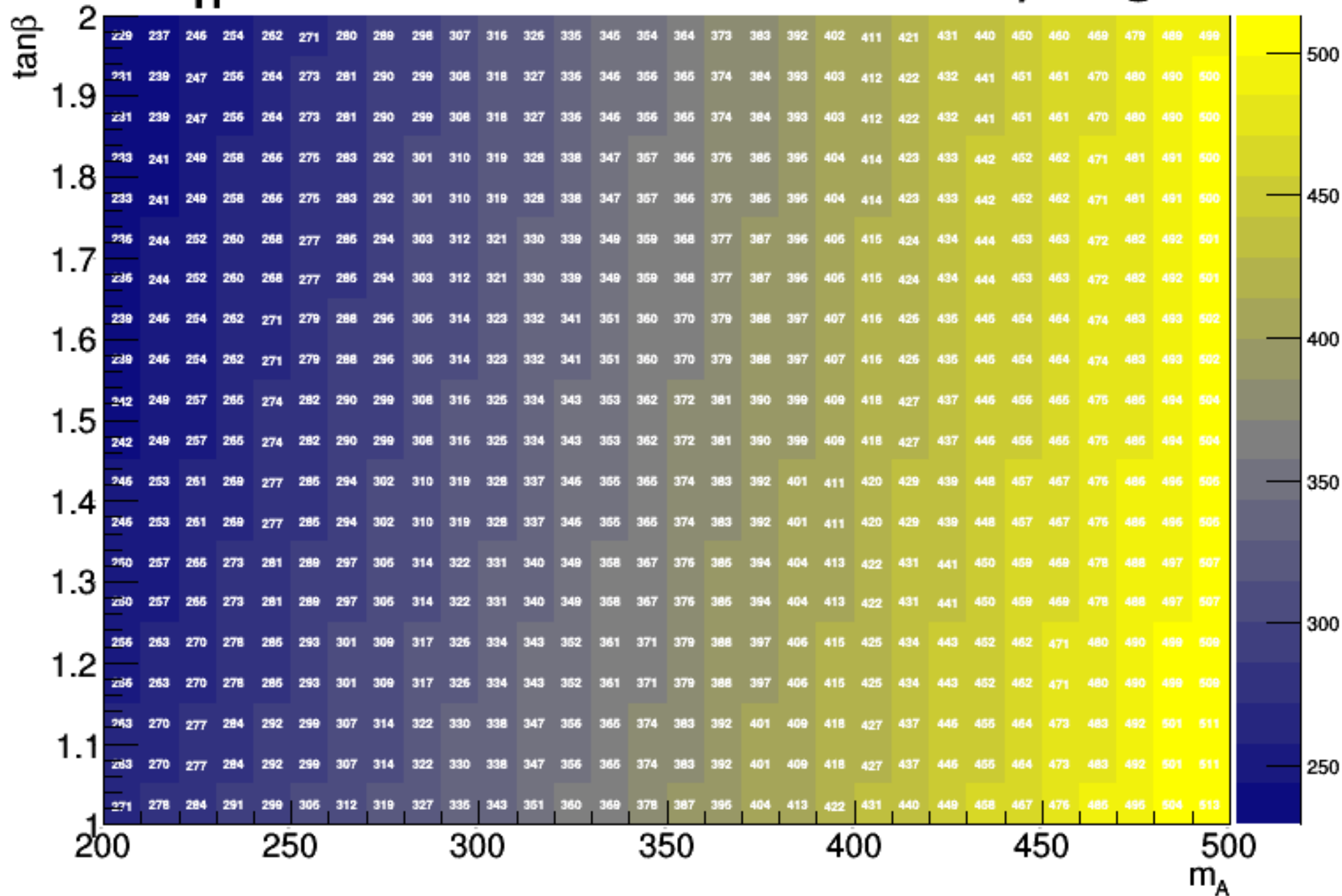
Γ_H/m_H [%]

ATLAS Internal low- $\tan\beta$ -high

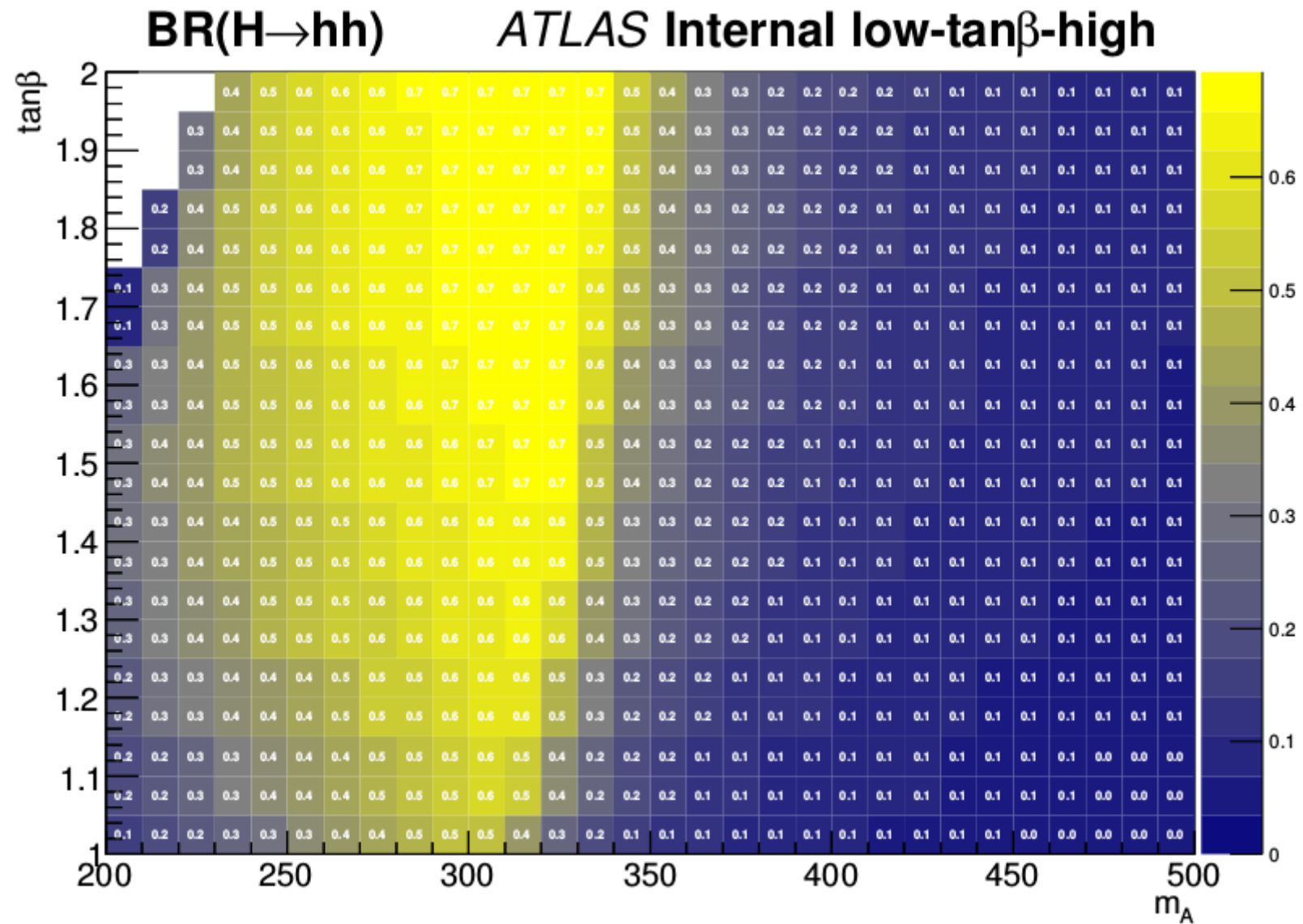


m_H

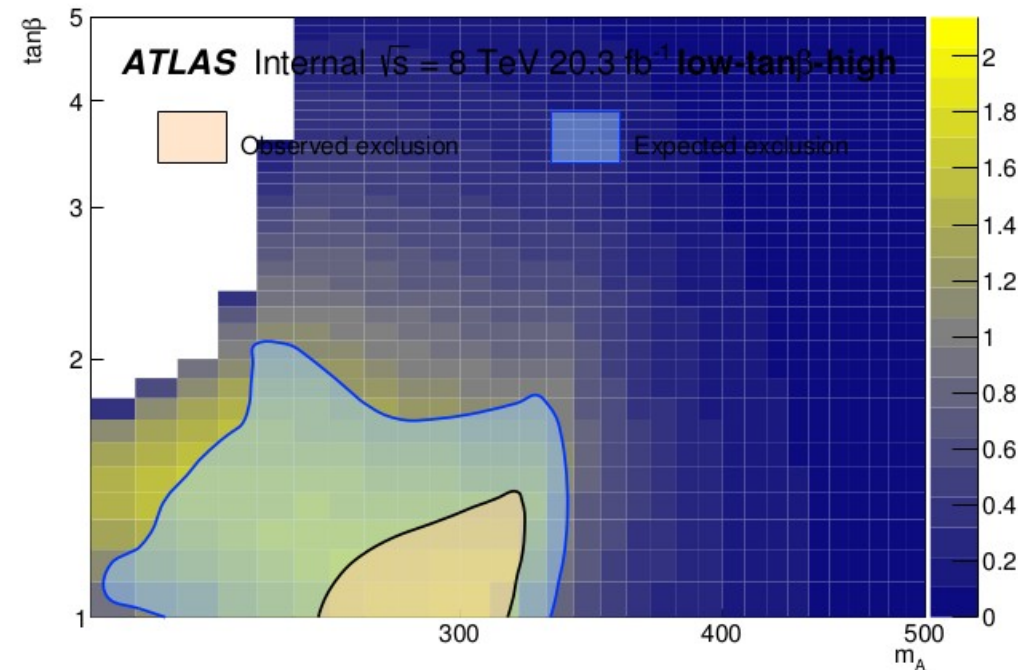
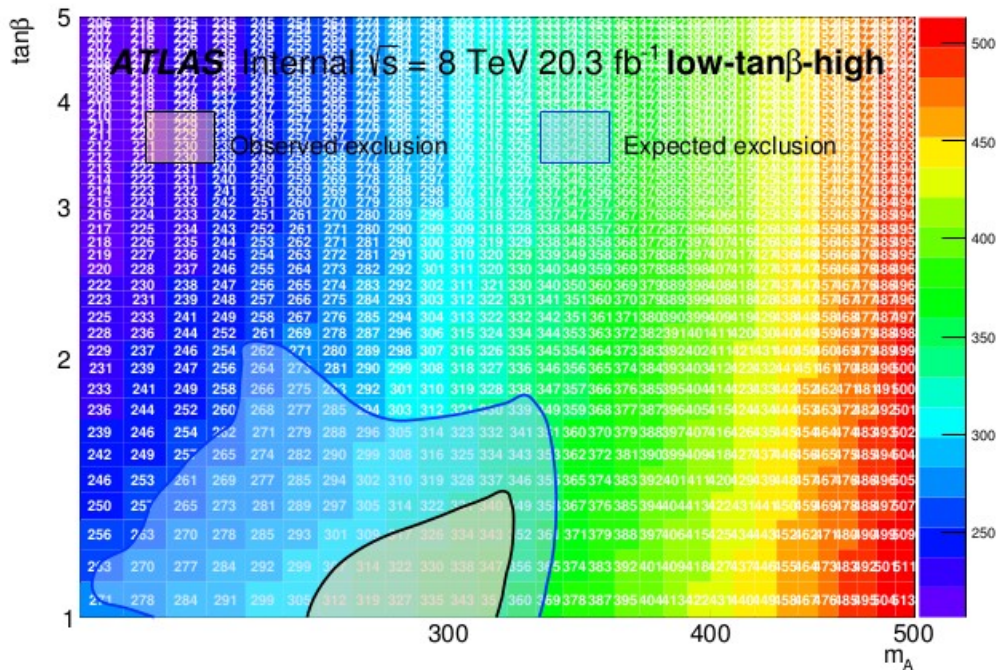
ATLAS Internal low- $\tan\beta$ -high



low-tb-high BR(H-hh)

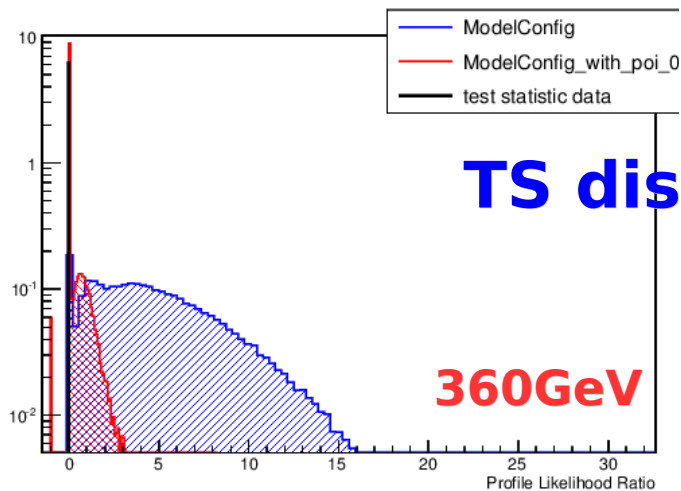


low-tb-high exclusion overlaid contours



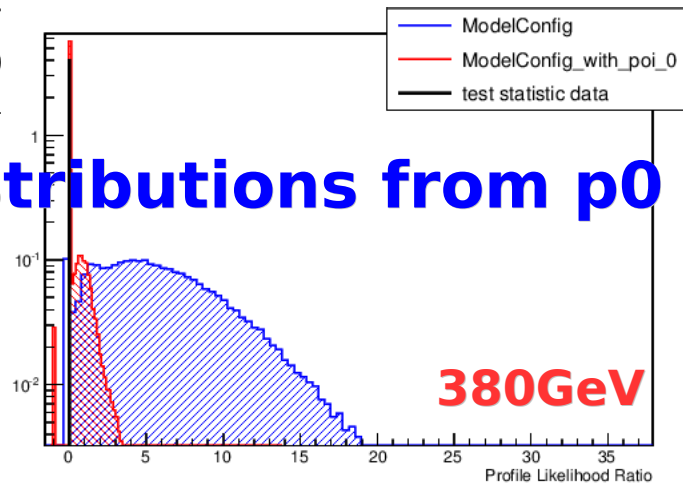
TS distributions

TS distributions from p0 calculation



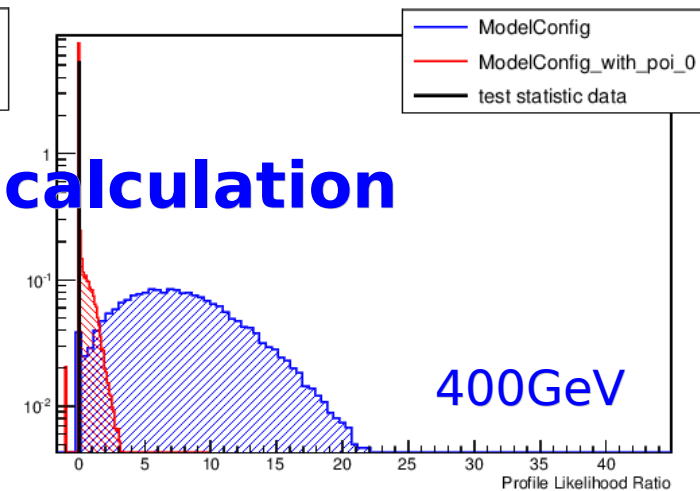
360GeV

TS(data)=0



380GeV

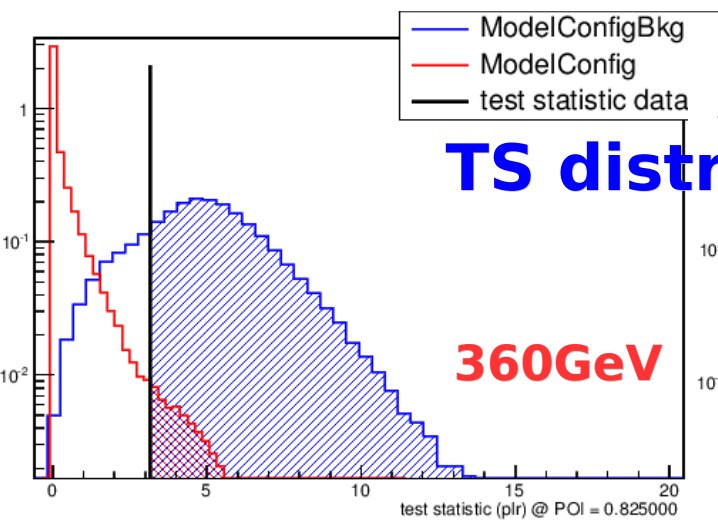
TS(data)=0



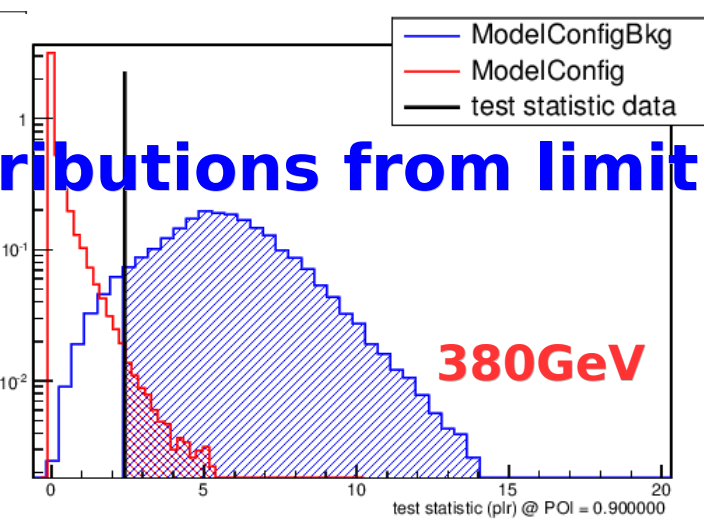
400GeV

TS(data)=0.0524729

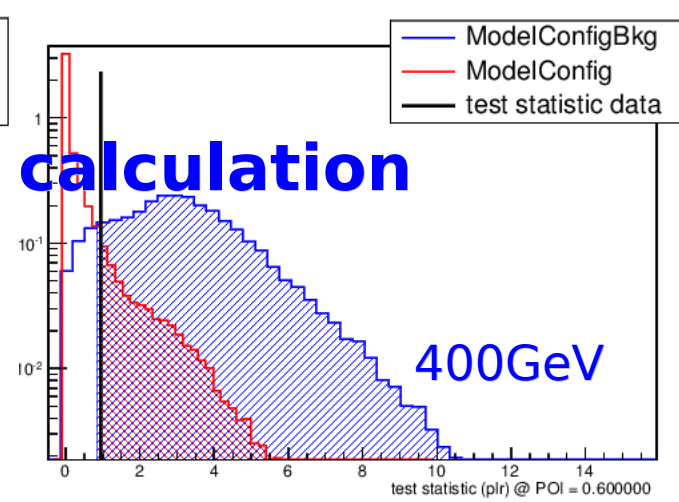
TS distributions from limit calculation



360GeV



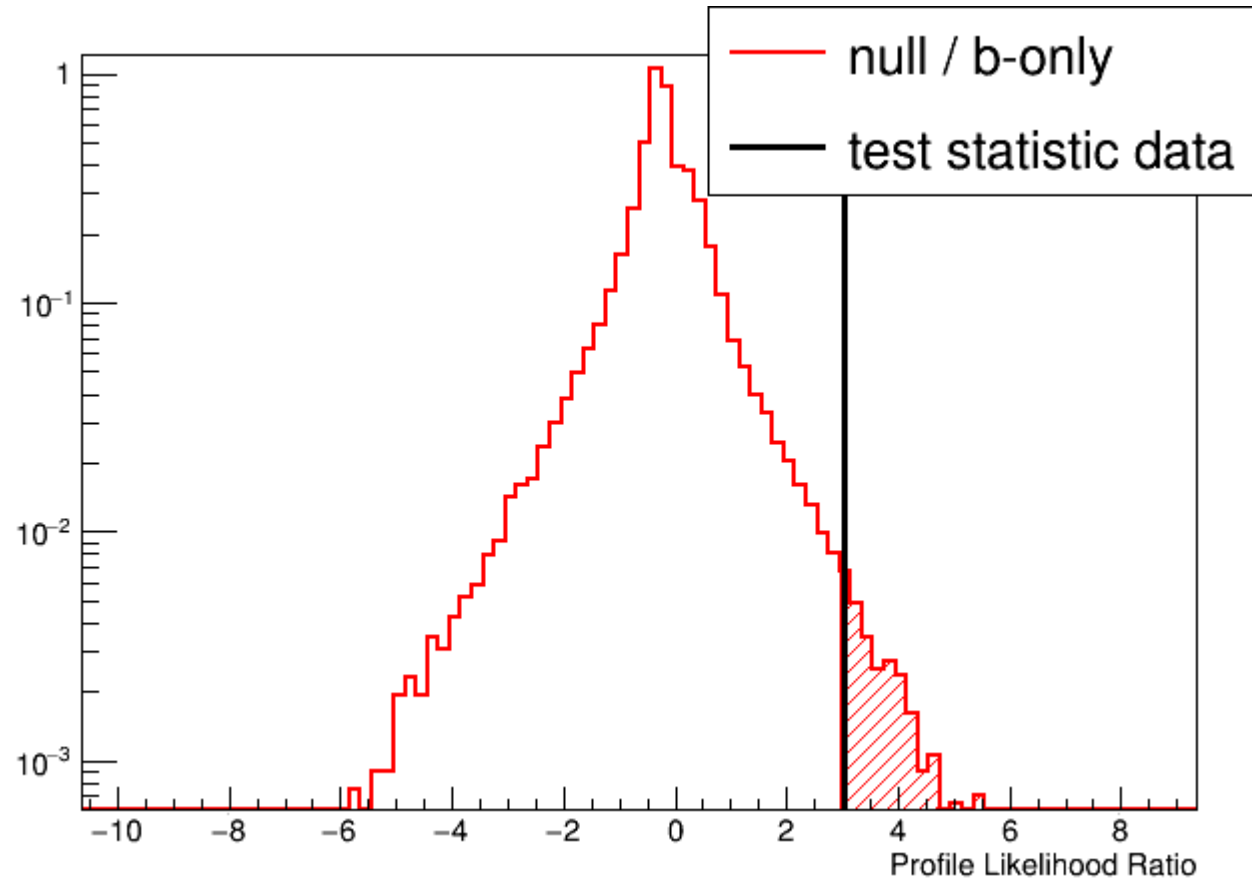
380GeV



400GeV

TS distribution

- ts distributions at 300 GeV



300 GeV

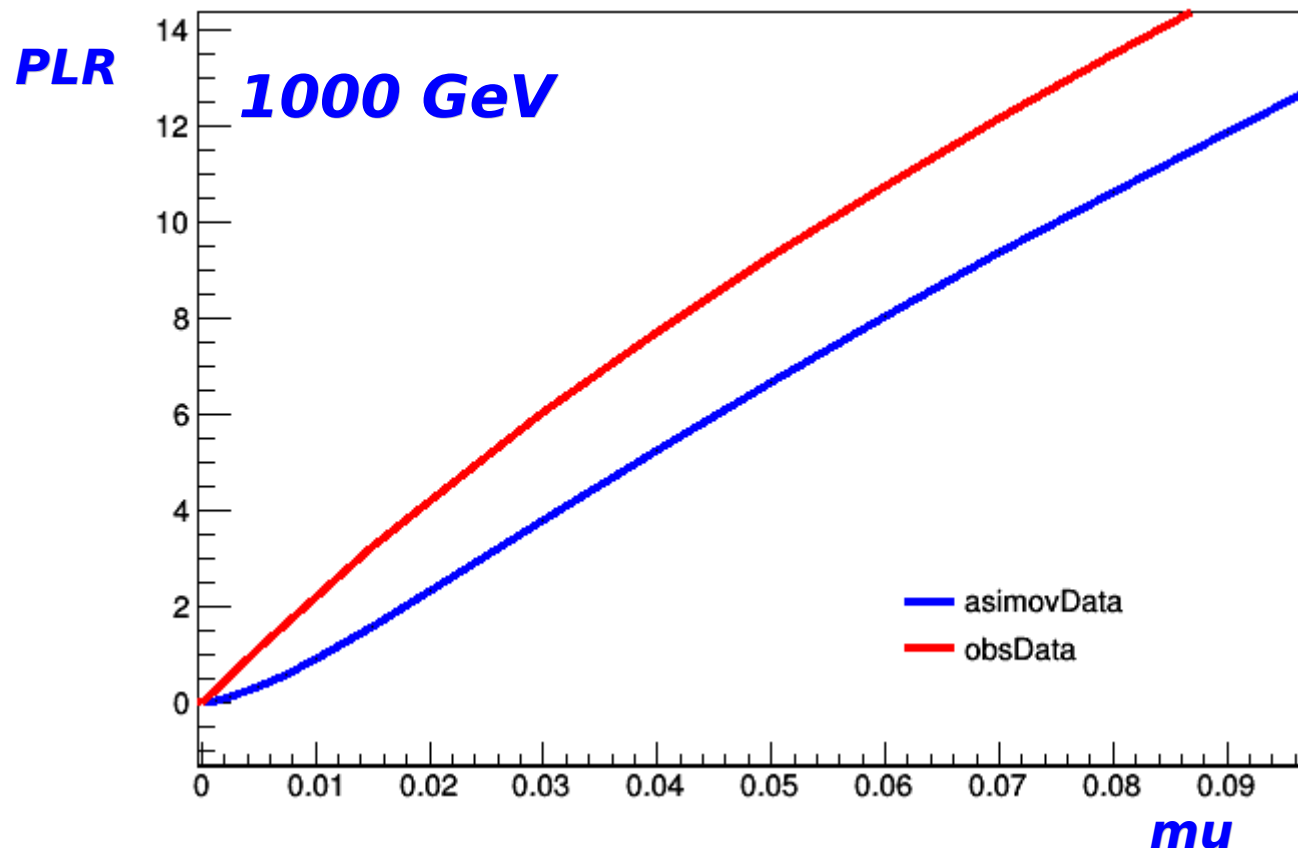
obs ts value: 3.03275

obs p-value: 0.0052399

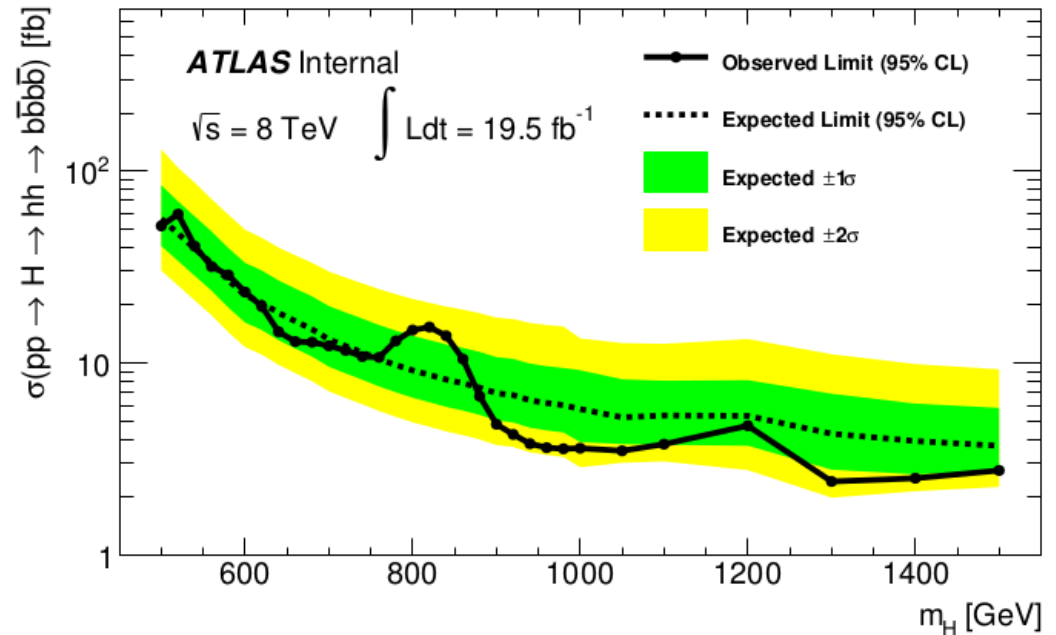
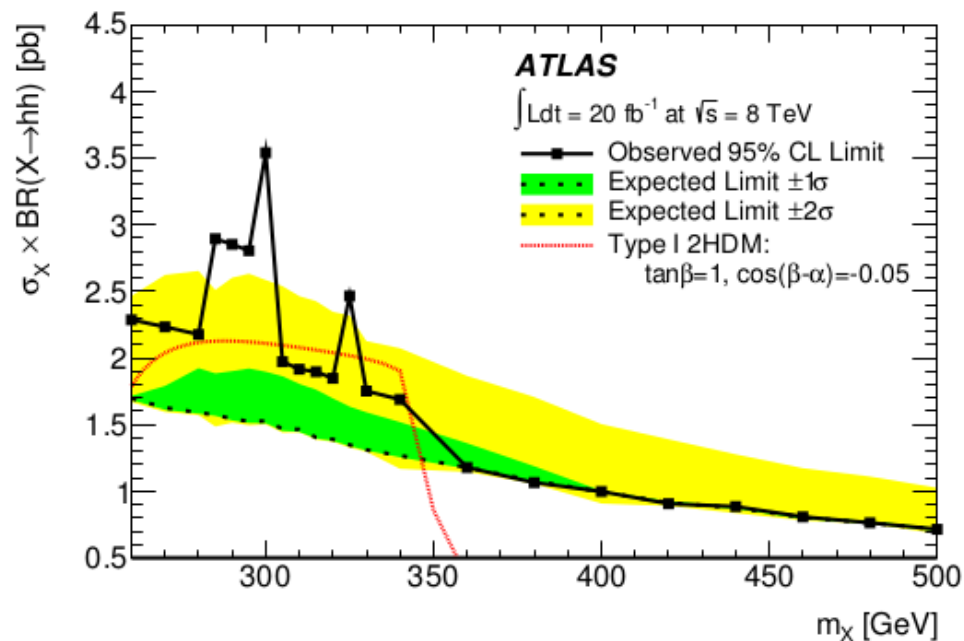
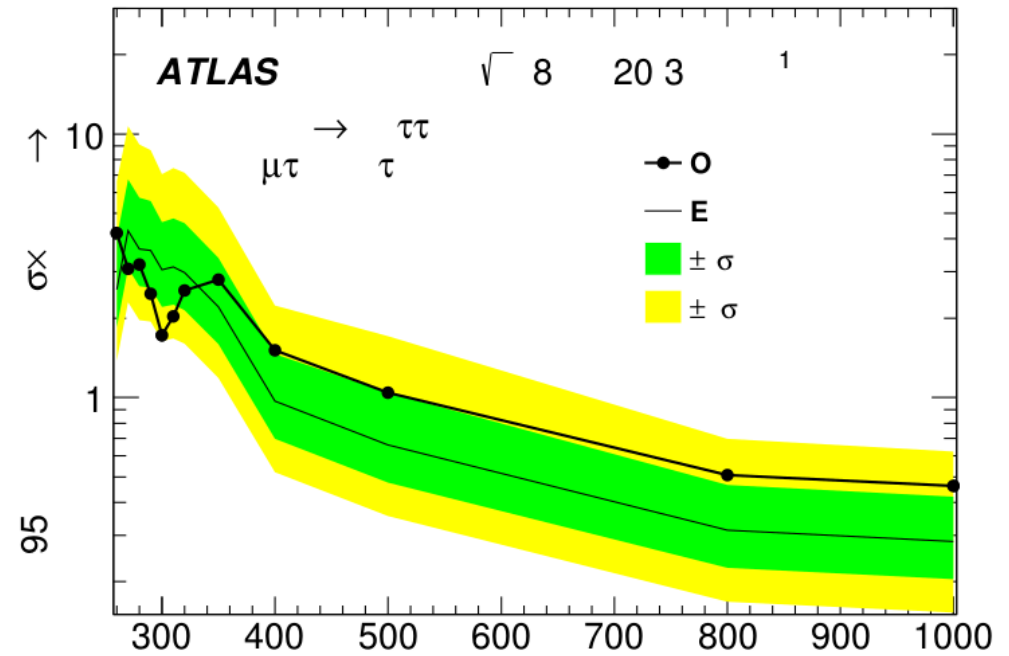
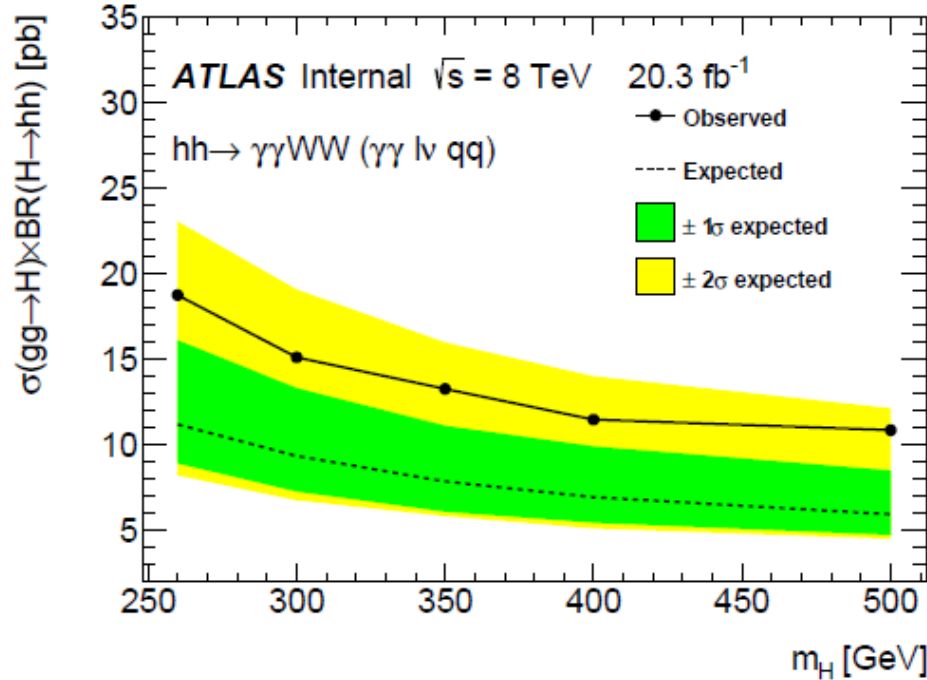
obs significance: 2.55958

1000 PLR

- Scan PLR for 1000 (a point with consistent p0 and limit) from μ 0 to 0.1
- $\mu_{\text{hat}}(1000)$ in data = -0.00463018

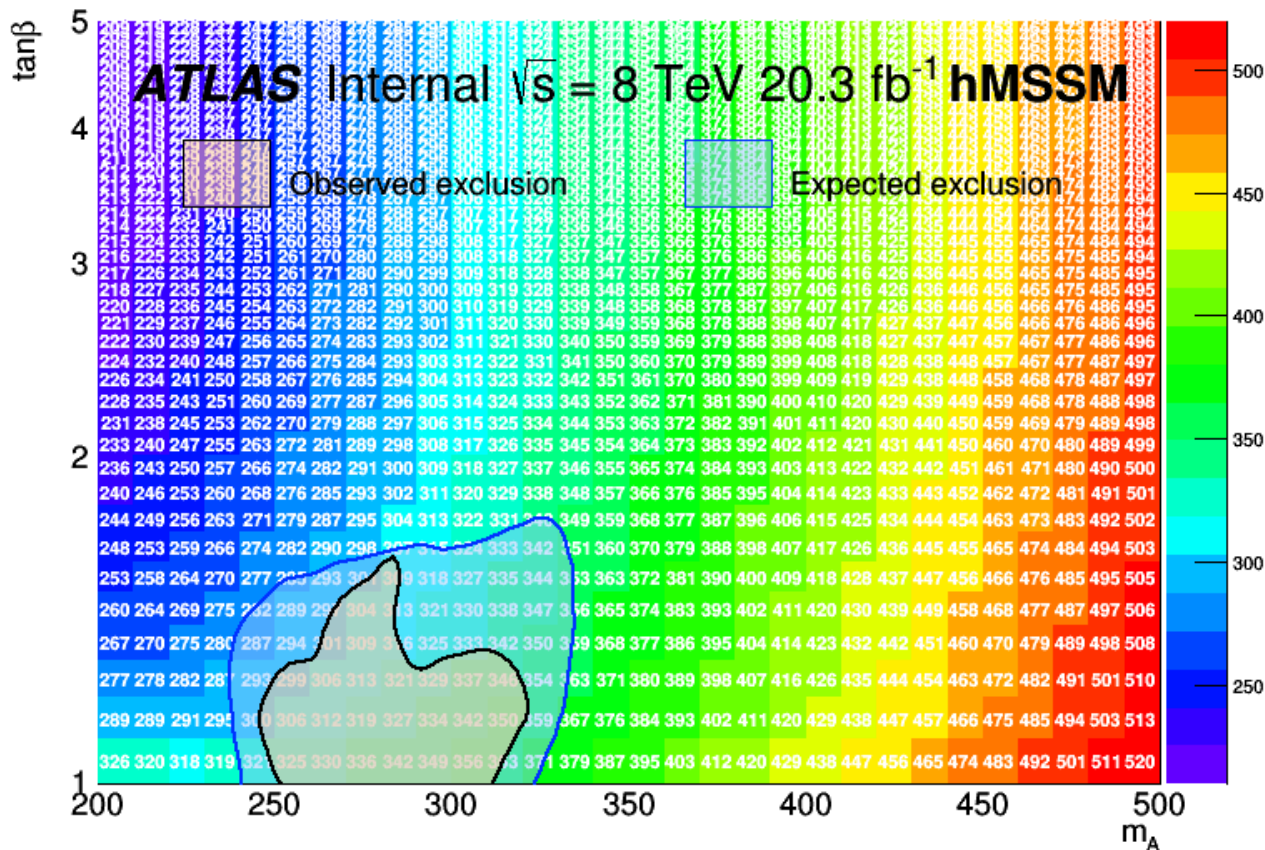


Channel limits [res]



hMSSM

- EXP limits from interpolated points [270,295] are fairly high and they squeeze the exp exclusion
- while obs limits [280,295] enlarge obs exclusions due to their lower values



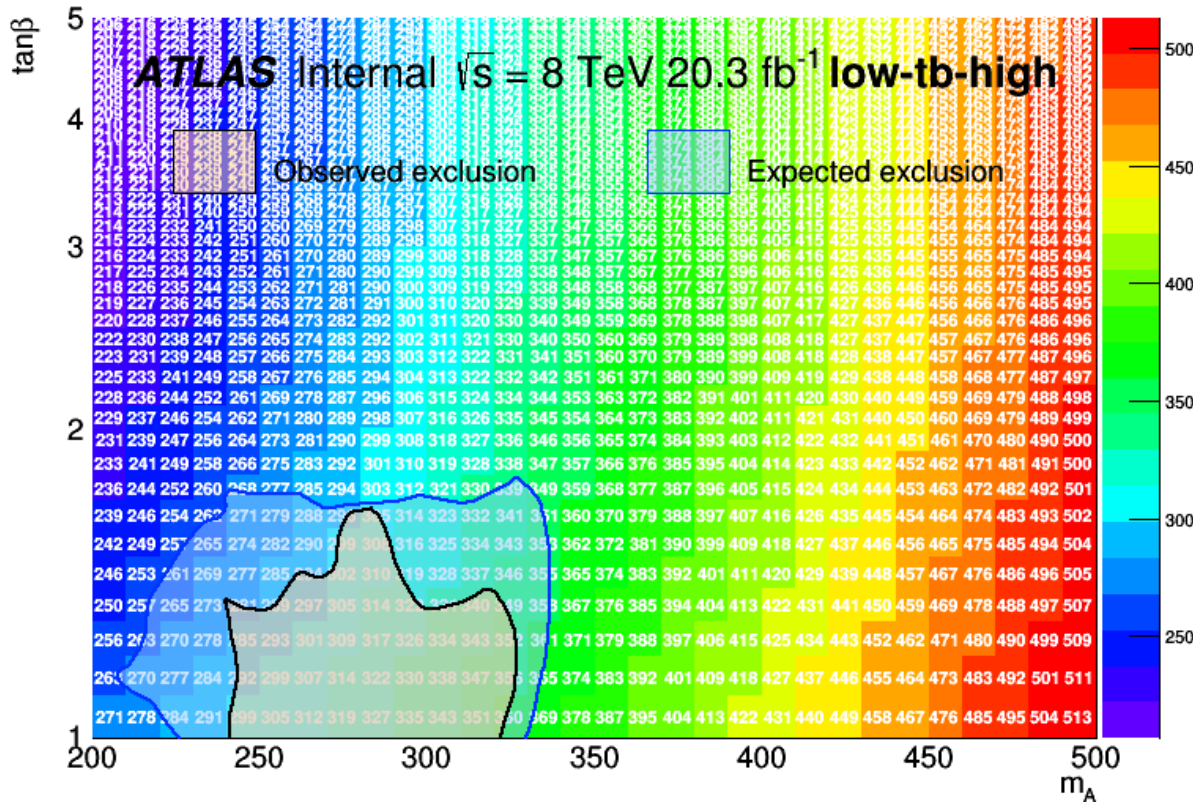
mass obs median

<u>260</u>	1.70982	1.07204
<u>270</u>	1.71558	1.44778
<u>280</u>	1.68024	1.33733
<u>285</u>	1.86328	1.32284
<u>290</u>	1.79416	1.34562
<u>295</u>	1.75	1.31602
<u>300</u>	1.875	1.24402
<u>305</u>	1.02324	1.22968
<u>310</u>	1.38	1.18869
<u>315</u>	1.38127	1.15763
<u>320</u>	1.42977	1.14865
<u>325</u>	1.83205	1.15191
<u>330</u>	1.54764	1.10584
<u>340</u>	1.51589	1.04156
<u>350</u>	1.38609	0.91573
<u>360</u>	0.988968	0.838741
<u>380</u>	1.12399	0.776402
<u>400</u>	0.757059	0.551772
<u>420</u>	0.6811	0.497055
<u>440</u>	0.649041	0.469644
<u>460</u>	0.624596	0.432331
<u>480</u>	0.593367	0.405629
<u>500</u>	0.583098	0.398977

original mass points 27

low-tb-high

- EXP limits from interpolated points [270,295] are fairly high and they squeeze the exp exclusion
- while obs limits [280,295] enlarge obs exclusions due to their lower values



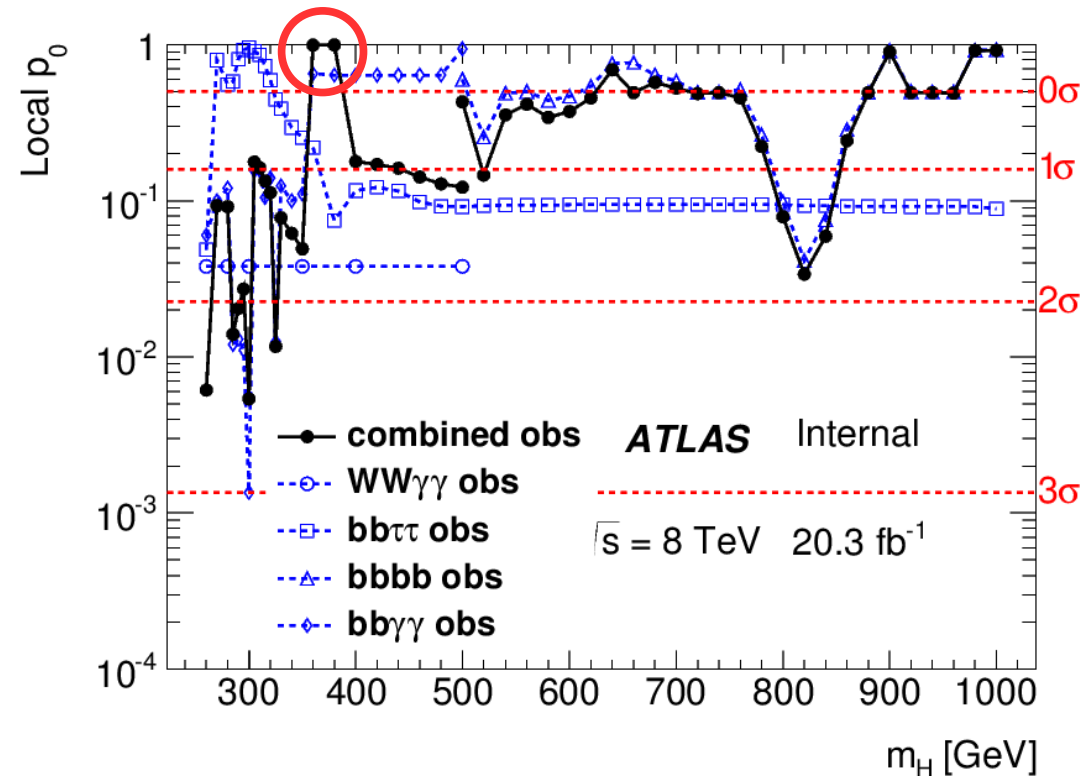
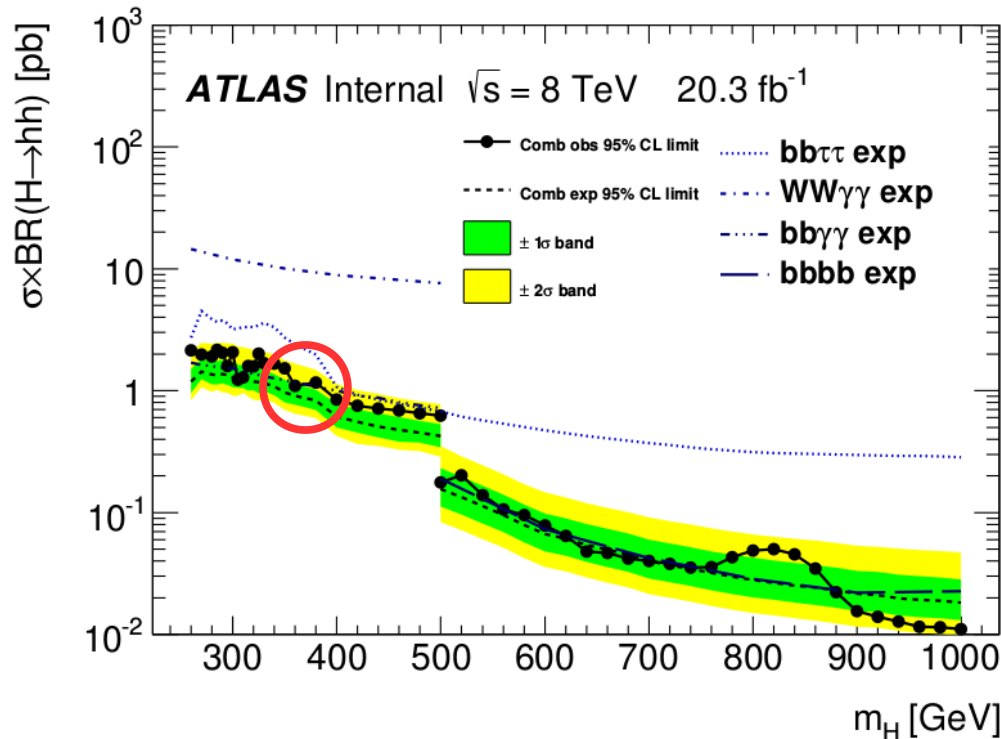
mass obs median

<u>260</u>	1.68381	1.05287
<u>270</u>	1.75344	1.49313
<u>280</u>	1.64129	1.33096
<u>285</u>	1.86551	1.31533
<u>290</u>	1.52873	1.34658
<u>295</u>	1.75	1.32489
<u>300</u>	1.875	1.27362
<u>305</u>	1.02888	1.23646
<u>310</u>	1.38	1.19488
<u>315</u>	1.41829	1.18453
<u>320</u>	1.38725	1.11229
<u>325</u>	1.783	1.10554
<u>330</u>	1.58405	1.14461
<u>340</u>	1.53546	1.04214
<u>350</u>	1.4123	0.925285
<u>360</u>	1.00468	0.86803
<u>380</u>	1.09831	0.758645
<u>400</u>	0.761744	0.549154
<u>420</u>	0.679285	0.500606
<u>440</u>	0.652151	0.463074
<u>460</u>	0.640985	0.443172
<u>480</u>	0.611022	0.419592
<u>500</u>	0.575566	0.387592

original mass points 28

The issue at 360/380

- At 360 380, limits show data excess but p_0 value do not seem so



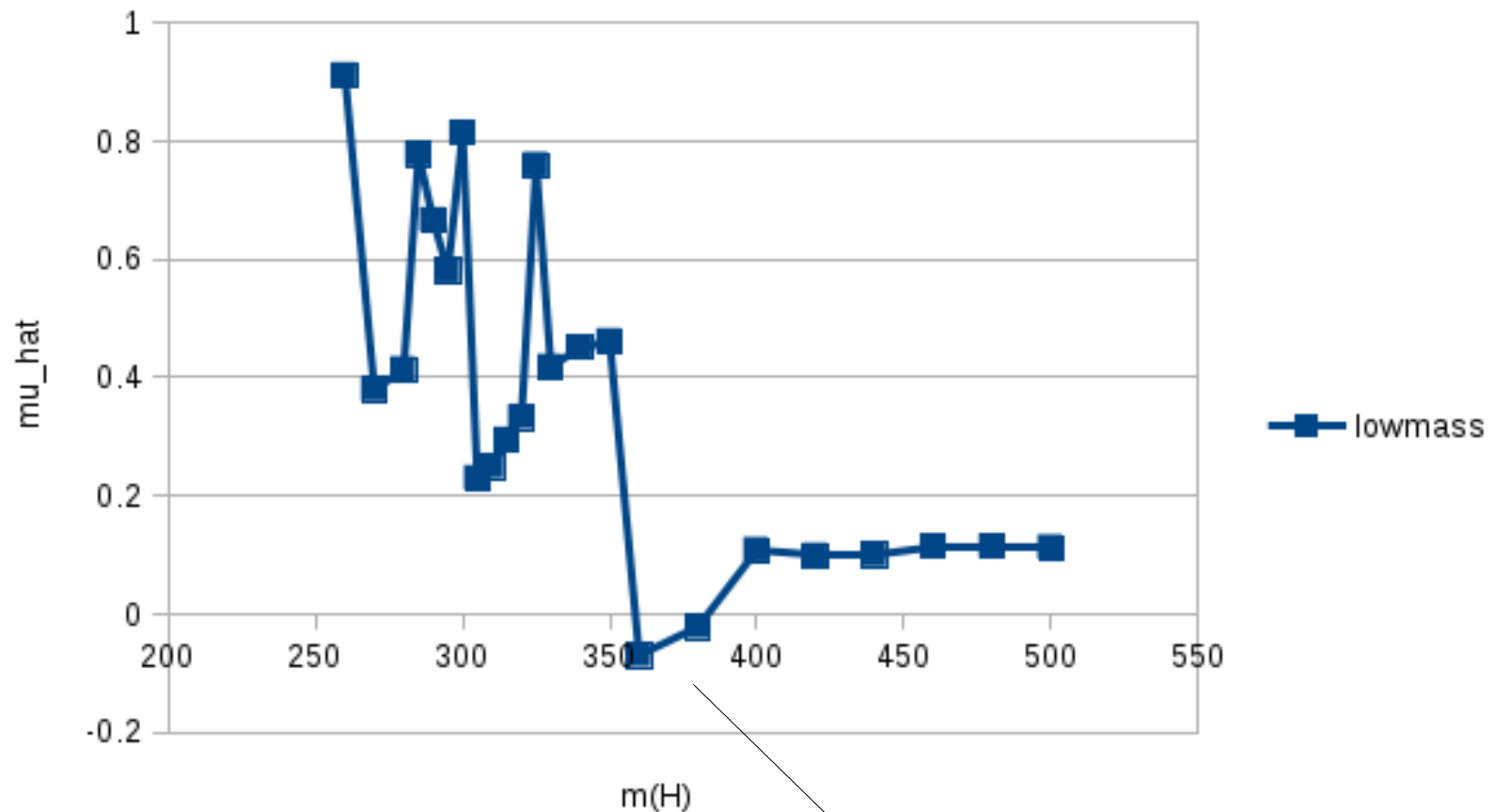
This is actually due to the definition of test statistic with which p_0 values are calculated

$$q_0 = \begin{cases} -2 \ln \lambda(0) & \hat{\mu} \geq 0 \\ 0 & \hat{\mu} < 0 \end{cases}$$

one-sided discovery

mu_hat

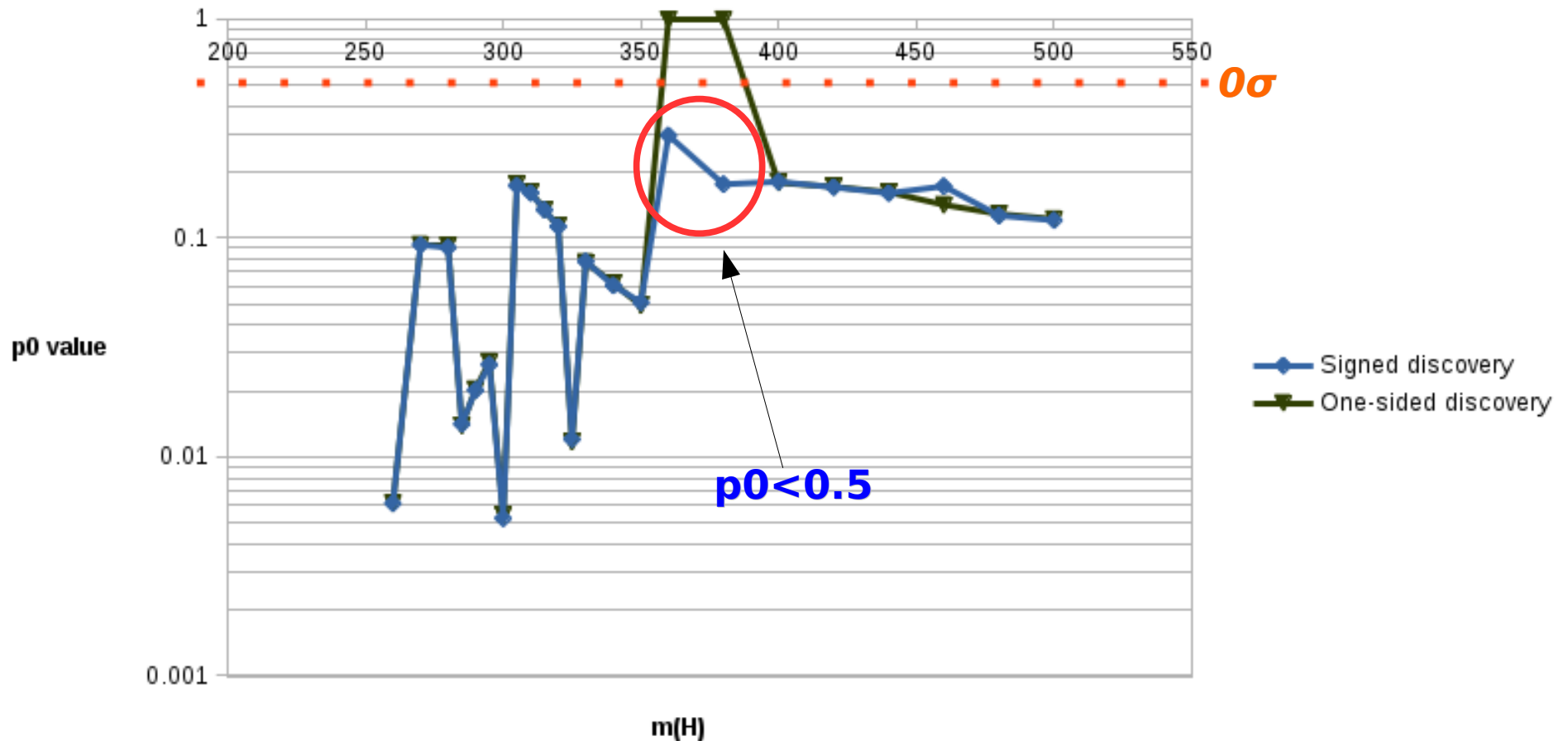
- mu_hat values are plotted as function of mH



360 & 380 have $\mu_{\text{hat}} < 0$

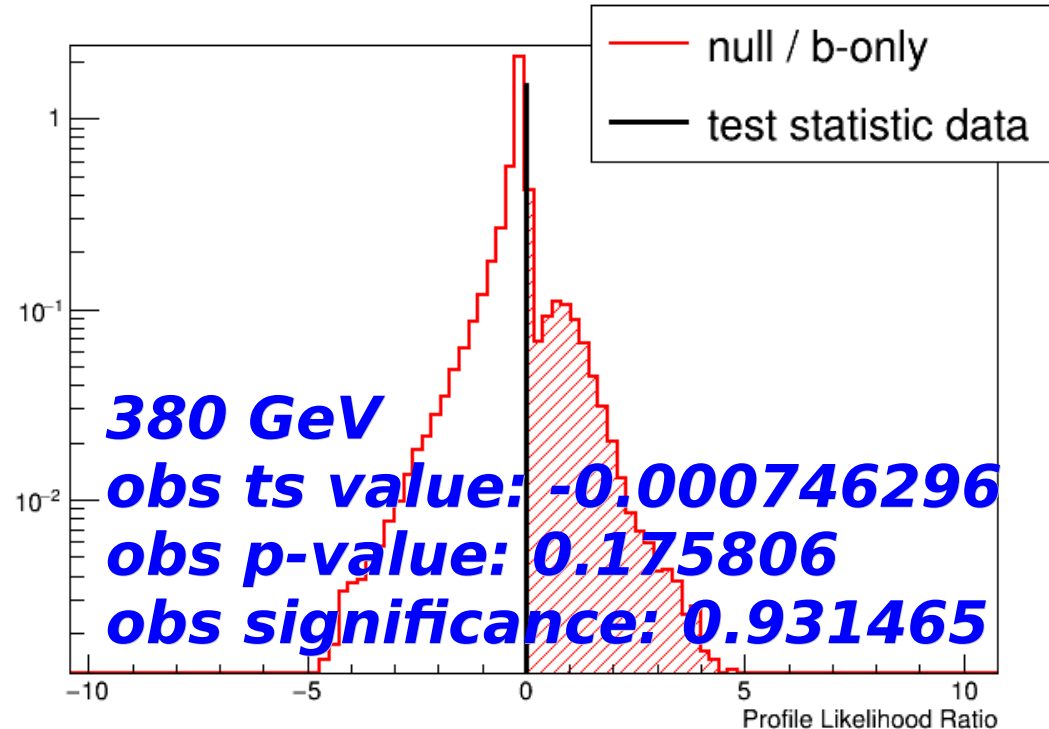
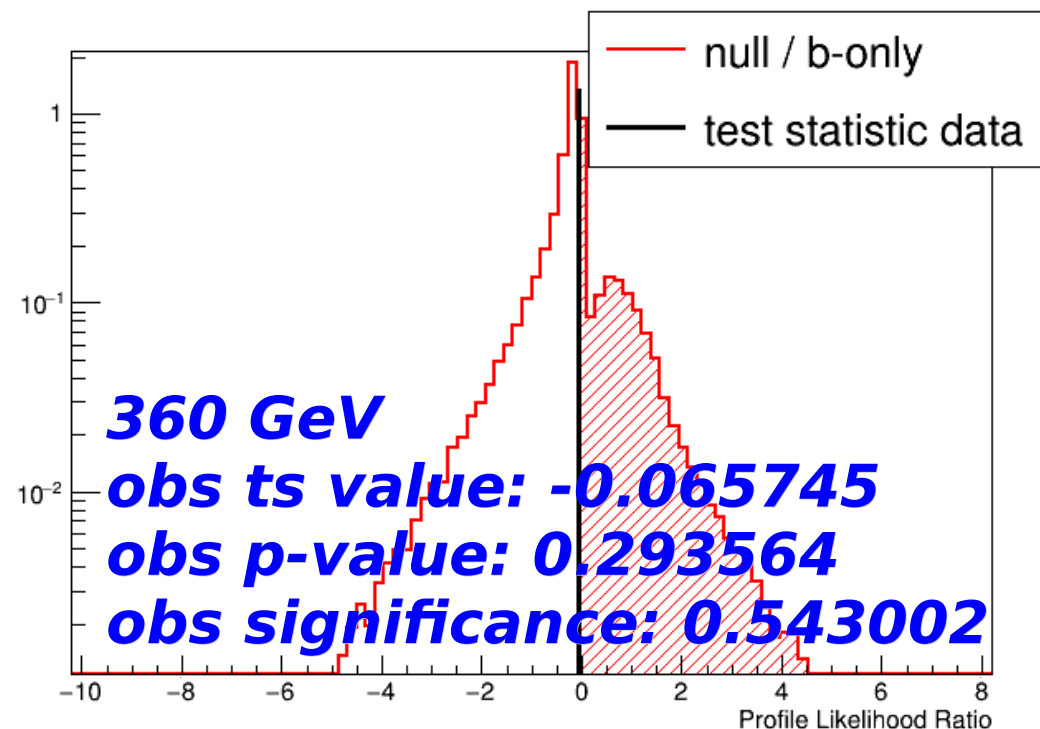
P0 values

- Now, using a non-zero t_s definition (“signed discovery”) when $\mu_{\text{hat}} < 0$, we have p_0 values < 0.5 at 360 380



TS distribution

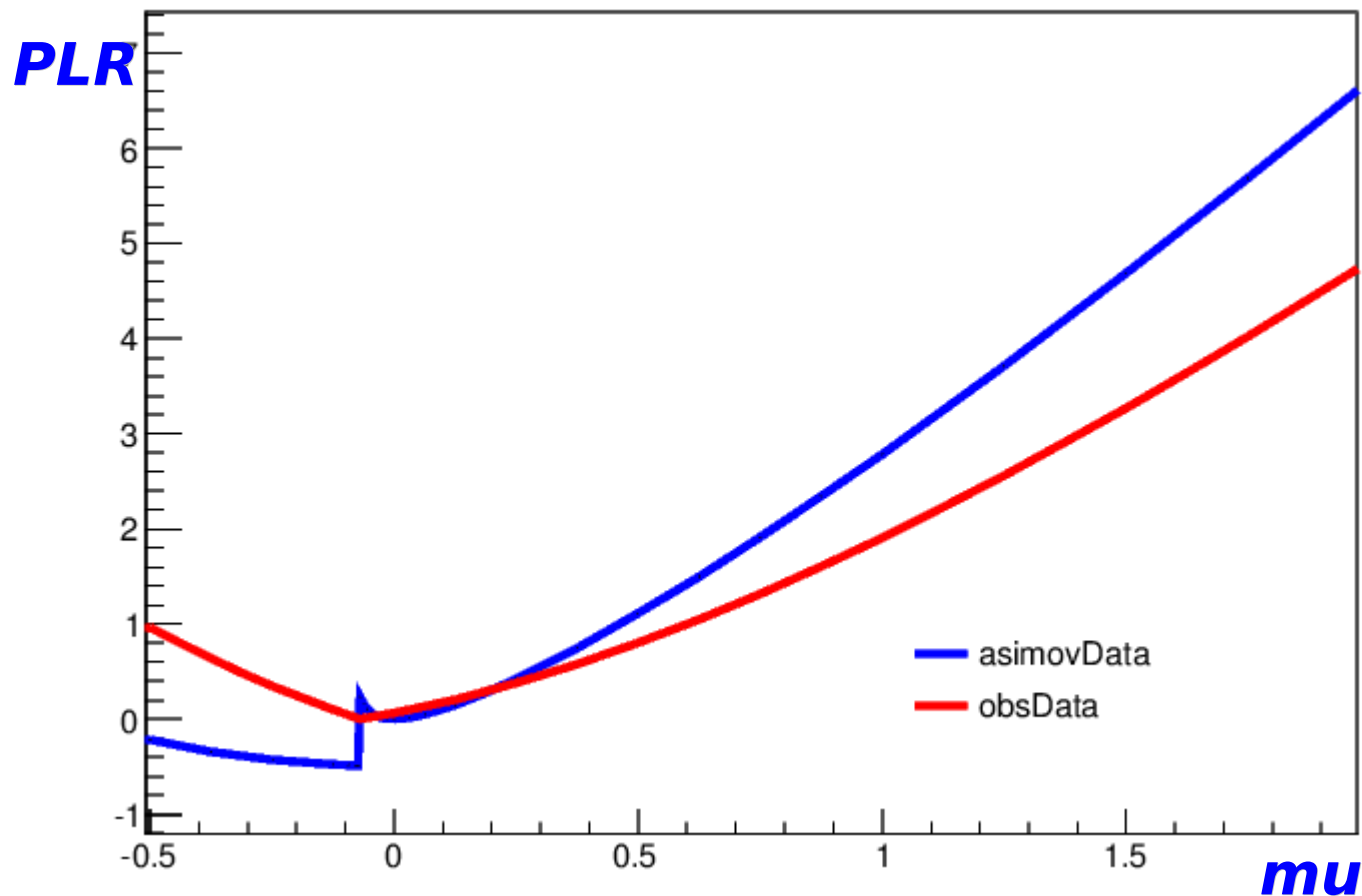
- ts distributions at 360 and 380



- In general, ts distributions is asymmetric; so even when $ts(\text{data})$ goes to negative, p_0 value can still remain below 0.5

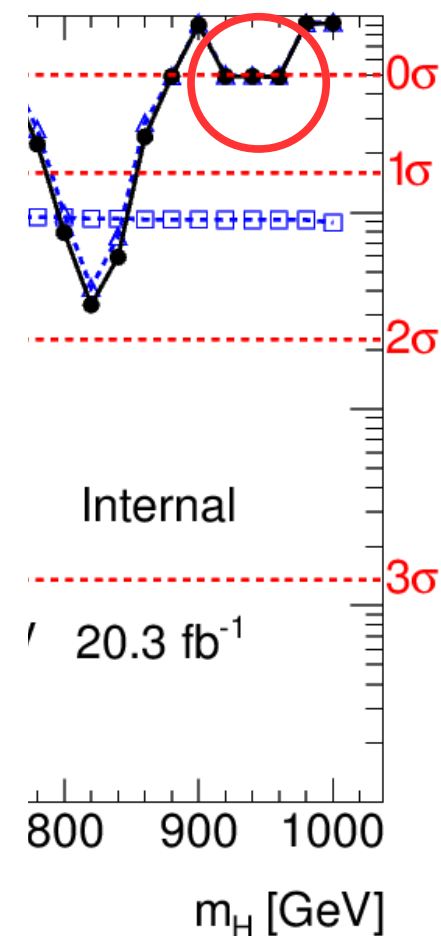
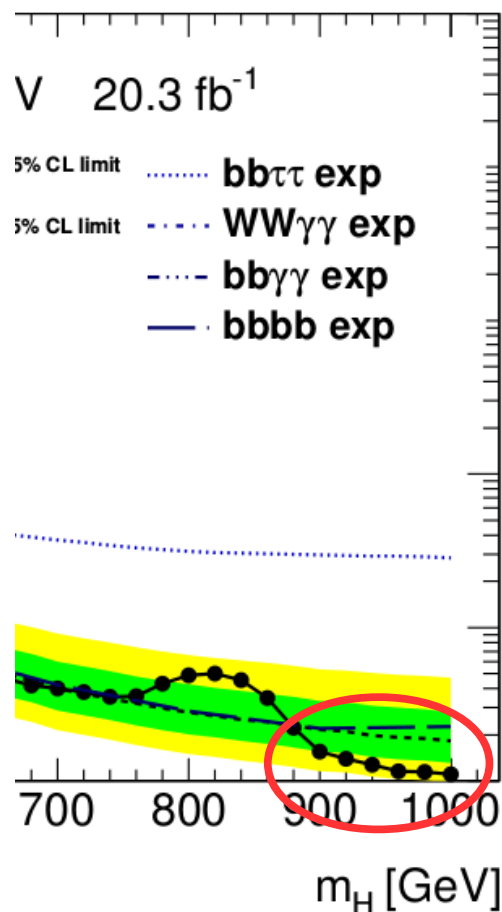
PLR curve

- how could $\mu_{\text{hat}} < 0$ but obs limit is higher than median (data excess)?
- because PLR in data is wider than expected



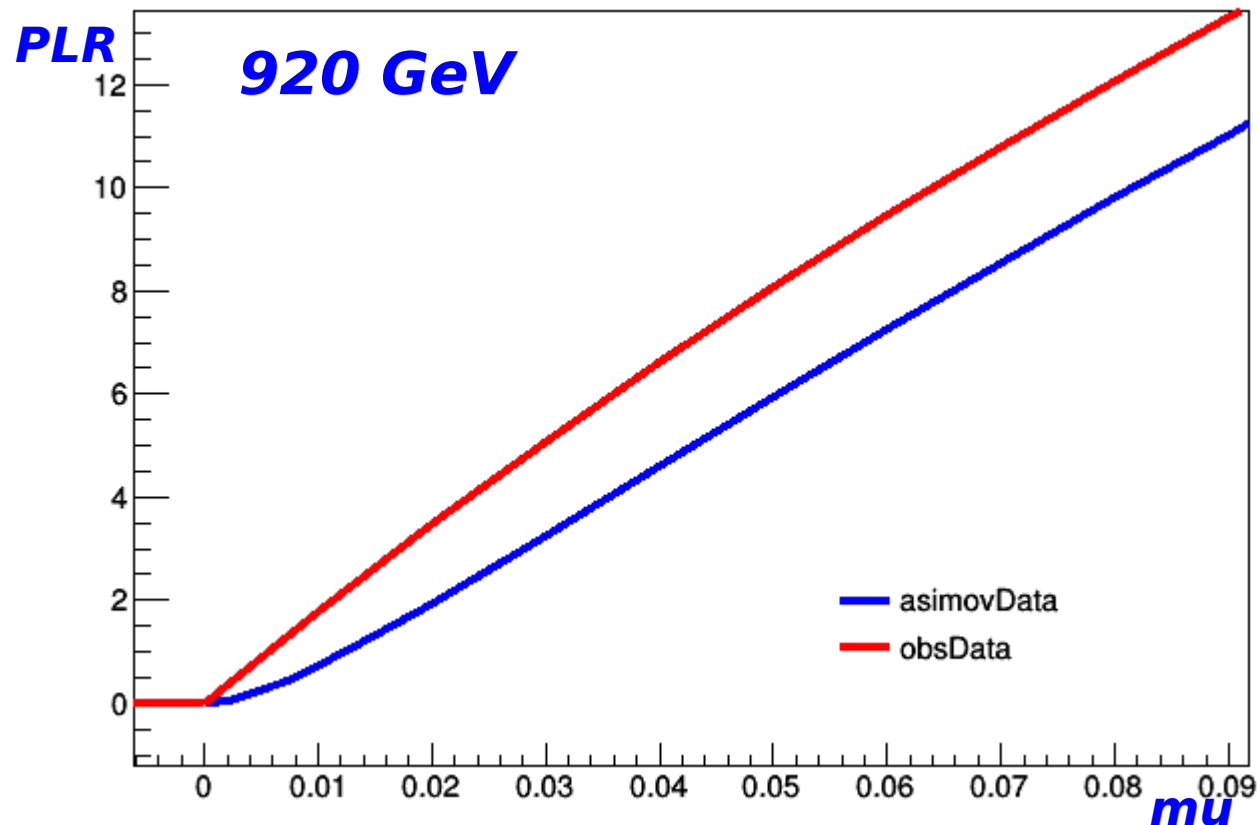
The issue at 920/940/960

- 920 940 960 have data deficit in limit plot but p0 values seems to be $0.5 \sim 0$ sigma
- by now, we have checked with David and have consistent bbbb p0 values



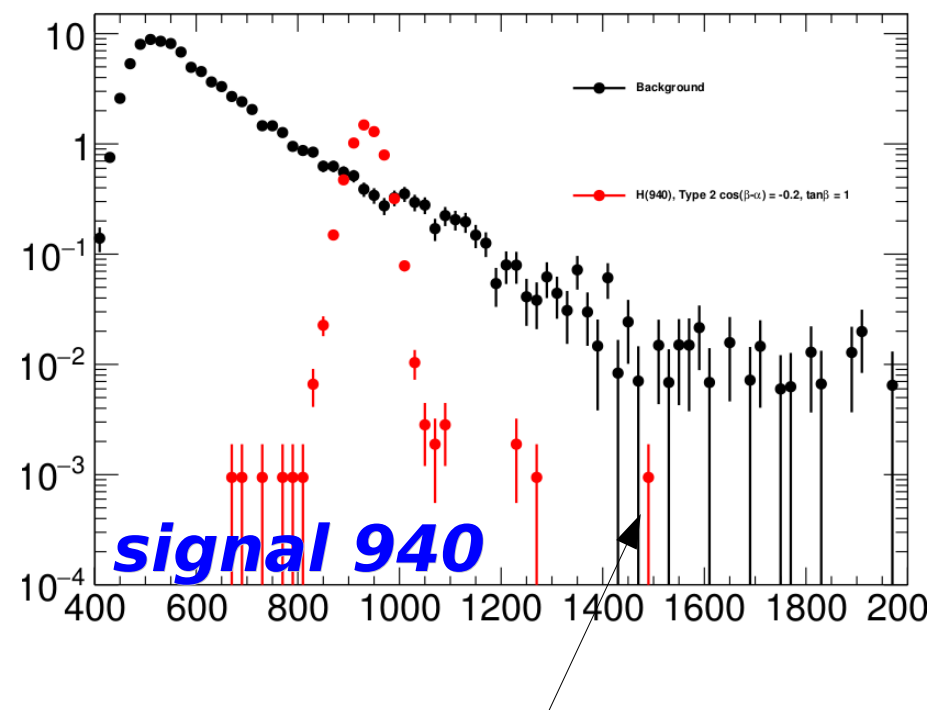
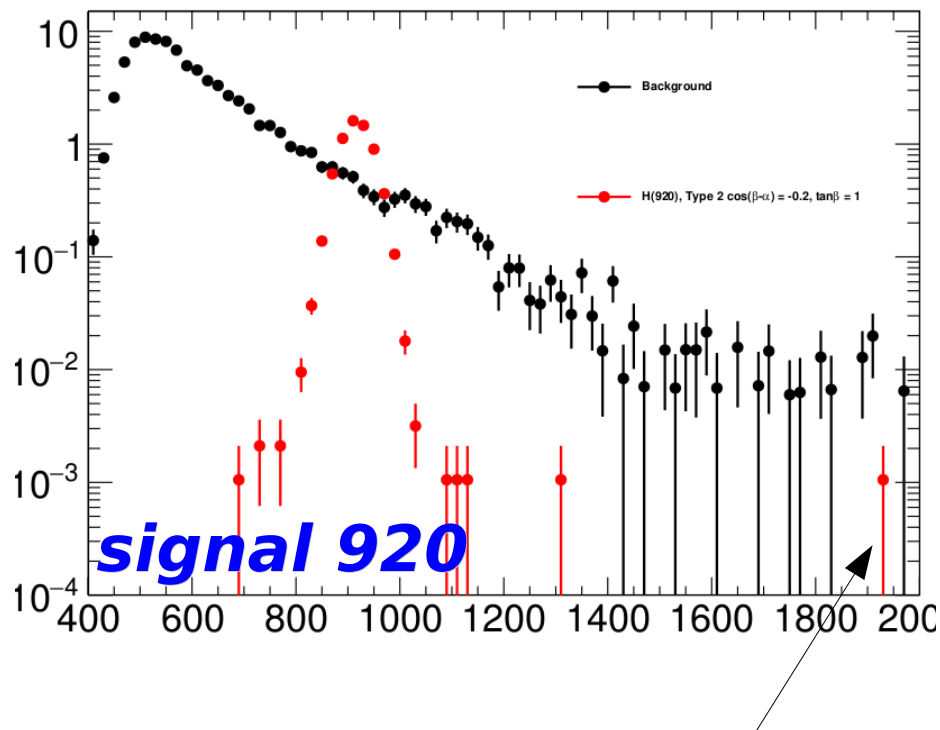
920 PLR

- μ_{hat} in obs is **positively** close to zero $7.28235\text{e-}10$, giving p_0 values ~ 0.5
- obs PLR is narrower than expected, this leads to lower limits in data
- but the non-parabolic structures seem strange, we further on check signal/bkg templates



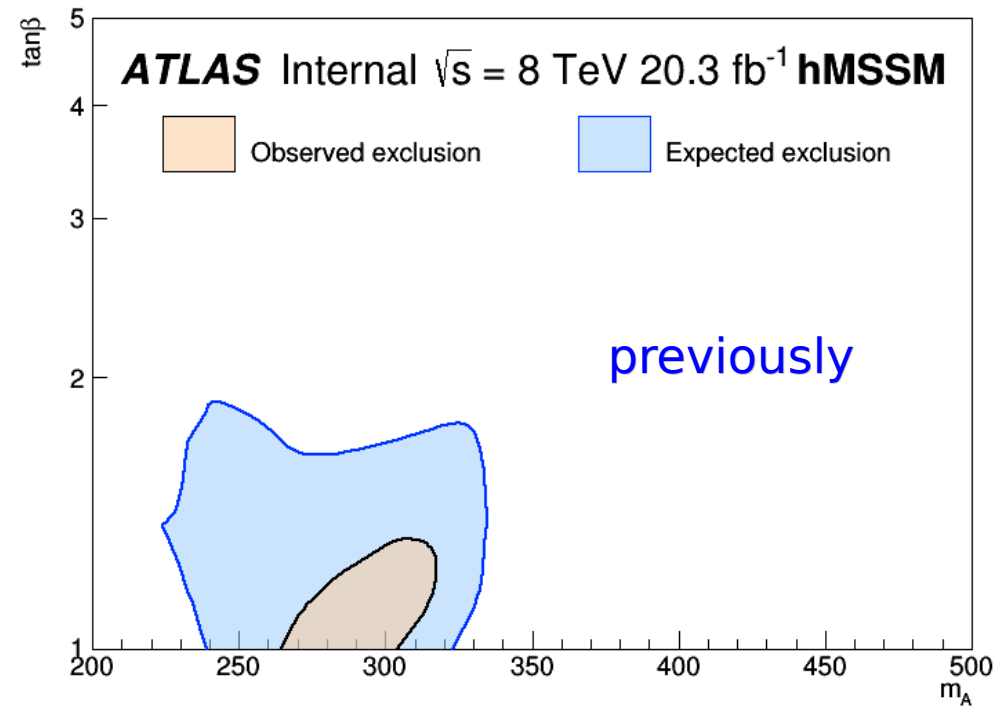
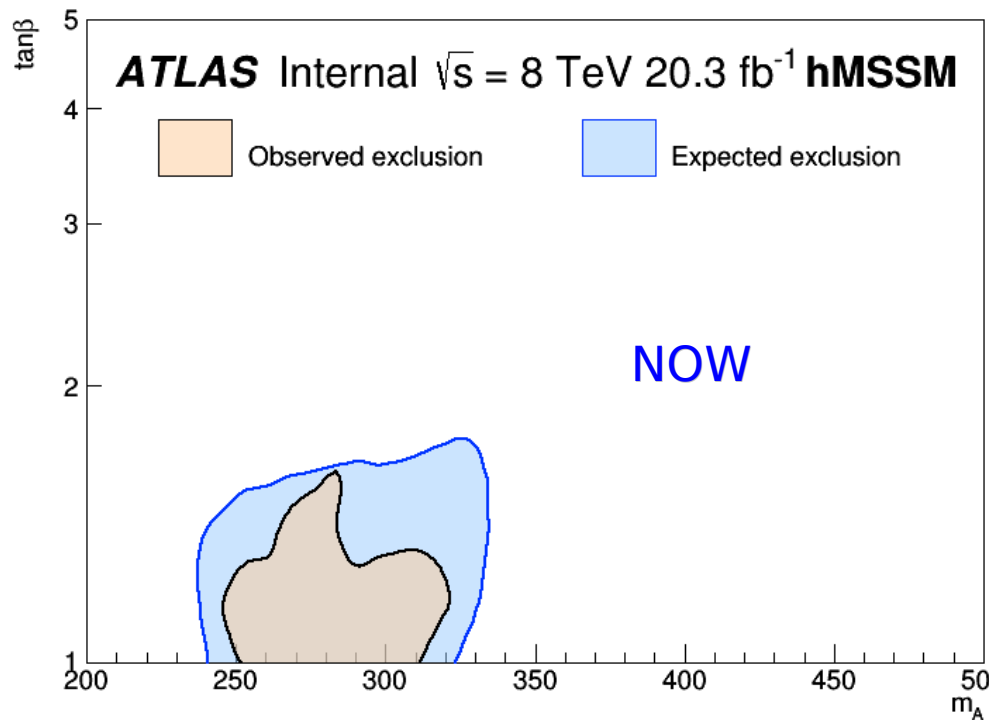
Check bbbb sig&bkg

- David checked the signal and background templates used in the fit
- There are bins with only signal but no backgrounds



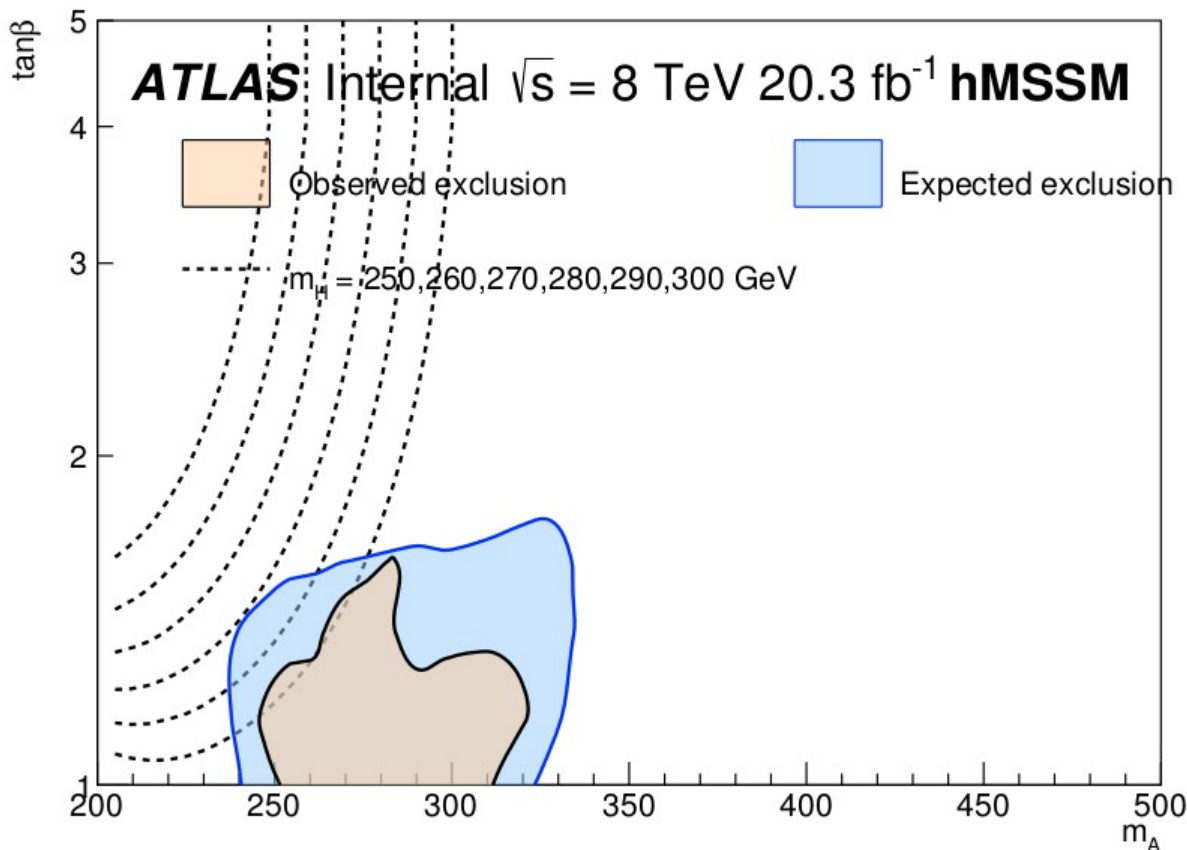
Interpretation hMSSM

- Using **all interpolated** points to do the interpretation



hMSSM

- EXP limits from interpolated points [270,295] are fairly high and they squeeze the exp exclusion
- while obs limits [280,295] enlarge obs exclusions due to their lower values

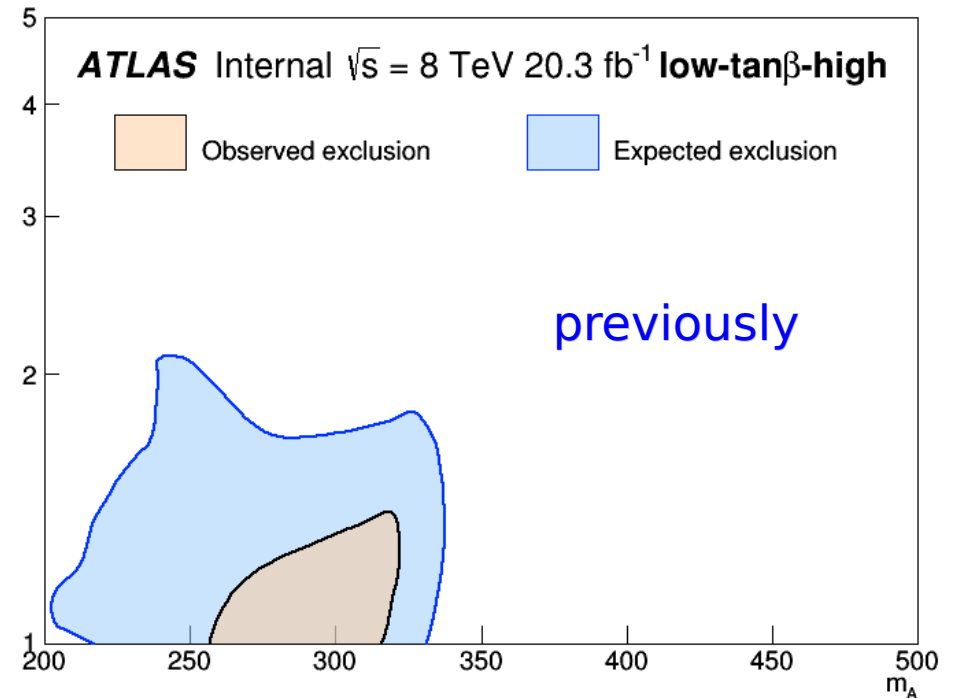
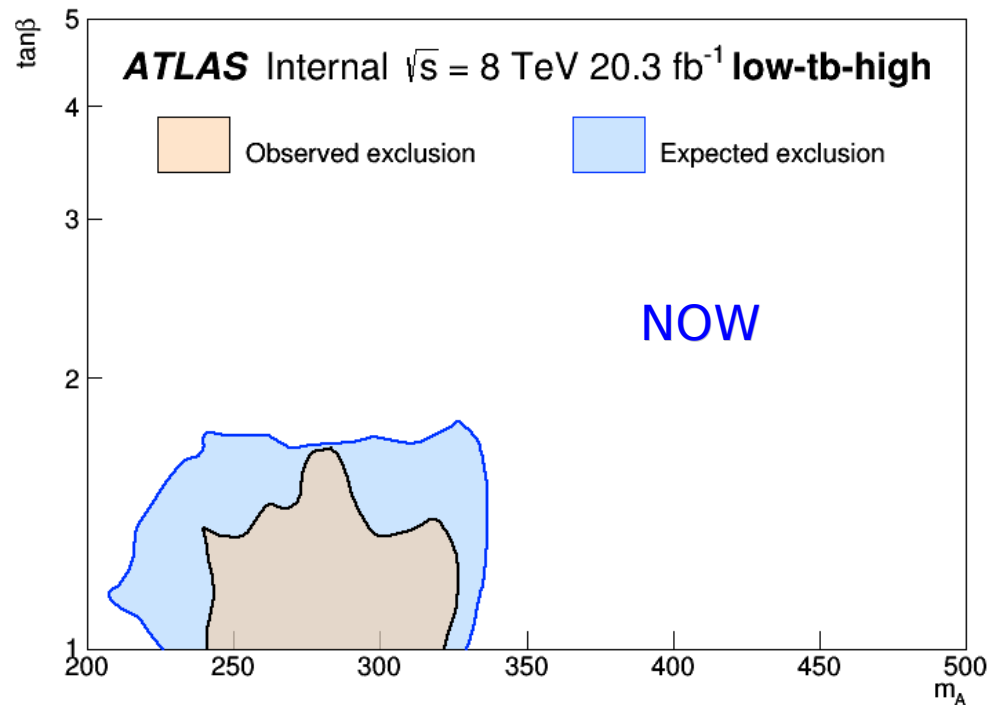


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<u>400</u>	0.757059	0.551772	
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[original mass points](#) 38

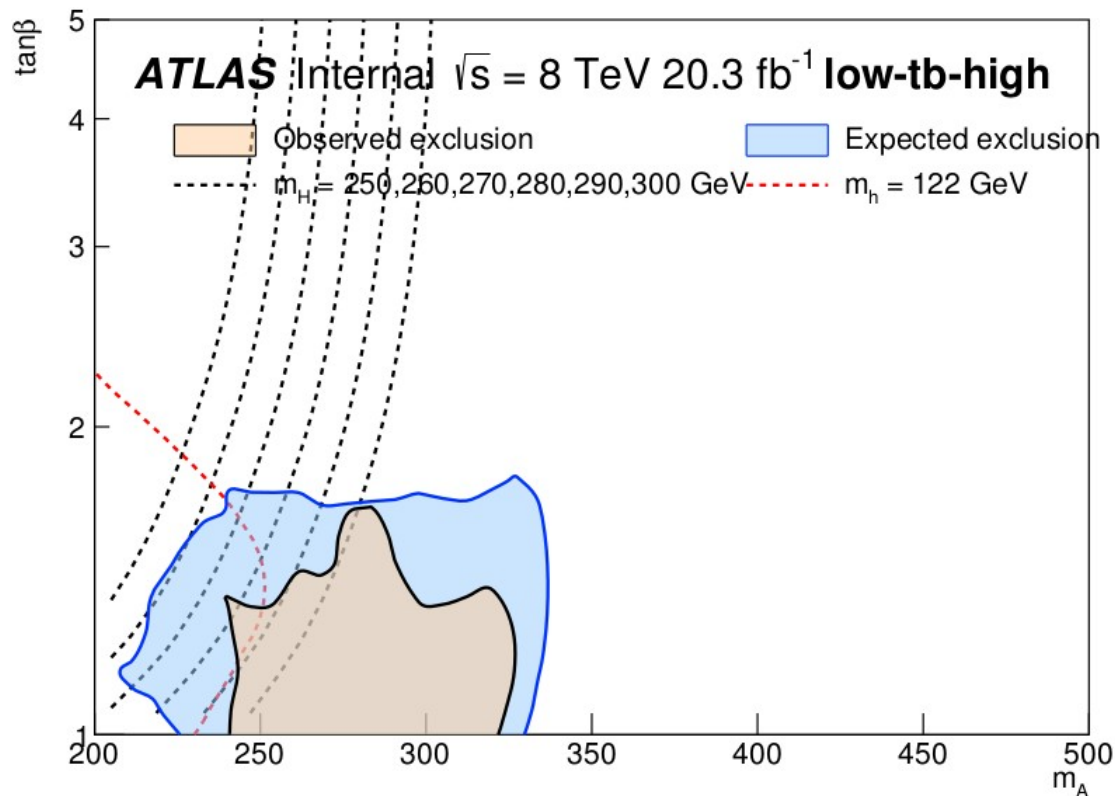
Interpretation low-tb-high

- Using **all interpolated** points to do the interpretation



low-tb-high

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mass obs median

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<u>325</u>	1.783	1.10554
<u>330</u>	1.58405	1.14461
<u>340</u>	1.53546	1.04214
<u>350</u>	1.4123	0.925285
<u>360</u>	1.00468	0.86803
<u>380</u>	1.09831	0.758645
<u>400</u>	0.761744	0.549154
<u>420</u>	0.679285	0.500606
<u>440</u>	0.652151	0.463074
<u>460</u>	0.640985	0.443172
<u>480</u>	0.611022	0.419592
<u>500</u>	0.575566	0.387592

[original mass points](#) 40

Summary

- wwww and bbbtau added theoretical uncertainties, small effects
- combination:
 - limits and p_0 at 360/380 are explained with the checks on μ_{hat} and PRL
 - strange p_0 values at 920/940/960 can be seen by PLR curves, but the bins with signal but no background in bbbb need to be fixed
- interpretation with all interpolated mass points shows smaller exclusions