

Background free search for neutrinoless double beta decay with GERDA Phase II

Friday, 1 September 2017 14:50 (25 minutes)

An observation of neutrinoless double beta decay would allow to shed light onto the particle nature of neutrinos. GERDA (GERmanium Detector Array) aims to discover this process in a background-free search using ^{76}Ge . Bare isotopically enriched high purity germanium detectors are operated in liquid argon. GERDA is located at the Laboratori Nazionali del Gran Sasso (LNGS) of INFN in Italy and follows a staged approach. In Phase II 35.6 kg of enriched germanium detectors are operated since December 2015. The application of active background rejection methods, such as a liquid argon scintillation light read-out and pulse shape discrimination of germanium detector signals, allowed to reduce the background index to the intended level of 10–3 cts/(keV·kg·yr). The talk will discuss the current status and latest results of the experiment.

Presenter: WIESINGER, Christoph (Technical University of Munich)

Session Classification: Neutrino physics

Track Classification: 3) Neutrino physics