

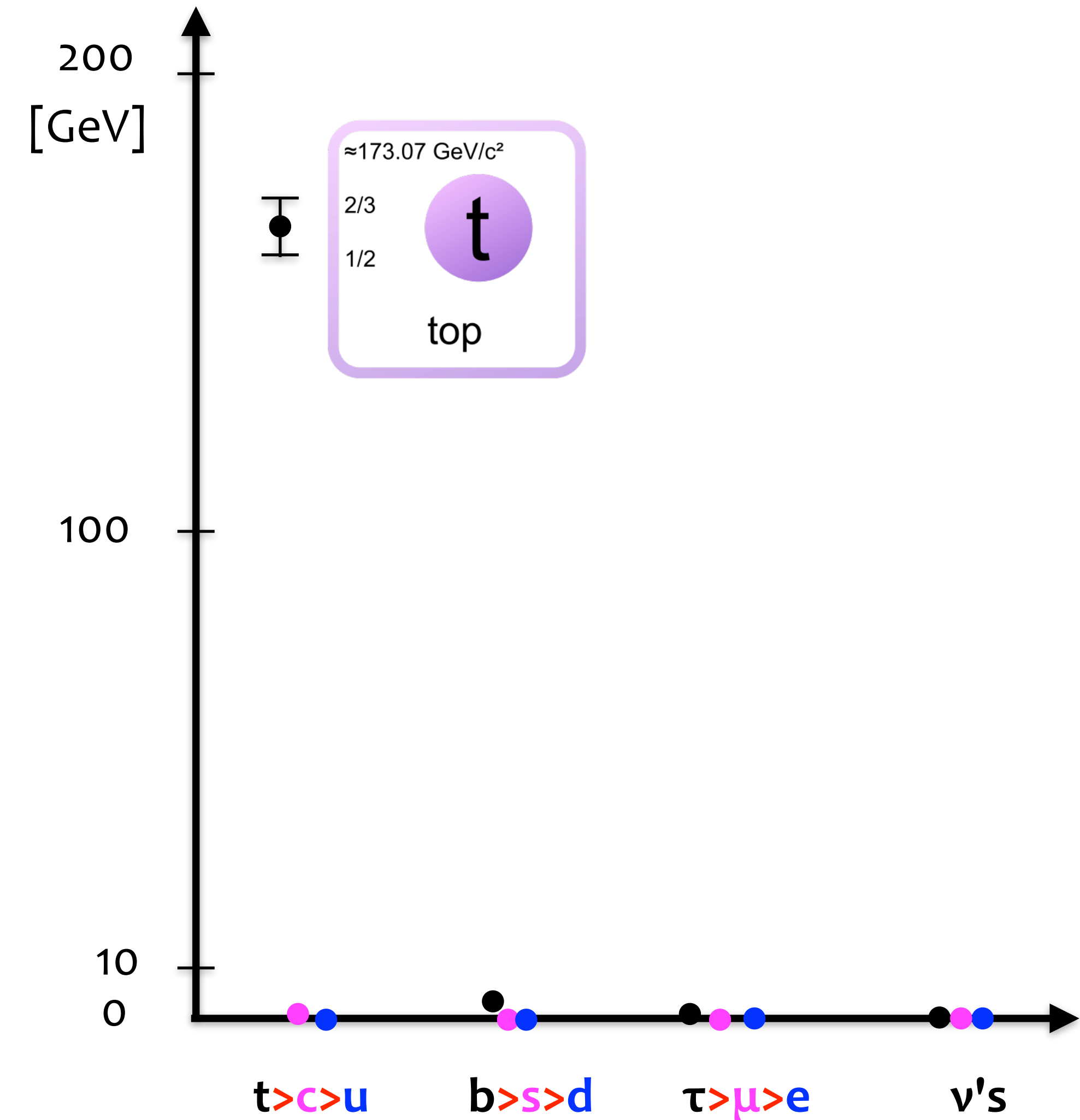
# Top-quark production

Markus Cristinziani  
for the ATLAS Collaboration

XXI Particles and Nuclei International Conference  
Beijing, September 2017



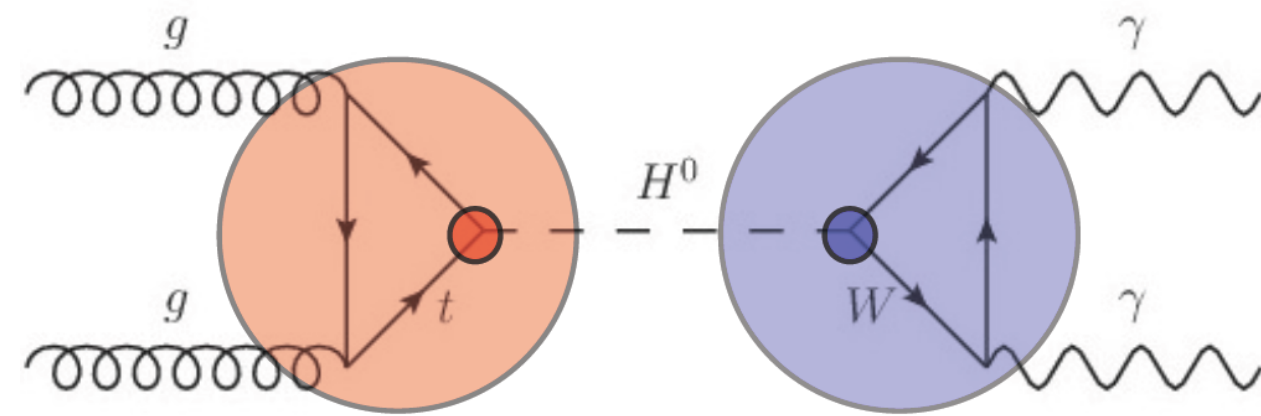
## The most massive known elementary building block of matter



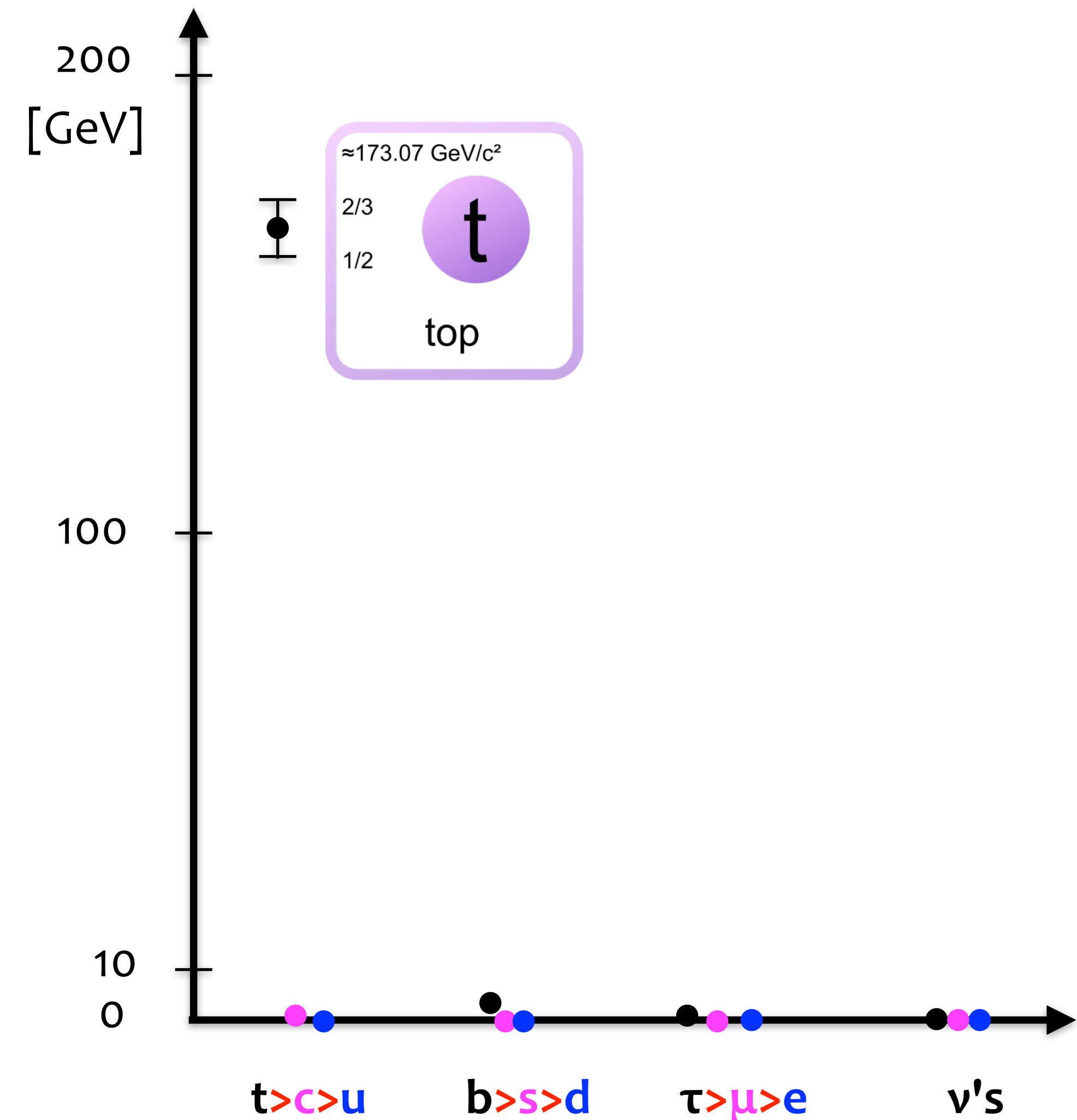
# The most massive known elementary building block of matter

$$\Gamma_t \sim \frac{G_F m_t^3}{8\pi\sqrt{2}} \left(1 - \frac{m_W^2}{m_t^2}\right)^2 \left(1 + 2\frac{m_W^2}{m_t^2}\right)$$

- short lifetime
- $\tau_{\text{top}} = 4 \cdot 10^{-25} \text{ s} \rightarrow$  no bound states



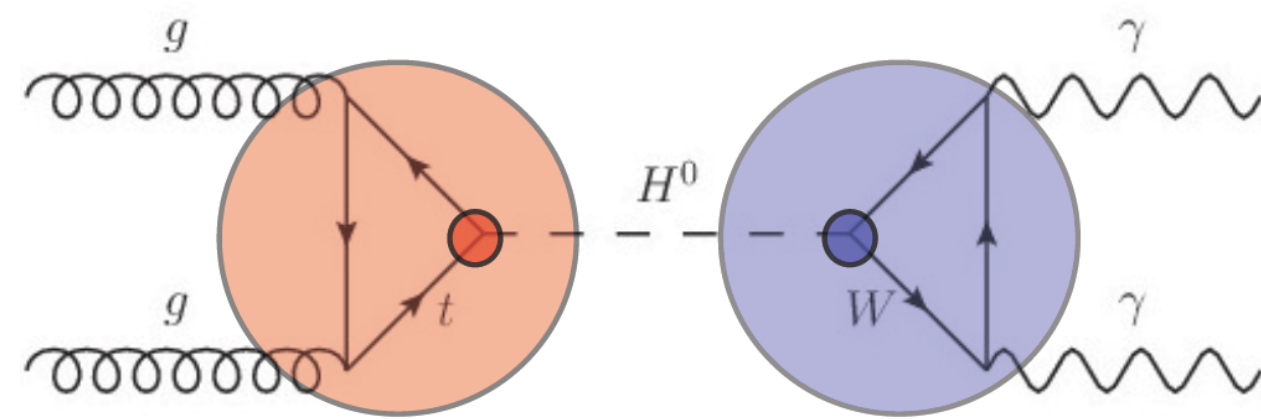
- role in loop diagrams
- large Yukawa coupling  $y_t \sim 1$



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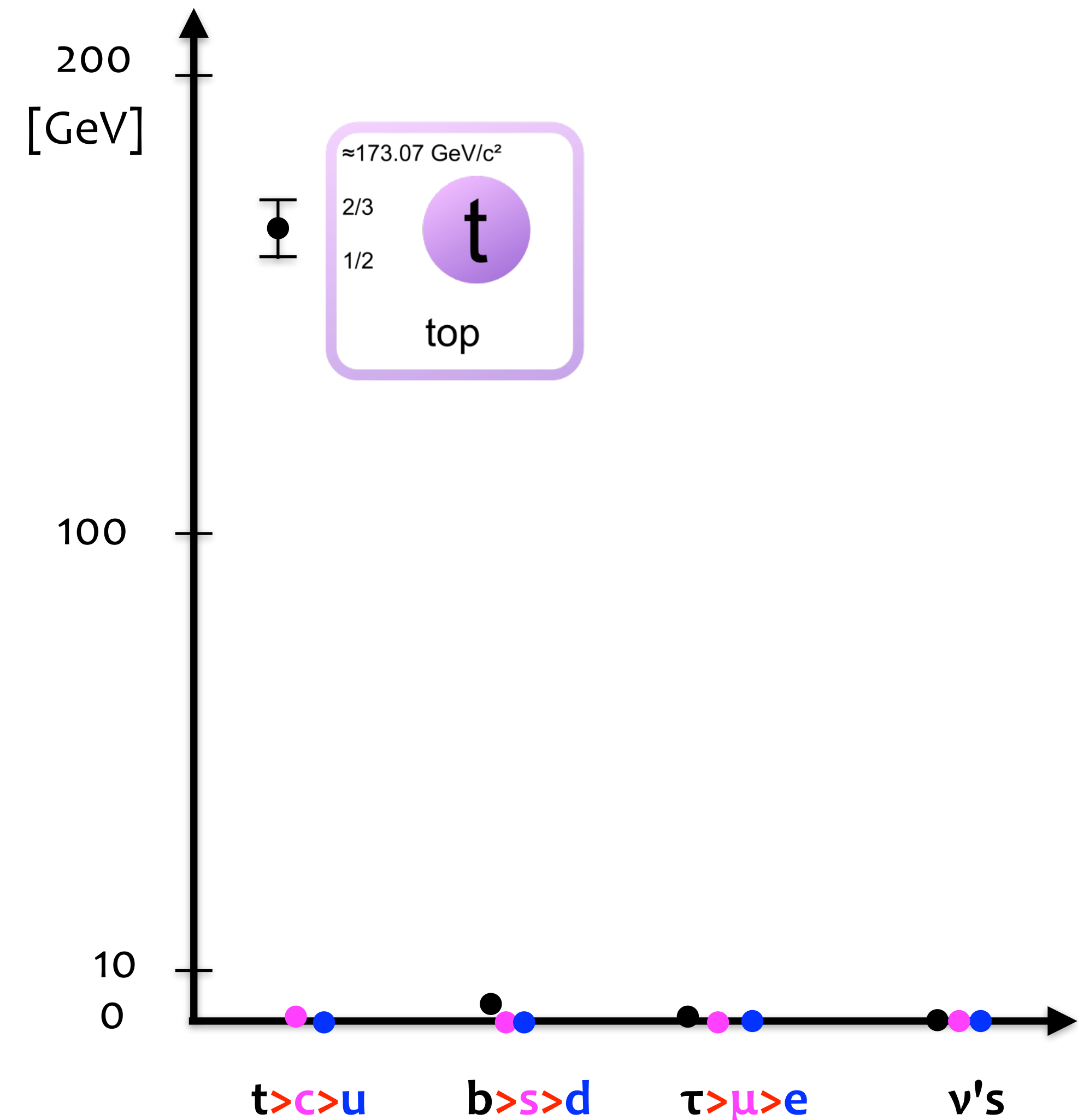
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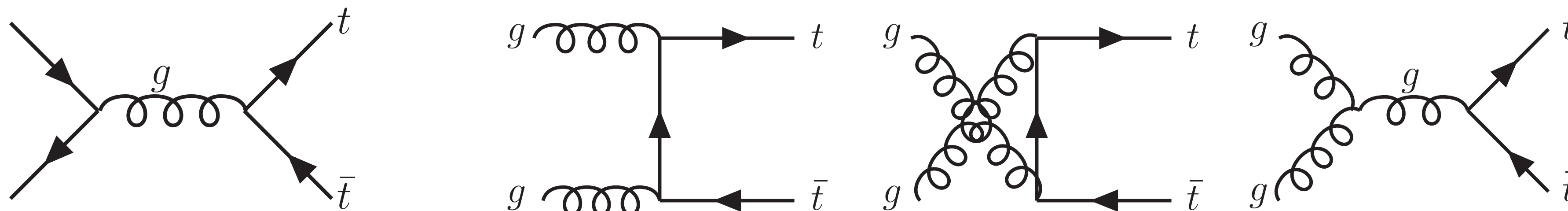
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## Top quark physics at hadron colliders

- test Standard Model
- search for new resonances or interactions
- important background to new physics searches

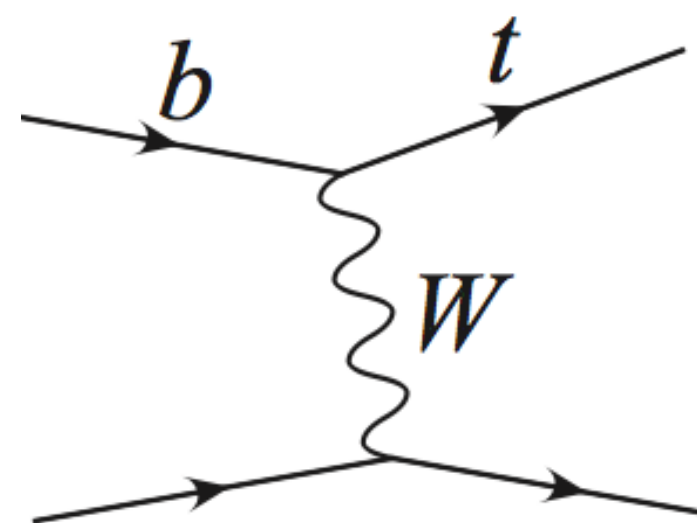


## Top-quark pairs via strong interaction



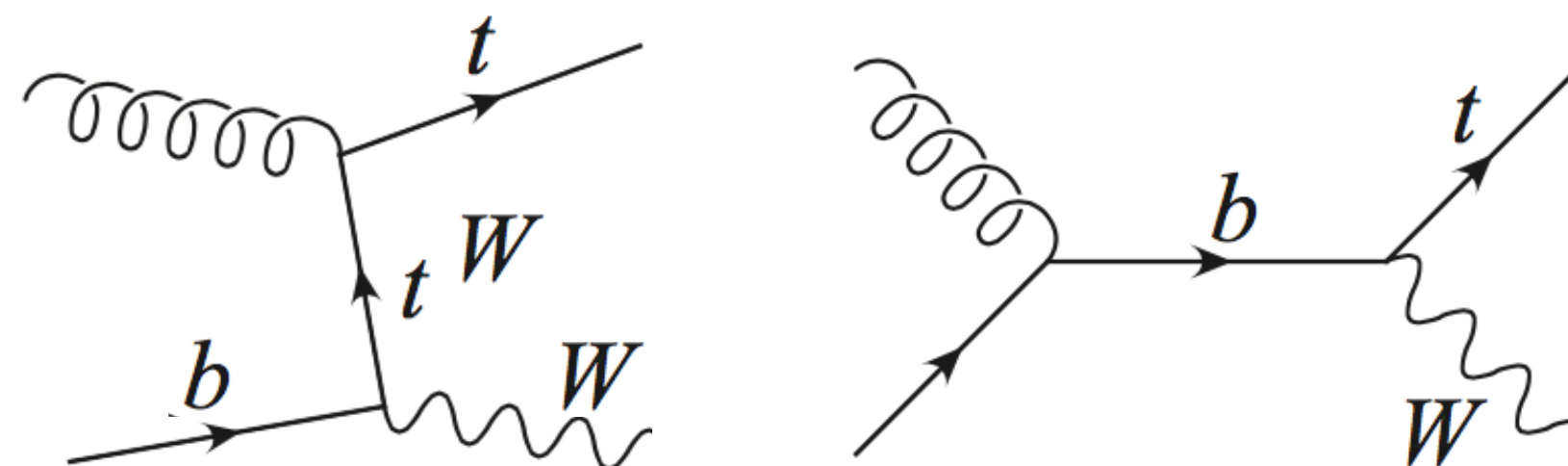
830 pb @ 13 TeV

## Single-top quarks via weak interaction



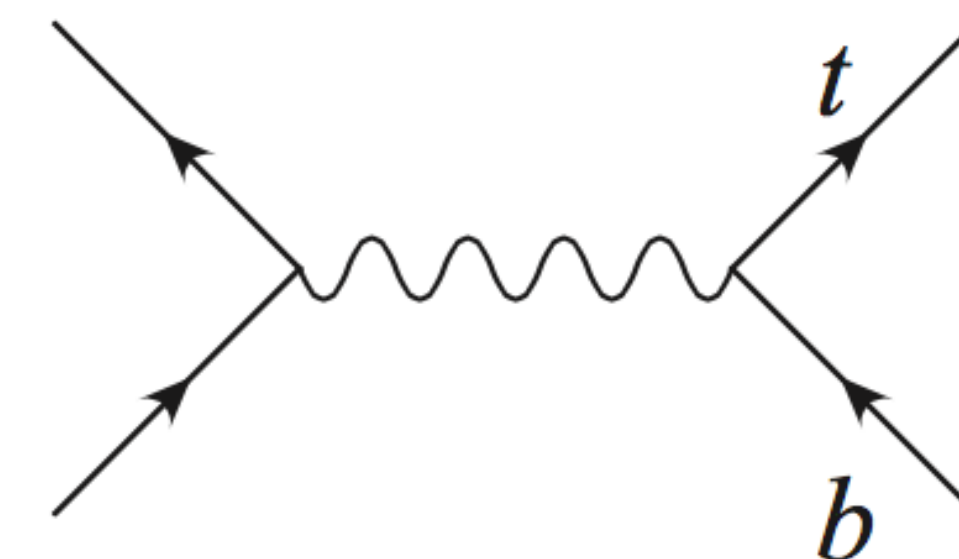
t-channel

210 pb @ 13 TeV



Wt channel

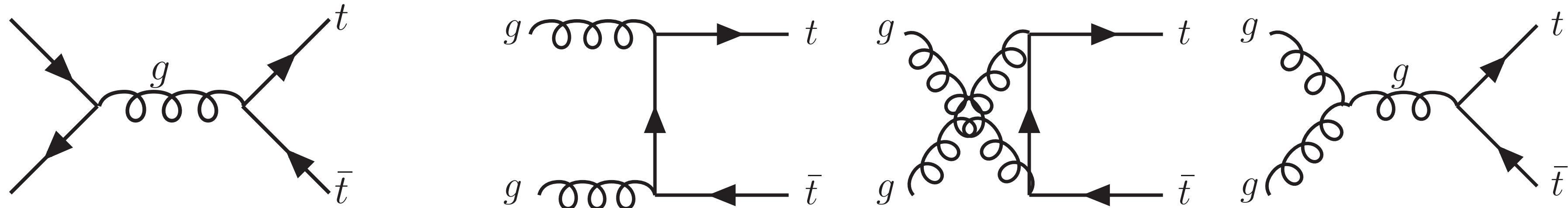
72 pb @ 13 TeV



s-channel

11 pb @ 13 TeV

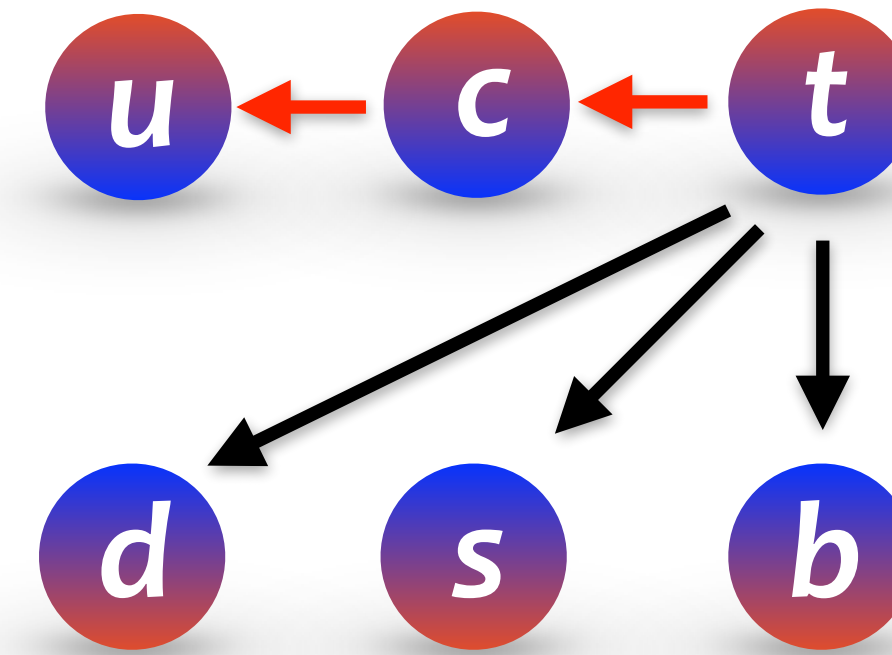
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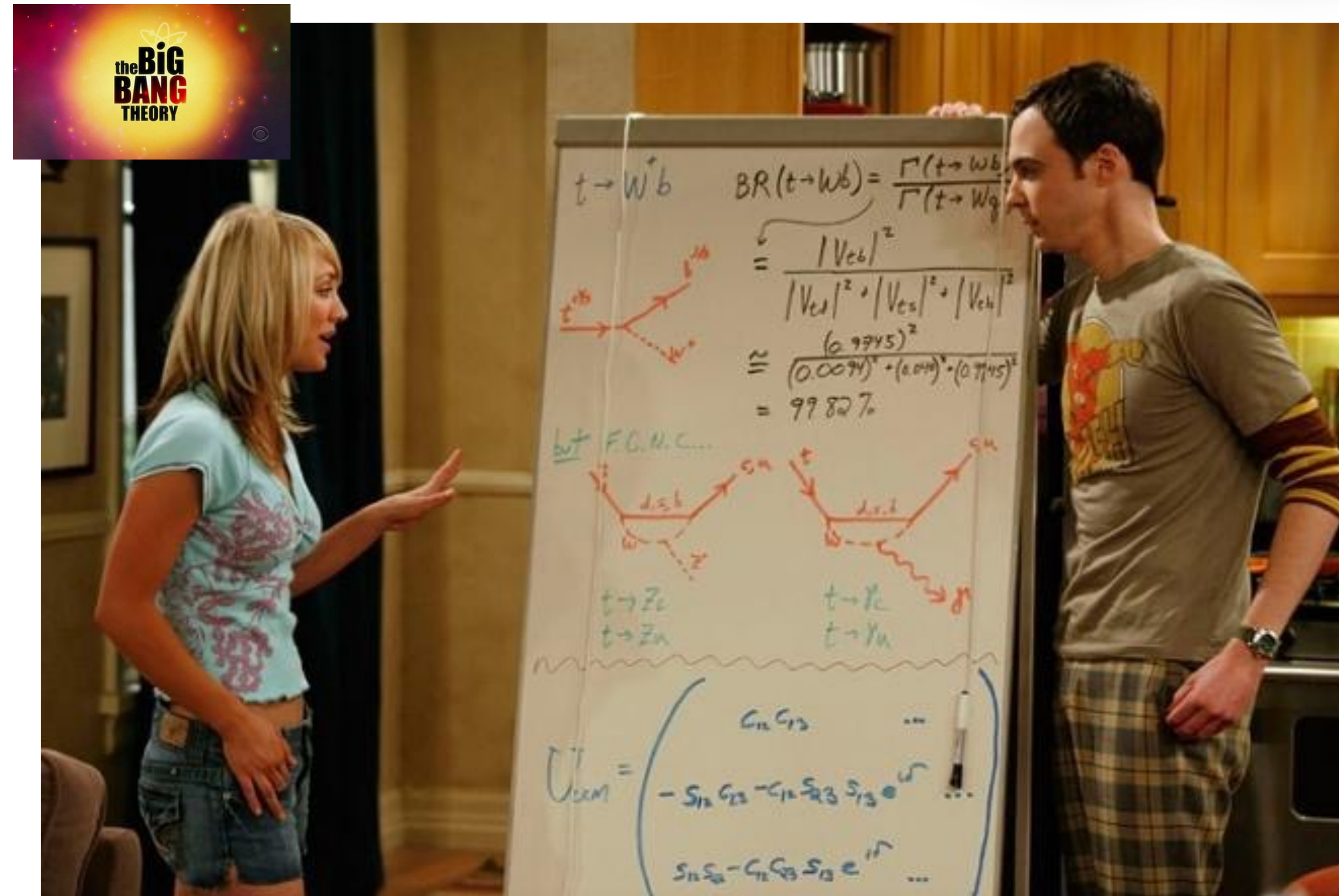
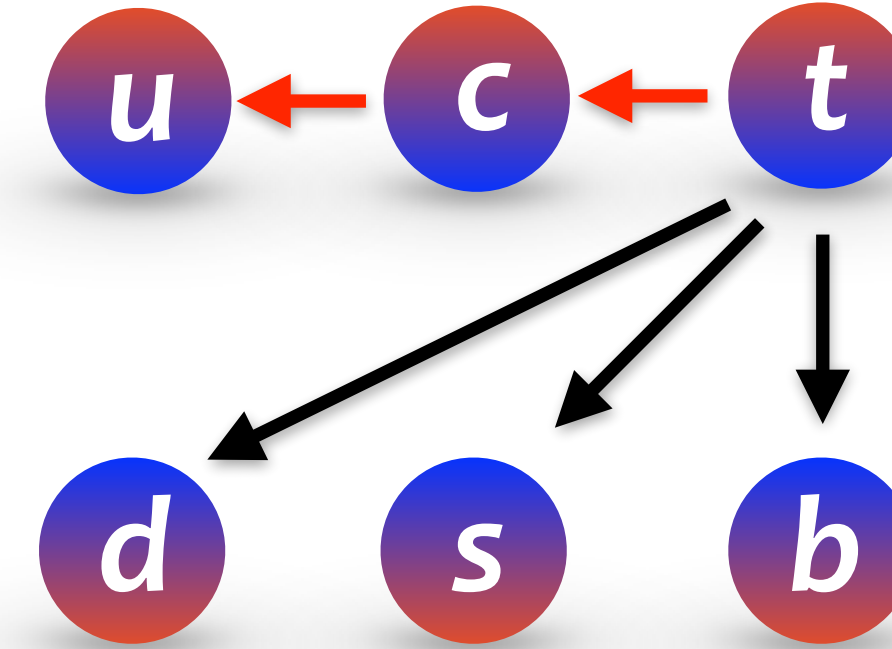
## Weak decay

- governed by CKM matrix,  $\text{BF}(t \rightarrow Wb) \sim 1$
- no FCNC transitions at tree level



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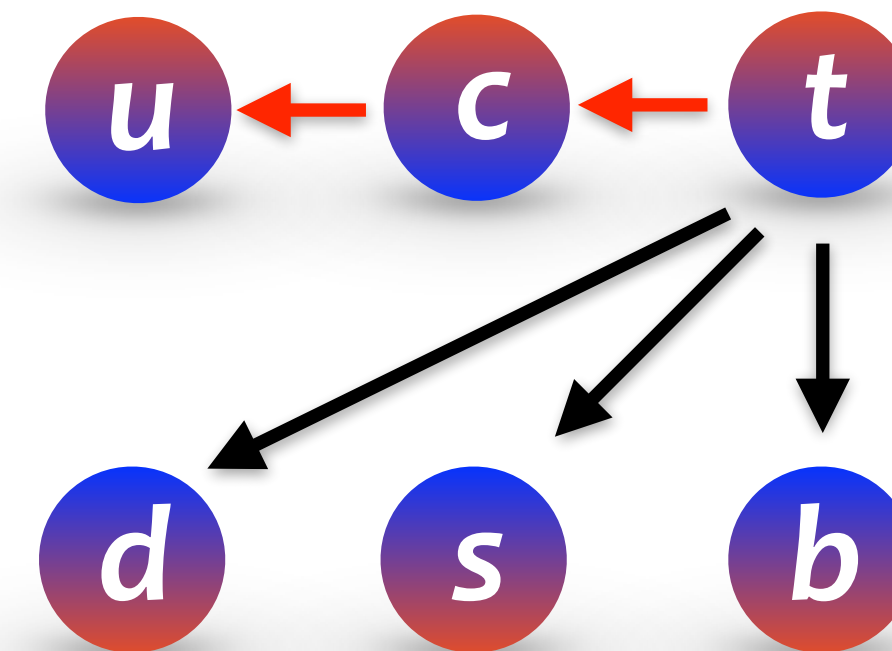
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- $W \rightarrow \ell\nu, \tau_{\text{had}}\nu$  or  $q\bar{q}$



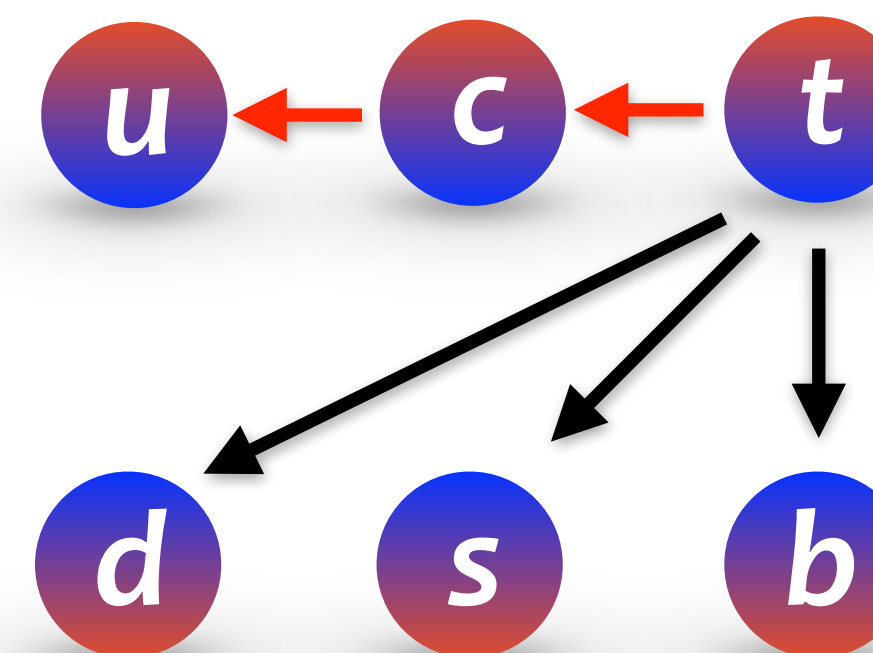
W decay mode	$qq'$	lepton plus jets	tau plus jets	all hadronic
	$\tau\nu$	$e\tau/\mu\tau$	$\tau\tau$	tau plus jets
	$e\nu/\mu\nu$	dilepton	$e\tau/\mu\tau$	lepton plus jets
		$e\nu/\mu\nu$	$\tau\nu$	$qq'$
		W decay mode		

## $t\bar{t}$ final states

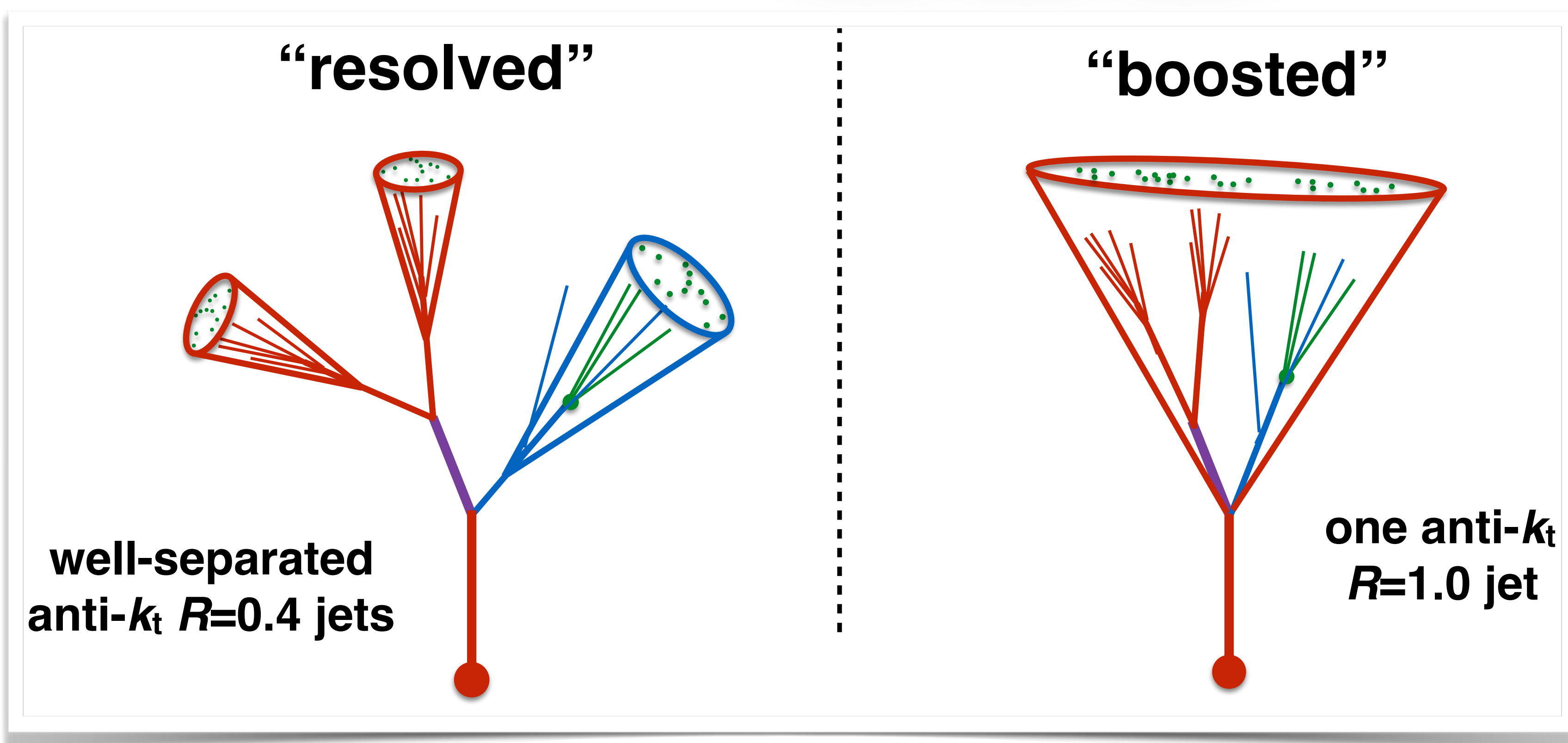
- Dilepton:  $2b, 2\ell, 2\nu$
- Lepton+jets:  $2b, 2q, 1\ell, 1\nu$
- All hadronic:  $2b, 4q$
- With  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  leptons

## Weak decay

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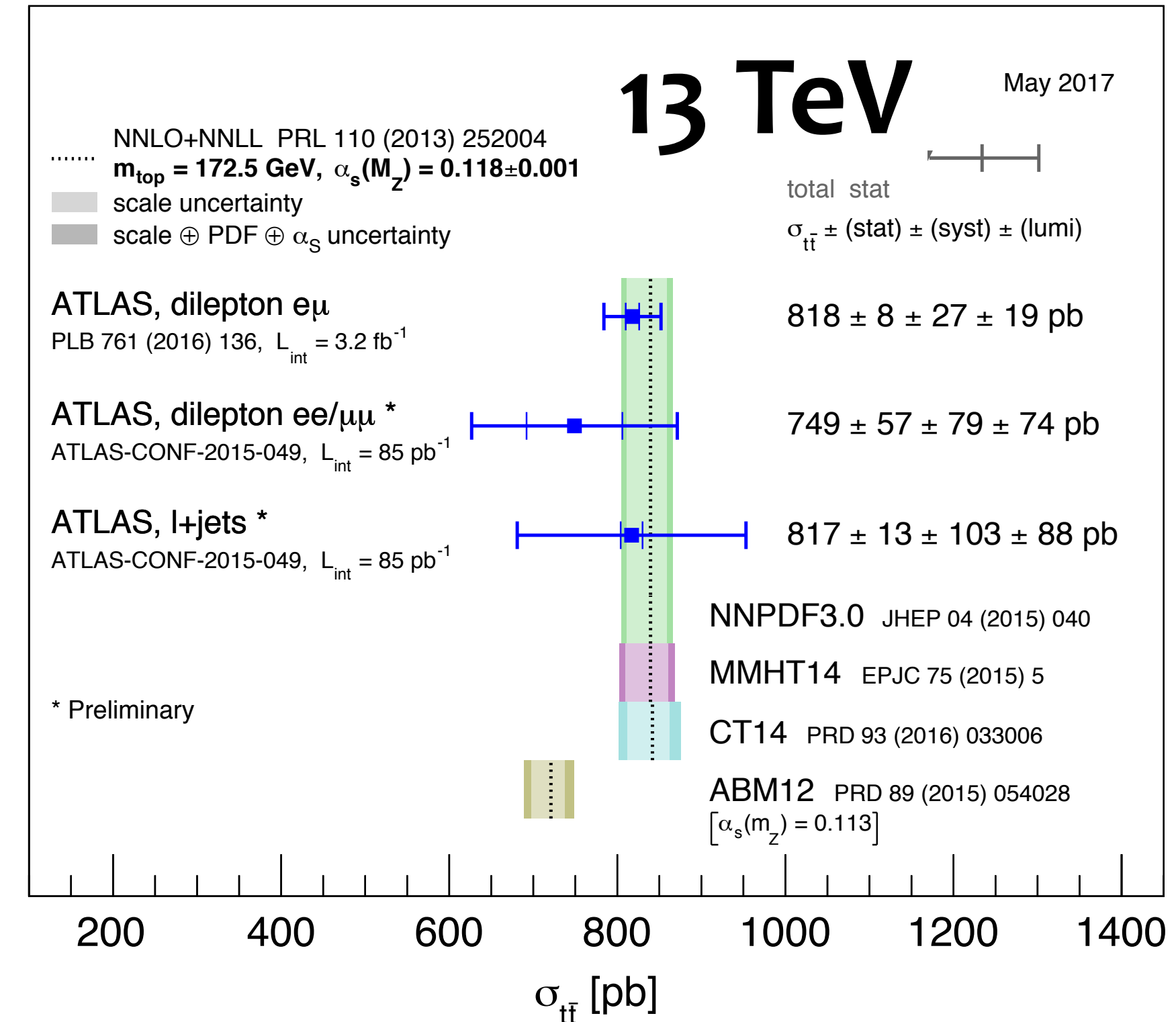
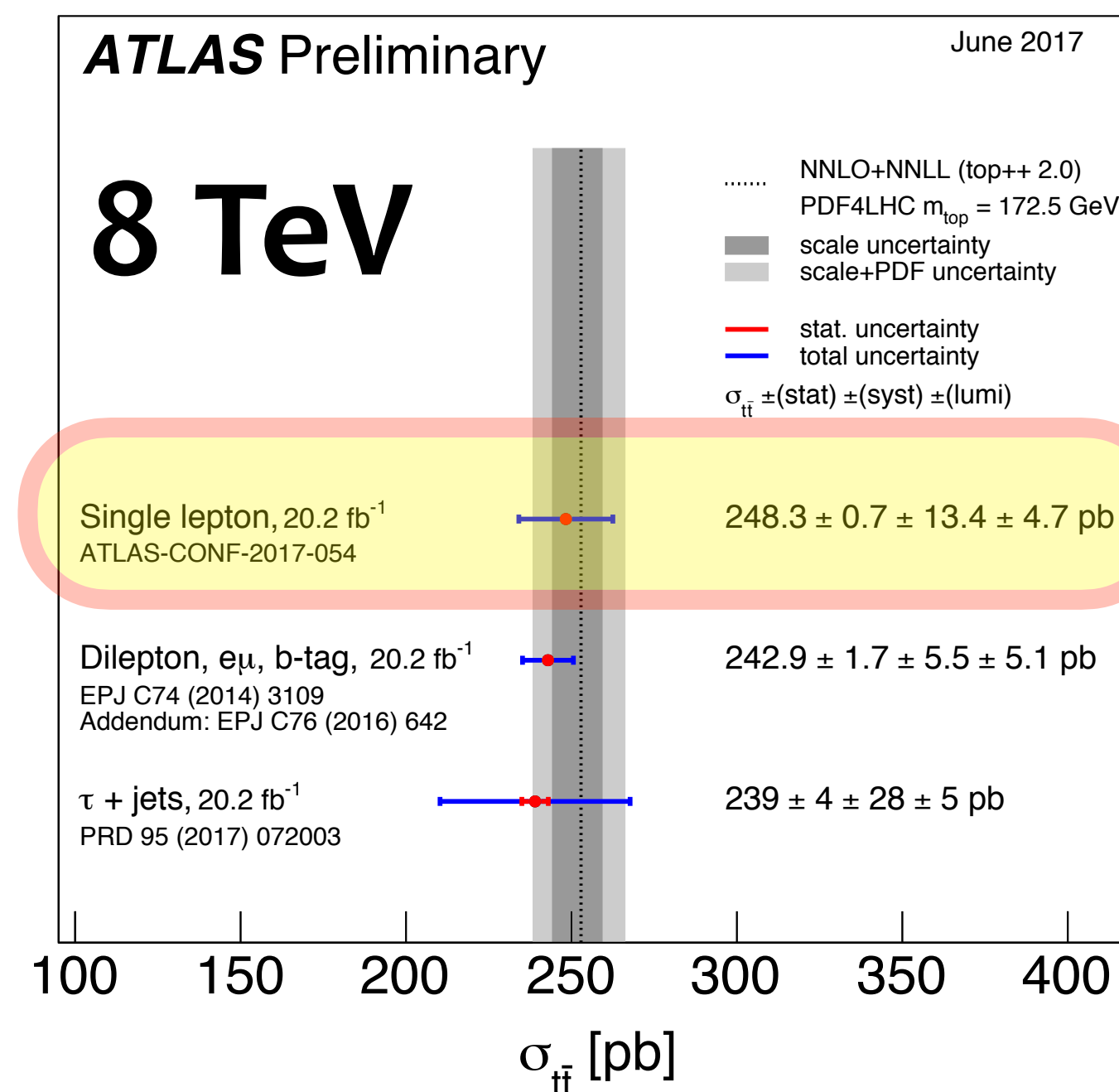
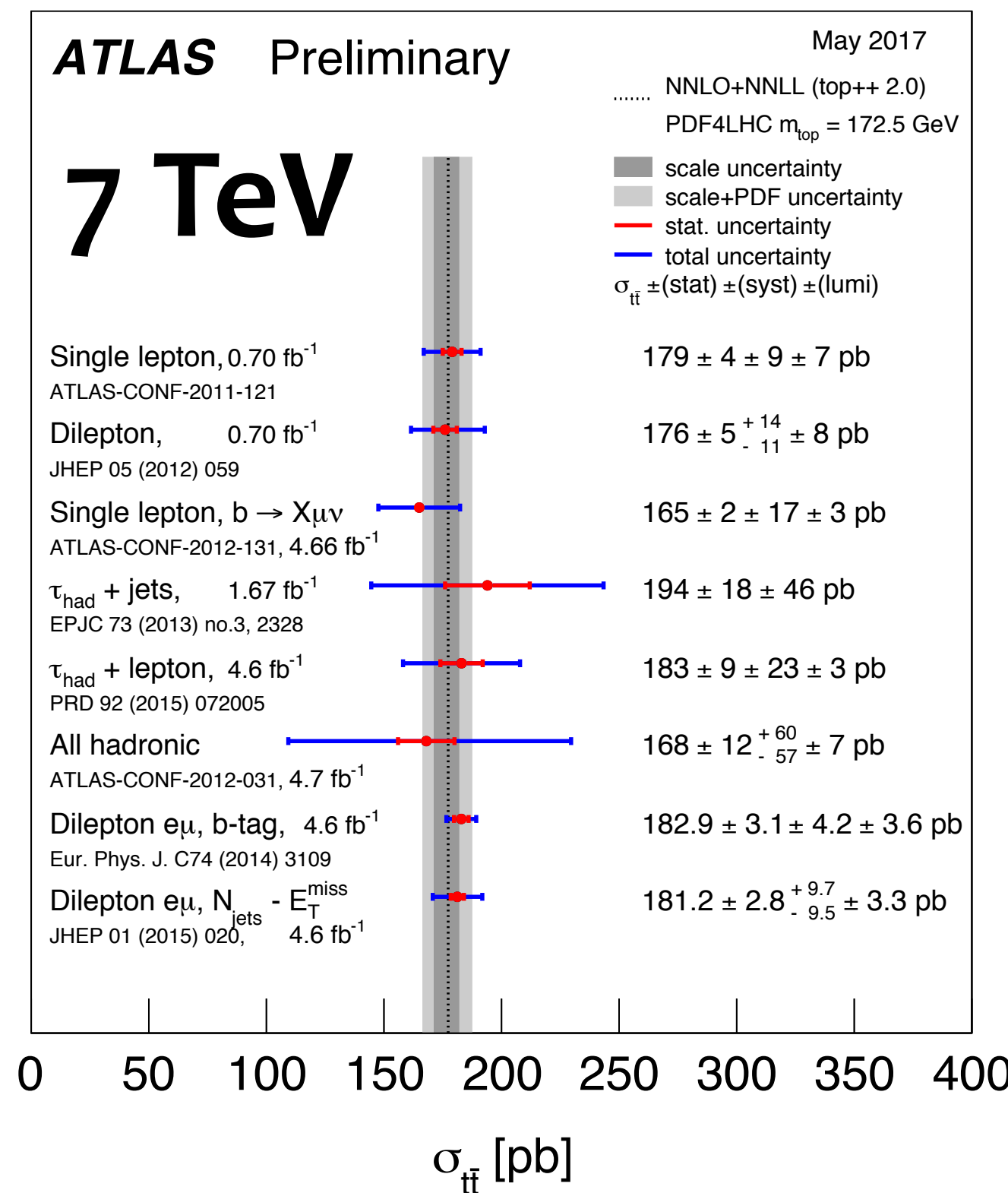


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	$e\tau/\mu\tau$	$\tau\tau$	tau plus jets	
	$e\nu/\mu\nu$	dilepton	$e\tau/\mu\tau$	
	$e\nu/\mu\nu$	$\tau\nu$	$qq'$	
	W decay mode			



## Several measurements at 3 collision energies

- stringent tests of QCD with heavy quarks
- can be sensitive to potential new physics
- but also: top quark mass in well defined renormalisation scheme



## Split selection in 3 signal regions

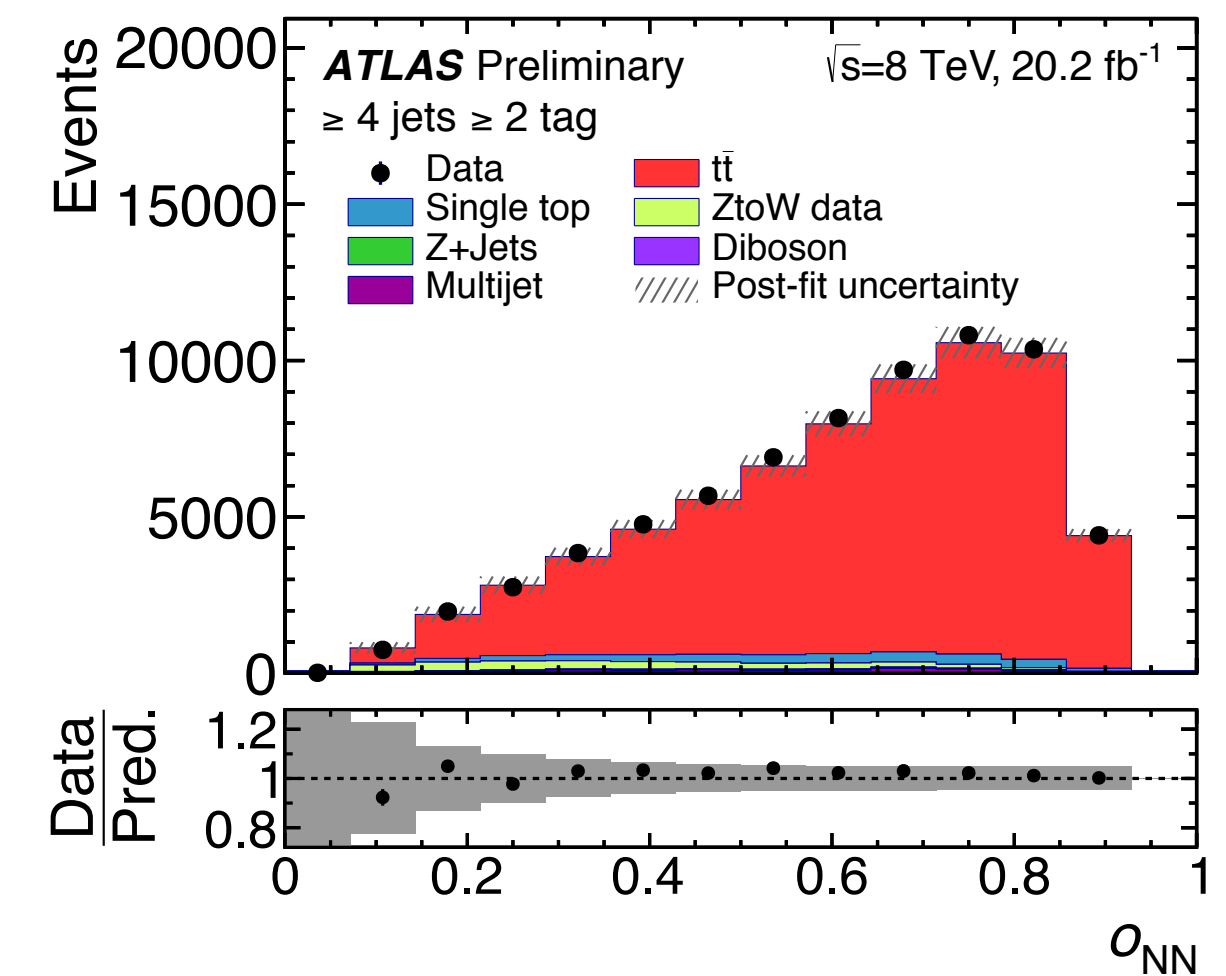
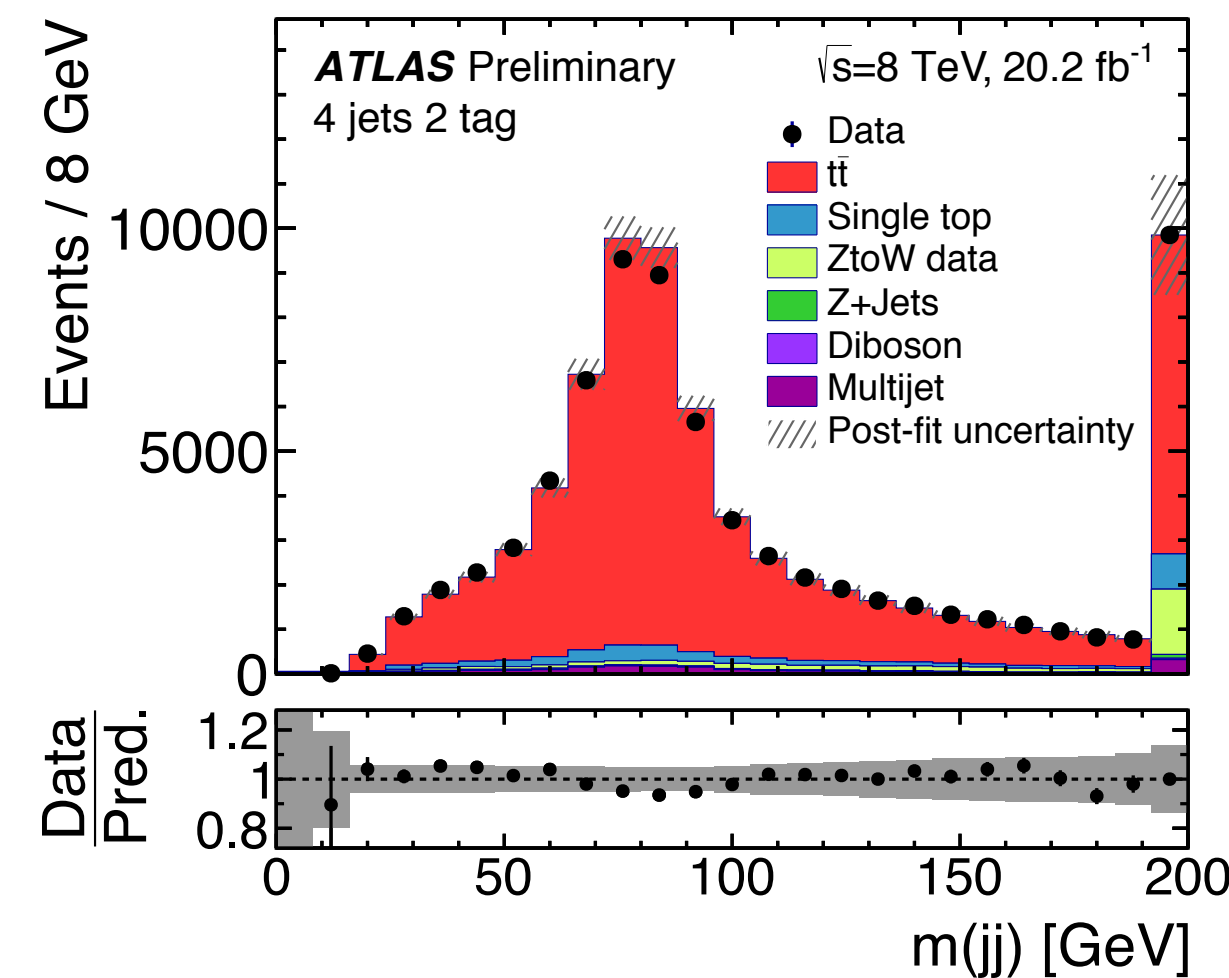
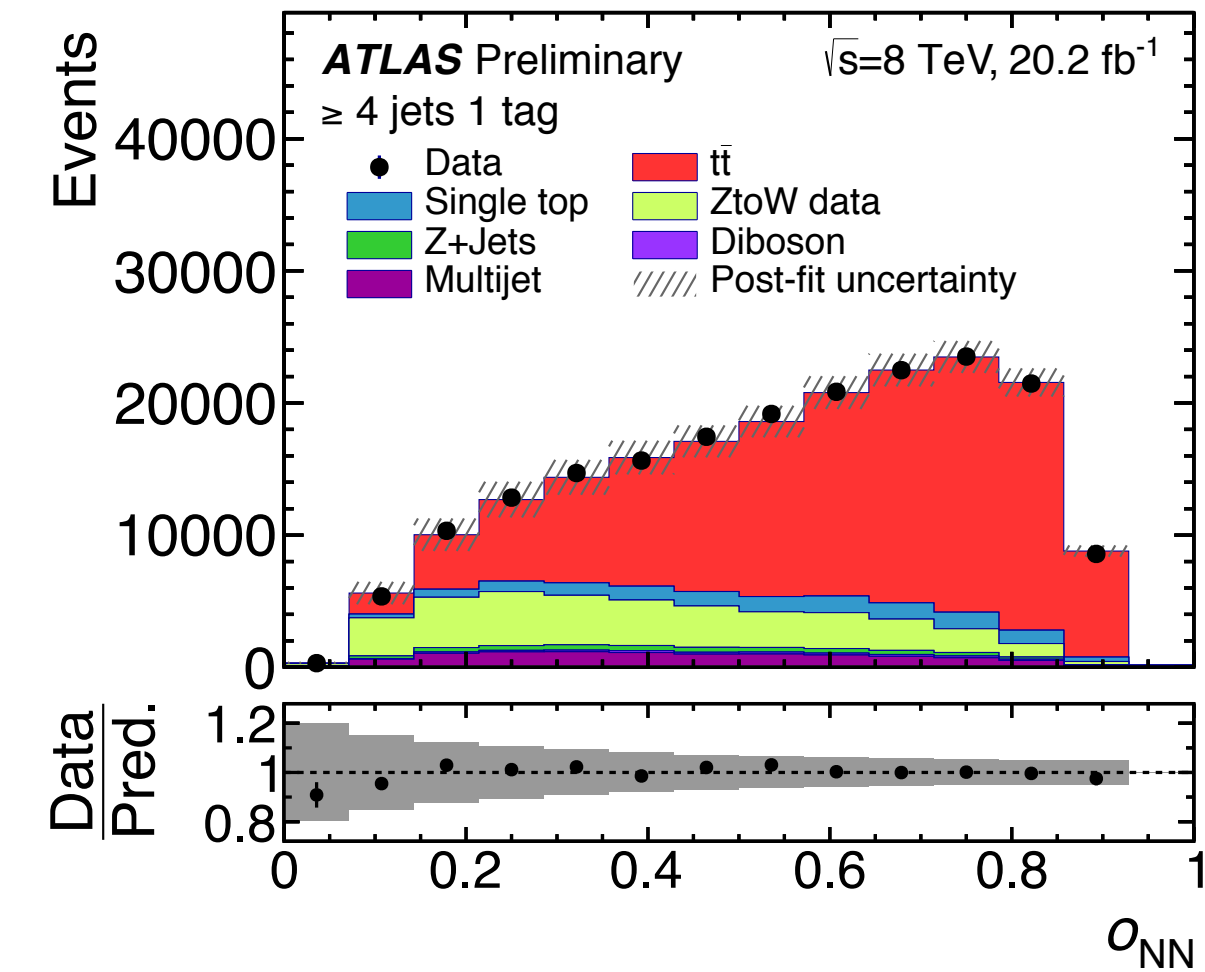
- different backgrounds
- sensitive to additional radiation

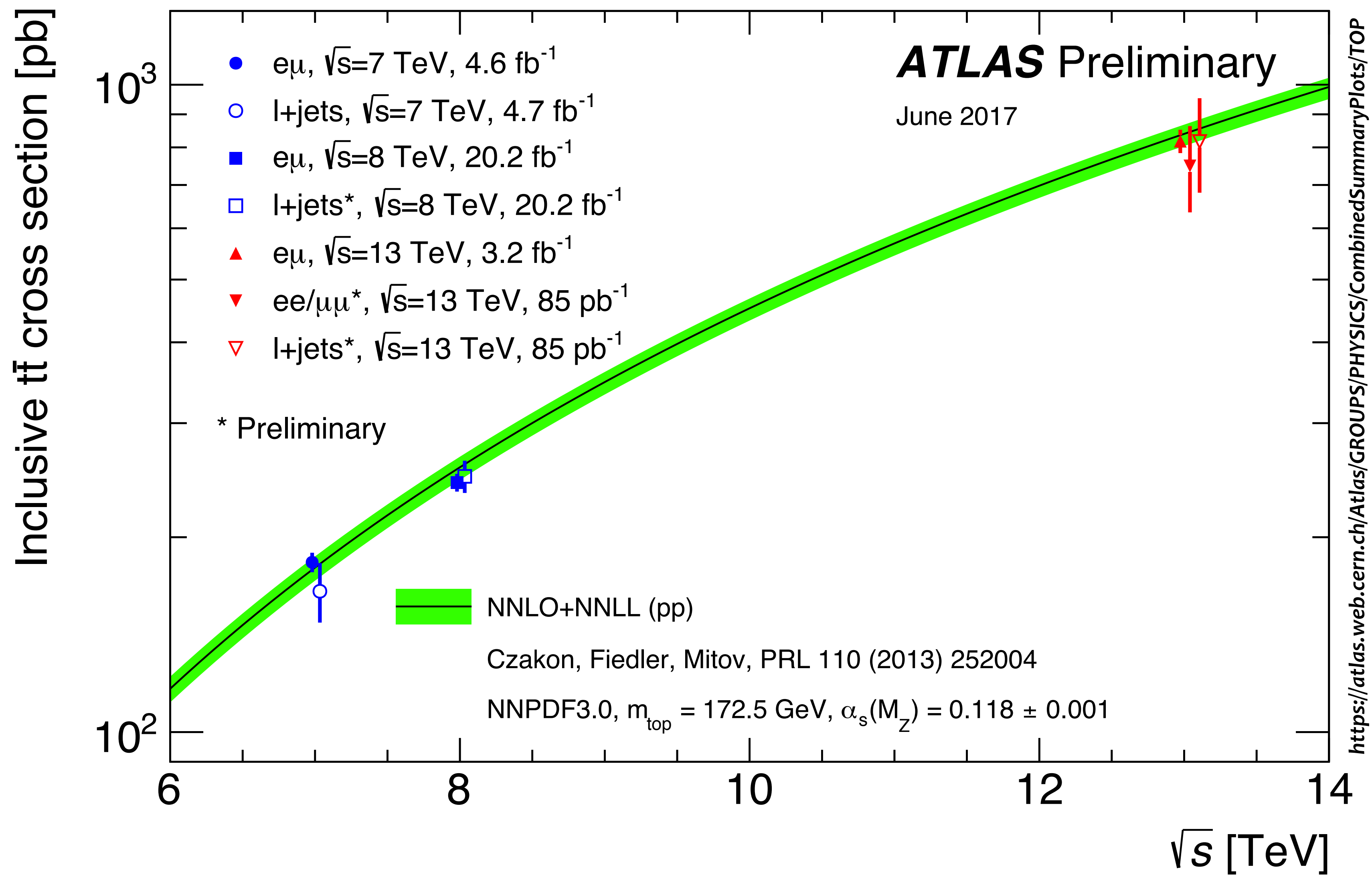
## Analysis

- W+jets background shape modelled using Z+jets in data
- multi-jet from data, including normalisation
- neural network with kinematic observable inputs
- likelihood fit with nuisance parameters

## Result

- $\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 248.3 \pm 0.7_{\text{stat}} \pm 14.2_{\text{syst}} \text{ pb}$
- dominant uncertainties
  - MC modelling
  - jet energy scale, b-tagging





Most precise measurements at 7, 8 and 13 TeV compared to calculations

## Motivation

- detailed test of pQCD, constrain PDF and MC parameters

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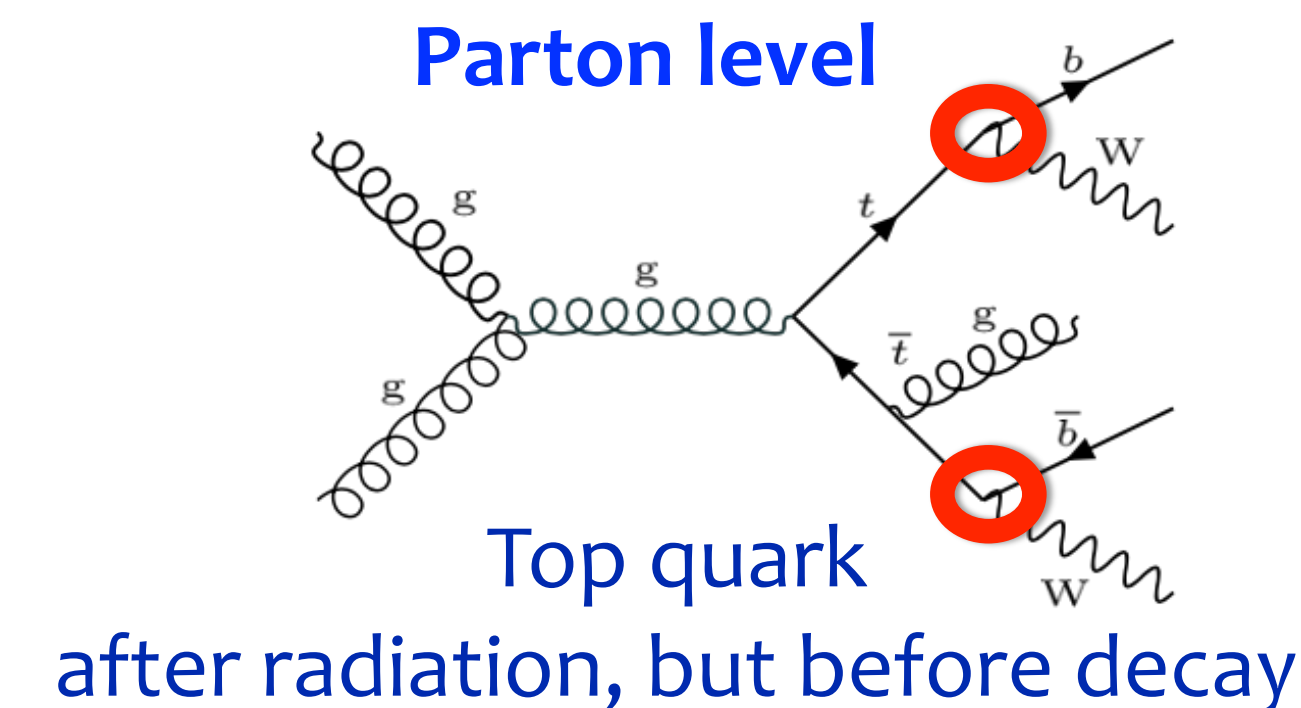
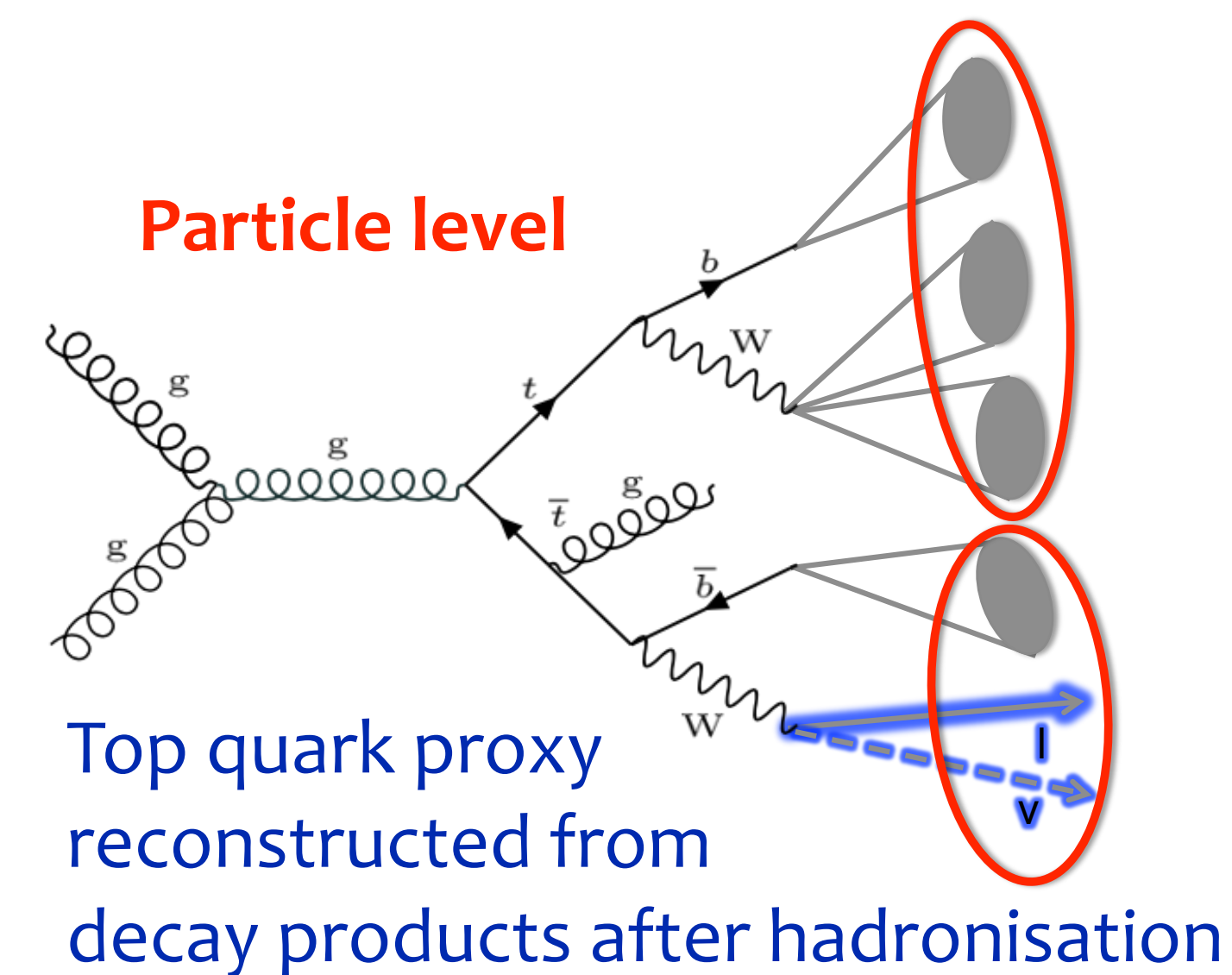
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## General analysis strategy

- tight event selection  $\rightarrow$  pure  $t\bar{t}$  sample
- $t\bar{t}$  / top quark kinematic reconstruction
- background subtraction
- corrections: acceptance, resolution  $\rightarrow$  unfolding

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma_i}{dX} = \frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{\text{unfold}(s_i^X - b_i^X)}{\Delta_i^X \cdot \int \mathcal{L} dt}$$

- $X = p_T, \eta$  of top-quark;  $p_T, \eta, m_{t\bar{t}}$  of top-quark pairs, ...
- compare to theory predictions at **particle** of **parton** level



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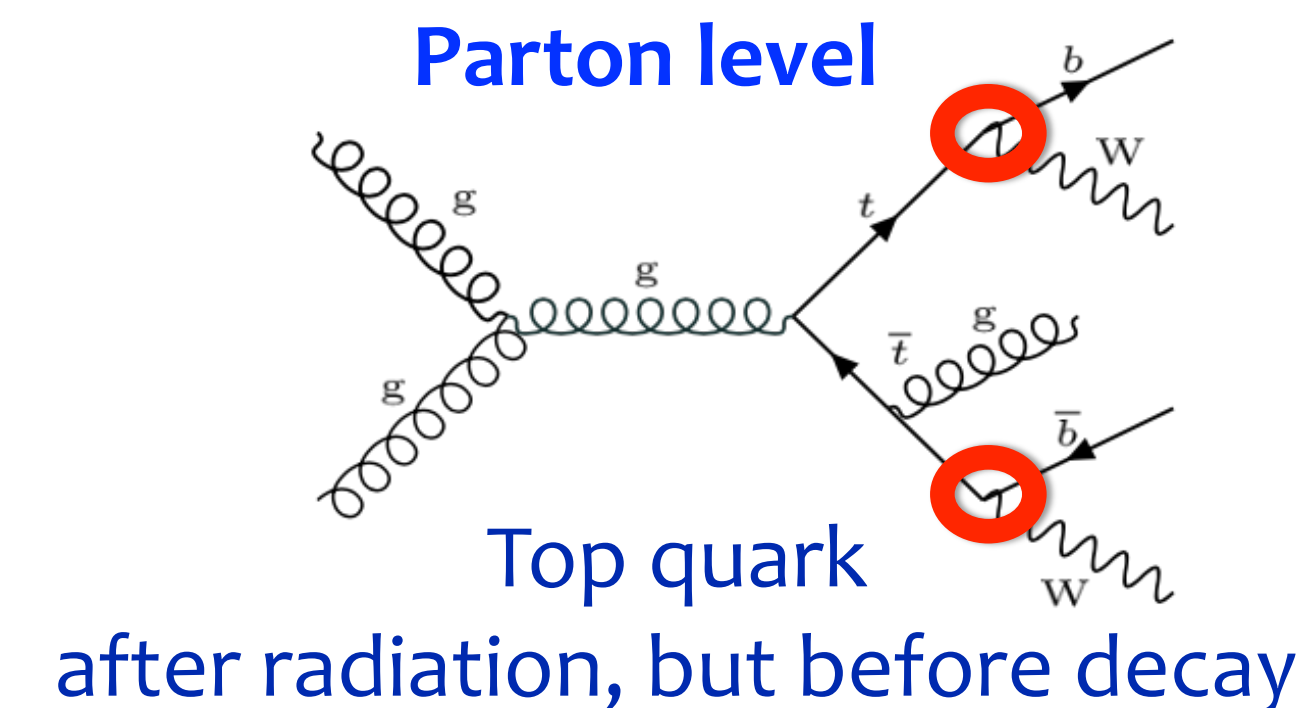
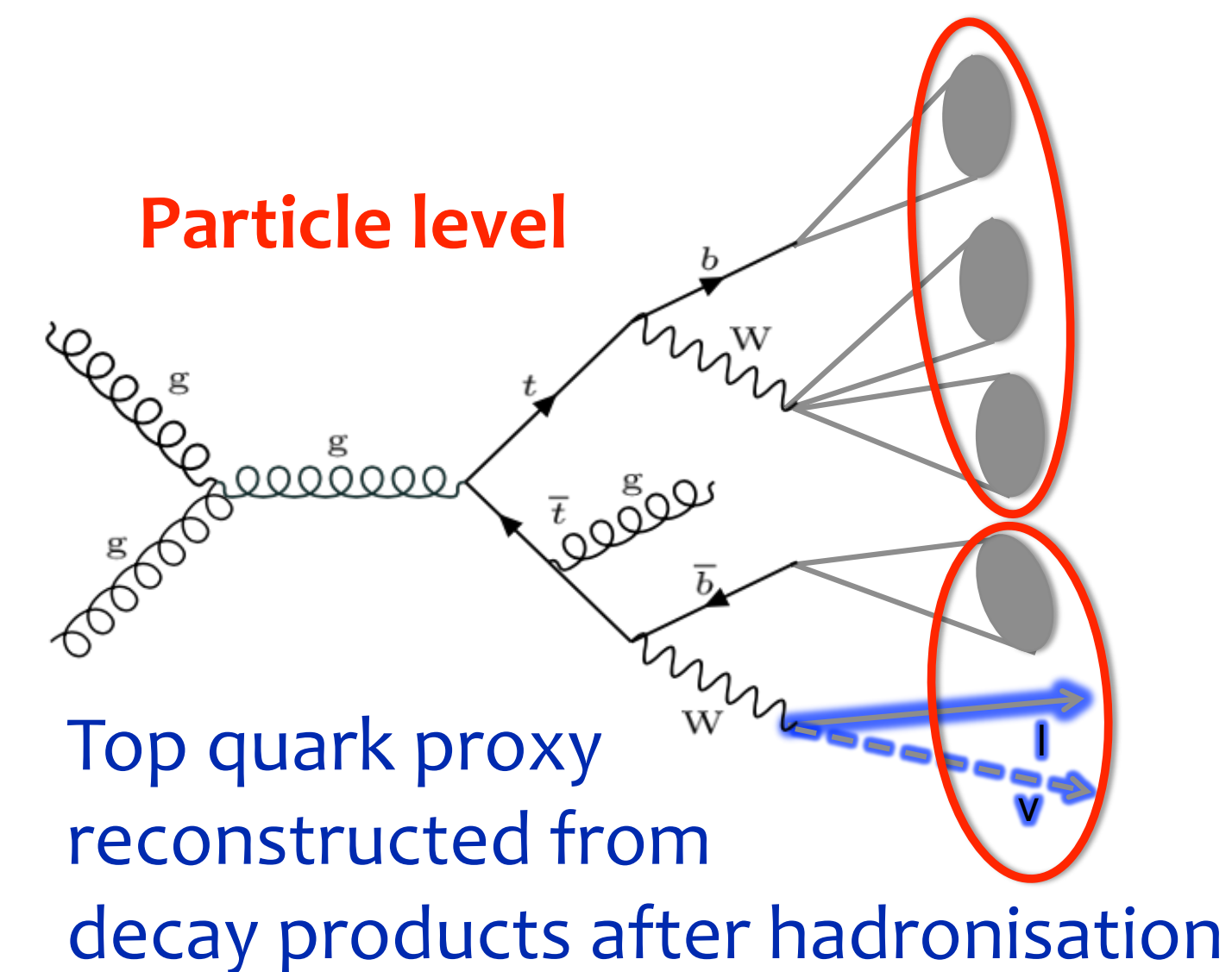
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## Results at 7, 8 and 13 TeV

EPJ C73 (13) 2261, PR D90 (14) 072004, JHEP 06 (15) 100 [7 TeV] — EPJ C76 (16) 538, PR D93 (16) 032009 [8 TeV] — EPJ C77 (17) 292, ATLAS-CONF-2017-044, 1708.00727 [13 TeV]



## Analysis

- Resolved and boosted regime
- full phase space parton or particle level
  - avoids model-dependent extrapolations
- absolute and relative distributions
- top and  $t\bar{t}$  system

## Findings

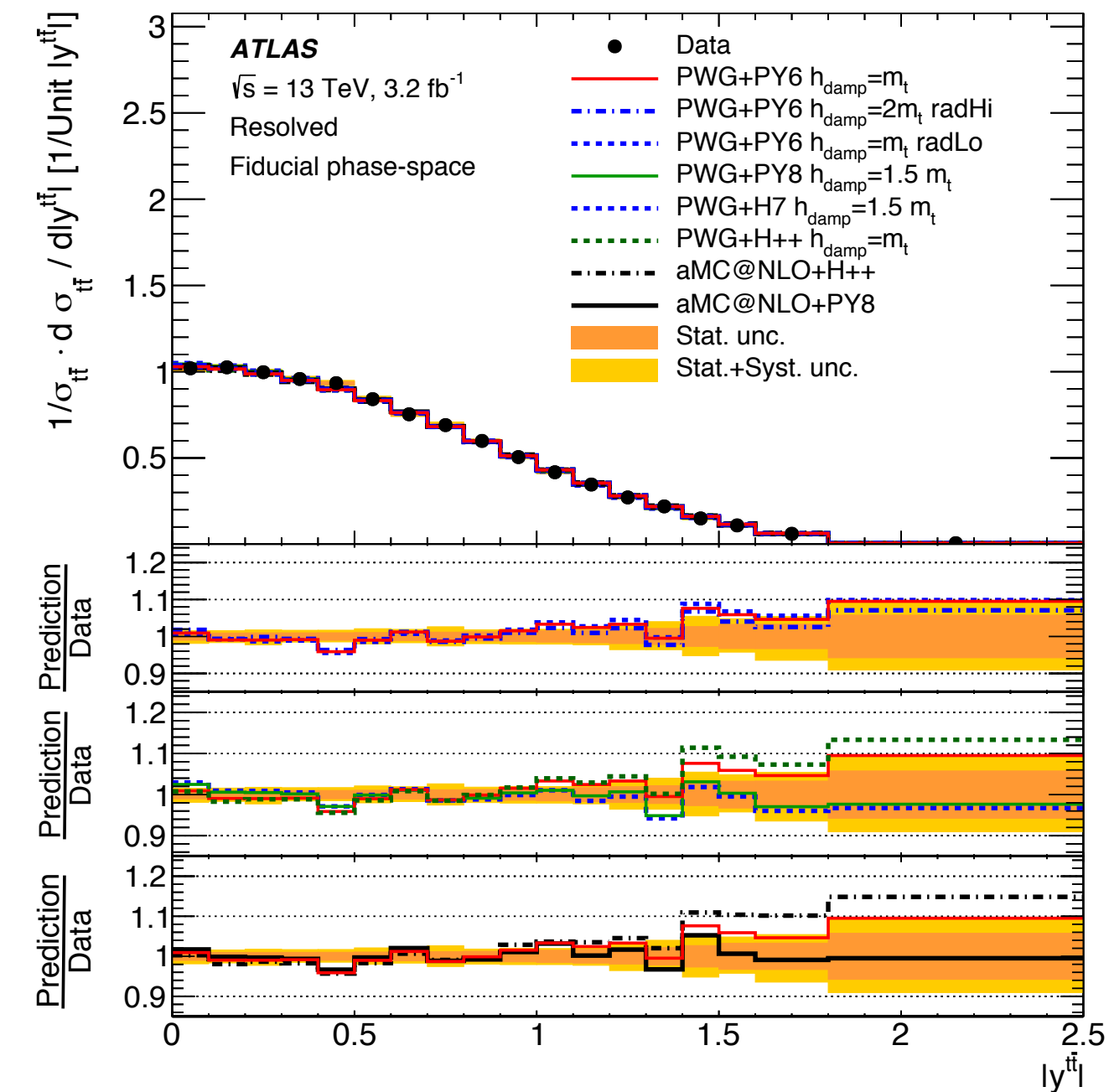
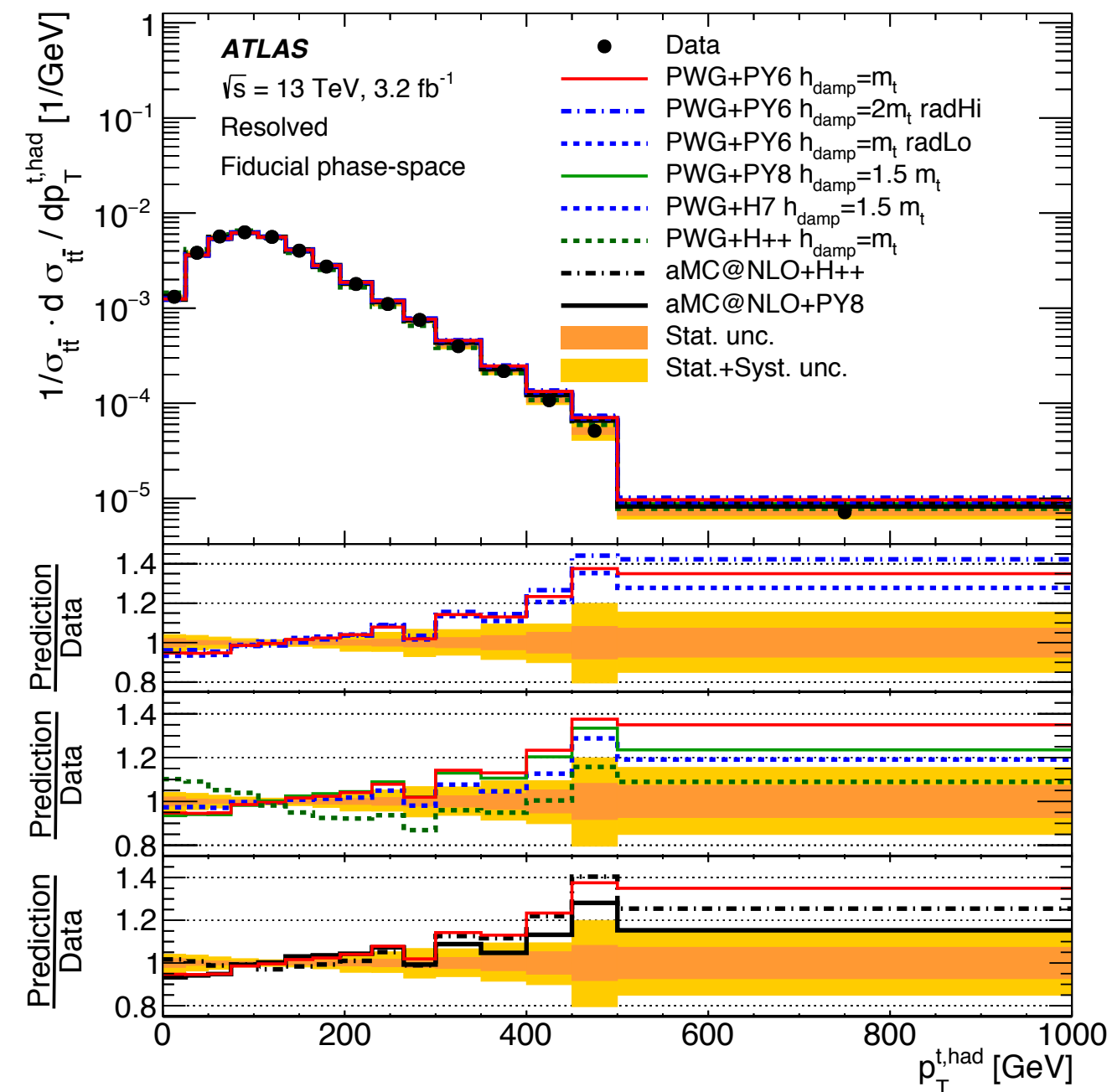
- generally modelling ok

## Analysis

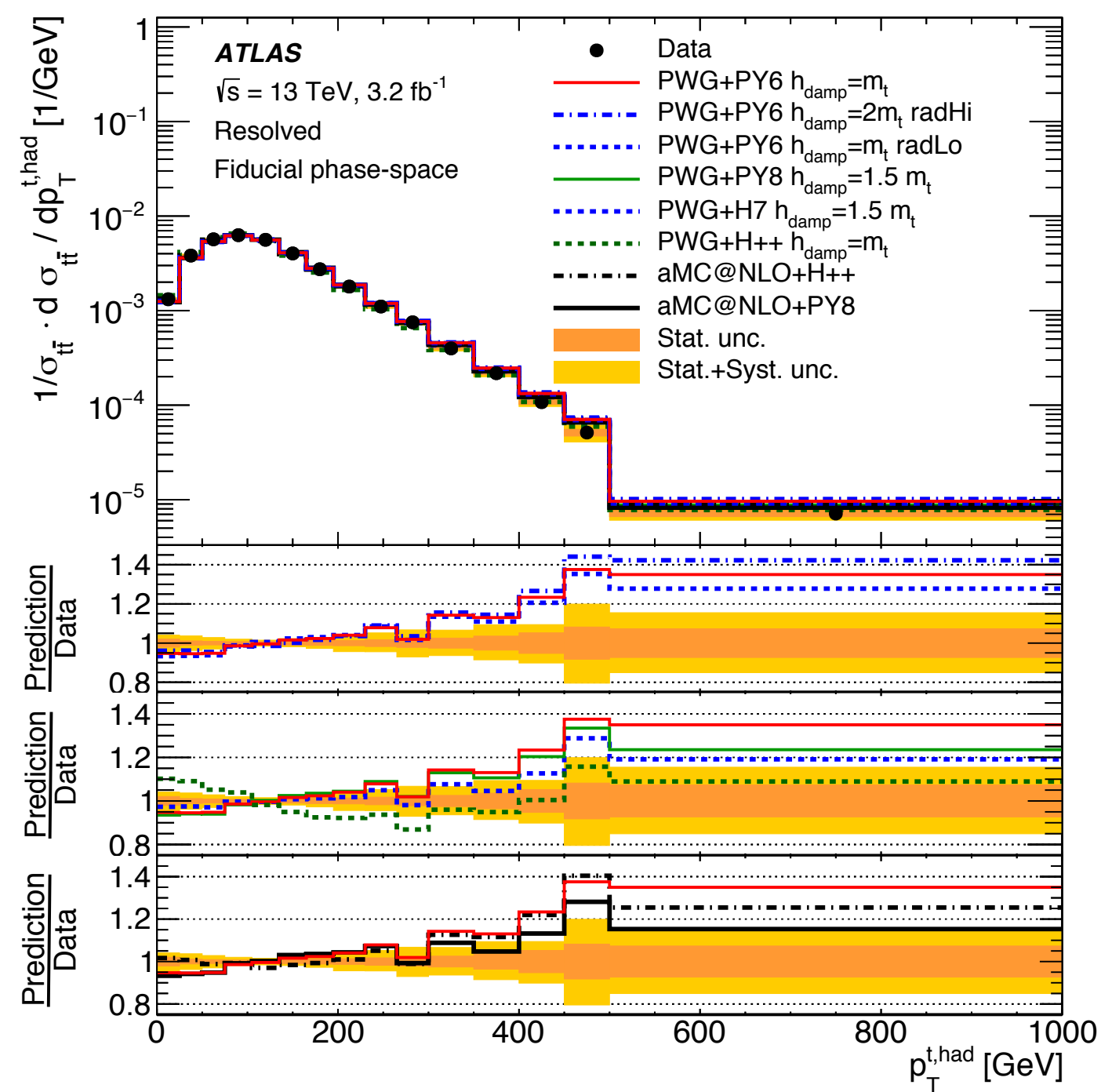
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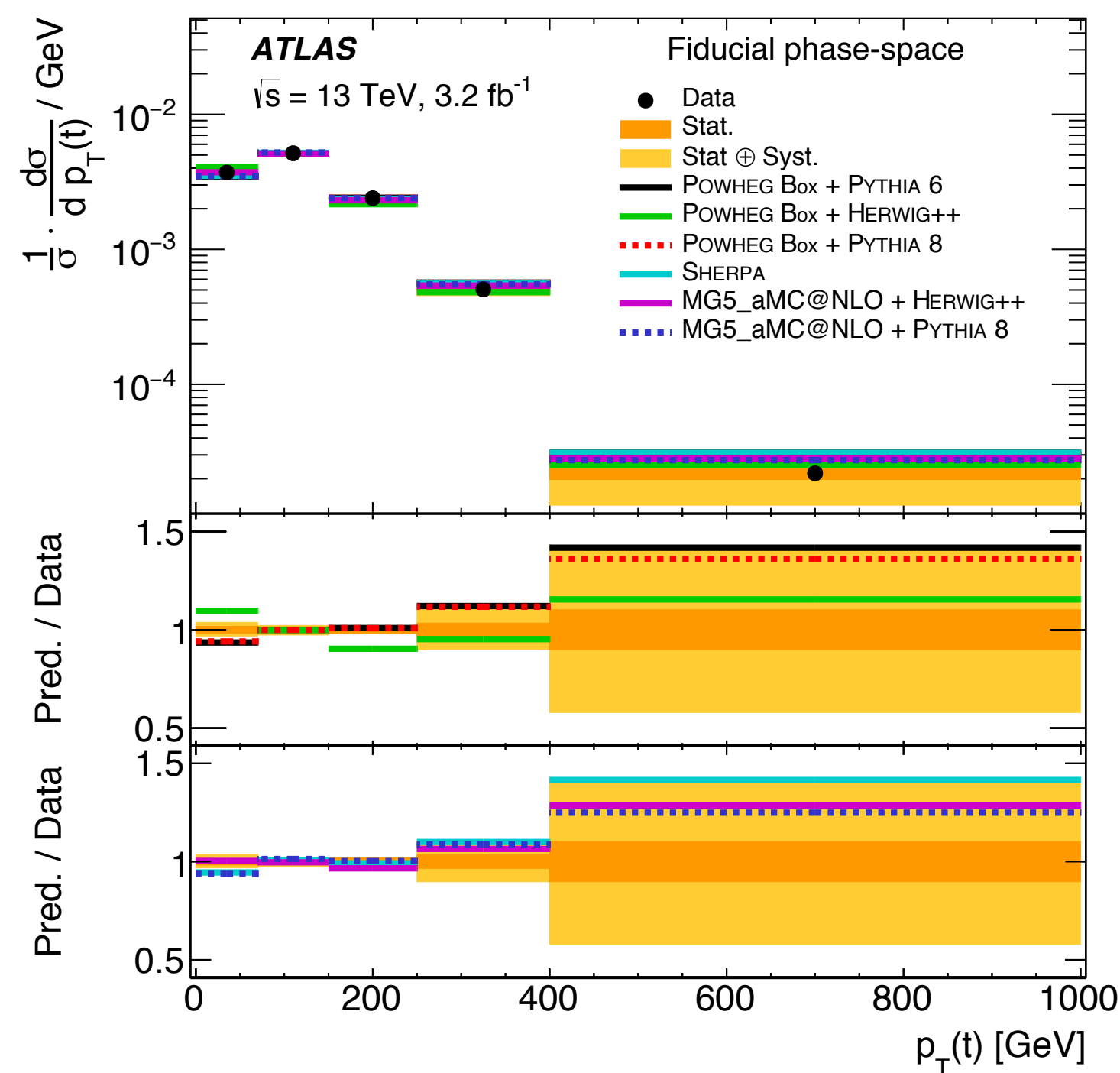
- generally modelling ok
- $p_T$  (top) not well described
  - Powheg+Herwig7 best description
- $y(t\bar{t})$  not well described
  - sensitive to different PDFs



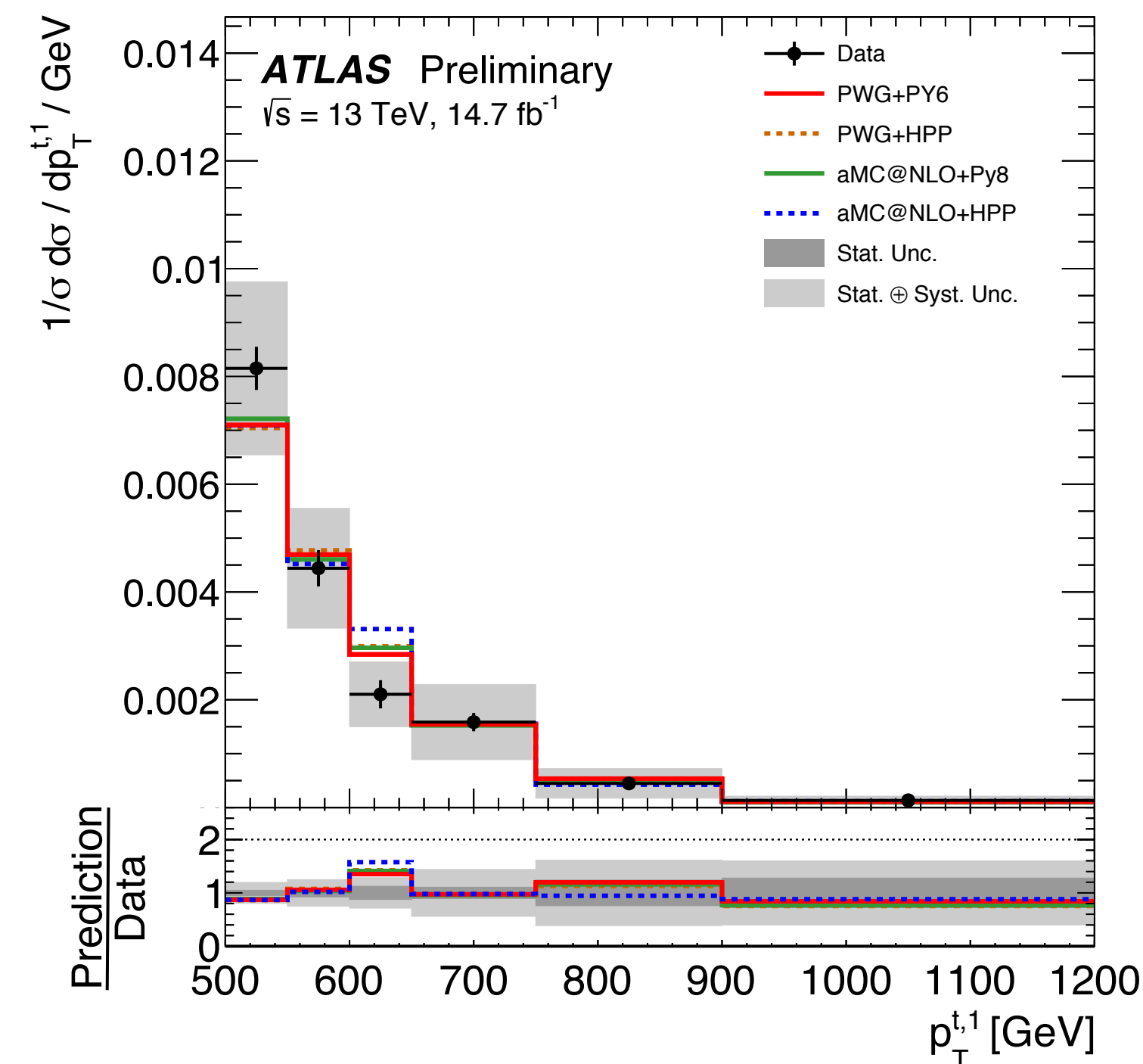
$\ell$  +jets 13 TeV



dilepton 13 TeV



all hadronic 13 TeV



## $p_T$ (top) not well described

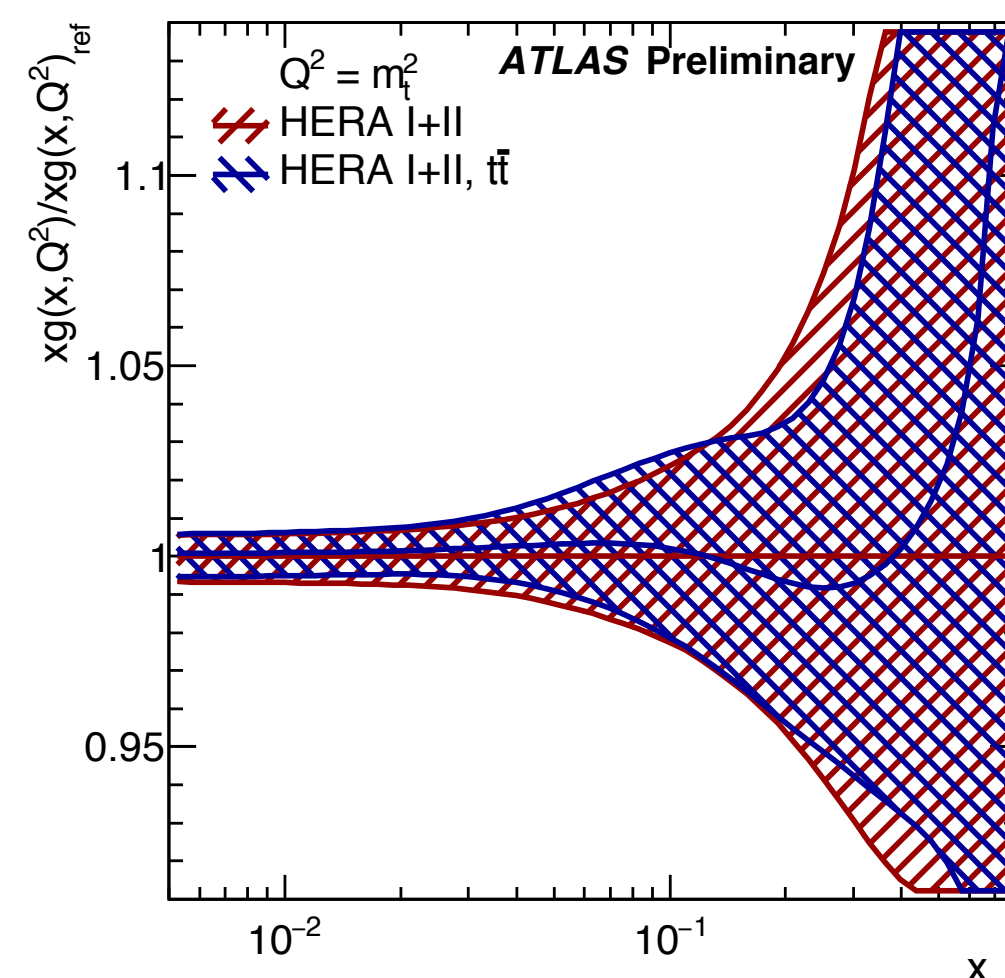
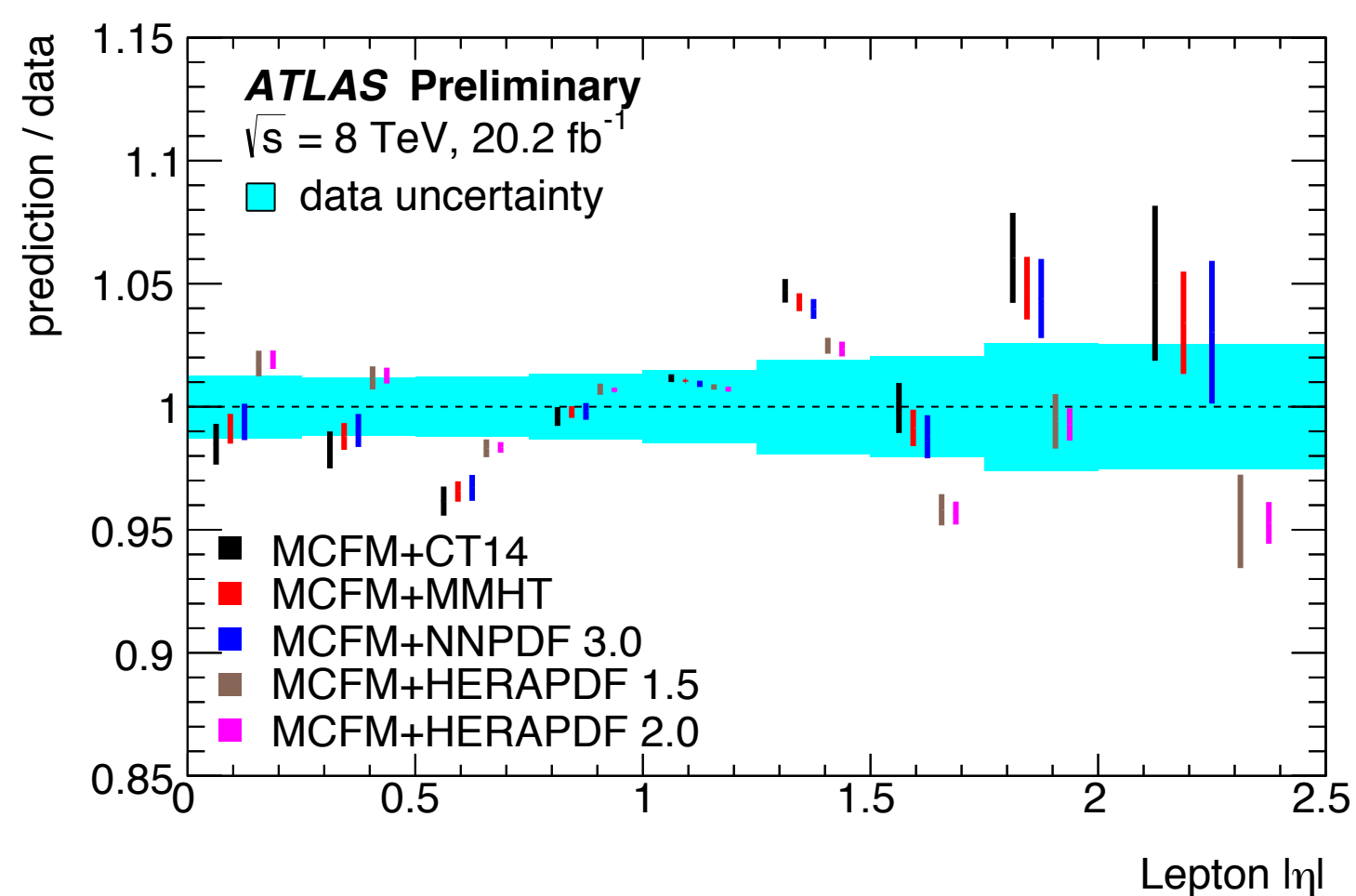
- already observed at 7 and 8 TeV, ATLAS and CMS
- ewk corrections and foremost full NNLO calculations needed for data/MC agreement
- observe in  $\ell$ +jets, dilepton and all hadronic channels also at 13 TeV

## Fiducial lepton and dilepton distributions compared to

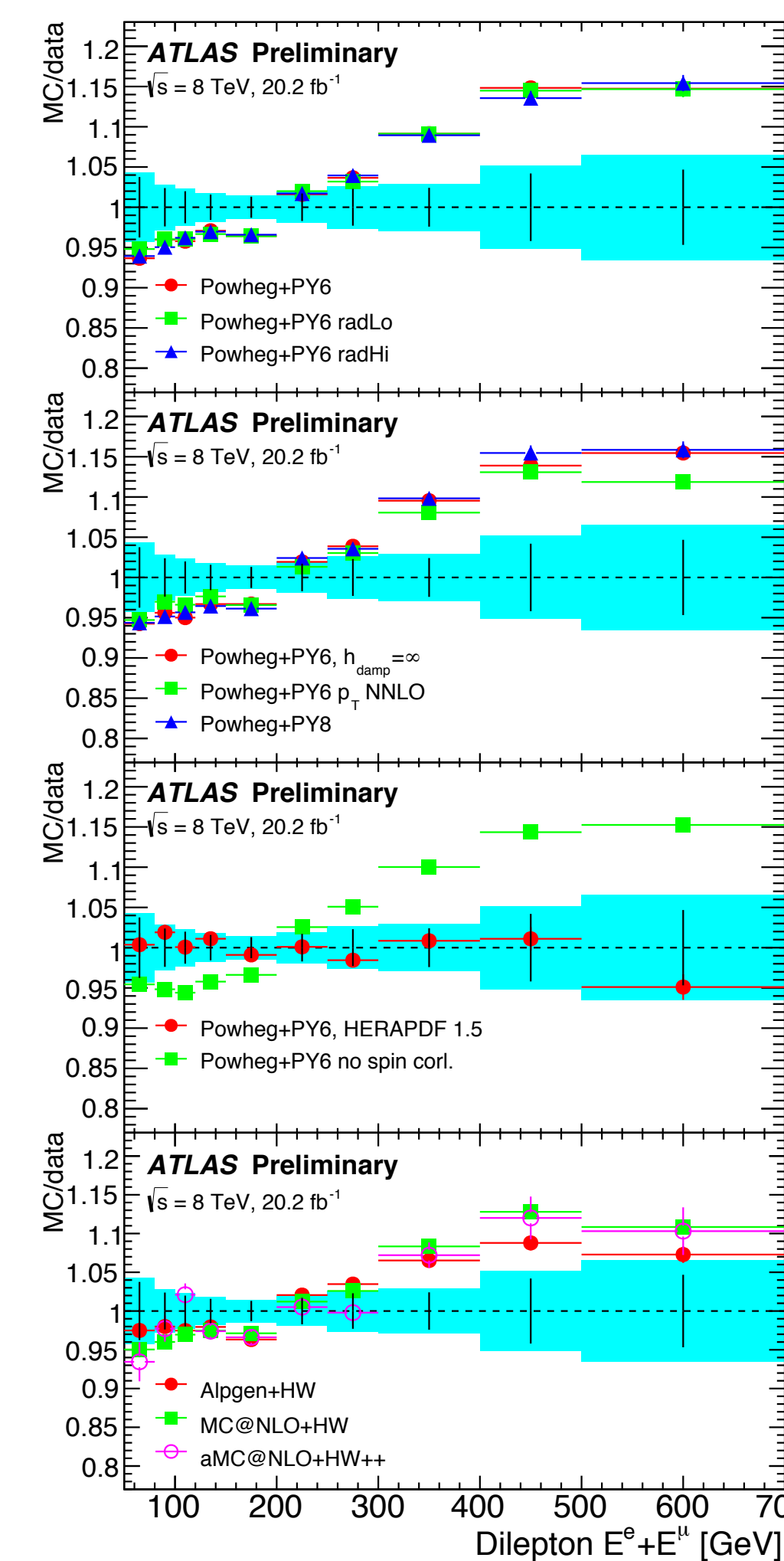
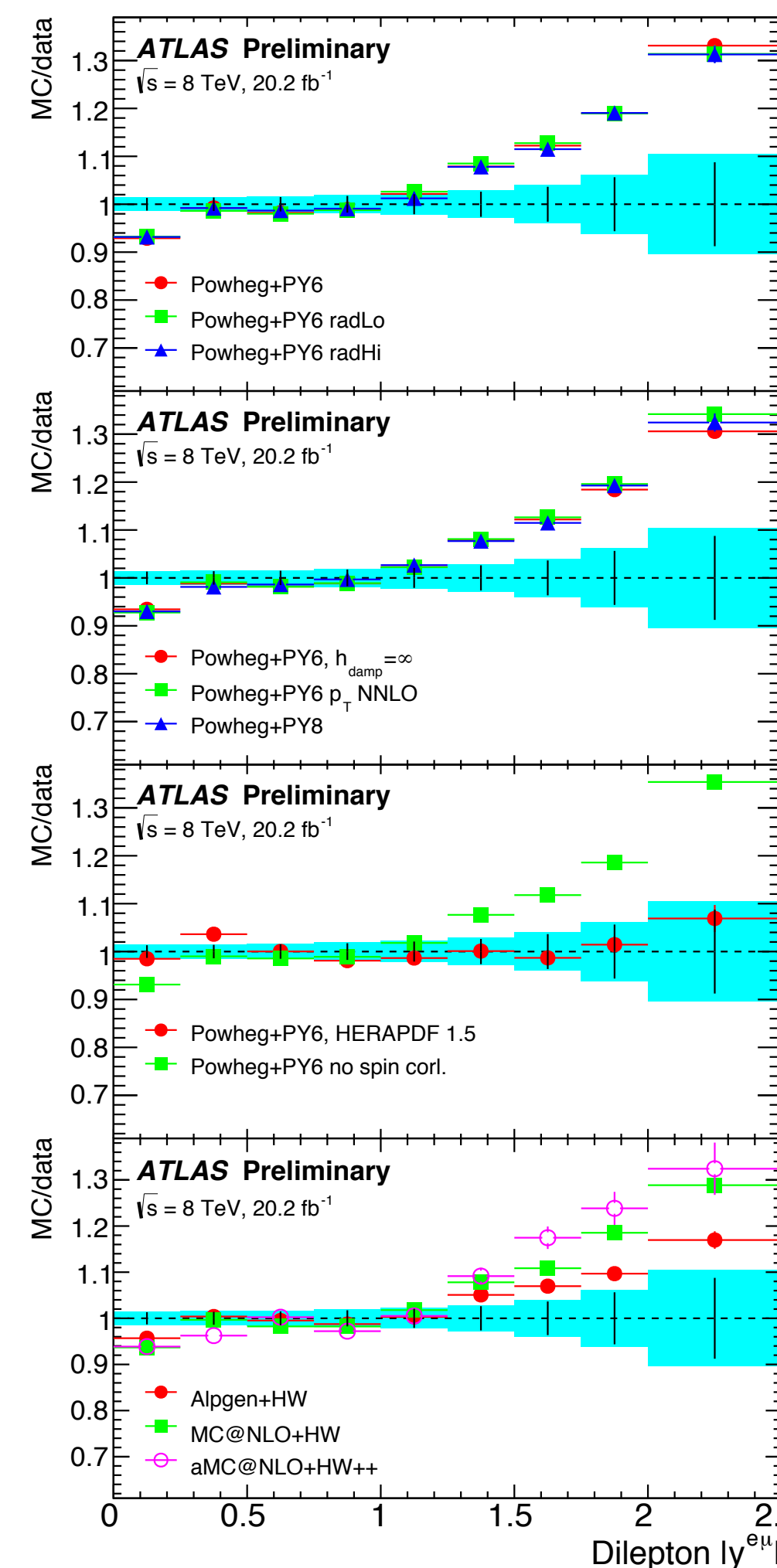
- $t\bar{t}$  NLO and LO multileg generators
- parton shower and hadronisation

## Results

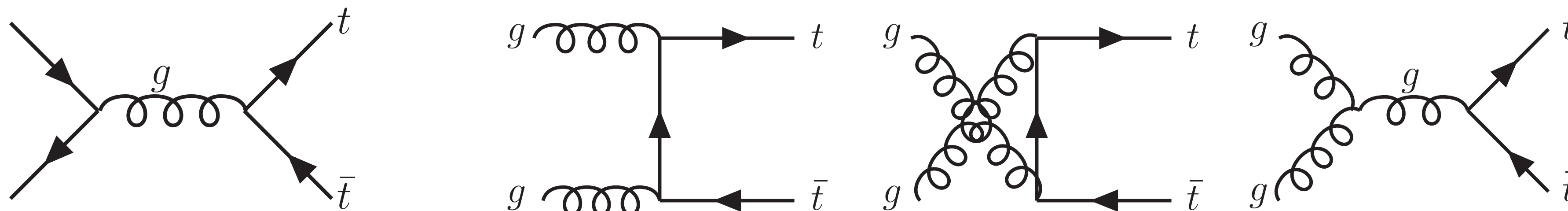
- in general good agreement
- sensitive to gluon PDF



- pole mass,  $\delta m_t < 2 \text{ GeV}$  (see next talk)

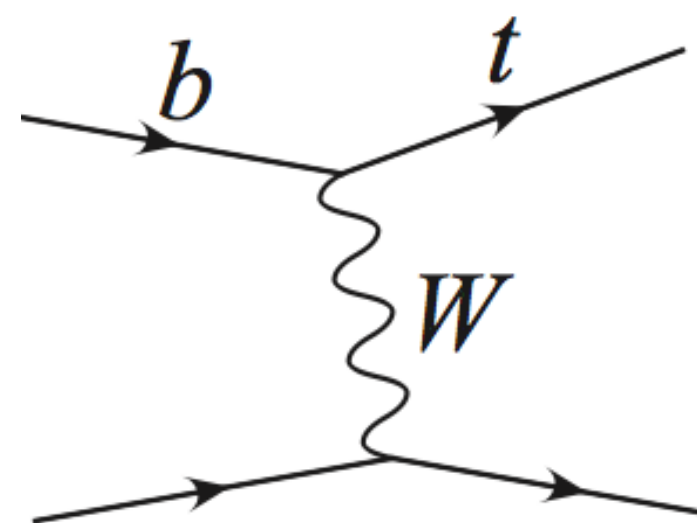


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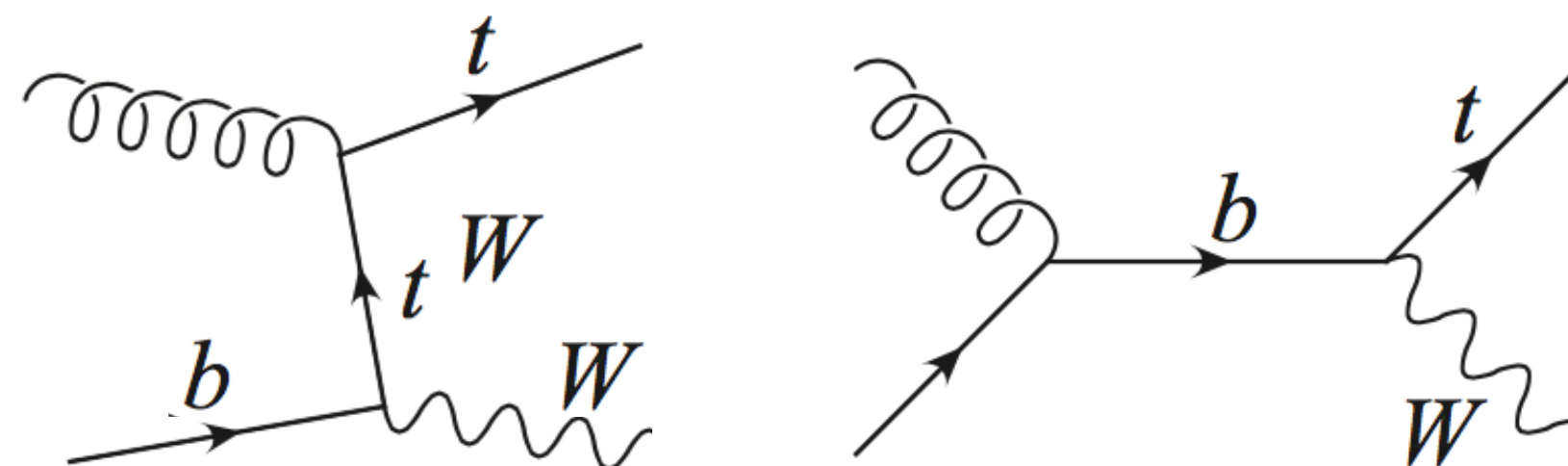
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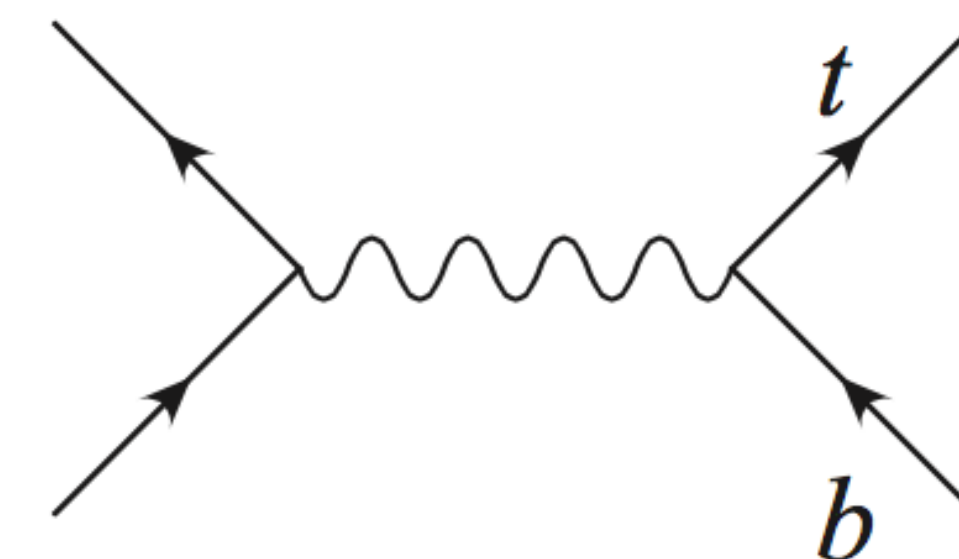
t-channel

210 pb @ 13 TeV



Wt channel

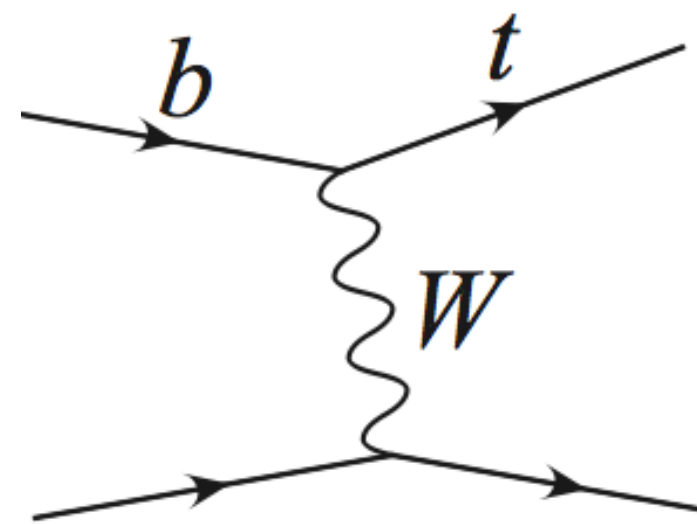
72 pb @ 13 TeV



s-channel

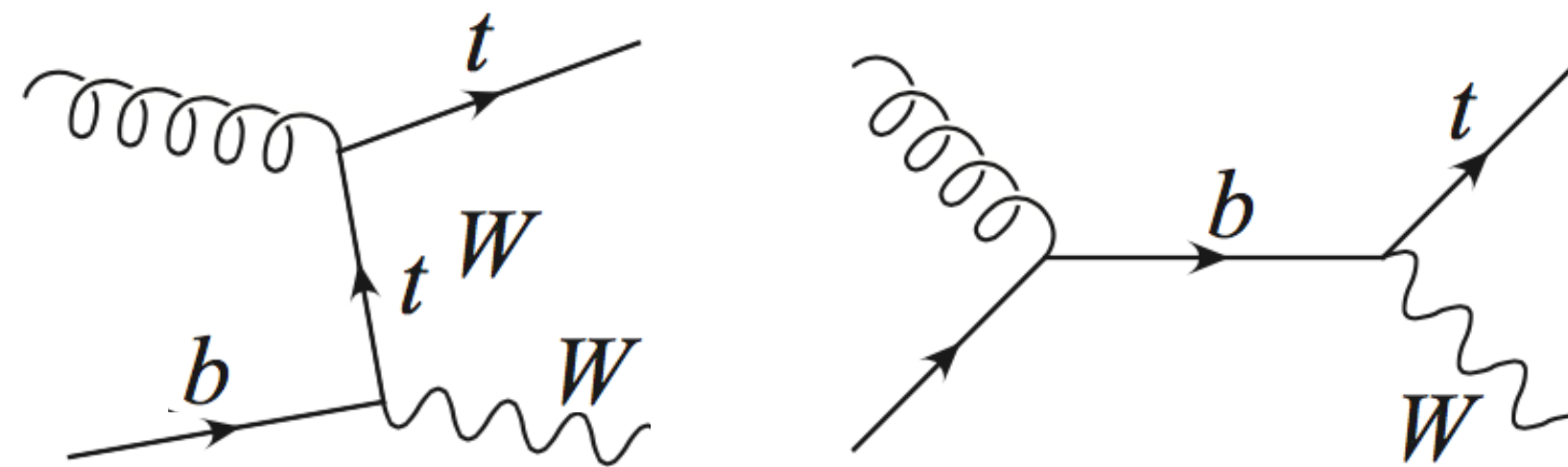
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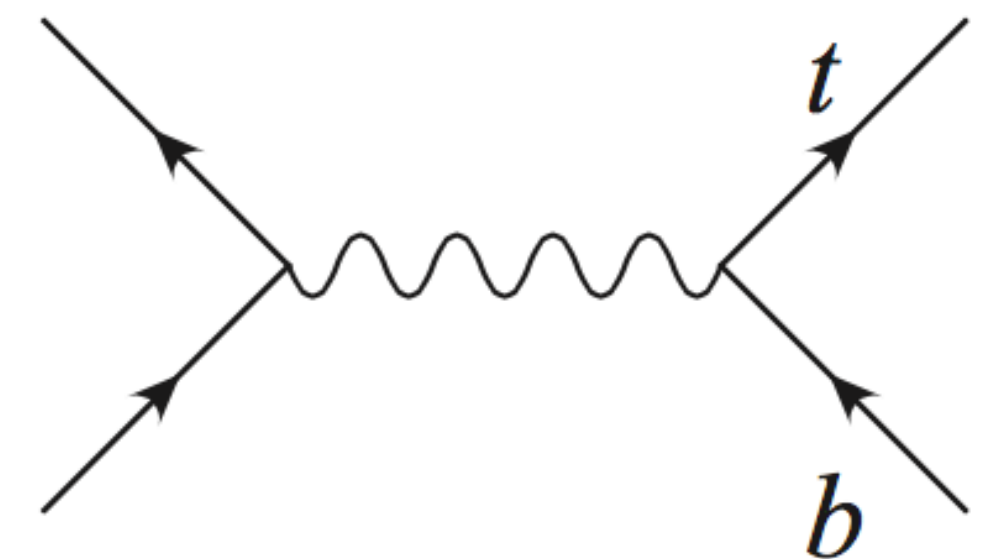
t-channel

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Wt channel

72 pb @ 13 TeV



s-channel

11 pb @ 13 TeV

## Signature

- $\ell + E_T^{\text{miss}} + b\text{-tag} + \text{forward jet}$

## Backgrounds

- $t\bar{t}$ ,  $W$ +jets, multi-jets

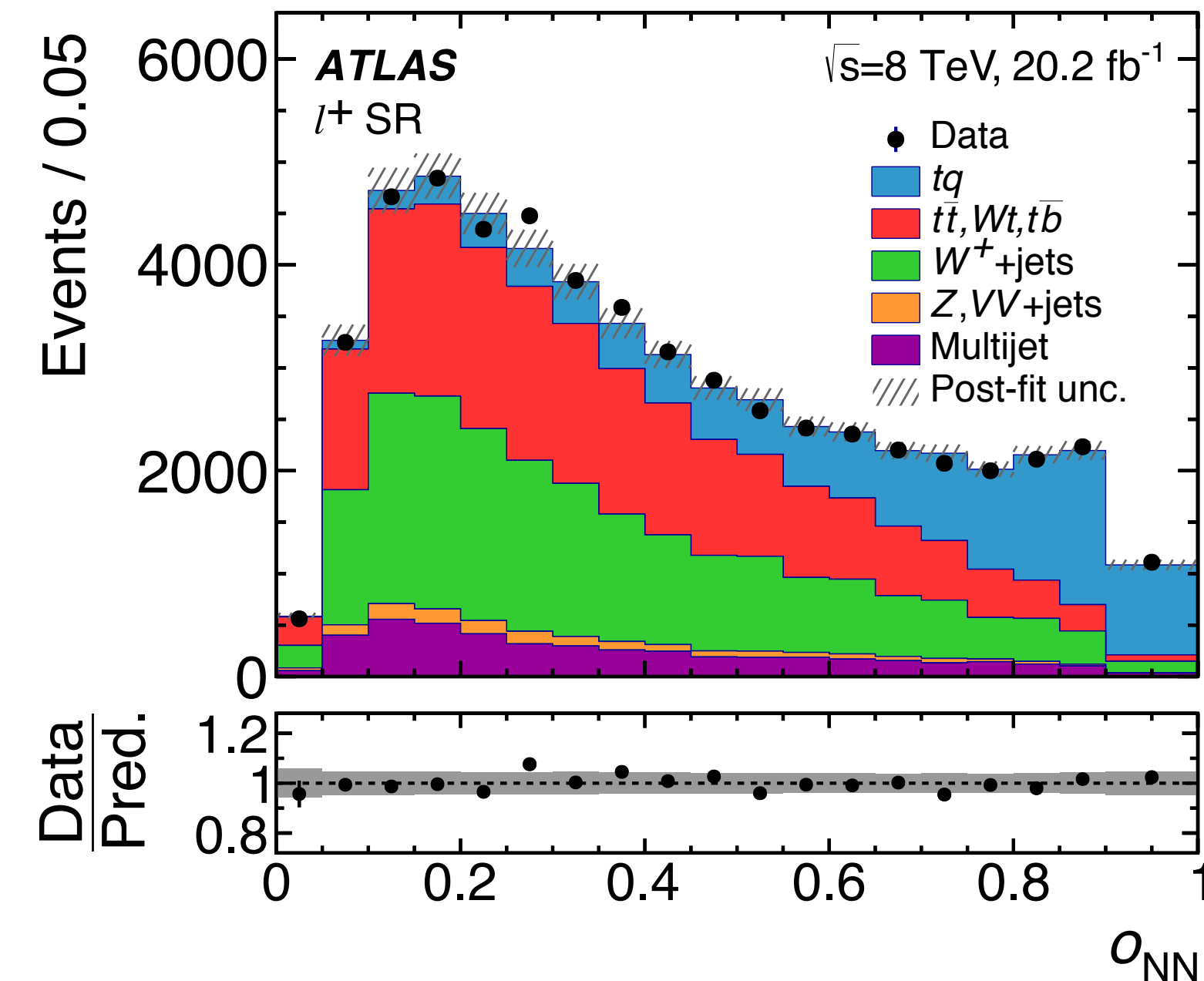
## Neural networks to enhance S/B

## Separate cross-section

- for  $\ell^+$  and  $\ell^-$

## Fiducial

- fiducial cross section to reduce systematic uncertainties
- fiducial volume defined using stable particles with cuts close to selection



## Results

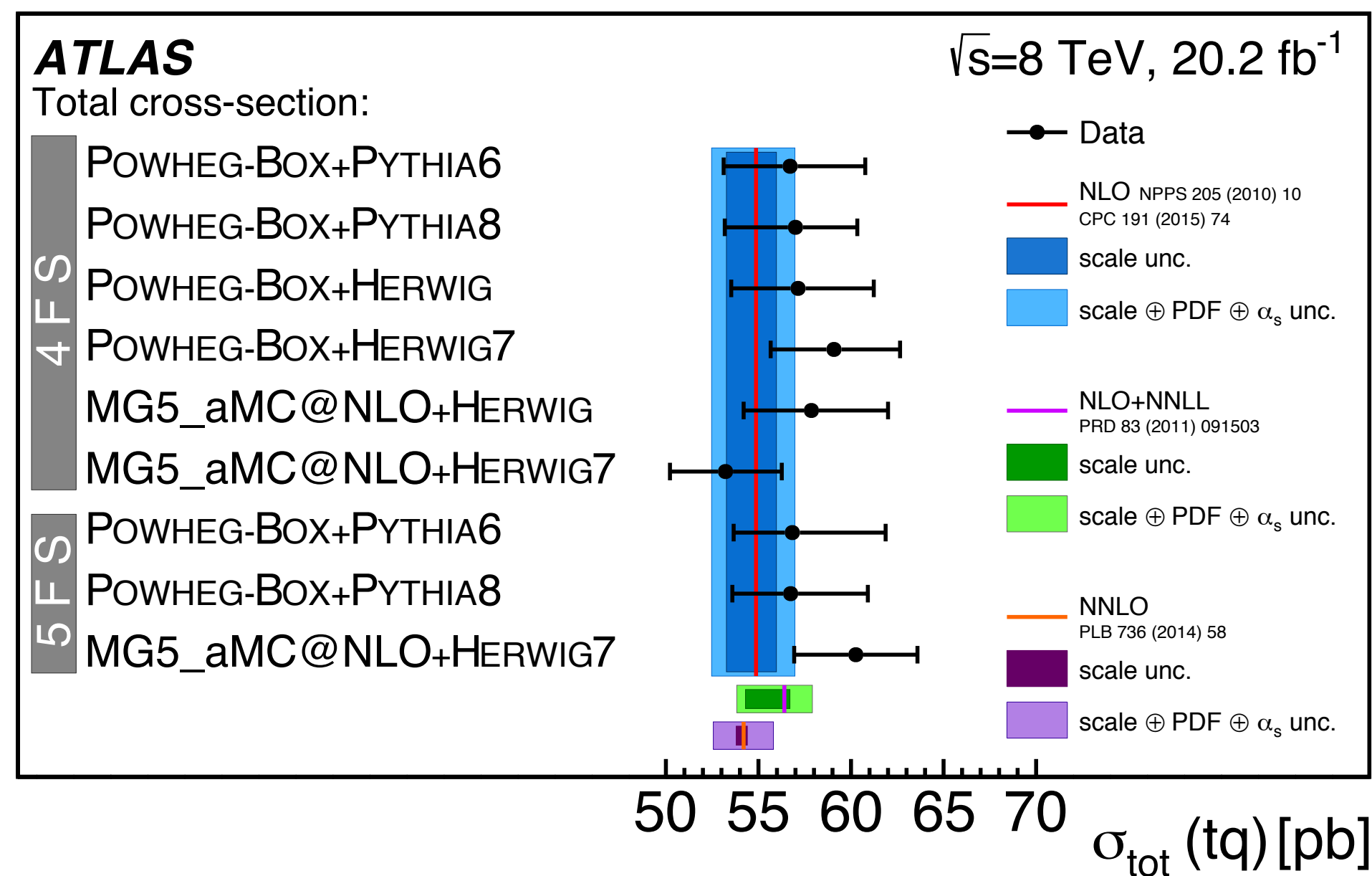
- $\sigma_{tq}(\text{fid.}) = 9.87 \text{ pb} \pm 5.8\%$
- $\sigma_{\bar{t}q}(\text{fid.}) = 5.77 \text{ pb} \pm 7.8\%$

## Uncertainties

- systematically dominated: JES, NLO matching choice, lepton reconstruction

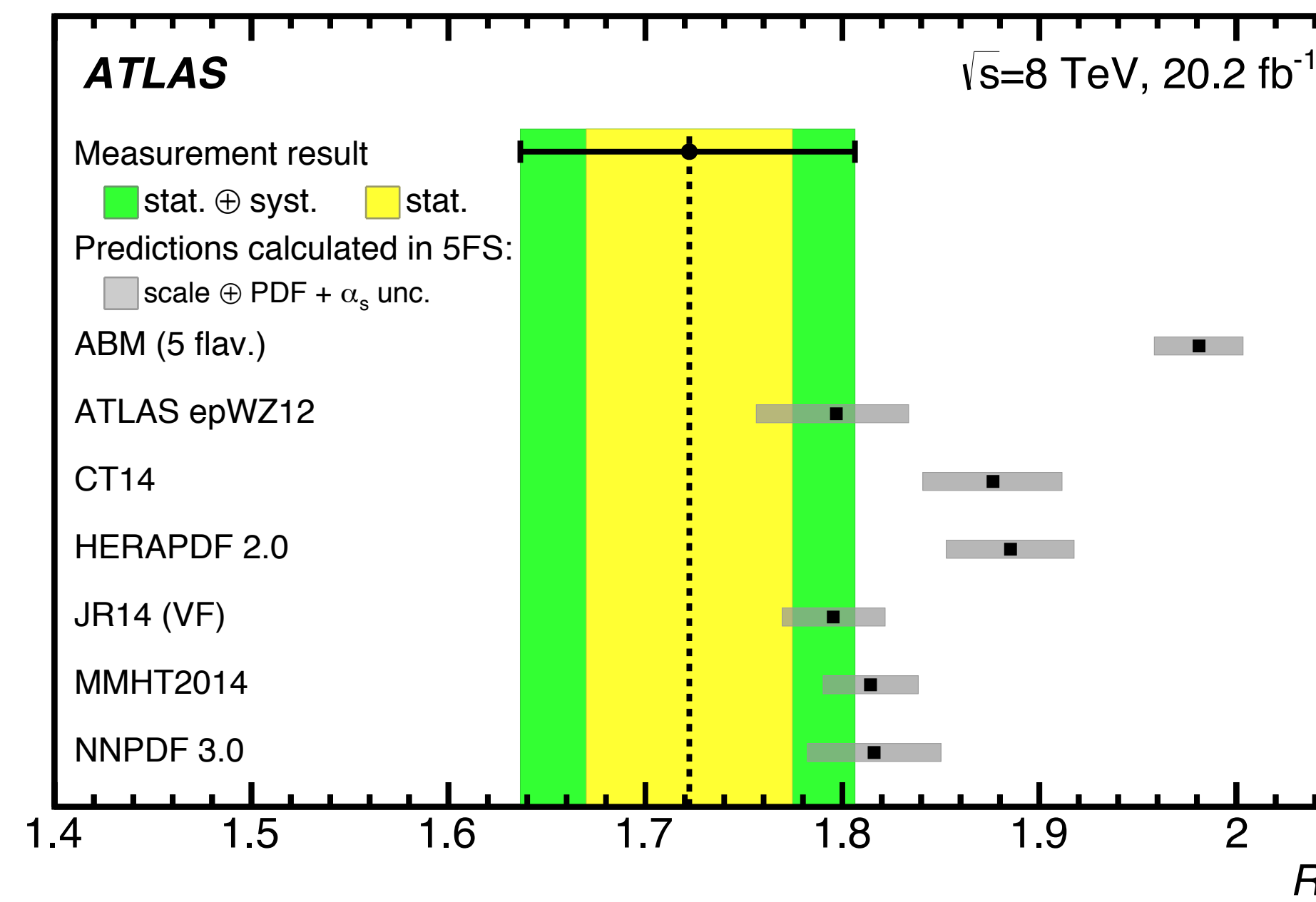
## Total cross section

- fiducial cross section extrapolated to full phase space
- $\sigma(\text{tot}) = N_{\text{tot}}/N_{\text{fid}} \cdot \sigma(\text{fid})$ 
  - $\sigma_{tq}(\text{tot}) = 56.7^{+4.3}_{-3.8} \text{ pb}$
  - $\sigma_{\bar{t}q}(\text{tot}) = 32.9^{+3.0}_{-2.7} \text{ pb}$
- compared to different generators



## Ratio $R_t$

- $R_t = \sigma_{tq}/\sigma_{\bar{t}q} = 1.72 \pm 0.09$

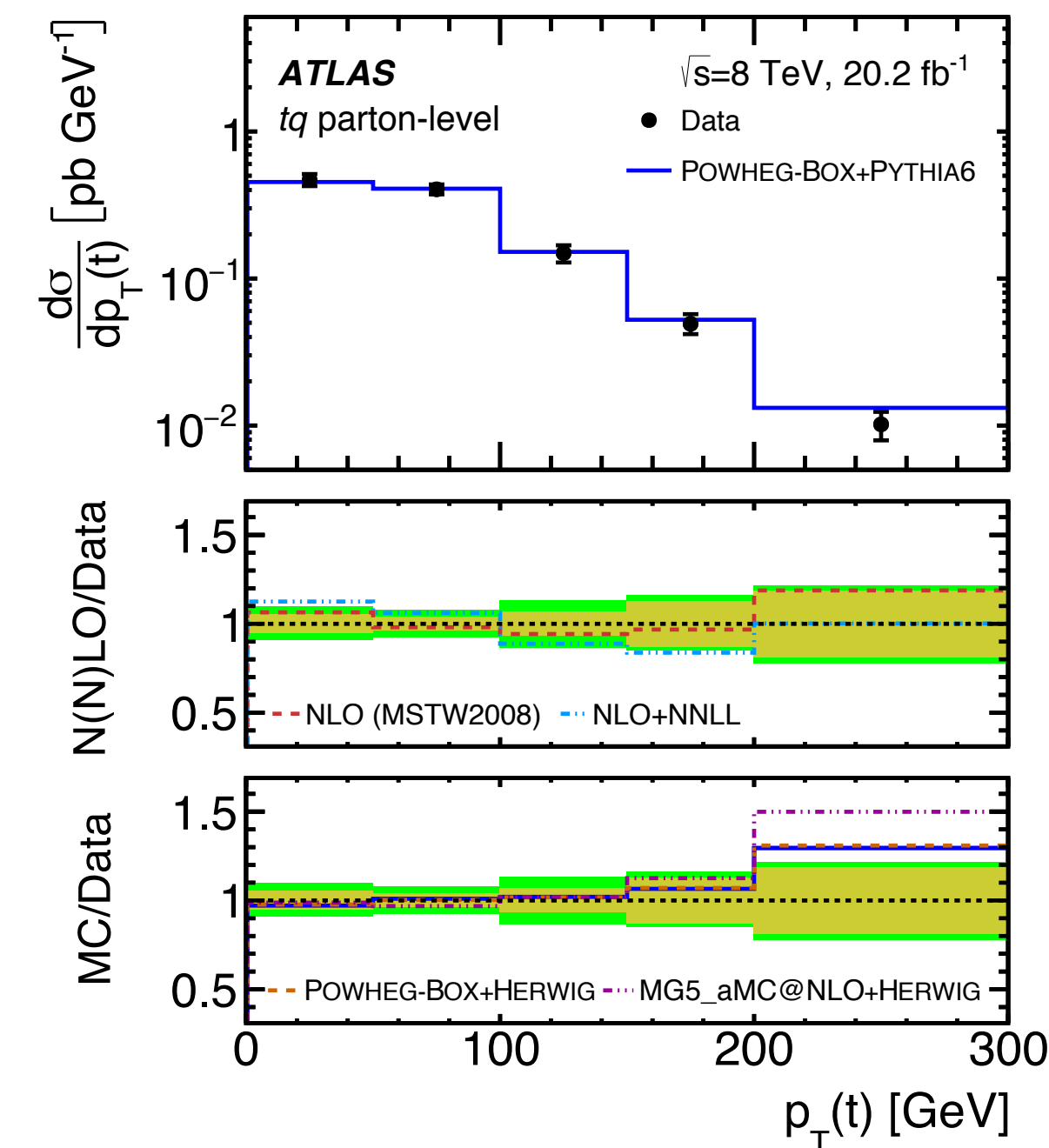
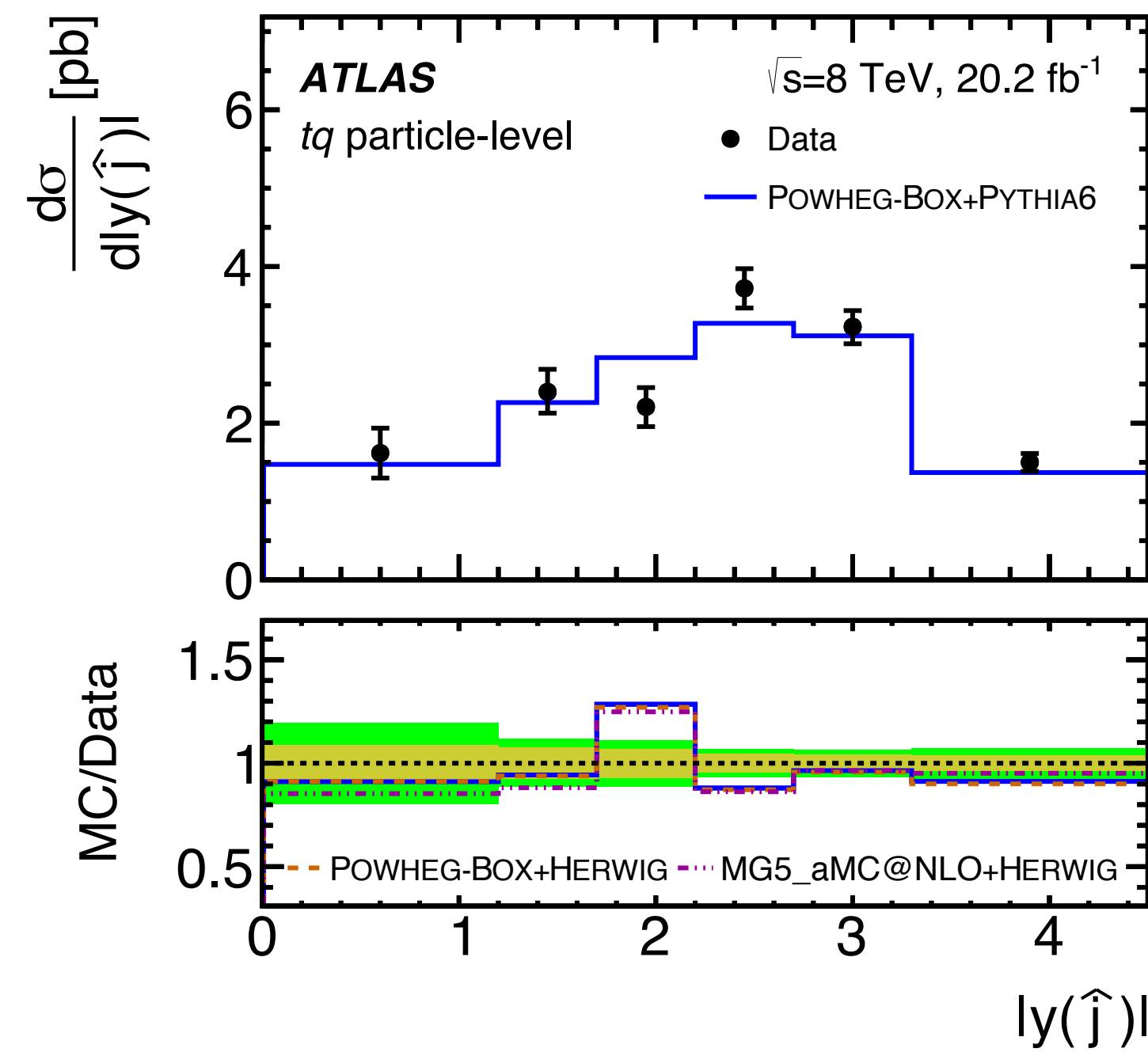
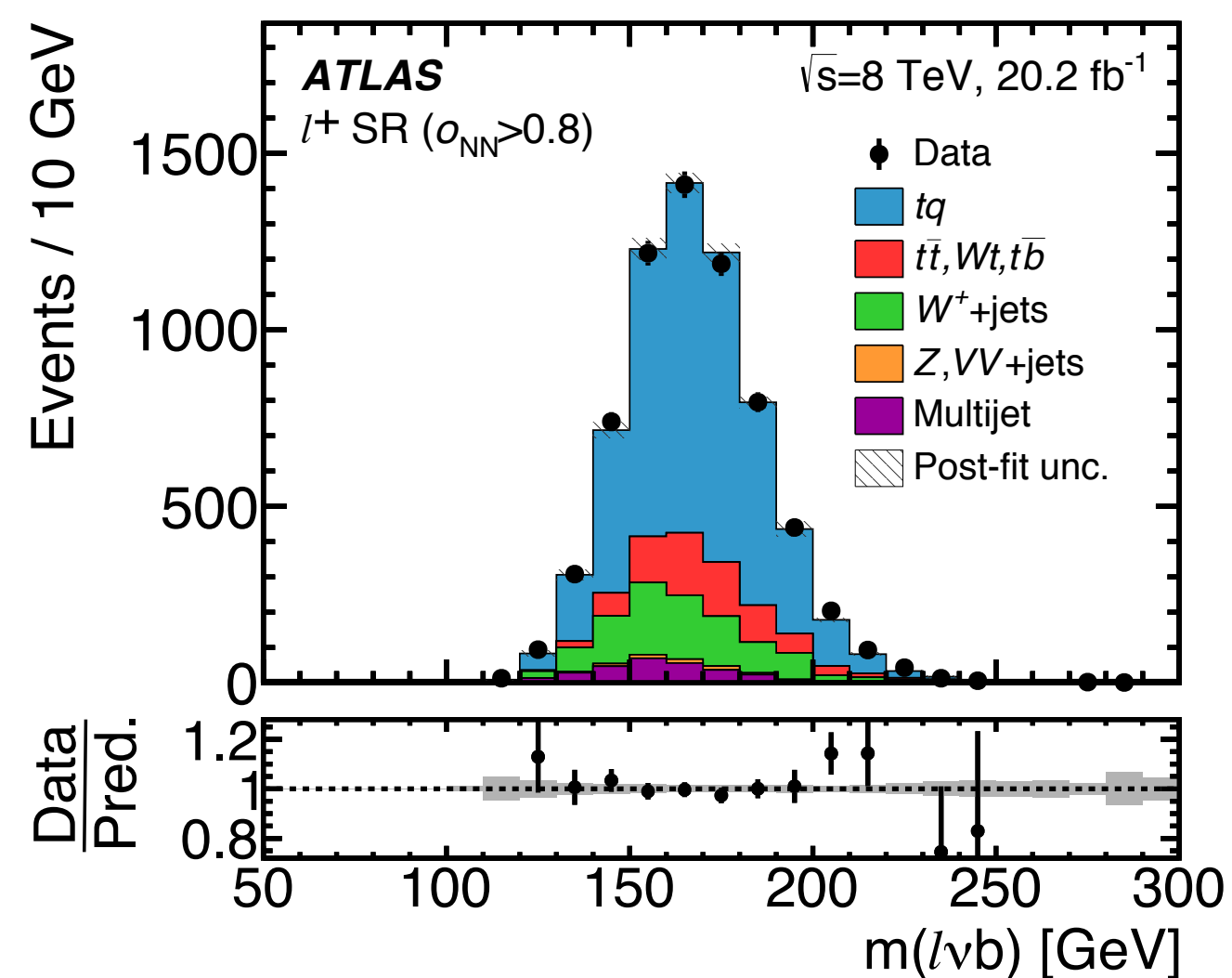


- without unitarity assumption
- $|f_{LV} \cdot V_{tb}|^2 = \sigma_{\text{meas}} / \sigma_{\text{pred}} = 1.029 \pm 0.048$



## Region with enhanced purity

- select events with  $O_{NN} > 0.8$



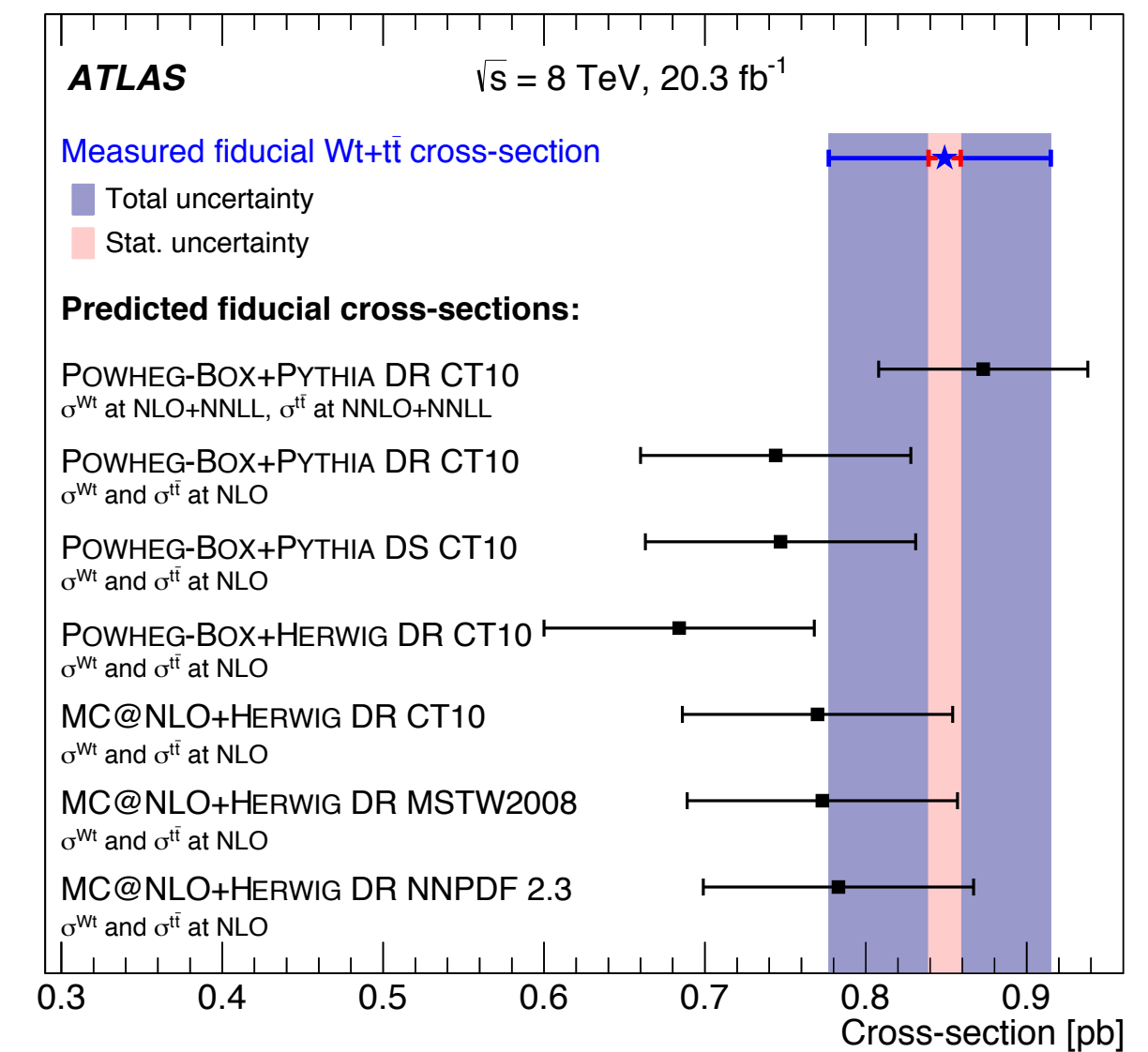
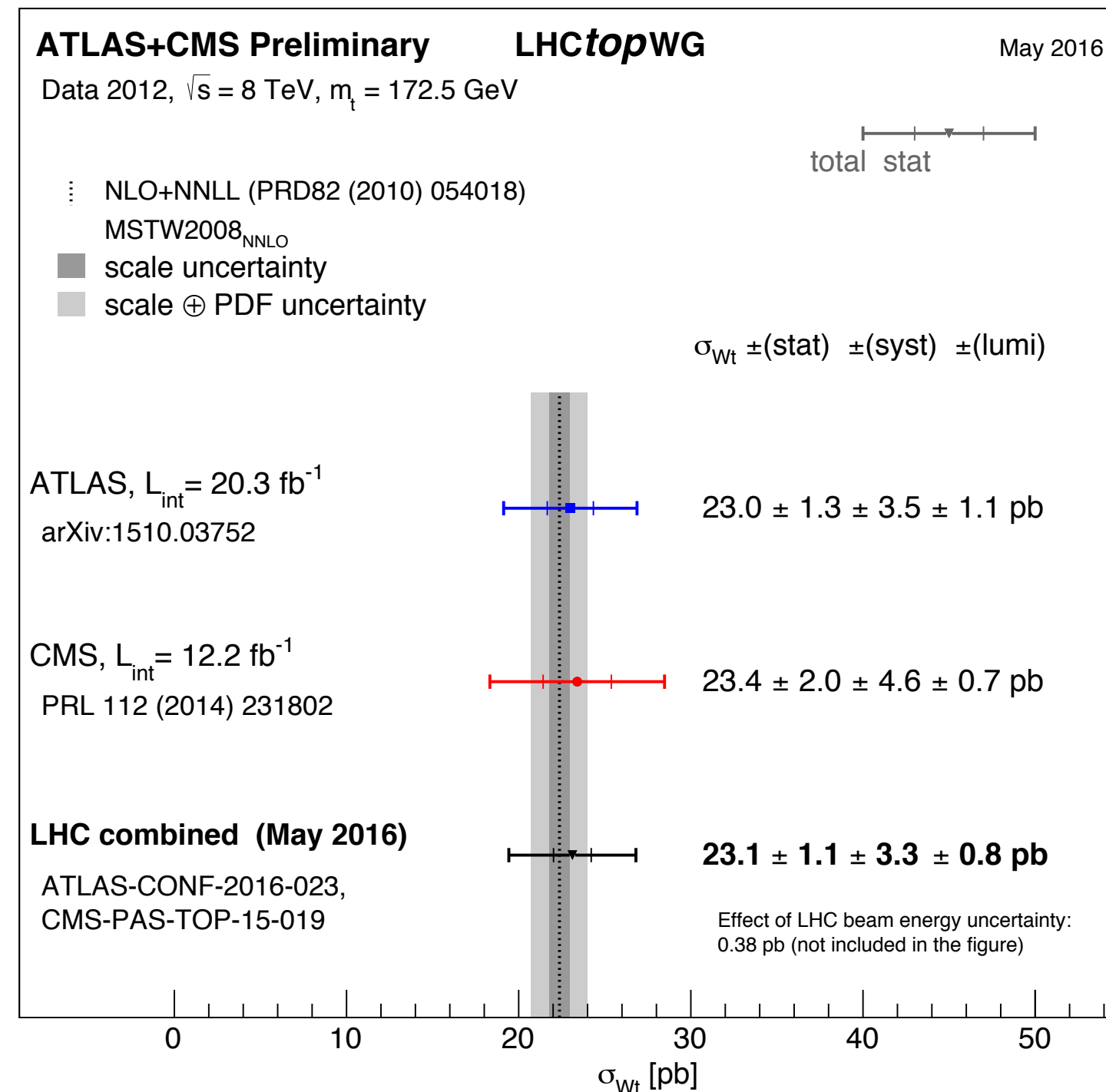
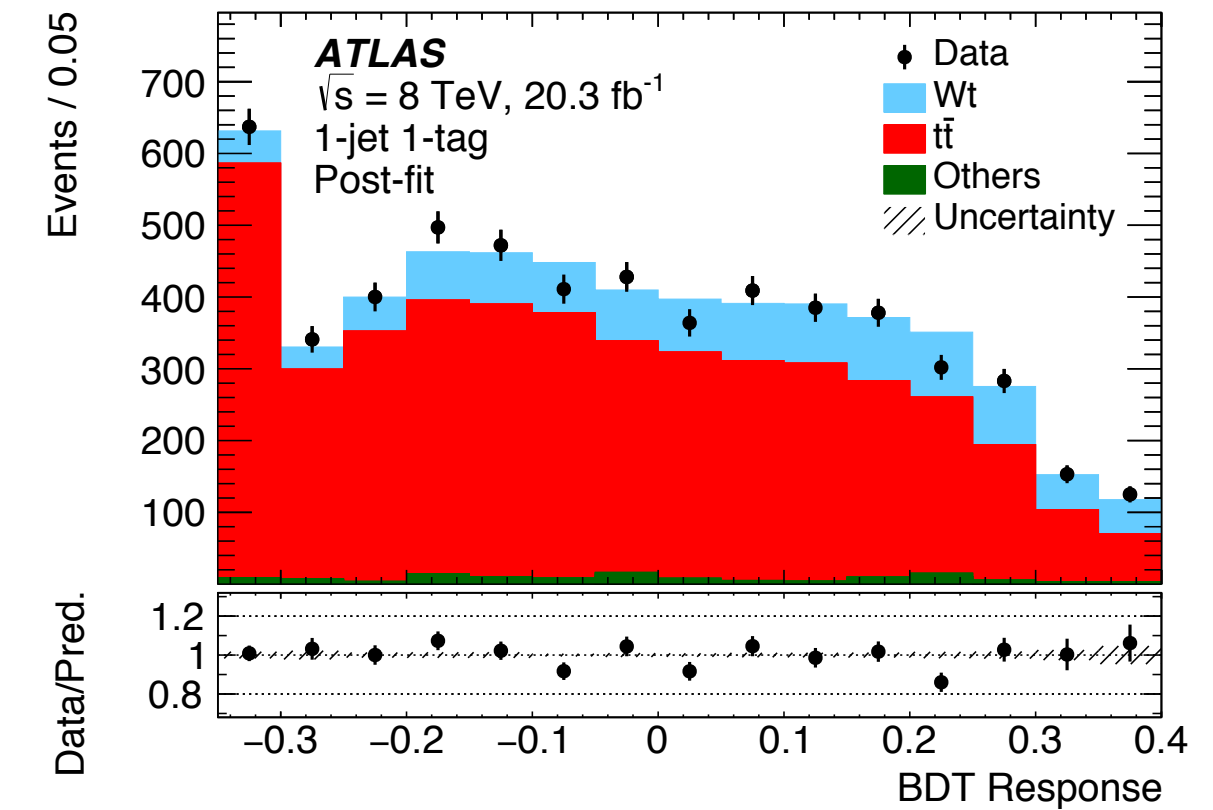
## Unfolded distributions

- parton level
  - $p_T(t)$ ,  $|y(t)|$  for  $t/\bar{t}$
- particle level
  - $p_T(t)$ ,  $|y(t)|$ ,  $p_T(j)$ ,  $|y(j)|$  for  $t/\bar{t}$

- good agreement with NLO predictions
- main sources of systematics
  - similar to fiducial measurement

## Dilepton selection with 1 $b$ -tag

- main background  $t\bar{t}$
- fit to BDT discriminants in signal and background regions

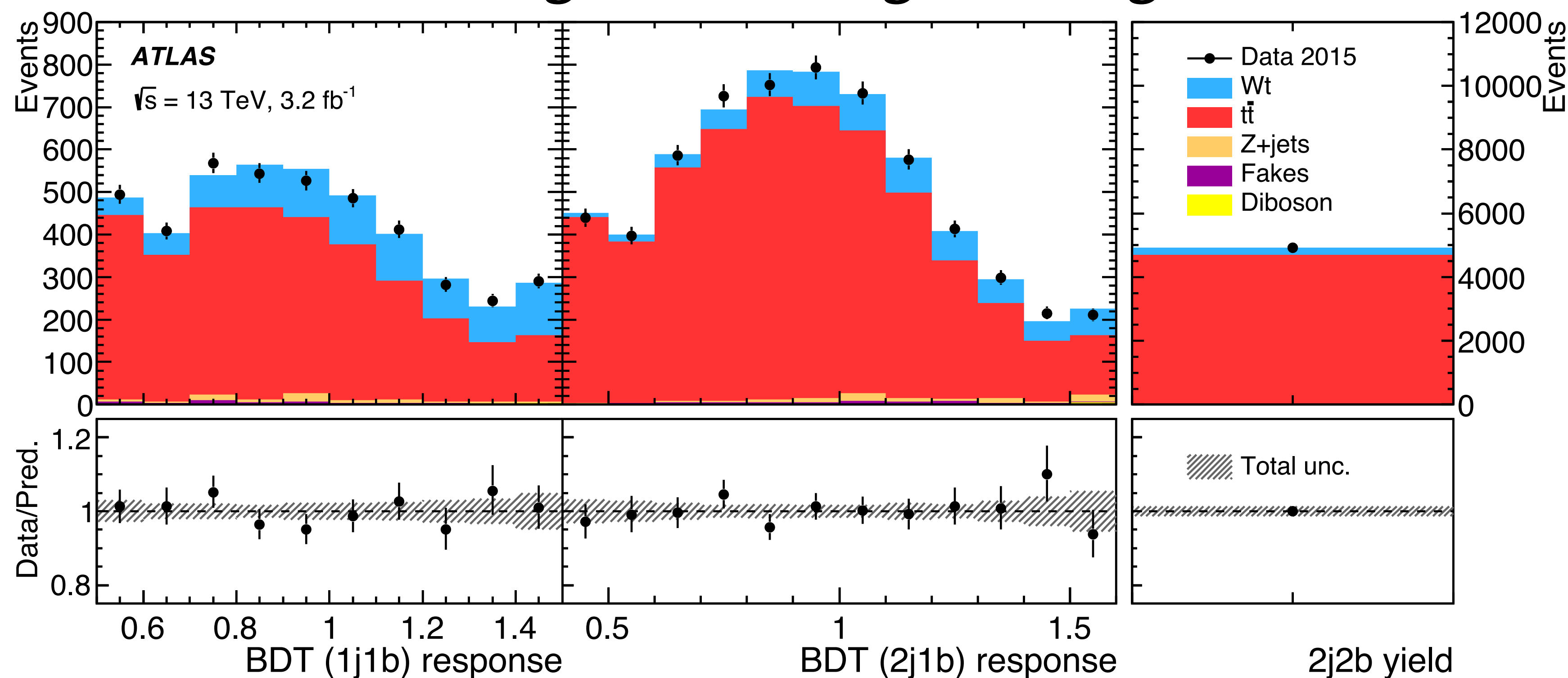


• **7.7 $\sigma$  significance**      $\sigma_{Wt} (8 \text{ TeV}) = 23.0 \pm 1.3 \text{ (stat.)}^{+3.2}_{-3.5} \text{ (syst.)} \pm 1.1 \text{ (lumi.) pb}$

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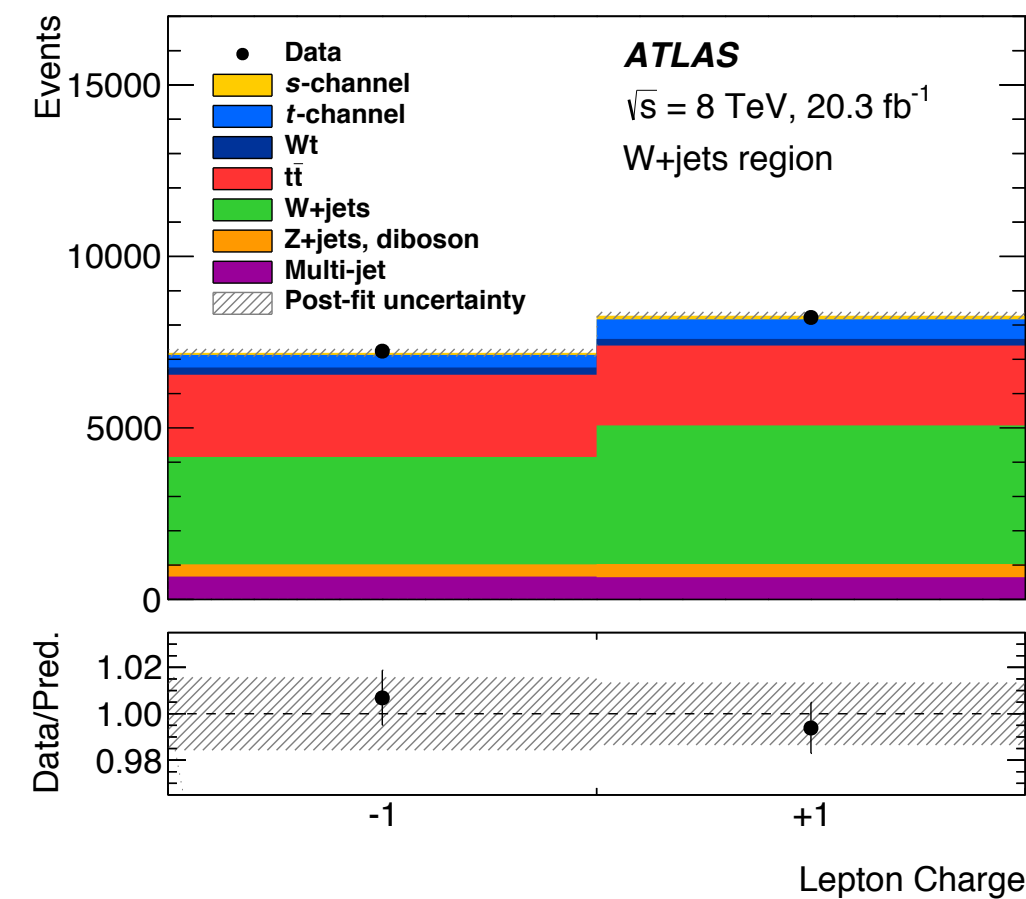
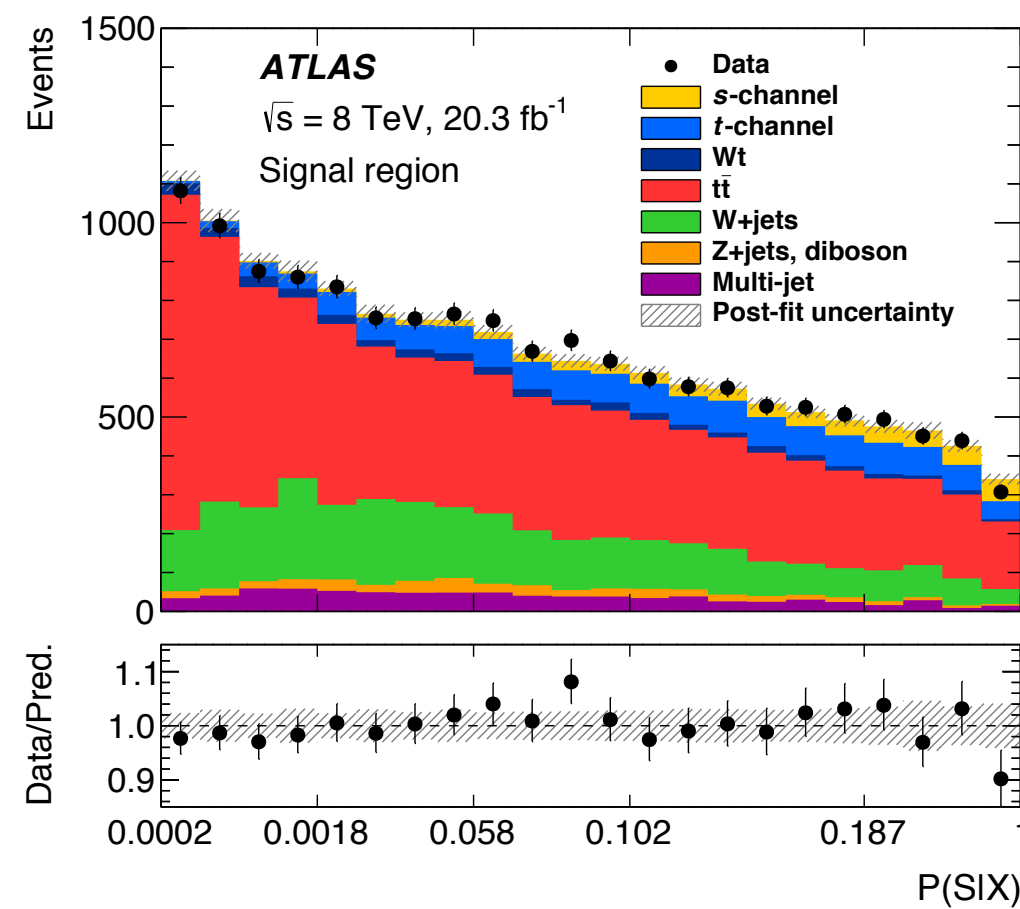
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- $4.5\sigma$  significance  $\sigma_{Wt} (13 \text{ TeV}) = 94 \pm 10 \text{ (stat.)}_{-23}^{+28} \text{ (syst.) pb}$

## Motivation

- SM process not yet seen, other resonances may decay to  $tb$

## Strategy

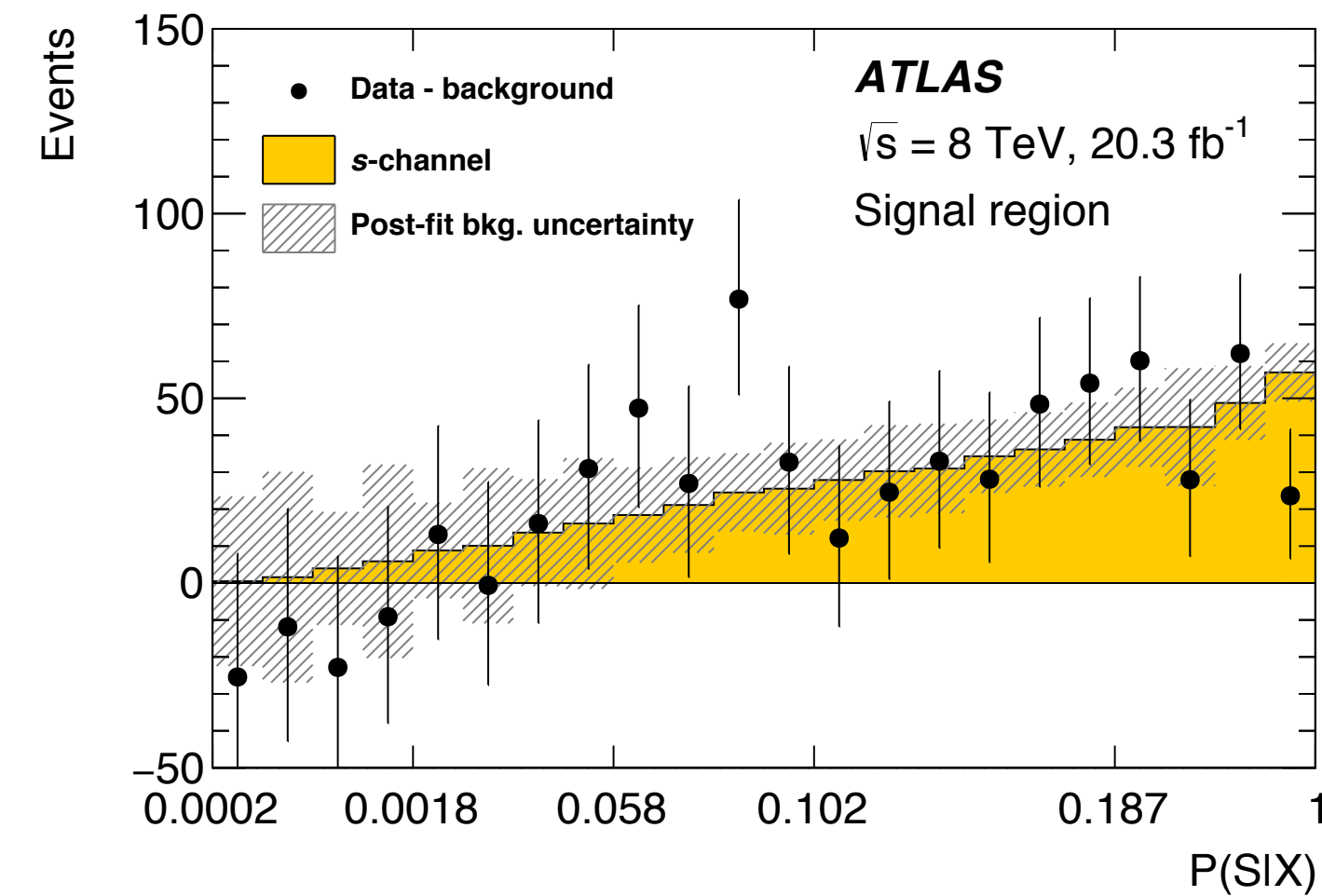
- $2j2b$  (SR),  $2j1b$  ( $t$ -channel,  $W$ +jets)
- matrix-element method employed
- combined ML fit to SR and CR



- lepton charge discriminates  $W$ +jets

## First evidence at LHC

$$\sigma_s = 4.8 \pm 0.8(\text{stat.})_{-1.3}^{+1.6}(\text{syst.}) \text{ pb}$$

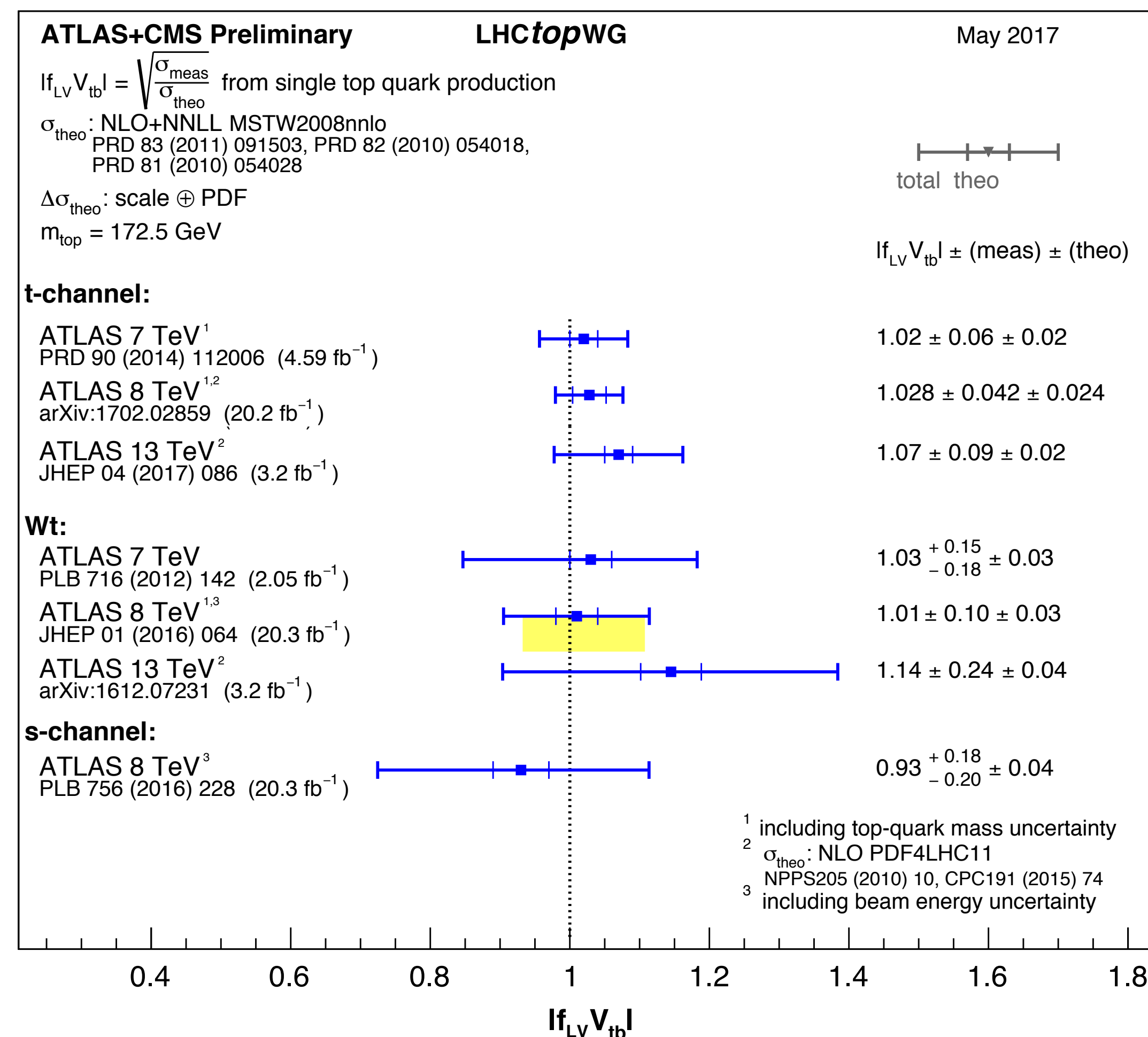
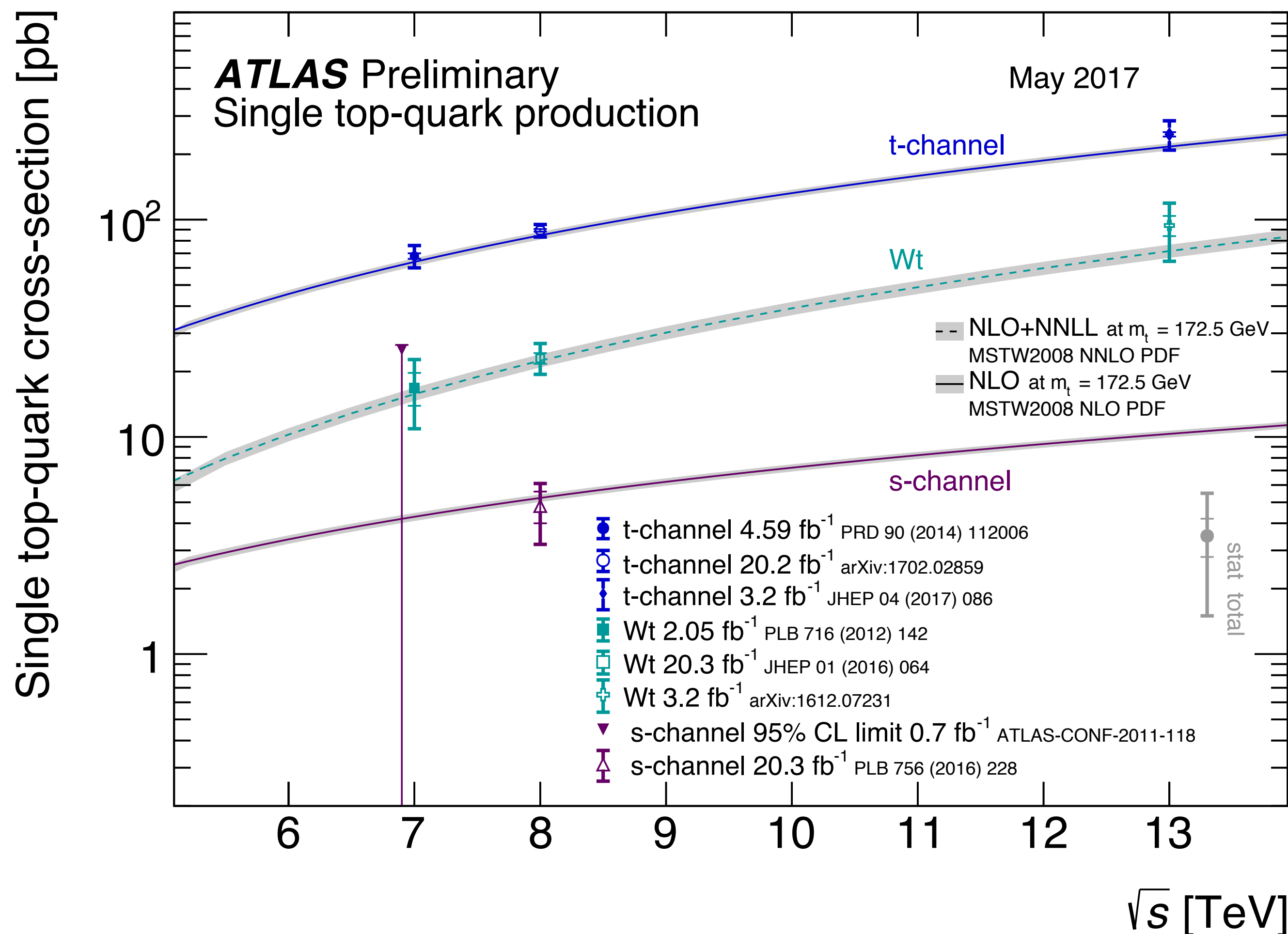


- expected significance  $3.9\sigma$
- observed significance  $3.2\sigma$

## Main systematics

- jet energy resolution, modelling,  $b$ -tagging

- good agreement with NLO calculations
- from  $\sigma_{\text{meas.}} / \sigma_{\text{theo.}} = |f_{LV} \cdot V_{tb}|^2 \rightarrow$  can extract  $|V_{tb}|$  with 5% uncertainty



## Normalised triple-differential $(\vartheta, \vartheta^*, \phi^*)$ decay rate of top quarks

- complete description of anomalous couplings in  $Wtb$  + top polarisation
- relate to helicity amplitudes in  $t \rightarrow Wb$

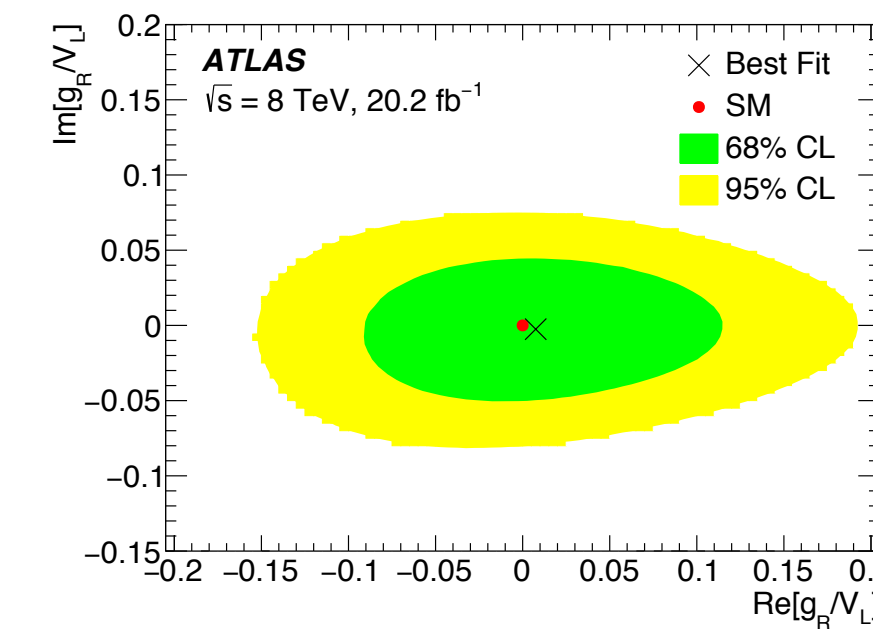
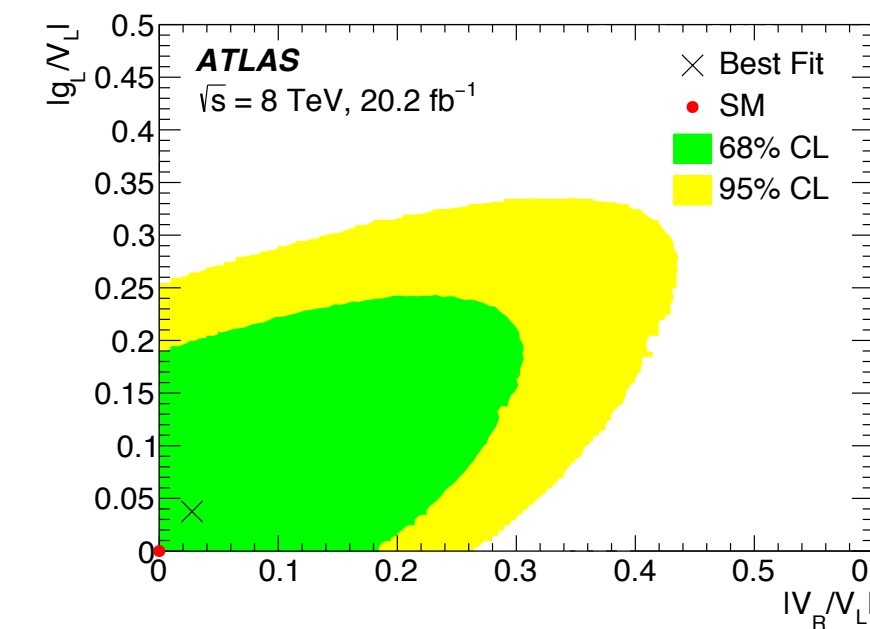
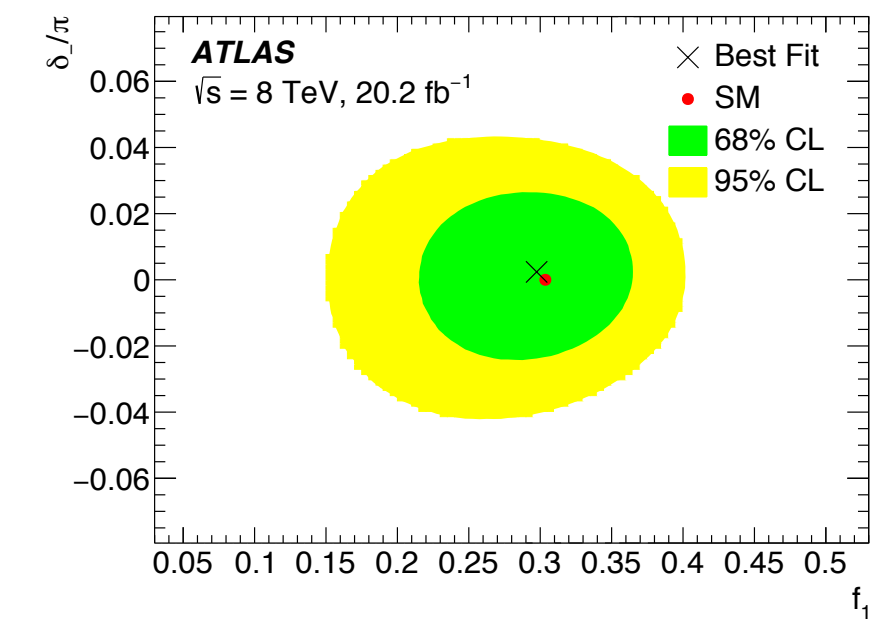
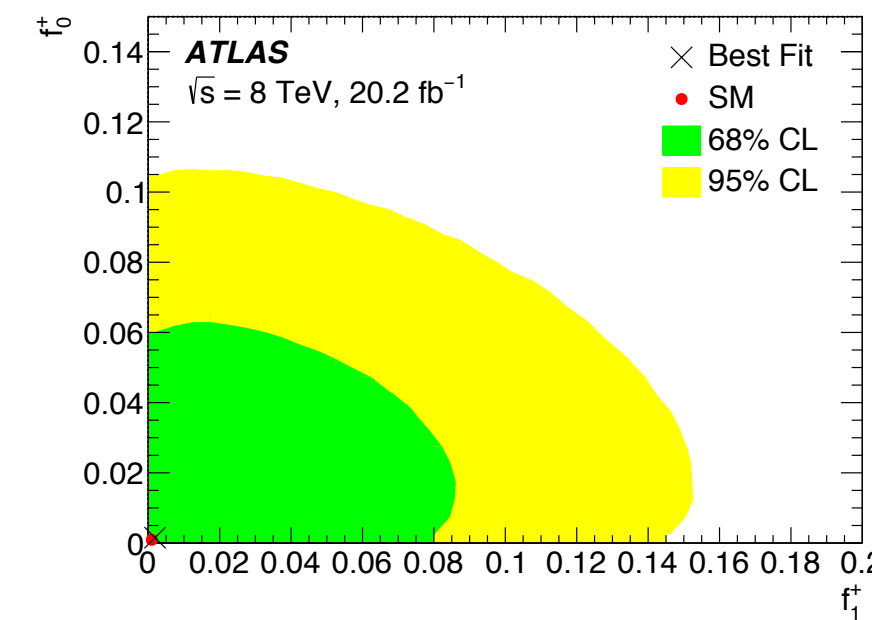
$$\frac{1}{N} \frac{d^3 N}{d(\cos \theta) d\Omega^*} = \sum_{k=0}^1 \sum_{l=0}^2 \sum_{m=-k}^k a_{k,l,m} \sqrt{2\pi} Y_k^m(\theta, 0) Y_l^m(\theta^*, \phi^*).$$

### $a_{k,l,m} = 0$ , parameterised by

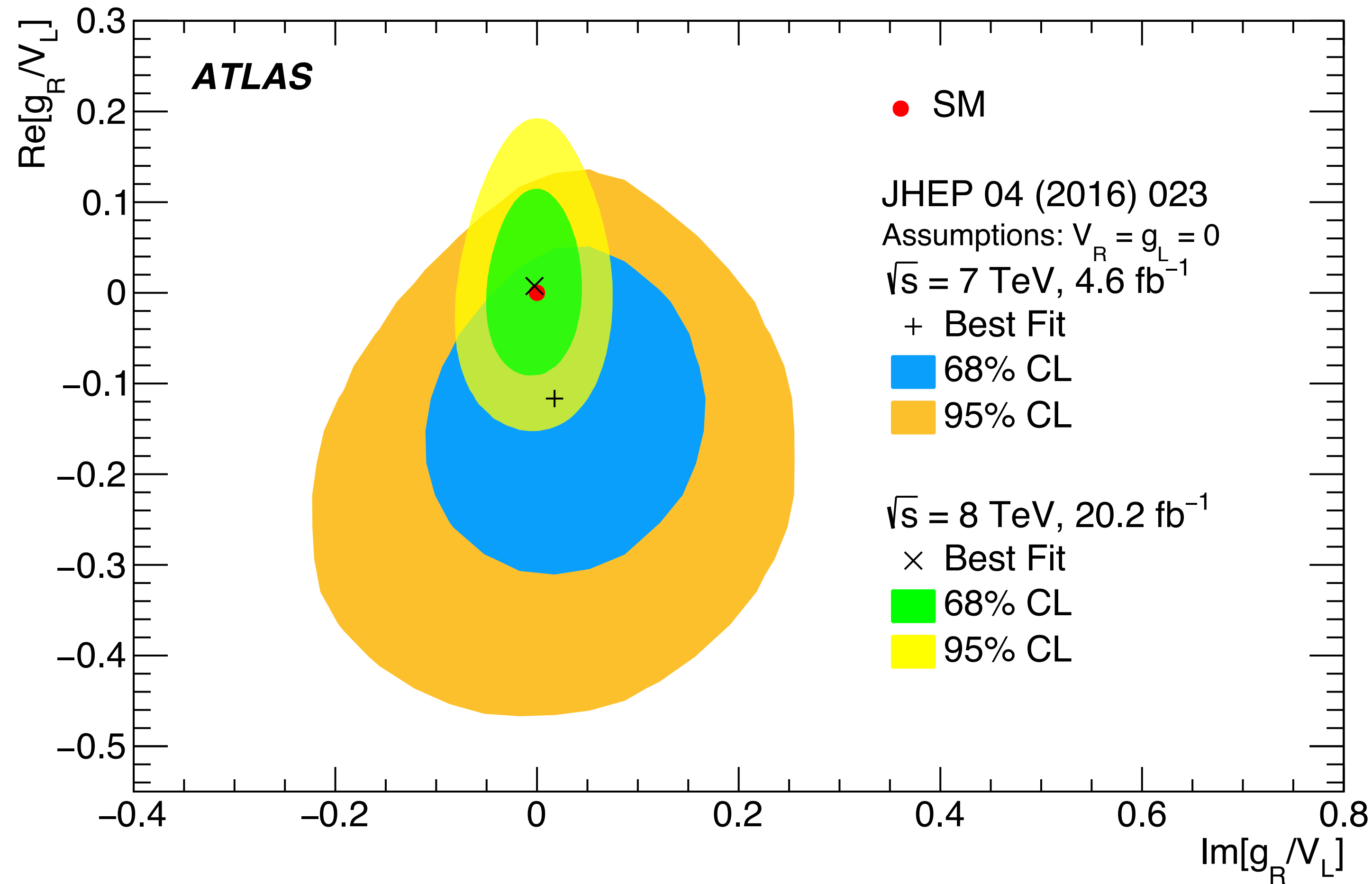
- 3 amplitude fractions  $f_1, f_1^+, f_0^+$
- 2 phases  $\delta_-$ : can imply CP violation,  $\delta_+$  not observable
- a nuisance parameter

## Strategy and results

- global fit with all correlations
- extraction of limits on anomalous couplings
- no assumptions on values of the other couplings



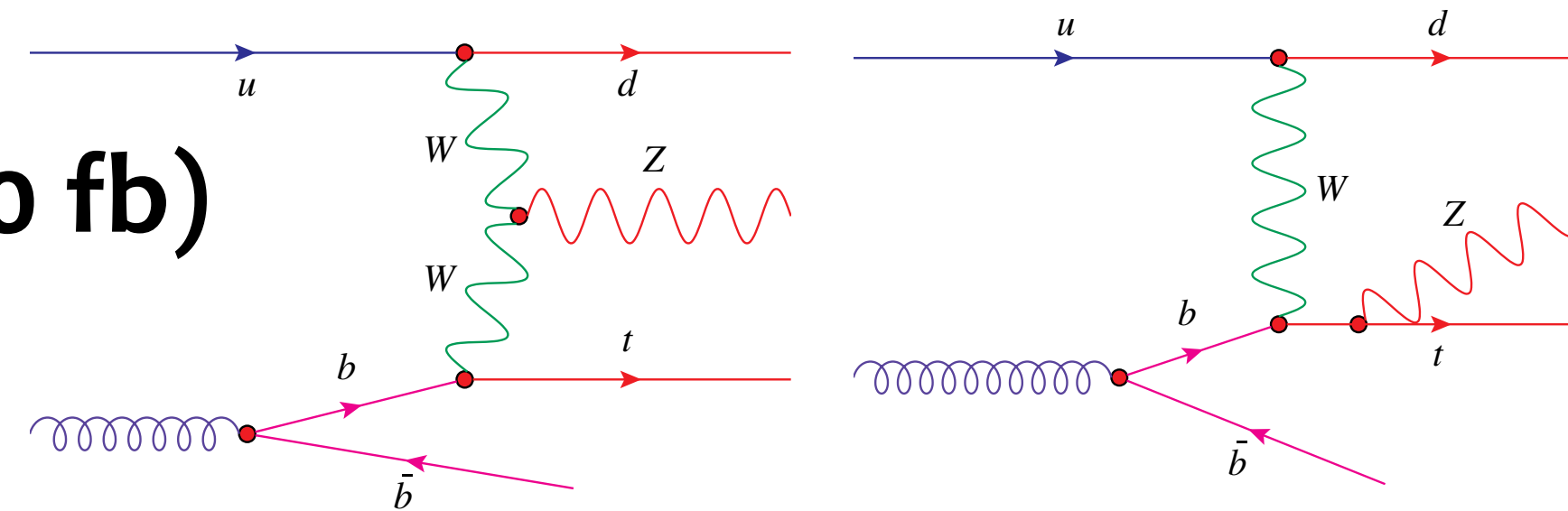
## Normalised triple-differential $(\vartheta, \vartheta^*, \varphi^*)$ decay rate of top quarks



- no assumptions on values of the other couplings

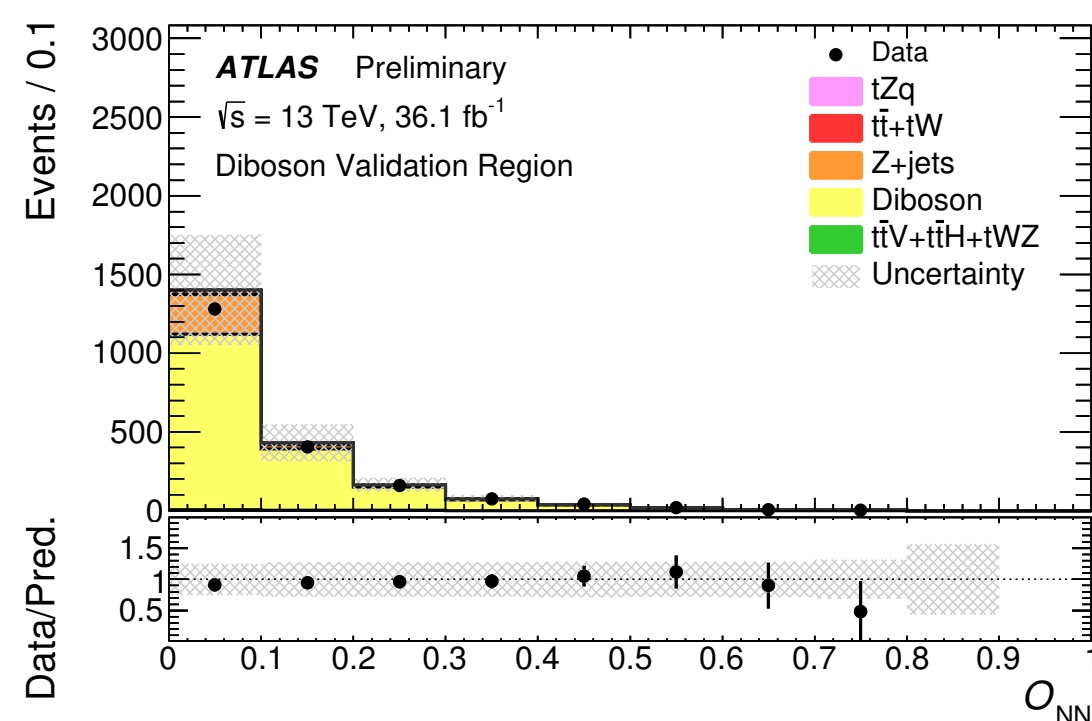
## Motivation

- electroweak process, not yet observed (800 fb)
- sensitive to  $tZ$  and  $WWZ$  coupling
- first step on the way to measure  $tH$

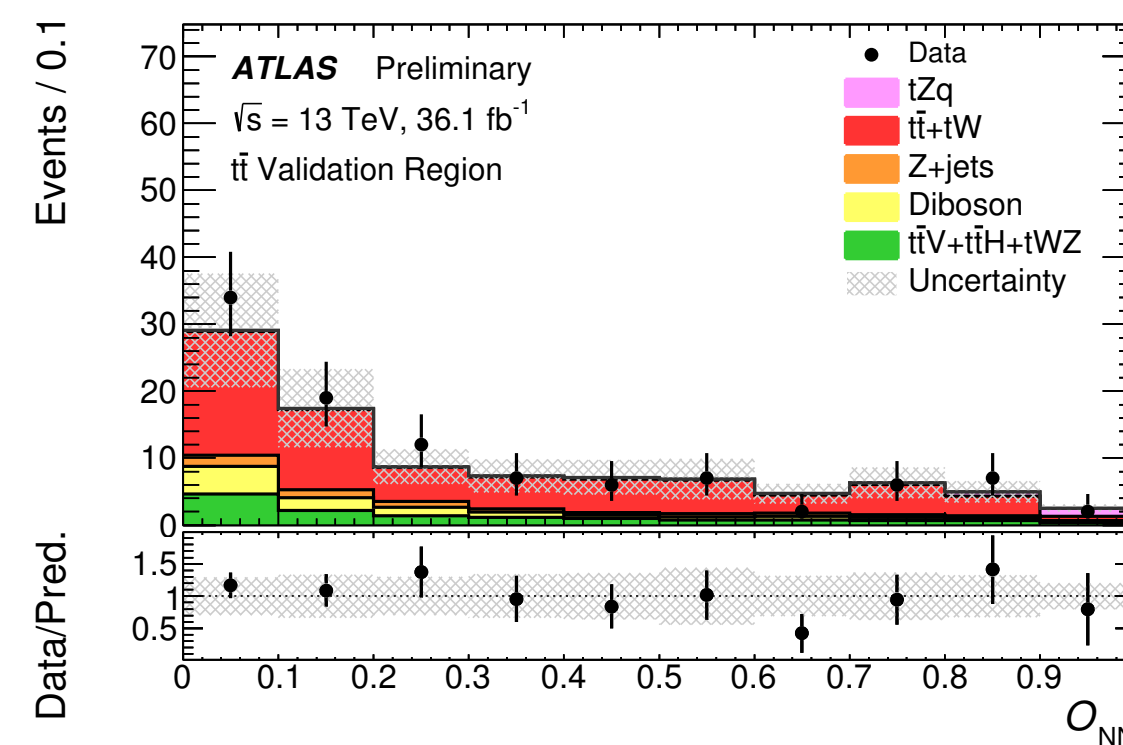


## Analysis outline

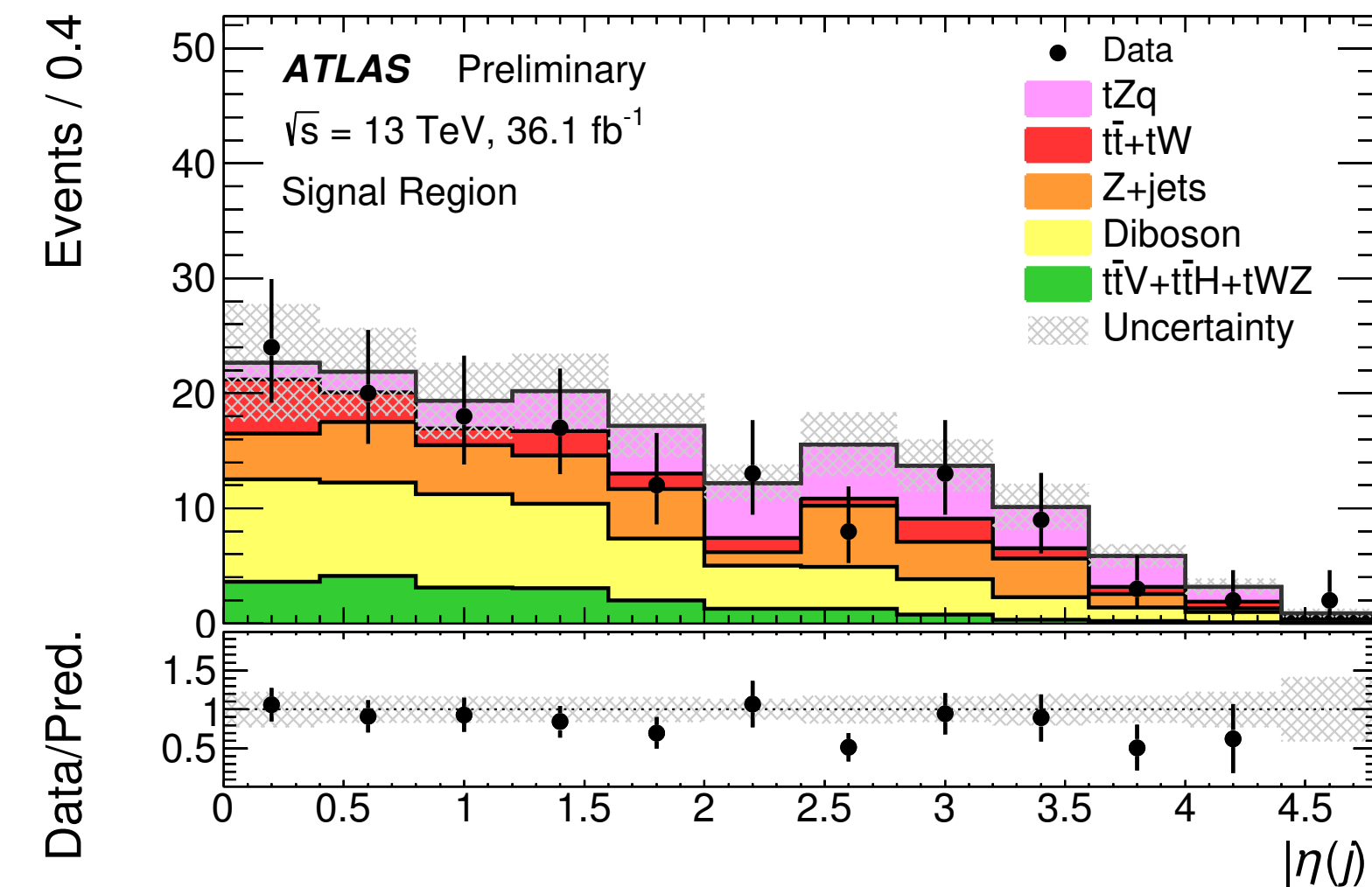
- SR: 3 leptons ( $m_{ll} \sim m_Z$ ), 1 central  $b$ -tag + 1 jet
- 10 variables used as input to NN to enhance S/B
- background under control with validation regions



○ diboson: no b-tagged jet



$t\bar{t}$ :  $!(m_{ll} \sim m_Z)$





## Dominant systematic uncertainty

- tZq radiation: hard scatter and parton shower scales

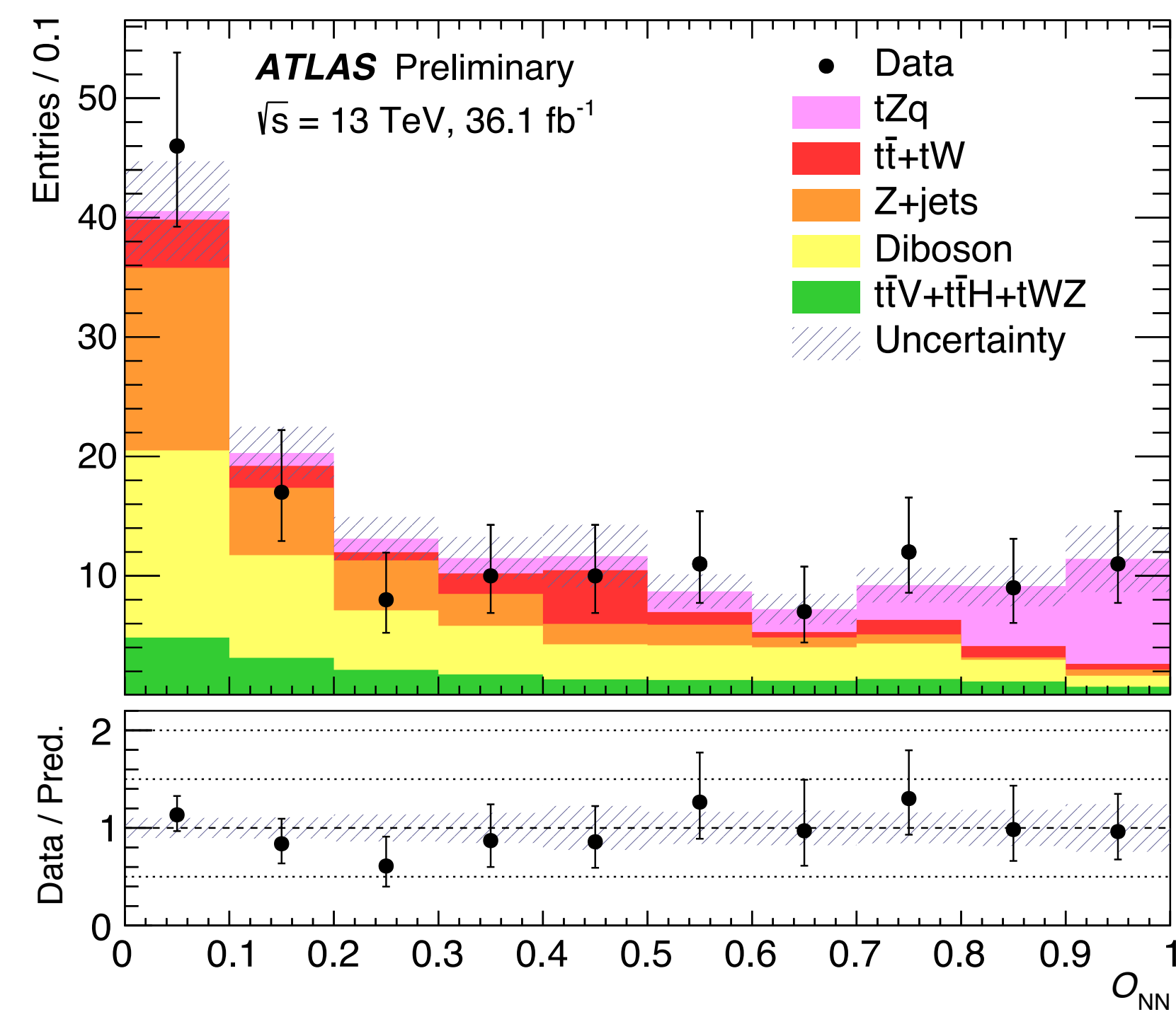
## Fit setup

- binned ML fit to full NN distribution in SR
- $t\bar{t}$  and diboson normalisation from CRs
- Z+jets data-assisted MC correction

## Results

- $\sigma_{tZq} = 600 \pm 170_{\text{stat}} \pm 140_{\text{syst}} \text{ fb}$
- expected significance  $5.4\sigma$
- observed significance  $4.2\sigma$

Channel	Number of events	
	Asimov dataset	Real data
$tZq$	$35 \pm 9$	$26 \pm 8$
$t\bar{t} + tW$	$18 \pm 7$	$17 \pm 7$
Z + jets	$37 \pm 11$	$34 \pm 11$
Diboson	$53 \pm 13$	$48 \pm 12$
$t\bar{t}V + t\bar{t}H + tWZ$	$20 \pm 3$	$19 \pm 3$
Total	$163 \pm 12$	$143 \pm 11$



## Millions of top-quarks produced at LHC

- comprehensive program at ATLAS to measure  $t\bar{t}$  and single top production

## Top-quark pairs

- inclusive cross-section compared to NNLO calculations
- differential cross-section helps MC tuning, to extract gluon PDF, ...

## Single top

- all three channels now seen
- $t$ -channel differential distribution allows also to probe  $Wtb$  structure
- first evidence of  $tZq$  process shown