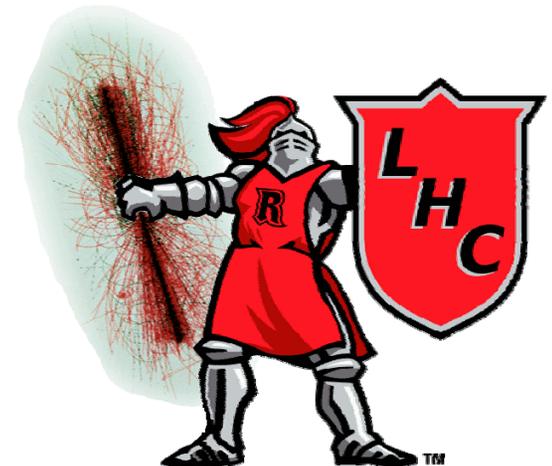


# Beyond Standard Model: Exotic Searches @LHC

Sunil Somalwar

Rutgers University

**Lepton Photon XXVIII 2017  
(SYSU/IHEP)  
Guangzhou, China  
August, 2017**



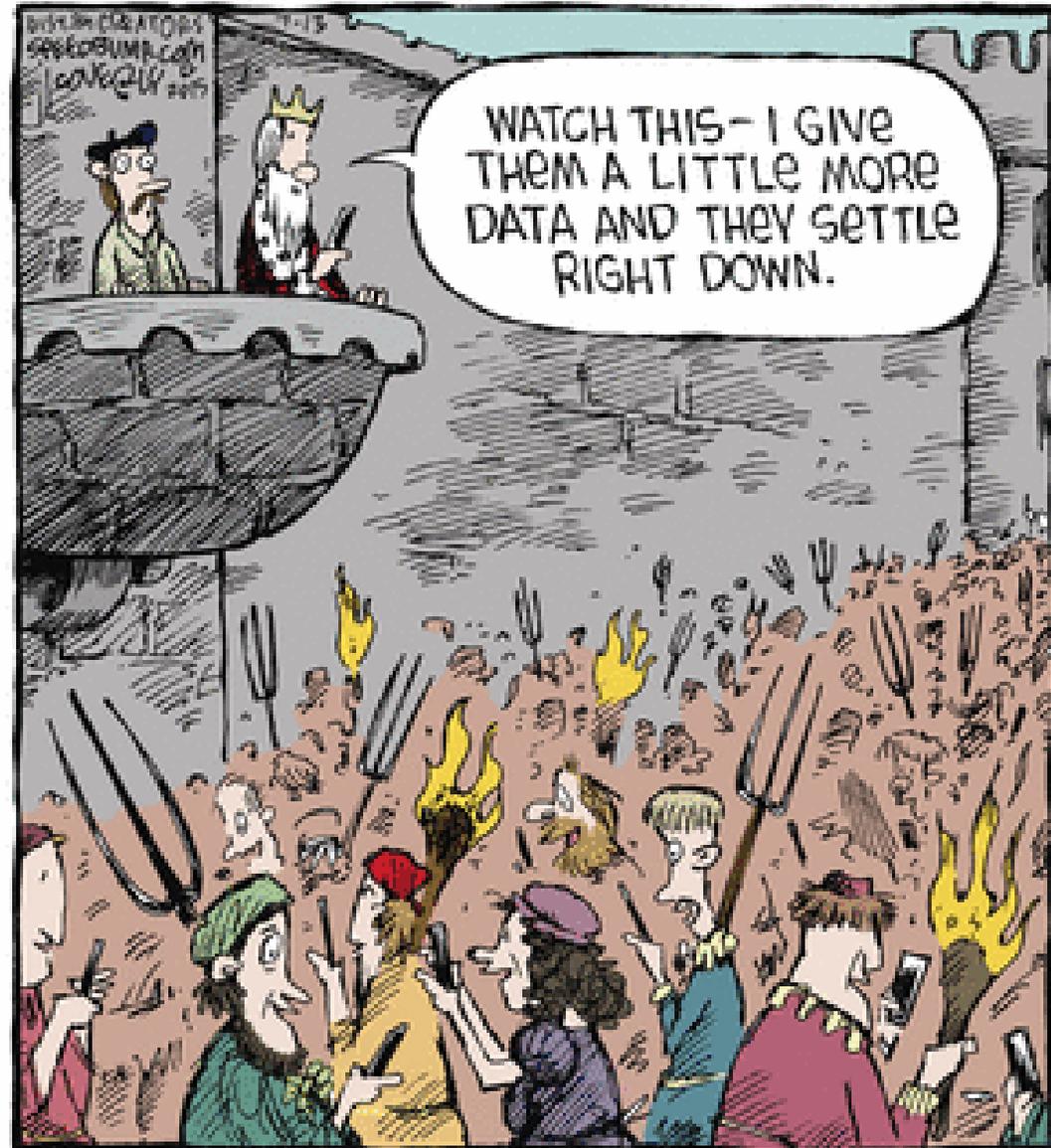
# Exotic Searches Backdrop: the Machine

- LHC has been running well!

- $\sim 35/\text{pb}$  to  $\sim 35/\text{fb}$  in a few years.

- So what have we learnt?

(Besides that new physics is not hadronic, so we can't find it by measuring how hot the beam pipe is.)

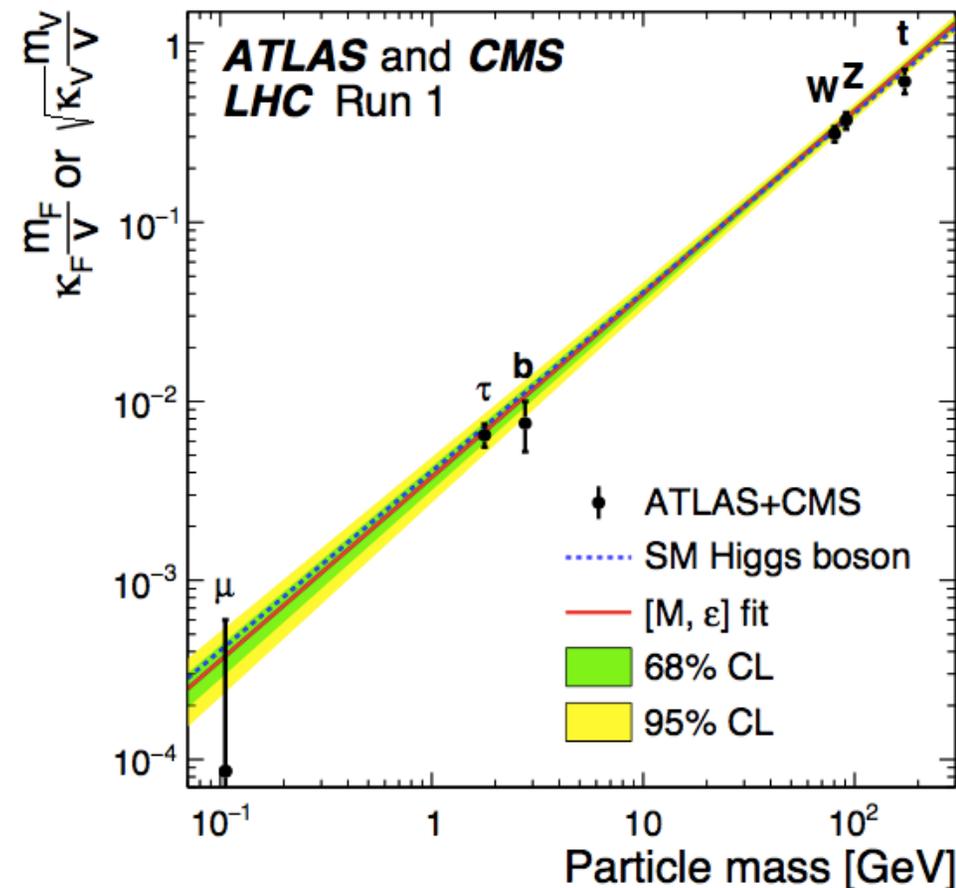


# Exotic Searches Backdrop: ~~the~~ Higgs



- Higgs boson is a well-behaved child of the Standard Model.
  - It is  $0^+$
  - Has the right couplings.
- But is it the only child?  
(a Higgs or *the* Higgs?)

Coupling vs particle mass



Red: best fit, Dashed: SM (theory)

# Exotic Searches Backdrop: SUSY

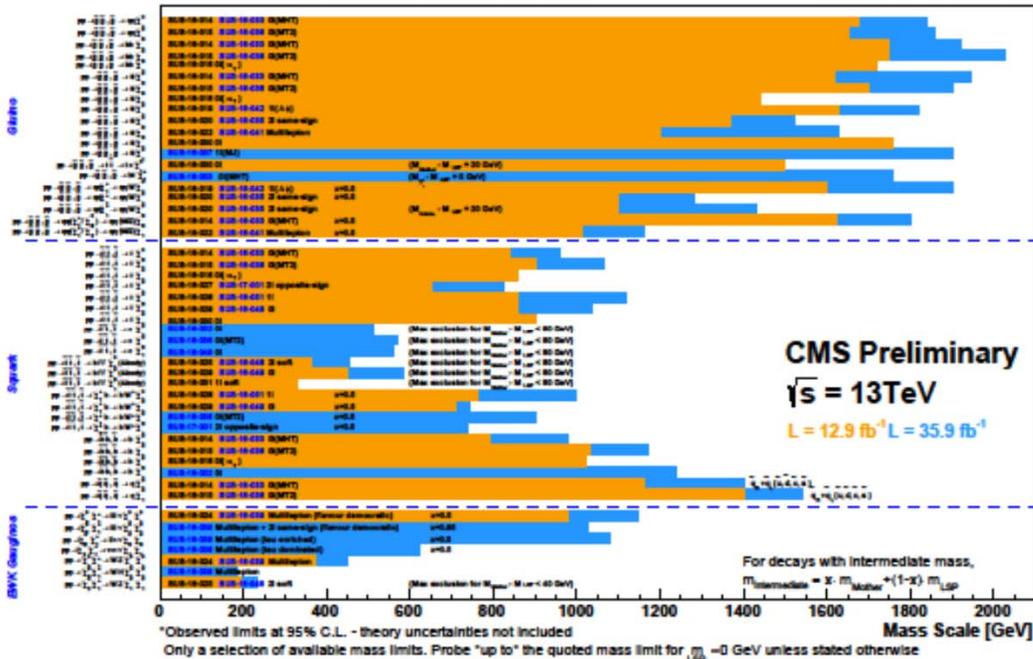
## “Slepton-Photon” 2019??

ATLAS SUSY Searches\* - 95% CL Lower Limits  
May 2017

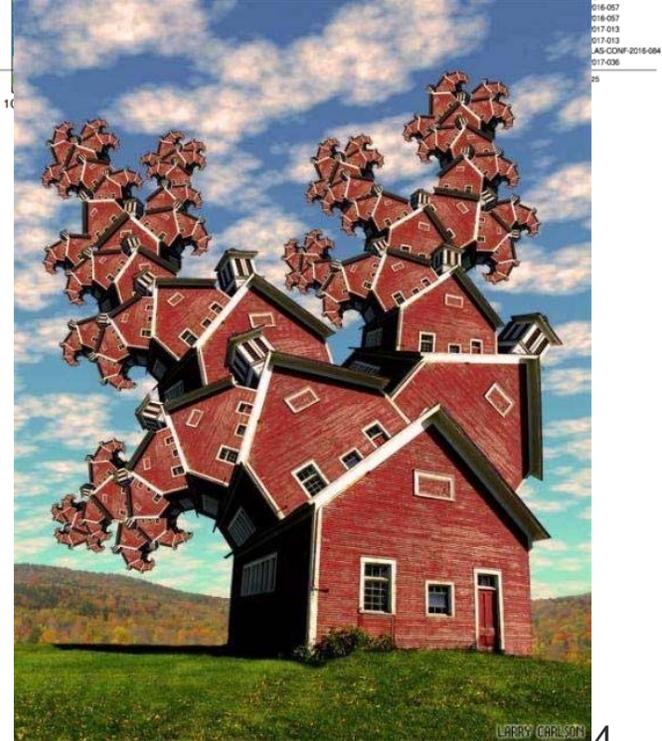
Model	$\epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	Jets	$E_{T}^{\text{miss}}$	$f_{\text{L}} d(\text{fb}^{-1})$	Mass limit	$\sqrt{s} = 7, 8 \text{ TeV}$	$\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$	Reference
MSUGRA/CMSSM	$0.3 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	2-10 jets	3	Yes 20.3	1.05 TeV	1.05 TeV	1.05 TeV	1507.0525
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	36.1	1.97 TeV	1.97 TeV	1.97 TeV	ATLAS CONF-2017-022
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$ (compressed)	mono-jet	1-3 jets	Yes	3.2	608 GeV	608 GeV	608 GeV	1604.07773
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	36.1	2.02 TeV	2.02 TeV	2.02 TeV	ATLAS CONF-2017-022
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	36.1	2.01 TeV	2.01 TeV	2.01 TeV	ATLAS CONF-2017-022
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	36.1	1.825 TeV	1.825 TeV	1.825 TeV	ATLAS CONF-2017-030
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	36.1	1.8 TeV	1.8 TeV	1.8 TeV	ATLAS CONF-2017-033
GMSB ( $\tilde{L}$ NLSP)	$1.2 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	0-2 jets	Yes	3.2	2.0 TeV	2.0 TeV	2.0 TeV	1607.05979
GGM (bino NLSP)	$2 \gamma$	7	1.6	Yes 3.2	1.85 TeV	1.85 TeV	1.85 TeV	1508.05150
GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	$2 \gamma$	7	1.6	Yes 20.3	1.37 TeV	1.37 TeV	1.37 TeV	1507.05493
GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	$2 \gamma$	7	2 jets	Yes 13.3	1.8 TeV	1.8 TeV	1.8 TeV	ATLAS CONF-2016-066
GGM (higgsino NLSP)	$2 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	2 jets	Yes	20.3	900 GeV	900 GeV	900 GeV	1503.02390
Gravitino LSP	0	mono-jet	Yes	20.3	965 GeV	965 GeV	965 GeV	1502.05138
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	0	3 jets	Yes	36.1	1.30 TeV	1.30 TeV	1.30 TeV	ATLAS CONF-2017-021
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	0	3 jets	Yes	36.1	1.37 TeV	1.37 TeV	1.37 TeV	ATLAS CONF-2017-021
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	0	3 jets	Yes	36.1	1.37 TeV	1.37 TeV	1.37 TeV	1407.0660
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	0	2 jets	Yes	36.1	800 GeV	800 GeV	800 GeV	ATLAS CONF-2017-038
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	$2 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	1 jet	Yes	36.1	278-700 GeV	278-700 GeV	278-700 GeV	ATLAS CONF-2017-030
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	$0.2 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	1-2 jets	Yes	4.7/13.3	117-170 GeV	117-170 GeV	117-170 GeV	1209.2162, ATLAS CONF-2016-077
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	$0.2 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3/38.1	90-196 GeV	90-196 GeV	90-196 GeV	1508.0816, ATLAS CONF-2017-030
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	0	mono-jet	Yes	3.2	90-323 GeV	90-323 GeV	90-323 GeV	1504.07773
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	$2 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	1 jet	Yes	20.3	150-400 GeV	150-400 GeV	150-400 GeV	1403.0222
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	$3 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	1 jet	Yes	36.1	290-790 GeV	290-790 GeV	290-790 GeV	ATLAS CONF-2017-019
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	$1.2 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	4 jets	Yes	36.1	320-880 GeV	320-880 GeV	320-880 GeV	ATLAS CONF-2017-019
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	$2 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	0	Yes	36.1	90-940 GeV	90-940 GeV	90-940 GeV	ATLAS CONF-2017-039
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	$2 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	0	Yes	36.1	710 GeV	710 GeV	710 GeV	ATLAS CONF-2017-039
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	$2 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	0	Yes	36.1	700 GeV	700 GeV	700 GeV	ATLAS CONF-2017-035
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	$2 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	0	Yes	36.1	1.16 TeV	1.16 TeV	1.16 TeV	ATLAS CONF-2017-039
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	$2 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	0	Yes	20.3	270 GeV	270 GeV	270 GeV	1501.07110
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	$2 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	0	Yes	20.3	635 GeV	635 GeV	635 GeV	1408.05086
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	$2 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	0	Yes	20.3	115-370 GeV	115-370 GeV	115-370 GeV	1507.05493
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	$2 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	0	Yes	20.3	390 GeV	390 GeV	390 GeV	1507.05493
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	Disappearing tracks	1 jet	Yes	36.1	430 GeV	430 GeV	430 GeV	ATLAS CONF-2017-017
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	Disappearing tracks	0 jets	Yes	18.4	493 GeV	493 GeV	493 GeV	1506.03332
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	1-6 jets	Yes	27.9	650 GeV	650 GeV	650 GeV	1310.0504	
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	1-6 jets	Yes	19.1	1.50 TeV	1.50 TeV	1.50 TeV	1604.04320	
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	1-6 jets	Yes	19.1	537 GeV	537 GeV	537 GeV	1411.0795	
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	1-6 jets	Yes	20.3	440 GeV	440 GeV	440 GeV	1408.0542	
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	disappearing tracks	0 jets	Yes	20.3	1.0 TeV	1.0 TeV	1.0 TeV	1504.05162
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	disappearing tracks	0 jets	Yes	20.3	1.0 TeV	1.0 TeV	1.0 TeV	1504.05162
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	$2 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	0	Yes	3.2	1.8 TeV	1.8 TeV	1.8 TeV	1607.06079
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	$2 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	0	Yes	20.3	1.40 TeV	1.40 TeV	1.40 TeV	1454.0500
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	$3 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	0	Yes	20.3	1.14 TeV	1.14 TeV	1.14 TeV	ATLAS CONF-2016-075
$\tilde{g}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \text{jet} \tilde{q}$	$3 \epsilon, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	0	Yes	20.3	450 GeV	450 GeV	450 GeV	1405.05096

ATLAS Preliminary  
 $\sqrt{s} = 7, 8, 13 \text{ TeV}$

Selected CMS SUSY Results\* - SMS Interpretation ICHEP '16 - Moriond '17



House of susy signatures → squarks/gluinos, electroweak...



# Talk Plan

---

- SUSY = signature **egalite**, exotics =signature **liberte**
- SUSY searches going up the mass beanstalk tree ☹ ☹.
- Exotica **fraternite** must find new physics!
- Practical definition by today's agenda:  
Exotics = .NOT. (SM Higgs, BSM Higgs, SUSY)
- Recent 36/fb BSM results, *roughly organized by signature classes*, little emphasis on models.

# One slide on models

(What if one of the searches finds an excess?)

---

- **ED, ADD**: ADD model has  $4+n$  dimensions but only gravity in Extra Dimensions. Exchanged virtual KK graviton modifies SM.
- **Dark Matter @ collider**: Brute force version of the SUSY LSP (neutralino). Invisible DM pair decay of a  $Z'$ -like mediator against a hefty ISR recoil which acts as a proxy for detection. More in Oliver Buchmueller's talk next.
- **$W'/Z'/HVT$** : Simplified Heavy Vector Triplet model(s) for  $W'/Z'$ . Model B is Fermiphobic, Model A: gauge bosons and fermions
- **VLQ/VLL**: Vector like quarks/leptons. Workaround for particles formerly known as 4<sup>th</sup> generation. BR's are free parameters, e.g.  $b' \rightarrow tW, bZ, bH$ . Single or pair-produced.
- **Seesaw**: Heavy partners who keep neutrinos light. Several models bring the mass down from Planck scale to LHC. Prolific processes to generate them in association with leptons,  $W/Z/H$ .

# Exotics: Search Tools

---

- **Jets/HT:**
  - Number of jets (above 30 GeV, say)
  - HT = sum of Jet Pt's
  - ST = sum of all relevant transverse quantities, effective mass
  - B tagged jets
- (Variable formerly known as) missing ET
- Photons, muons, electrons, (hadronic) tau's
- Kinematics
  - Invariant masses (resonances), edges, etc
  - Fancy variables now subsumed by kinematics on Viagra (MVA:ANN, BDT..)
- Smart objects
  - Particle flow
  - Substructure
- Finite lifetimes, displaced tracking,  $dE/dx$ , etc

## Classic hadronic results

- Low Signal/Background, but oodles of signal due to color production. Hard selections, boosts....
- Data-driven backgrounds determination from sidebands (Unless MET → Z(invisible))

# Dijet rapidity spread

(CMS EXO 16-046 ATLAS arXiv:1703.09127)

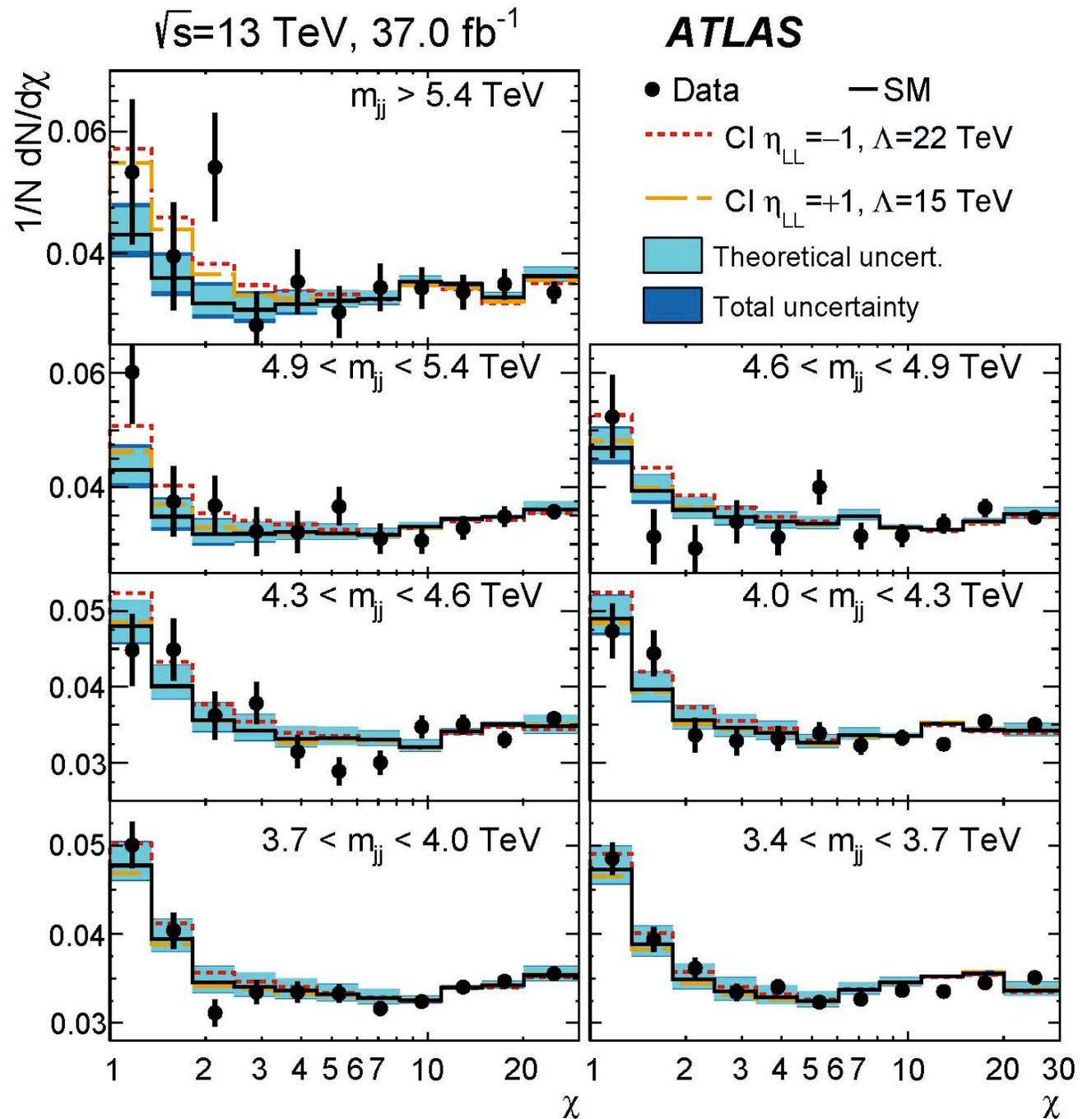
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- Signature:  $\chi = e^{(y_1 - y_2)}$  for the two leading jets
- $\chi$  flattens Rutherford scattering (a la Dalitz plot)
- Background: QCD
- Systematics:
  - Select easy  $M_{jj} < 3\text{TeV}$ :
    - high statistics, but  $\sim 4\%$  Jet Energy & QCD NLO scale
  - Select hard:  $M_{jj} > 6\text{TeV}$ :
    - Low statistics  $\sim 25\%$

# Dijet rapidity spread

CMS  
EXO 16-046

ATLAS  
arXiv:1703.09127



# Dijet rapidity spread

(CMS EXO 16-046 ATLAS arXiv:1703.09127)

---

## Physics/Models:

- Quark contact interaction (particle substructure, back to the future with Rutherford/Bjorken-Kendall-Friedman)

Limits:  $\Lambda$  10-20 TeV

LHC recreates  $\sim 1$ -10 picosecond after big bang to address

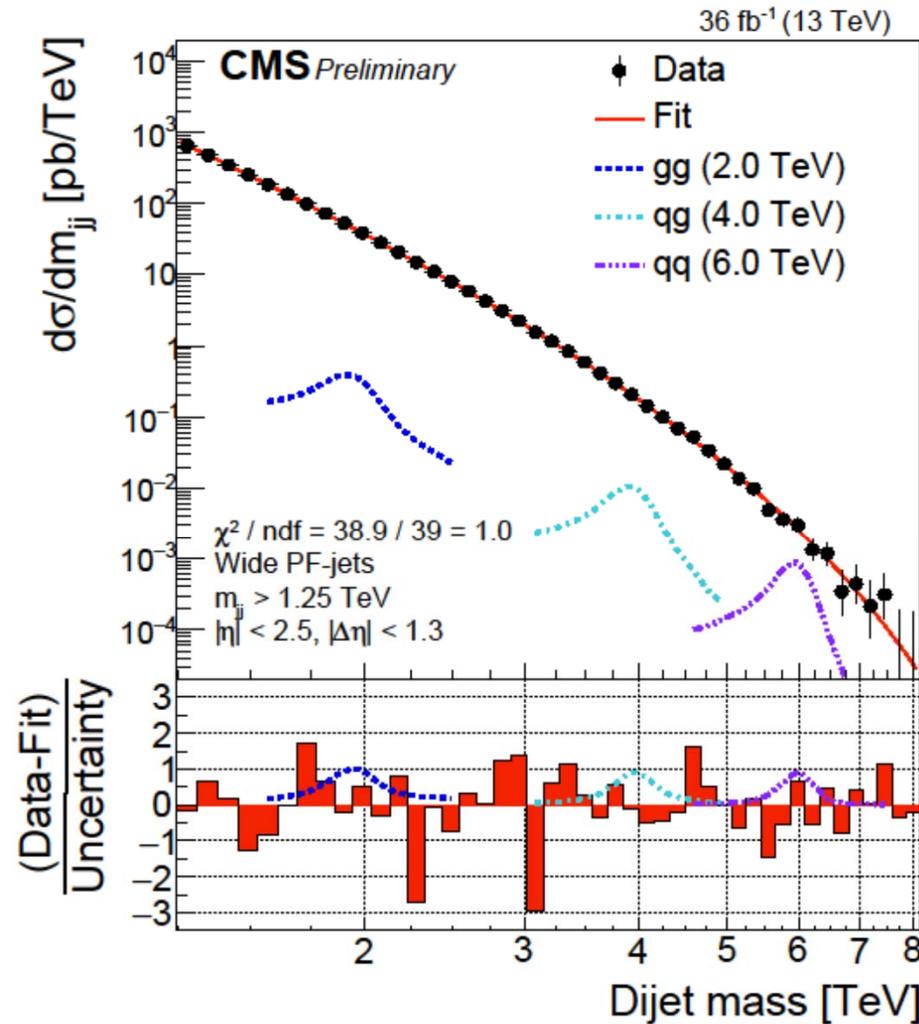
EW breaking scale at 10-100 psec after big bang

- Extra Dimension ADD  $\sim 10$  TeV
- Quantum Black Holes 6-8 TeV
- Dark matter: Mediator mass 2.5-5 TeV
- $Z'$  1.5-3 TeV

# Dijet resonance

(CMS EXO 16-056 ATLAS arXiv:1703.09127)

- Background: QCD Smooth shape fit
- Systematics: JES, Resolution, Spectrum shape

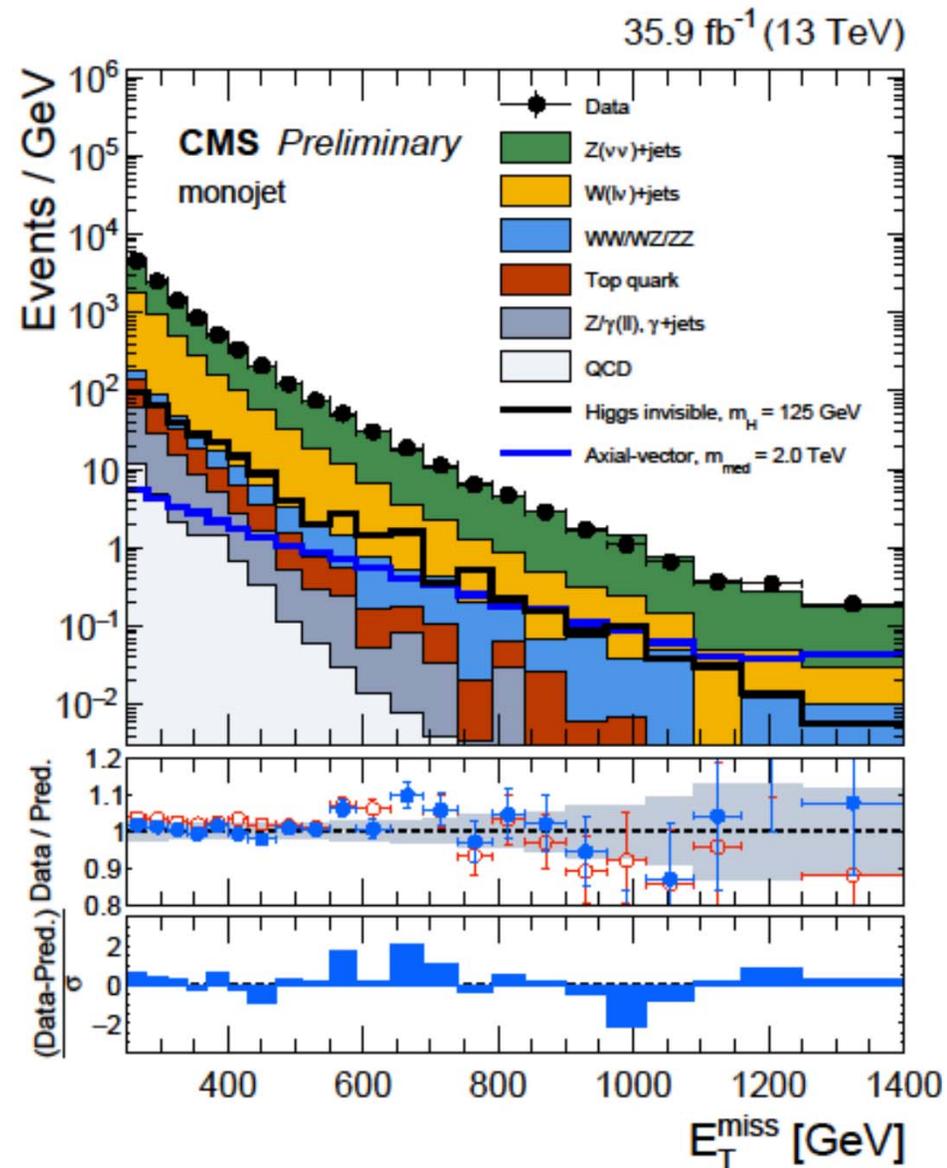


Model	Final State	Observed (expected) mass limit [TeV]			
		36 fb <sup>-1</sup> 13 TeV	12.9 fb <sup>-1</sup> 13 TeV	2.4 fb <sup>-1</sup> 13 TeV	20 fb <sup>-1</sup> 8 TeV
String	q $\bar{q}$	7.7 (7.7)	7.4 (7.4)	7.0 (6.9)	5.0 (4.9)
Scalar diquark	qq	7.2 (7.4)	6.9 (6.8)	6.0 (6.1)	4.7 (4.4)
Axigluon/coloron	q $\bar{q}$	6.1 (6.0)	5.5 (5.6)	5.1 (5.1)	3.7 (3.9)
Excited quark	q $\bar{q}$	6.0 (5.8)	5.4 (5.4)	5.0 (4.8)	3.5 (3.7)
Color-octet scalar ( $k_s^2 = 1/2$ )	gg	3.4 (3.6)	3.0 (3.3)	—	—
W'	q $\bar{q}$	3.3 (3.6)	2.7 (3.1)	2.6 (2.3)	2.2 (2.2)
Z'	q $\bar{q}$	2.7 (2.9)	2.1 (2.3)	—	1.7 (1.8)
RS Graviton ( $k/M_{\text{PL}} = 0.1$ )	q $\bar{q}$ , gg	1.7 (2.1)	1.9 (1.8)	—	1.6 (1.3)
DM Mediator ( $m_{\text{DM}} = 1 \text{ GeV}$ )	q $\bar{q}$	2.6 (2.5)	2.0 (2.0)	—	—

# Unbalanced Monojet

(ATLAS-CONF-2017-060, CMS EXO 16-048)

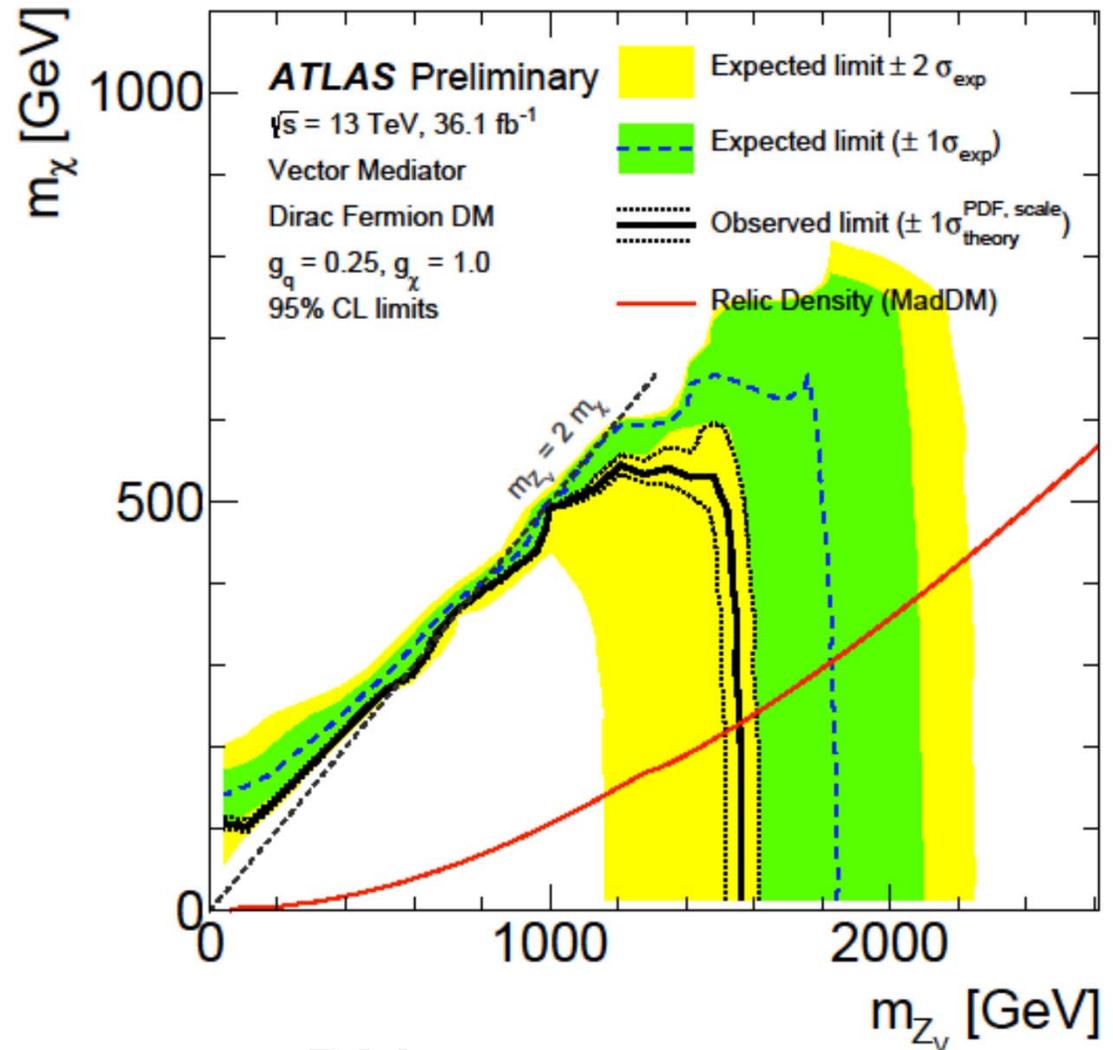
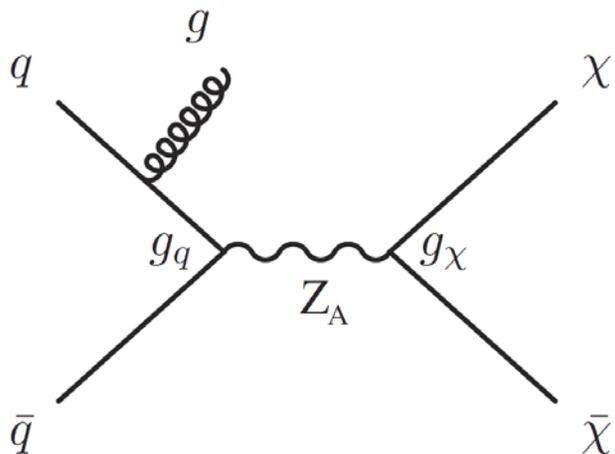
- Signature: Hefty jet & large MET, no leptons. Met,  $p_T > 250\text{GeV}$
- Background: Z(invisible)+jets and W(tau-nu)+jets. Measure with Data/MC in leptonic V+jets control samples assuming hadronic recoil=MET.



# Unbalanced Monojet

(ATLAS-CONF-2017-060, CMS EXO 16-048)

- Invisible SM Higgs  
( $gg \rightarrow H, VBF, VH$ ) 53% at 95% CL (CMS)
- ADD limits on MD: 5-10TeV for  $n=6$  to  $n=2$ .
- Dark Matter: ISR jet vs DM Mediator (decay MET)  
( $Z'/Z_A \rightarrow$  invisible DM)



DM mass vs  
Mediator mass

# Jet substructure

(not to be confused with Rutherford or contact interaction)

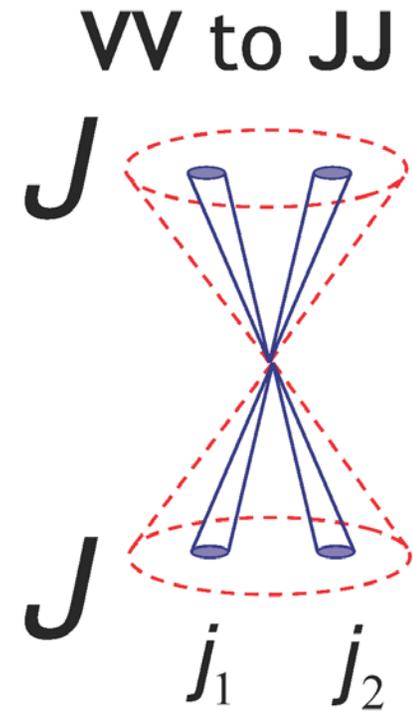
Terminology:

Boosted, Merged, Resolved, substructure

Fatjet, Large-R, AK8

Puppi, pruned, subjettiness,  $\tau_2/\tau_1$

X tagger (X=W,Z,H,t)



# Merged (di)jet light resonance

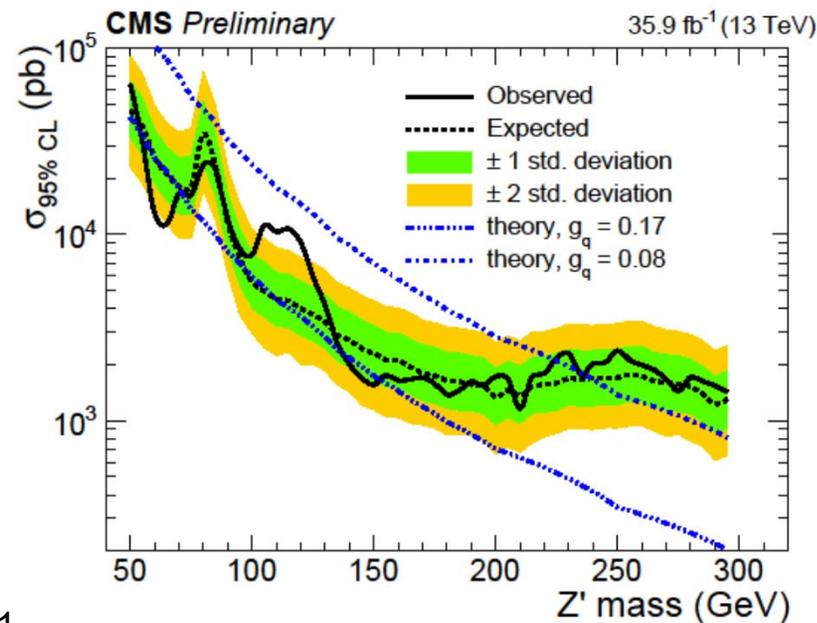
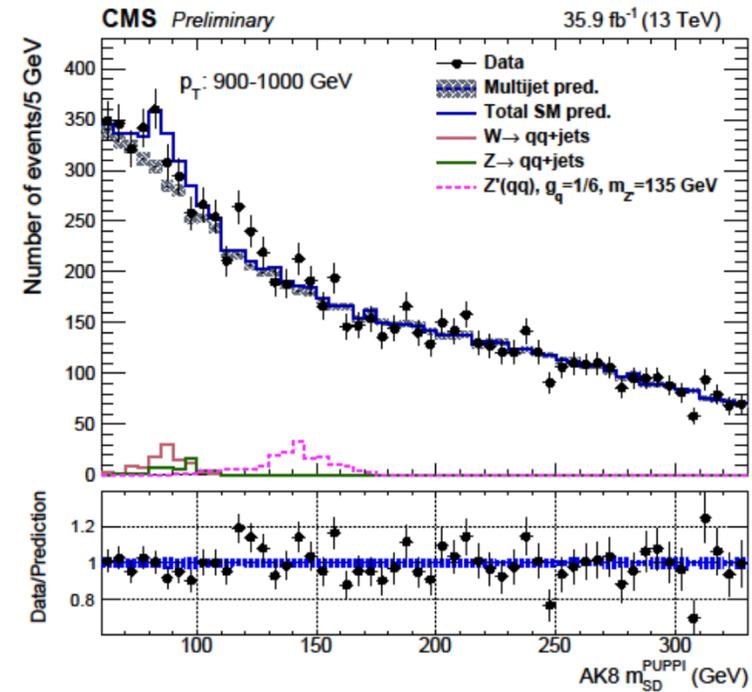
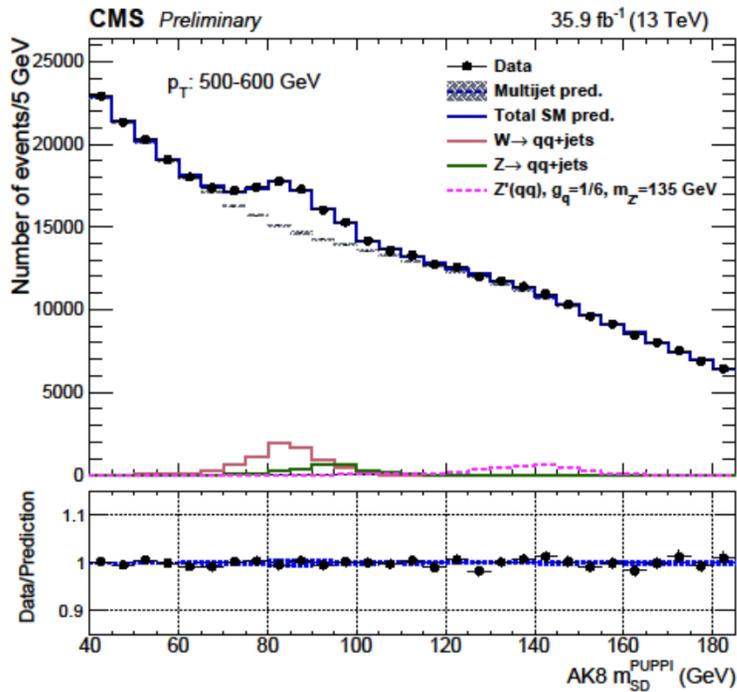
(CMS-EXO-17-001)

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- Signature: A merged jet (+ISR jet for triggering). Substructure  $\rightarrow$  50-300GeV resonance
- Background: QCD jet masquerading as a merged dijet. Data-driven signal/bkgnd inversion of the DDT\* spray. Also, W/Z hadronic resonant around 80/90GeV. Uncertainties: from procedural fits.
- Physics/Models: Leptophobia.  $Z'$ , Dark Matter

\* DDT=Designing Decorrelated Taggers, from J. Dolen et al.

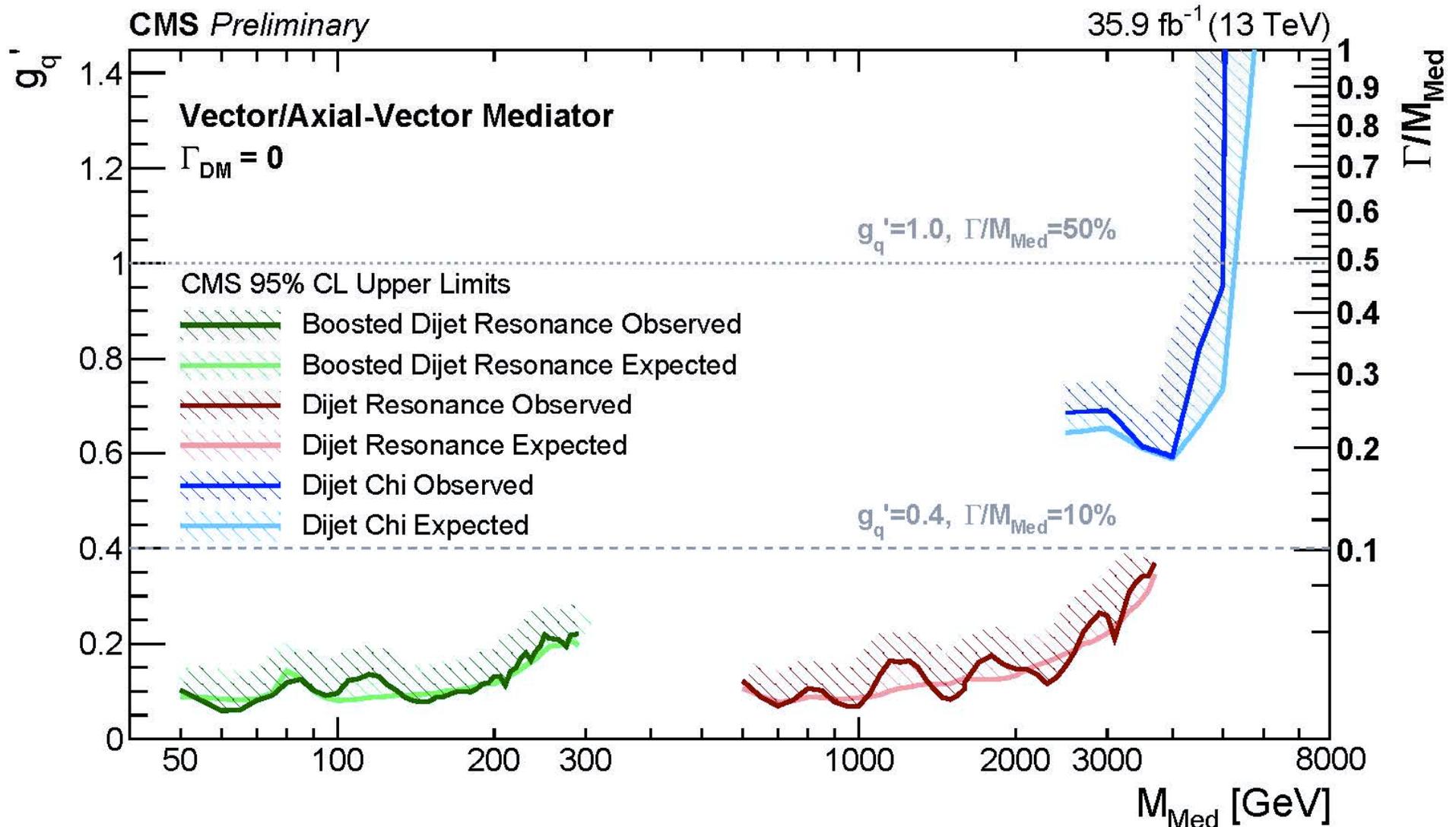
# Resonant large (merged di)jet (CMS-EXO-17-001)



115GeV:  
2.9/2.2 sigma

# Combined Dijet on Dark Matter

Universal quark coupling vs Mediator mass



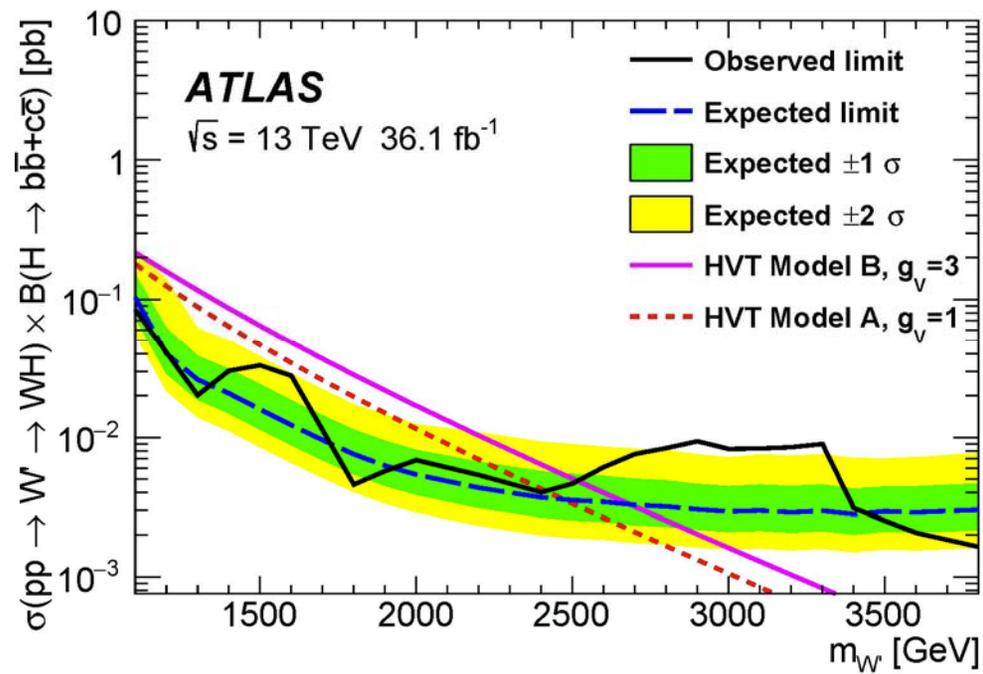
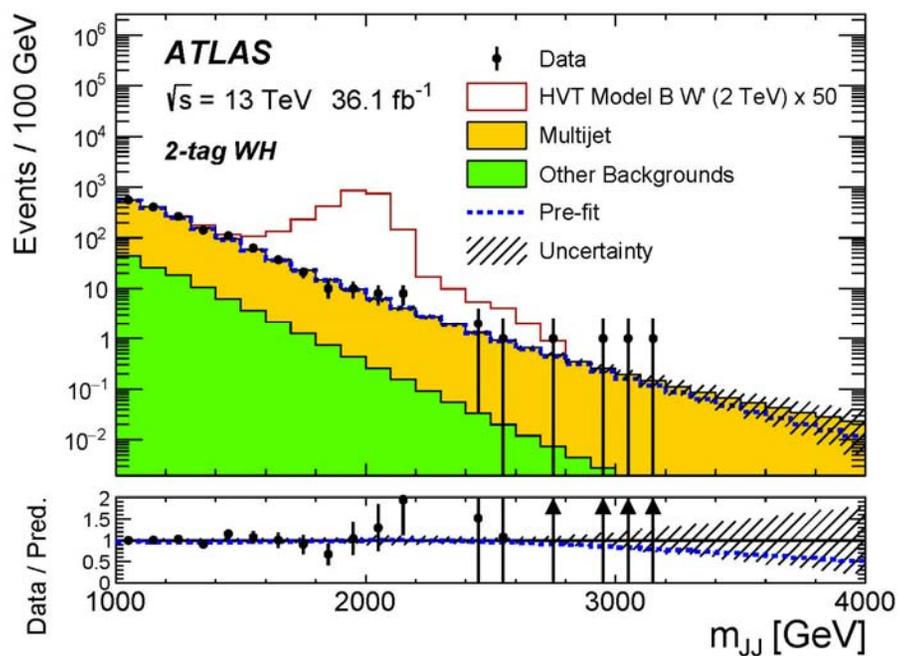
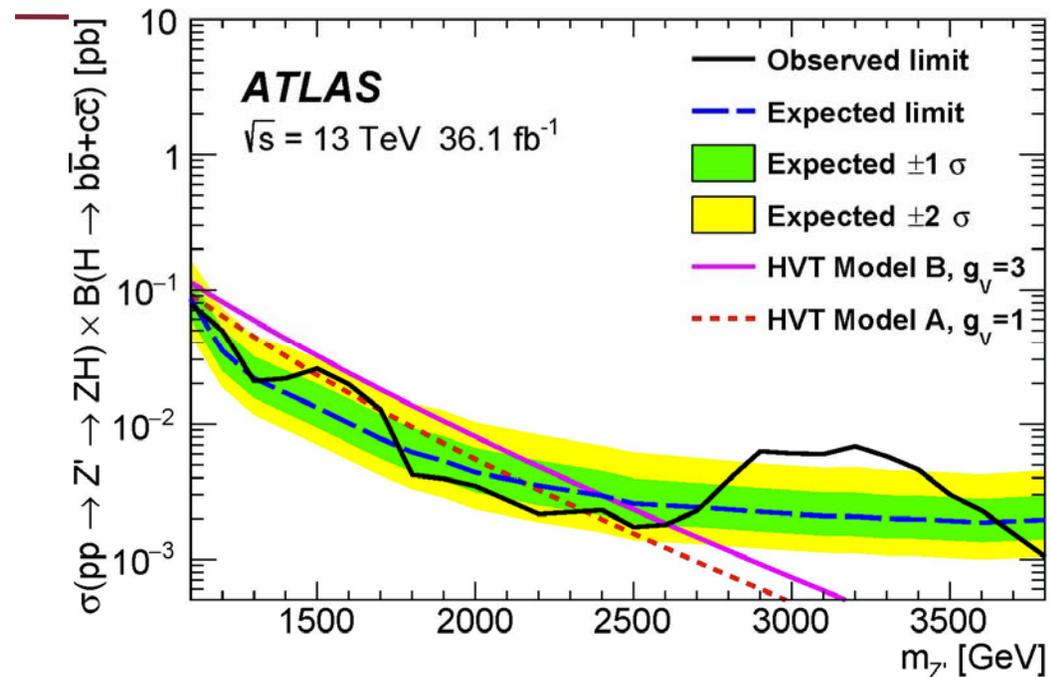
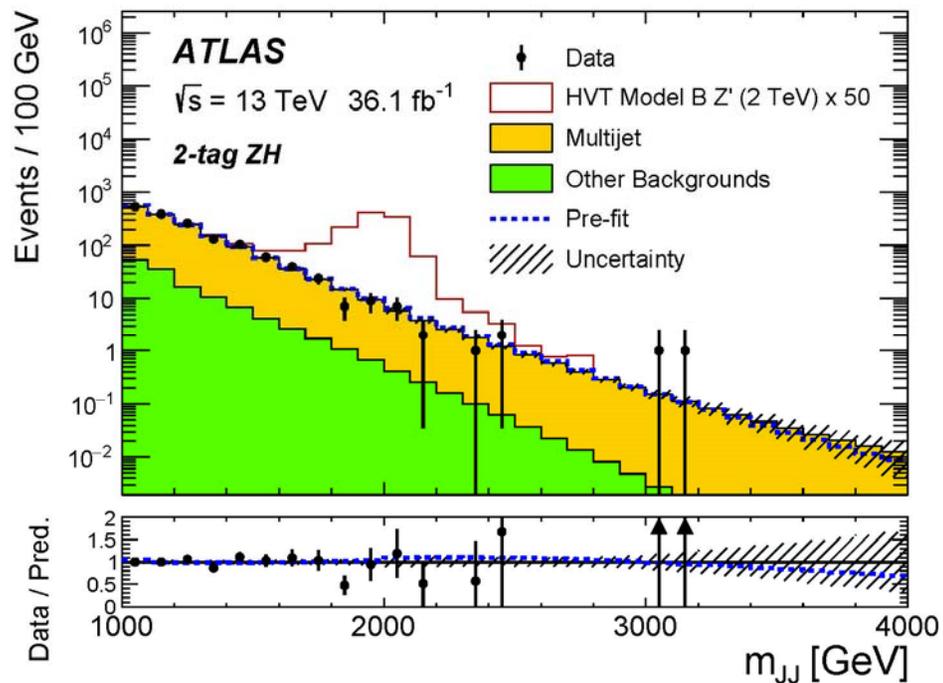
# [(qq)(bb)] merged jets: VH resonance

(ATLAS-arXiv:1707.06958, CMS:1707.01303)

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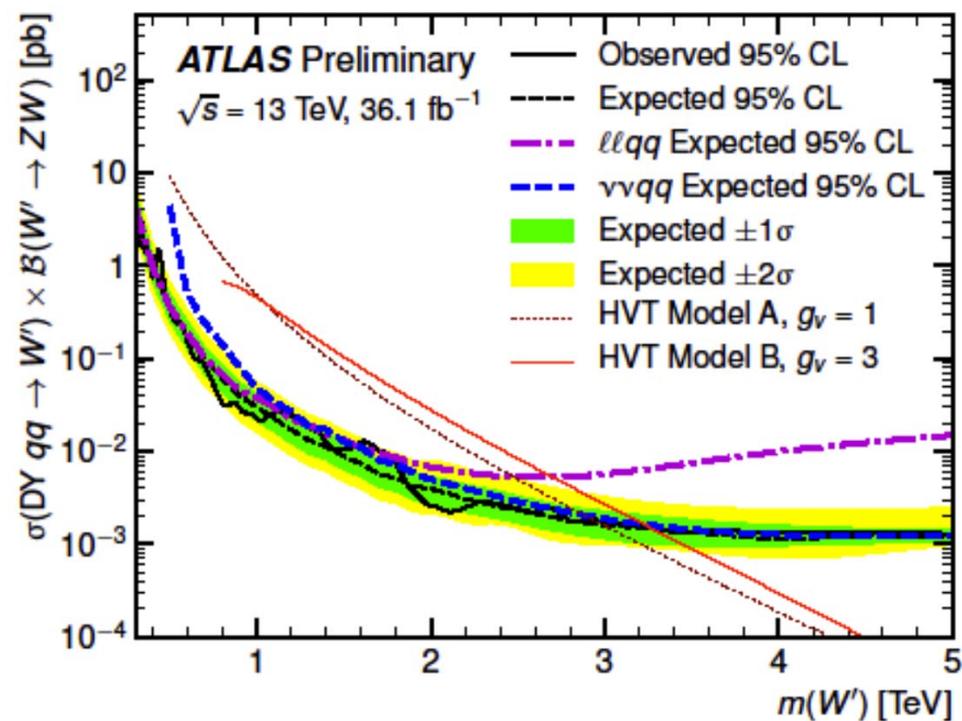
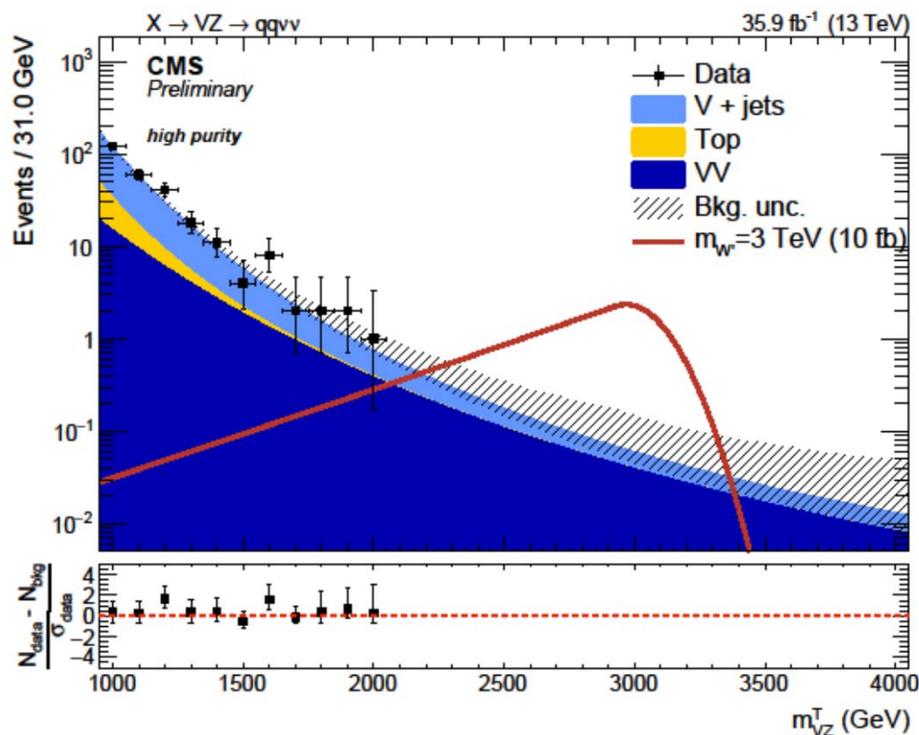
- Signature: Two large-R jets, no leptons or met.
- Substructure  $\rightarrow$  The Higgs (heavier) jet must have 75-145GeV  $m_J$  & b-tag(s). The V jet must have  $\sim$ 65-110GeV  $m_J$ . Scan  $m_{JJ}$  above 1TeV for VH resonances.
- Backgrounds: 90% QCD multijets, 10% tt. Data-driven using sidebands and validation regions.
- Physics/Models: Composite/little higgs, ED. Simplified: Heavy vector triplet (HVT)

# [(qq)(bb)] merged jet resonance



# [qq merged dijet(W/Z)+ $\nu\nu$ MET(Z)] heavy resonance (ATLAS2017-401 and CMS-B2G-17-005)

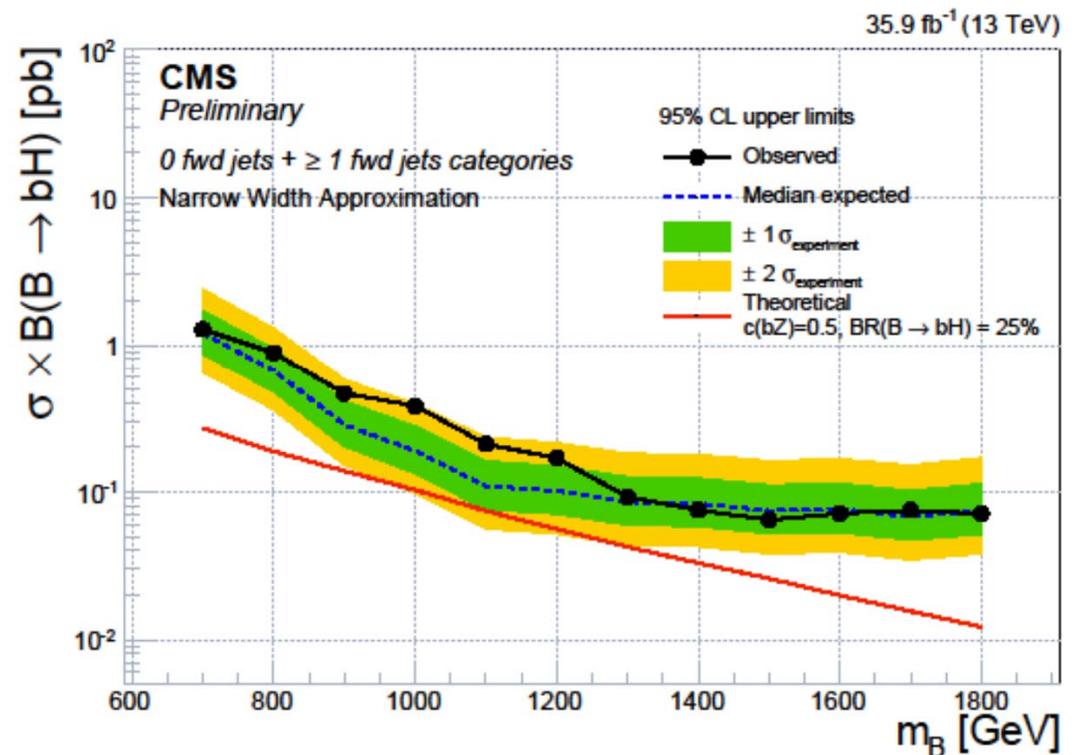
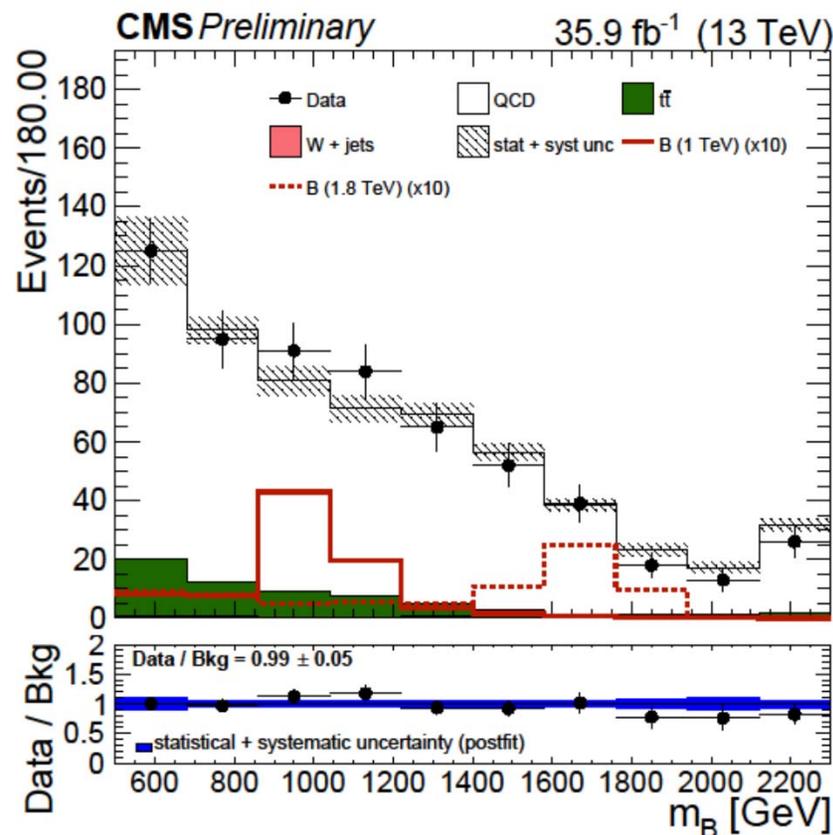
- Signature: MET+merged (substructure) dijet with  $m_j$  between  $\sim 65$ - $\sim 105$  GeV. No b, photons, leptons. Two  $\nu$  assumption  $\rightarrow$  scan  $M_T$
- Background: Z(inv) boosted against jet(s) which reconstruct as a merged dijet. Data-driven from mass etc sidebands.
- Physics/Models:  $W'$  (HVT), Spin 2 bulk graviton, etc



# [b(bb)] jet+merged jet resonances

(CMS:B2G-17-009)

- Signature: Min 3 jets, min 1 btag, min 1 large “Higgs” jet with  $105 < m_J < 135$ , large HT ( $\sim 1$ TeV), no leptons. Auxiliary: forward jet. Scan combined bH resonance.
- Backgrounds: QCD multi(b)jet using ABCD in Higgs  $m_J$  vs # btags.
- Physics/Models: Single VLQ  $B \rightarrow bH$  (low production cross section)



# A substructure non-sequitur

- Many more substructure results, eg, ATLAS-13 (2017-358) and CMS-B2G-17-001: VV resonance of merged dijets. mJ gets the V's and mJJ scans the (heavy) resonance. Physics: HVT  $W'$  and  $Z'$ , bulk graviton, excited quark resonance decaying to qV.
- Why are substructure analyses flourishing over the last 2-3 years?
- A statement that the hierarchy problem is getting worse.
  - Using a 13000 GeV machine for a 100 GeV problem!
  - So far, no  $pp \rightarrow X \rightarrow V/H$  with  $M_X \sim 500\text{GeV}$ .
  - When  $M_X \sim 1\text{-}2\text{ TeV}$ , substructure!
- Missing anything below  $\sim 500\text{GeV}$ ? Long-lived? (MATHUSLA???)
- More model-free inclusive searches (wide nets)?

# Outline: The Big Skip

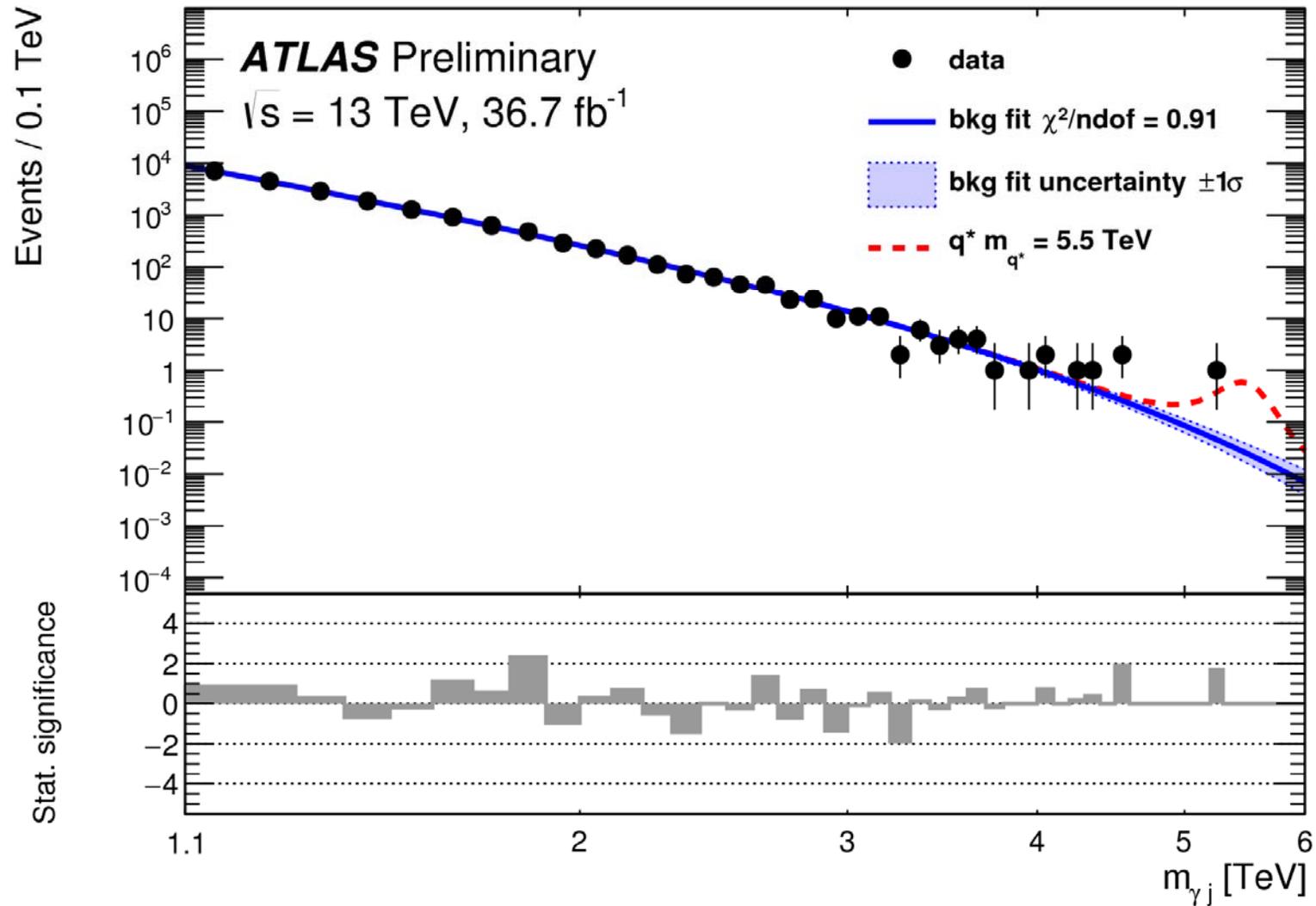
- With apologies to colleagues in the data mines, a listing of intermediate S/B results with a few examples.
- Then a couple high S/B searches.
- Apologies also to difficult longer term efforts such as long-lived searches.



# Mid-range S/B (partial list)

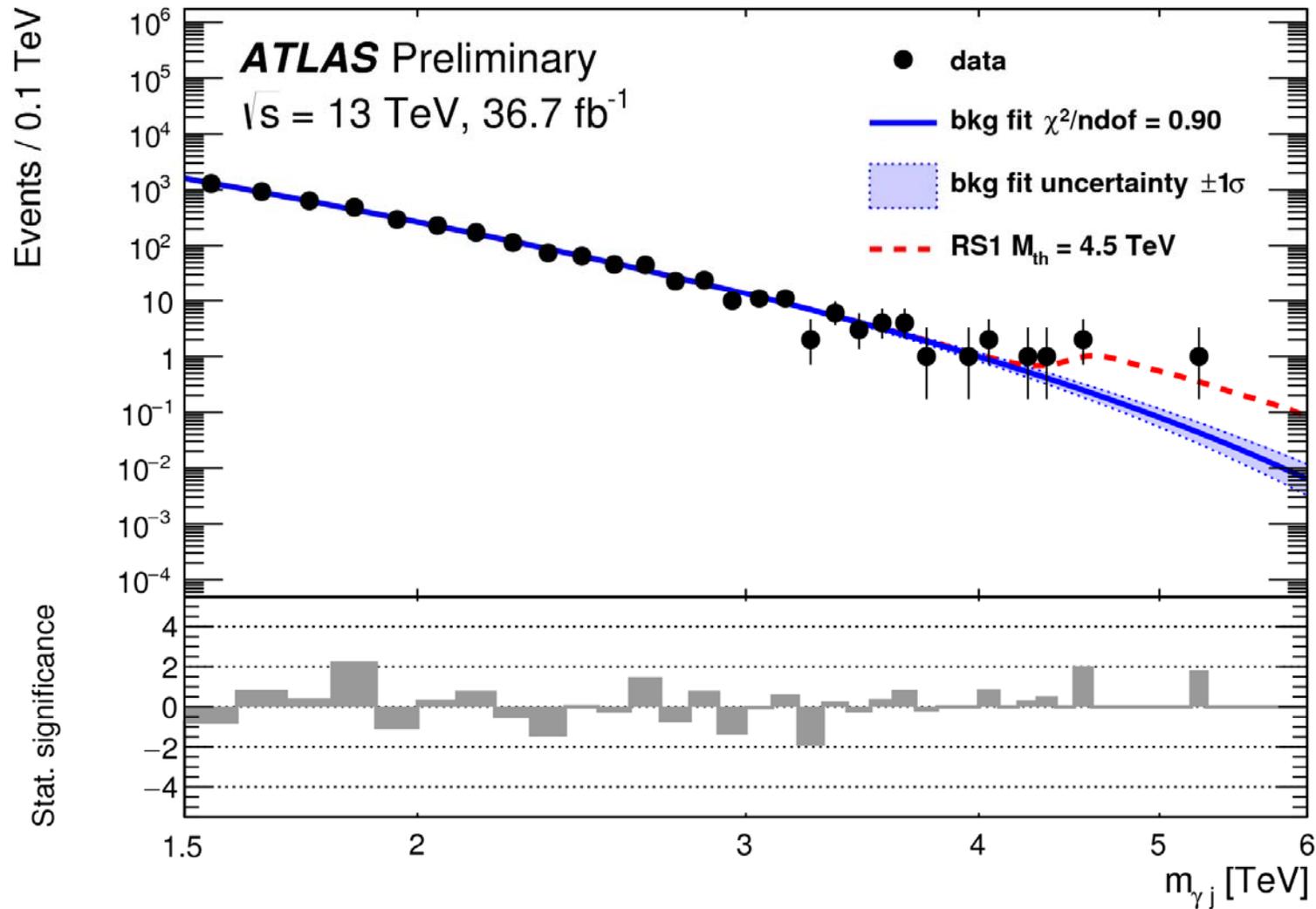
- Single photon/lepton etc:
  - Gamma-jet (CMS-exo-17-002, ATL-exot-16-26)
  - Lepton+jet excited top pair (CMS-b2g-16-025)
  - Lepton+jets VLQ top pair (CMS-b2g-17-003)
  - Lepton+jet+met VLQ top pair (ATL arXiv:1705.1075)
  - Lepton+jets VLQ Wb (ATL arXiv:1707.03347)
  - Lnuqq WW WZ resonance (ATL-conf-17-051)
  - Lepton+met heavy boson resonance (ATL arXiv:1706.04786)
- dielectron etc
  - LL(Z)+met DM,Hinv, LED (CMS-exo-16-052)
  - LL+met VV resonance (CMS-b2g-16-023)
  - Diphotons (ATL arXiv:1707.04147v2)
  - LL high mass (ATL arXiv:1707.02424)
  - LLqq VV resonances (ATL-exot-16-29)(also has nnuqq, as shown above)

# Gamma-jet plots from ATL-exot-16-26



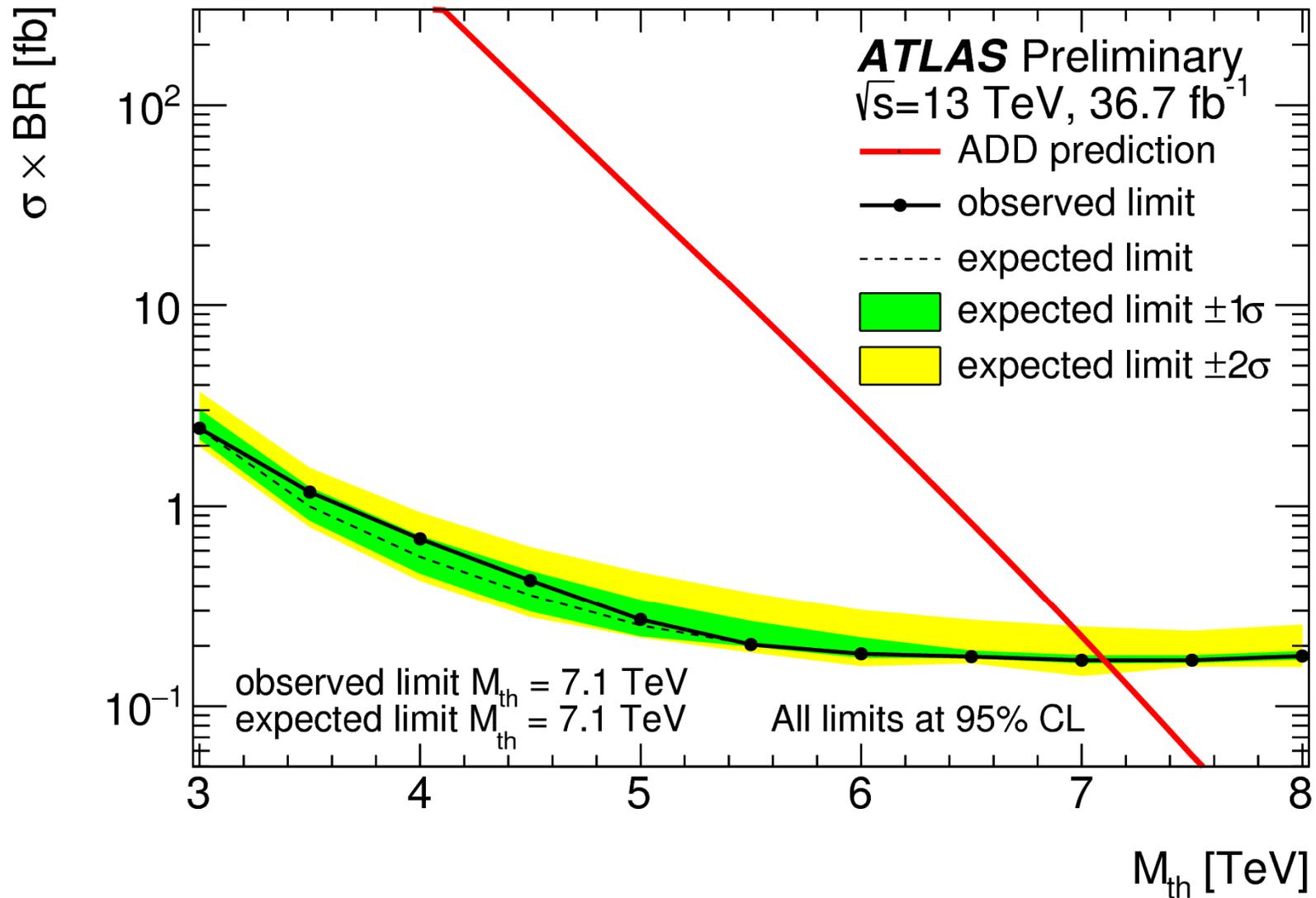
Excited quarks (quark compositeness): 5.3TeV

# Gamma-jet plots from ATL-exot-16-26



RS Graviton: 4.4 TeV

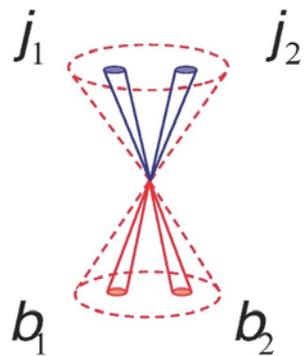
# Gamma-jet plots from ATL-exot-16-26



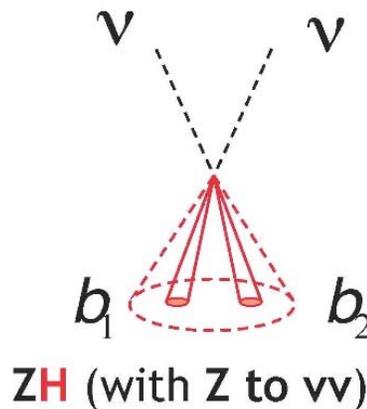
# Inu,nunu, ll (W/Z) + bb(H) resonance

(ATL-CONF-2017-055) (A compendium!)

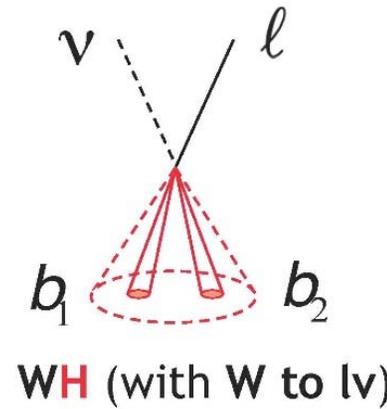
- Signature: (0,1,2) leptons + 2jets (can be merged), b-tag(s). Varying MET for W and Z  $\rightarrow$  nunu. Scan combined  $M(Vh)$ , but  $M_T(Vh)$  for Z  $\rightarrow$  nunu 0 lepton channel. 3+ b-tag channels for bbA search.
- Background: Case dependent W,Z, tt prompts from MC. Data-driven multijet with 1 fake lepton for 1-lepton 1-btag resolved channel.



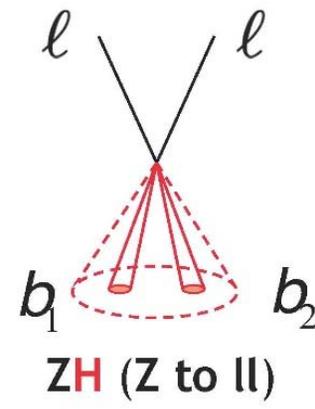
All hadronic



ZH (with Z to  $\nu\nu$ )



WH (with W to  $l\nu$ )



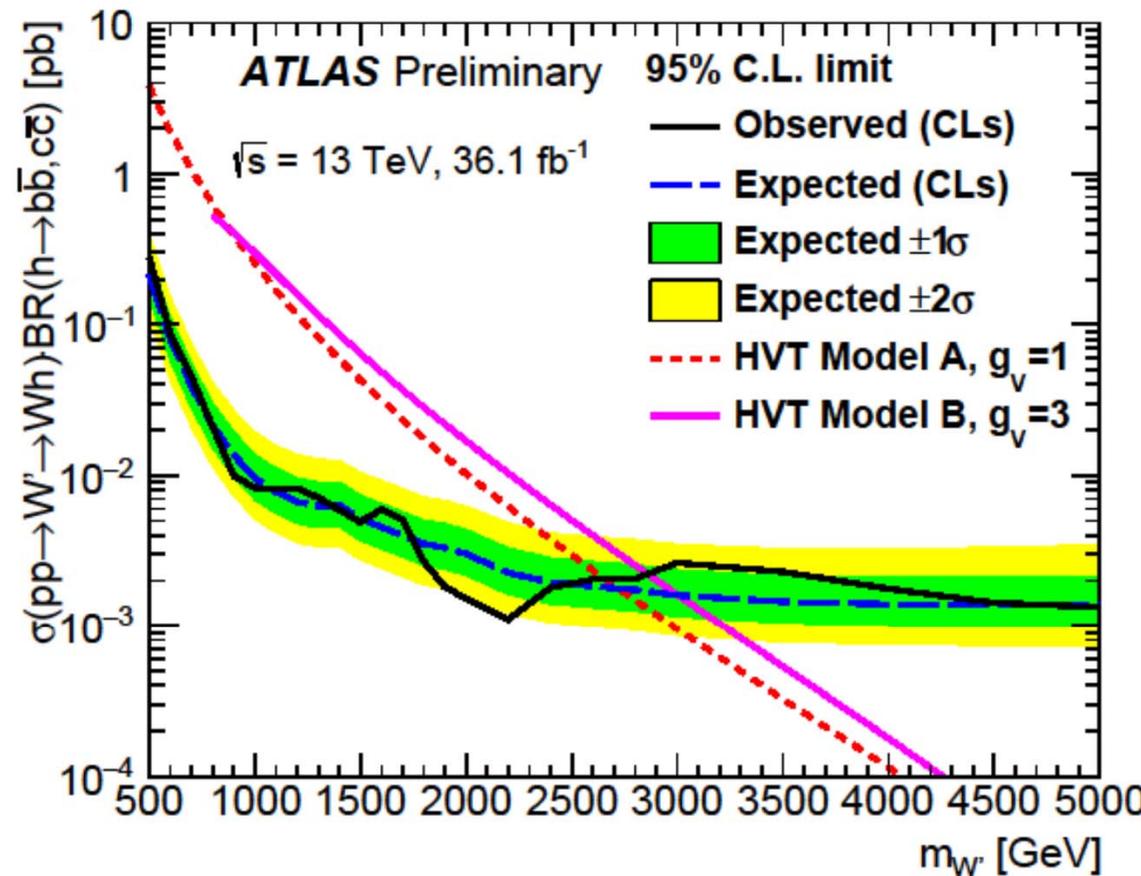
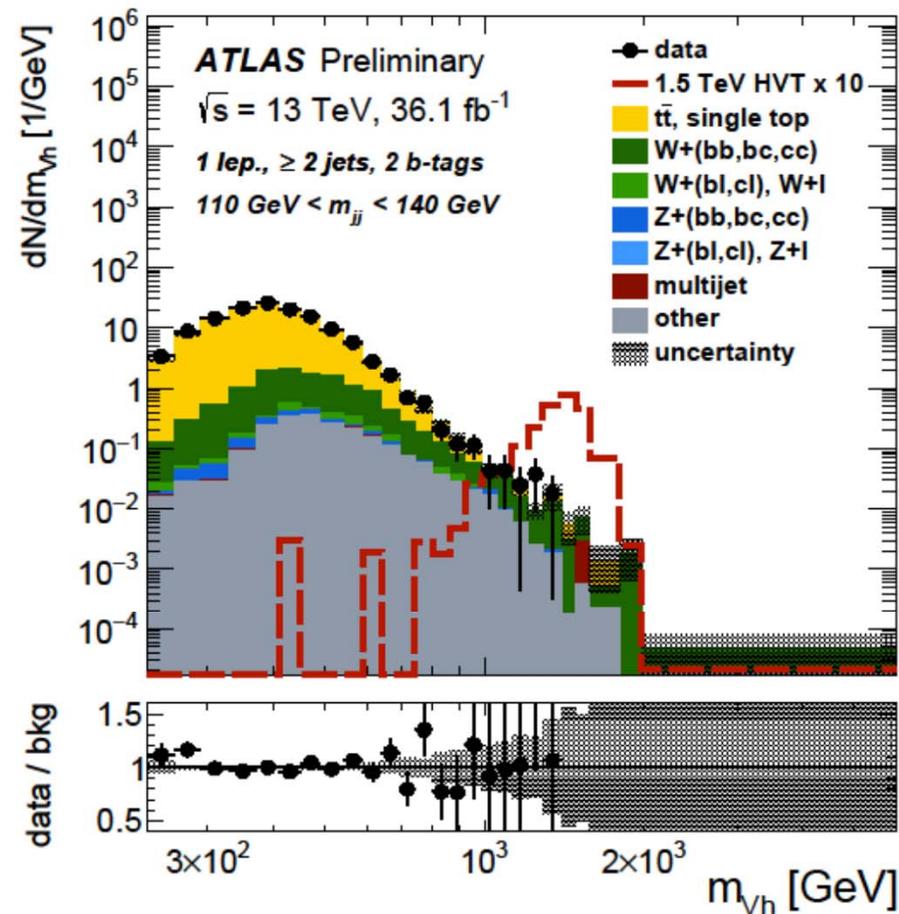
ZH (Z to  $ll$ )

With lepton/met

# Inu,nunu,II (W/Z) + bb(H) resonance

(ATL-CONF-2017-055) (17 channel compendium!)

- Physics/Models: W'/Z' (HVT) in 2.6 to 2.9 TeV range, also bbA (2HDM)

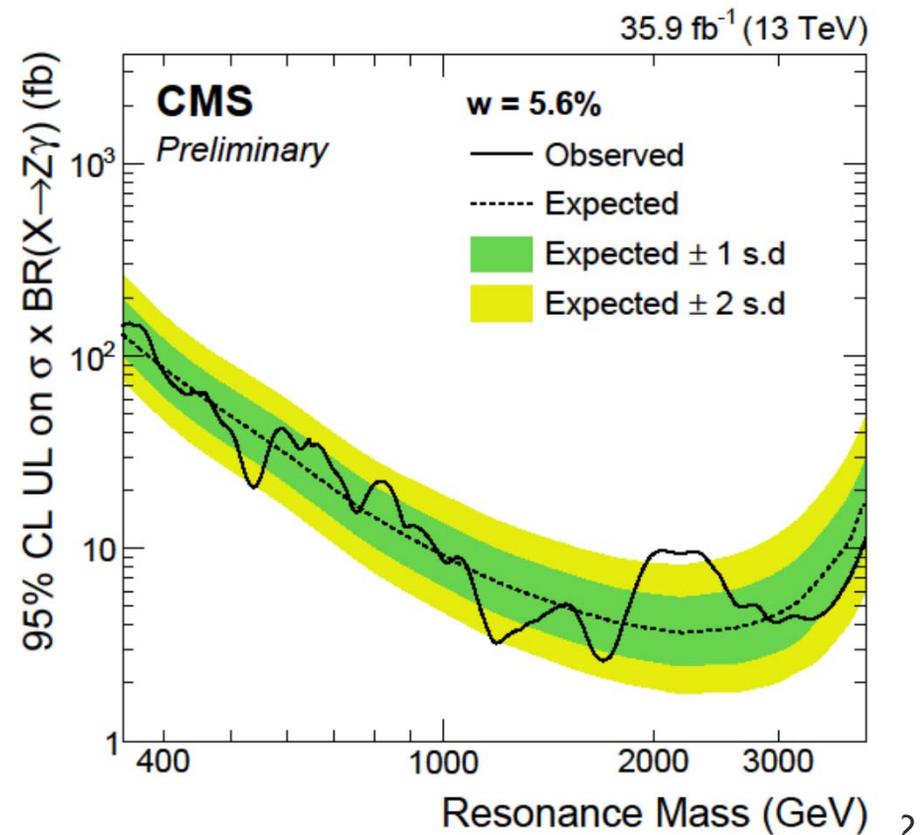
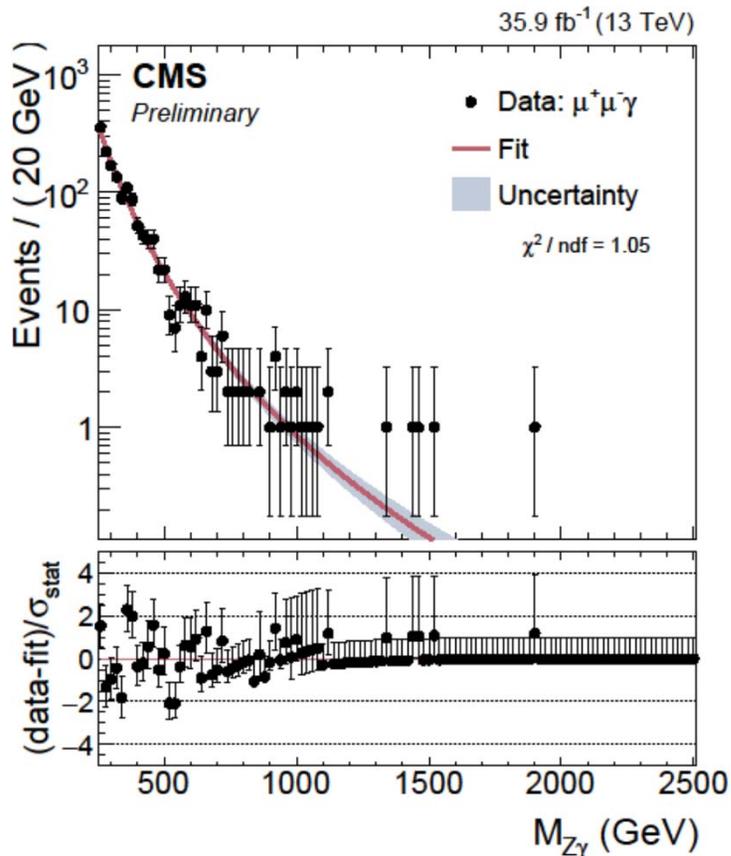


Next:  
High S/B multi-X (3 or more objects)

# High mass [(ee/mm/jj on Z) + Gamma] Resonance

CMS-EXO-17-005

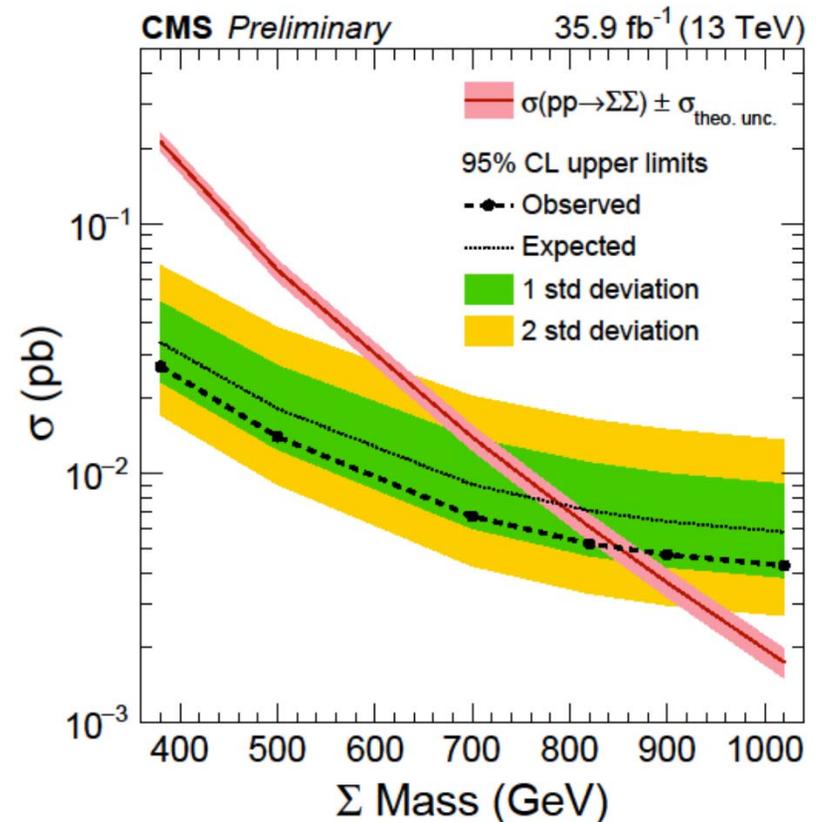
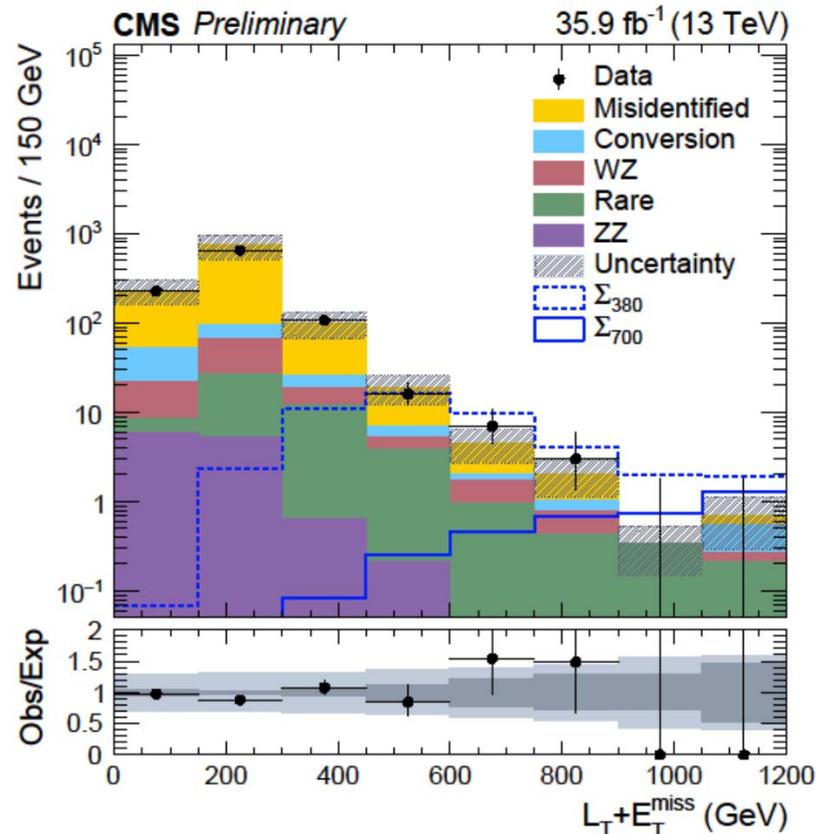
- Signature: photon with  $p_t > 40-65 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $m(ee)$  or  $m(\mu^+\mu^-)$  between  $50-130 \text{ GeV}$ , or a merged dijet ( $p_t > 200 \text{ GeV}$ ) with  $m_J$   $75-105 \text{ GeV}$ . Photon must be significant ( $p_t > 25\%$  of combined mass),  $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  preserved with b-tagged channels. Combined range  $300 \text{ GeV}$  to  $4 \text{ TeV}$
- Background: Smoothly falling  $m(Z\gamma)$  shape fits
- Physics/Models: Generic resonance in subchannels & combinations



# Multileptons (e's and mu's)

CMS-EXO-17-006

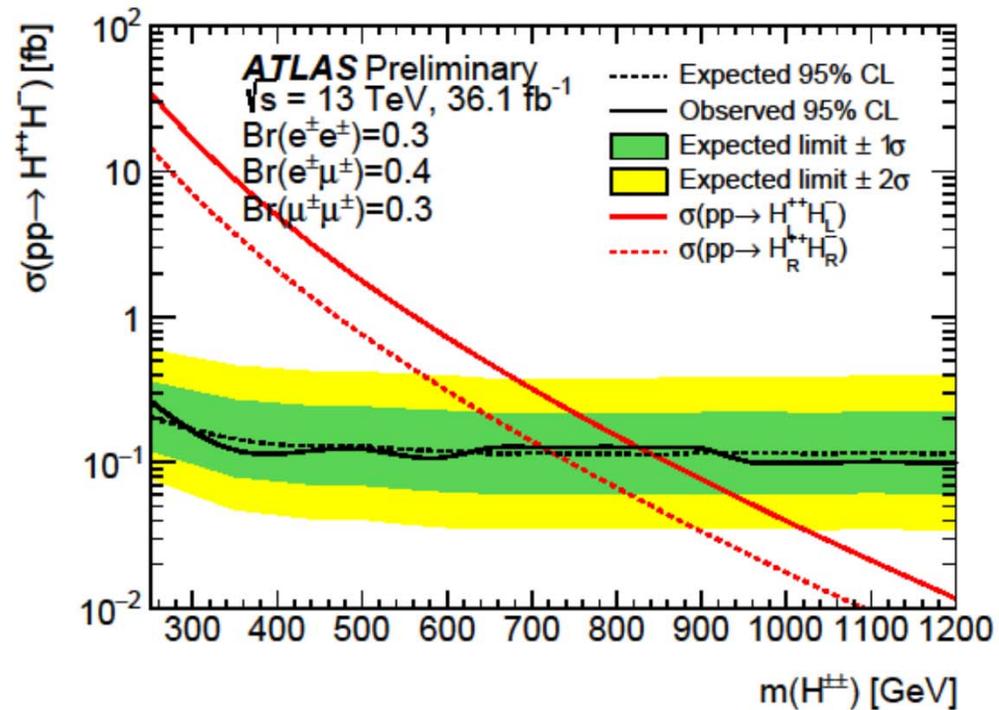
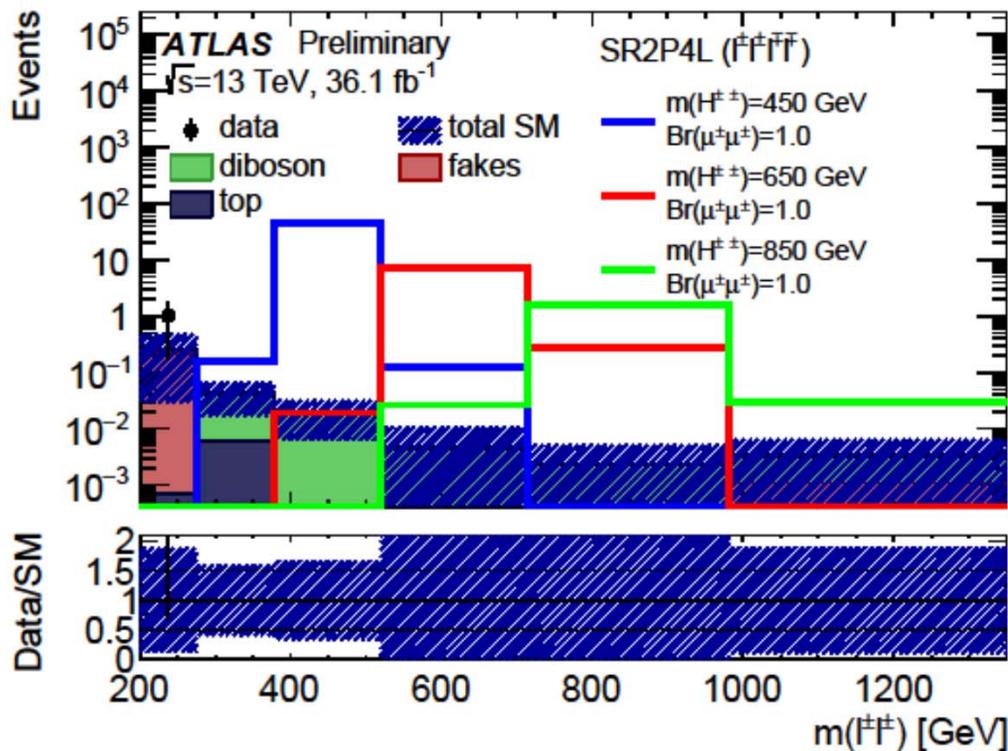
- Signature: 3 or more e's and mu's, lead pt >25GeV, bins of flavor and kinematics (on/off-Z etc). Look for excess in LT+MET bins. (LT=Lepton pt scalar sum)
- Background: Z+jets, ttbar data-driven matrix method with tight/loose rates from low-MET on-Z region. (Prompt) WZ, ZZ - normalized MC.
- Physics/Models: Type-III seesaw (27 processes including higgs)



# Multileptons e's and mu's (incl SS Dileptons)

ATLAS-CONF-2017-053

- Signature: Same sign dileptons or 3 or 4 e's and mu's, b-veto,  $m(SS) > 200 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $LT > 300 \text{ GeV}$ , etc, bins of flavor and kinematics.
- Background: e charge misid, Z+jets with tight-loose, ttbar substantially eliminated with a b-veto, prompts from MC
- Physics/Models: Doubly charged Higgs associated production



# LHC vs BSM Models

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*BSM models*

**LHC**

Slide Credit: Stephen Martin

# BSM possibilities: ways to go

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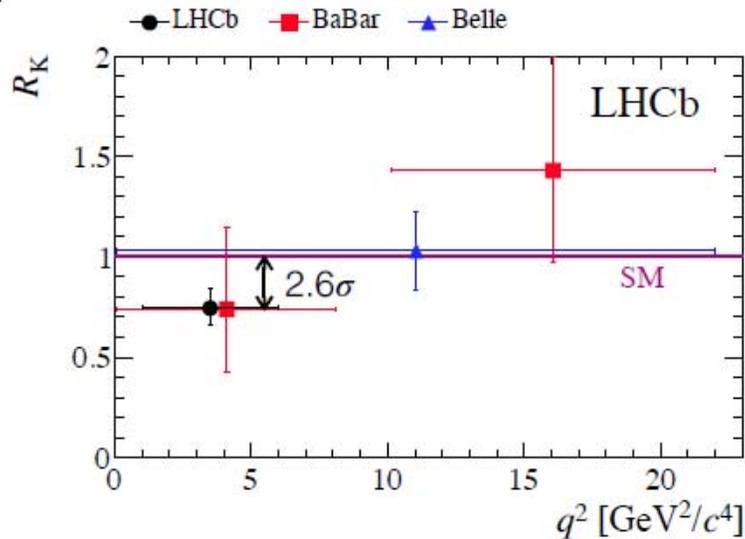


**New physics?**

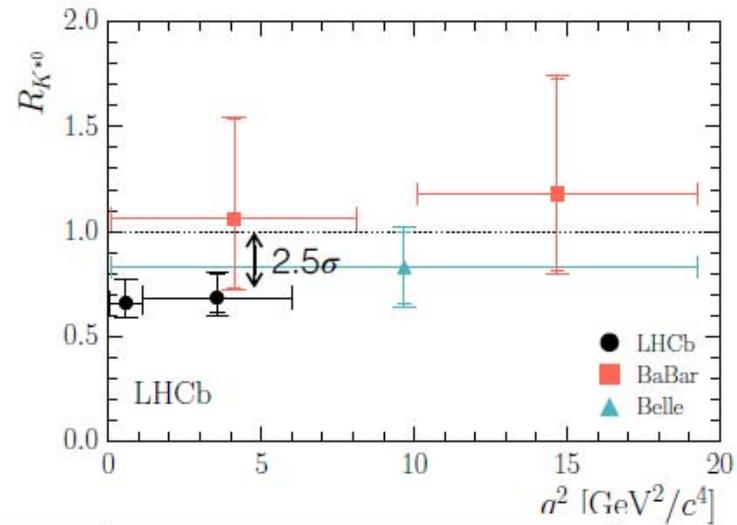
# LHCb

(maybe the answer will come from the left field)

$$R(K) = \mu\mu K / eeK$$



$$R(K^*) = \mu\mu K^* / eeK^*$$

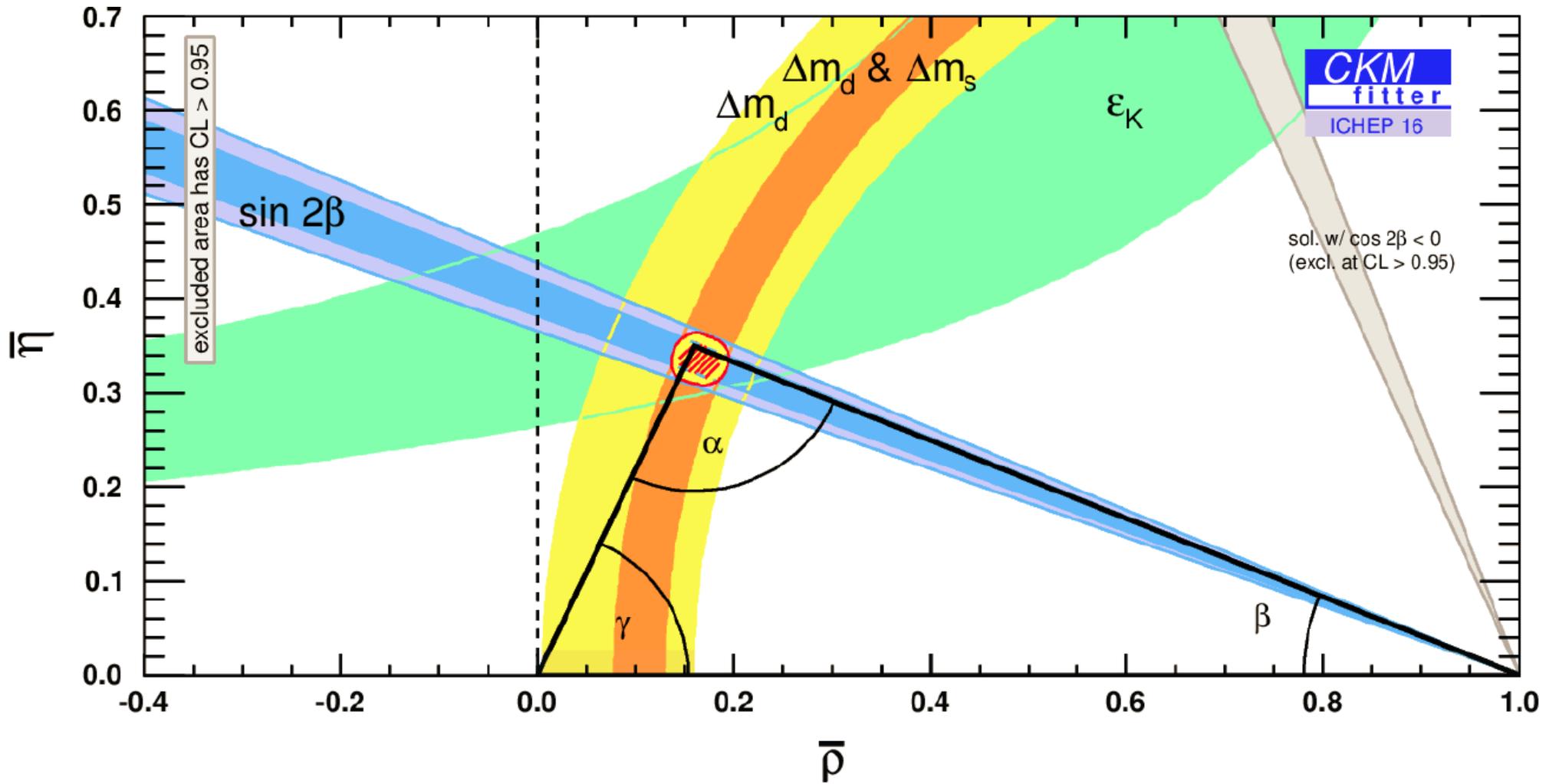


	SM	Exp.
$R_K^{[1-6]}$	$1.00 \pm 0.01$	$0.745_{-0.074}^{+0.090} \pm 0.036$
$R_{K^*}^{[1.1-6]}$	$1.00 \pm 0.01$	$0.685_{-0.069}^{+0.113} \pm 0.047$
$R_{K^*}^{[0.045,1.1]}$	$0.91 \pm 0.03$	$0.660_{-0.070}^{+0.110} \pm 0.024$

How to verify?

From: Paris Sphicas, EPS'17

# LHCb



$$\gamma = (76.8^{+5.1}_{-5.7})^\circ$$

From: Paris Sphicas, EPS'17

# Concluding remarks

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- New ideas keep coming online. Since Higgs discovery, Higgs in the final state:  $t'$ ,  $b'$ ,  $t \rightarrow ch$ , in SUSY: electroweak Higgs, natural higgsino..... Boosted final states and jet substructure, long lived objects, generalized recoil (Dark Matter), VBF...
- Discovery lessons from New Jersey-CP Violation and CMB. Cronin/Fitch and Penzias/Wilson didn't expect "new physics". Anomalous production of....
  - Inclusive signature classes instead of microfine sculpting specifically for a model.
  - Overstated systematic error = Waste of taxpayers' money. (Henry Frisch, ~30 years ago.)

# High density words on Dark Matter

(From an old poster, as an appetizer for the next talk)

WIMP chi is Dirac Fermion (conclusions for Majorana Fermions also possible). SM – chi mediator is very heavy, chi is only new particle in LHC reach. Effective field theory approach: Contact Interaction. Limits in terms of the WIMP mass and the suppression scale  $M^*$ . Interaction via different operators (eg vector interaction operator D5). Comparable to thermal relic density from WMAP. Effective field theory allows comparison of LHC to indirect detection experiments. Interaction operator dependent bounds on WIMP-nucleon cross section for spin-dependent or spin-independent cases, e.g. spin-dependent axial-vector operator D8 and tensor operator D9.

Thanks to:

LP'17 organizers !!

LHC staff.

CMS/ATLAS members  
and leadership

