



# Pion Form Factor Measurement and ISR at BESIII

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# Outline

1 Introduction

2 BESIII Experiment

3 Initial State Radiation

4  $\pi^+ \pi^-$

5 Summary

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# g - 2

- Muon magnetic moment:  $\vec{\mu}_\mu = g_\mu \left(\frac{q}{2m}\right) \vec{S}$
- Anomalous magnetic moment:  $a_\mu = \frac{1}{2}(g_\mu - 2)$
- Experiments and precisions:

E821@BNL

0.54 ppm

ppm:parts per million



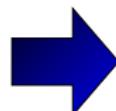
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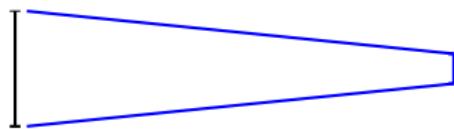
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E989@Fermilab

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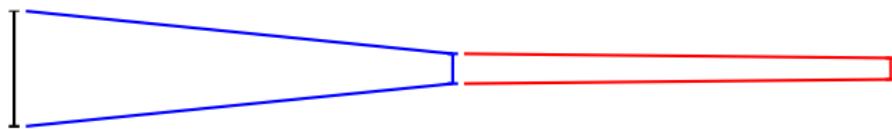
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E34@J-PARC

0.10 ppm



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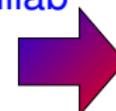
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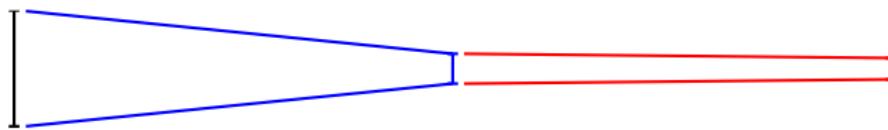
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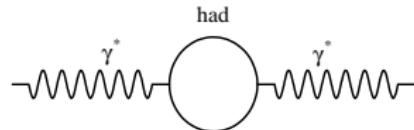
0.10 ppm



Theoretical  
precision:  
0.42 ppm

# Hadronic VP and muon $g - 2$

- Hadronic vacuum polarization



$$\bullet a_\mu^{\text{SM}} = (\frac{g-2}{2})_\mu = a_\mu^{\text{QED}} + a_\mu^{\text{had}} + a_\mu^{\text{weak}}$$

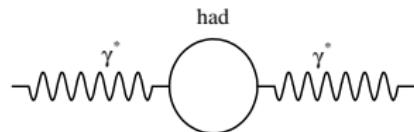
$\gamma$  and leptonic

$Z$ ,  $W^\pm$ , and Higgs

$$a_\mu^{\text{had,LO}} = \frac{\alpha^2(0)}{3\pi^2} \int_{4m_\pi^2}^\infty ds \frac{K(s)}{s} R(s)$$

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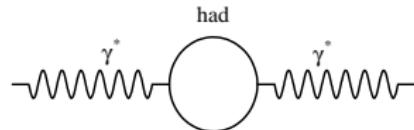
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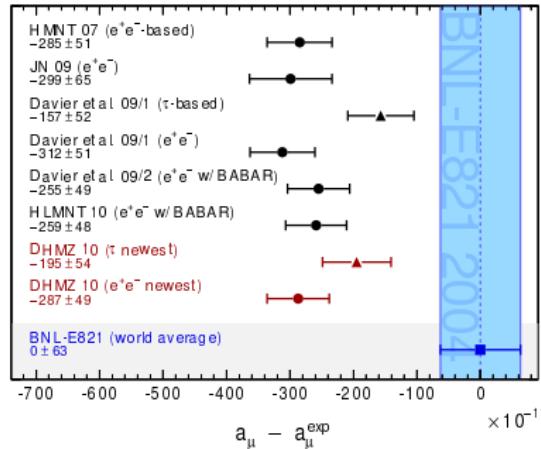
$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- (> 70\%)$   
 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 (> 6\%)$   
 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$   
 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0$   
...

$$a_\mu^{\text{had,LO}} = \frac{\alpha^2(0)}{3\pi^2} \int_{4m_\pi^2}^\infty ds \frac{K(s)}{s} R(s)$$

$$\frac{\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons})}{\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)}$$

## g - 2

- $a_\mu^{\text{exp}} = (116592089 \pm 54 \pm 33) \times 10^{-11}$  [PRD 73 072003 (2006); PDG]
- $a_\mu^{\text{SM}} = (116591802 \pm 42 \pm 26) \times 10^{-11}$  [EPJC 71 1515 (2011)]
- $\Delta a_\mu = (287 \pm 80) \times 10^{-11} \Rightarrow 3.6\sigma$  deviation



M. Davier, A. Hoecker, B. Malaescu and Z. Zhang, Eur. Phys. J. C 71 1515 (2011)

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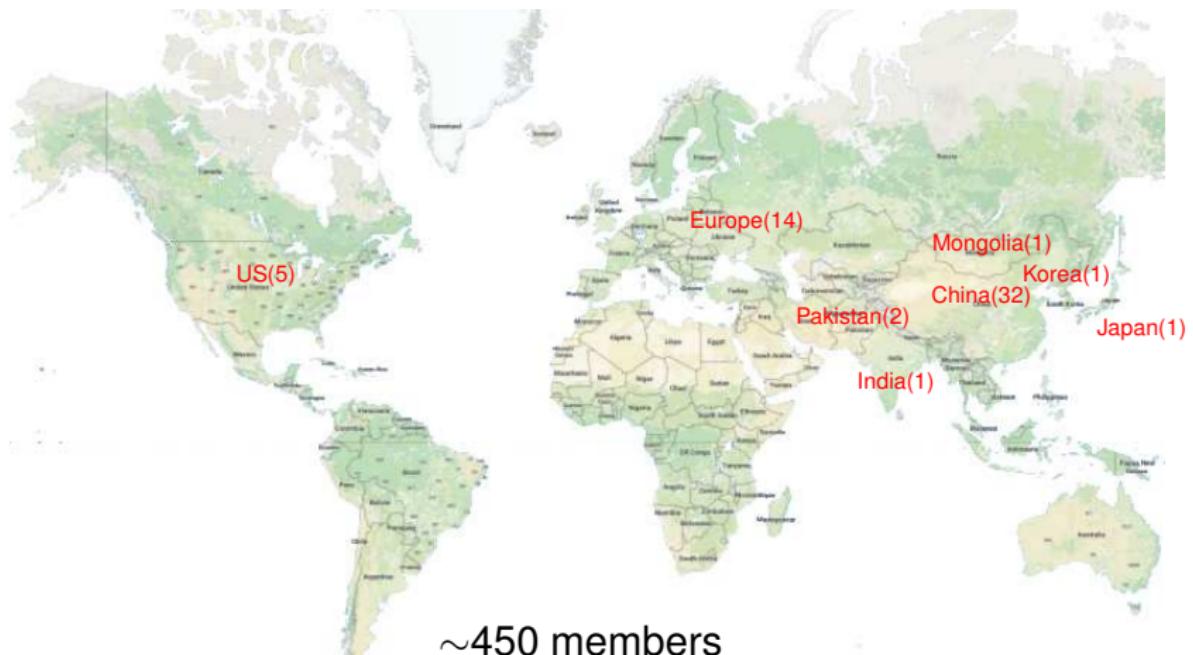
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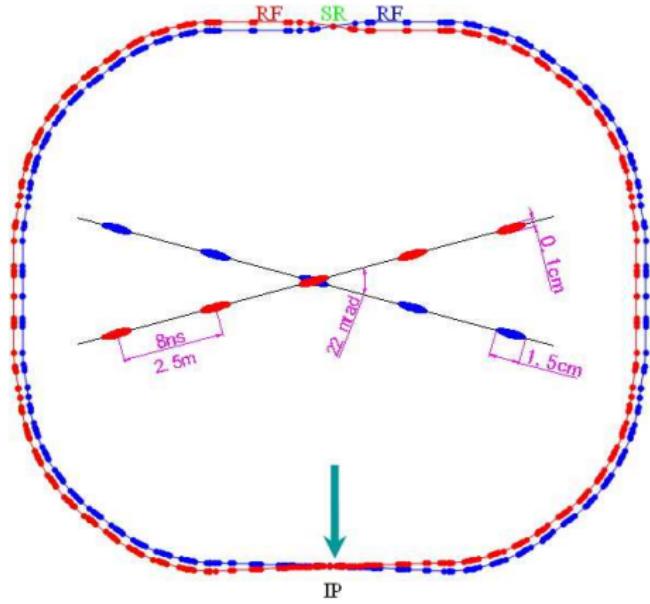
5 Summary

# Beijing Spectrometer III Collaboration



# Beijing Electron-Positron ColliderII

- $\tau$ -charm factory
- Beam energy: 1.0 – 2.3 GeV
- Beam spread:  $5.16 \times 10^{-6}$
- Design luminosity:  
 $1 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$  @ 3.773  
GeV **100% achieved**



# BESIII Detector

- Multilayer Drift Chamber

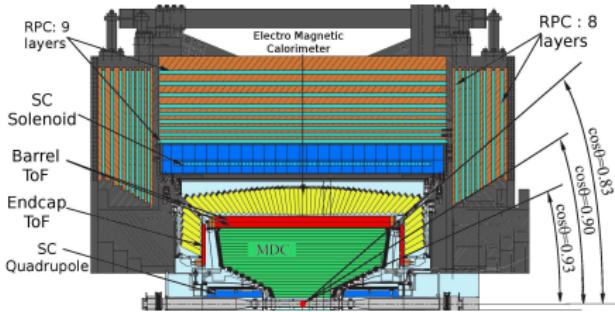
- $\sigma(p)/p = 0.5\%$
- $\sigma_{dE/dx} = 6.0\%$

- Time of Flight system

- $\sigma(t) = 90 \text{ ps (barrel)}$
- $\sigma(t) = 110 \text{ ps (endcap)}$

- EM Calorimeter

- 6240 CsI(T1) crystals
- $\sigma(E)/E=2.5\%$
- $\sigma_{Z,\phi}(E)=0.5-0.7 \text{ cm}$



- Superconducting Magnet

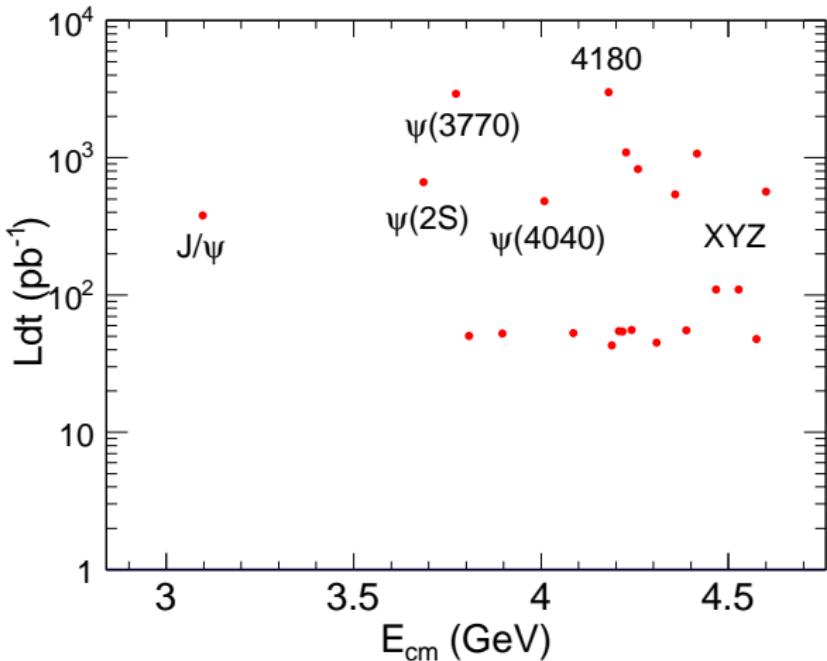
- 1T magnetic field

- Muon Chamber

- 8-9 layers of RPC
- $\delta R_\phi = 1.4-1.7 \text{ cm}$

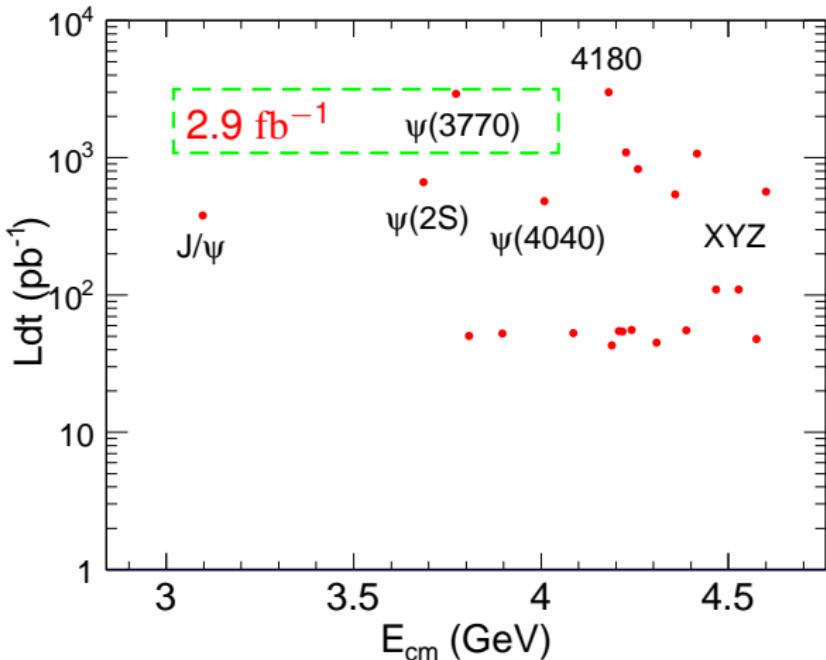
# Data samples

- World's largest
  - $J/\psi$
  - $\psi(3686)$
  - $\psi(3770)$
  - 4180
  - XYZ
  - R scan



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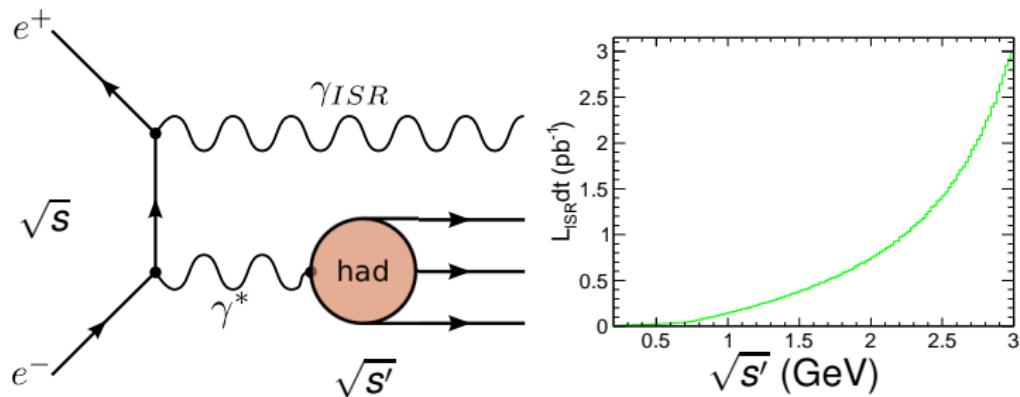
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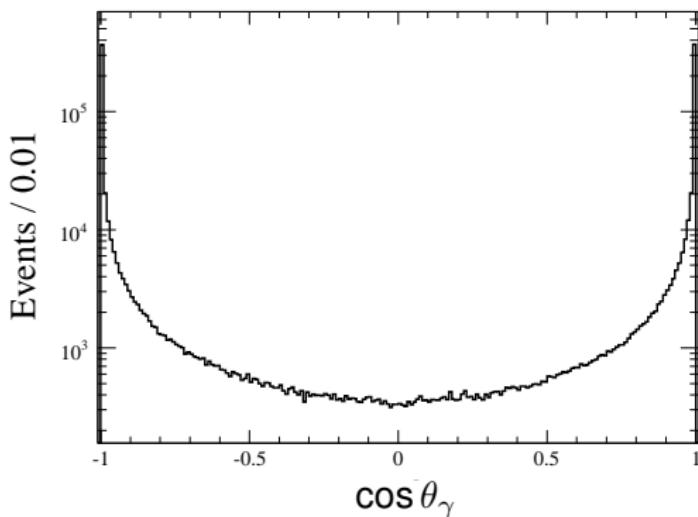
# Radiator Function

- $\sqrt{s'} = \sqrt{s - 2\sqrt{s}E_\gamma}$
- Emission of ISR photon is suppressed by  $\alpha/\pi$
- High integrated luminosity is necessary



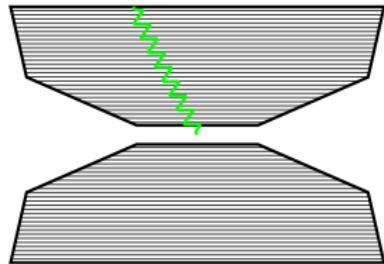
# Strategy: tag and untag the $\gamma_{ISR}$

- Hadronic system should be detected
- Angular distribution of the  $\gamma_{ISR}$



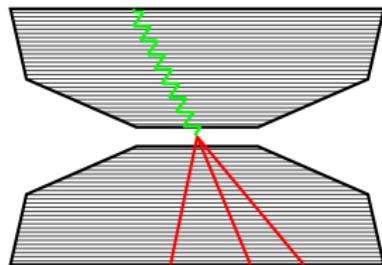
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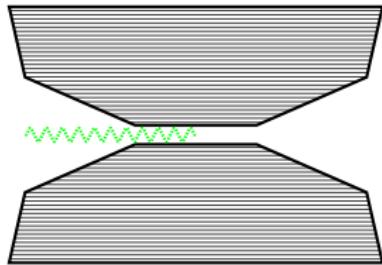
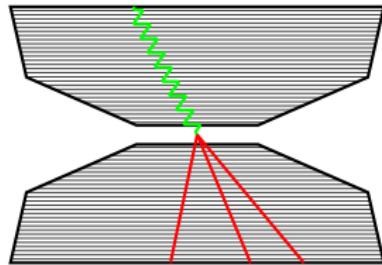
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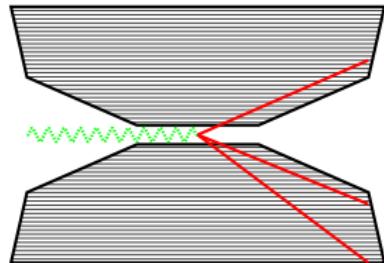
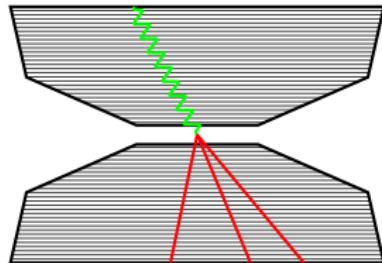
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  - untagged:



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- Hadronic system should be detected
- Angular distribution of the  $\gamma_{ISR}$ 
  - tagged: Wide range, huge BG in high  $\sqrt{s'}$        $\sqrt{s'} < 1 \text{ GeV}$
  - untagged: higher statistics, less BG       $\sqrt{s'} > 1 \text{ GeV}$



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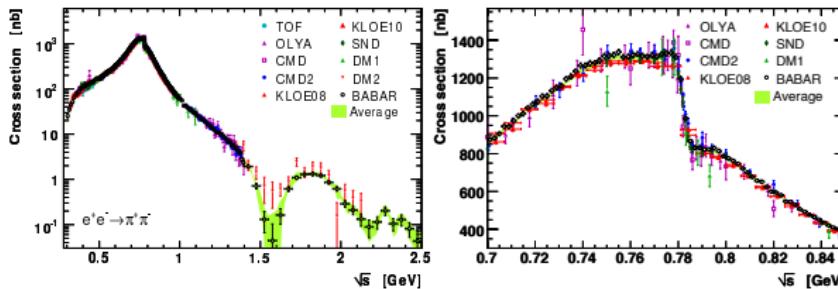
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$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$$

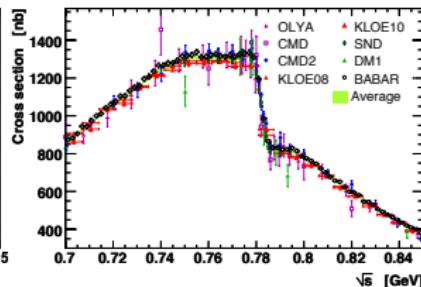
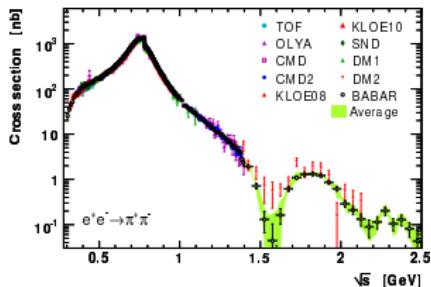
M. Davier et al., Eur. Phys. J. C 71 1515 (2011)



Precision  
measurements

$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ 

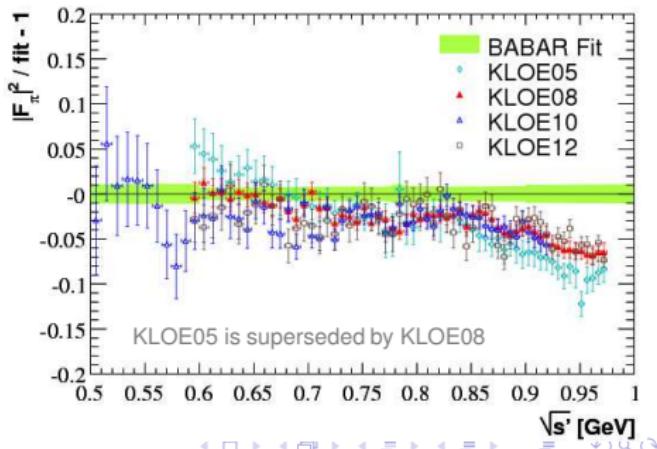
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## Precision measurements

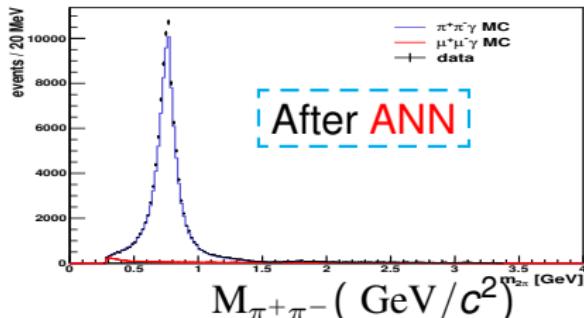
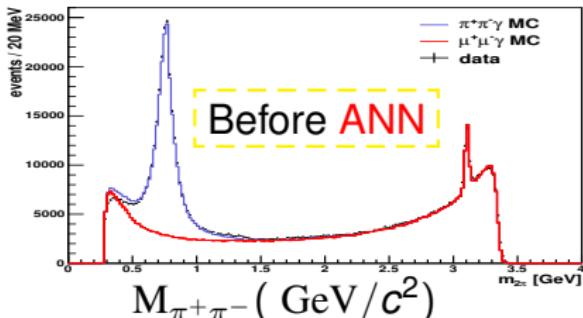
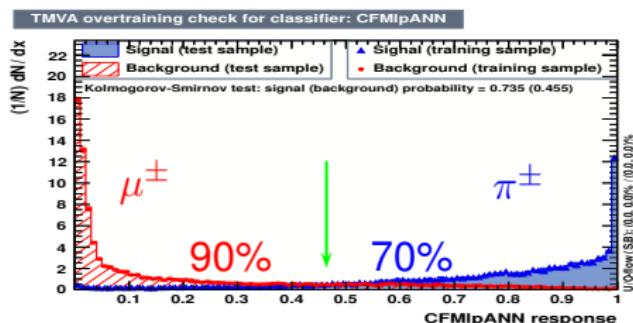
### BaBar and KLOE

- 3% diff. on  $\rho$  peak
- New measurement



# Tagged Selections

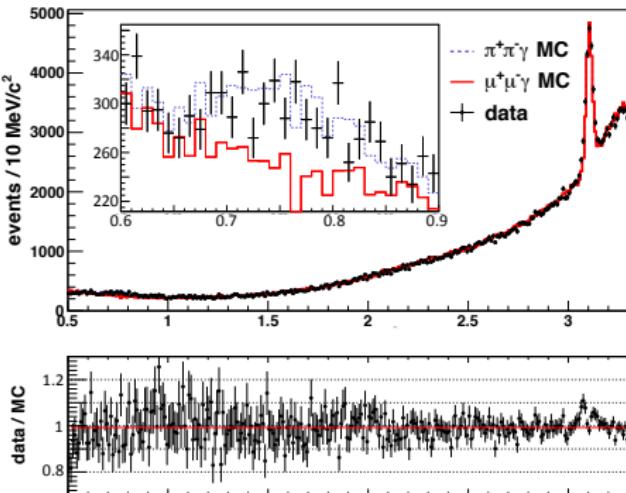
- Kinematic Fit for  $\pi^+ \pi^- \gamma_{ISR}$
- MDC, TOF, and EMC for electron rejection
- Artificial Neuronal Network (ANN) for  $\mu - \pi$  separation



- Data-MC corrections vs. momentum and polar angle

# QED test $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \gamma$

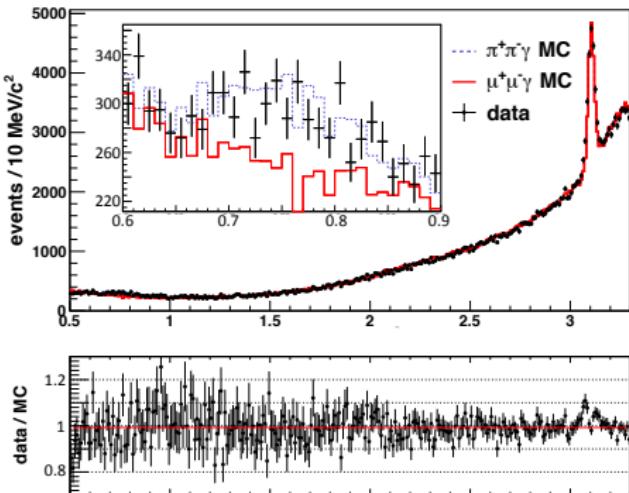
- Select  $\mu$  using ANN
- Small  $\pi$  background
- Efficiency corrections
- Compare to PHOKHARA
  - 0.5% accuracy
- Good agreement:
  - $1.0 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.9\%$  ( $\chi^2/\text{ndf} = 134/139$ )
  - $2.0 \pm 1.7 \pm 0.9\%$  ( $0.6 < M_{\mu^+ \mu^-} < 0.9$ )



$$M_{\mu^+ \mu^-} (\text{GeV}/c^2)$$

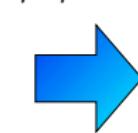
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Validation!

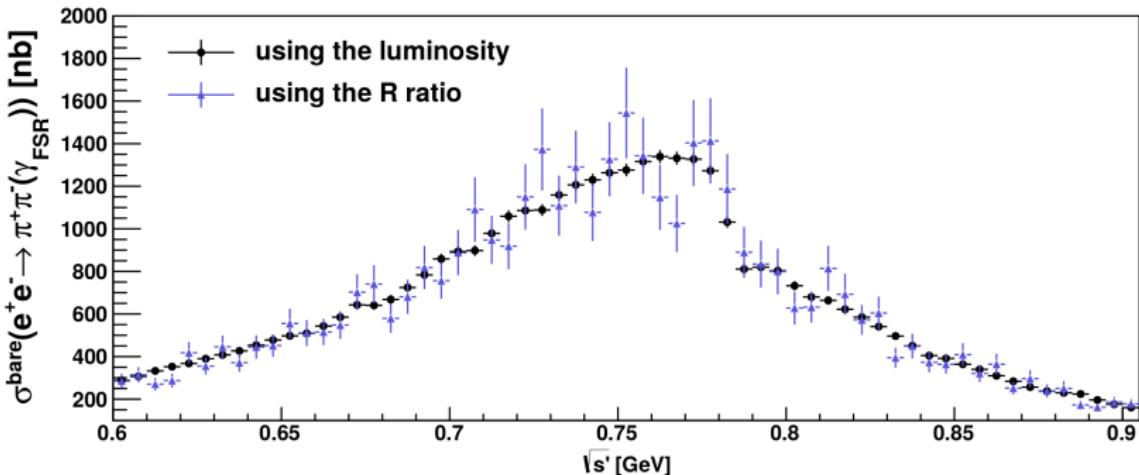
# Systematic Uncertainties

Source	Uncertainty (%)
Photon efficiency	0.2
Tracking efficiency	0.3
Pion ANN efficiency	0.2
Pion e-PID efficiency	0.2
Angular acceptance	0.1
Background subtraction	0.1
Unfolding	0.2
FSR correction $\delta_{FSR}$	0.2
Vacuum polarization correction $\delta_{vac}$	0.2
Radiator function	0.5
Luminosity $\mathcal{L}$	0.5
<b>Sum</b>	<b>0.9</b>

# Cross section

$$\sigma_{\pi\pi(\gamma_{\text{FSR}})}^{\text{bare}} = \frac{N_{\pi\pi\gamma} \cdot (1 + \delta_{\text{FSR}}^{\pi\pi})}{\mathcal{L} \cdot \epsilon_{\text{global}}^{\pi\pi\gamma} \cdot H(s) \cdot \delta_{\text{vac}}}$$

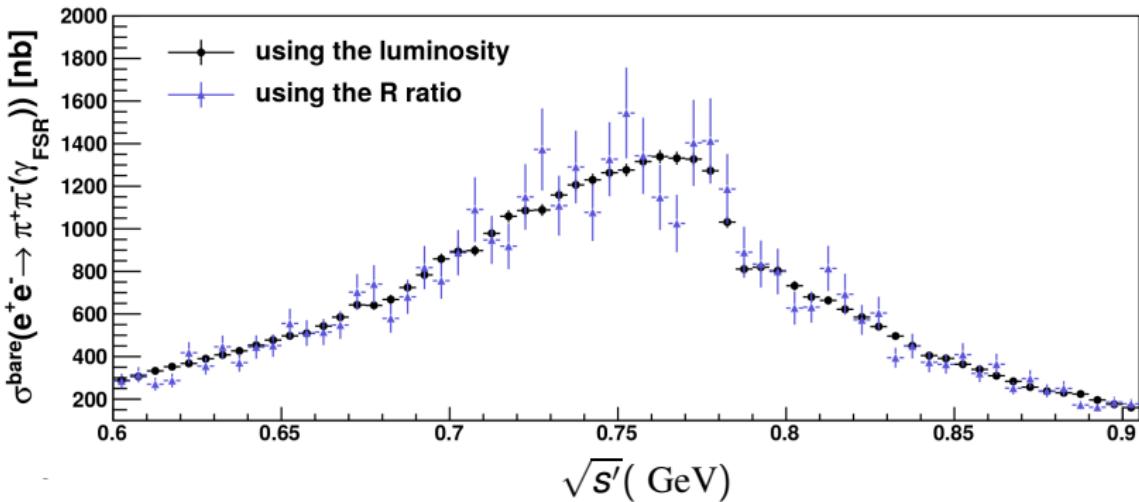
$$\sigma_{\pi\pi(\gamma_{\text{FSR}})}^{\text{bare}} = \frac{N_{\pi\pi\gamma}}{N_{\mu\mu\gamma}} \cdot \frac{\epsilon_{\text{global}}^{\mu\mu\gamma}}{\epsilon_{\text{global}}^{\pi\pi\gamma}} \cdot \frac{1 + \delta_{\text{FSR}}^{\mu\mu}}{1 + \delta_{\text{FSR}}^{\pi\pi}} \cdot \sigma_{\mu\mu}^{\text{bare}}$$



# Cross section

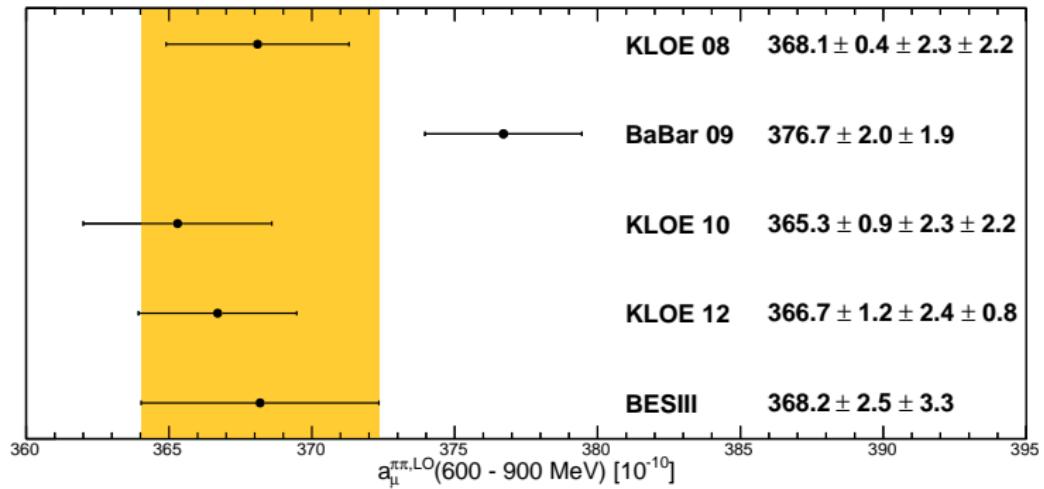
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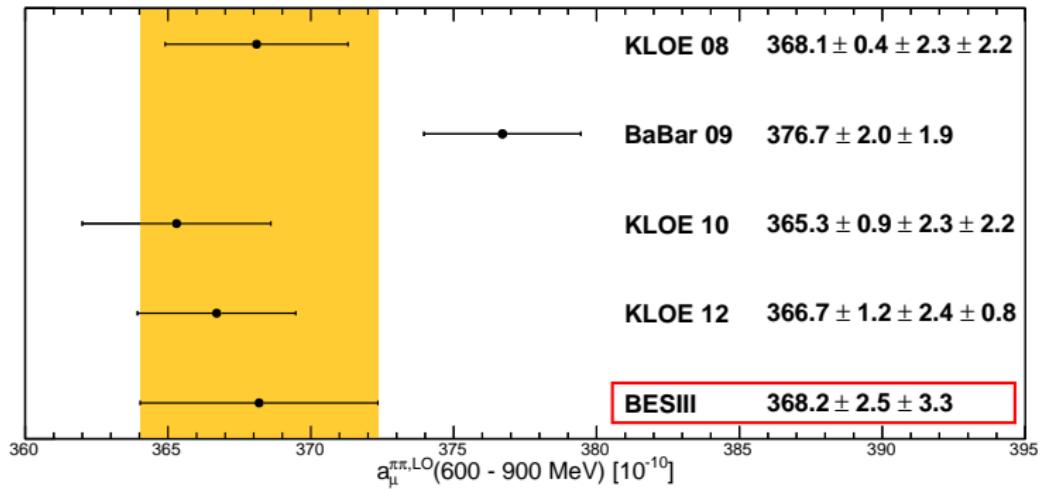
$$\sigma_{\pi\pi(\gamma_{\text{FSR}})}^{\text{bare}} = \frac{N_{\pi\pi\gamma}}{N_{\mu\mu\gamma}} \cdot \frac{\epsilon_{\text{global}}^{\mu\mu\gamma}}{\epsilon_{\text{global}}^{\pi\pi\gamma}} \cdot \frac{1 + \delta_{\text{FSR}}^{\mu\mu}}{1 + \delta_{\text{FSR}}^{\pi\pi}} \cdot \sigma_{\mu\mu}^{\text{bare}}$$



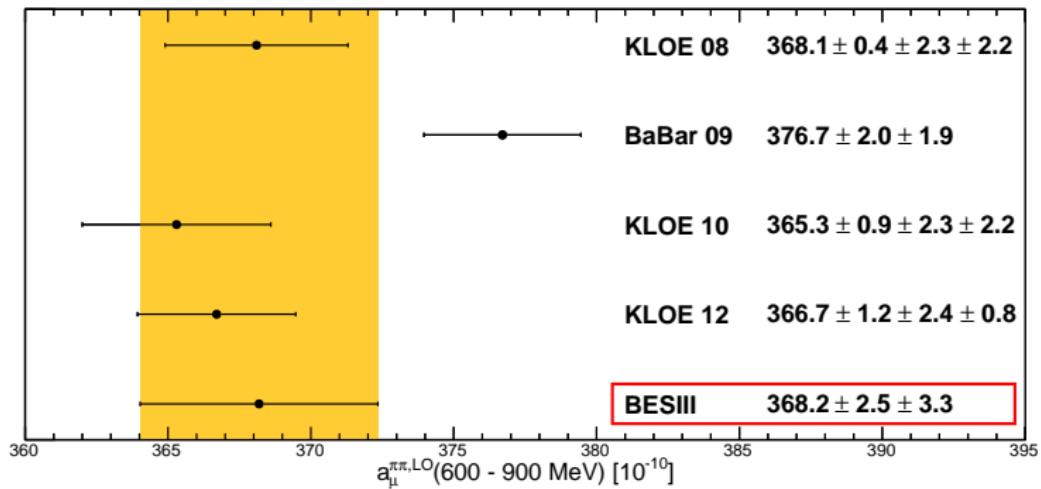
Relative difference:  $(0.85 \pm 1.68)\%$

Good agreement!

Contribution to  $a_\mu^{\text{VP,LO}}$ 

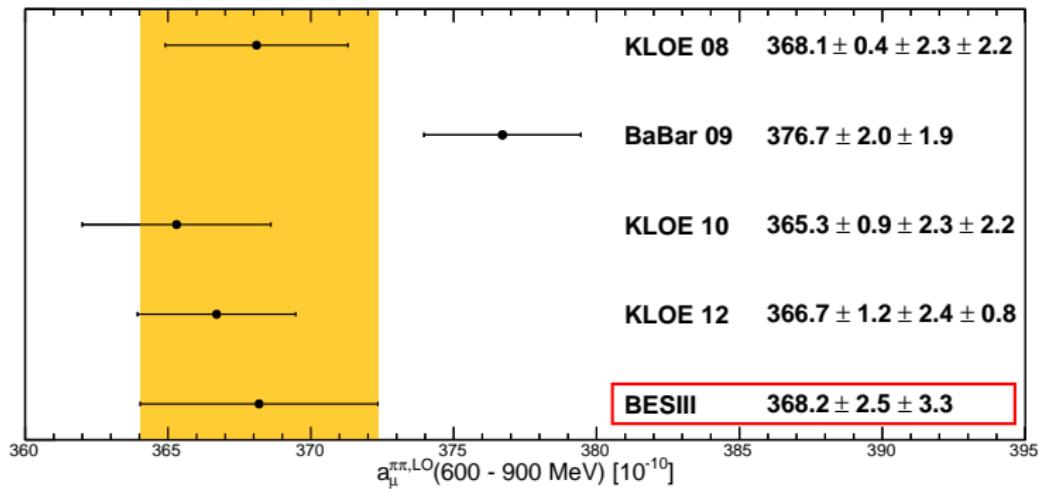
Contribution to  $a_\mu^{\text{VP,LO}}$ 

# Contribution to $a_\mu^{\text{VP,LO}}$



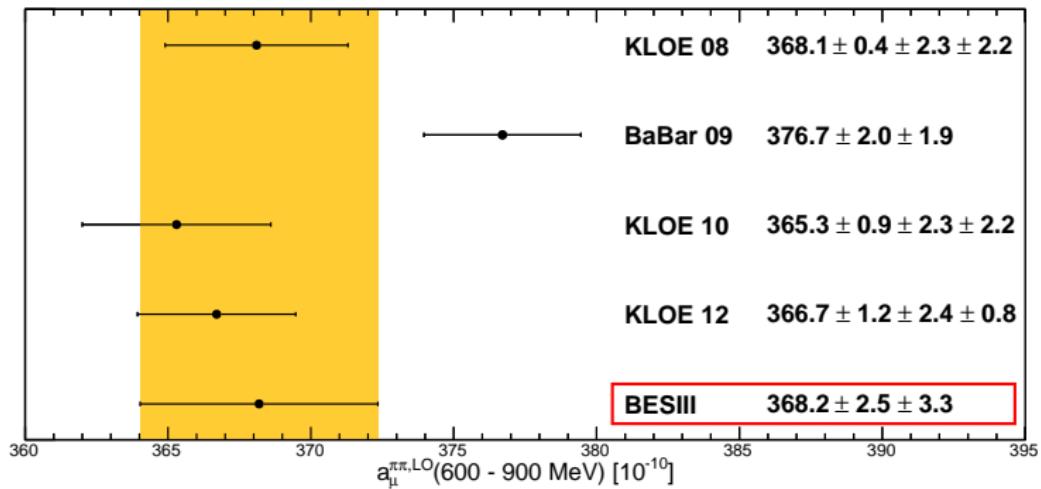
- Precision competitive with previous measurements

# Contribution to $a_\mu^{\text{VP,LO}}$



- Precision competitive with previous measurements
- BESIII measurement well agrees with KLOE

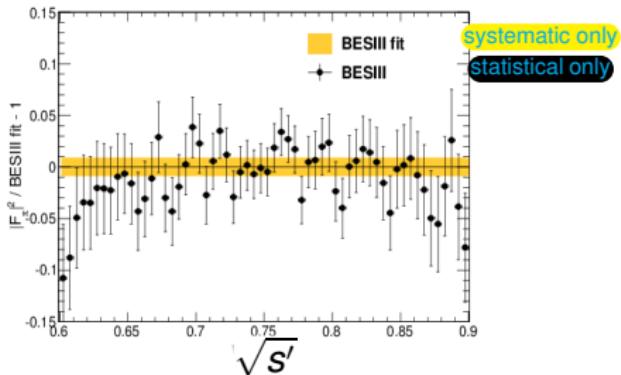
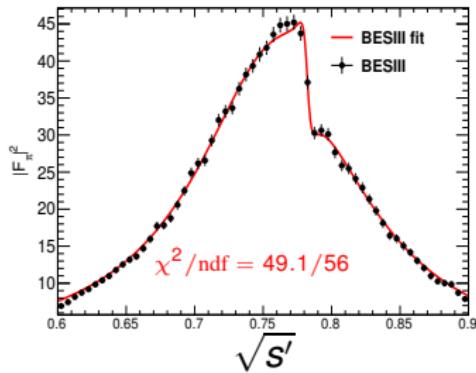
# Contribution to $a_\mu^{\text{VP,LO}}$



- Precision competitive with previous measurements
- BESIII measurement well agrees with KLOE
- Confirmed deviation between experiment and theory

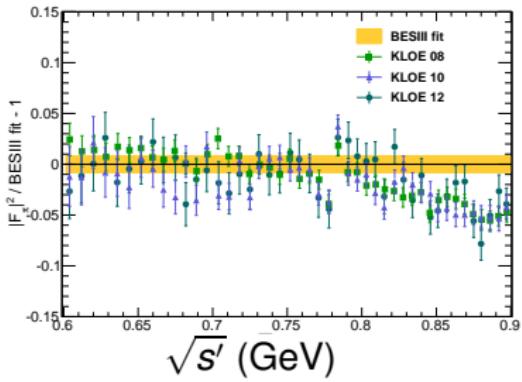
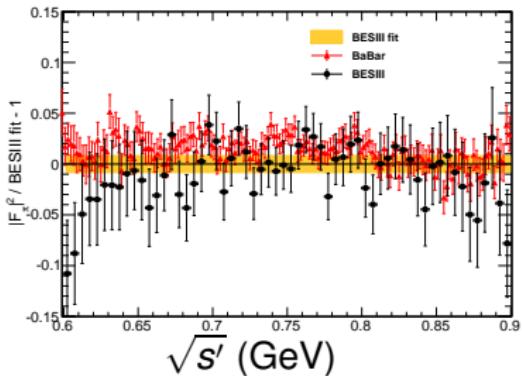
# $\pi^+ \pi^-$ Form Factor

- $|F_\pi|^2(s') = \frac{3s'}{\pi\alpha\beta_\pi^3(s')} \sigma_{e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-}(s')$



Parameter	BESIII value	PDG 2014
$m_\rho$ [MeV/ $c^2$ ]	$776.0 \pm 0.4$	$775.26 \pm 0.25$
$\Gamma_\rho$ [MeV]	$151.7 \pm 0.7$	$147.8 \pm 0.9$
$m_\omega$ [MeV/ $c^2$ ]	$782.2 \pm 0.6$	$782.65 \pm 0.12$
$\Gamma_\omega$ [MeV]	fixed to PDG	$8.49 \pm 0.08$
$ c_\omega $ [ $10^{-3}$ ]	$1.7 \pm 0.2$	-
$ \phi_\omega $ [rad]	$0.04 \pm 0.13$	-

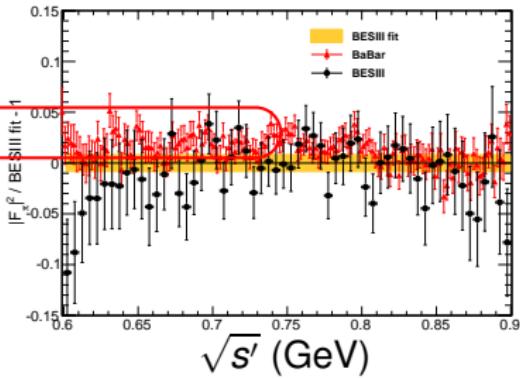
# Comparison with BaBar and KLOE



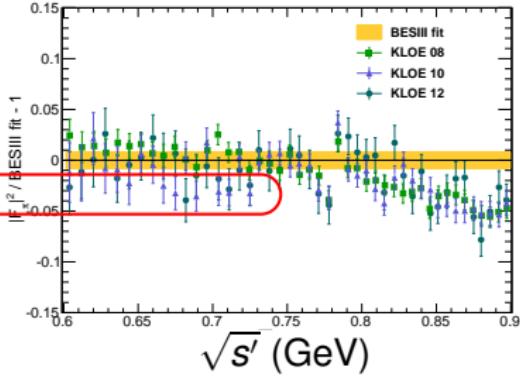
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systematic shift

BaBar



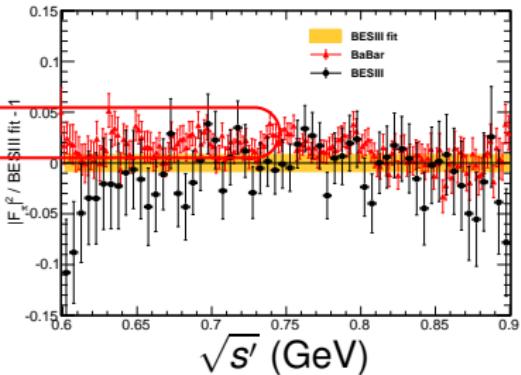
KLOE 10



# Comparison with BaBar and KLOE

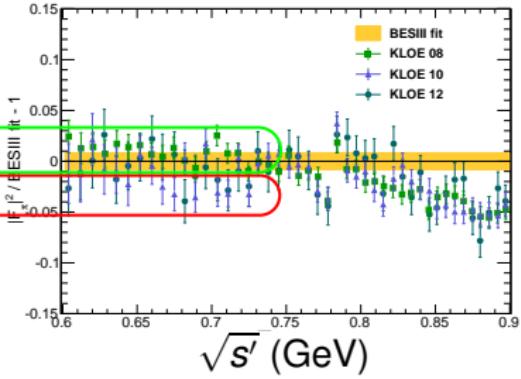
systematic shift

BaBar



KLOE08&12

KLOE 10



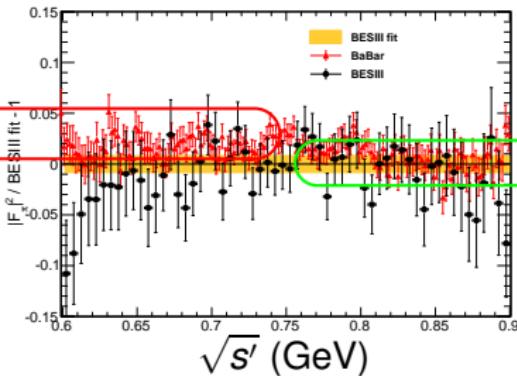
Agreement

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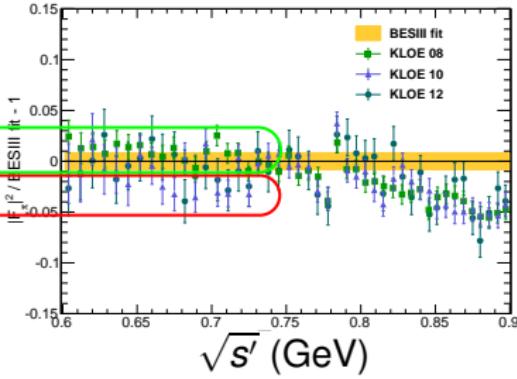
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BaBar

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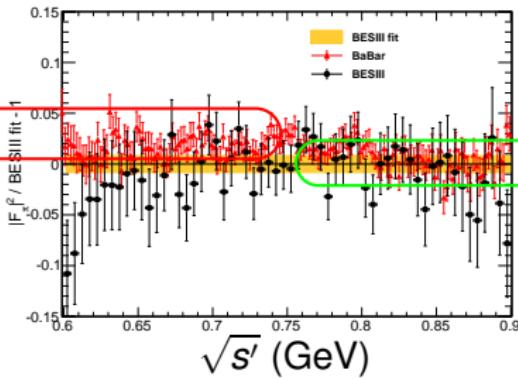
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BaBar

Agreement



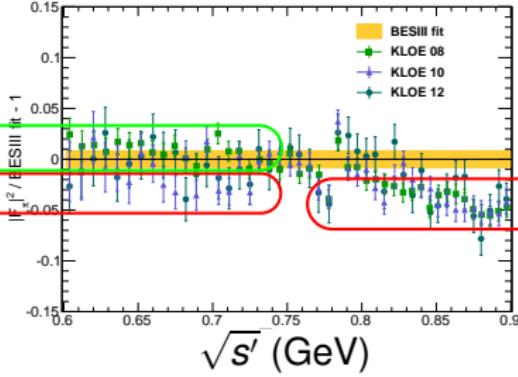
BaBar

KLOE08&12

KLOE 10

All KLOE

systematic shift



Agreement

# Outline

1 Introduction

2 BESIII Experiment

3 Initial State Radiation

4  $\pi^+ \pi^-$

5 Summary

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- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$ 
  - Cross section is measured with sys. below 1%
  - $\Delta a_\mu$  is confirmed
- Outlook
  - Extend tagged  $\pi^+\pi^-$  ISR study to threshold region
  - Untagged ISR for  $\pi^+\pi^-$  cross section at higher mass range
  - Analyze  $\pi^+\pi^-$  form factor from R-scan data  
(130 points,  $\mathcal{L} \approx 1.3\text{fb}^{-1}$ )
  - Studies for  $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0(\pi^0)$  are under study

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Thank you!