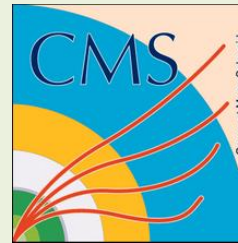
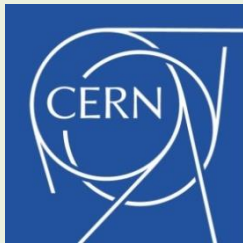




EWK & QCD measurements

Fengwangdong Zhang

Peking University & Université Libre de Bruxelles



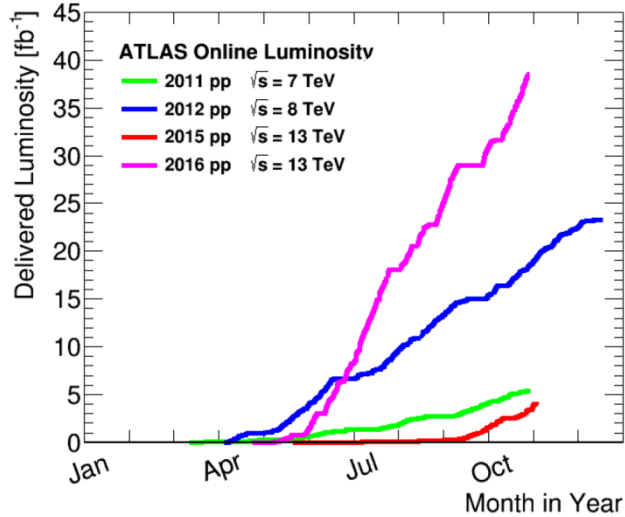
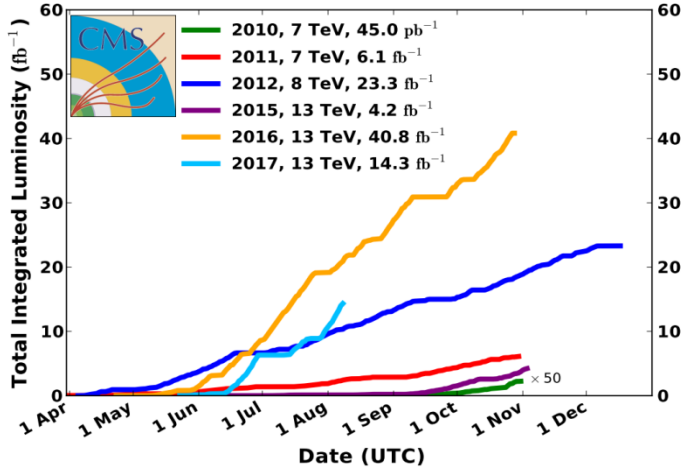
The 21st Particles & Nuclei International Conference

1-5 September 2017, IHEP, Beijing, China

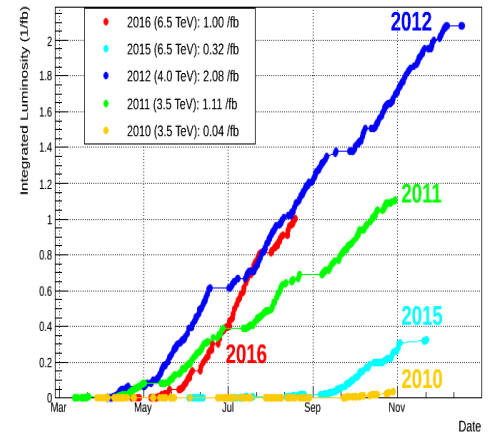
Detectors

CMS Integrated Luminosity, pp

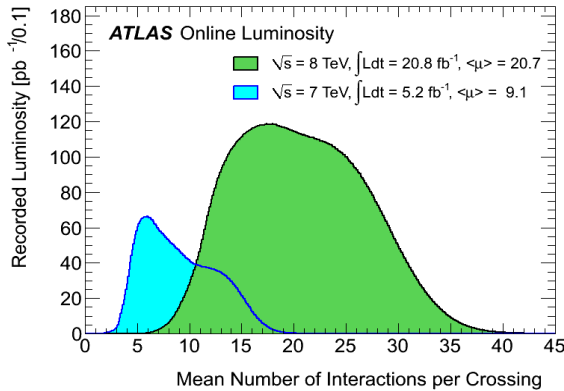
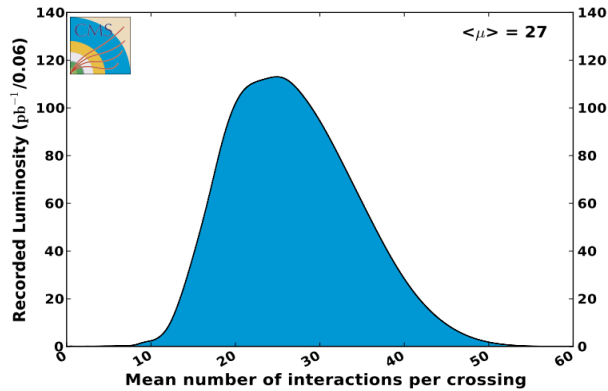
Data included from 2010-03-30 11:22 to 2017-08-08 19:00 UTC



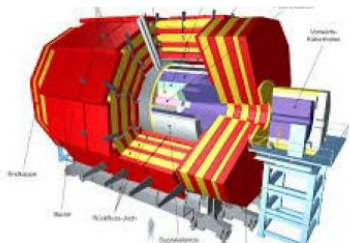
LHCb Integrated Luminosity in pp collisions 2010-2016



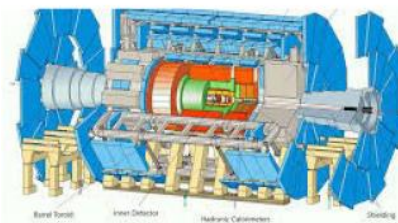
CMS Average Pileup, pp, 2016, $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$



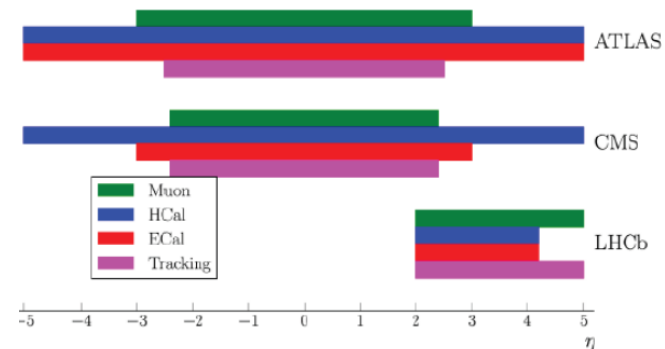
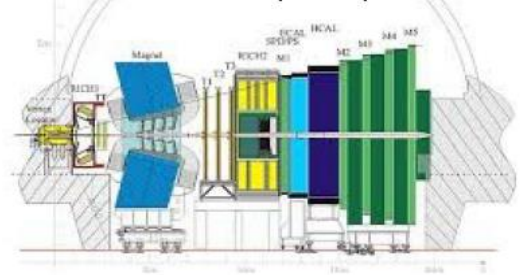
CMS JINST 3 (2008) S08004



ATLAS JINST 3 (2008) S08003

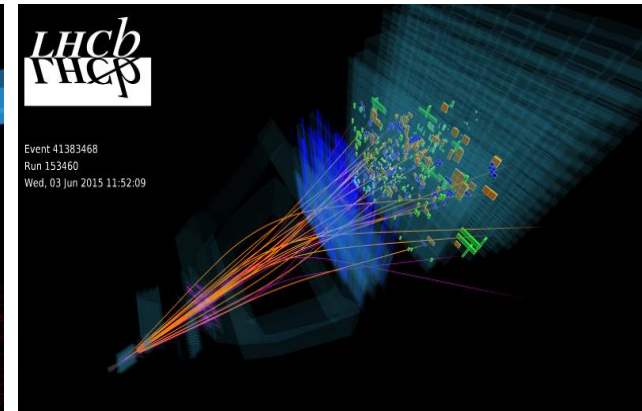
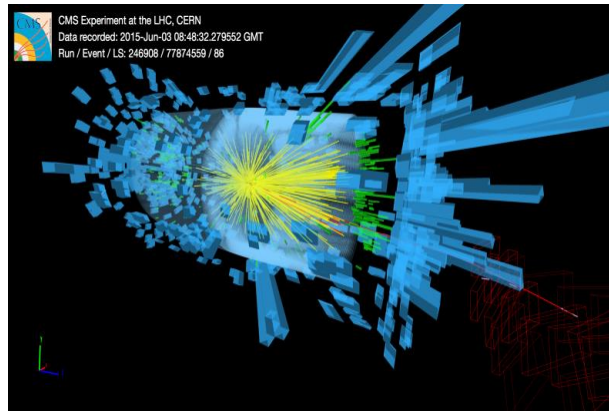
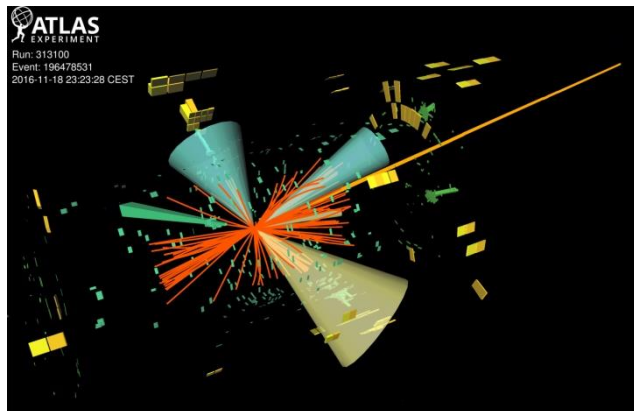
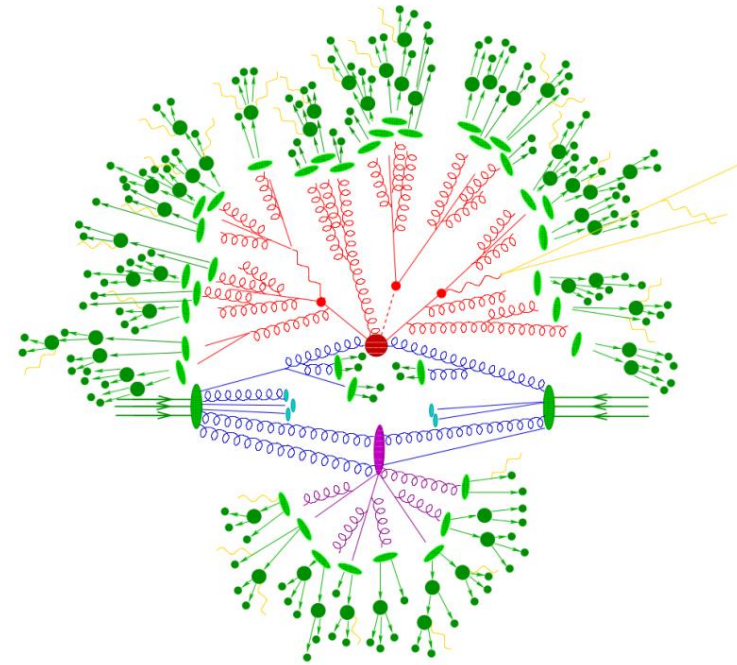


LHCb JINST 3 (2008) S08005

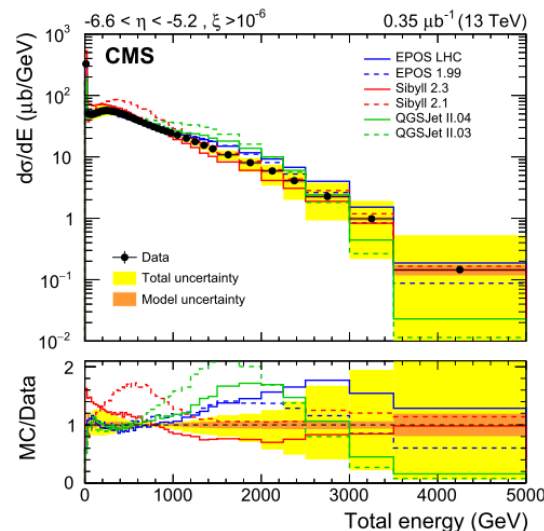
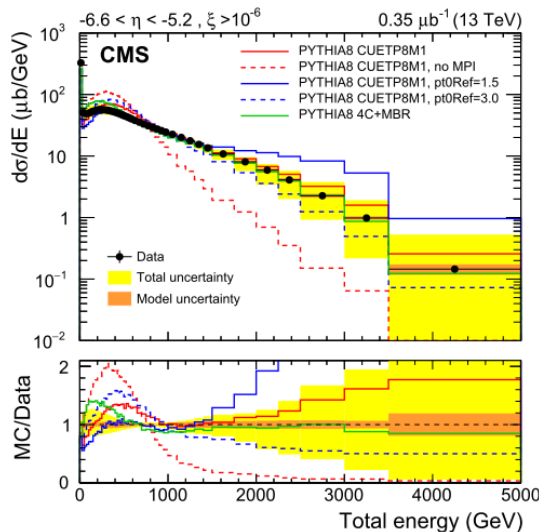
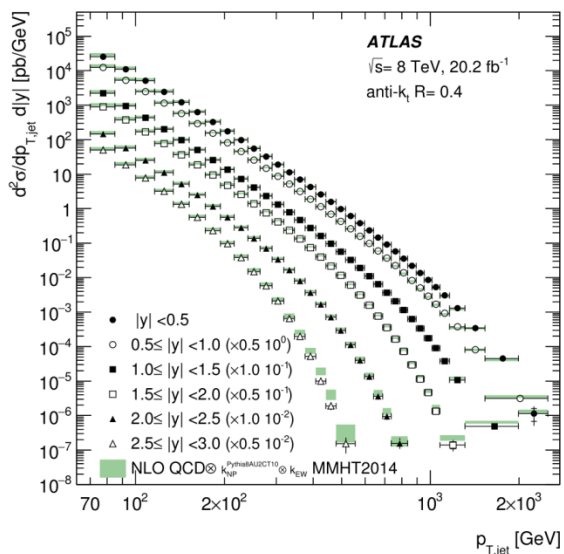
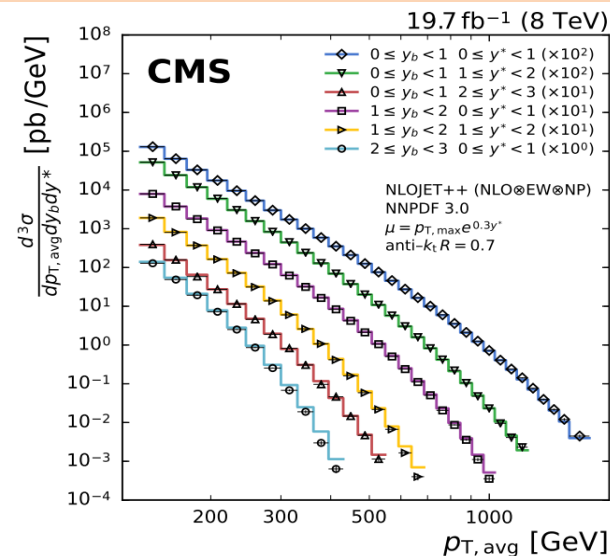
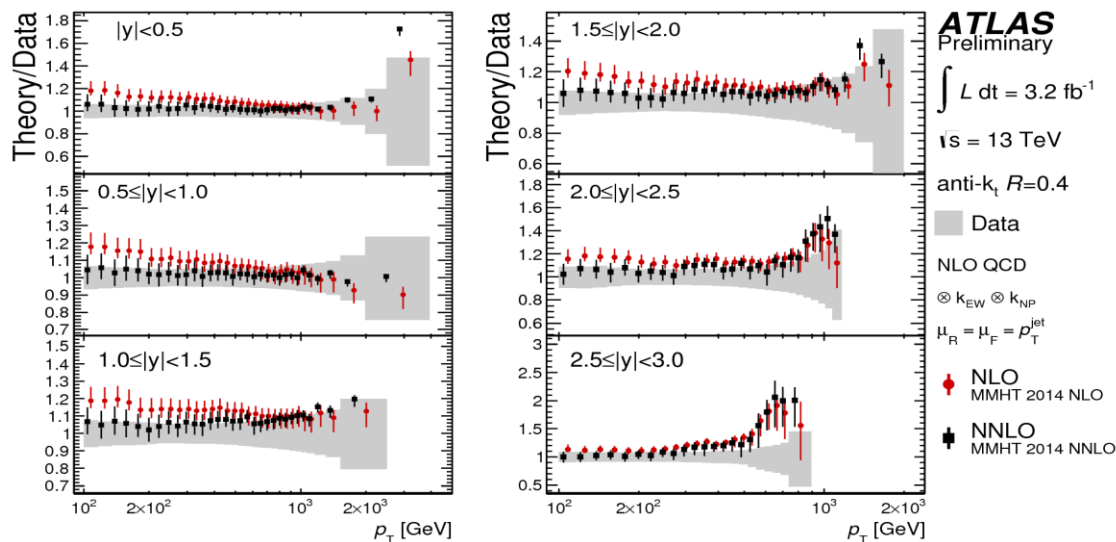


Outline

- Jet production (+jet mass, charge, angular correlation, PDF, alphas)
- W/Z/ γ production (+W mass, mixing angle)
- V+jets (+VBF)
- VV
- VV+jets (+VBS)
- VVV
- Single top quark (+top mass & width)
- $t\bar{t}$
- $t\bar{t}V$



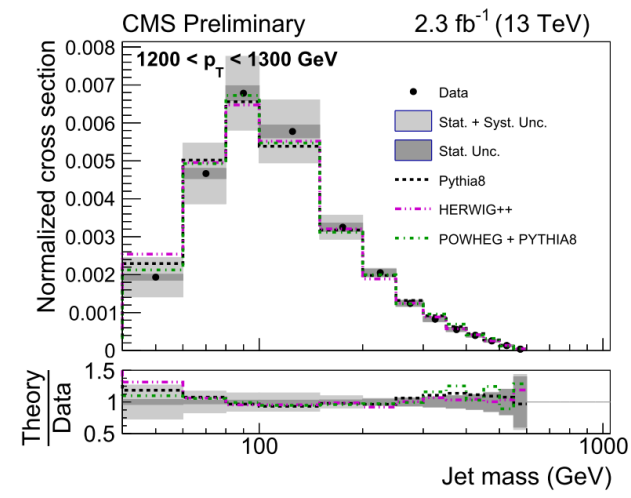
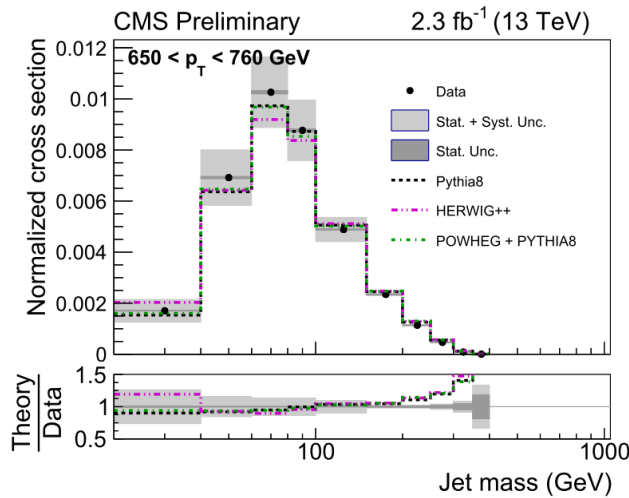
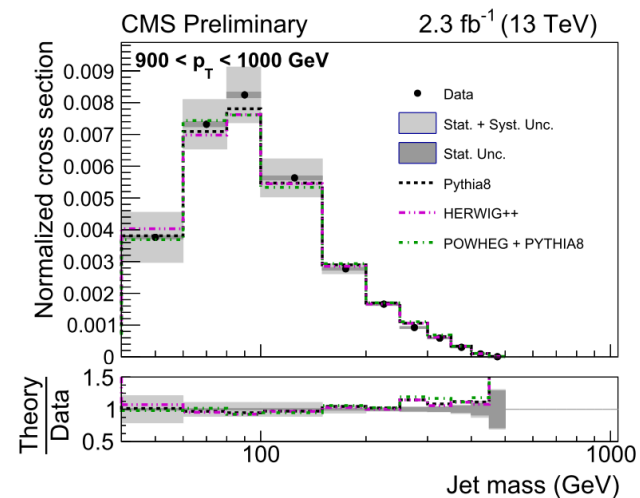
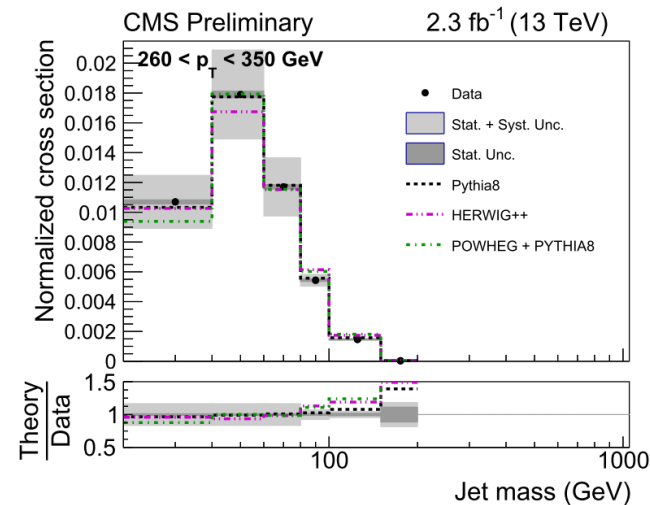
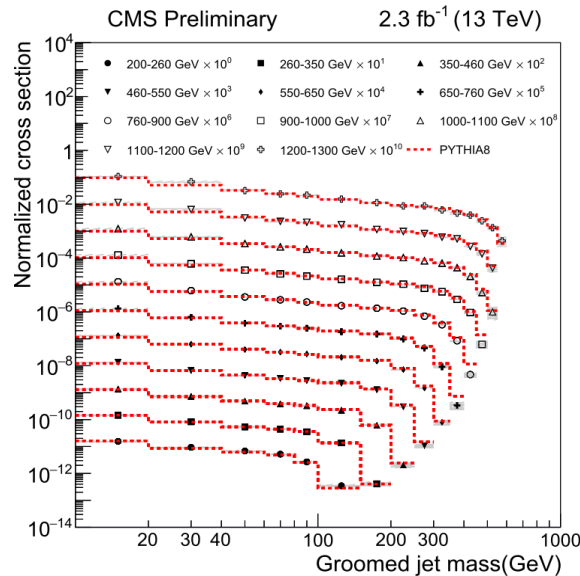
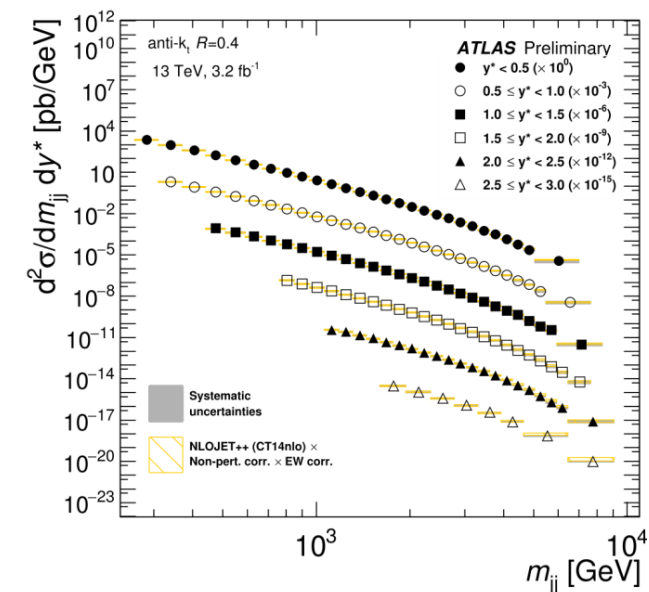
Agreements between the measurements and the theoretical predictions in NNLO/NLO accuracy!



See from J. L. MERINO

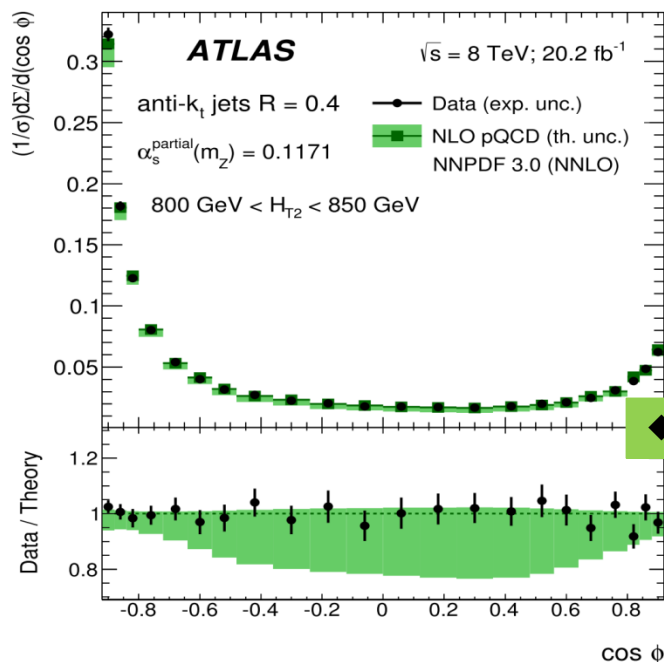
- Distribution of energy deposit (forward jet) in CASTOR :
 - ❑ Access low x where DGLAP evolution is expected to break down
 - ❑ None of the predictions manage to describe the measurement!

Jet mass measurement

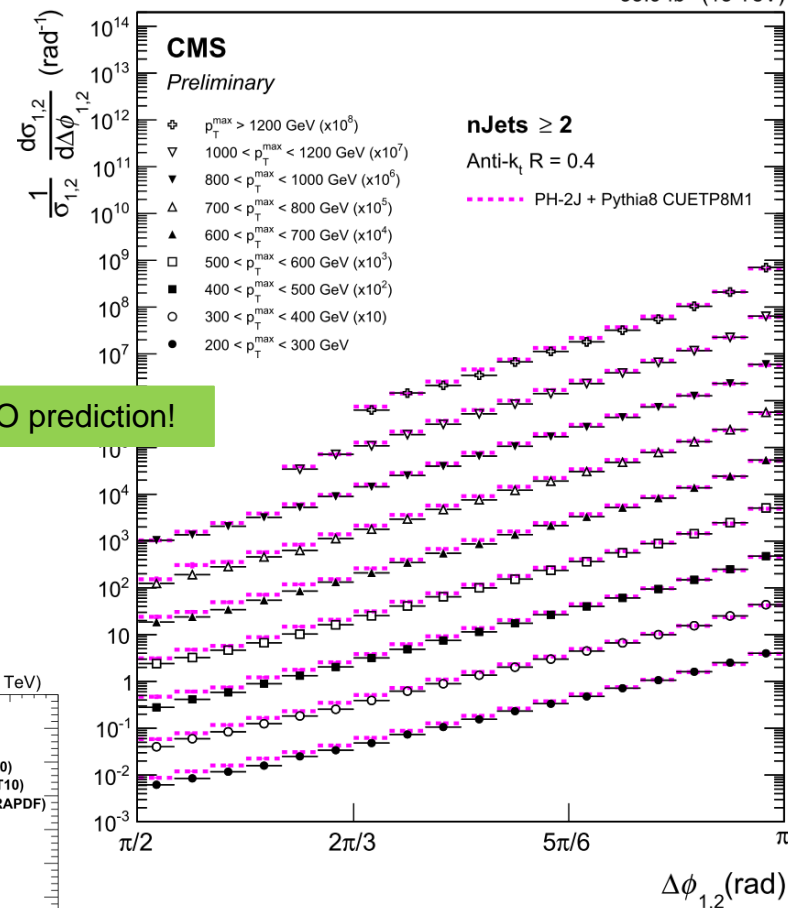


Agreements between the measurements and the theoretical predictions in NLO/LO accuracy!

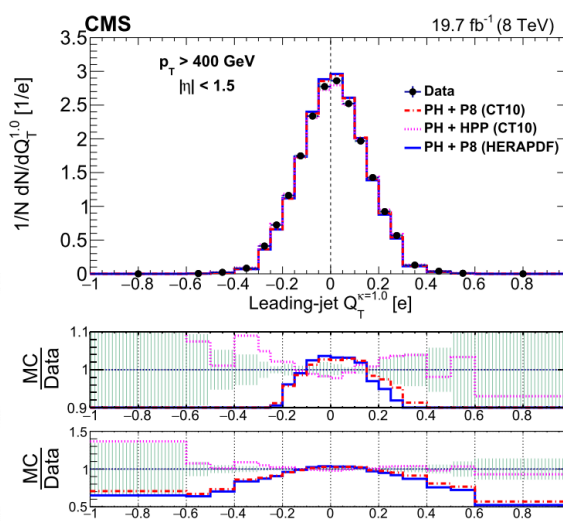
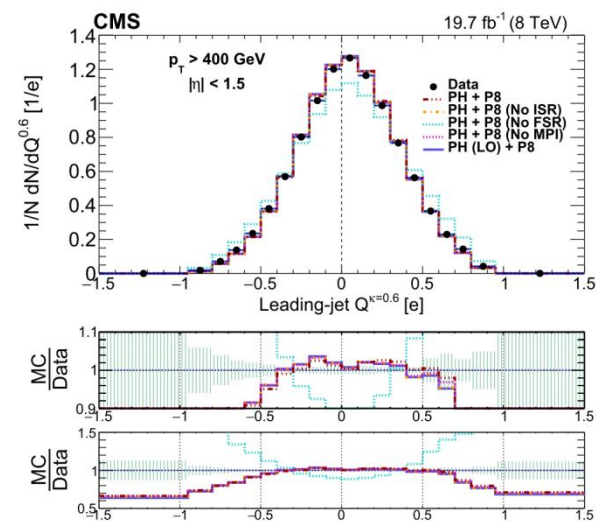
Angular correlation & charge @ Jet



◆ Good agreement with NLO prediction!

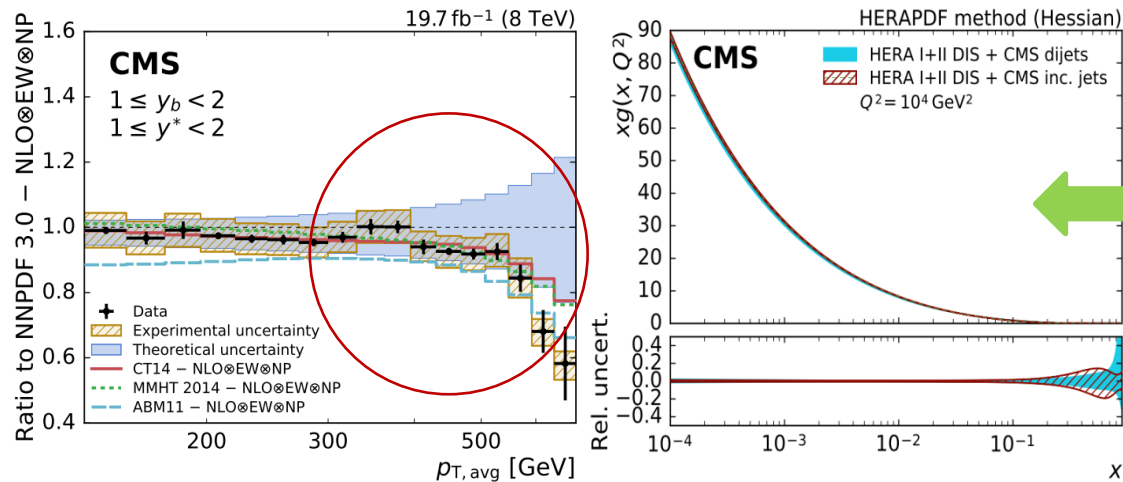


$$Q^x = \frac{1}{(p_T^{\text{jet}})^x} \sum_i Q_i (p_T^i)^x$$



➤ The prediction for jet charge is insensitive to the NLO QCD effects, while sensitive to the modeling of final state radiation

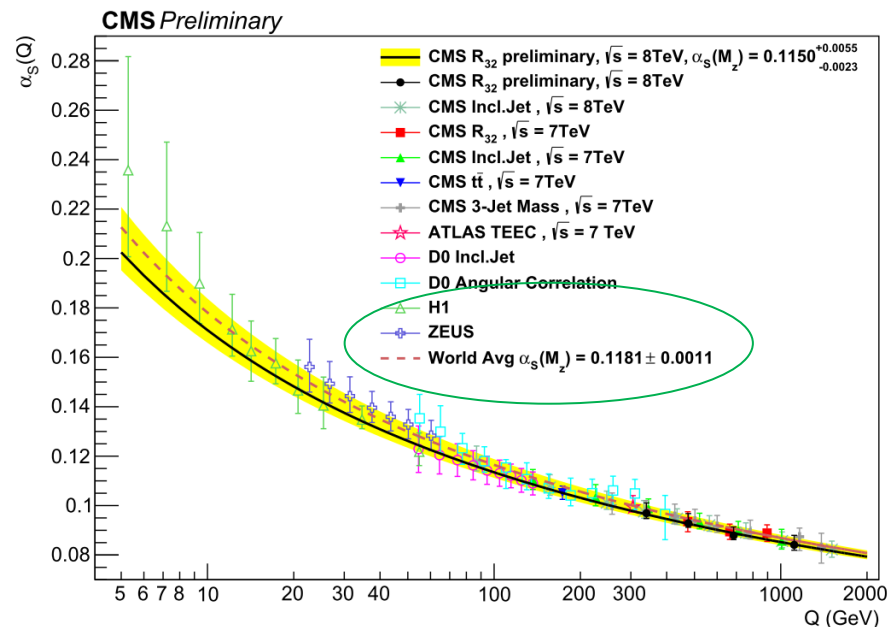
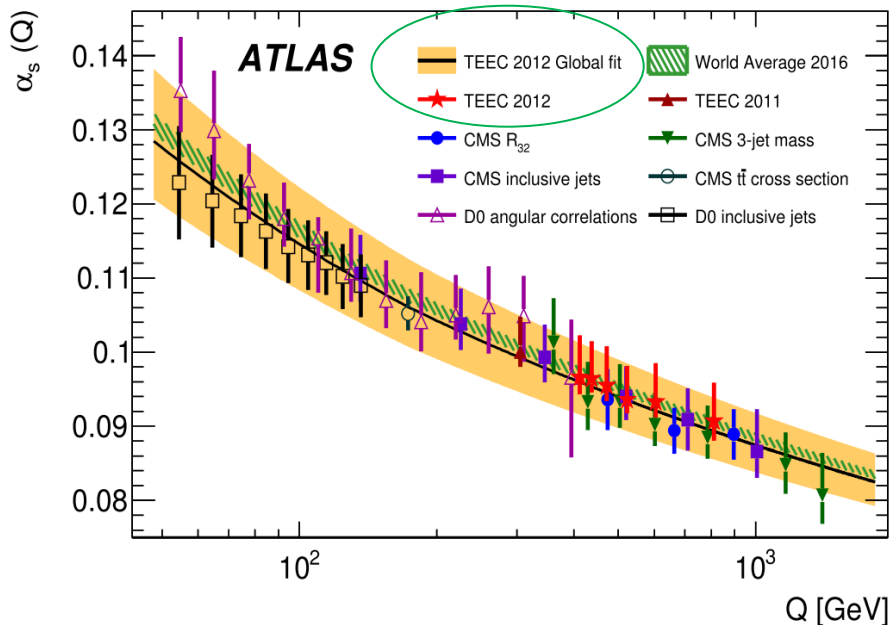
PDF constrain & alphas @ Jet



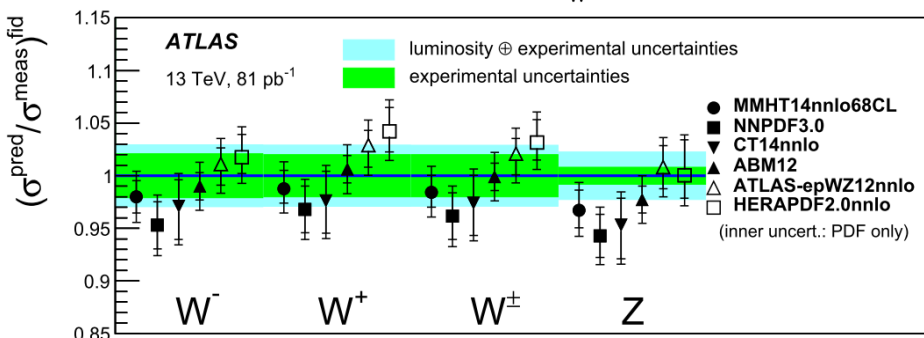
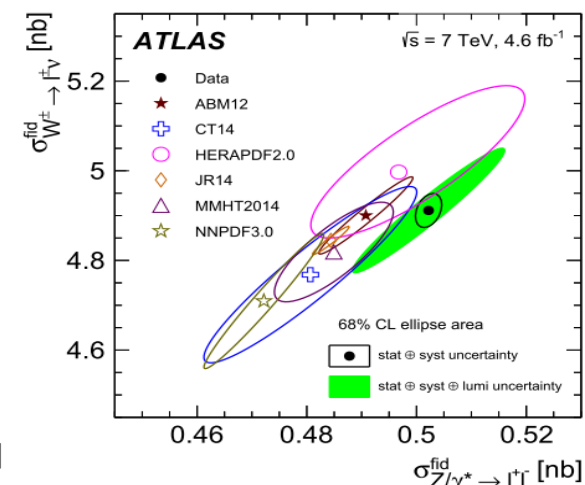
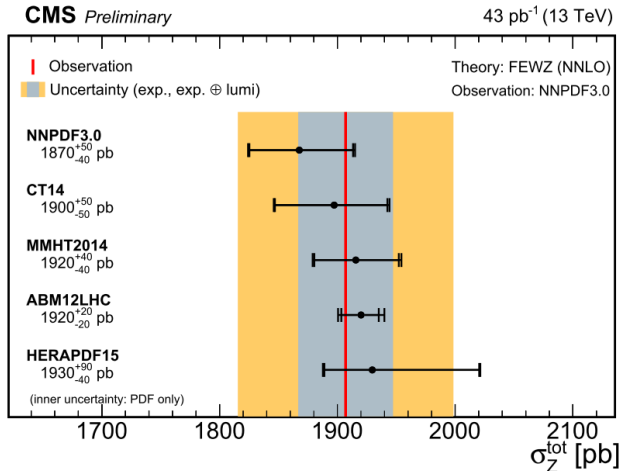
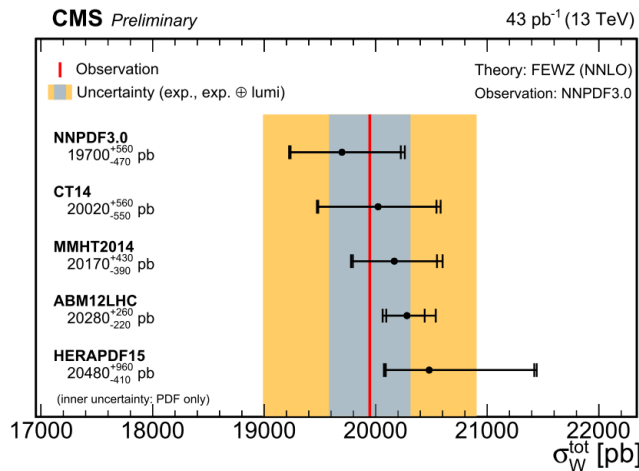
- ◆ High boosted di-jet topology:
 - High p_T access to high x
- ◆ Small experimental uncertainty:
 - Constrain PDF at high x

See from J. L. MERINO

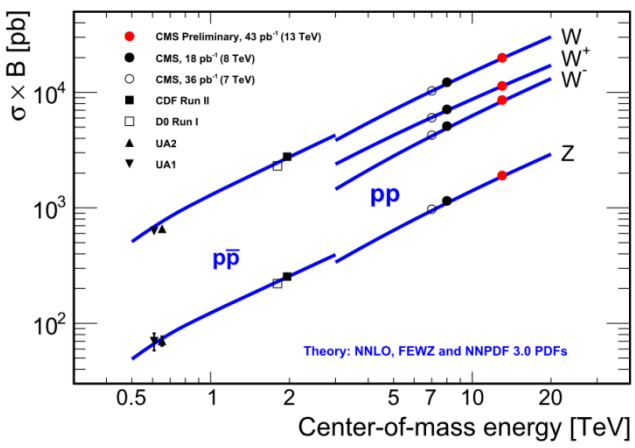
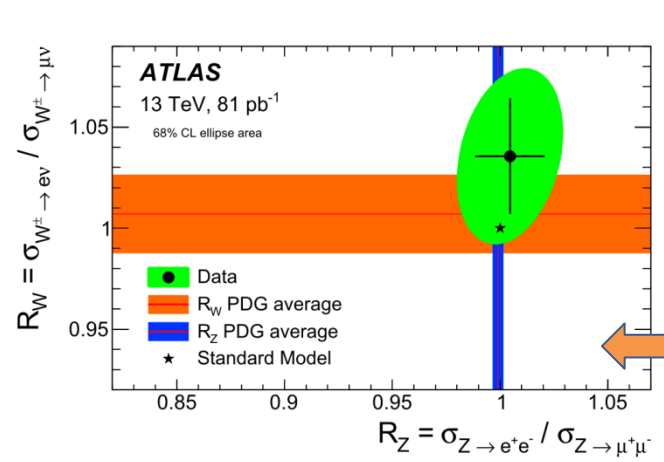
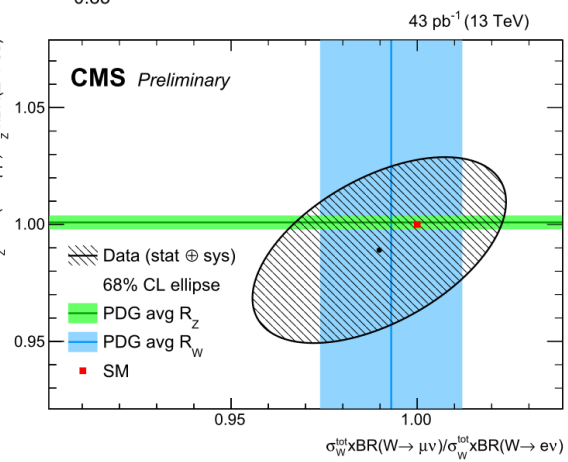
- Estimate alphas at MZ from differential cross section measurements
- Determine alphas from a fit of theoretical predictions to data



Inclusive W/Z boson



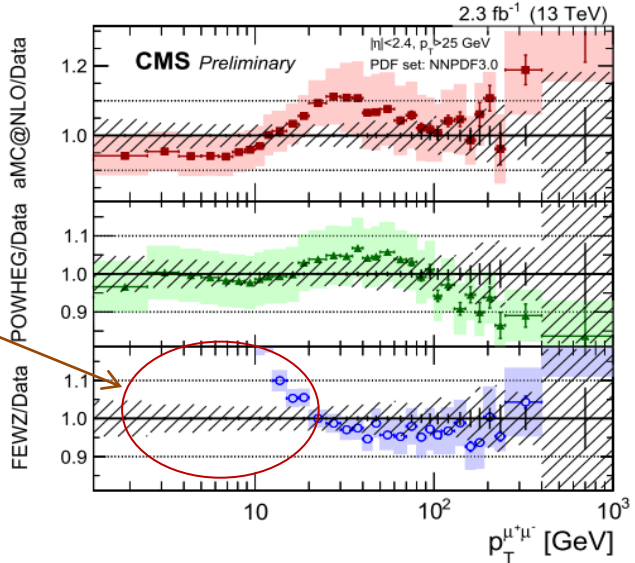
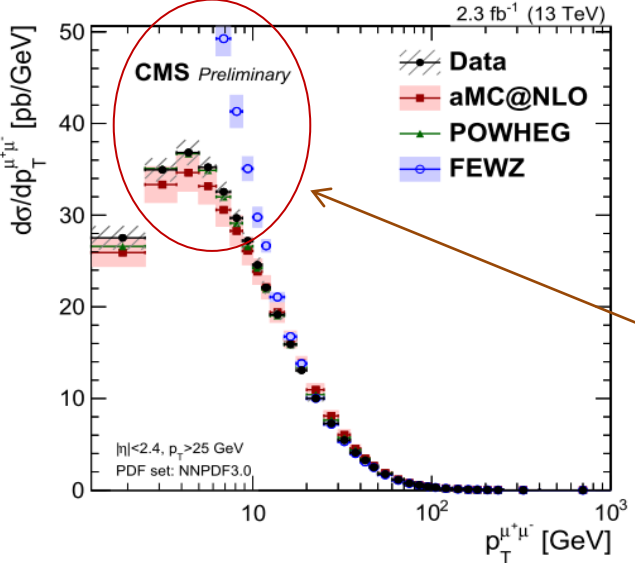
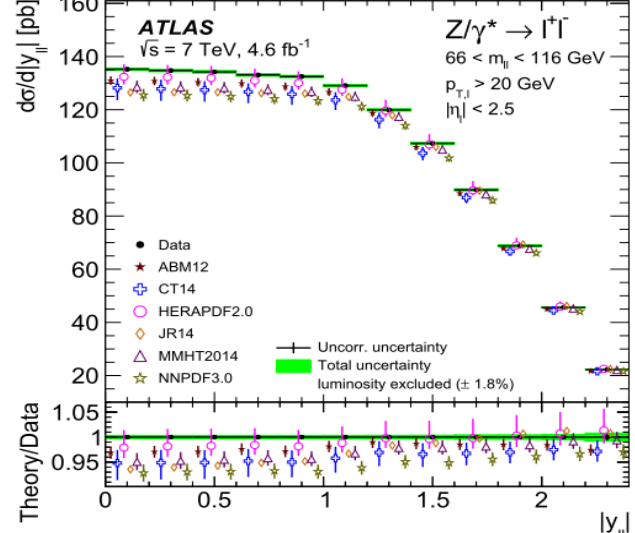
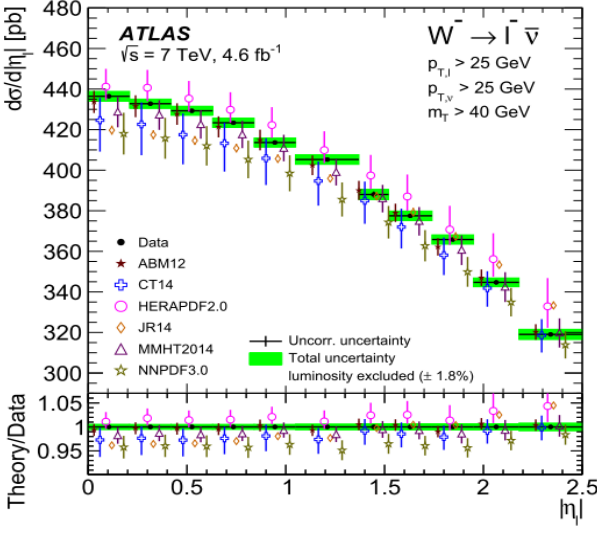
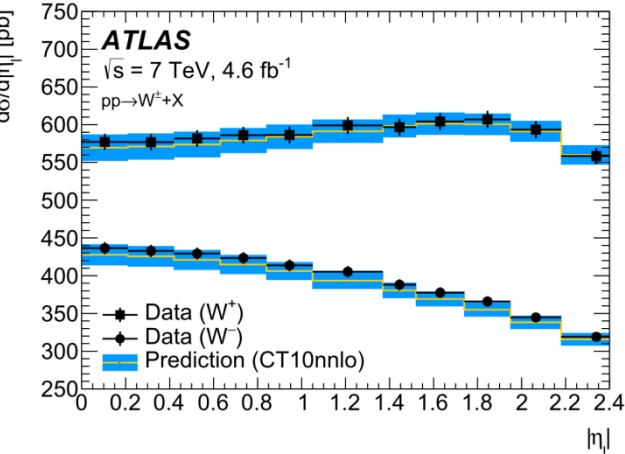
- Precision of measurements needs to be improved
- Cross section described well by NNLO predictions
- Cross section sensitive to PDF sets



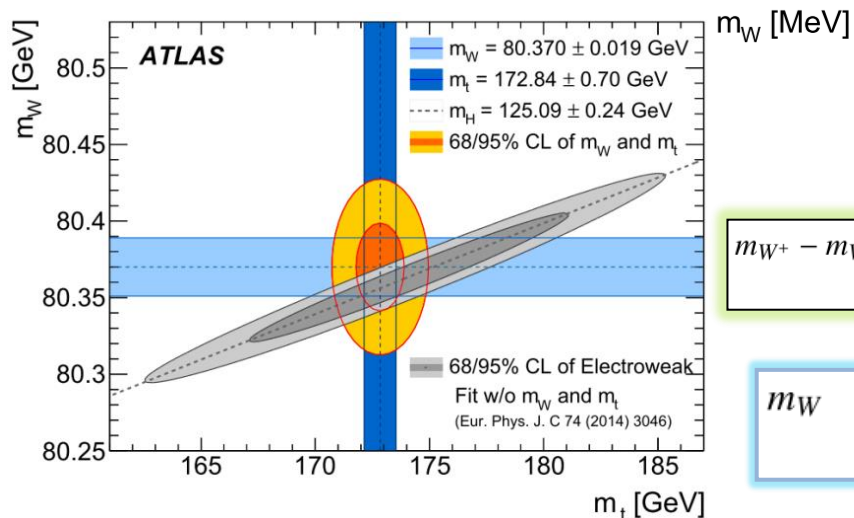
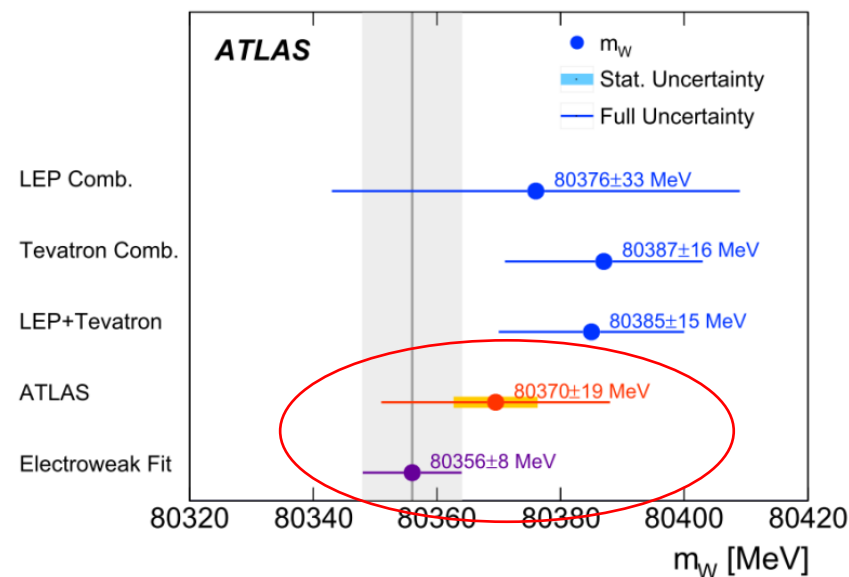
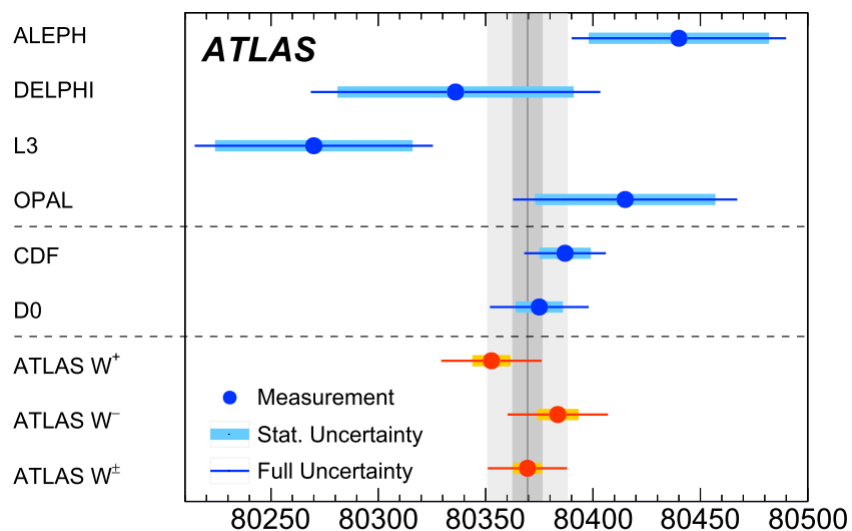
- Lepton universality validation
- Partial systematical unc. cancelled in the ratio

Differential cross sections @ W/Z

See from V. S. LANG



- General agreements between measurements and predictions
- FEWZ fails to describe the data at low Z transverse momentum due to absence of resummation or parton shower



$$m_W^2 \left(1 - \frac{m_W^2}{m_Z^2} \right) = \frac{\pi\alpha}{\sqrt{2}G_\mu} (1 + \Delta r)$$

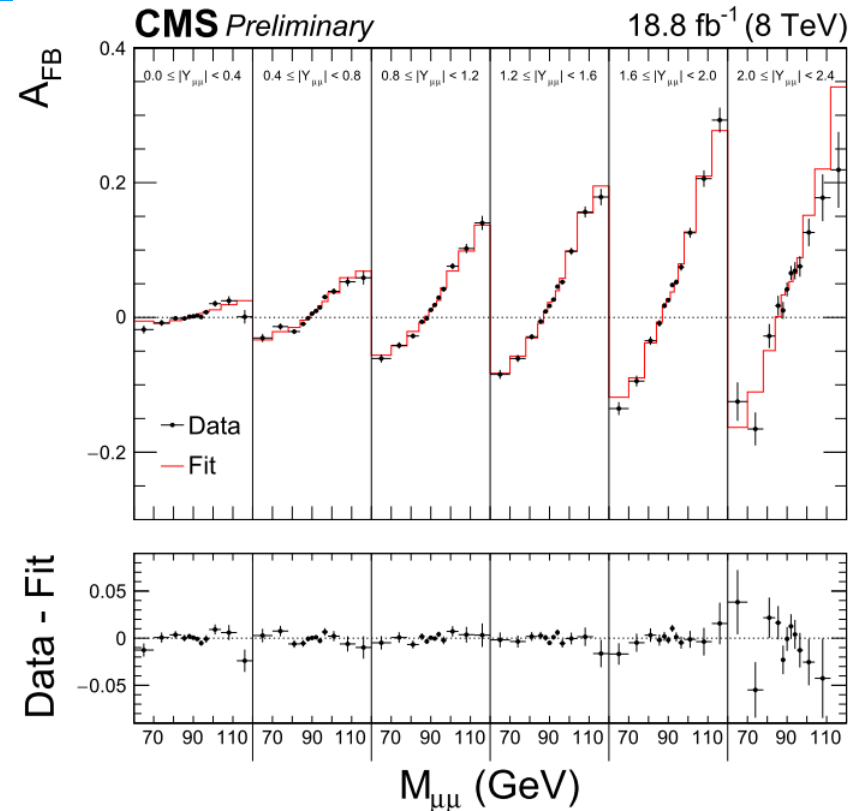
$$m_{W^+} - m_{W^-} = -29.2 \pm 12.8 \text{ MeV (stat.)} \pm 7.0 \text{ MeV (exp. syst.)} \pm 23.9 \text{ MeV (mod. syst.)}$$

$$= -29.2 \pm 28.0 \text{ MeV,}$$

$$m_W = 80370 \pm 7 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 11 \text{ (exp. syst.)} \pm 14 \text{ (mod. syst.) MeV}$$

$$= 80370 \pm 19 \text{ MeV,}$$

- Precision W boson mass can be used to test SM consistency
- W boson mass is determined from fits to transverse mass and to transverse momentum of charge lepton
- Modelling uncertainties dominate the overall uncertainty



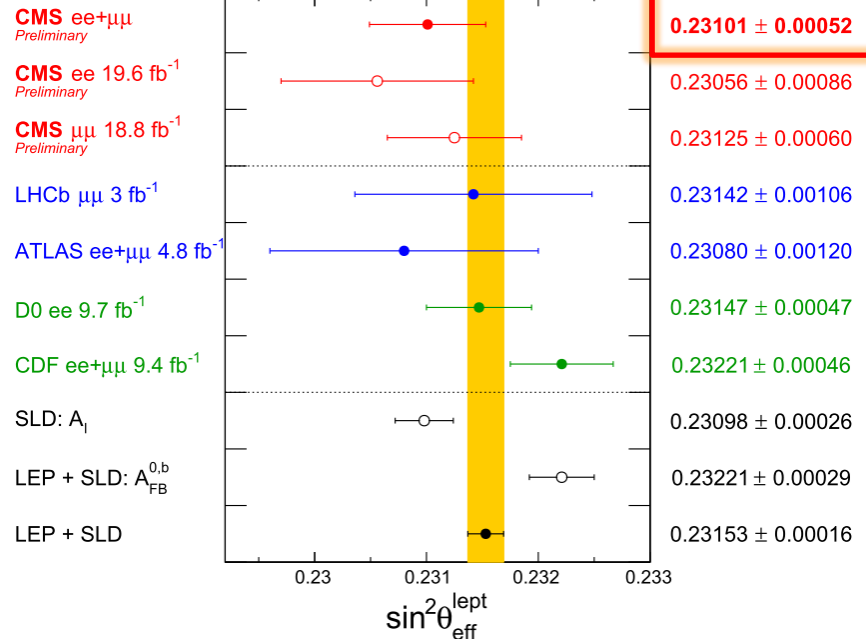
$$A_{FB} = \frac{\sigma_F - \sigma_B}{\sigma_F + \sigma_B}$$

See from L. HAN

◆ For dilepton events, sensitive to leptonic effective weak mixing angle

$$\sin^2 \theta_{eff}^f = \kappa_f \sin^2 \theta_W$$

Determined by EWK corrections



- Extracted weak mixing angle by fits to data (the **best one from LHC**):

$$\sin^2 \theta_{eff}^{lept} = 0.23101 \pm 0.00036(\text{stat}) \pm 0.00018(\text{syst}) \pm 0.00016(\text{theory}) \pm 0.00030(\text{pdf})$$

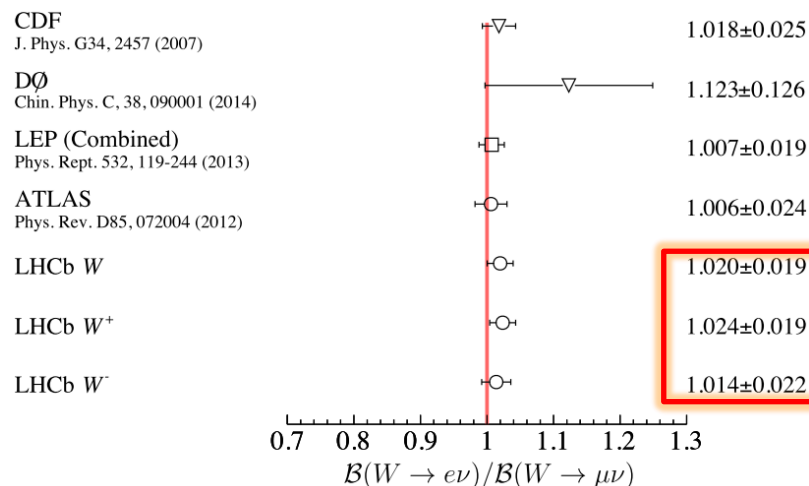
- Provide more information specially **in the context of 3σ tension between LEP and SLD**

Forward W/Z boson

See from Y. HANG

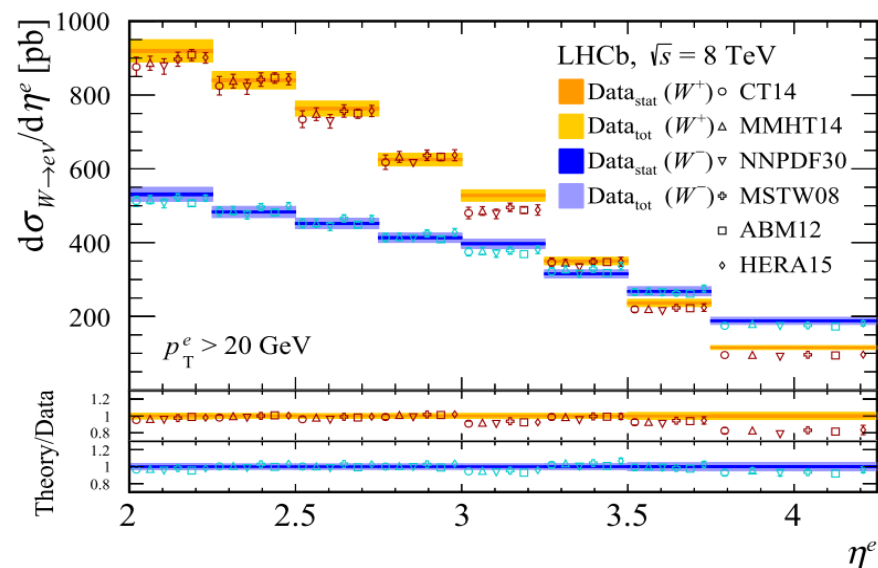
JHEP 10 (2016) 030

JHEP 09 (2016) 136

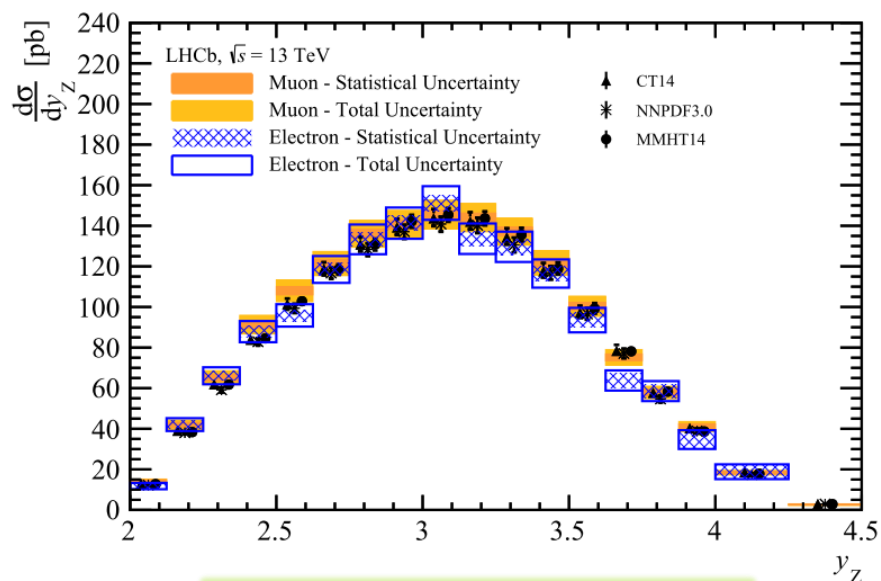


$$\sigma_{W^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e} = 1124.4 \pm 2.1 \pm 21.5 \pm 11.2 \pm 13.0 \text{ pb}$$

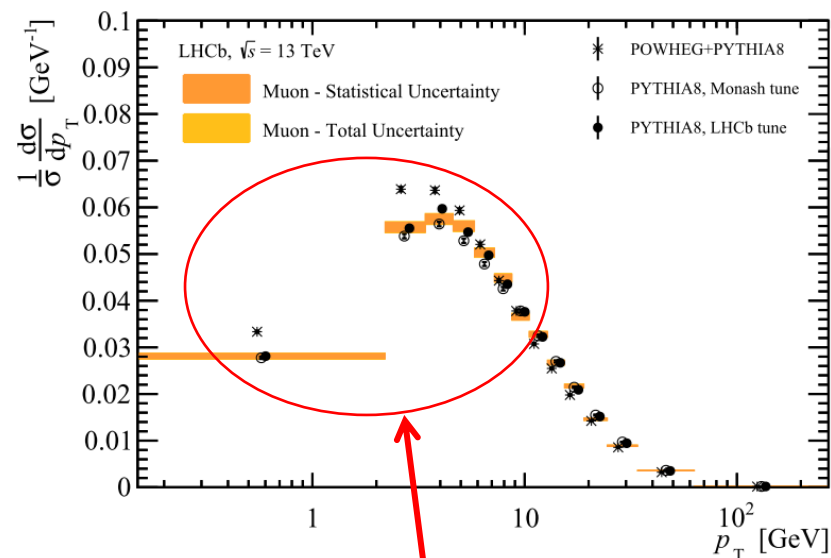
$$\sigma_{W^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e} = 809.0 \pm 1.9 \pm 18.1 \pm 7.0 \pm 9.4 \text{ pb}$$



Good agreement with NLO/NNLO accuracy for W/Z xsec

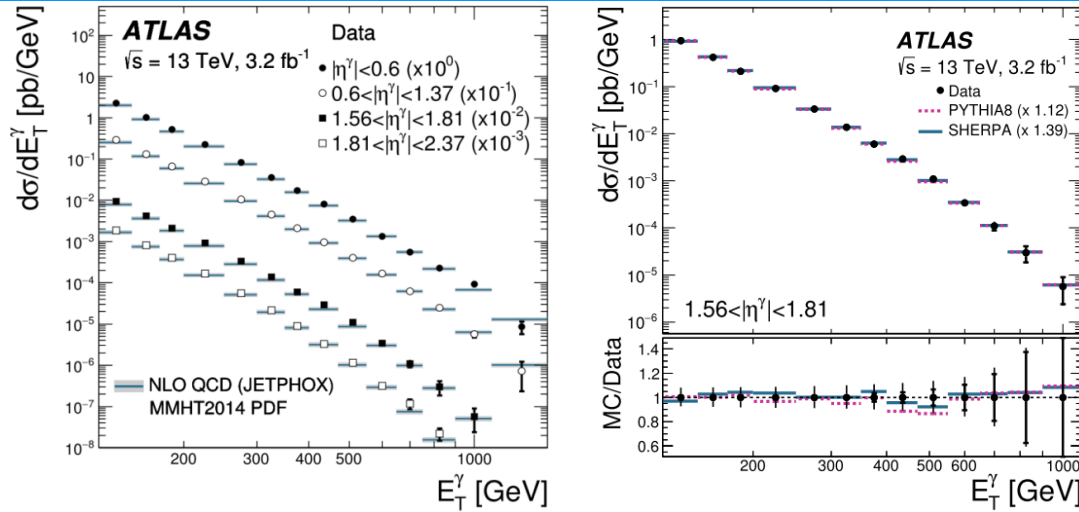


$$\sigma_Z^{\ell\ell} = 194.3 \pm 0.9 \pm 3.3 \pm 7.6 \text{ pb}$$

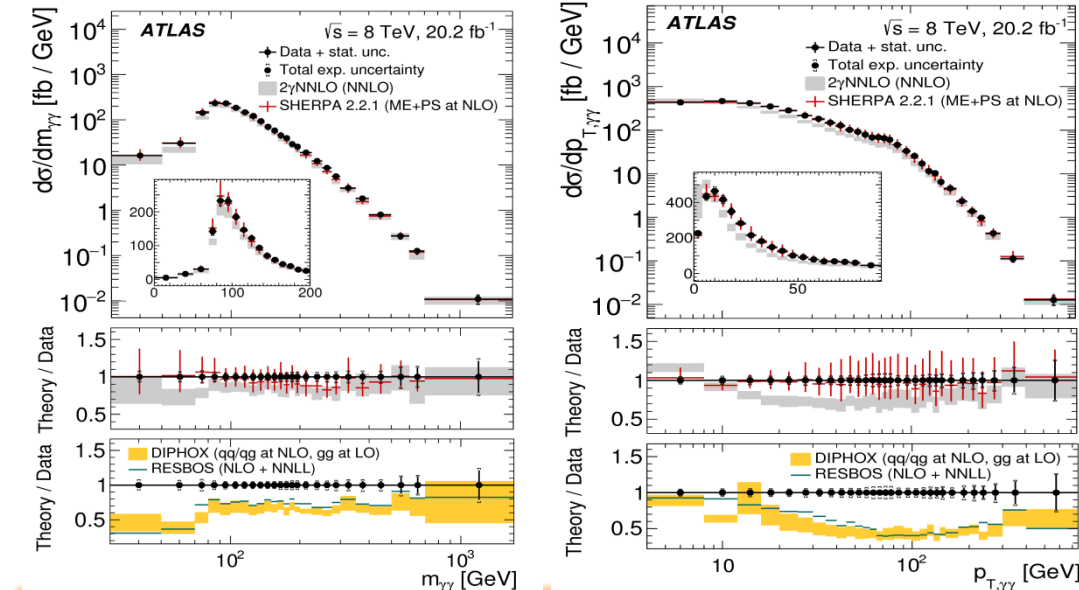
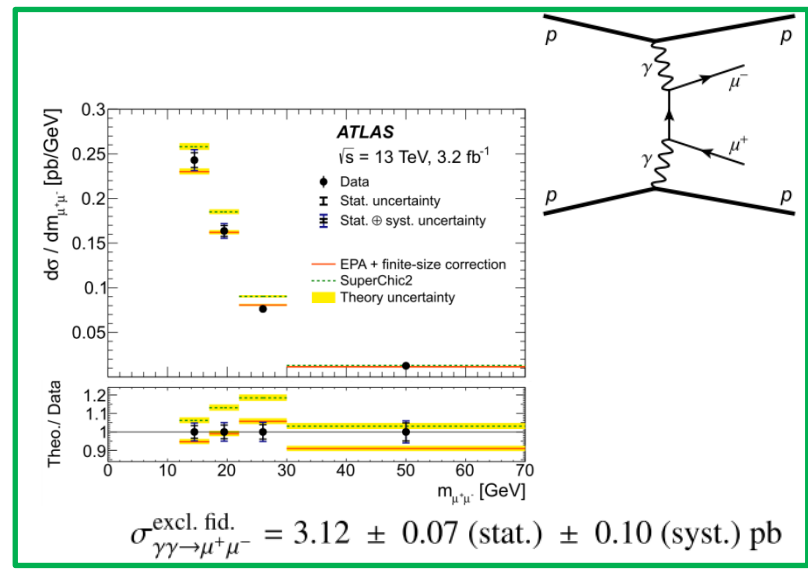


Significant pythia tuning for LO pythia

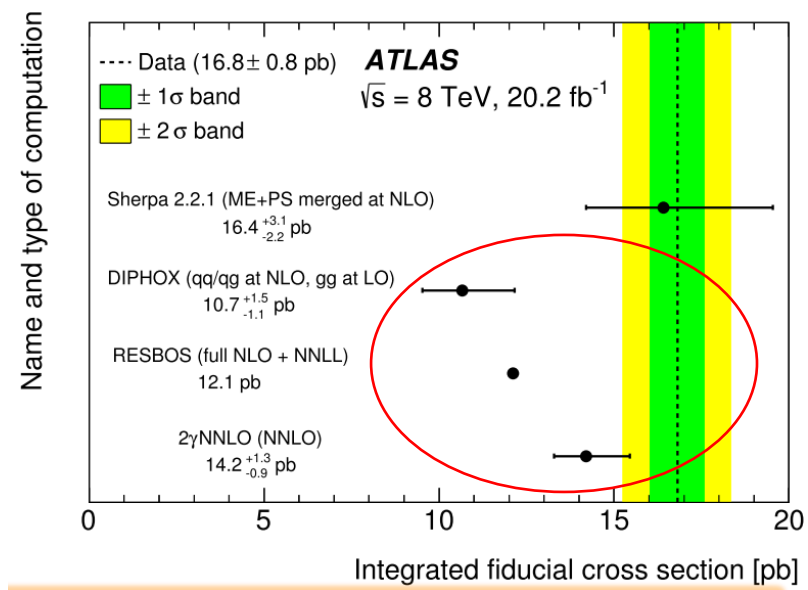
Inclusive Photon & γ pair



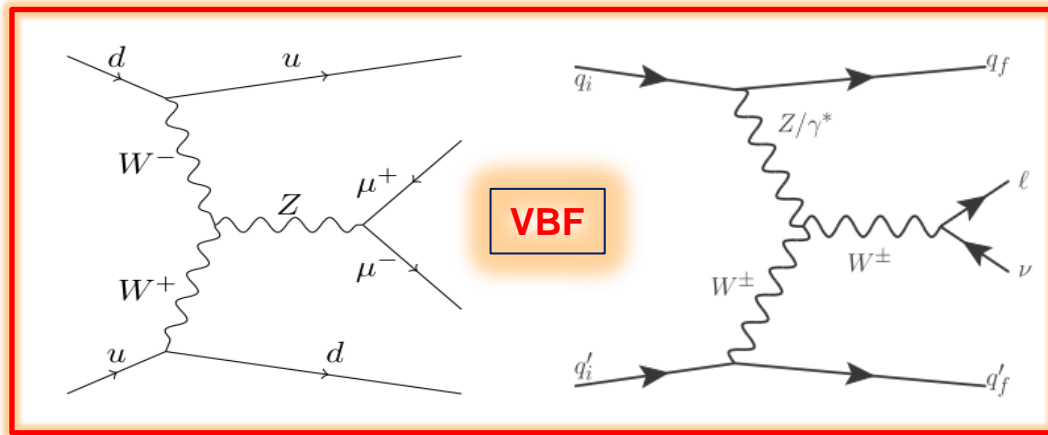
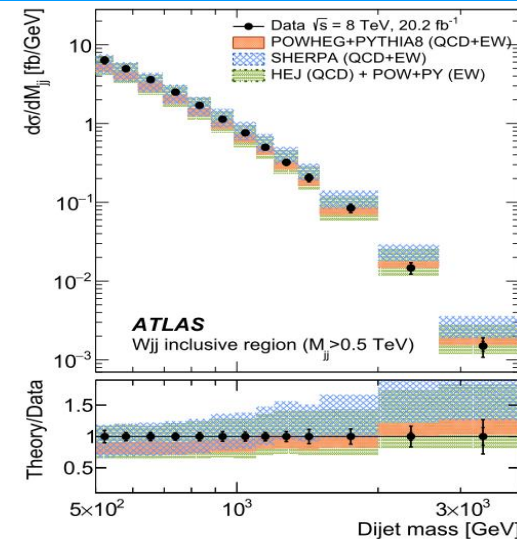
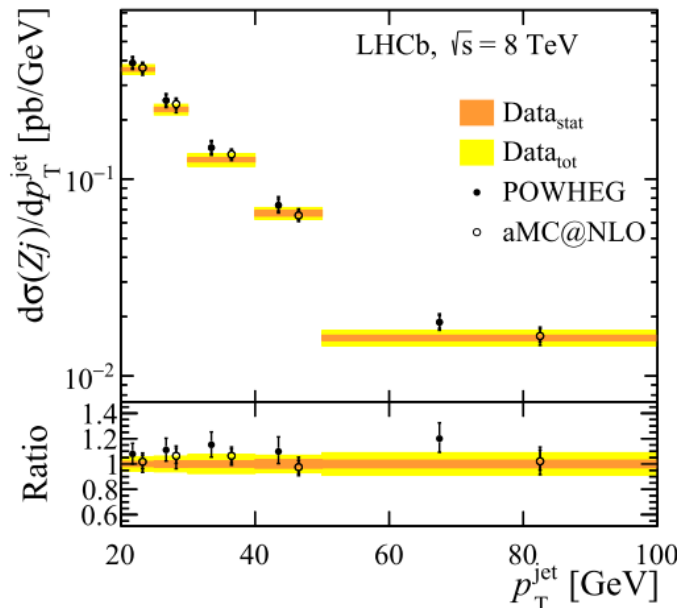
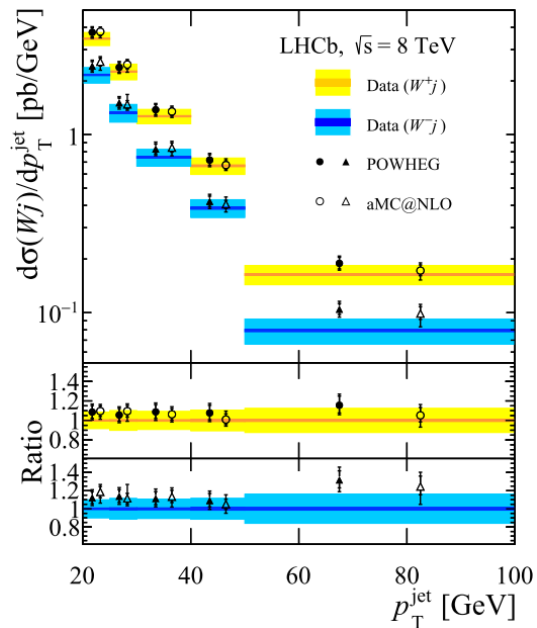
◆ Good agreement with inclusive photon measurement



◆ The effects of infrared emissions are reproduced by the inclusion of soft gluon resummation at NNLL accuracy, however the prediction (RESBOS) cannot describe the data in most parts of the phase space



Forward W/Z + jets & VBF

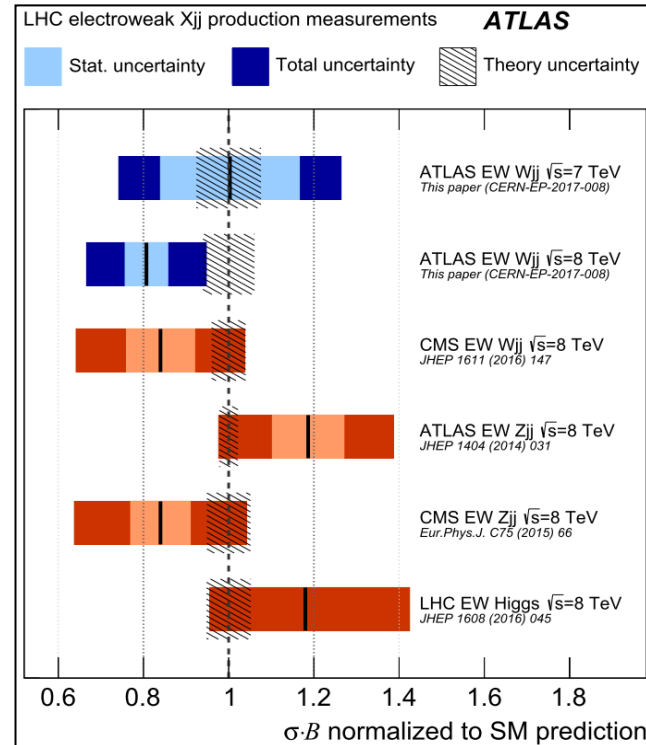


EWK Wjj xsec:

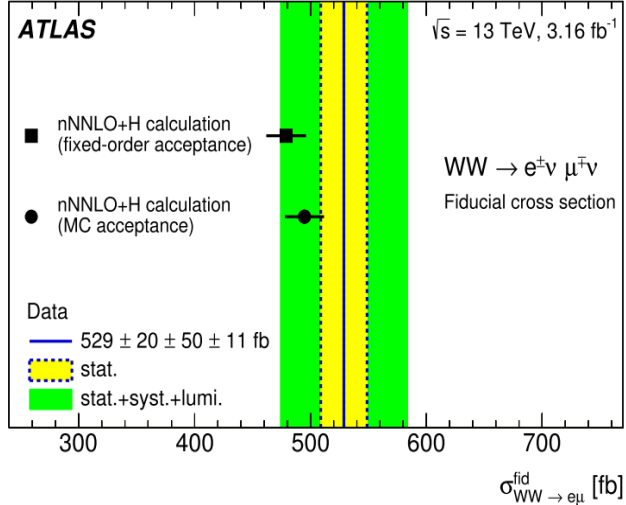
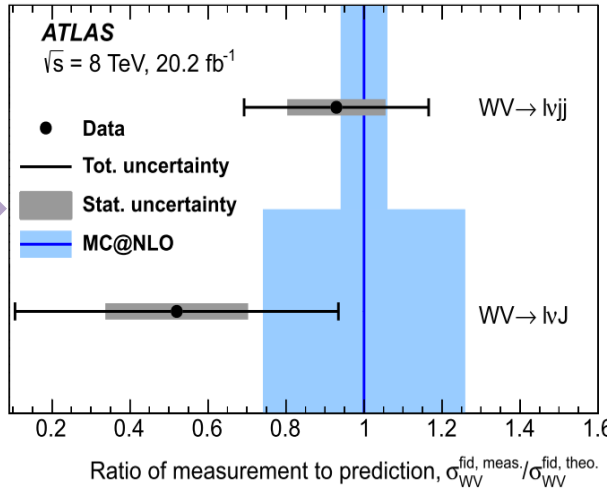
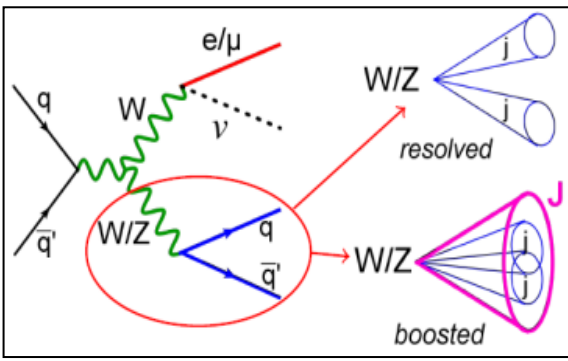
$$\sigma_{EW}^{\text{fid}} W_{(\rightarrow\ell\nu)jj} (7 \text{ TeV}) = 144 \pm 23 (\text{stat}) \pm 23 (\text{exp}) \pm 13 (\text{th}) \text{ fb}$$

$$\sigma_{EW}^{\text{fid}} W_{(\rightarrow\ell\nu)jj} (8 \text{ TeV}) = 159 \pm 10 (\text{stat}) \pm 17 (\text{exp}) \pm 20 (\text{th}) \text{ fb}$$

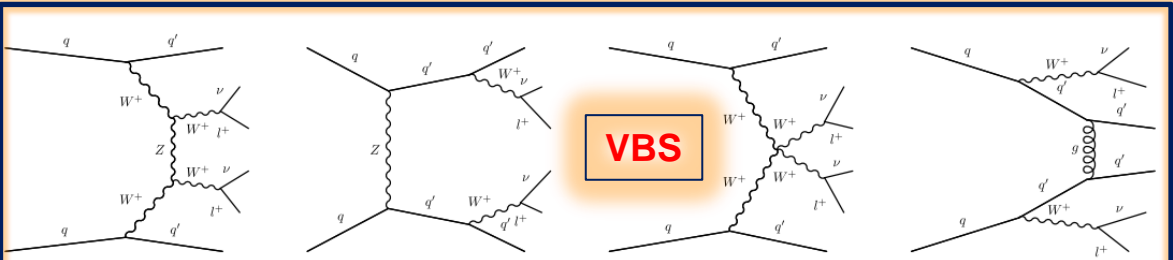
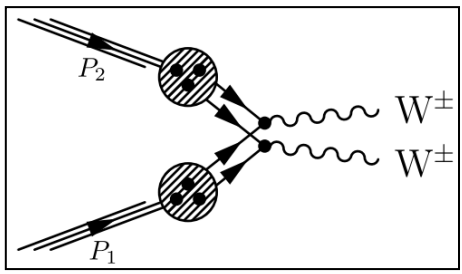
EWK Zjj xsec: $\sigma(\text{EW } \ell\ell jj) = 552 \pm 19 (\text{stat}) \pm 55 (\text{syst}) \text{ fb} = 552 \pm 58 (\text{total}) \text{ fb}$



WW/WZ production & VBS

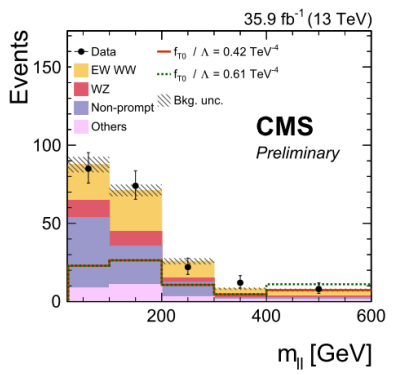
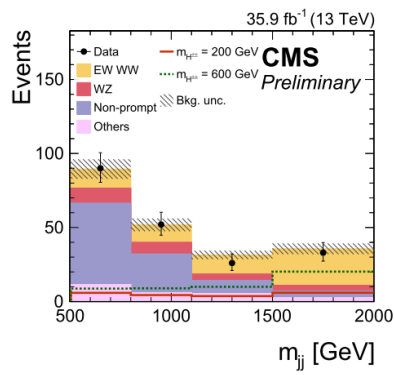


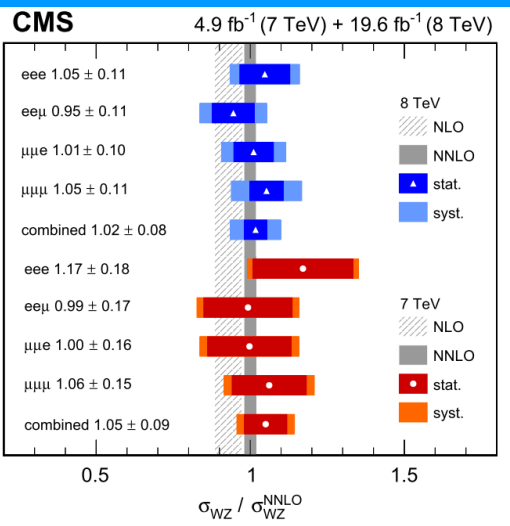
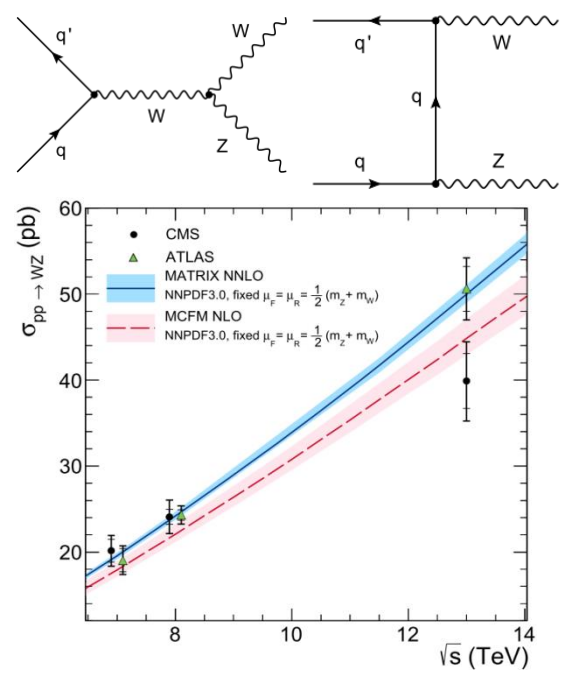
See from C. GENG



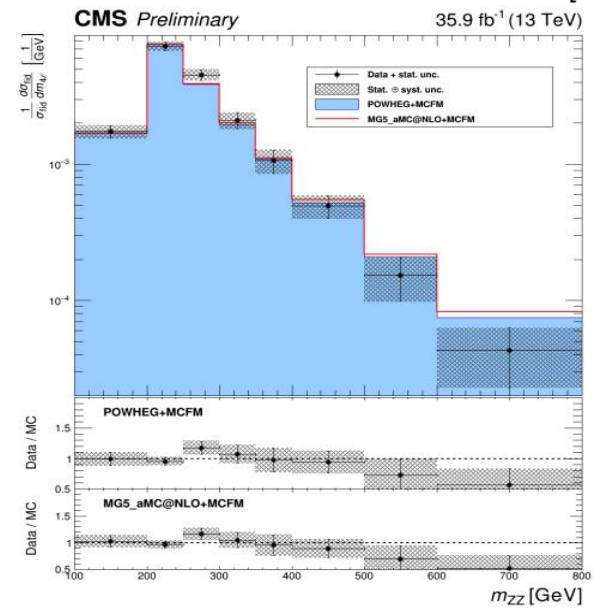
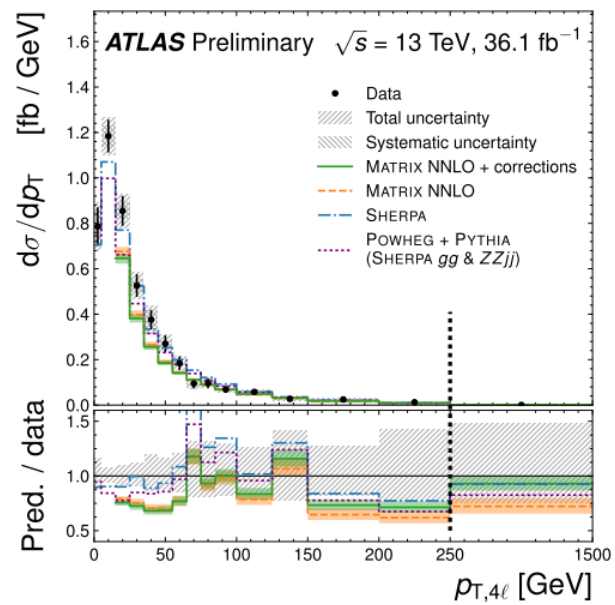
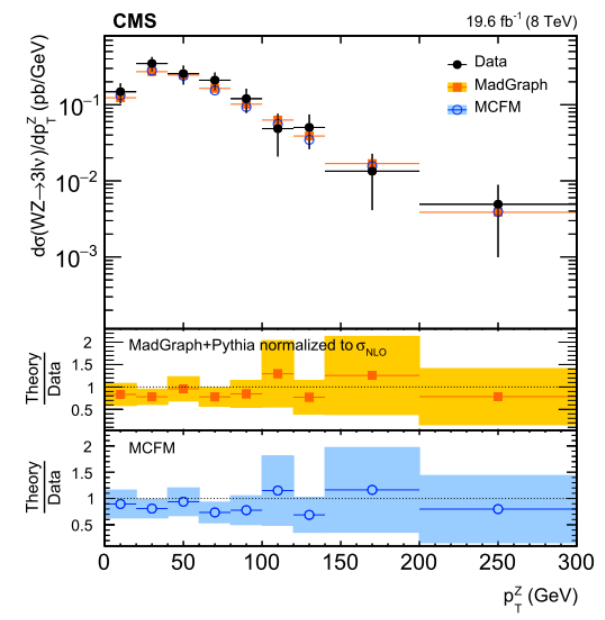
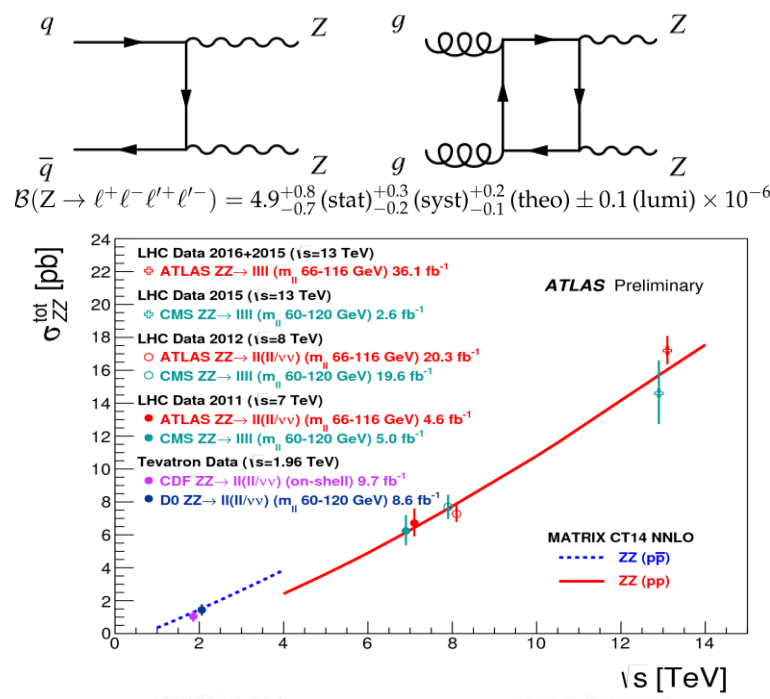
Observed 5.5σ deviation for same sign WW production!

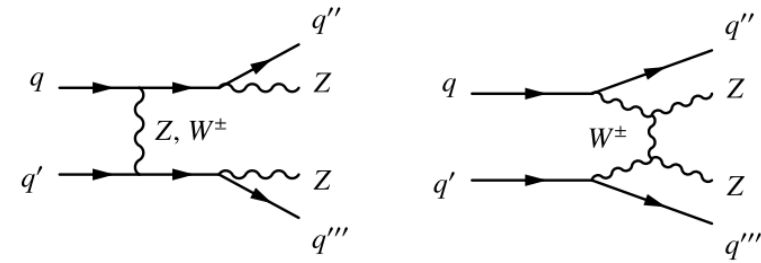
CMS	expected	observed
$\sigma_{\text{DPSWW}}^{\text{pythia}}$	1.64 pb	$1.09^{+0.50}_{-0.49}$ pb
$\sigma_{\text{DPSWW}}^{\text{factorized}}$	0.87 pb	
significance for $\sigma_{\text{DPSWW}}^{\text{pythia}}$	3.27σ	2.23σ
significance for $\sigma_{\text{DPSWW}}^{\text{factorized}}$	1.81σ	
UL in the absence of signal	< 0.97 pb	< 1.94 pb





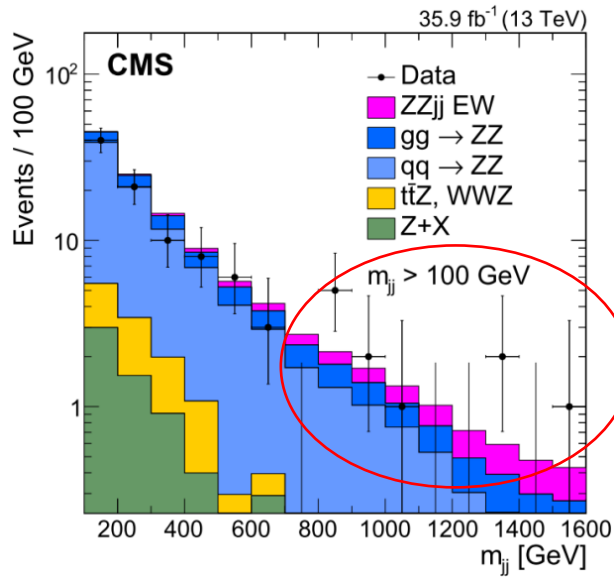
◆ Good agreement with NNLO/NLO prediction!



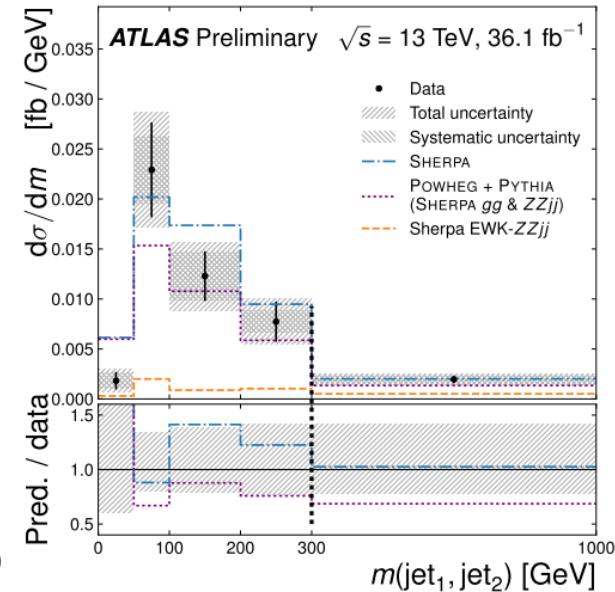
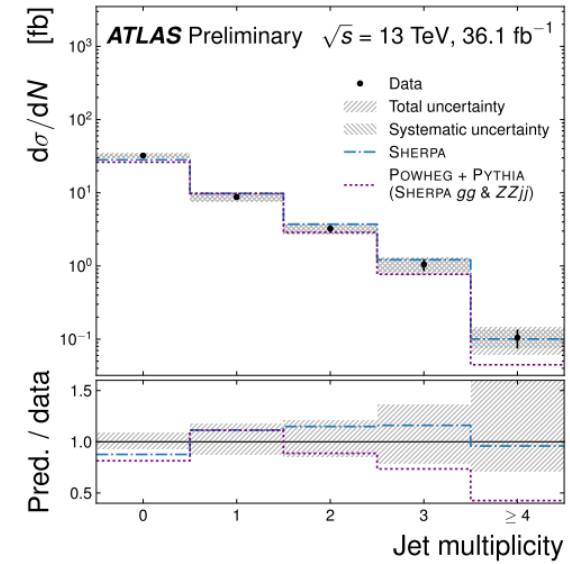
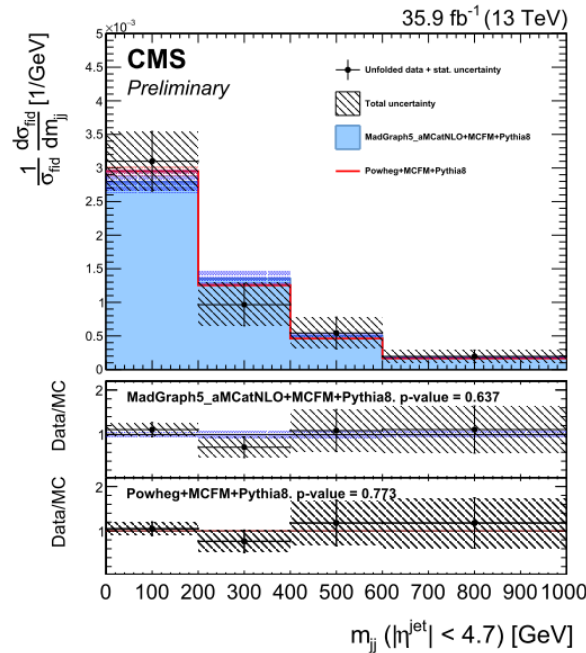
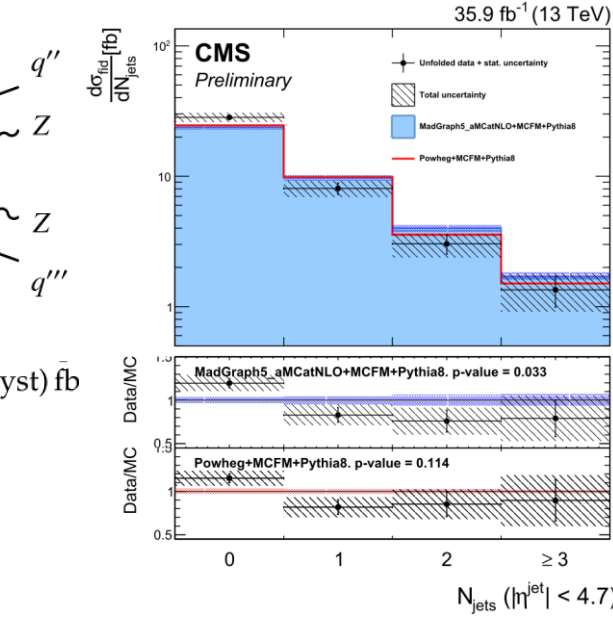


$$\sigma_{EW}(pp \rightarrow ZZjj \rightarrow \ell\ell\ell'\ell''jj) = 0.40_{-0.16}^{+0.21} (\text{stat})_{-0.09}^{+0.13} (\text{syst}) \text{ fb}$$

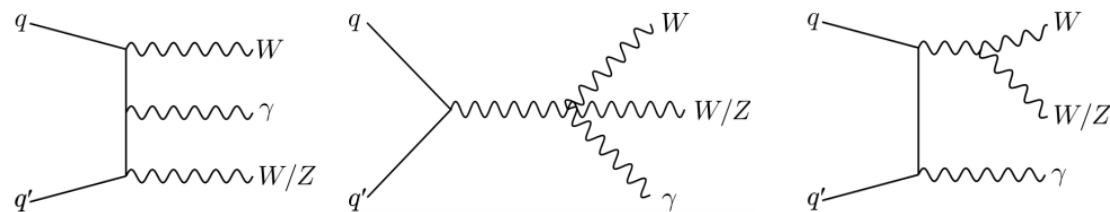
$$\mu = 1.39_{-0.57}^{+0.72} (\text{stat})_{-0.31}^{+0.46} (\text{syst}) = 1.39_{-0.65}^{+0.86}$$



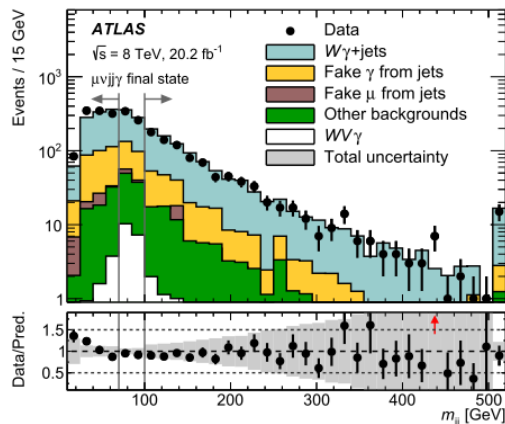
EW signal significance: 2.7σ



$WV\gamma / V\gamma\gamma$

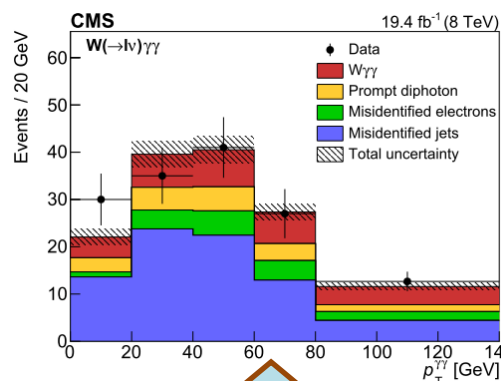


$$\sigma_{\text{fid}}^{e\nu\mu\nu\gamma} = 1.5 \pm 0.9(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.5(\text{syst.}) \text{ fb}$$

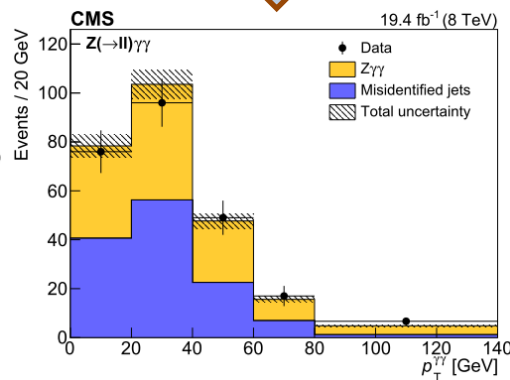


Upper limits on the cross sections determined at 95% CL using CL_s approach

		Observed limit [fb]	Expected limit [fb]	σ_{theo} [fb]
Fully leptonic	$e\nu\mu\nu\gamma$	3.7	$2.1^{+0.9}_{-0.6}$	2.0
Semileptonic	$e\nu jj\gamma$	10	16^{+6}_{-4}	2.4
	$\mu\nu jj\gamma$	8	10^{+4}_{-3}	2.2
	$\ell\nu jj\gamma$	6	$8.4^{+3.4}_{-2.4}$	2.3



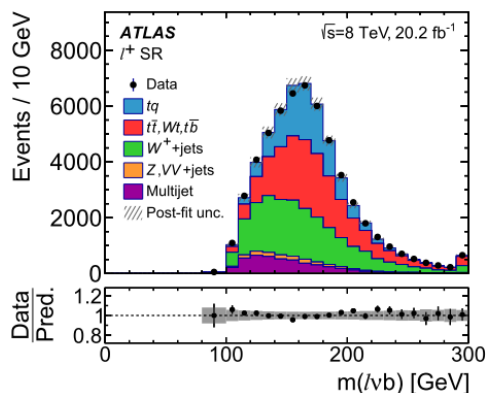
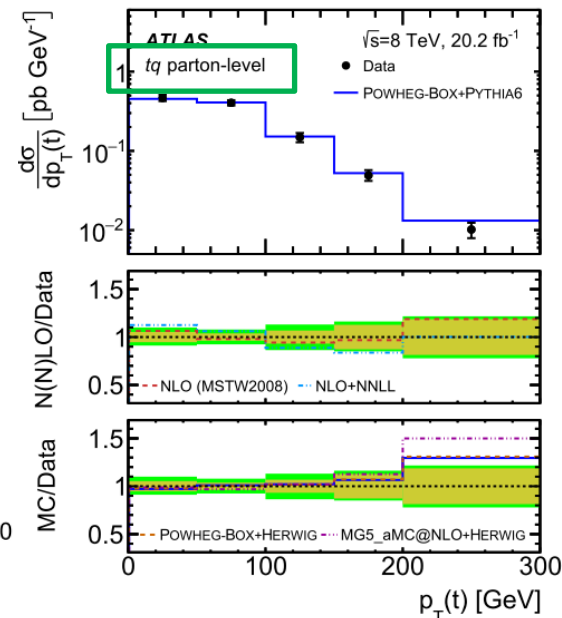
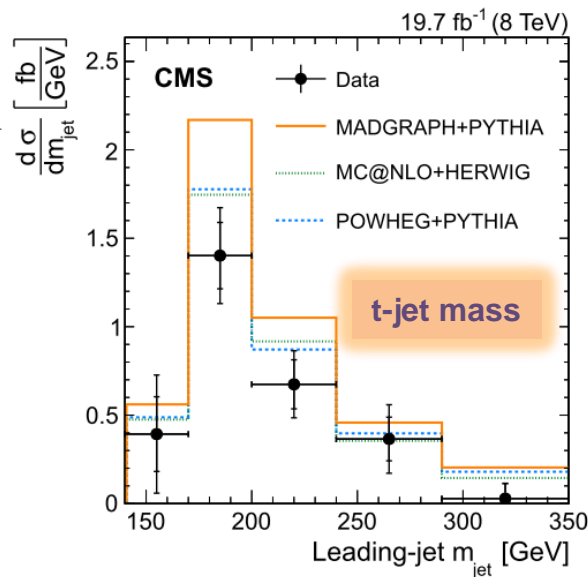
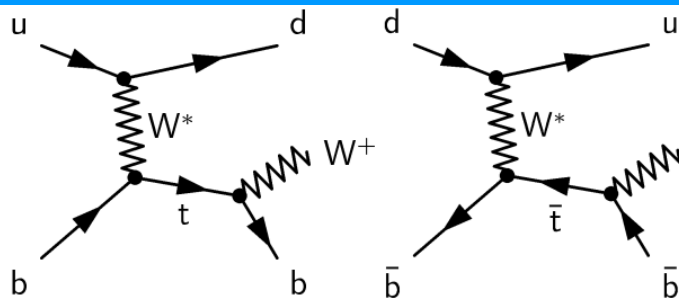
Signal significance: 5.9σ



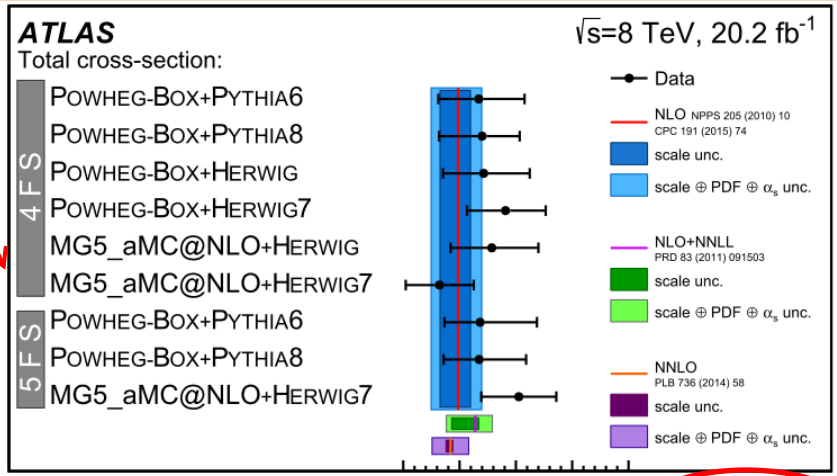
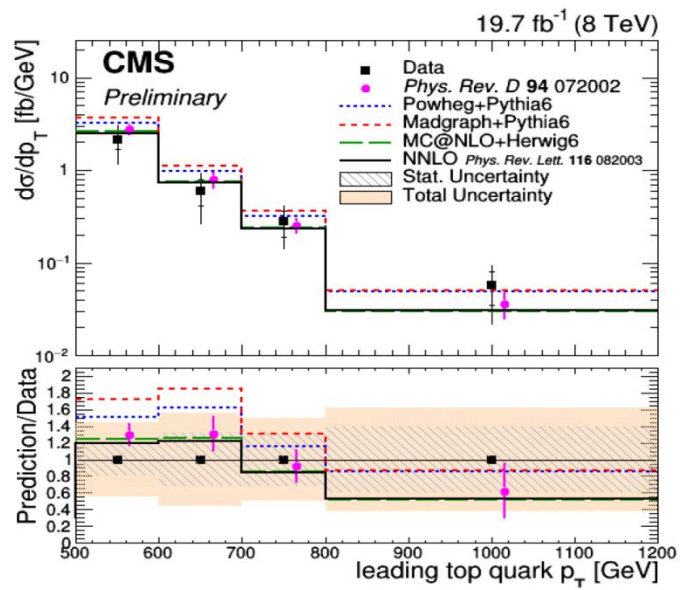
Signal significance: 2.6σ

Channel	Measured fiducial cross section
$W\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^\pm\nu\gamma\gamma$	$4.2 \pm 2.0(\text{stat}) \pm 1.6(\text{syst}) \pm 0.1(\text{lumi}) \text{ fb}$
$W\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \mu^\pm\nu\gamma\gamma$	$6.0 \pm 1.8(\text{stat}) \pm 2.3(\text{syst}) \pm 0.2(\text{lumi}) \text{ fb}$
$W\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \ell^\pm\nu\gamma\gamma$	$4.9 \pm 1.4(\text{stat}) \pm 1.6(\text{syst}) \pm 0.1(\text{lumi}) \text{ fb}$
$Z\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-\gamma\gamma$	$12.5 \pm 2.1(\text{stat}) \pm 2.1(\text{syst}) \pm 0.3(\text{lumi}) \text{ fb}$
$Z\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma\gamma$	$12.8 \pm 1.8(\text{stat}) \pm 1.7(\text{syst}) \pm 0.3(\text{lumi}) \text{ fb}$
$Z\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\gamma\gamma$	$12.7 \pm 1.4(\text{stat}) \pm 1.8(\text{syst}) \pm 0.3(\text{lumi}) \text{ fb}$
Channel	Prediction
$W\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \ell^\pm\nu\gamma\gamma$	$4.8 \pm 0.5 \text{ fb}$
$Z\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\gamma\gamma$	$13.0 \pm 1.5 \text{ fb}$

Top quark precisions



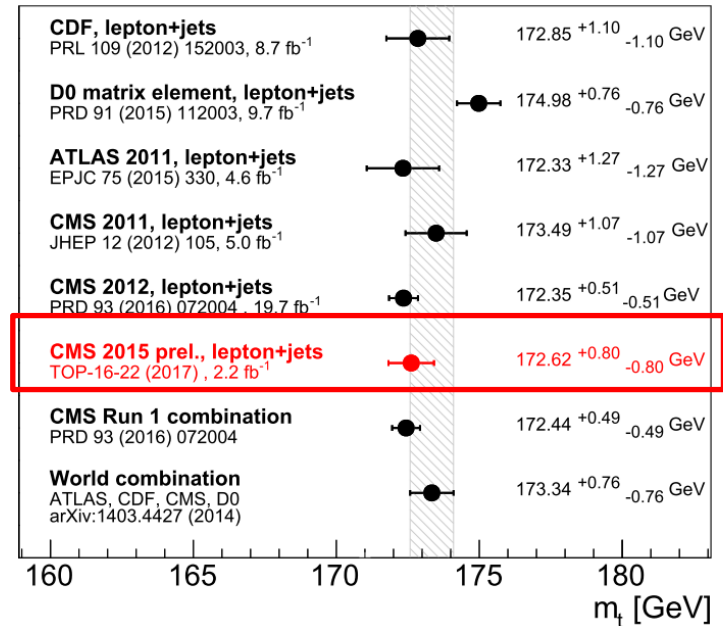
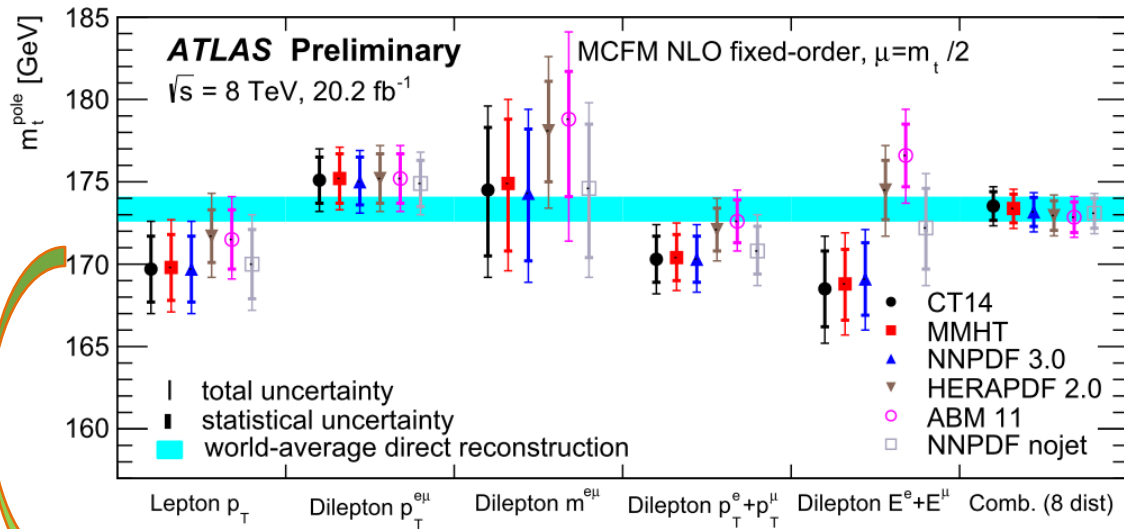
4FS: Massive heavy flavor quarks generated by gluon split
 5FS: Massless heavy flavor quarks generated in initial protons



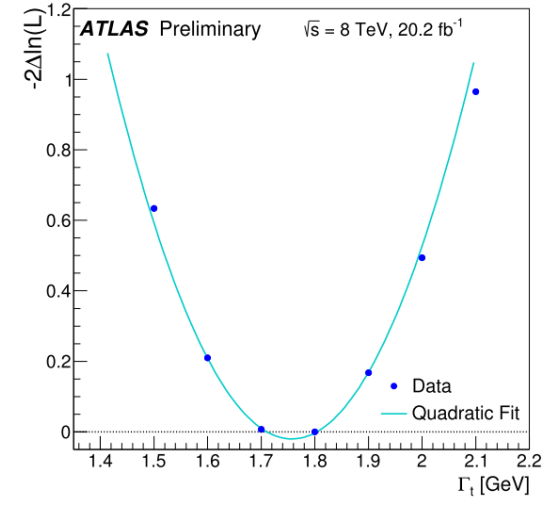
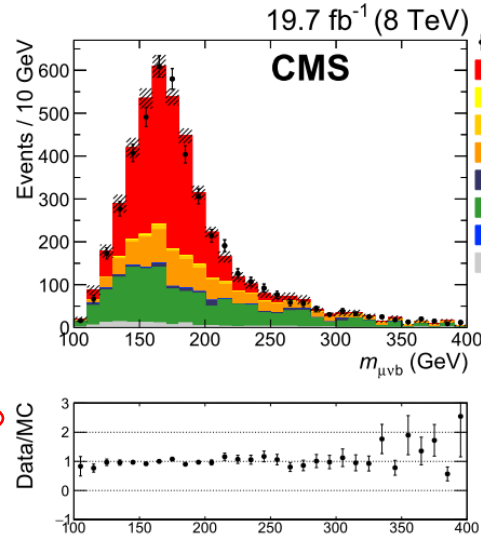
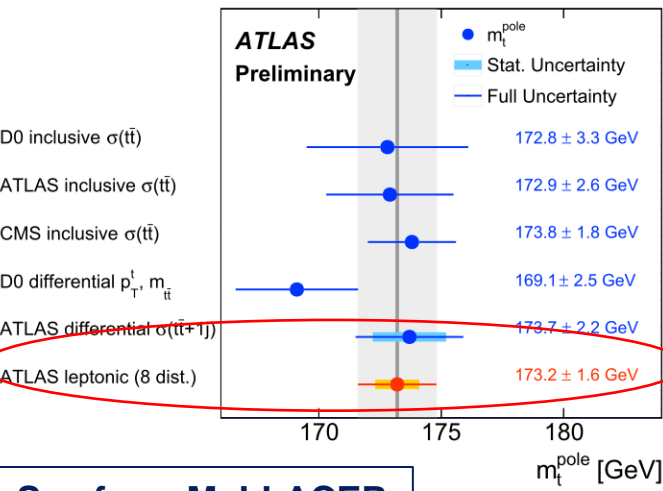
See from M. M. CRISTINZIANI

$\sigma_{\text{tot}}(tq) [\text{pb}]$

Top mass & width



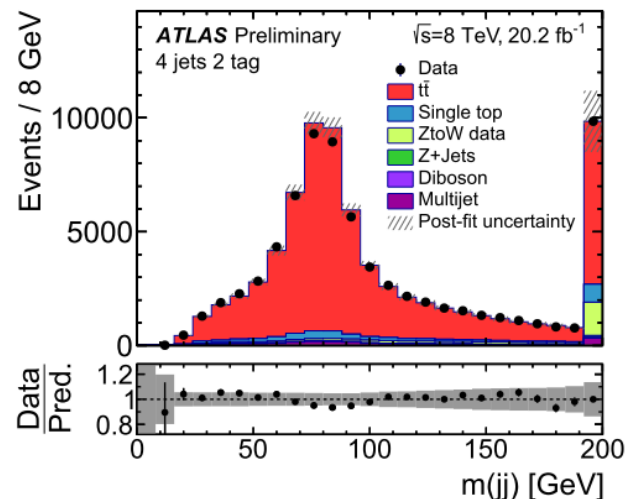
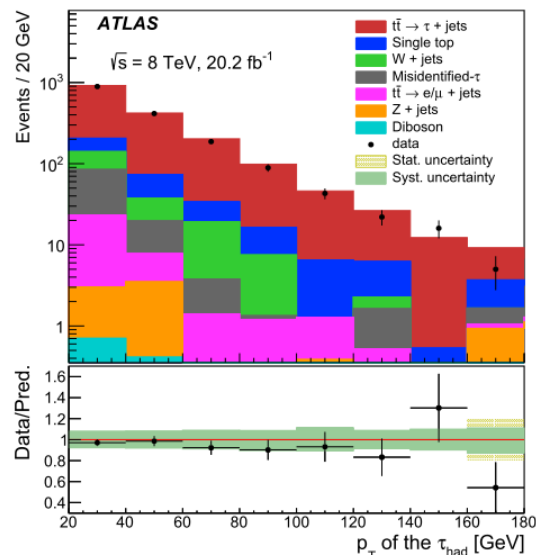
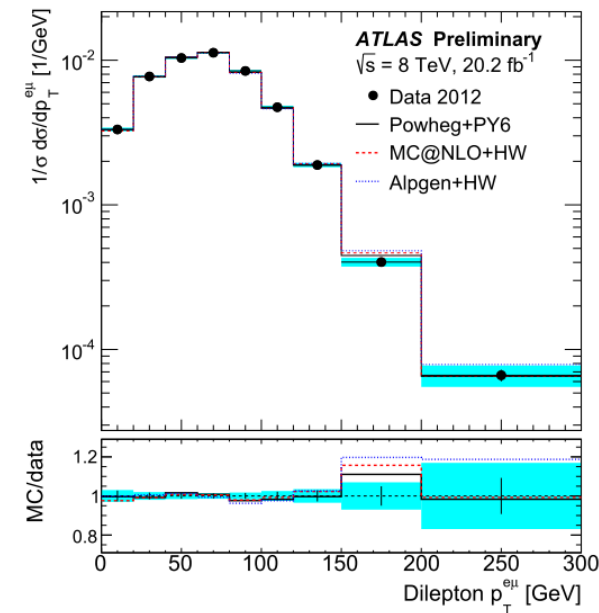
- ◆ Various techniques for top mass extraction is explored
- ◆ Top mass extraction is sensitive to PDF sets
- ◆ Central scale of predictions is chosen to be $M_t/2$



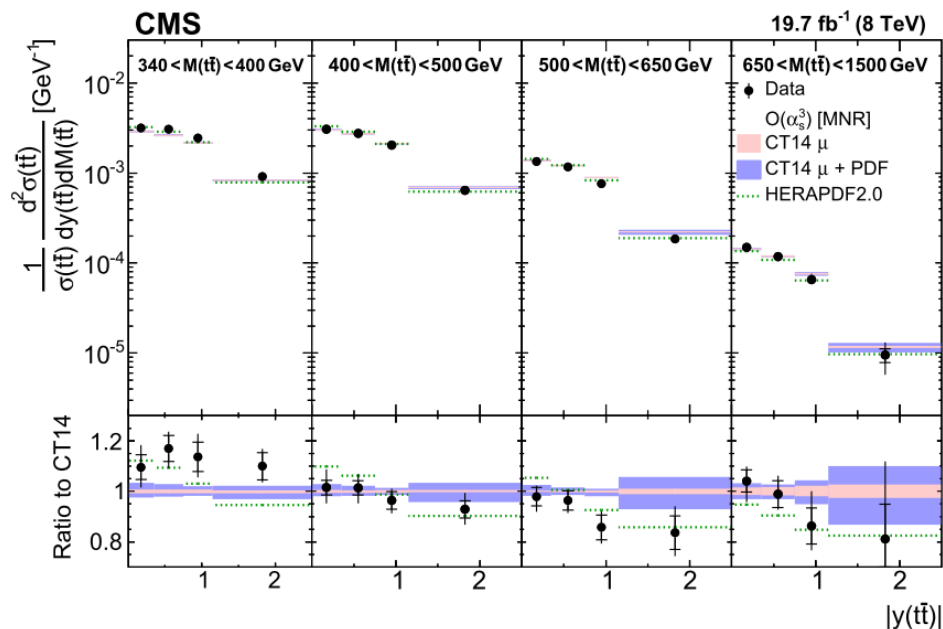
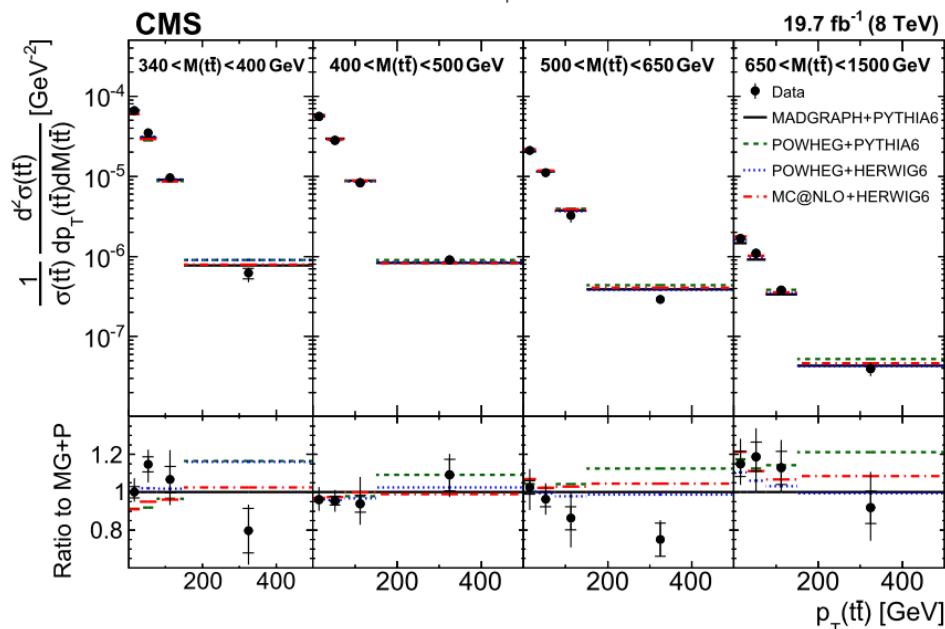
Likelihood template fit result:

$$\Gamma_t = 1.76 \pm 0.33 \text{ (stat.) } {}^{+0.79}_{-0.68} \text{ (syst.) GeV} = 1.76 {}^{+0.86}_{-0.76} \text{ GeV}$$

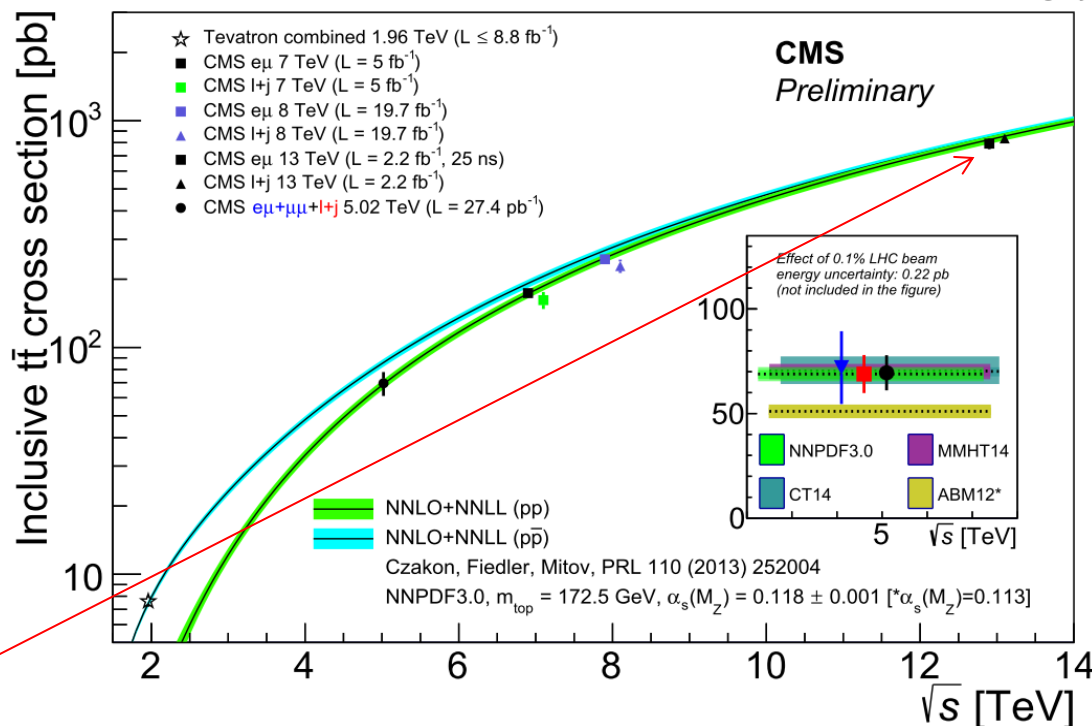
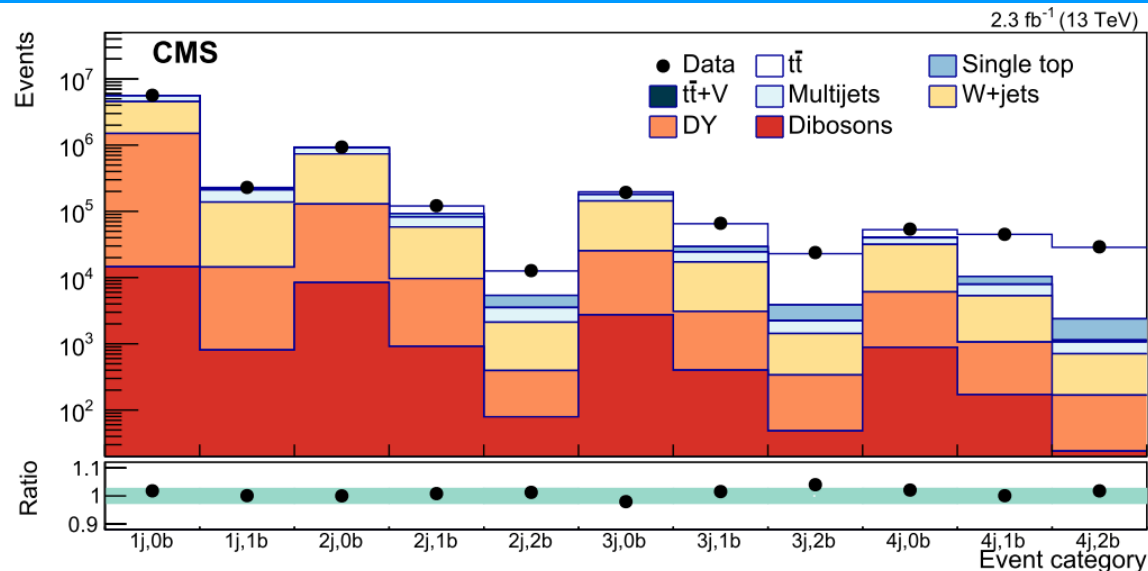
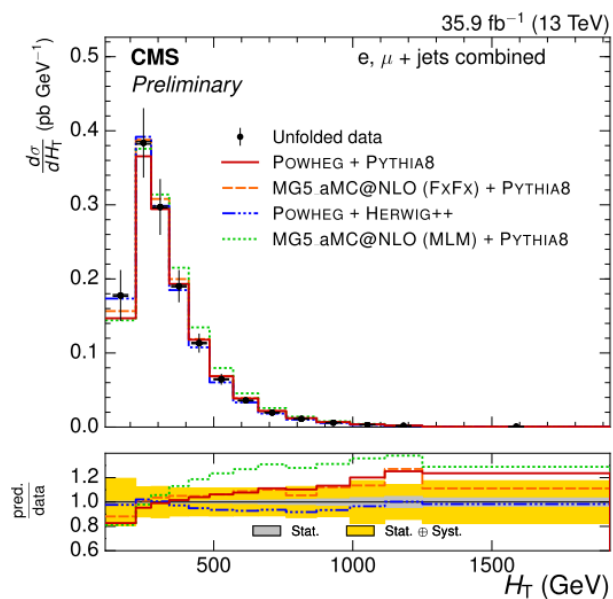
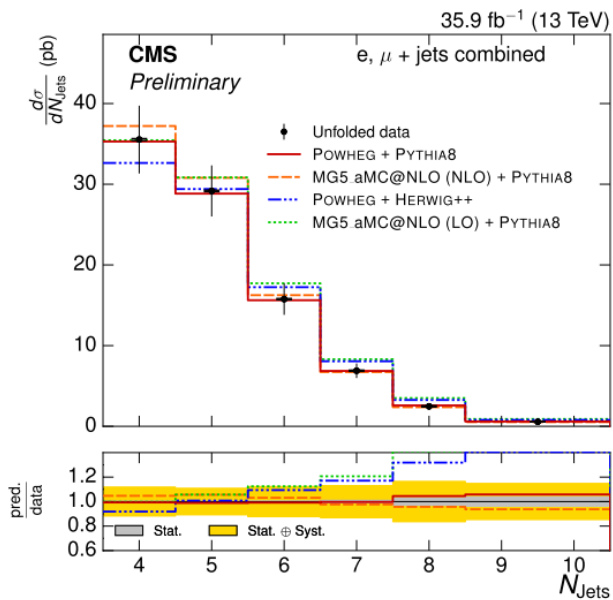
See from M. LLACER



Binned maximum likelihood fit approach:
 $\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 248.3 \pm 0.7 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 13.4 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 4.7 \text{ (lumi.) pb}$

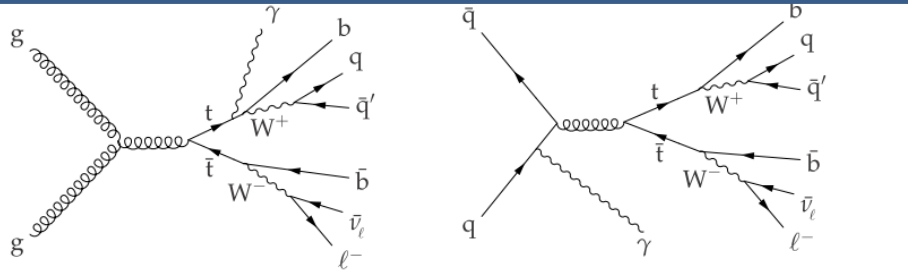


◆ Constraints in PDF are competitive with those from inclusive jet data!



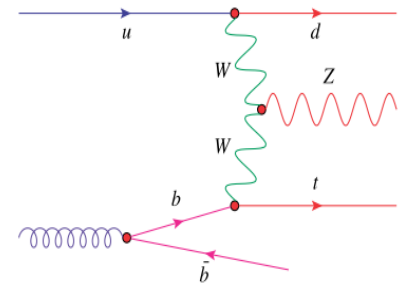
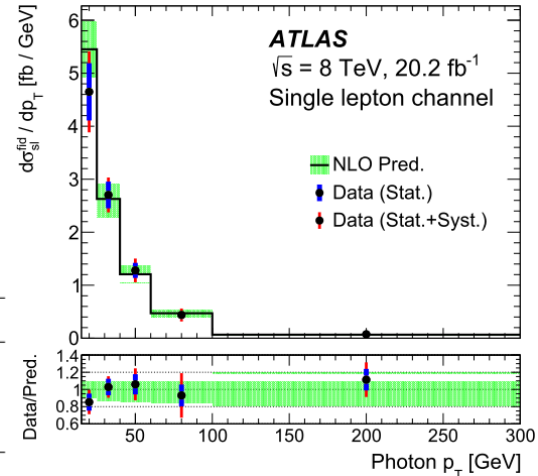
$$\sigma(t\bar{t}) = 835 \pm 3(\text{stat}) \pm 23(\text{syst}) \pm 23(\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$$

tZq & t \bar{t} V production



◆ Xsec measured using maximum likelihood fit method

Category	R	$\sigma_{t\bar{t}+\gamma}^{\text{fid}}$ (fb)	$\sigma_{t\bar{t}+\gamma} \mathcal{B}$ (fb)
e+jets	$(5.7 \pm 1.8) \times 10^{-4}$	138 ± 45	582 ± 187
μ +jets	$(4.7 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-4}$	115 ± 32	453 ± 124
Combination	$(5.2 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-4}$	127 ± 27	515 ± 108
Theory	—	—	592 ± 71 (scales) ± 30 (PDFs)

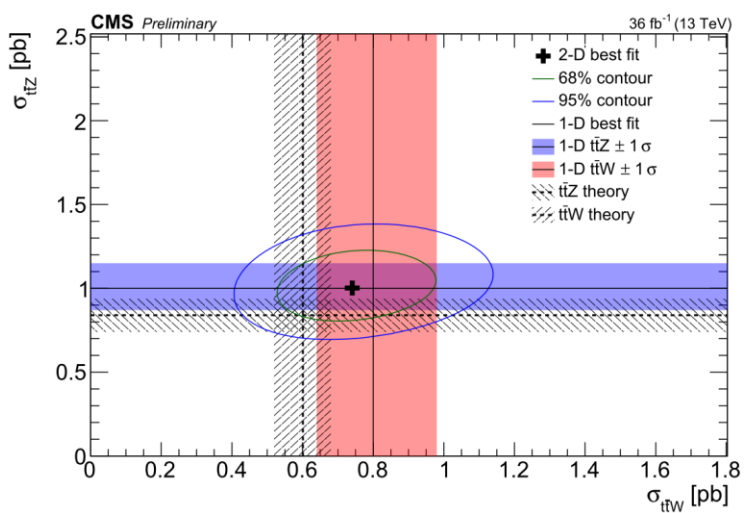


Observed significance:

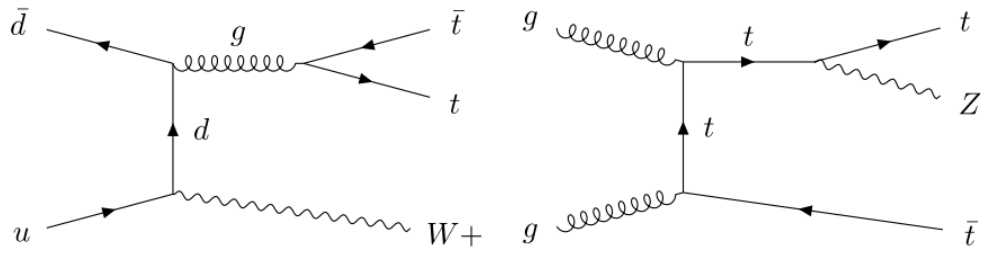
4.2 σ

Measured tZq xsec:

600 ± 170 (stat.) ± 140 (syst.) fb



- Profile likelihood fit approach
- Higher nonprompt contribution in 2D fit than 1D case



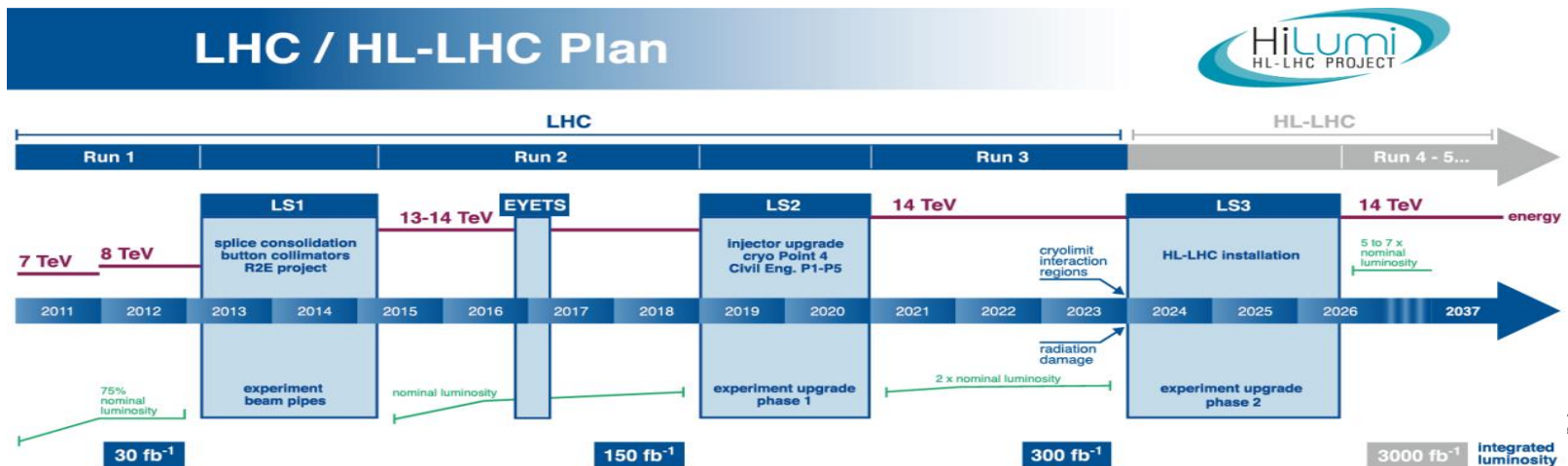
$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}W) = 0.80^{+0.12}_{-0.11}(\text{stat.})^{+0.13}_{-0.12}(\text{sys.}) \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}Z) = 1.00^{+0.09}_{-0.08}(\text{stat.})^{+0.12}_{-0.10}(\text{sys.}) \text{ pb}$$

Channel	Expected significance	Observed significance
2lss analysis t \bar{t} W $^-$	2.4	2.3
2lss analysis t \bar{t} W $^+$	4.3	5.9
2lss analysis (t \bar{t} W)	4.6	5.5
3l analysis (t \bar{t} Z)	8.4	8.7
4l analysis (t \bar{t} Z)	4.8	4.6
3l and 4l combined (t \bar{t} Z)	9.5	9.9

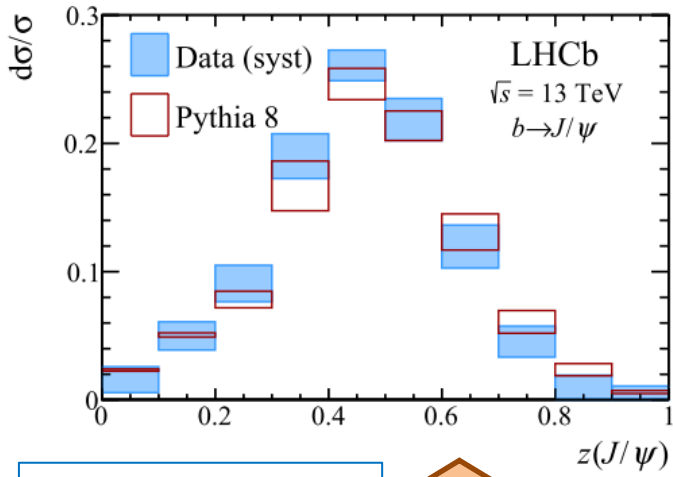
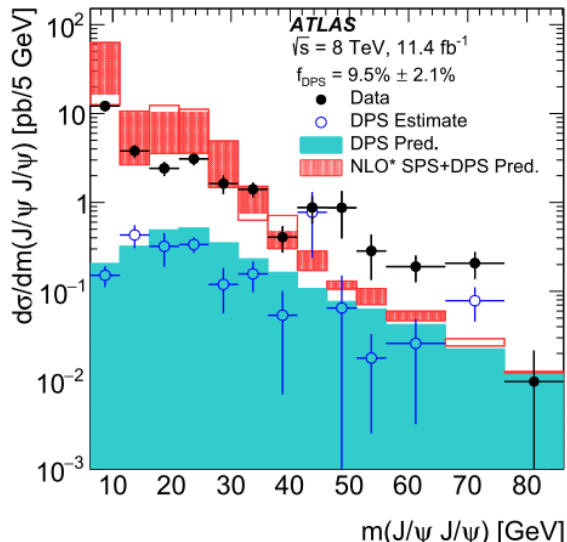
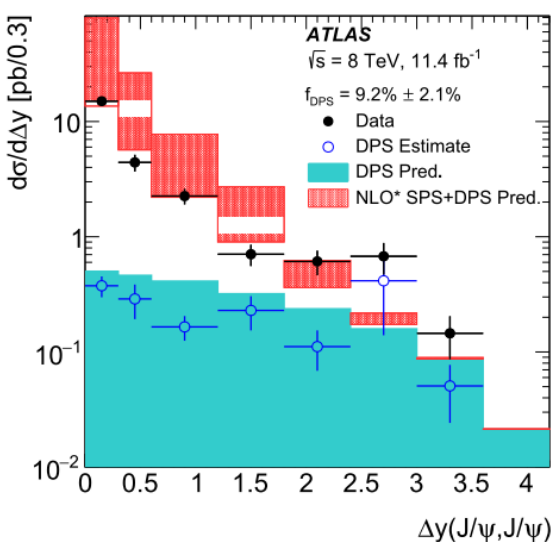
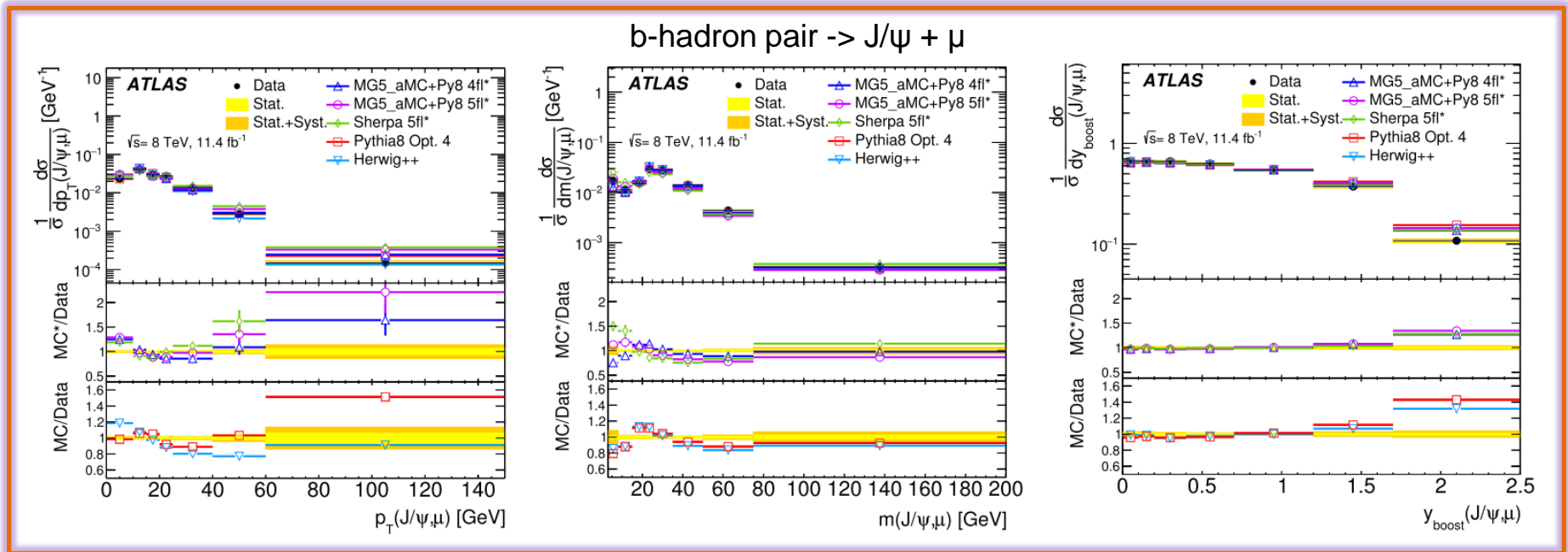
Outlook

- Substantial measurements have been done at the LHC for understanding QCD and EW with high precision from Run1 to RunII:
 - ◆ Provide precise systematics for different theoretical models, better constraints on their inputs (e.g. PDFs)
 - ◆ Quantify the improvements with high order of pQCD and EW calculations on matrix elements
 - ◆ Improve the modeling of background for Higgs measurements and new physics searches
 - ◆ Extend to physical phase space unreached before with unprecedented energy and statistics
 - ◆ Give evidence for some rare processes such as triple boson production, VBS
 - ◆ Increase the sensitivity to anomalous gauge boson coupling
- Remained discrepancies and large uncertainties motivate the ongoing work to improve precisions and modellings
- More results will come out soon with higher energy and luminosity!



Backup

b-hadron & J/ψ production

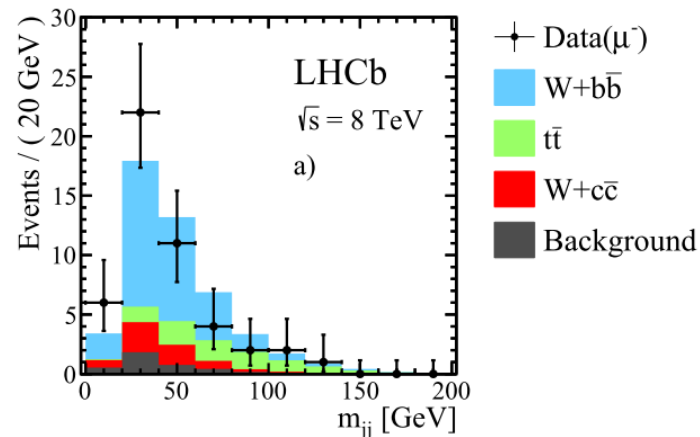
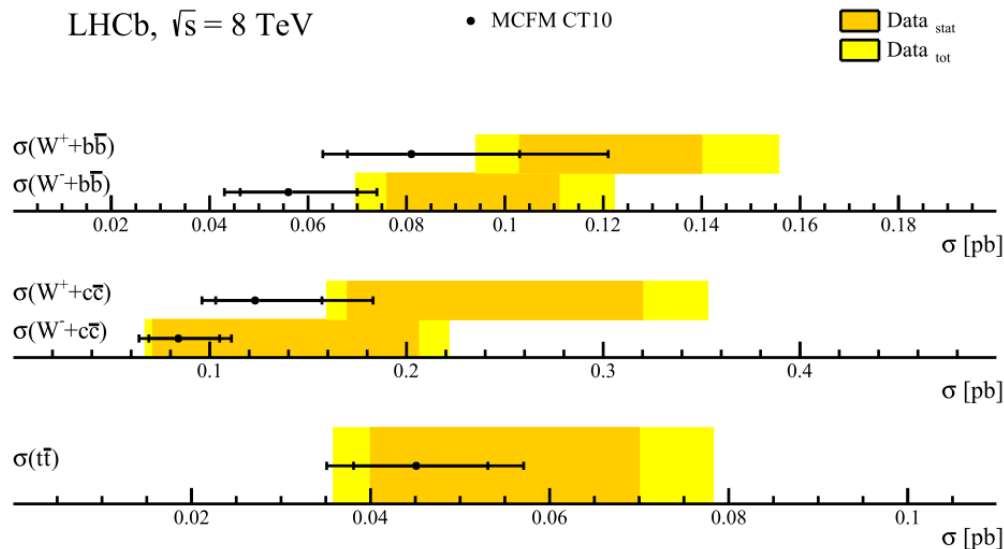


$\sigma_{\text{eff}} = 6.3 \pm 1.6$ (stat) ± 1.0 (syst) ± 0.1 (BF) ± 0.1 (lumi) mb

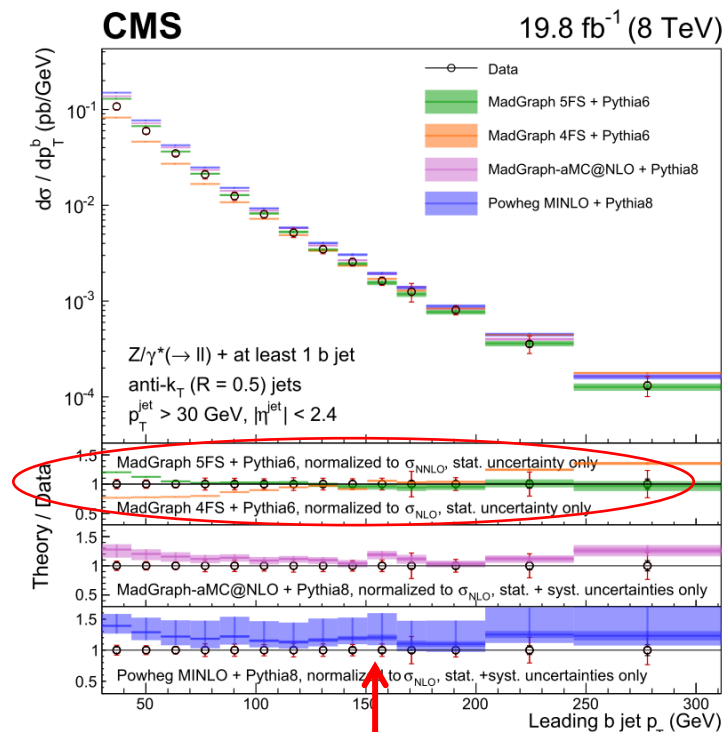
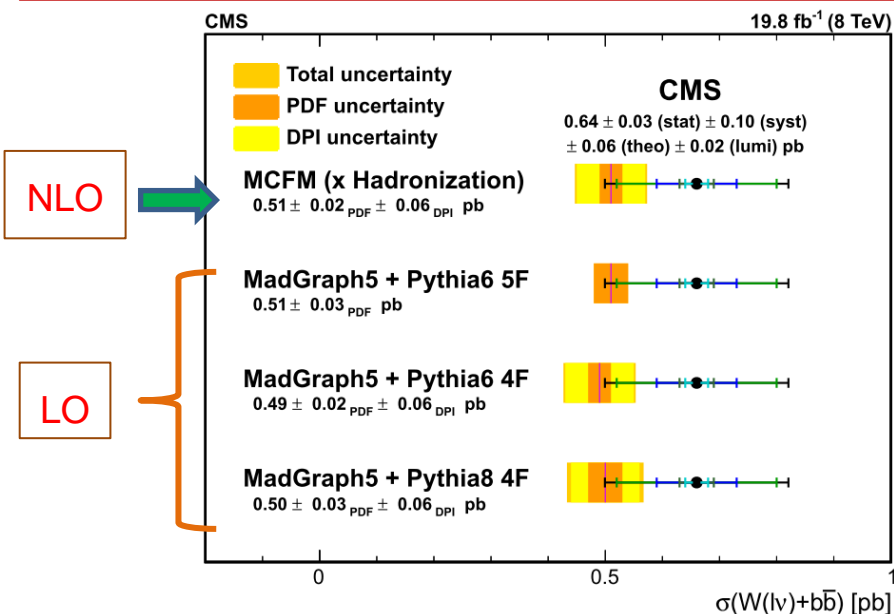
See from S. BARSUK

Frac. of jet p_T carried by J/ψ

$t\bar{t}$ (forward) & $W+b\bar{b}/c\bar{c}$ & $Z+b$ jets

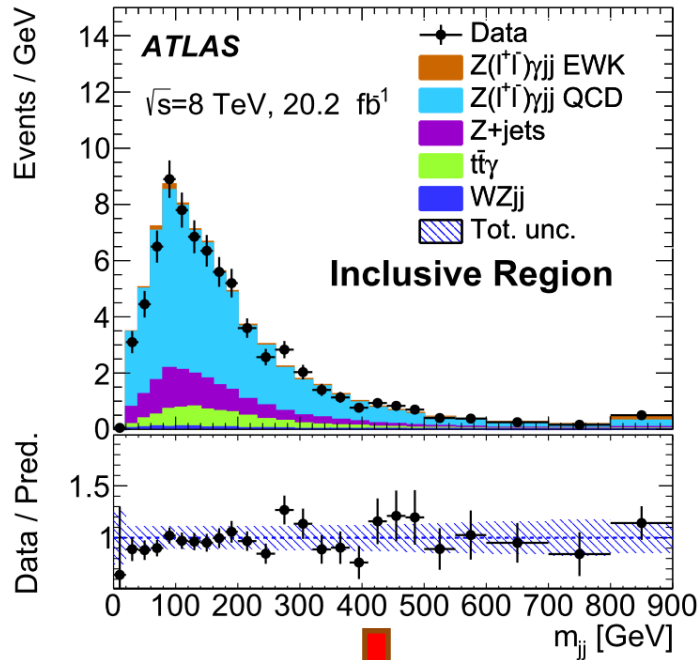


➤ All the predictions agree with measured cross section within one standard deviation!



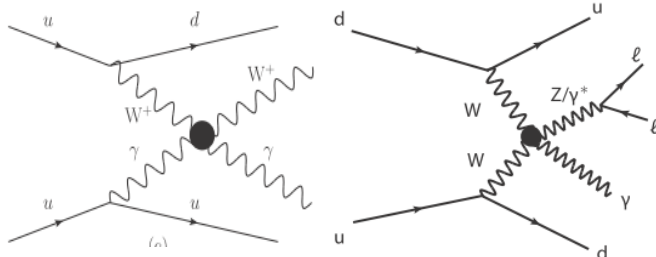
● Powhag NLO prediction implemented with “Multi-scale Improved NLO” (MINLO): 10.1007/JHEP10(2012)155

Zγjj/Wγjj production

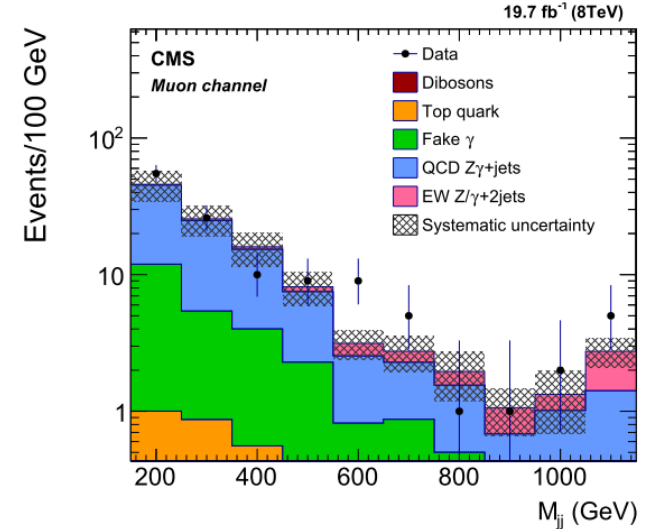
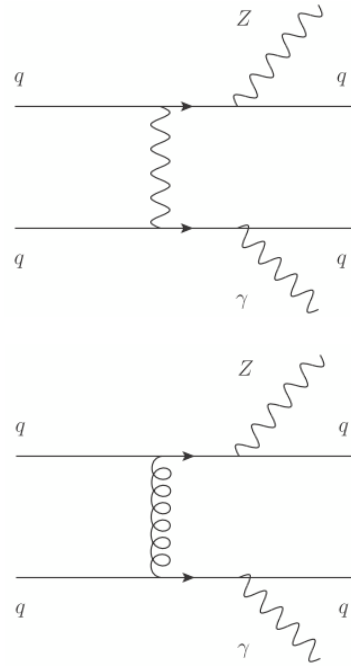


EW signal significance: 2σ

$$\sigma_{Z\gamma jj}^{EWK} = 1.1 \pm 0.5 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.4 \text{ (syst)} \text{ fb} = 1.1 \pm 0.6 \text{ fb}$$

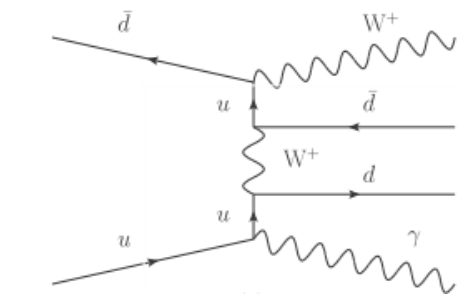
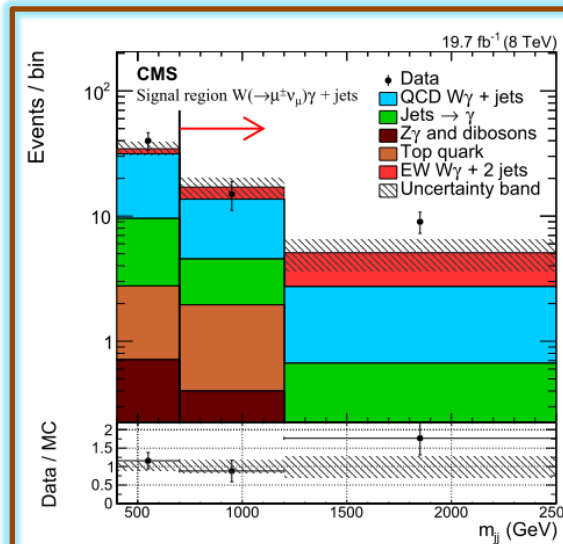


Quartic gauge coupling in VBS



EW signal significance: 3σ

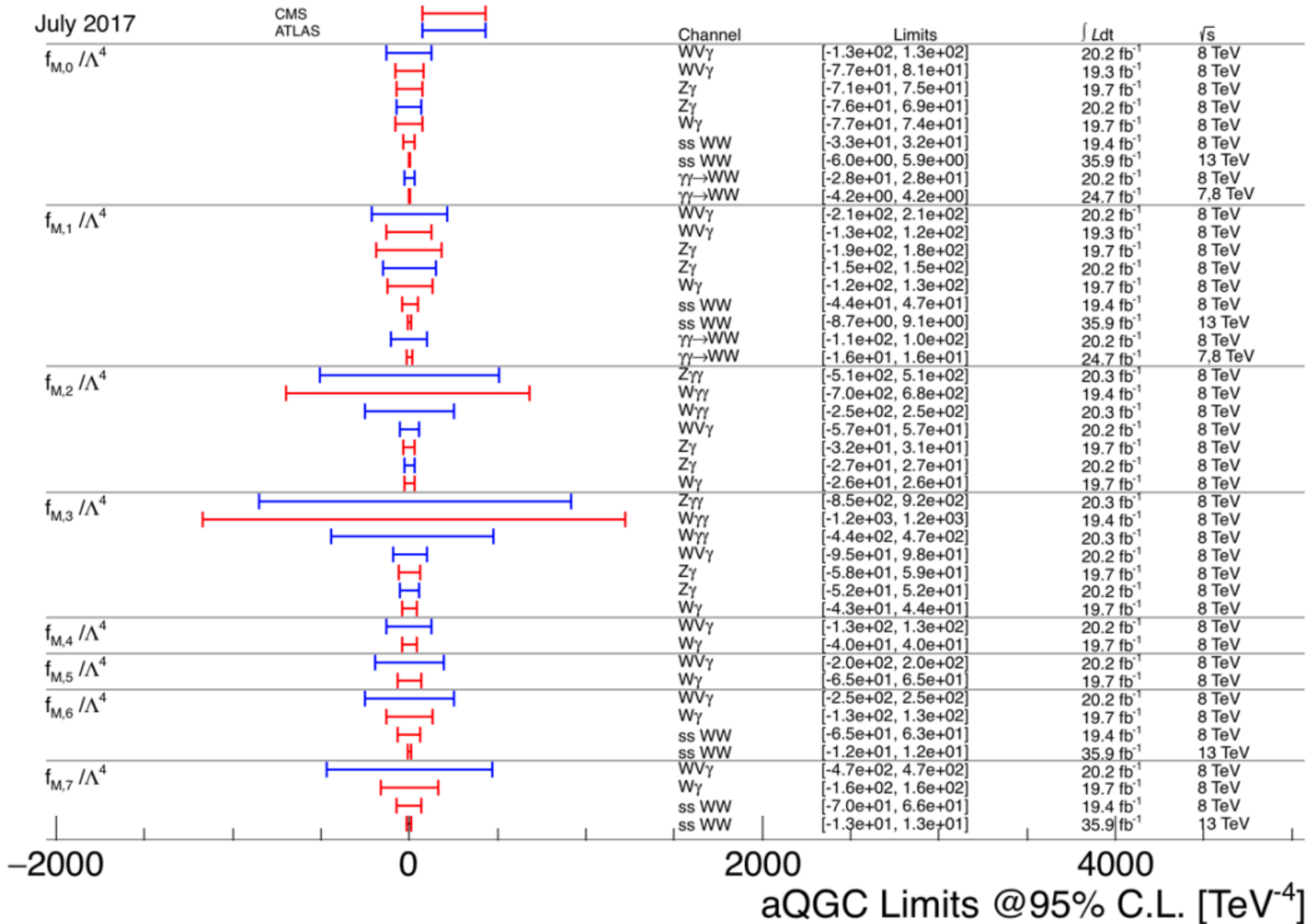
$$1.86^{+0.90}_{-0.75} \text{ (stat)}^{+0.34}_{-0.26} \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.05 \text{ (lumi)} \text{ fb}$$



EW signal significance: 2.7σ

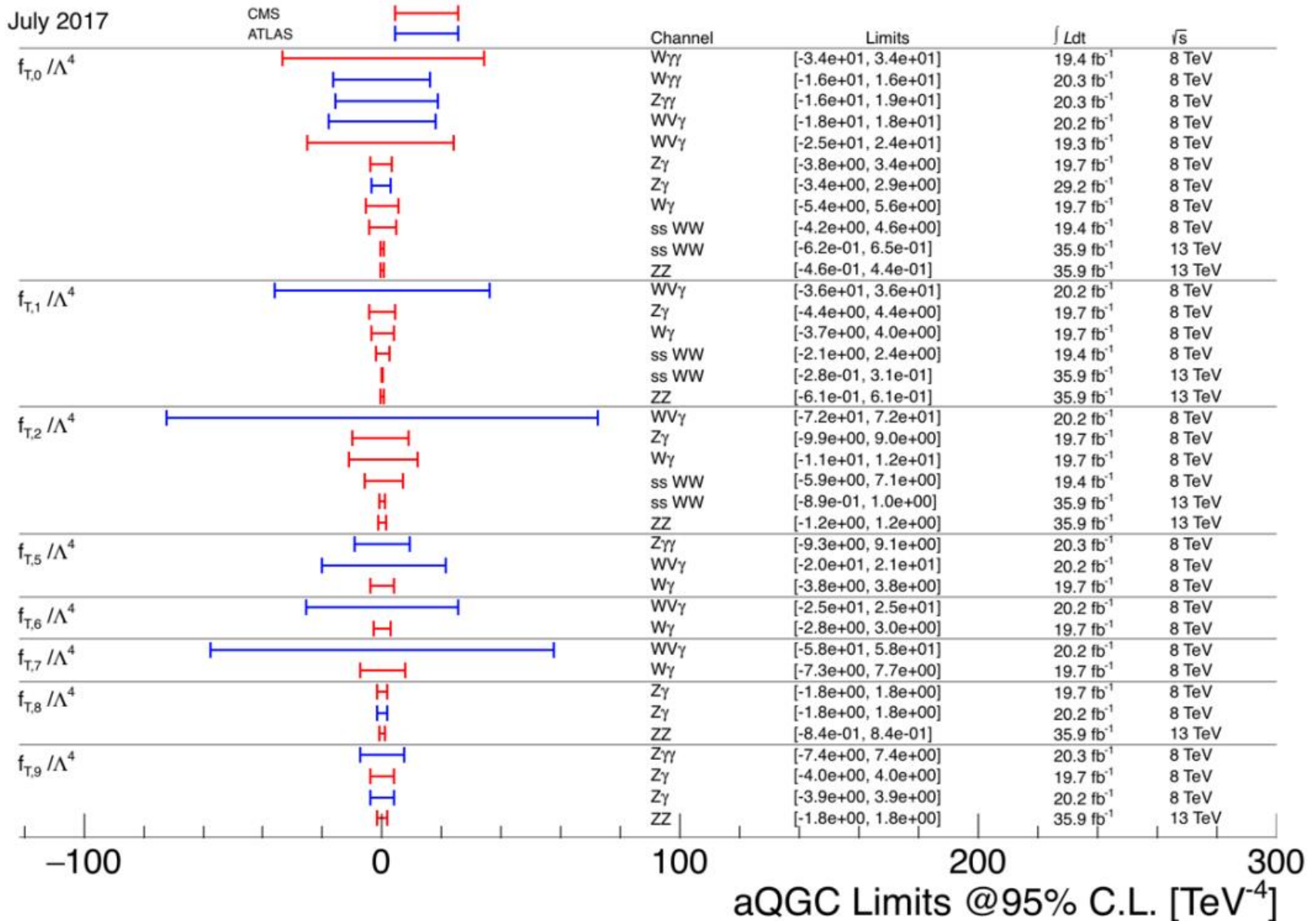
$$10.8 \pm 4.1 \text{ (stat)} \pm 3.4 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.3 \text{ (lumi)} \text{ fb}$$

Anomalous quartic gauge coupling (AQGC)

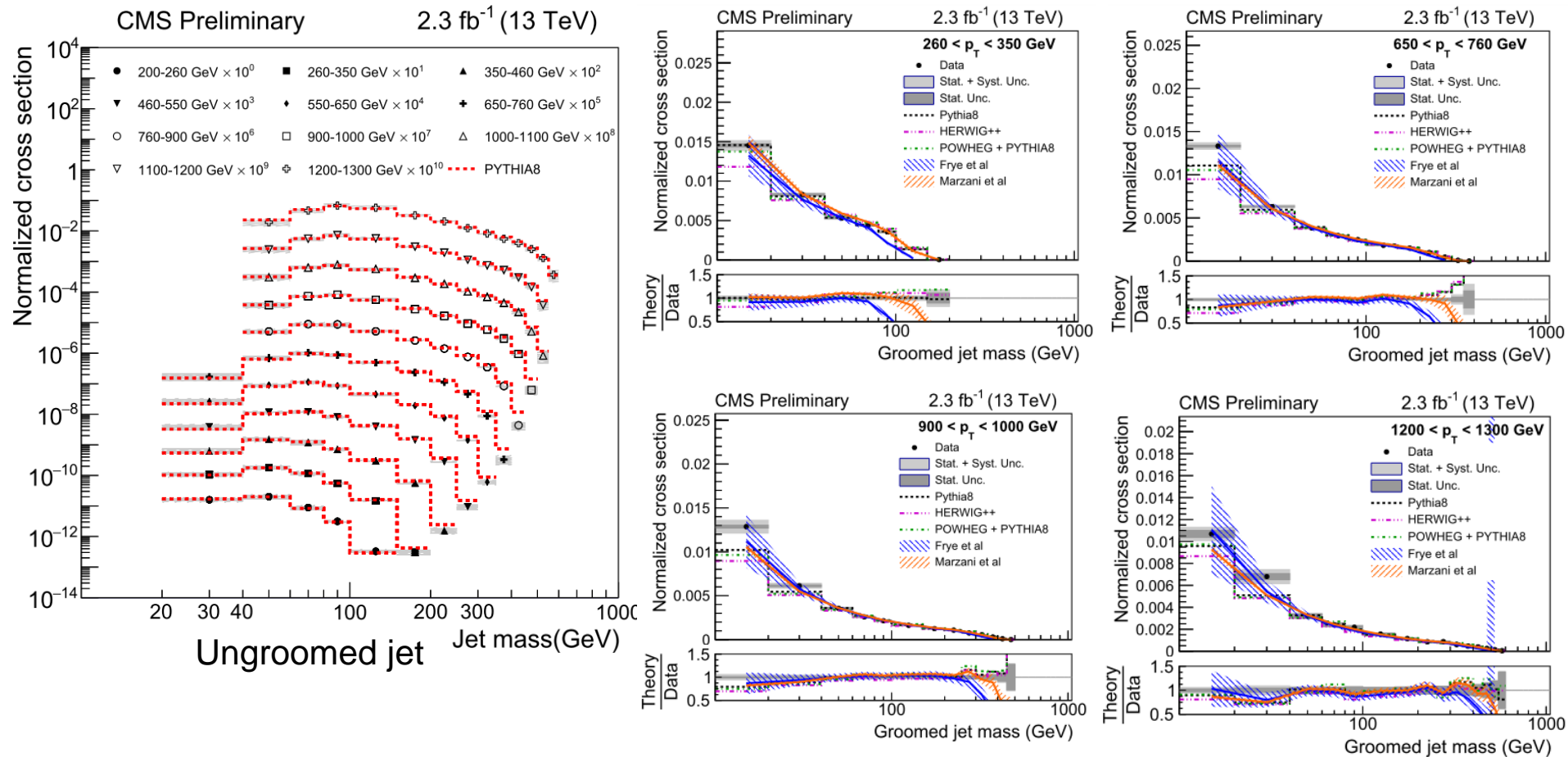


Anomalous quartic gauge coupling (AQGC)

July 2017



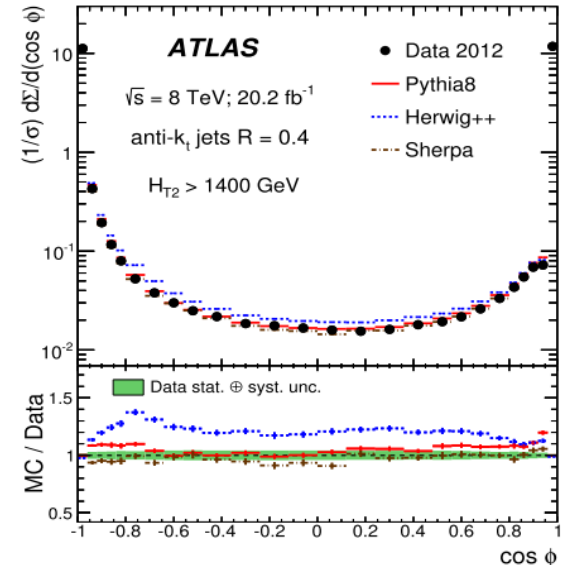
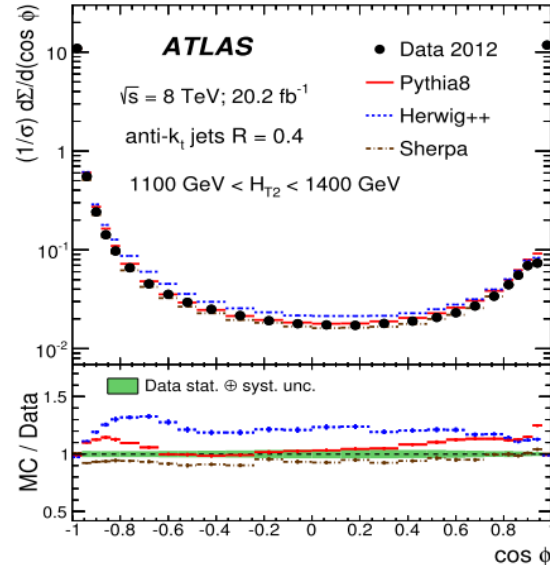
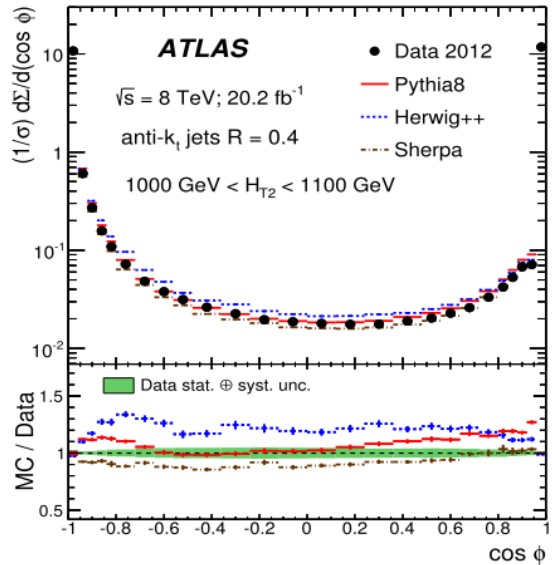
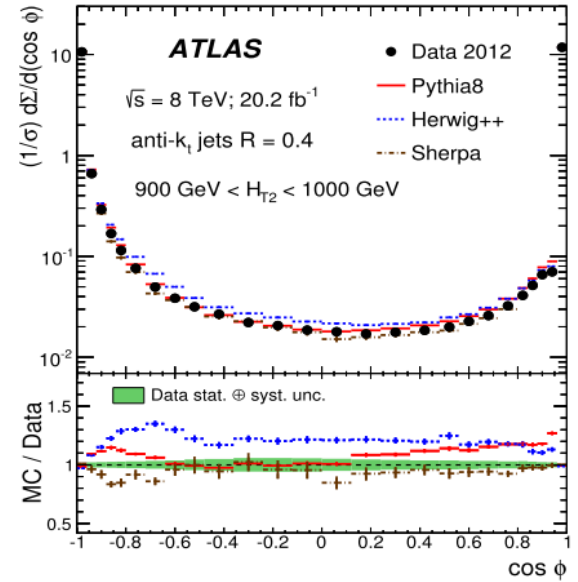
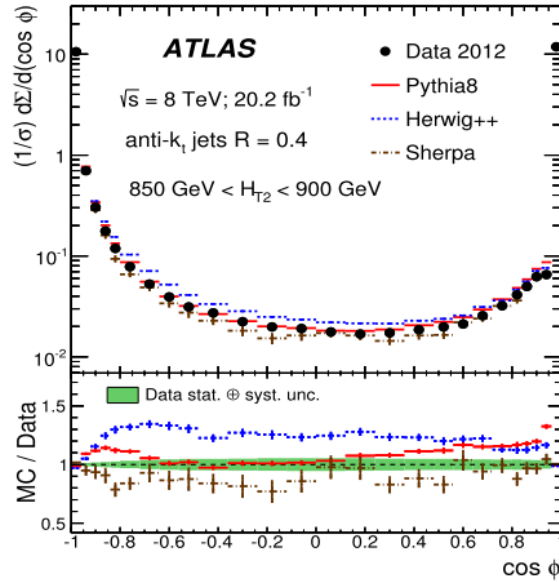
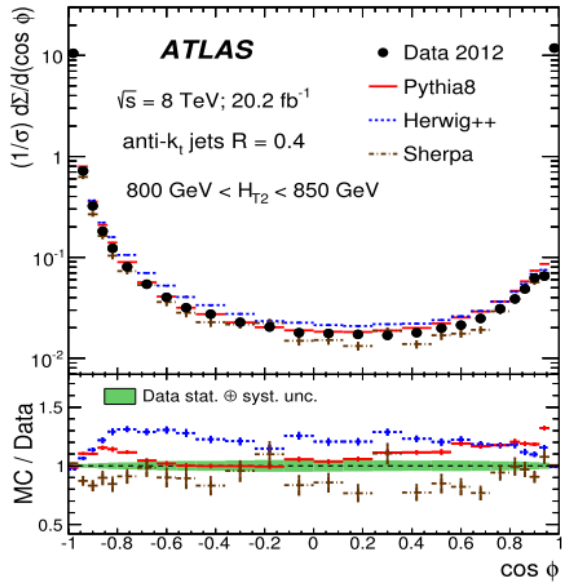
Jet mass measurement



- Events extracted from dijet topology
- For groomed jets, the jet mass peak is suppressed and the precision in the low and intermediate regions improves, since the grooming algorithm removes the portions of the jet arising from soft radiation that are difficult to model

$$\frac{\min(p_{t,i}, p_{t,j})}{(p_{t,i} + p_{t,j})} > z_{\text{cut}} \left(\frac{\Delta R_{ij}}{R_0} \right)^\beta$$

Jet angular correlation



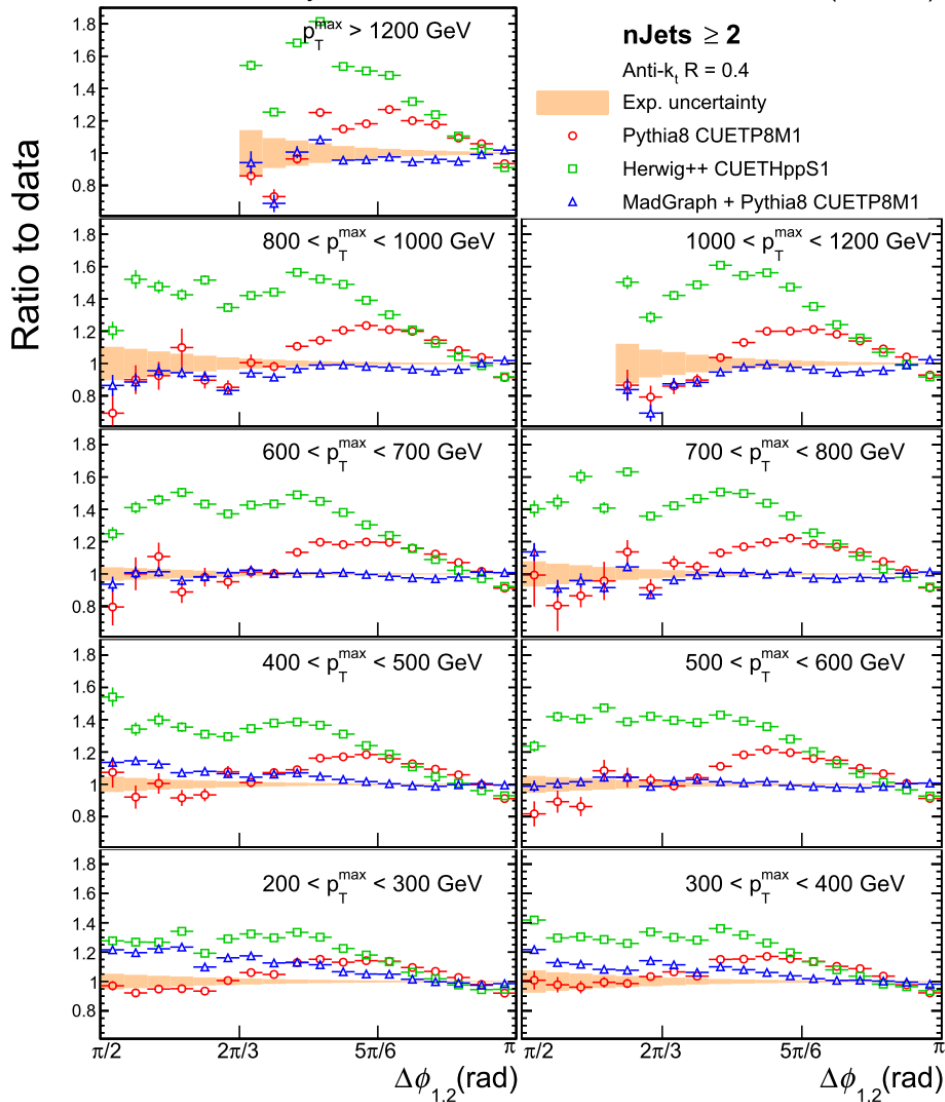
$$\mu_R = \frac{p_{T1} + p_{T2}}{2}$$

$$\mu_F = \frac{p_{T1} + p_{T2}}{4}$$

Jet angular correlation

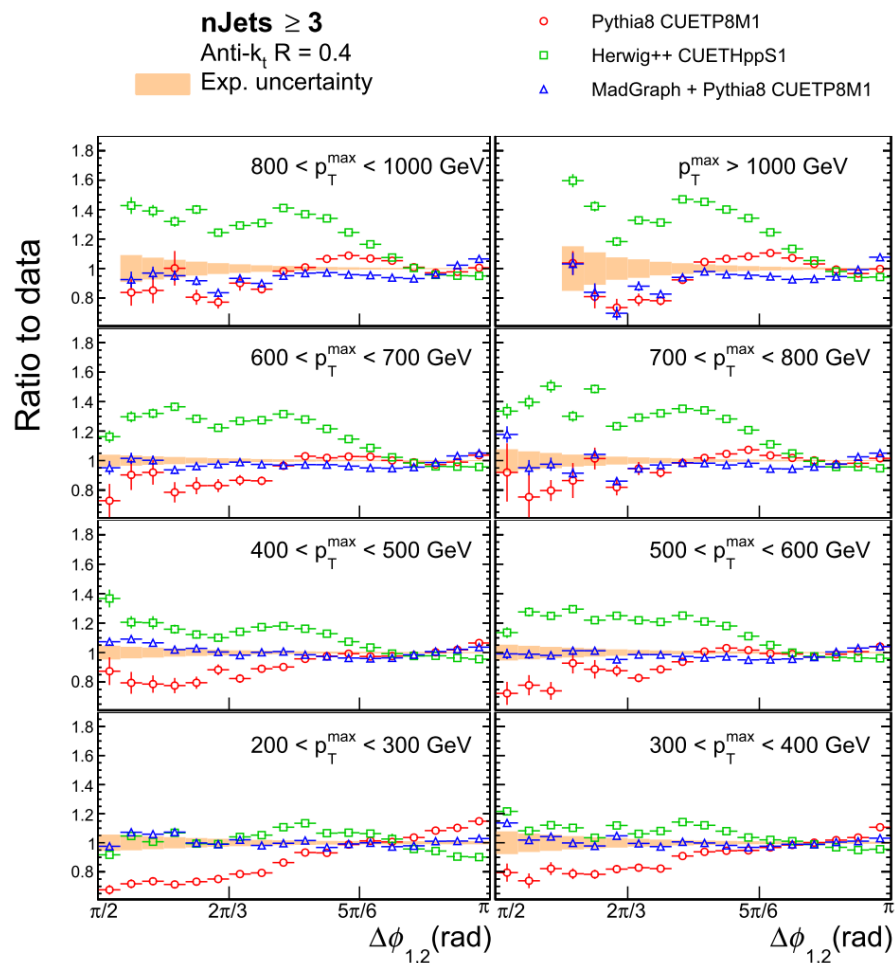
CMS Preliminary

35.9 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)

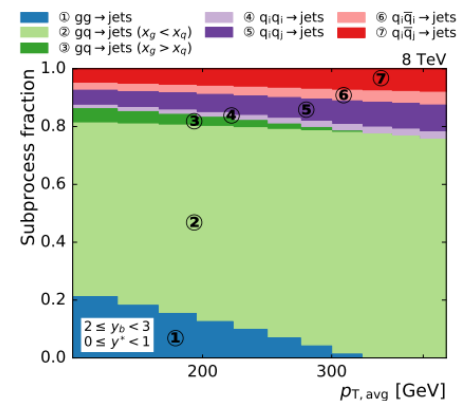
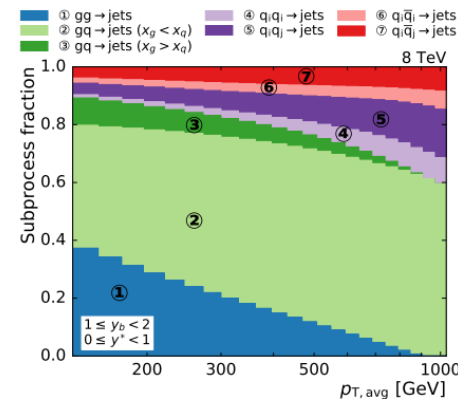
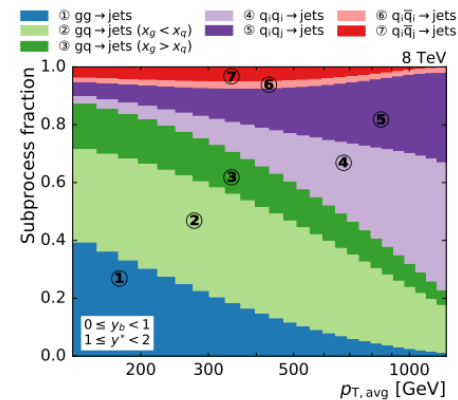
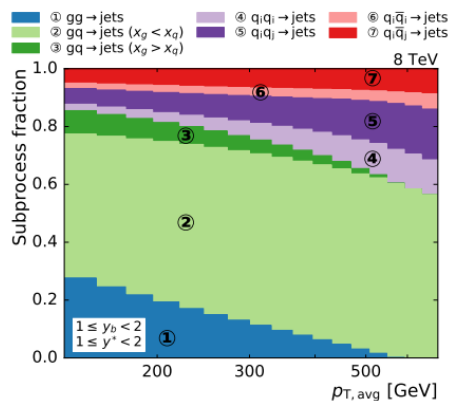
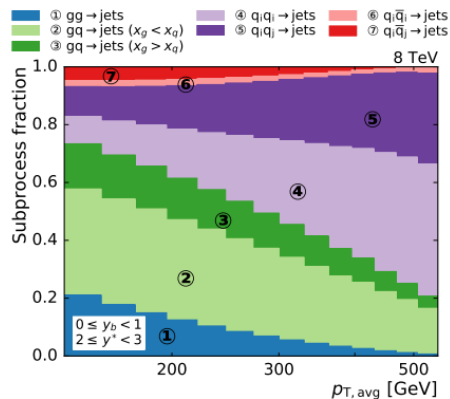
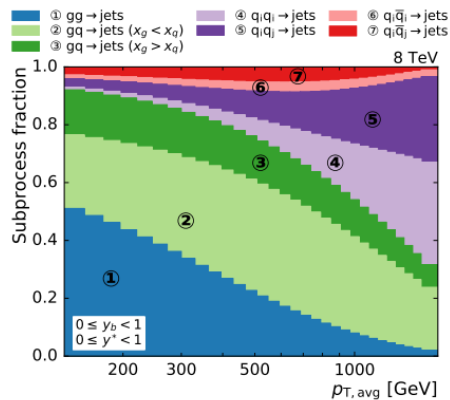
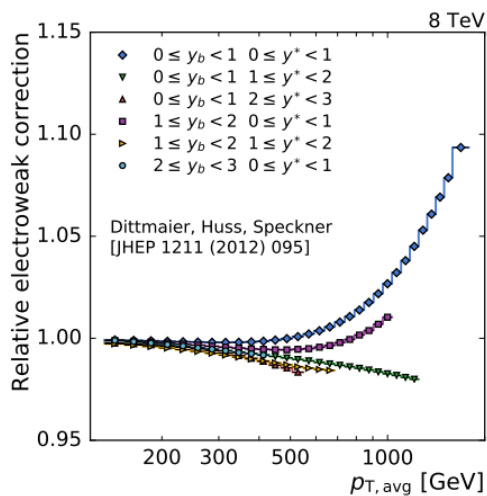
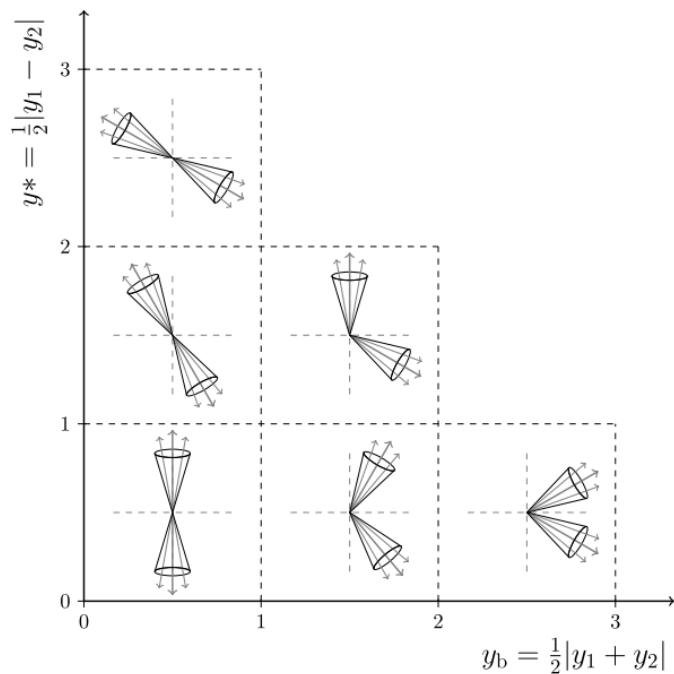


CMS Preliminary

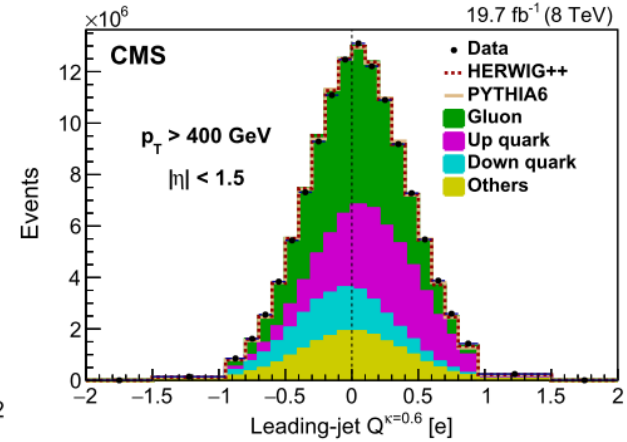
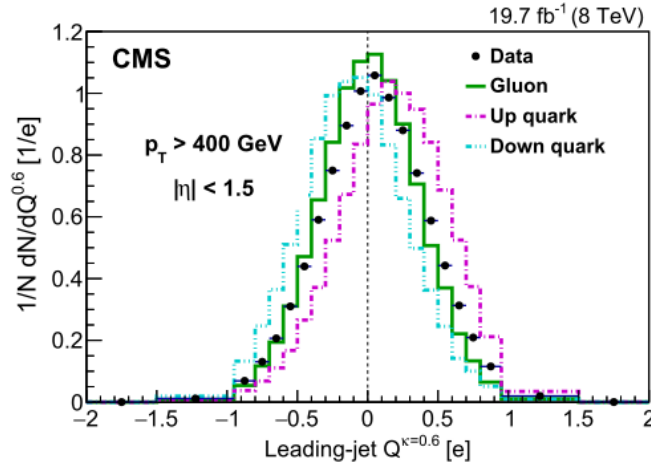
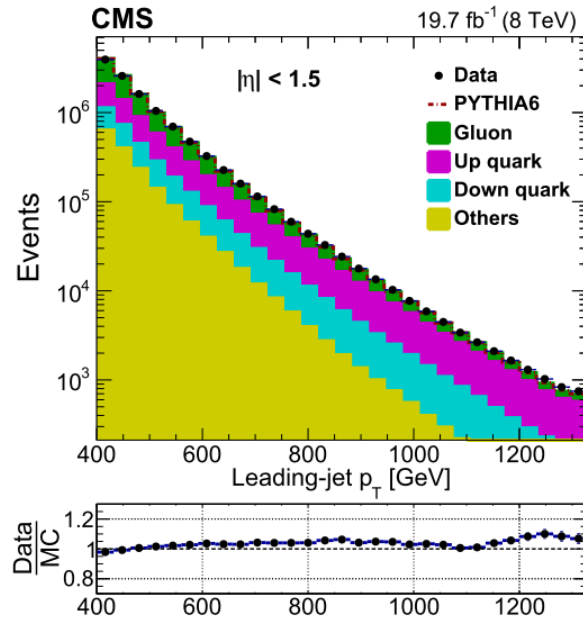
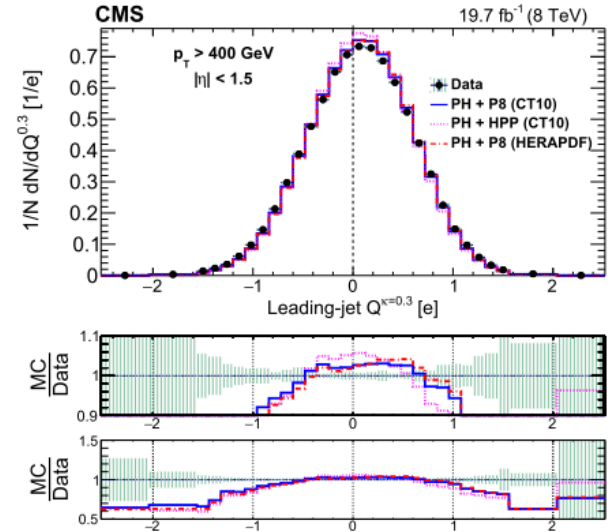
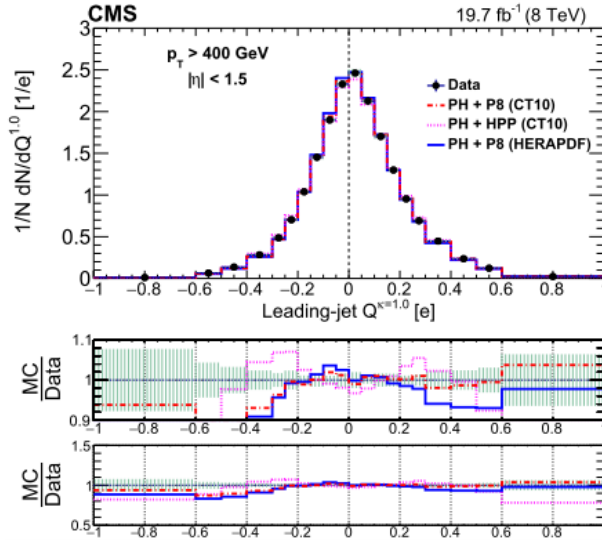
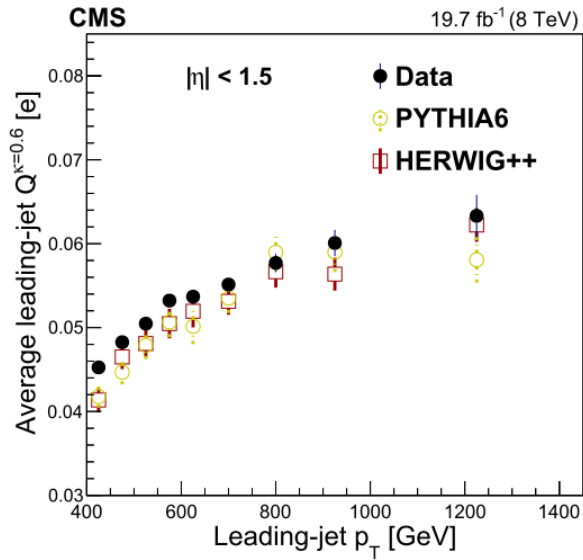
35.9 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)



Jet angular correlation



Jet charge



Inclusive W/Z boson

Channel	Measured cross section \times BR($W \rightarrow \ell\nu$, $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$) [nb] (value \pm stat \pm syst \pm lumi)		Predicted cross section \times BR($W \rightarrow \ell\nu$, $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$) [nb] (value \pm PDF \pm scale \pm other)	
	Fiducial	Total	Fiducial	Total
W^-	$3.50 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.07$	$8.79 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.24 \pm 0.18$	$3.40^{+0.09}_{-0.11} \pm 0.04 \pm 0.06$	$8.54^{+0.21}_{-0.24} \pm 0.11 \pm 0.12$
W^+	$4.53 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.10$	$11.83 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.32 \pm 0.25$	$4.42^{+0.13}_{-0.14} \pm 0.05 \pm 0.08$	$11.54^{+0.32}_{-0.31} \pm 0.15 \pm 0.16$
W^\pm	$8.03 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.17$	$20.64 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.55 \pm 0.43$	$7.82^{+0.21}_{-0.25} \pm 0.09 \pm 0.13$	$20.08^{+0.53}_{-0.54} \pm 0.26 \pm 0.28$
Z	$0.779 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.016$	$1.981 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.042$	$0.74^{+0.02}_{-0.03} \pm 0.01 \pm 0.01$	$1.89 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.03$
	Measured ratio (value \pm stat \pm syst)		Predicted ratio (value \pm PDF)	
W^+/W^-	$1.295 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.010$	–	1.30 ± 0.01	–
W^\pm/Z	$10.31 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.20$	–	10.54 ± 0.12	–

