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## **A study of** $d^*(2380)$

Sunday, 3 September 2017 14:00 (25 minutes)

 $d^*(2380)$  as a new dibaryon resonance was observed by WASW@COSY experiments \cite{Clement} recently. This discovery has triggered a great interest to understand its intrinsic structure. In this talk, a theoretical study of this new dibaryon with the help of the constituent chiral quark model is briefly summarized. It is found that our approach could reasonable reproduce the mass of  $d^*$  in the coupled channel with  $\Delta \Delta + CC$  (C-hidden color component) \(`\cite{Yuan, Huang}\). The obtained wave function for  $d^*(2380)$  shows that the system is a compact one and the probabilities are about 2/3 for the CC component and 1/3 for the  $\Delta\Delta$  component, respectively. This wave function is applied for the calculation of its partial decays, like double pion decay modes of  $d^*(2380) \to d\pi^0 \pi^0, d\pi^+ \pi^- \text{cite{Dong1}}, pn\pi^0 \pi^0,$  $pn\pi^+\pi^-$ \cite{Dong2}, and single pion decay mode of  $pn\pi$ \cite{Dong3}. Our calculated double pion decay widths are in excellent agreement with the experiments \cite{Clement1}. The single pion decay width is also compatable with the experimental measurement. It is again supported our compact hexaquark dominanted picture.In addition, the charge distribution of  $d^*(2380)$ , as another physical quantity to distinguish its structure, is also proposed and discussed \cite{Dong4}.

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