Searches for heavy ZZ and ZW resonances in the llqq and vvqq final states in pp collisions at √s = 13 TeV with the ATLAS detector





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Overview

- Total Integrated Luminosity [fb⁻¹] 25 **ATLAS Online Luminosity** 2015 and 2016 data at 13TeV √s = 13 TeV ٠ LHC Delivered 3.2 fb-1 from 2015 20 **ATLAS Recorded** 10.0 fb-1 from 2016 Total Delivered: 18.6 fb⁻¹ **Benchmark models** Total Recorded: 17.0 fb⁻¹ 15 ۲ spin 0,1,2 10 7/16 calibration 5 0 20/04 25/05 29/06 03/08 Events Day in 2016 **Results**—Pushing Limits m [TeV]
- Strategy A search for a narrow resonance on smoothly falling background

Benchmark Models Spin 0, spin 1, spin 2



• A search is made for all 3 signals + the VBF production mode in the llqq channel

Treatment of Jets

- One boson decays to 2 jets, the other to leptons or neutrinos
- Regimes of the analyses: resolved vs. merged (high purity vs. low purity)
- Resolved jets: anti-kt R=0.4
- Merged-jets: anti-kt R=1.0, trimmed

Resolved

D2: substructure variable—1 vs. 2-pronged jet



Jet D2



The fit is made to all SRs and CRs simultaneously.



Selection Signal Efficiency

- *Broadly speaking:* analysis designed for maximal signal efficiency
- Signal efficiency: cross-over from resolved to merged analysis at 600 GeV Leading systematics

Large-R jet resolutions, scale, and background modeling



Selection Aside on optimization

- Split the analyses: merged/resolved, b-tagged/untagged, high/low-purity
- General goal: Achieve maximal sensitivity across broad mass range
 - Design pT-flat objects: flavor tagging, boosted jet boson tagging
 - We use a *pT-dependent mass window* for Z → μμ to compensate for poor μresolution at high pT



Signal Regions

vvqq

Final discriminant transverse mass $m_{\rm T} = \sqrt{(E_{\rm T,J} + E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss})^2 - (\vec{p}_{\rm T,J} + \vec{E}_{\rm T}^{\rm miss})^2}$

Shape and magnitude well-fit



Steve Alkire (Columbia U.) on behalf of ATLAS Collaboration

Signal Regions Ilqq Merged

Final discriminant 3-body mass: IIJ

• Shape and magnitude well-fit



Steve Alkire (Columbia U.) on behalf of ATLAS Collaboration

Signal Regions Ilqq Resolved



Final discriminant 4-body mass: Iljj

- Shape and magnitude well-fit
- In all searches the MC cross sections controlled within 10% of their nominal value and $\sim 1\sigma$



Limits and Conclusions vvqq and llqq

- Limits set for a heavy narrow width Scalar/Higgs.
- Ilqq: Largest excess at 500 GeV with
 - local significance: 2.7σ
 - global significance: 1.4σ



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Limits and Conclusions HVT limits in context

- Limits set per channel. Some features...but none in common.
- Awaiting combination with many other channels.
- Expecting to double the data in the coming months.

Excluded	llqq	vvqq
HVT	2225 GeV	2400 GeV
Graviton	1035 GeV	1100 GeV



Thanks for listening!

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Backup

Graviton *Limits*



VBF

Limit

Selection



Uncertainties Systematics

- Both analyses dominated by boosted jet systematics uncertainties
- Jet resolution: mass, D2, energy
- Boson-tagging and jet scale: mass, energy, D2

Modeling

- Ilqq—maps data-mc differences in ZCR to SR as a NP
- vvqq—varies generator-level quantities in Sherpa

