Flavour Physics @ Belle II (~10.58 GeV)

Phillip Urquijo, The University of Melbourne

Flavour Physics @ 100 TeV IHEP, Beijing, March 2015









Belle II (experiment) at SuperKEKB (collider)

- Successor to Belle@KEKB (1 ab⁻¹ of e⁺e⁻ data)
 - Extremely successful in understanding the nature of heavy quarks and leptons, but...

- "Super Flavour Factory" (B, D & τ) with 50 ab⁻¹ (~50 billion of each) needed to identify new physics (synergy with direct searches at LHC)
 - Belle II due for first physics in 2017–2018
- Any NP found by Belle II will have profound implications for new accelerator facilities.



The case for new physics manifesting in Belle II

Issues (addressable at a Flavour factory)

→ NP beyond the direct reach of the LHC

- Baryon asymmetry in cosmology → New sources of CPV in quarks and charged leptons
- Quark and Lepton flavour & mass hierarchy
 → higher symmetry, massive new particles, extended gauge sector
- 19 free parameters
 → Extensions of SM relate some, (GUTs)

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{Yukawa}} = g_{u}^{ij} \,\bar{u}_{R}^{i} \,H^{T} \,\epsilon \,Q_{L}^{j} - g_{d}^{ij} \,\bar{d}_{R}^{i} \,H^{\dagger} \,Q_{L}^{j} - g_{e}^{ij} \,\bar{e}_{R}^{i} \,H^{\dagger} \,L_{L}^{j} + \text{h.c.}\,,$$

 $\mathcal{L}_{W^{\pm}\,\text{quark int.}} = \frac{g_2}{\sqrt{2}} W^+_{\mu} \bar{u}'_L \gamma^{\mu} V_{\text{CKM}} d'_L + \text{h.c.},$

- No (WIMP) candidates for Dark Matter
 → Hidden dark sector
- Finite neutrino masses \rightarrow Tau LFV.
- + Puzzling nature of exotic "new" QCD states.





B factories

"The Physics of B Factories" Book European Physics Journal C, 74:3026 (arXiv:1406.6311)

Belle: 1999-2010 analyses still ongoing

 $e^+e^- \rightarrow Y(4S) \rightarrow BB$ $\int L^{Y(4S)} dt \sim 710 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



2008 Nobel Prize



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BaBar (**PEPII@SLAC**) and Belle (**KEKB@KEK**)

Together recorded over $10^9 e^+e^- \rightarrow Y(4S) \rightarrow BB$ events.

- Discovery of CPV in *B*
- Measurements of UT sides and angles
- Rare *B* decays
- Mixing in charm
- Searches for rare τ decays
- New hadrons





CKM Fits

 $\varepsilon_{\mathbf{k}}$



B-factories + LHCb indicate excellent agreement with the SM, but potential NP requires a different search paradigmetric diff

 $sin 2\beta$

Belle II Theory Interface Platform

Joint theory-experiment effort to study the potential impacts of the Belle II program, and complementarity with LHCb.

2 workshops a year, starting in June 2014. Received very well by theory and Belle II.



Deliverable: "KEK yellow report" by the end of 2016

Next OPEN B2TiP Workshop: 27-29 April 2015 @ Krakow http://kds.kek.jp/conferenceDisplay.py?confld=17654



B2TIP Working Groups

- Inclusive semi-leptonic (Vub, Vcb, mb) & Exclusive semi-leptonic and pure leptonic (Vub, Vcb, new physics)
- II. Electroweak penguins (inclusive, exclusive, semi-inclusive b->s 1+1-, angular analysis, very rare) & Radiative penguins (inclusive, exclusive b-> s/d gamma, CP violation, polarisation, very rare)
- III.Hadronic decays (charmless decays, direct CP violation)
- IV. Phi₁ (tree, penguins, new physics) & Phi₂ (penguin/tree interference)
- V. Phi₃ (time dependent/independent)
- VI. Charm (CPV, hadronic, leptonic, semileptonic decays, spectroscopy)
- VII.Tau (LFV, CPV, alphas) & Low multiplicity & EW
- VIII.Upsilon (nS) (dark matter, mb measurements etc, energy scan)&Charmonium (conventional, exotics XYZ)

Belle II & New Physics

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Coordinators: Theory, Lattice, Belle II,

+ LHCb invitees



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TABLE XXIII: "DNA" of flavour physics effects for the most interesting observables in a selection of SUSY models from Ref. [416]. $\bigstar \bigstar \bigstar$ signals large effects, $\bigstar \bigstar$ visible but small effects and \bigstar implies that the given model does not predict sizable effects in that observable.

| | AC | RVV2 | AKM | $\delta \mathrm{LL}$ | FBMSSM |
|--|-----|------|-----|----------------------|--------|
| $D^0 - \overline{D}^0$ | *** | * | * | * | * |
| $S_{\psi\phi}$ | *** | *** | *** | * | * |
| $S_{\phi K_S}$ | *** | ** | * | *** | *** |
| $A_{\rm CP} \left(B \to X_s \gamma \right)$ | * | * | * | *** | *** |
| $A_{7,8}(B \to K^* \mu^+ \mu^-)$ | * | * | * | *** | *** |
| $A_9(B \to K^* \mu^+ \mu^-)$ | * | * | * | * | * |
| $B \to K^{(*)} \nu \bar{\nu}$ | * | * | * | * | * |
| $B_s \to \mu^+ \mu^-$ | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** |
| $\tau \to \mu \gamma$ | *** | *** | * | *** | *** |





Strengths of e⁺e⁻ @ Y(4S)

Full reconstruction of B

- modes w/ multiple v's
- inclusive modes

Hermeticity

minimal trigger for, e.g. Dalitz analysis

precision τ measurements

Neutral particles π^0 , K_S^0 , K_L^0 and for η , η , ρ +, etc.

other notable features

- Lepton universality: good PID for both μ[±] and e[±]
- high flavour-tagging efficiency

Belle II covering $\geq 90\%$ of 4π , and $\langle N(track) \rangle \sim 10$ per event

 $0.9^{10} \simeq 0.35$



1. B full reconstruction (Neutrinos & Inclusive)





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2. EM Calorimetry: Neutrals & Electrons

- Far fewer background photons than hadron collider
- **2.** Higher performance calorimeter
- **3.** Much less material in front (good for electrons)



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3. Flavour-tagging & Neutral Kaons

Tagging power ~30% for a B-factory

~2.0±0.3% for LHCb (<u>http://arxiv.org/pdf/1202.4979.pdf</u>)



In $B_d \rightarrow ssq$ CP eigenstate usually detected via K_s (> 10 X more efficient in Belle II than LHCb)

K_L detection much improved (Impossible @ LHCb)



How to make a Super Flavour Factory



KEKB to SuperKEKB...Built! (grey=recycled, colour=new)





SuperKEKB Master Schedule (Feb 2015)



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Belle II Detector

[600+ collaborators, 99 institutes, 23 nations]

Belle II TDR, arXiv:1011.0352 **KL** and muon detector Resistive Plate Counter (barrel outer layers) Scintillator + WLSF + MPPC (end-caps , inner 2 barrel layers) **EM Calorimeter** CsI(TI), waveform sampling electronics (barrel) Pure CsI + waveform sampling (end-caps) later **Particle Identification** electrons (7GeV) Time-of-Propagation counter (barrel) Prox. focusing Aerogel RICH (forward) Fake rate >2 x lower than in Belle **Vertex Detector** 2 layers Si Pixels (DEPFET) + 4 layers Si double sided strip DSSD positrons (4GeV) **Central Drift Chamber** Smaller cell size, long lever arm

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Belle II Detector

[600+ collaborators, 99 institutes, 23 nations]

Resistive Plate Counter (harrel outer lavers)

Belle II TDR, arXiv:1011.0352

KL and muon detector

2MHz waveform - new trigger boards. Central Drift Chamber Smaller cell size, long lever arn Cosmic signal !





Beam-Background, Electromagnetic Calorimeter (ECL)



<u>Beam-related backgrounds are much larger</u> <u>than KEKB.</u>

- Touschek scattering
- Radiative Bhabha, 2-γ

Fake hits, pile up photons, radiation damage Suppression: based on high speed, waveform sampling electronics

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Beam-Background, Electromagnetic Calorimeter (ECL)



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CDC

Hardware work almost complete

- Wire stringing done in 2014
- Gas leak checks, tension measurements, cabling

Moved to main experimental hall in Jan 2015 DAQ tests ongoing.

HV cabling

D TeV



ccelerator Review Committee, 2015 Feb. 23-25

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Pixel detector

PXD: excellent spatial granularity (resolution ~15 µm)

low material (0.16%X₀ for layer 1), huge data rate.



(Successful test beam in 2014 with PXD and SVD Prototypes) : To reduce 20 Gbit/s data from PXD, read out **Regions Of Interest** from projected SVD tracks



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$\frac{\text{Sil}}{A \text{ few quality in}} \text{ A few quality in} \quad \text{Figure : } K_{S}^{0} \text{ mass peak}$



Figure : $K_{\rm S}^0$ mass peal Figure : Mass of matche



Tracking Performance

Cosmic ray interacting with CDC back endplate. 2-tracks identified.

VXD + CDC Tracking Resolution much better than Belle&Babar





Detector





450

Channel number

400

500

1100

Kaons

Aerogel RICH: Endcap PID

PID in the forward endcap2-layer aerogel radiator420 Hybrid-AvalanchePhoto-detectors (HAPD)

Increases the number of photons without degrading resolution

 $n_1 n_2$

(n₁<n₂)

NIM A548 (2005) 383

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TOP +

ARICH

PID



Belle II<<<ARICH





Trigger & Data Flow Challenge

Belle II TDR, arXiv:1011.0352

2 stage trigger: Hardware (L1) then **Software**.

 30 kHz L1 trigger rate, 2ns bunch spacing
 40 x Belle,
 >99% efficiency for bb

| Physics process | Cross section (nb) | Rate (Hz) | | | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| $\Upsilon(4S) \to B\bar{B}$ | 1.2 | 960 | | | | |
| $e^+e^- \rightarrow 	ext{continuum}$ | 2.8 | 2200 | | | | |
| $\mu^+\mu^-$ | 0.8 | 640 | | | | |
| $\tau^+ \tau^-$ | 0.8 | 640 | | | | |
| Bhabha ($\theta_{\text{lab}} \ge 17^{\circ}$) | 44 | 350 a | | | | |
| $\gamma\gamma~(heta_{ m lab}\geq 17^\circ)$ | 2.4 | 19^{a} | | | | |
| 2γ processes b | ~ 80 | ~ 15000 | | | | |
| Total | ~ 130 | ~ 20000 | | | | |
| ^a The rate is pre-scaled by a factor of 1/100. | | | | | | |
| ^b $\theta_{\text{lab}} \ge 17^{\circ}, p_t \ge 0.1 \text{GeV}/c$ | | | | | | |

| | Hardware Trigger rate | Physics output rate | event size |
|----------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| Belle | 500 Hz | 90 Hz | 40 kB |
| Belle II | 30 kHz | 3-10kHz | 200kB (max) |
| ATLAS | | 0.2kHz | 1.6MB |





Grid Computing

Ramping up Grid Computing Up to concurrent 18k jobs 2014, Only 10% @ nominal luminosity = Similar to ATLAS Run-1!

 \rightarrow Critical.



Normalized CPU usage by Country 41 Days from 2014-09-21 to 2014-11-01 real CPU(kHS06) ... CPU(kHS06) 14.45 40 150 kHSO6 @ Max ya) 34.12 **4.08** 120 19.99 96kHS06 in average 31 sites 23.08 ... 15.99 GRID, Cloud, local Bugger is available 15.96 2.32 more than $3ab^{-1}$ in tot_{al}^{2} 87 2.30 2.87 2.39 1.08 2.51 0.00 2014-09-28 2014-10-05 2014-10-19 2014-10-26 2014-10-12 Max: 150, Min: 18.7, Average: 95.6, Current: 84.3 11.49 **2.29** DE 0.0% 34.6% AN1 15.7% 🗖 AT 2.9% 1.8% 0.0% □ JP □ CA □ US 14.8% CZ 🗖 UA 1.8% MULTIPLE 0.0% 7.54 1.740 RU TR 0.6% 4.67 0.00 P. Urquijo, Belle II Experiment, Flavour @ 1000eV 24 MELBOURNE

Installation and Commissioning





The first 2-years, "Phases 2 & 3"

| Phase 1 2016 | "BEAST"/SuperKEKB & cosmics |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Phase 2 Mid 2017- Early 2018 | Partial Belle II, commissioning data up to ~O(200fb ⁻¹) |
| Full physics Oct 2018- | Full detector |

Dark forces & light Higgs [new triggers] Bottomonium - exotics [Y(3S), $Y(5S) \rightarrow Y(6S)$]

Maximise early scientific output: diverse program of unique data sets.



| Experiment | Scans/Off. Re | s. Y | C(5S) | γ | (4S) | $\Upsilon(3)$ | BS) | $\Upsilon(2$ | 2S) | $\Upsilon($ | 1S) |
|------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|----------|---------------|----------|--------------|----------|-------------|----------|
| | | 1087 | $76 { m MeV}$ | 10580 | MeV | 10355 | MeV | 10023 | MeV | 9460 | MeV |
| | $\rm fb^{-1}$ | fb^{-1} | 10^{6} | fb^{-1} | 10^{6} | fb^{-1} | 10^{6} | fb^{-1} | 10^{6} | fb^{-1} | 10^{6} |
| CLEO | 17.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 16 | 17.1 | 1.2 | 5 | 1.2 | 10 | 1.2 | 21 |
| BaBar | 54 | R_{l} | , scan | 433 | 471 | 30 | 122 | 14 | 99 | - | - |
| Belle | 100 | 121 | 36 | 711 | 772 | 3 | 12 | 25 | 158 | 6 | 102 |





The first 2-years, Dark Sector



Dark γ to LeptonsRadiative production of A' via ee $\rightarrow \gamma$ A'Dark Light Higgs $Y(2S,3S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma, A^0 \rightarrow invisible, single \gamma$ trigger.Dark MatterNon-resonant production in ee $\rightarrow A' \gamma, A^0 \rightarrow invisible$ Dark Higgs-strahlungee $\rightarrow A'h', h' \rightarrow A'A'(*), l+l-$ or hadrons.

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The first 2-years, below & above Y(4S)

Y(3S): Bottomonium dynamics (hyperfine splitting, compact states).

Above Y(4S): Exotic 4-quark states and precision m_b





Data taking profile & "the competition"



Year (end)

- We have different golden modes: e.g. Missing energy modes at Belle II (well-known); —powerful constraints on the charged Higgs.
 - But there are some areas of fierce competition...



Summary of CKM Metrology

| | Belle | BaBar | Global Fit CKMfitter | LHCb Run-2 | Belle II 50 ab ⁻¹ | LHCb Upgrade 50 fb ⁻¹ | Theory |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| <i>φ</i> ₁ : ccs | 1.4° | | 1.5 ° | 0.8° | 0.4° | 0.3° | v. small. |
| φ₂: uud | 4 ° _(WA) | | 2.1 ° | | 1 ° | | ~1-2° |
| <i>φ</i> ₃ : DK | 14º | | 3.8 ° | 4 ° | 1.5° | 1 ° | negl. |
| V_{cb} inclusive | 1.7% | | 2.4% | | 1.2% | | |
| V_{cb} exclusive | 2.2% | | | | 1.4% | | |
| Vub inclusive | 7% | | 4.5% | | 3.0% | | |
| V_{ub} exclusive | 8% | | | | 2.4% | | |
| V ub leptonic | 14% | | | | 3.0% | | |
| Experiment | No resu Modera | ılt ate precisio | n | 7 | Theory | Moderate pred Clean / LQCD | ision |

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Very Precise







$B \rightarrow \tau/e/\mu v(\gamma)$ Projections

Belle, $B \rightarrow \mu v$, e v (Had) arXiv:1406.6356 Belle, $B \rightarrow I v$ gamma Preliminary (2014 B2TiP)

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$B \to D^{(*)} \tau \nu$



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 $q^2 (\text{GeV}^2)$

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 $q^2 (\text{GeV}^2)$

≥ 2 ∨ (Missing E)

B → D^(*) τν : WA is ~5 sigma from the SM!
 Need differentials and more NP observables.

But, large background (D*(**)/v, D*X)

 $D\ell$

 $D^*\ell$

10

 $q^2 (\text{GeV}^2)$

5

Belle II \rightarrow better low pT tracking, & low p PID.

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$|V_{ub}|$ (& $|V_{cb}|$): Future

Only Belle II can resolve |V_{ub/cb}| exclusive/ inclusive puzzles (or \rightarrow NP). Both 3 σ !

|V_{ub}| @ 2-3% precision for all approaches!



Had tagged Belle Phys. Rev. D 88, $B \to X_u l \nu$ 032005 (2013) Had tagged BABAR B $\rightarrow X_u l \nu$ Phys. Rev. Lett. Belle II 104, 021801 Had tagged Belle $B \to \pi l \nu$ PHYS. REV. D88 88.032005 (2013) Untagged BABAR PHYS. REV. D86, $B \to \pi l \nu$ 86, 092004(2012) SL tagged BABAR $B \to \omega l \nu$ PHYS. REV. D88, 072006 (2013) Belle II Untagged BABAR PHYS.REV. D 87, $B \to \omega l \nu$ 032004 (2013) 4.8 3.2 3.4 3.6 4.6 $V_{ub} \times 10^{-3}$ 8 $B \rightarrow X_{u} l v$ HFAG BLNP 7 $B \rightarrow \tau \nu$ HFAG HFAG avg. w/ Lattice $-B \rightarrow \pi l \nu$ 6 $|V_{\rm ub}{}^L|\times 10^3$ 3 Standard Model \rightarrow -0.4 -0.3 -0.2 -0.10.1 0.2 0.3 0 ϵ_R Bernlochner, Ligeti, Turczyk, PRD 90 094003 (2014) THE UNIVERSITY OF

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 $|V_{\rm ub}{}^L| \times 10^3$

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New sources of CPV: Time Dep. CP Violation



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Φ_1 , b \rightarrow c c s



| | Observables | Belle or LHCb [*] | Cb* Belle II | | LHCb | |
|-----------|--|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| | | (2014) | 5 ab^{-1} | $50 {\rm ~ab^{-1}}$ | $8 \text{ fb}^{-1}(2018)$ | 50 fb^{-1} |
| UT angles | $\sin 2\beta$ | $0.667 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.012 (0.9^\circ)$ | 0.4° | 0.3° | 0.6° | 0.3° |
| | $\alpha \ [^{\circ}]$ | 85 ± 4 (Belle+BaBar) | 2 | 1 | | |
| | $\gamma \ [\circ] \ (B \to D^{(*)} K^{(*)})$ | 68 ± 14 | 6 | 1.5 | 4 | 1 |
| | $2\beta_s(B_s \to J/\psi\phi) \text{ [rad]}$ | $0.07 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.01^*$ | | | 0.025 | 0.009 |

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UT angle $\Phi_3 = \gamma$: Future

Experiment: statistics limited!!

Belle II naive scaling: gives $\Delta^{\sim}1.5-2^{\circ}$ (based on D $\rightarrow K_{s}\pi\pi$ only).

Many more D modes to explore.





Wid Wid M_{12} dominated by dispersive part of top boxes involve one operator at LO: $Q = \bar{q} \gamma$ CKMFitter, PRD 89, 033016 (2014) Asy Asy f_{q}^{q} dominated by absorptive part of charm boxes • Assume NP from Trees ($|V_{ud}|, |V_{us}|, |V_{cb}|, |V_{ub}|, |V_{ub$



• at 95% NP \leq (many x SM) \implies NP \leq (0.3 x SM) \implies NP \leq (0.05 x SM)

$$\begin{split} h \simeq 1.5 \frac{|C_{ij}|^2}{|\lambda_{ij}^t|^2} \frac{(4\pi)^2}{G_F \Lambda^2} \simeq \frac{|C_{ij}|^2}{|\lambda_{ij}^t|^2} \left(\frac{4.5 \text{ TeV}}{\Lambda}\right)^2 \\ h \\ \sigma = \arg(C_{ij}\lambda_{ij}^{t*}) \\ \text{P. Urquijo, Belle II Experiment, Flaveus Crocking (Crocking)} \end{split}$$

By Stage II, Λ ~ 20 TeV (**tree**) Λ ~ 2 TeV (**loop**)





Belle, B \rightarrow η ^c K0, JHEP 1410, 165 (2014) Belle, B $\rightarrow \omega$ Ks0, PRD 90 012002 (2014)

$b \rightarrow s$ Penguin ϕ_1





| | Observables | Belle or LHCb | Be | lle II | LHC |) |
|------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| | | (2014) | 5 ab^{-1} | 50 ab^{-1} | $8 \text{ fb}^{-1}(2018)$ | 50 fb^{-1} |
| Gluonic penguins | $S(B \to \phi K^0)$ | $0.90\substack{+0.09\\-0.19}$ | 0.053 | 0.018 | 0.2 | 0.04 |
| | $S(B ightarrow \eta' K^0)$ | $0.68 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.03$ | 0.028 | 0.011 | | |
| | $S(B \to K^0_S K^0_S K^0_S)$ | $0.30 \pm 0.32 \pm 0.08$ | 0.100 | 0.033 | | |
| | $\beta_s^{\text{eff}}(B_s \to \phi \phi) \text{ [rad]}$ | ± 0.18 | | | 0.12 | 0.03 |
| | $\beta_s^{\text{eff}}(B_s \to K^{*0} \bar{K}^{*0}) \text{ [rad]}$ | ± 0.19 | | | 0.13 | 0.03 |
| Direct CP in hadronic Decays | $\mathcal{A}(B \to K^0 \pi^0)$ | $-0.05 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.05$ | 0.07 | 0.04 | | |

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$b \rightarrow s$ Penguin ϕ_1 : 10 yr Timeline

 Belle II but not LHCb does modes with K_s mesons big fraction of b→s penguin modes (surprise) !



NB: Belle II projection based on naive extrapolations



Direct CPV in $B \rightarrow K\pi$: Future

- A_{CP} in hadronic modes cannot be understood w/out full isospin analysis.
 - Need neutral modes.





Inclusive Radiative B decays (BF)

Theory precision near experimental in $b \rightarrow s$ $b \rightarrow d$ can only be done well at Belle II.



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Direct CPV in Inclusive decays

Belle, $A_{CP}(b \rightarrow s+d \gamma)$ arXiv:1501.01702 Babar, $A_{CP}(b \rightarrow s \gamma)$, PRD 90 092001 (2014)



| | Observables | Delle en LUCh | D | | ттт | Ch |
|----------------------|--|---|-------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Observables | | De | | $L\Pi$ | CD |
| | | (2014) | $5 ab^{-1}$ | 50 ab^{-1} | 8 fb ⁻¹ (2018 | $\frac{3}{50 \text{ fb}^{-1}}$ |
| Radiative | $\mathcal{B}(B \to X_s \gamma)$ | $3.45 \cdot 10^{-4} (1 \pm 4.3\% \pm 11.6\%)$ | 7% | 6% | | |
| | $A_{CP}(B \to X_{s,d}\gamma) \ [10^{-2}]$ | $2.2\pm4.0\pm0.8$ | 1 | 0.5 | | |
| | $S(B \to K^0_S \pi^0 \gamma)$ | $-0.10 \pm 0.31 \pm 0.07$ | 0.11 | 0.035 | | |
| | $\phi_s^{\text{eff}}(B_s \to \phi \gamma)$ | ± 0.20 | | | 0.13 | 0.03 |
| | $S(B ightarrow ho \gamma)$ | $-0.83 \pm 0.65 \pm 0.18$ | 0.23 | 0.07 | | |
| | $\mathcal{B}(B_s \to \gamma \gamma) \ [10^{-6}]$ | < 8.7 | 0.3 | _ | | |
| Electroweak penguins | $\mathcal{B}(B \to K^{*+} \nu \overline{\nu}) \ [10^{-6}]$ | < 40 | < 15 | 30% | | |
| | $\mathcal{B}(B \to K^+ \nu \overline{\nu}) \ [10^{-6}]$ | < 55 | < 21 | 30% | | |
| | $C_7/C_9 \ (B \to X_s \ell \ell)$ | ${\sim}20\%$ | 10% | 5% | | |
| | $q_0^2 A_{\rm FB}(B \to K^* \mu \mu)$ | 10% | 30% | 10% | 5% | 2% |
| | $\mathcal{B}(B_s \to \tau \tau) \ [10^{-3}]$ | _ | < 2 | _ | | |
| | $\mathcal{B}(B_s \to \mu \mu) \ [10^{-9}]$ | ±1.0 | | | 0.5 | 0.2 |
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$b \rightarrow s\{d\}$ Radiative Penguins $\phi_1(Null test!)$

Belle II will also precisely study b→d penguins

$b \rightarrow s\{d\}$ Radiative Penguins ϕ_1 (Null test!)

Belle, $B \rightarrow Ks \eta' \gamma$ Preliminary (2014)

Belle II will also precisely study b→d penguins

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τ Lepton Flavour Violation: $m \rightarrow m_{GUT}$

 LFV is a theoretically clean null test of the SM: BF~10⁻²⁵

τ decays uniquely studied at B-factories.

NP may induce LFV at one-loop:

| | reference | τ→μγ | τ→μμμ |
|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| SM + heavy Maj v_R | PRD 66(2002)034008 | 10 ⁻⁹ | 10 ⁻¹⁰ |
| Non-universal Z' | PLB 547(2002)252 | 10 ⁻⁹ | 10 ⁻⁸ |
| SUSY SO(10) | PRD 68(2003)033012 | 10 ⁻⁸ | 10 ⁻¹⁰ |
| mSUGRA+seesaw | PRD 66(2002)115013 | 10 -7 | 10 ⁻⁹ |
| SUSY Higgs | PLB 566(2003)217 | 10 ⁻¹⁰ | 10 ⁻⁷ |

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Lepton Flavour Violation

- 2 orders of magnitude improvement.
- Hadron machines not competitive- trigger and track p_T limiting (even $\mu\mu\mu$).

Big program of τ physics in preparation!

Summary

50 × integrated luminosity @ Belle II will probe significantly into > 1 TeV mass scale

- Rich physics program at SuperKEKB/Bellell in preparation
 - Precision CKM
 - New sources of CPV
 - Lepton Flavour Violation
 - Dark Sectors
 - QCD exotics
- SuperKEKB commissioning starts 2016
- Belle II sub-detectors partially built, and DAQ integrated.
- Belle II first physics in 2017 (Phase2)—2018(Phase3)!

The Belle II Collaboration

 Belle experiment@KEKB (1999-2010)
 [400 collaborators, 15 nations]

Belle II experiment@SuperKEKB (online in 2016) [~650 collaborators, 99 institutions, 23 nations/regions]

P. Urquijo, Belle II Experiment, Flavour @ 100 TeV

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Golden modes: B physics

| | Observables | Belle | Bell | e II |
|--------------------|--|---|---------------------|----------------------|
| | | (2014) | 5 ab^{-1} | 50 ab^{-1} |
| UT angles | $\sin 2\beta$ | $0.667 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.012$ [64] | 0.012 | 0.008 |
| | α [°] | 85 ± 4 (Belle+BaBar) [24] | 2 | 1 |
| | $\gamma \ [^{\circ}]$ | 68 ± 14 [13] | 6 | 1.5 |
| Gluonic penguins | $S(B \to \phi K^0)$ | $0.90^{+0.09}_{-0.19}$ [19] | 0.053 | 0.018 |
| | $S(B \to \eta' K^0)$ | $0.68 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.03$ [65] | 0.028 | 0.011 |
| | $S(B \to K^0_S K^0_S K^0_S)$ | $0.30 \pm 0.32 \pm 0.08$ [17] | 0.100 | 0.033 |
| | $\mathcal{A}(B \to K^0 \pi^0)$ | $-0.05 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.05$ [66] | 0.07 | 0.04 |
| UT sides | $ V_{cb} $ incl. | $41.6 \cdot 10^{-3} (1 \pm 1.8\%) [8]$ | 1.2% | |
| | $ V_{cb} $ excl. | $37.5 \cdot 10^{-3} (1 \pm 3.0\%_{\text{ex.}} \pm 2.7\%_{\text{th.}}) [10]$ | 1.8% | 1.4% |
| | $ V_{ub} $ incl. | $4.47 \cdot 10^{-3} (1 \pm 6.0\%_{\text{ex.}} \pm 2.5\%_{\text{th.}}) [5]$ | 3.4% | 3.0% |
| | $ V_{ub} $ excl. (had. tag.) | $3.52 \cdot 10^{-3} (1 \pm 8.2\%)$ [7] | 4.7% | 2.4% |
| Missing E decays | $\mathcal{B}(B \to \tau \nu) \ [10^{-6}]$ | $96(1 \pm 27\%)$ [26] | 10% | 5% |
| | $\mathcal{B}(B \to \mu \nu) \ [10^{-6}]$ | < 1.7 [67] | 20% | 7% |
| | $R(B \to D \tau \nu)$ | $0.440(1 \pm 16.5\%) \ [29]^{\dagger}$ | 5.6% | 3.4% |
| | $R(B ightarrow D^* 	au u)^{\dagger}$ | $0.332(1 \pm 9.0\%) \ [29]^{\dagger}$ | 3.2% | 2.1% |
| | $\mathcal{B}(B \to K^{*+} \nu \overline{\nu}) \ [10^{-6}]$ | < 40 [30] | < 15 | 30% |
| | $\mathcal{B}(B \to K^+ \nu \overline{\nu}) \ [10^{-6}]$ | < 55 [30] | < 21 | 30% |
| Rad. & EW penguins | $\mathcal{B}(B \to X_s \gamma)$ | $3.45 \cdot 10^{-4} (1 \pm 4.3\% \pm 11.6\%)$ | 7% | 6% |
| | $A_{CP}(B \to X_{s,d}\gamma) \ [10^{-2}]$ | $2.2 \pm 4.0 \pm 0.8$ [68] | 1 | 0.5 |
| | $S(B\to K^0_S\pi^0\gamma)$ | $-0.10 \pm 0.31 \pm 0.07$ [20] | 0.11 | 0.035 |
| | $S(B ightarrow ho \gamma)$ | $-0.83 \pm 0.65 \pm 0.18$ [21] | 0.23 | 0.07 |
| | $C_7/C_9 \ (B \to X_s \ell \ell)$ | $\sim \! 20\% [36]$ | 10% | 5% |
| | $\mathcal{B}(B_s \to \gamma \gamma) \ [10^{-6}]$ | < 8.7 [42] | 0.3 | _ |
| | $\mathcal{B}(B_s \to \tau \tau) \ [10^{-3}]$ | _ | $< 2 \ [44]$ ‡ | _ |

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Golden modes: D and Tau physics

| | Observables | Belle | Be | lle II |
|--------------|--|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| | | (2014) | 5 ab^{-1} | $50 {\rm ~ab^{-1}}$ |
| Charm Rare | $\mathcal{B}(D_s \to \mu \nu)$ | $5.31 \cdot 10^{-3} (1 \pm 5.3\% \pm 3.8\%)$ [46] | 2.9% | 0.9% |
| | $\mathcal{B}(D_s \to \tau \nu)$ | $5.70 \cdot 10^{-3} (1 \pm 3.7\% \pm 5.4\%)$ [46] | 3.5% | 2.3% |
| | $\mathcal{B}(D^0 \to \gamma \gamma) \ [10^{-6}]$ | < 1.5 [49] | 30% | 25% |
| Charm CP | $A_{CP}(D^0 \to K^+ K^-) \ [10^{-2}]$ | $-0.32 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.09$ [69] | 0.11 | 0.06 |
| | $A_{CP}(D^0 \to \pi^0 \pi^0) \ [10^{-2}]$ | $-0.03 \pm 0.64 \pm 0.10$ [70] | 0.29 | 0.09 |
| | $A_{CP}(D^0 \to K_S^0 \pi^0) \ [10^{-2}]$ | $-0.21 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.09$ [70] | 0.08 | 0.03 |
| Charm Mixing | $x(D^0 \to K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-) \ [10^{-2}]$ | $0.56 \pm 0.19 \pm {0.07 \atop 0.13}$ [52] | 0.14 | 0.11 |
| | $y(D^0 \to K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-) \ [10^{-2}]$ | $0.30 \pm 0.15 \pm \frac{0.05}{0.08}$ [52] | 0.08 | 0.05 |
| | $ q/p (D^0 \to K^0_S \pi^+ \pi^-)$ | $0.90 \pm {}^{0.16}_{0.15} \pm {}^{0.08}_{0.06} \ [52]$ | 0.10 | 0.07 |
| | $\phi(D^0 \to K^0_S \pi^+ \pi^-) \ [^\circ]$ | $-6 \pm 11 \pm \frac{4}{5}$ [52] | 6 | 4 |
| Tau | $\tau \to \mu \gamma \ [10^{-9}]$ | $< 45 \ [71]$ | < 14.7 | < 4.7 |
| | $\tau \to e \gamma \ [10^{-9}]$ | < 120 [71] | < 39 | < 12 |
| | $\tau \to \mu \mu \mu \ [10^{-9}]$ | < 21.0 [72] | < 3.0 | < 0.3 |

Dark Sector

Dark matter suggests the presence of a dark sector, neutral under all Standard Model forces (i.e. non-WIMP)

Absolute normalisation: B_s

- 5 ab⁻¹ B_S SL or Full recon. @ Y(5S) similar precision to B⁰ studies / 325 fb⁻¹ of Y(4S)
- f_s will be well measured: WA=15% \rightarrow O(1)%
- SU(3) Symmetry heavily relied upon at LHC, e.g. in B_s→µµ normalisation, needs to be rigorously tested.

| | | | B _s Yields | |
|--|----------|--|-----------------------|---------|
| Tag Method | Tag Eff. | NB _s /NB | 121/fb | 5/ab |
| Untagged | 2.000 | f _s /f _{d,u} ≃0.25 | 1.4E+07 | 6.0E+08 |
| Lepton tag | 0.100 | f _s /f _{d,u} ≃0.25 | 7.0E+05 | 3.0E+07 |
| D _s :Φπ,K _S K,K [*] K | 0.040 | 10 ⋅ f _s /f _{d,u} | 2.8E+05 | 1.2E+07 |
| B _s Full Recon. | 0.004 | ≫10 | 2.8E+04 | 1.2E+06 |

Inclusive $B \rightarrow X_s$ {ee, $\mu\mu$ }

- More precise theory.
- Sum of exclusive hadronic final states
- Lepton "universality".

Belle, $B \rightarrow Xs \mid I$, arXiv:1402.7134 (2014) Babar, $B \rightarrow Xs \mid I$, PRL 112, 211802 (2014)

Exclusive $B \rightarrow \{K^*, K\} \{e e, \mu \mu\}$

- Lepton Universality.
- Photon Polarisation (low q²).
- **TDCPV** $B_d \rightarrow K^*(K_S \pi^0) |+|$ arXiv: 1502.05509
- \rightarrow Third generation
 - B→Kττ <3x10⁻⁴ in 50/ab
 - B_s→ττ <2x10⁻³ in 5/ab @ Y(5S)

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