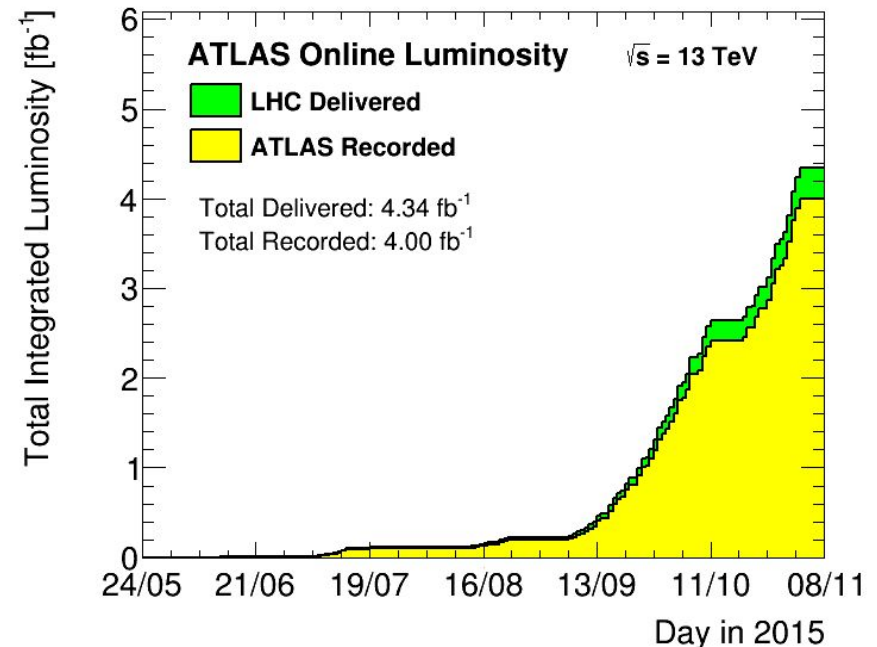


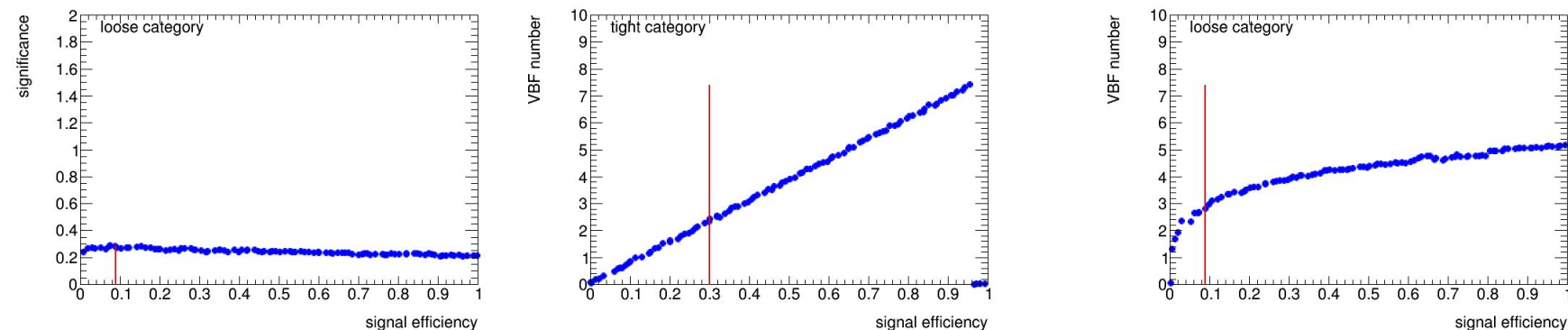
13TeV VBF $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ Analysis

Yu Zhang

11.09

- cut-based
 - flat
- MVA
 - new variables
 - comments from HGam Coupling meeting
- data
 - all: 4fb^{-1}
 - for physics: $\sim 3.5\text{fb}^{-1}$
 - GRL: 2.7fb^{-1}
 - MxAOD: 2fb^{-1}
- document





- a flat line in work line of cut-based loose category
- check the VBF number of events in each category after selection
- the tight category is as expected:proportional
- the line loose category is bad
- maybe there is something wrong with the weight file
- under investigation...

- related systems

	$\gamma 1$	$\gamma 2$	$\gamma 1 \gamma 2$
j1	$\gamma 1 \text{ j1}$	$\gamma 2 \text{ j1}$	$\gamma 1 \text{ } \gamma 2 \text{ j1}$
j2	$\gamma 1 \text{ j2}$	$\gamma 2 \text{ j2}$	$\gamma 1 \text{ } \gamma 2 \text{ j2}$
j1 j2	$\gamma 1 \text{ j1 j2}$	$\gamma 2 \text{ j1 j2}$	$\gamma 1 \text{ } \gamma 2 \text{ j1 j2}$

- related variables : system pT , sum of pT , sum of P , mass, E_{eta} , ΔpT , $\Delta \Phi$, ΔR , pT/P of system, E , E/M
- additional variables: $pT_{\gamma 1}/m_{\gamma\gamma}$, $pT_{\gamma 2}/m_{\gamma\gamma}$, $pT_{\gamma\gamma}/m_{\gamma\gamma}$, $\eta_{j1} * \eta_{j2}$
- variable selection
 - loop all variables ,rank them by separation power
 - keep the most powerful one if variables are correlated
 - remove variables that correlates to $m_{\gamma\gamma}$
 - find the best combination
- more than 100 variables ,many are highly correlated

correlation

5

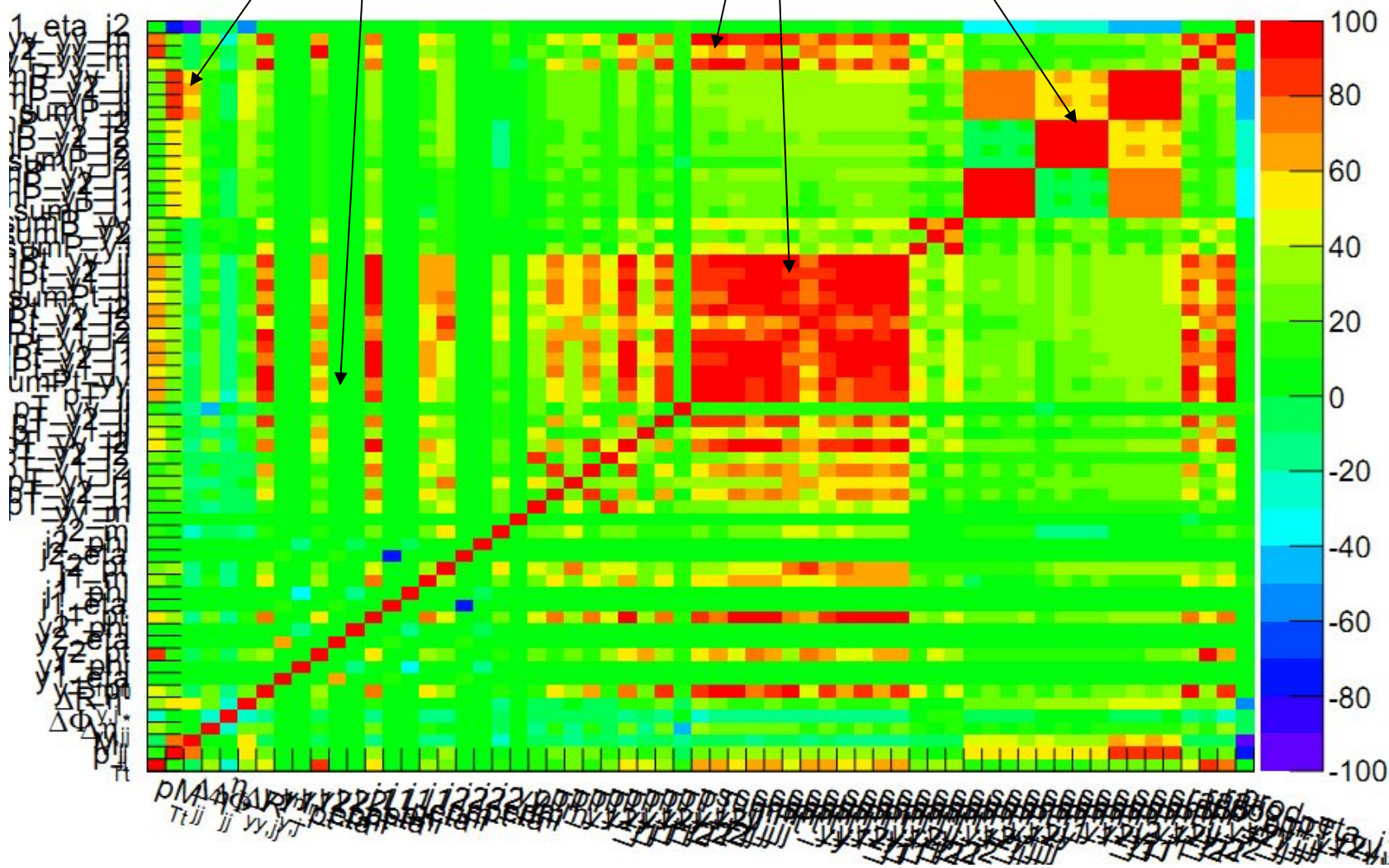
60 vars

1

2

3

Correlation Matrix (signal)



- 1:
 - p_{Tt} is correlated to photon p_T
 - m_{jj} & $\Delta\eta_{jj}$ are correlated to $\text{sum}P$ of some systems
- 2:
 - $p_{T_y1}/m_{yy}, p_{T_y2}/m_{yy}, p_{T_yy}/m_{yy}$ correlated to $\text{sum}P_t$
 - p_T of systems correlated to $\text{sum}P_t$
- 3:
 - $\text{sum}P$ of different systems are correlated
- all these variables are low correlated to m_{yy}
- the one most correlated to m_{yy} is $y2_pt$: 0.041

- The separation $\langle S^2 \rangle$ of a classifier y , defined by the integral [7]

$$\langle S^2 \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(\hat{y}_S(y) - \hat{y}_B(y))^2}{\hat{y}_S(y) + \hat{y}_B(y)} dy,$$

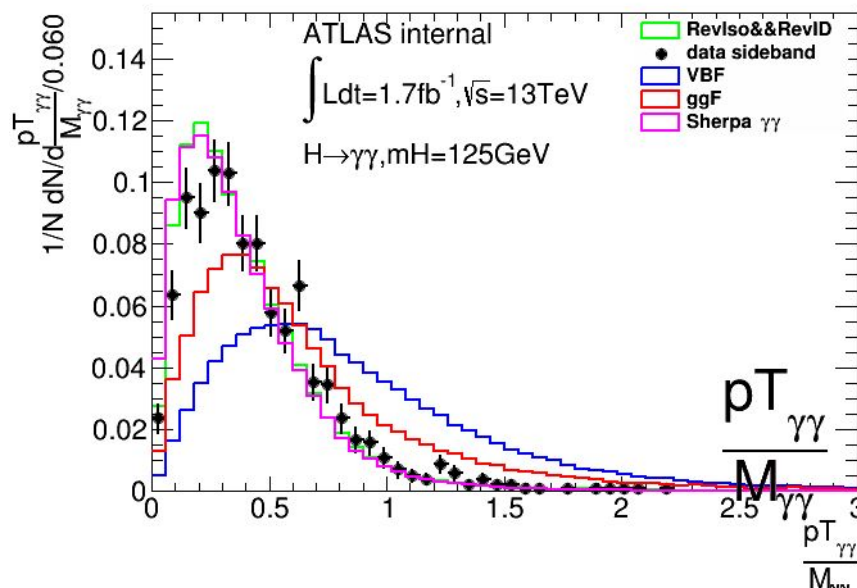
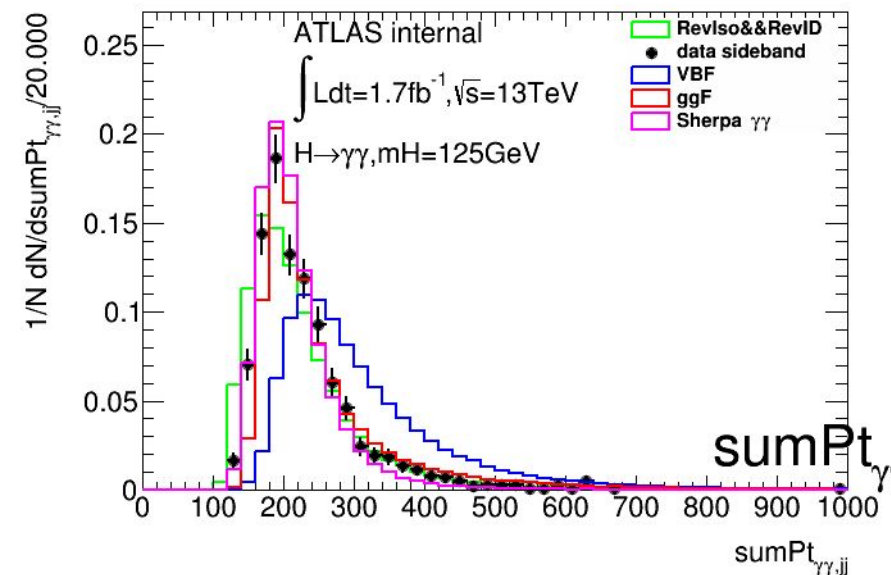
Rank	Variable	Separation		
21	pT_y1	1.766e-01		
22	sumP_y1_jj	1.747e-01		
23	sumP_yy_jj	1.739e-01		
24	sumP_jj	1.727e-01		
25	sumP_y2_jj	1.722e-01		
26	pT_jj	1.509e-01		
27	pT_j2	1.365e-01		
28	η Zepp	1.355e-01		
29	sumP_y1_j1	1.298e-01		
30	sumP_yy_j1	1.298e-01		
31	sumP_y2_j1	1.245e-01		
32	$\Delta\eta_{jj}$	1.226e-01		
33	pT_y2/myy	1.210e-01		
34	$\eta_{j1} * \eta_{j2}$	1.199e-01		
35	sumP_j1	1.195e-01		

Variable	Separation	Importance
m_{jj}	25.6%	17.0%
$\Delta\eta_{jj}$	22.8%	17.2%
$\min(\Delta R_{j\gamma})$	18.6%	14.5%
$\eta_{\gamma\gamma}^{\text{Zepp}}$	12.4%	14.6%
p_{Tt}	9.8%	9.7%
$\Delta\phi_{\gamma\gamma,jj}$	9.1%	14.6%
η_{jet2}	7.8%	5.4%
η_{jet1}	4.7%	7.0%

from run1

discriminating variables

8



8 vars ,BDT [0.77,0.95,1]

	MVA tight	mva loose
VBF	1.43	3.71
ggF	0.33	1.54
background	0.52	8.92
VBF purity	0.77	0.59
significance	1.02	0.65
combined significance	1.21	

few events

- $\Delta\Phi_{\gamma\gamma,jj}$ is sensitive to systematics in high $\Delta\Phi$ region ,modify the definition:if $\Delta\Phi_{\gamma\gamma,jj}>2.92$,then $\Delta\Phi_{\gamma\gamma,jj}=2.92$
- train with ggF sample, $\gamma\gamma,\gamma j$ and jj as background
- check the systematic of different combination of variables

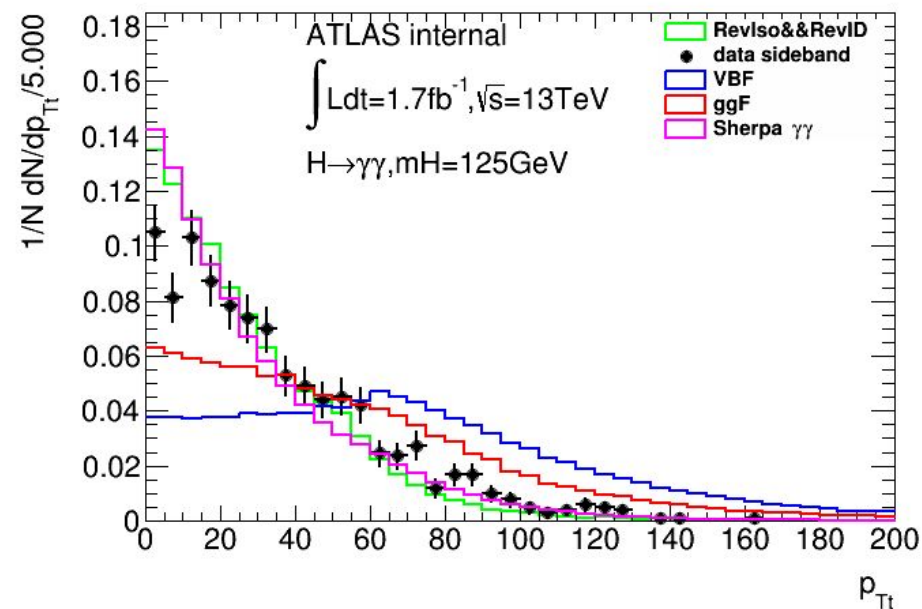
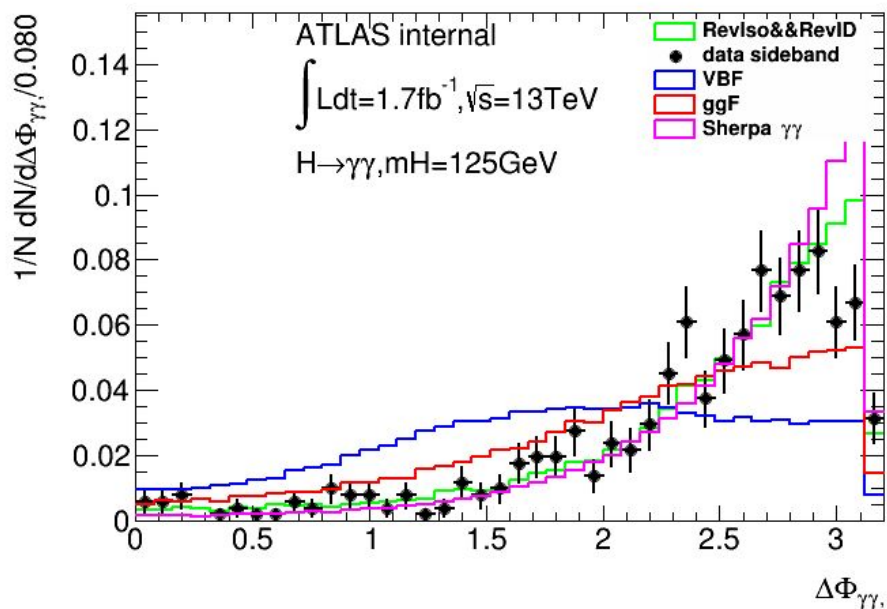
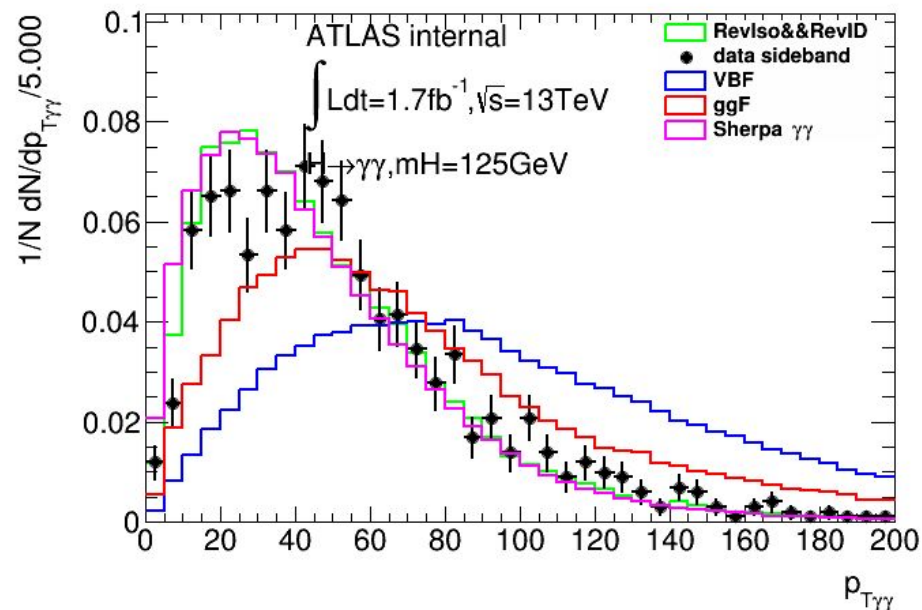
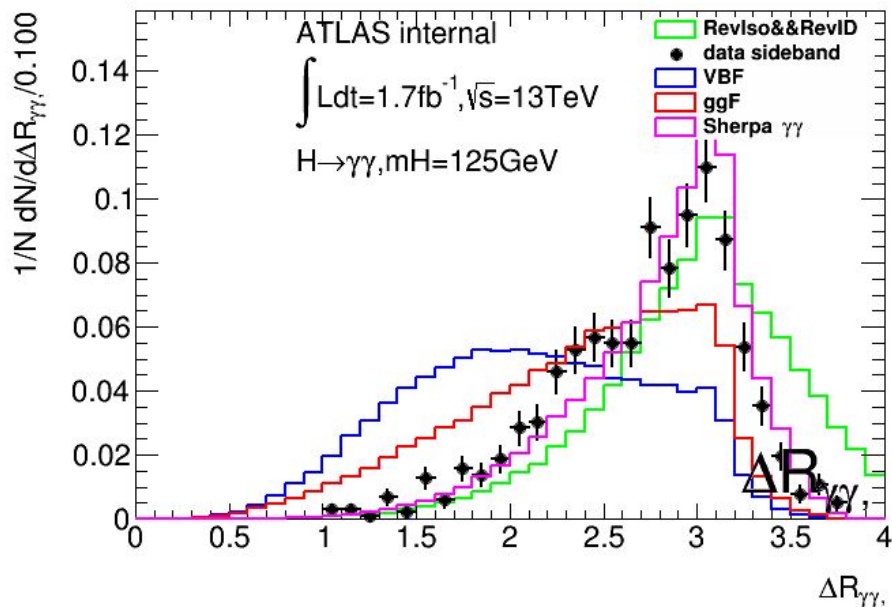
Rank	Variable	Separation		
1	yy_m	6.790e-01	16	eta_yy_jj : 1.394e-01
2	DeltaR_yy	3.000e-01	17	centrality_yy_jj : 1.332e-01
3	M_{jj}	2.558e-01	18	#Delta#eta_{jj} : 1.299e-01
4	yy_pt	2.475e-01	19	#eta_{*} : 1.261e-01
5	p_{Tt}	2.354e-01	20	DeltaR_jj : 1.070e-01
6	mass_y2_jj	2.218e-01	21	DeltaPt_yy_jj : 1.010e-01
7	mass_y1_jj	2.139e-01	22	DeltaPt_yy_j1 : 9.851e-02
8	DeltaPhi_yy	1.966e-01	23	DeltaPt_y2_j1 : 9.652e-02
9	mass_yy_jj	1.958e-01	24	DeltaPt_min_y_j : 9.650e-02
10	#Delta#Phi_{yy,jj}	1.952e-01	25	DeltaPt_jj : 9.514e-02
11	DeltaPt_yy_j2	1.899e-01		
12	#DeltaR^{min}_{y,j}	1.853e-01		
13	mass_y1_j1	1.608e-01		
14	mass_yy_j1	1.608e-01		
15	mass_y2_j1	1.444e-01		

- The separation $\langle S^2 \rangle$ of a classifier y , defined by the integral [7]

$$\langle S^2 \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(\hat{y}_S(y) - \hat{y}_B(y))^2}{\hat{y}_S(y) + \hat{y}_B(y)} dy,$$

some variables

11



- a complete indepent VBF note or part of coupling note?
- focus on it these days
- hope to give a first draft tomorrow
- submit to Coupling group before Friday
- not the final result

- xAOD->DAOD
- skimming and thinning
- skimming :a loose selection ,keep $yy, 1e1y, ee, 1mu1y$
- thinning :remove some track information
- help to ask for derivation of pythia yy samples

- cut-based
 - check the loose category
- MVA
 - check the systematic of different combination
 - find the best variable combination
- document
 - the most important work for now!!!