



# R&D Progress of the High Field Magnet Technology for CEPC-SPPC

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2016.9.2

# Outline

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- **Concept of the 20T Dipole Magnet for SPPC**
- **R&D Steps for 20T Dipole Magnet**
- **Development Status**
- **National Collaboration**
- **International Collaboration**
- **Next steps**

# Concept of the 20T Dipole Magnet for SPPC

Q. Xu et al.

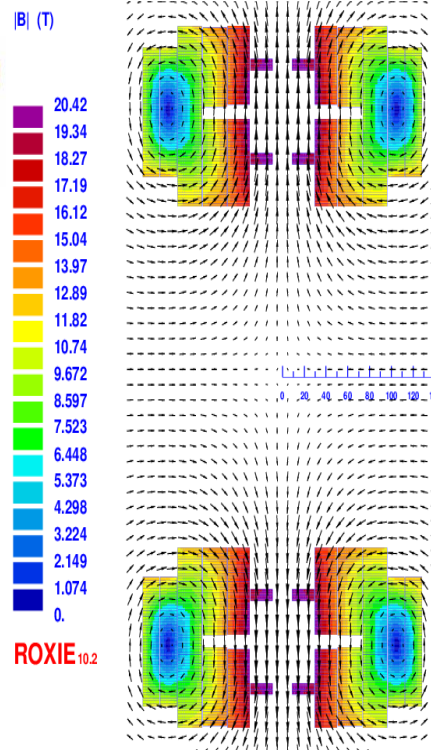
**With common coil configuration**

**Reminder**

**20-T dipole magnet with common coil configuration**  
two  $\Phi 50$  mm beam pipes; load line 80% @ 1.9 K

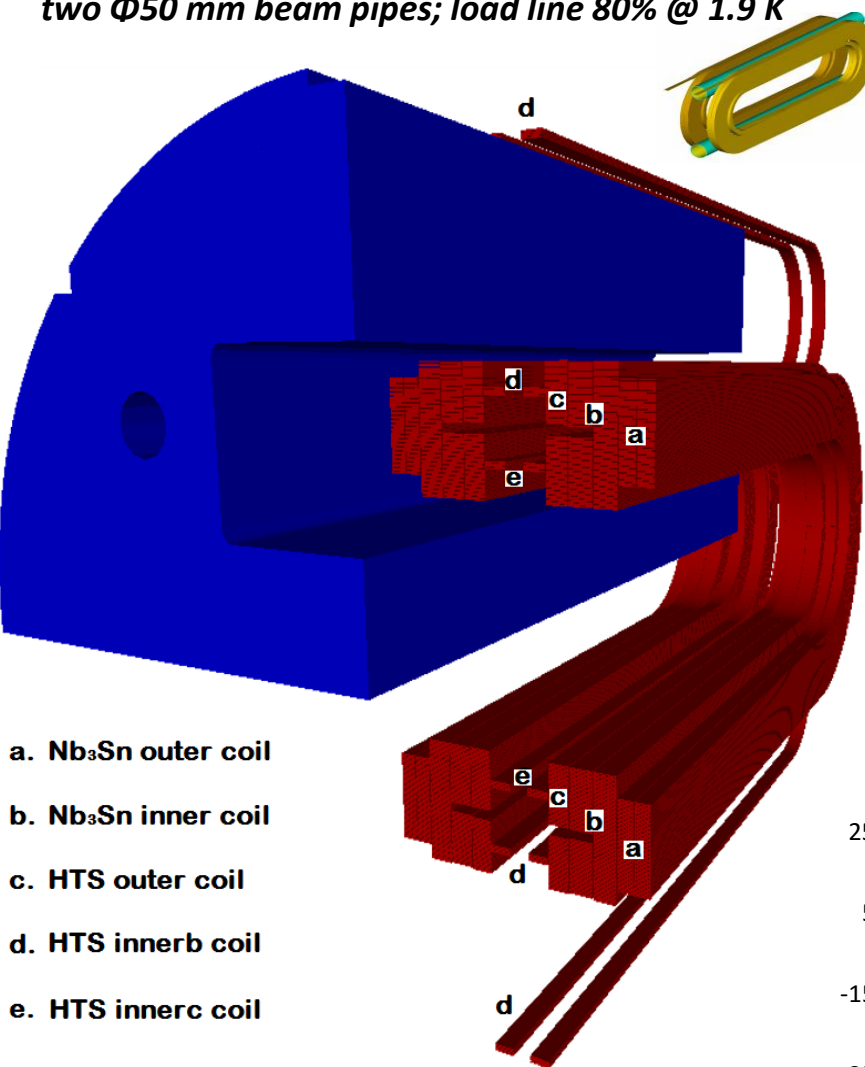
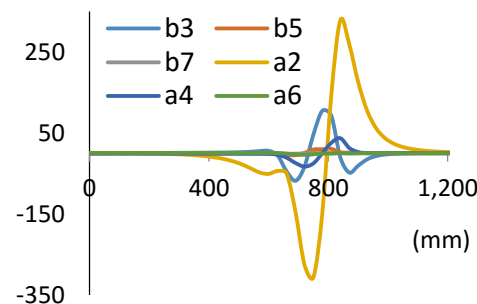
**Main parameters of the magnet**

Number of apertures	2
Aperture diameter (mm)	50
Inter-aperture spacing (mm)	333
Operating current (A)	14700
Operating temperature (K)	4.2
Operating field (T)	20
Peak field (T)	20.4
Margin along the load line (%)	11
Stored magnetic energy (MJ/m)	7.8
Inductance (mH/m)	72.1
Yoke ID (mm)	260
Yoke OD (mm)	800
Weight per unit length (kg/m)	3200
Energy density (coil volume) (MJ/m <sup>3</sup> )	738
Force per aperture – X / Y (MN/m)	23.5/4.4
Peak stress in coil (MPa)	240
Fringe Field @ r = 750 mm (T)	0.02



**Integrated field quality**

Integrated $b_n$ & $a_n$	Value ( $10^{-4}$ )
b3	0.14
b5	1.42
b7	-0.40
a2	-0.29
a4	-1.81
a6	0.03

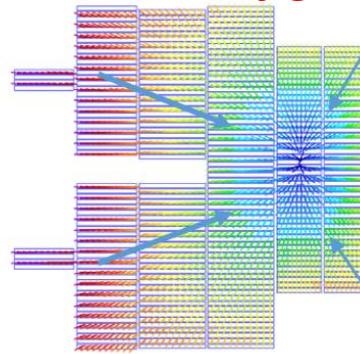
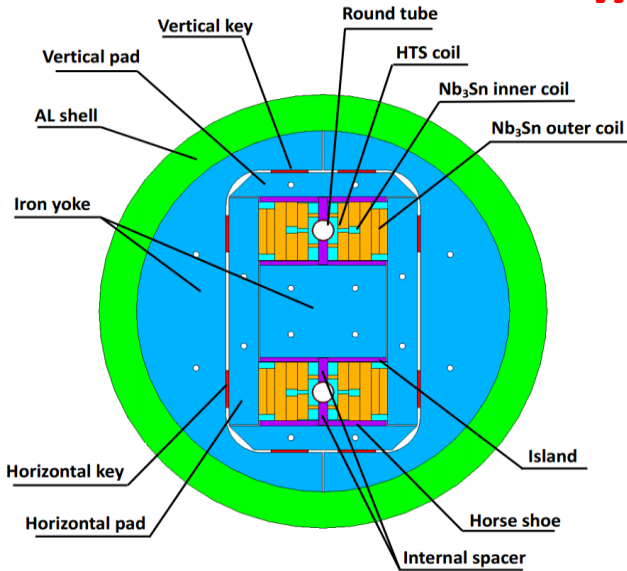


- a. Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn outer coil
- b. Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn inner coil
- c. HTS outer coil
- d. HTS innerb coil
- e. HTS innerc coil

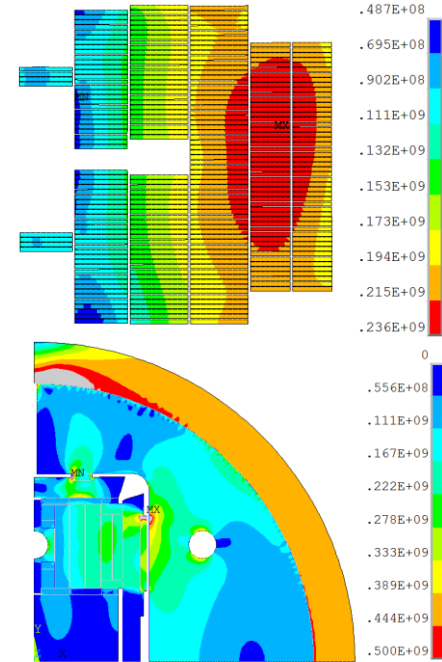
# Concept of the 20T Dipole Magnet for SPPC

K. Zhang et al.

*With common coil configuration*

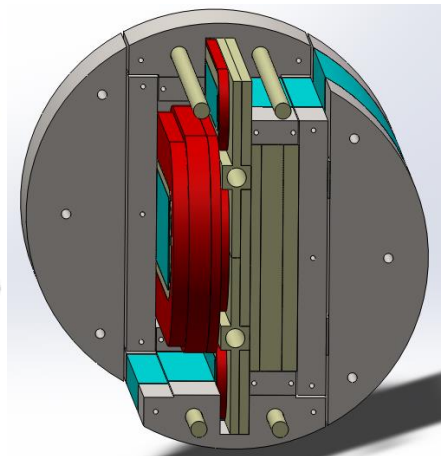
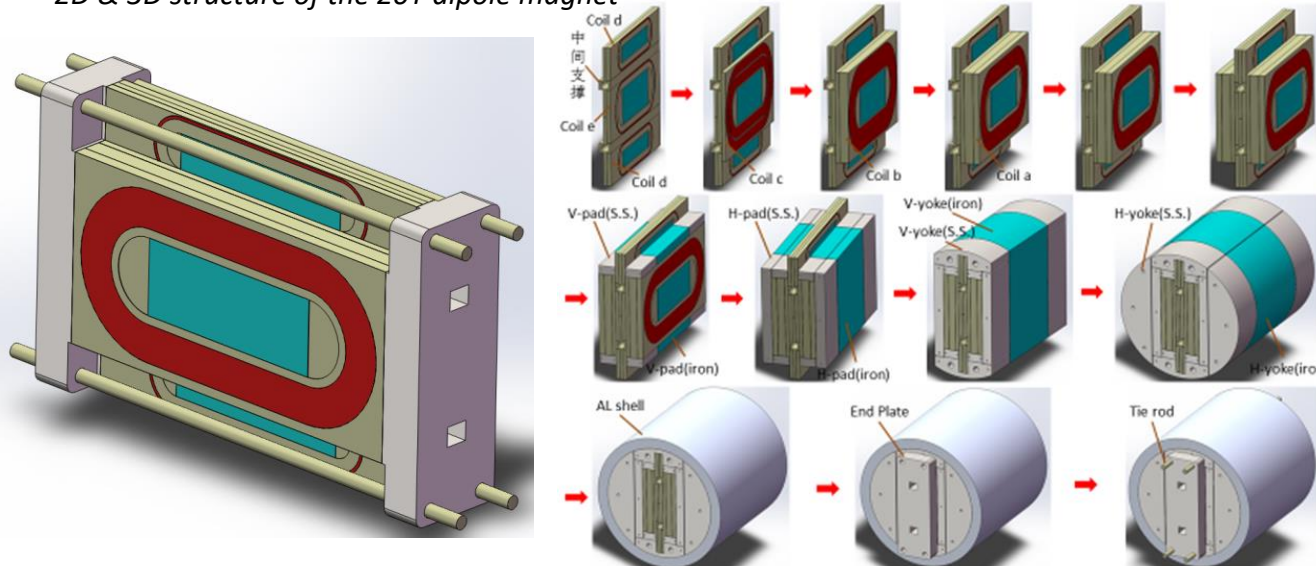


**Lorentz force per aperture:**  
 $F_x = 23.4 \text{ MN/m}$  ;  $F_y = 2.38 \text{ MN/m}$



Stress distribution after excitation

2D & 3D structure of the 20T dipole magnet



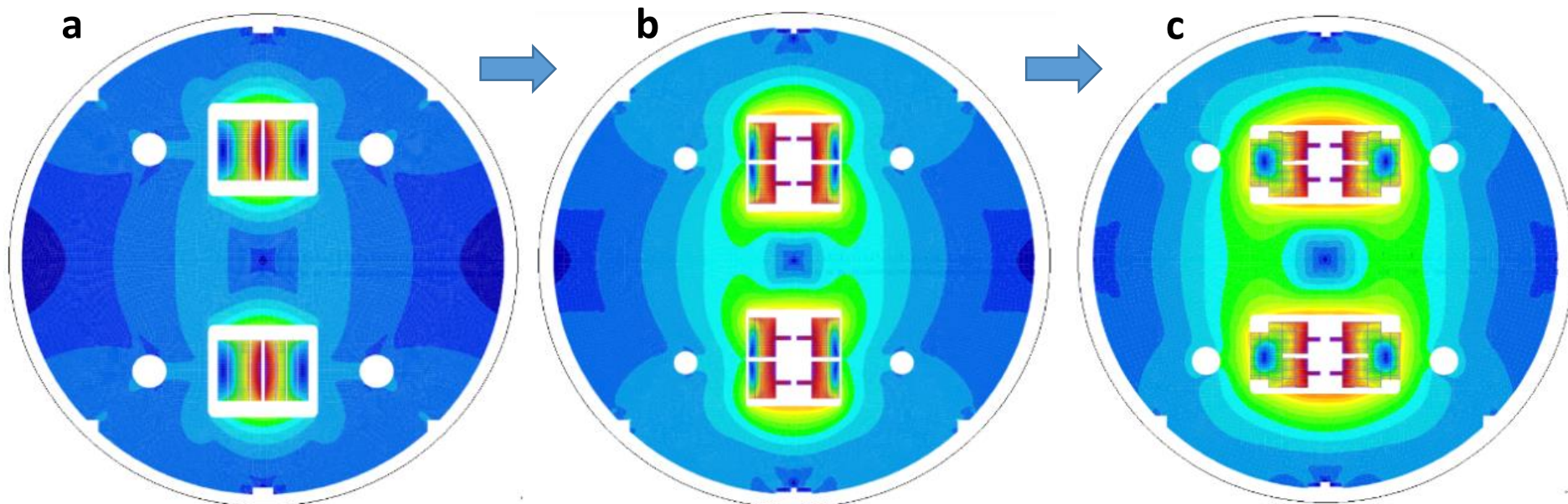


# R&D Steps for 20T Dipole Magnet

Q. Xu et al.

*With common coil configuration*

Reminder



**1<sup>st</sup> step**

***Fabrication of 15-T Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn and Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn+HTS subscale magnets, to test the stress management method for Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn & HTS coils and the quench protection method for HTS coils;***

***By the end of 2018.***

***ongoing***

**2<sup>nd</sup> step**

***Fabrication of 15-T Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn and Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn+HTS operational field dipole magnet with two  $\Phi 50$  mm beam pipes and  $10^{-4}$  field quality, to test the field optimization method for HTS coils;***

***To be funded.***

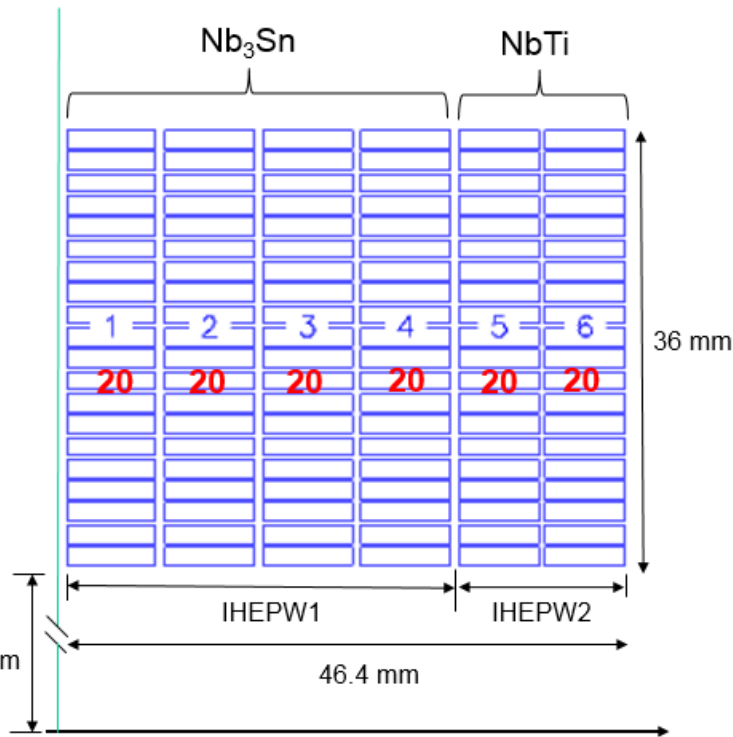
**3<sup>rd</sup> step**

***Fabrication of the 20-T magnet with Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn+HTS or only one of them, if we can get significant progress on the performance of Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn or HTS superconductors, i.e., their J<sub>c</sub> level is 3~6 times increased or even more, and the cost is significantly reduced.***

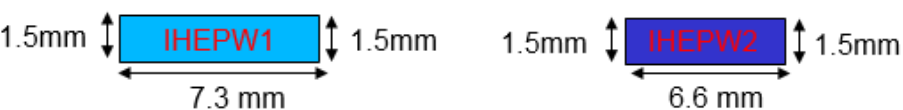
# R&D Steps for 20T Dipole Magnet 2016-18

C. Wang, K. Zhang et al.

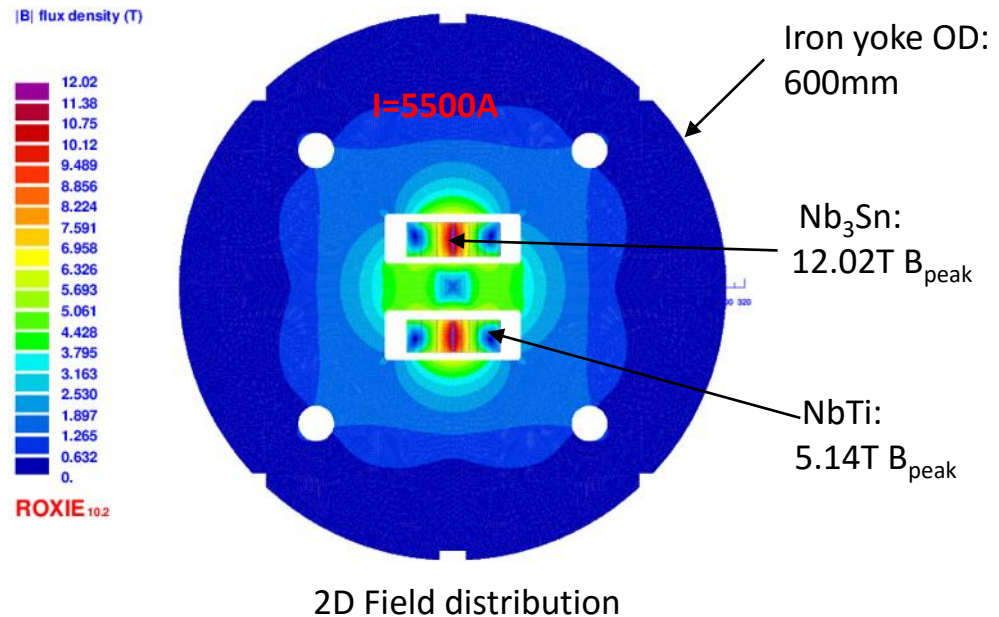
1. A 14-T subscale magnet to be fabricated with Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn and NbTi superconductors in 2016, to investigate the fabrication process and mechanical characteristics of Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn coils.



Coil configuration in the 1<sup>st</sup> quadrant



For per meter of such magnet, the required length of the strand: Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn: 5.76 Km; NbTi: 2.24Km.



2D Field distribution

Main parameters of the cables

Cable	Hight	Width-i	Width-o	Ns	Strand	Filament	Insulation
IHEPW1	7.3	1.5	1.5	18	IHEPWCJC	Nb3Sn	0.15
IHEPW2	6.6	1.5	1.5	16	IHEPWNJC	NbTi	0.15

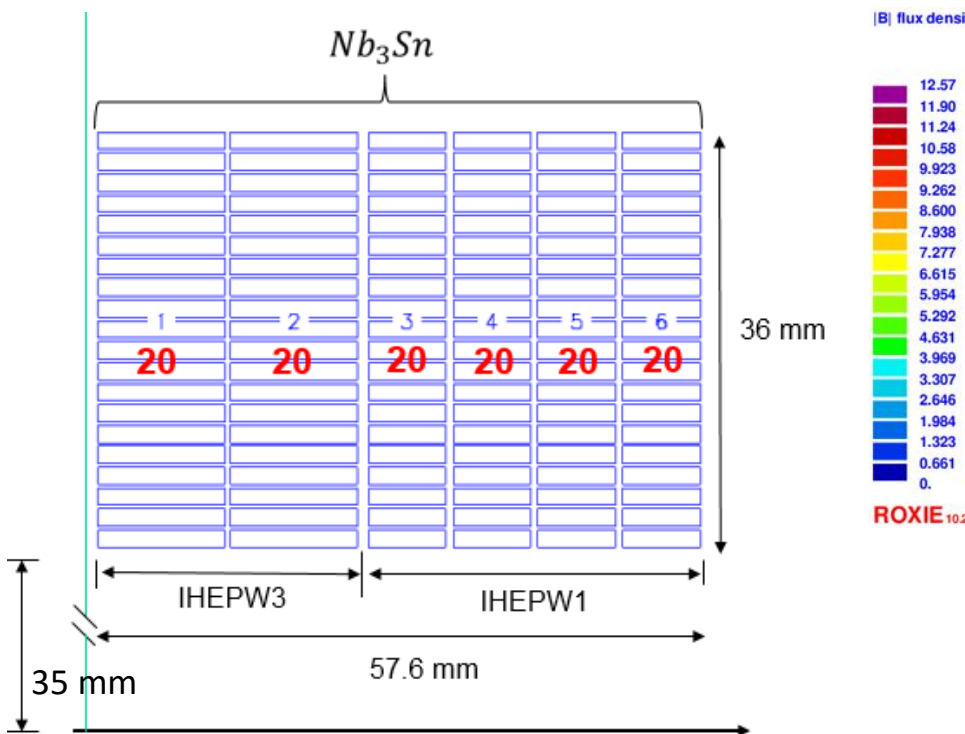
Main parameters of the strands

Strand	diam.	cu/sc	RRR	Tref	Bref	Jc@ BrTr	dJc/dB
IHEPWCJC	0.802	1	200	4.2	12	2700	400
IHEPWNJC	0.82	1.6	130	4.2	5	2954	550

# R&D Steps for 20T Dipole Magnet 2016-18

C. Wang, K. Zhang et al.

2-1. A 15-T subscale magnet to be fabricated with only Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn superconductors but different cable dimensions, to test the stress management method of Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn coils.

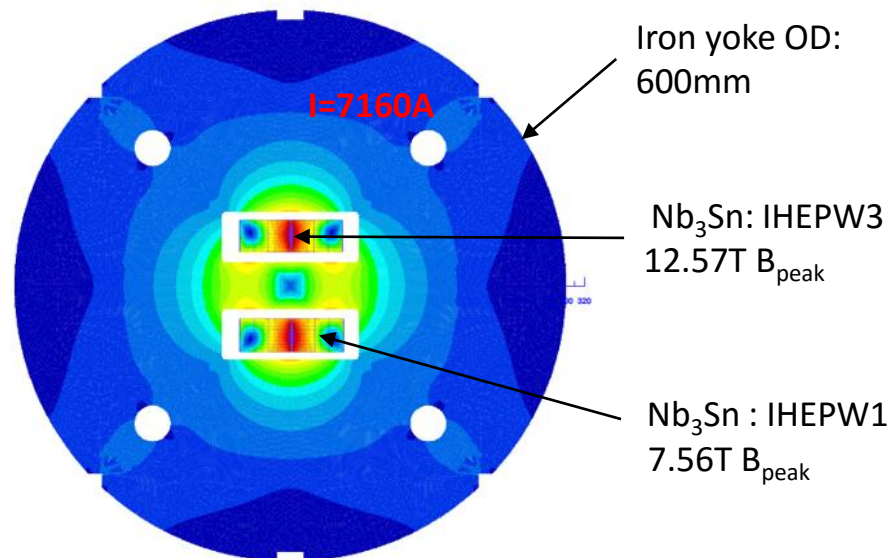


Coil configuration in the 1<sup>st</sup> quadrant



For per meter of such magnet, the required length of the strand: Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn in total: 10.4 Km.

|B| flux density (T)



2D Field distribution

Main parameters of the cables

Cable	Hight	Width-i	Width-o	Ns	Strand	Filament	Insulation
IHEPW1	7.3	1.5	1.5	18	IHEPWCJC	Nb3Sn	0.15
IHEPW3	12	1.5	1.5	29	IHEPWCJC	Nb3Sn	0.15

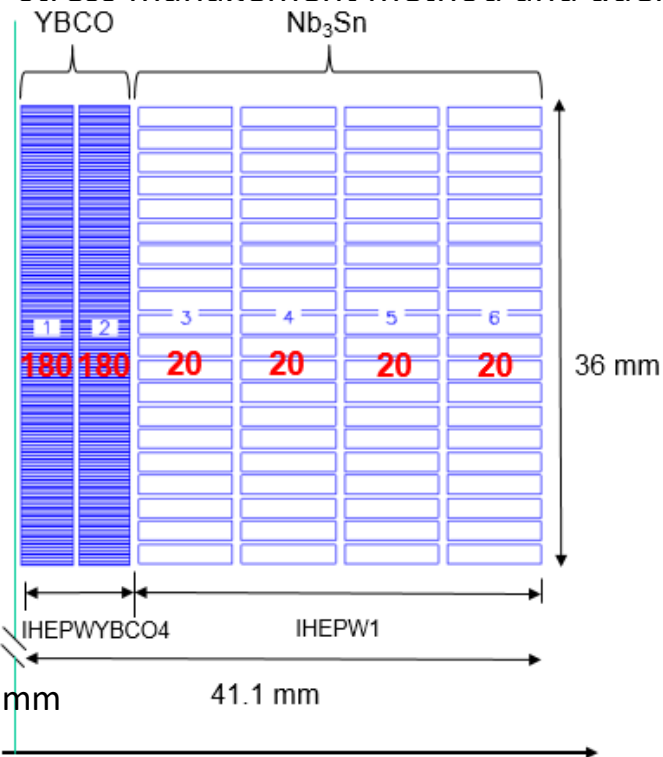
Main parameters of the strands

Strand	diam.	cu/sc	RRR	Tref	Bref	Jc@ BrTr	dJc/dB
IHEPWCJC	0.802	1	200	4.2	12	2700	400

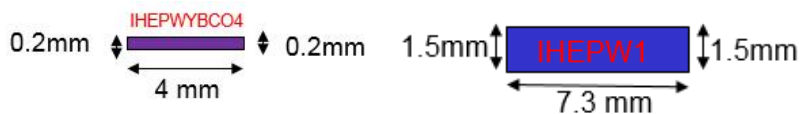
# R&D Steps for 20T Dipole Magnet 2016-18

C. Wang, K. Zhang et al.

2-2. A 16-T subscale magnet will be fabricated with HTS and Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn superconductors, to test the stress management method and quench protection method of HTS coils.

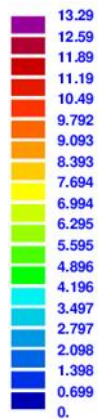


Coil configuration in the 1<sup>st</sup> quadrant

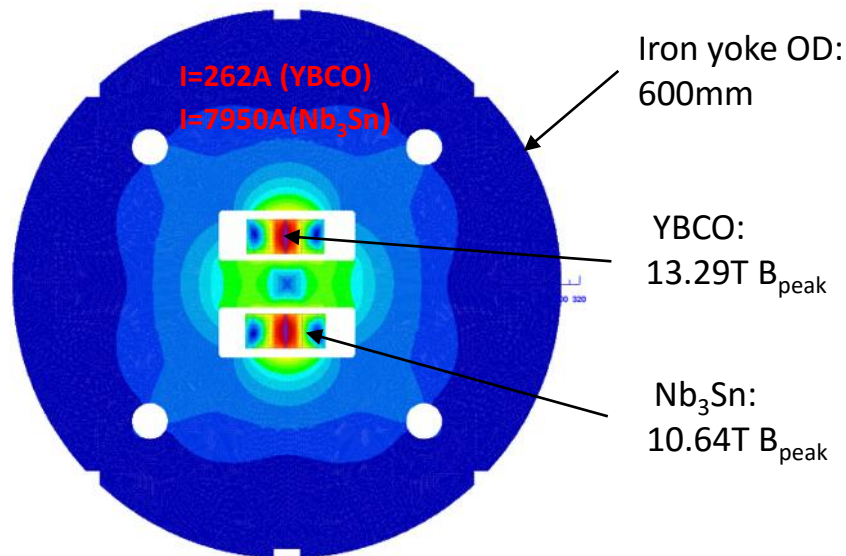


For per meter of such magnet, the required length of the strand: YBCO: 1.44Km; Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn: 5.76 Km

|B| flux density (T)



ROXIE<sub>102</sub>



Field distribution in the cross section of this common-coil dipole

Main parameters of the cables

Cable	Hight	Width-i	Width-o	Ns	Strand	Filament	Insulation
IHEPW1	7.3	1.5	1.5	18	IHEPWCJC	Nb3Sn	0.15
IHEPWYBCO4	4	0.2	0.2	1	IHEPWYBCO	YBCO	0

Main parameters of the strands

Strand	diam.	cu/sc	RRR	Tref	Bref	Jc@ BrTr	dJc/dB
IHEPWCJC	0.802	1	200	4.2	12	2700	400
IHEPWYBCO	-	-	-	4.2	12	1020	40

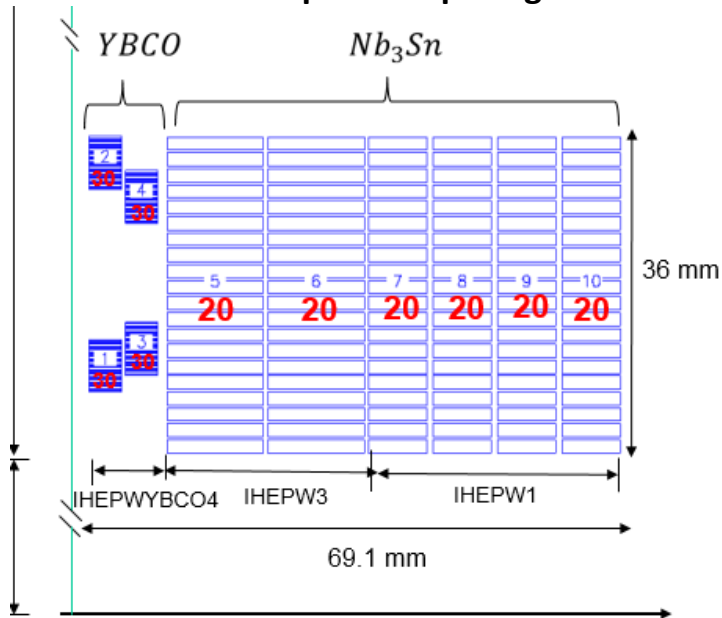


# R&D Steps for 20T Dipole Magnet 2016-18

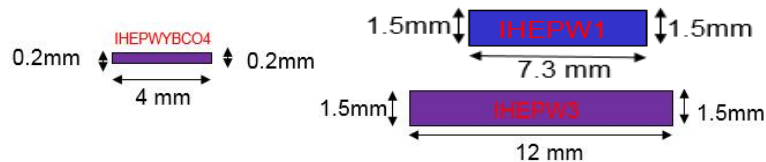
C. Wang, K. Zhang et al.

3. To fabricate a 14-T dipole magnet (with two apertures) with HTS and Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn superconductors, to test the field optimization method of HTS & Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn coils.

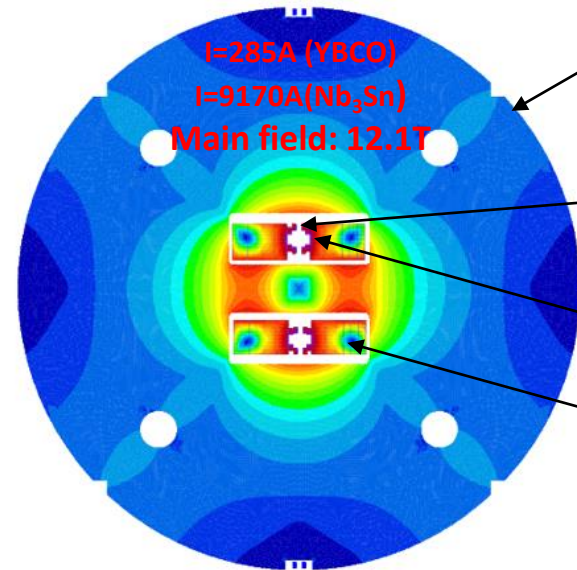
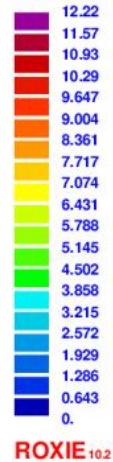
Clear bore diameter 15mm  
Inter-aperture spacing 106 mm



Coil configuration in the 1<sup>st</sup> quadrant



|B| flux density (T)



2D Field distribution

Iron yoke OD: 600mm

YBCO: 12.22T B<sub>peak</sub>

Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn: IHEPW3 12.19T B<sub>peak</sub>

Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn : IHEPW1 10.16T B<sub>peak</sub>

Main parameters of the cables

Cable	Hight	Width-i	Width-o	Ns	Strand	Filament	Insulation
IHEPW1	7.3	1.5	1.5	18	IHEPWCJC	Nb3Sn	0.15
IHEPW3	12	1.5	1.5	29	IHEPWCJC	Nb3Sn	0.15
IHEPWYBCO4	4	0.2	0.2	1	IHEPWYBCO	YBCO	0

Main parameters of the strands

Strand	diam.	cu/sc	RRR	Tref	Bref	Jc@ BrTr	dJc/dB
IHEPWCJC	0.802	1	200	4.2	12	2700	400
IHEPWYBCO	-	-	-	4.2	12	1020	40

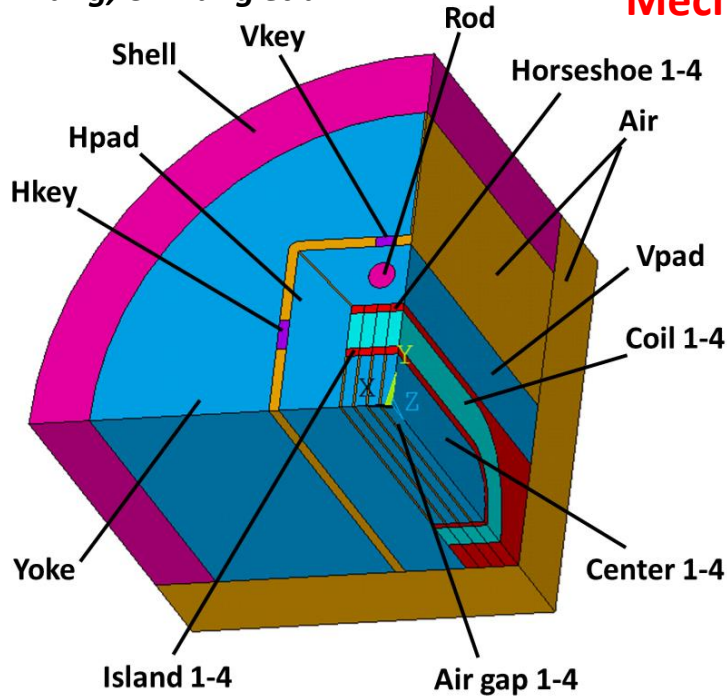
For per meter of such magnet, the required length of the strand: YBCO: 0.6 Km; Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn in total: 10.4 Km

# R&D Steps for 20T Dipole Magnet 2016-18

K. Zhang, C. Wang et al.

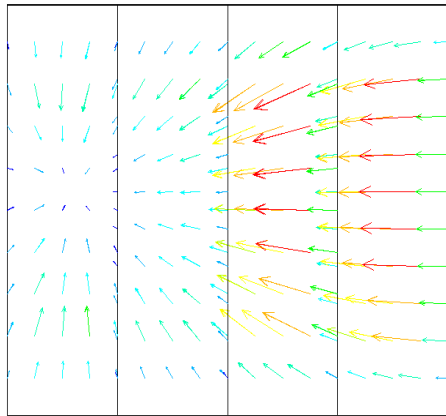
## Mechanical analysis

## Main Design Parameters

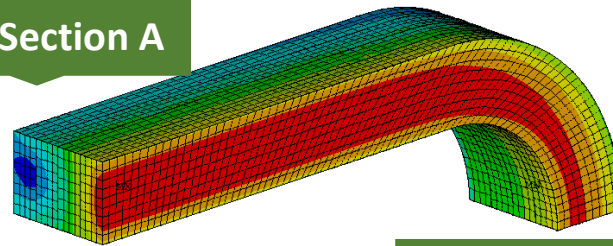


Operating current	(A)	3970
Operating temperature	(K)	4.2
Operating field	(T)	12.01
Margin along the loadline	(%)	~18.4
Dipole diameter	(mm)	720
No. of Nb <sub>3</sub> Sn coils		2
No. of NbTi coils		2
No. turns of each Nb <sub>3</sub> Sn coil		20*2
Cable size		5.8mm*1.5mm
Lorentz force F <sub>x</sub> (per aperture)		760217 N
Lorentz force F <sub>y</sub> (per aperture)		79972.3 N
Lorentz force F <sub>z</sub> (per aperture)		41,769 N

VECTOR  
STEP=3  
SUB =1  
TIME=3  
FMAG  
NODE=9269  
MIN=0  
MAX=93.005

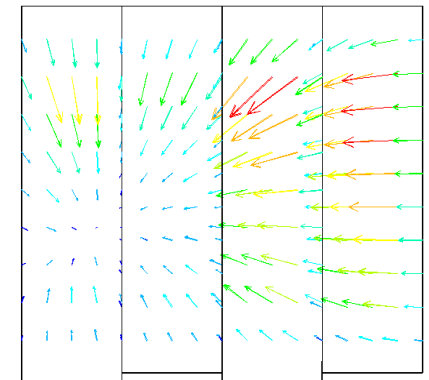


Section A



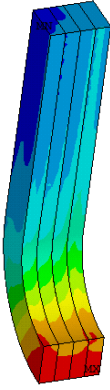

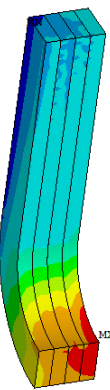

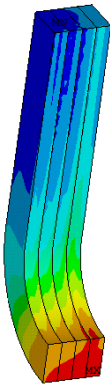
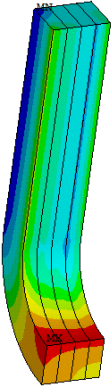
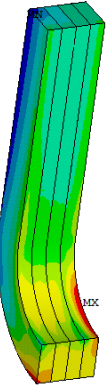

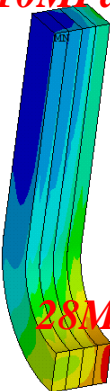
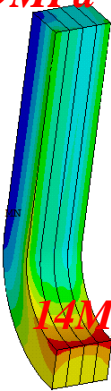
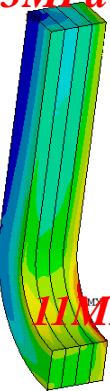

Section B

VECTOR  
.12  
STEP=3  
1 SUB =1  
TIME=3  
2 FMAG  
3 NODE=15988  
MIN=0  
4 MAX=94.349



X Y Z

0 10.483 20.966 31.45 41.933 52.416 62.899 73.383 83.866 94.349

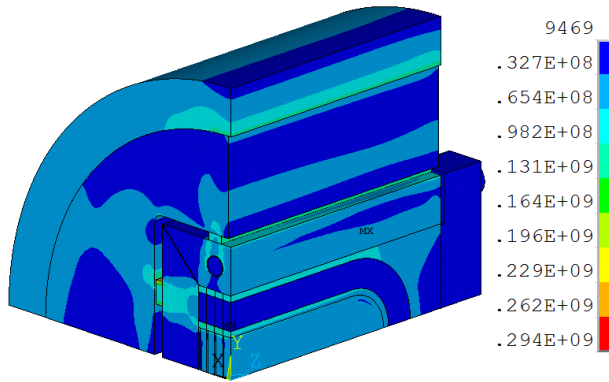
	$\sigma_x$	$\sigma_y$	$\sigma_z$	Mises stress
<p><b>Preloading at room temperature</b></p> <p><b>(Load 1)</b></p>	 <p>-.521E+08 -.476E+08 -.430E+08 -.385E+08 -.340E+08 -.294E+08 -.249E+08 -.204E+08 -.158E+08 -.113E+08</p>	 <p>-.453E+08 -.413E+08 -.373E+08 -.332E+08 -.292E+08 -.252E+08 -.211E+08 -.171E+08 -.131E+08 -.904E+07</p>	 <p>-.261E+08 -.224E+08 -.188E+08 -.152E+08 -.115E+08 -.788E+07 -599166 .304E+07 .668E+07</p>	 <p>.987E+07 .121E+08 .144E+08 .166E+08 .189E+08 .211E+08 .234E+08 .256E+08 .279E+08 .301E+08</p>
<p><b>Cooling down</b></p> <p><b>(Load 2)</b></p>	 <p>-.113E+09 -.101E+09 -.889E+08 -.770E+08 -.651E+08 -.531E+08 -.412E+08 -.293E+08 -.173E+08 -.539E+07</p>	 <p>-.876E+08 -.746E+08 -.616E+08 -.486E+08 -.357E+08 -.227E+08 -.970E+07 .328E+07 .163E+08 .292E+08</p>	 <p>-.703E+07 -.189E+07 .324E+07 .838E+07 .135E+08 .186E+08 .238E+08 .289E+08 .341E+08 .392E+08</p>	 <p>.282E+08 .378E+08 .474E+08 .571E+08 .667E+08 .763E+08 .859E+08 .955E+08 .105E+09 .115E+09</p>
<p><b>Excitation</b></p> <p><b>(Load 3)</b></p>	<p><b>10MPa</b></p>  <p>-.123E+09 -.107E+09 -.908E+08 -.745E+08 -.581E+08 -.418E+08 -.255E+08 -.919E+07 .713E+07 .235E+08</p> <p><b>28MPa</b></p>	<p><b>9MPa</b></p>  <p>-.962E+08 -.806E+08 -.651E+08 -.496E+08 -.341E+08 -.186E+08 -.307E+07 .124E+08 .280E+08 .435E+08</p> <p><b>14MPa</b></p>	<p><b>3MPa</b></p>  <p>-.101E+08 -.336E+07 .337E+07 .101E+08 .168E+08 .236E+08 .303E+08 .370E+08 .437E+08 .505E+08</p> <p><b>11MPa</b></p>	<p><b>1MPa</b></p>  <p>.106E+08 .224E+08 .341E+08 .459E+08 .577E+08 .694E+08 .812E+08 .930E+08 .105E+09 .116E+09</p> <p><b>18MPa</b></p>

**Rmore=0.0005**  
**f=0.2**

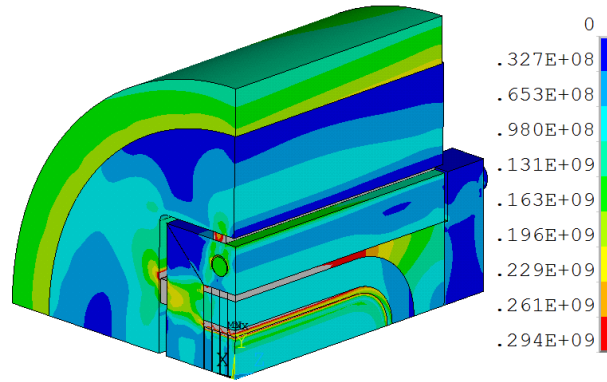
# R&D Steps for 20T Dipole Magnet 2016-18

K. Zhang, C. Wang et al.

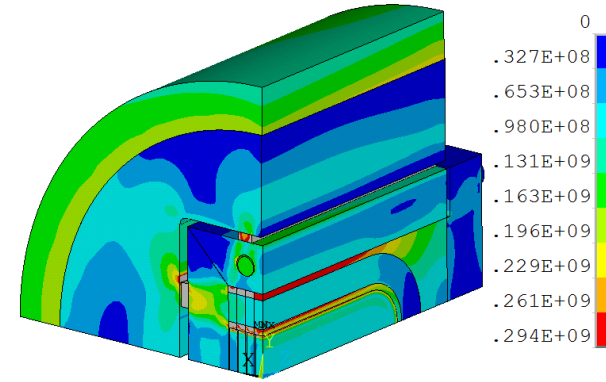
## Mechanical analysis



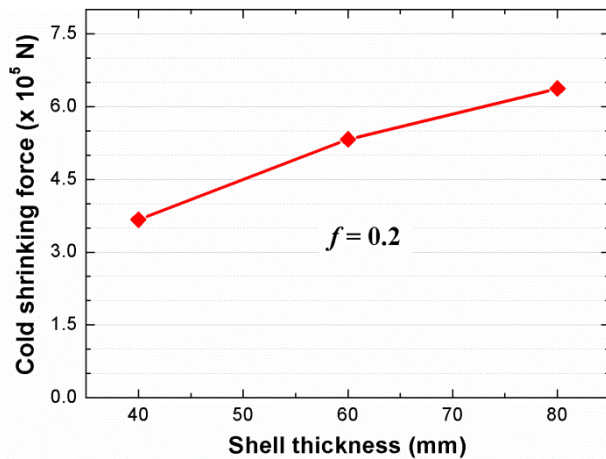
Von-mises stress after load 1  
(interference analysis)



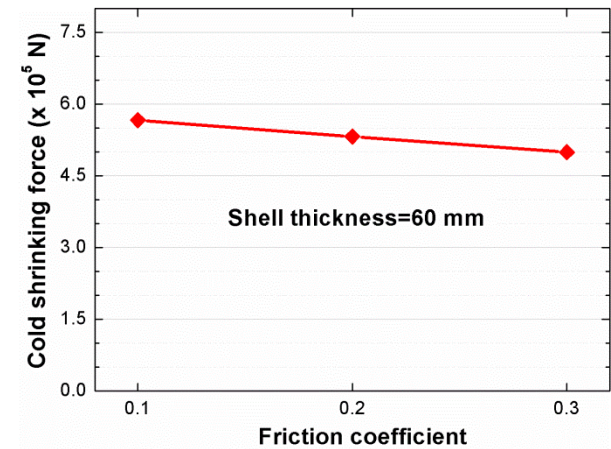
Von-mises stress after load 2  
(cool down)



Von-mises stress after load 3  
(excitation)



$R_{\text{more}} = 0.0005; f = 0.2$



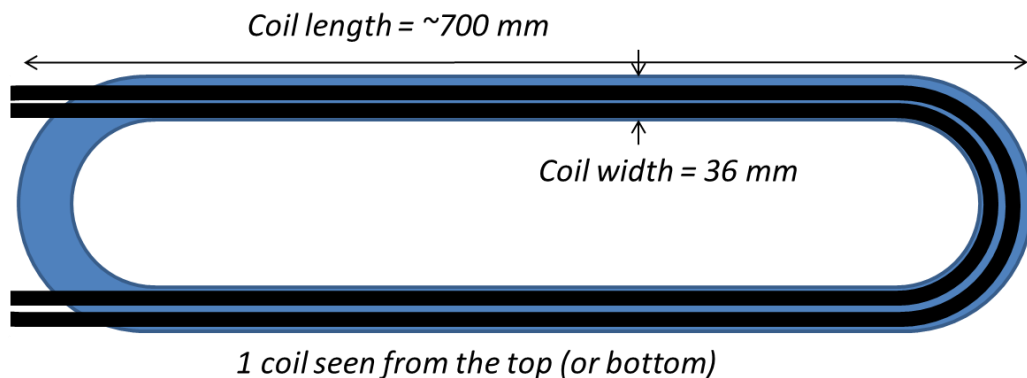
*Kai Zhang, Chengtao Wang, Qingjin Xu, Zian Zhu, Yingzhe Wang, Da Cheng, Ershuai Kong, Feipeng Ning, Meifen Wang, Ling Zhao, Wei Zhao, and Quanling Peng, "Mechanical Design of FECD1 at IHEP: a 12-T Hybrid Common-coil Dipole Magnet" 2016 Applied Superconductivity Conference. September. 2016*



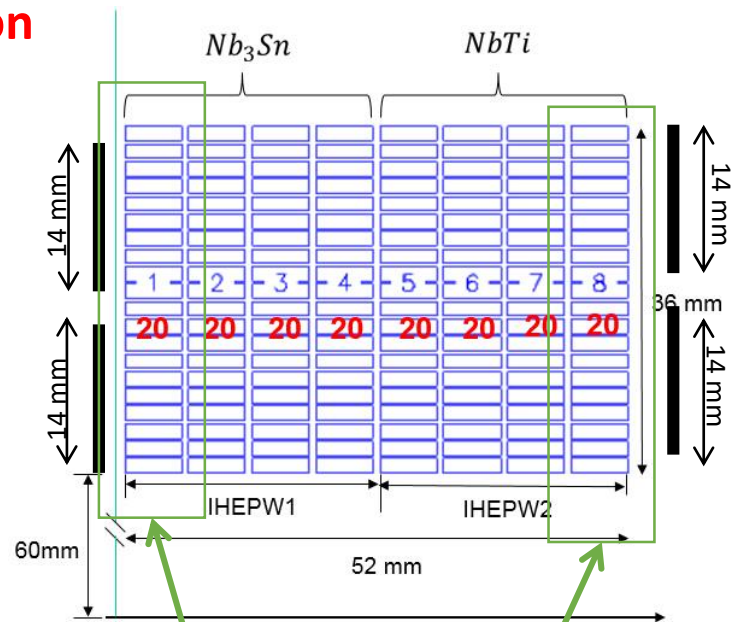
# R&D Steps for 20T Dipole Magnet 2016-18

T. Salmi (TUT), D. Cheng et al.

## Quench protection



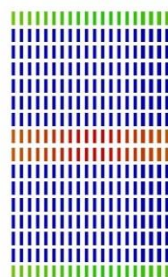
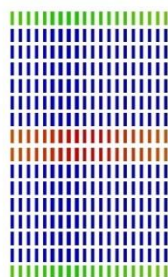
- 4 strips / coil, like in picture, each 14 mm wide
- 2 strips connected in parallel to 1 HFU – peak power 100 W/cm<sup>2</sup> and tau = 30 ms
- Dump resistor with 90 mOhm
- **Detection delay = 20 ms** -> 20 ms after initial quench dump and heaters are activated



Heater delay  
for this layer  
= 10 ms

Heater delay  
for this layer  
= 20 ms

Other turns do not quench!

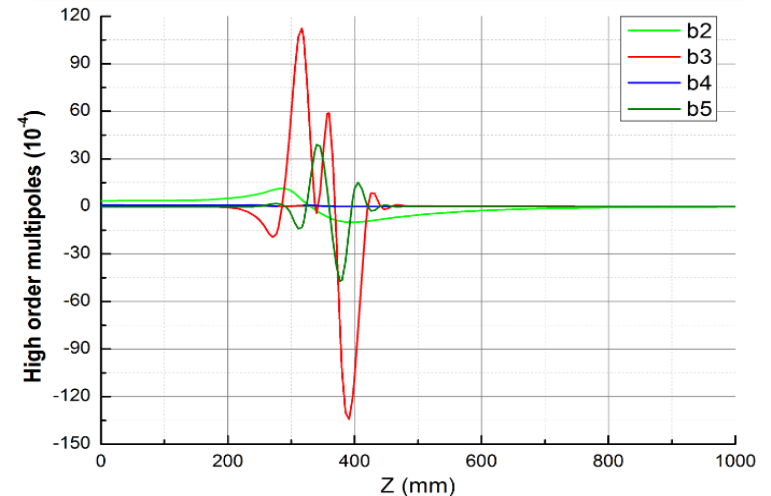
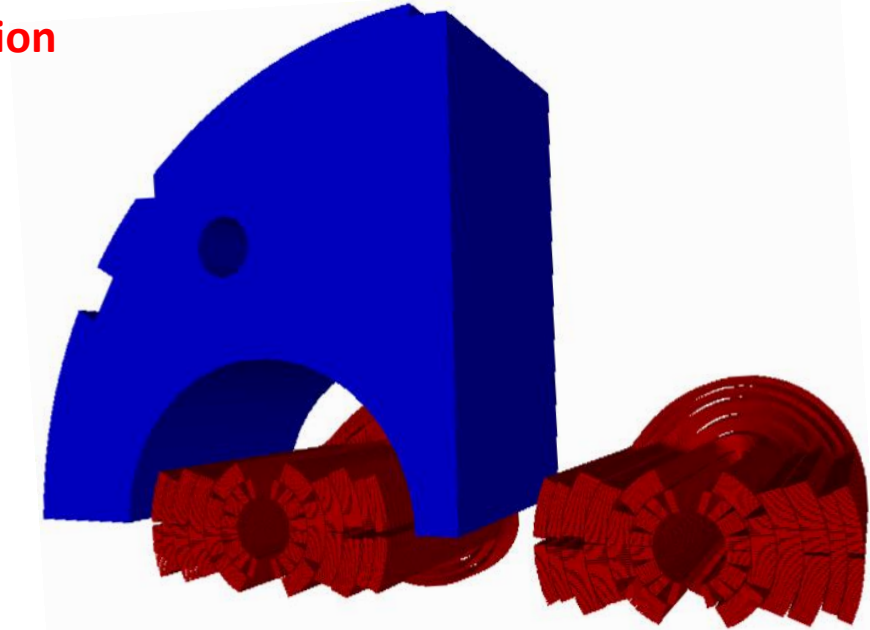


# R&D Steps for 20T Dipole Magnet 2016-18

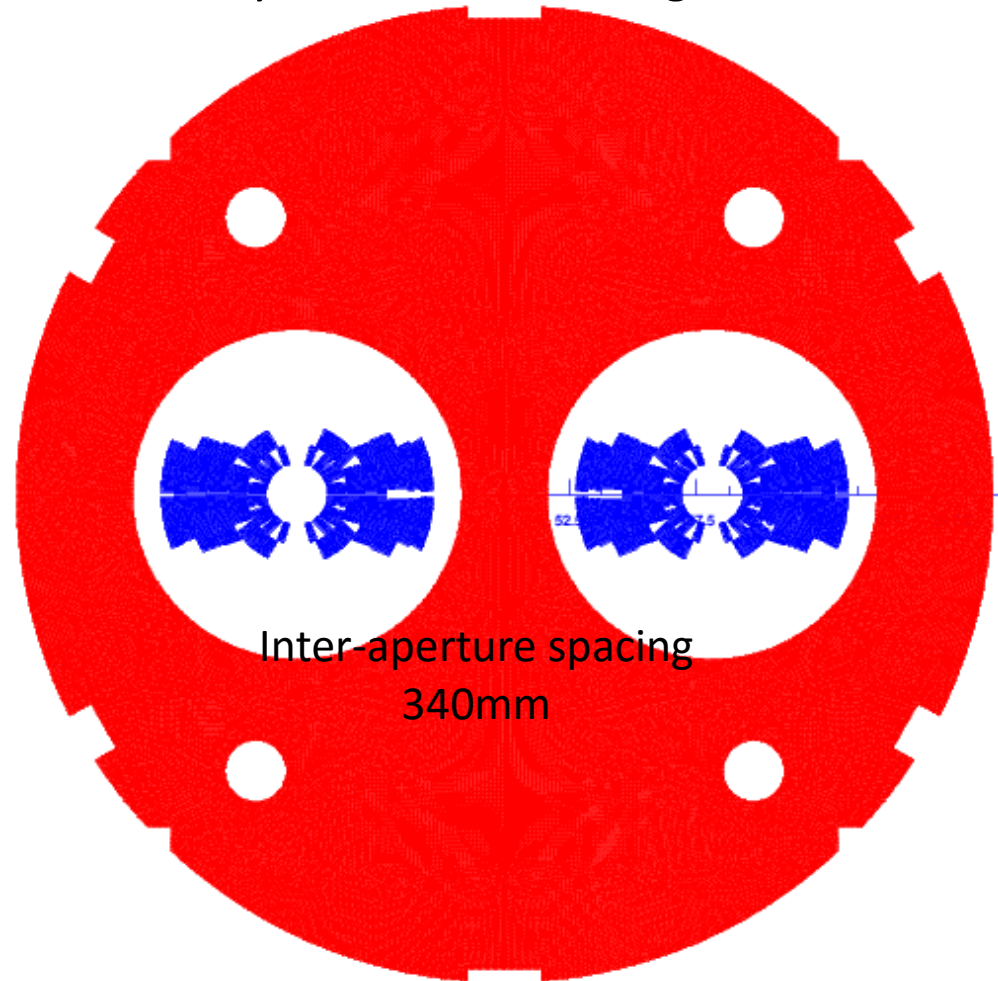
C. Wang et al.

**Cos-theta option**

20-T cos-theta 2-in-1 dipole magnet with asymmetric coil configuration



High-order harmonics along axis for the optimized coil ends ( Rref = 17 mm)



Inter-aperture spacing  
340mm

Aperture 2\* 50 mm; Iron OD 800mm

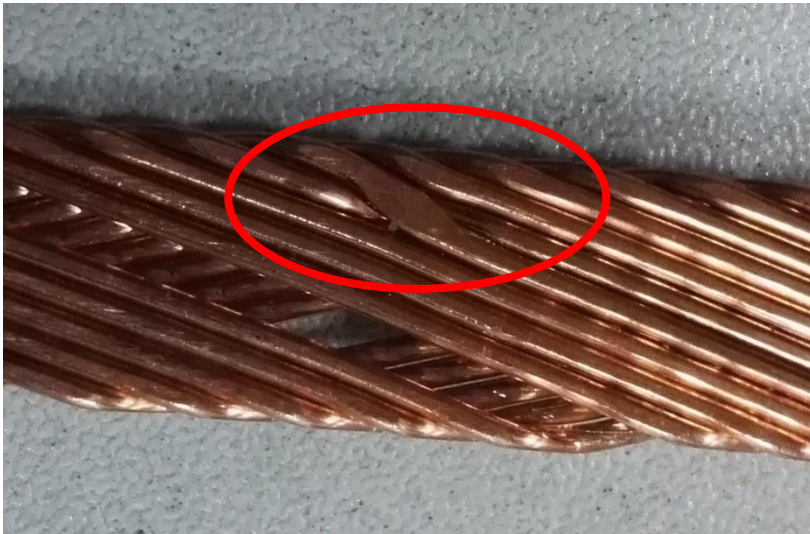


# Development Status: Rutherford Cable

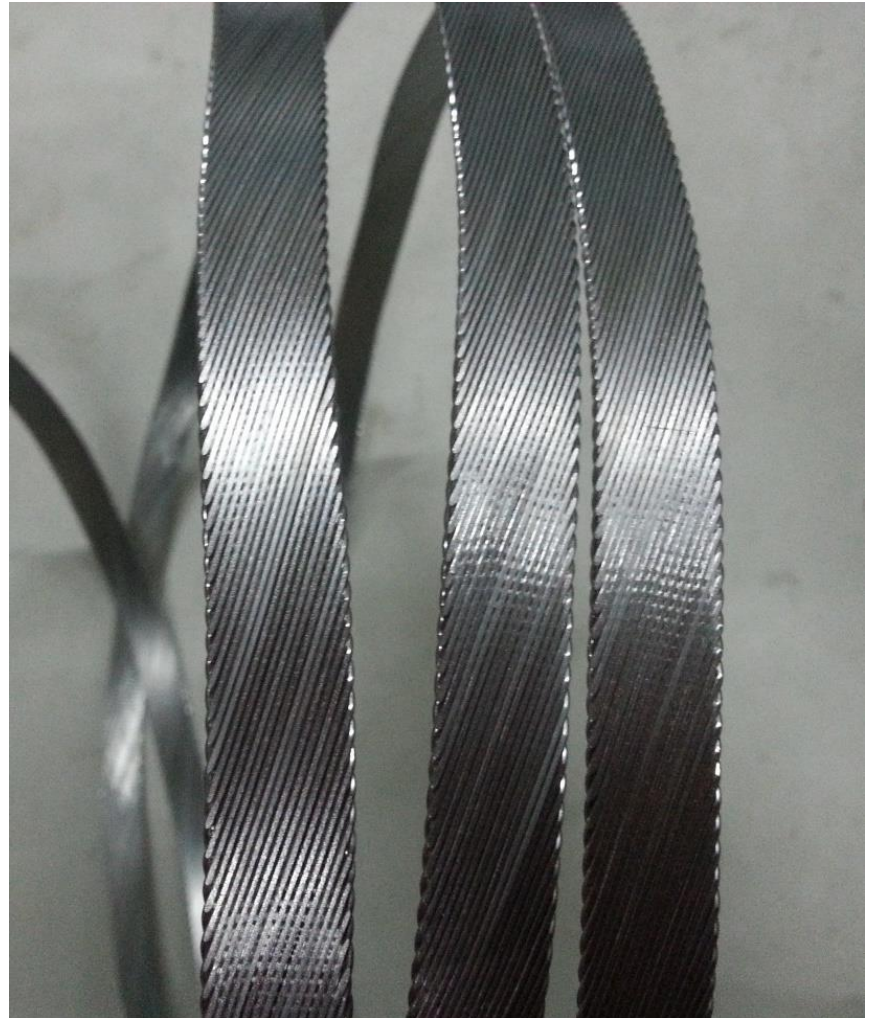
Y Zhu, Y Li et al.

Reminder

*Collaboration between WST, Toly Electric, Changtong Electric and IHEP*



Superconducting Rutherford Cable fabricated by Toly Electric with WST Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn strand



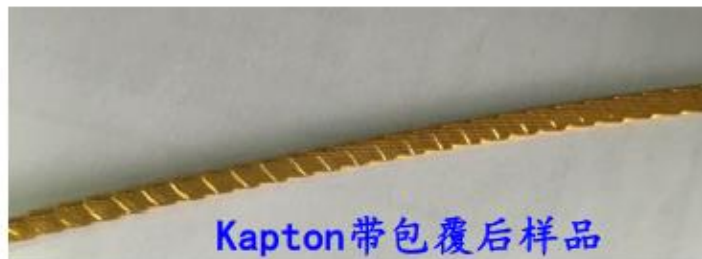
Superconducting Rutherford Cable fabricated by Changtong Electric with WST Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn strand

# Development Status: Rutherford Cable

Y Li et al.

*Collaboration between WST, Toly Electric, Changtong Electric and IHEP*

西部超导 11股\* $\Phi$ 0.70mm



11股\* $\Phi$ 0.74mm





# Development Status: Rutherford Cable

Y Li et al.

*Collaboration between WST, Toly Electric, Changtong Electric and IHEP*

西部超导

11股卢瑟福缆性能对比

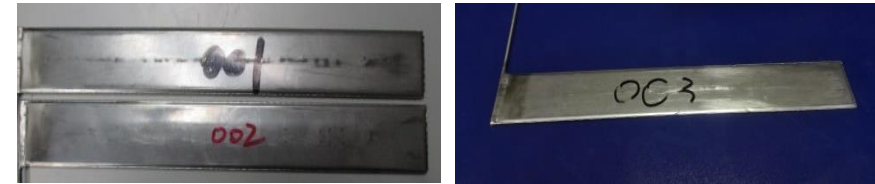
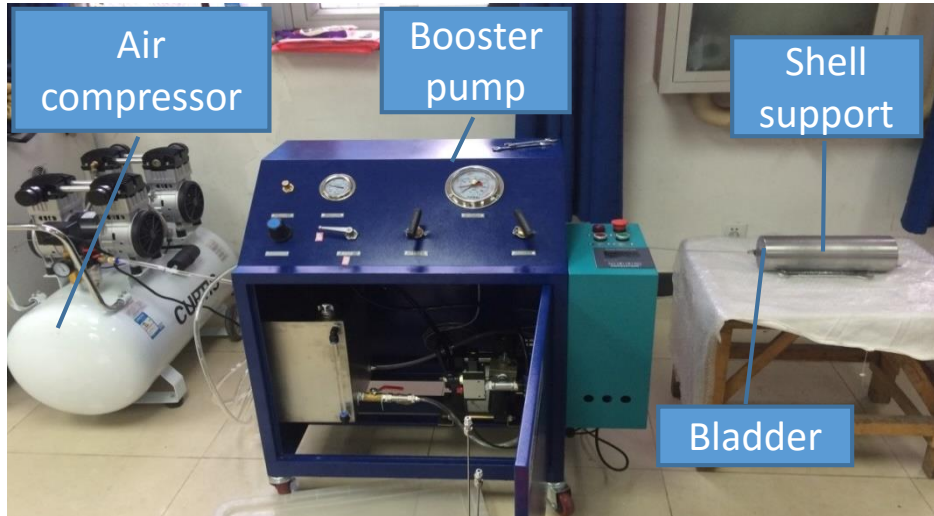
<b><i>NbTi cables</i></b>	<b>11股*0.70mm</b>		<b>11股*0.74mm</b>	
填充率	87.0%		91.8%	
性能	Ic (A)		Ic (A)	
	5T	7T	5T	7T
绞缆前	314.8	195.6	375.2	228.4
绞缆后	305.0	189.0	358.2	218.1
绞缆前后 Ic损降(%)	3.1	3.4	4.5	4.5

*Fabrication and test of Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn cables are ongoing*

# Development Status: Bladder

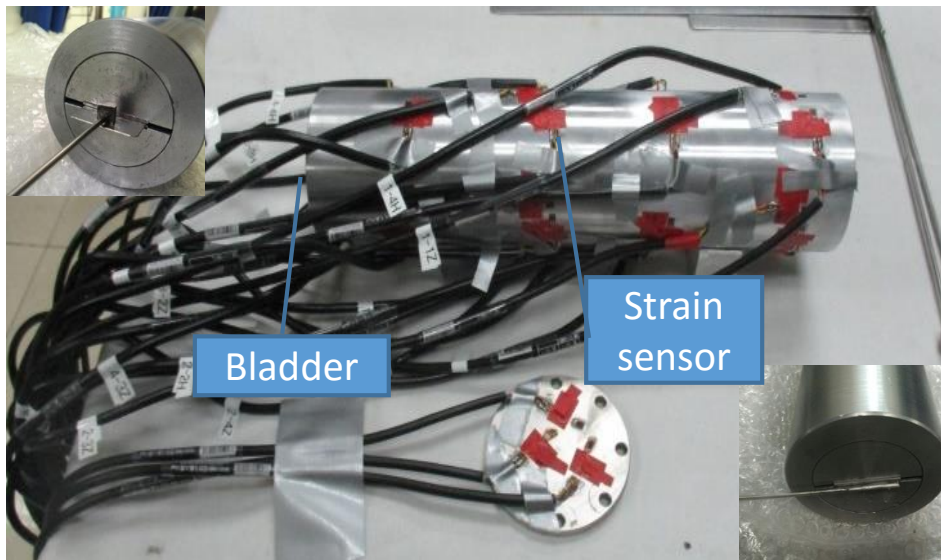
K. Zhang, C. Wang et al.

*Collaboration between AVIC (中航工业北京航空材料研究院) and IHEP* **Reminder**



## Test results of bladder 001-004

Bladder No.	Water pressure (MPa)
# 001	35
# 002	45
# 003	26
# 004	35

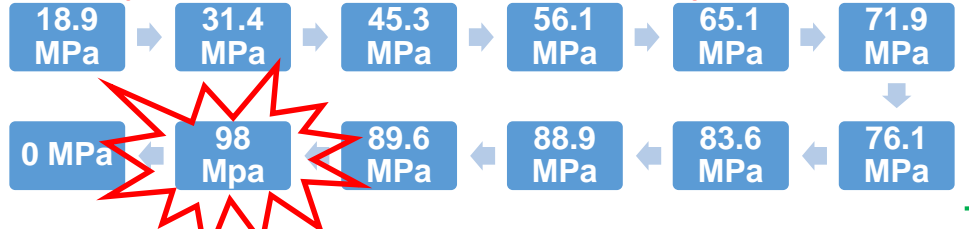
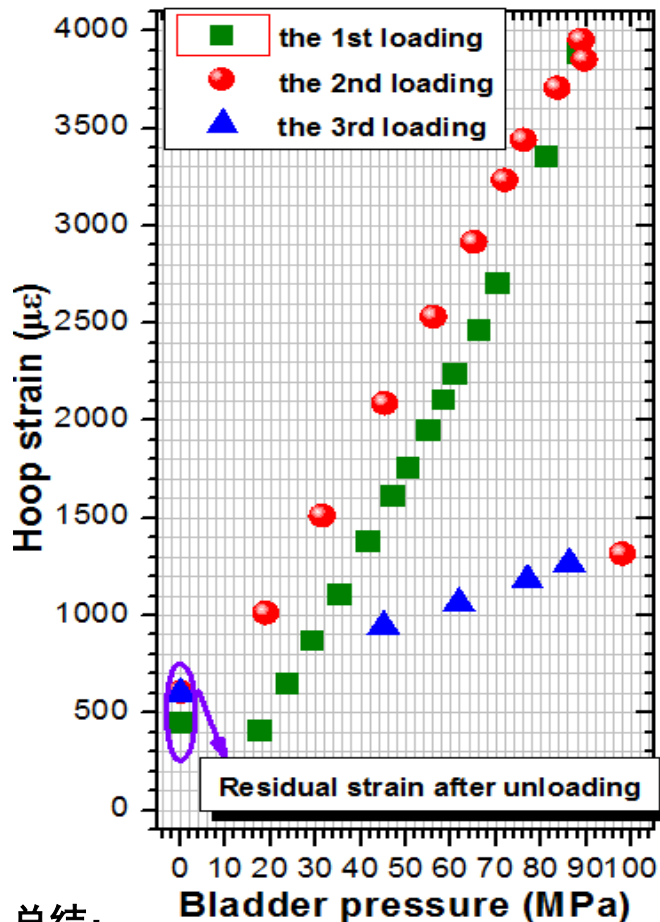


- The present thickness of the shim and round tube is **0.3 mm**.
- Leak always appear at the welding area between the shim and round tube.
- To increase the thickness of the shim and round tube to **0.5 mm** for the new bladders.

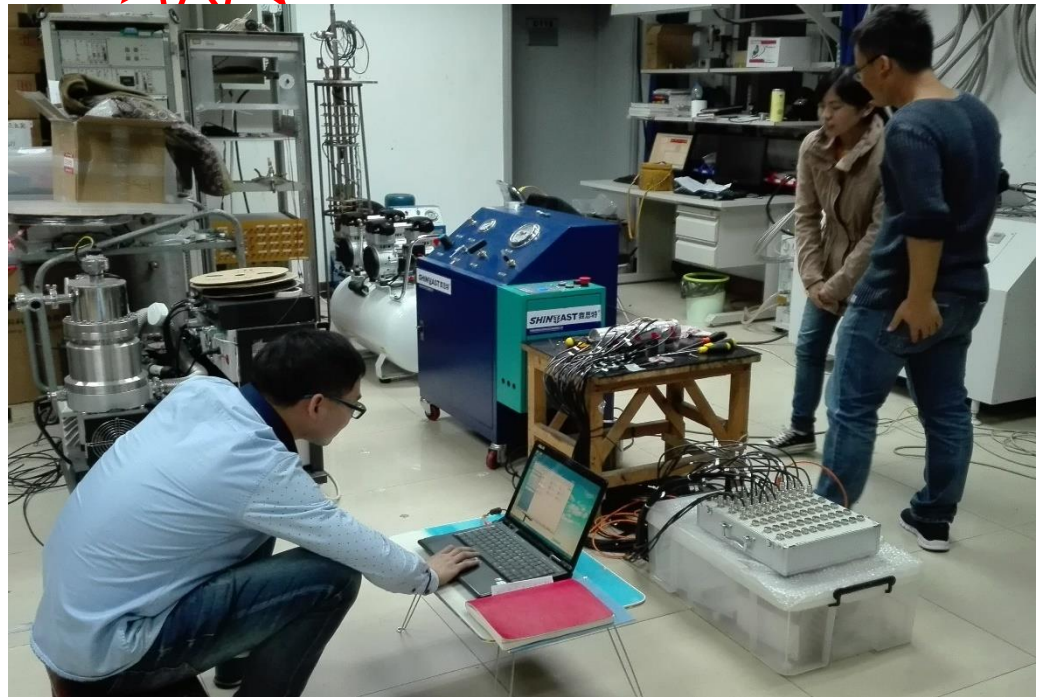
# Development Status: Bladder

K. Zhang, C. Wang et al.

Collaboration between AVIC (中航工业北京航空材料研究院) and IHEP Reminder



第二次水压加载



总结:

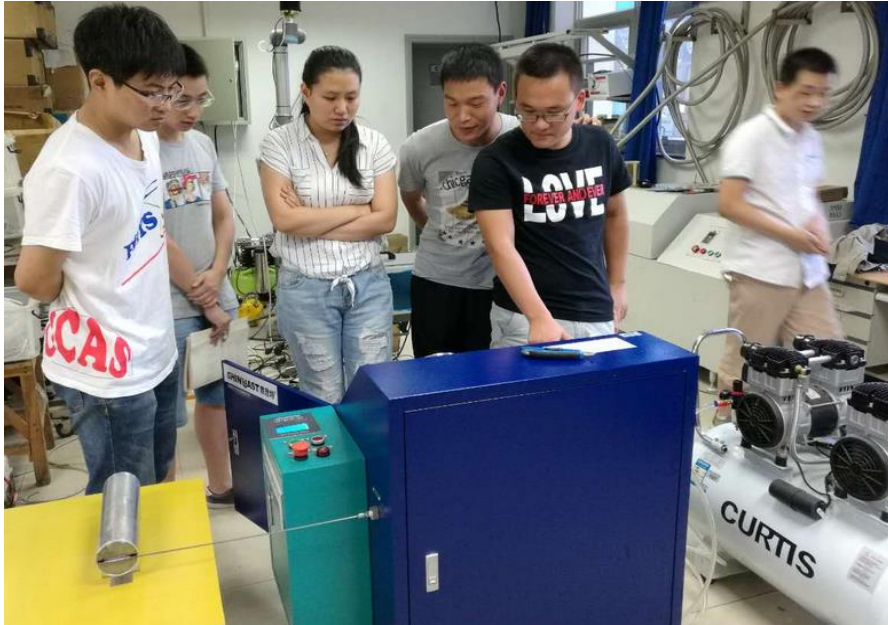
- 第一次水压试验压力连续加载至88 MPa, bladder无泄漏、压力可以稳定维持、应变仪读数稳定;
- 第二次水压试验压力连续加载至89.6 MPa, bladder无泄漏、压力可稳定维持, 更改气泵的最大供气压力后, 由于设置失误水压瞬间冲高至98 MPa, bladder发生泄漏, 此后压力在泄漏的状况下可以稳定在96 Mpa左右;
- 第三次水压试验是为了测试bladder在已经发生泄漏后的再次加载性能, 可以发现bladder依然可以从零稳定加压至77 Mpa, 加载到86.3 Mpa后压力略有细微波动, 但基本能保持住。



# Development Status: Bladder

K. Zhang, C. Wang et al.

**Latest progress: 102 Mpa achieved!!**

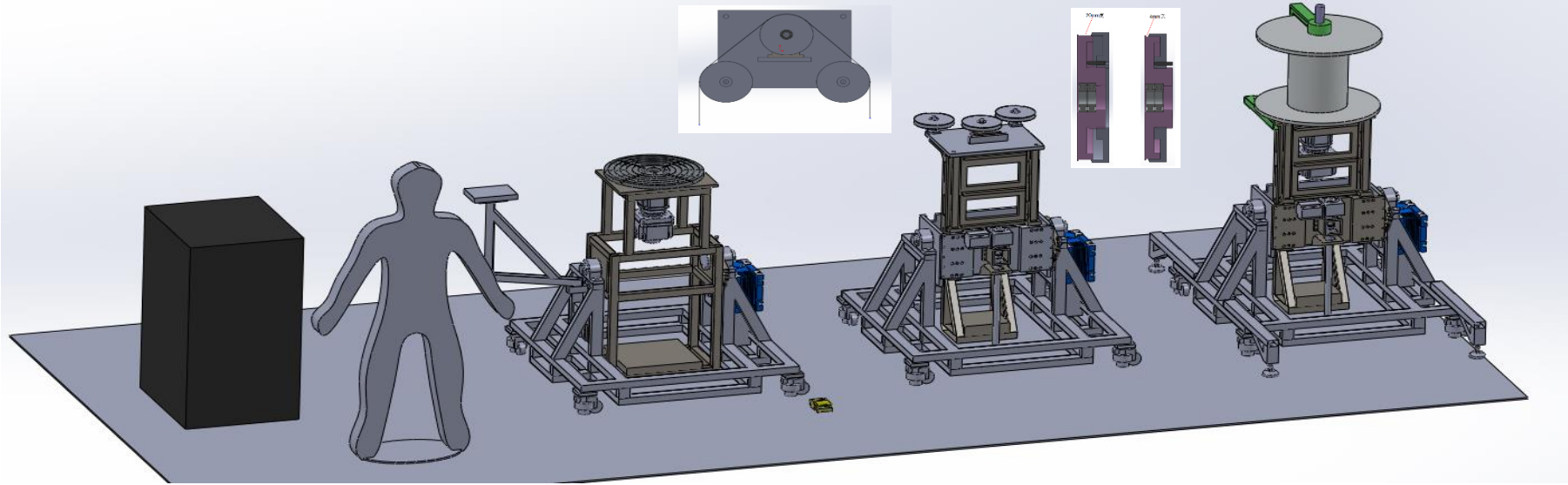




# Development Status: Winding Machine

*Collaboration between SSTC and IHEP*

Can wind the coil on horizontal surface, vertical surface or canted surfaces (-45~90 degree)





# National Collaboration

## 高温与高场超导材料及其应用技术研讨会

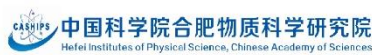
2016.4.28-29 中国·上海



主办单位：中科院高能物理研究所



协办单位：上海交通大学 中科院合肥物质科学研究所



承办单位：上海超导科技股份有限公司



# International Collaboration

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**With LBNL:** send students to Berkeley to work with US colleagues on the high field magnet R&D for SPPC, specially on Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn and HTS magnet development.

1<sup>st</sup> student: Kai Zhang, depart to Berkeley next month and stay one year.

**With BNL:** send young staff to Brookhaven to work with US colleagues on the high field magnet R&D for SPPC, Specially on HTS coil development.

1<sup>st</sup> staff: Qing Li, depart to Brookhaven this month and stay 2 months.

**With CERN:** Visit CERN next month with WST and IPP colleagues to discuss the possibility of participating the HL-LHC project, fabricating high field magnets and current leads for HL-LHC.

**With TUT (Finland):** Setting up formal collaboration between two sides on advanced quench protection methods for high field magnets. Tiina Salmi visited IHEP last month (Aug. 14-27)

# Next steps

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## ➤ **Development of the 12~15T model magnets**

- R&D and production of High  $J_c$  Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn and HTS conductors
- Cabling of Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn and HTS conductors
- Coil fabrication (winding, heat reaction, impregnation, joints)
- Quench protection of the Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn and HTS coils
- Field quality optimization of the HTS dipole magnets
- Mechanical analysis and support structure assembly
- Cold test of the magnets (magnetic field, field quality, quench behavior)

## ➤ **Advanced HTS conductors R&D and quality evaluation**

- R&D of high- $J_c$  & Low-cost HTS superconductors: Iron-based, ReBCO and Bi-2212)
- Quality evaluation of the HTS superconductors:  $J_c$ , mechanical and dynamic behaviors, model coil fabrication and test with high background field



*Thanks*