



By Craig Nagy

Latest T2K Neutrino Oscillation Results

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on behalf of the T2K Collaboration

Particles and Nuclei International Conference 2017 (PANIC2017)
Beijing, 2 September 2017

Outline

- Neutrino oscillations and the T2K experiment
- Joint oscillation analysis with ν_{μ} , ν_e , $\bar{\nu}_{\mu}$, and $\bar{\nu}_e$ samples
- Summary

Neutrino Oscillations

$$c_{ij} = \cos\theta_{ij}$$

$$s_{ij} = \sin\theta_{ij}$$

PMNS matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu_e \\ \nu_\mu \\ \nu_\tau \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c_{23} & s_{23} \\ 0 & -s_{23} & c_{23} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} c_{13} & 0 & \underline{s_{13}e^{-i\delta_{CP}}} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \underline{-s_{13}e^{i\delta_{CP}}} & 0 & c_{13} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} c_{12} & s_{12} & 0 \\ -s_{12} & c_{12} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_1 \\ \nu_2 \\ \nu_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\theta_{ij} \neq 0, \delta_{CP}$ -phase irreducible \rightarrow leptonic CP violation

Neutrino Oscillations

Neutrino (flavor) oscillations depend on mixing angles, δ_{CP} -phase and mass differences.

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$\theta_{ij} \neq 0$, δ_{CP} -phase irreducible \rightarrow leptonic CP violation

$$\Delta_{ij} \equiv \frac{\Delta m_{ij}^2 L}{4E}$$

With a ν_μ beam

$$\Delta m_{ij}^2 \equiv m_i^2 - m_j^2$$

$$P(\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e) \simeq \sin^2 2\theta_{13} \sin^2 \Delta_{32} \left(\sin^2 \theta_{23} - \frac{\sin 2\theta_{12} \sin 2\theta_{23}}{2 \sin \theta_{13}} \sin \delta_{CP} \sin \Delta_{21} \right)$$

$$P(\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\mu) \simeq 1 - \sin^2 2\theta_{23} \sin^2 \Delta_{32}$$

“CP-odd term”

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With a $\bar{\nu}_\mu$ beam

flip sign

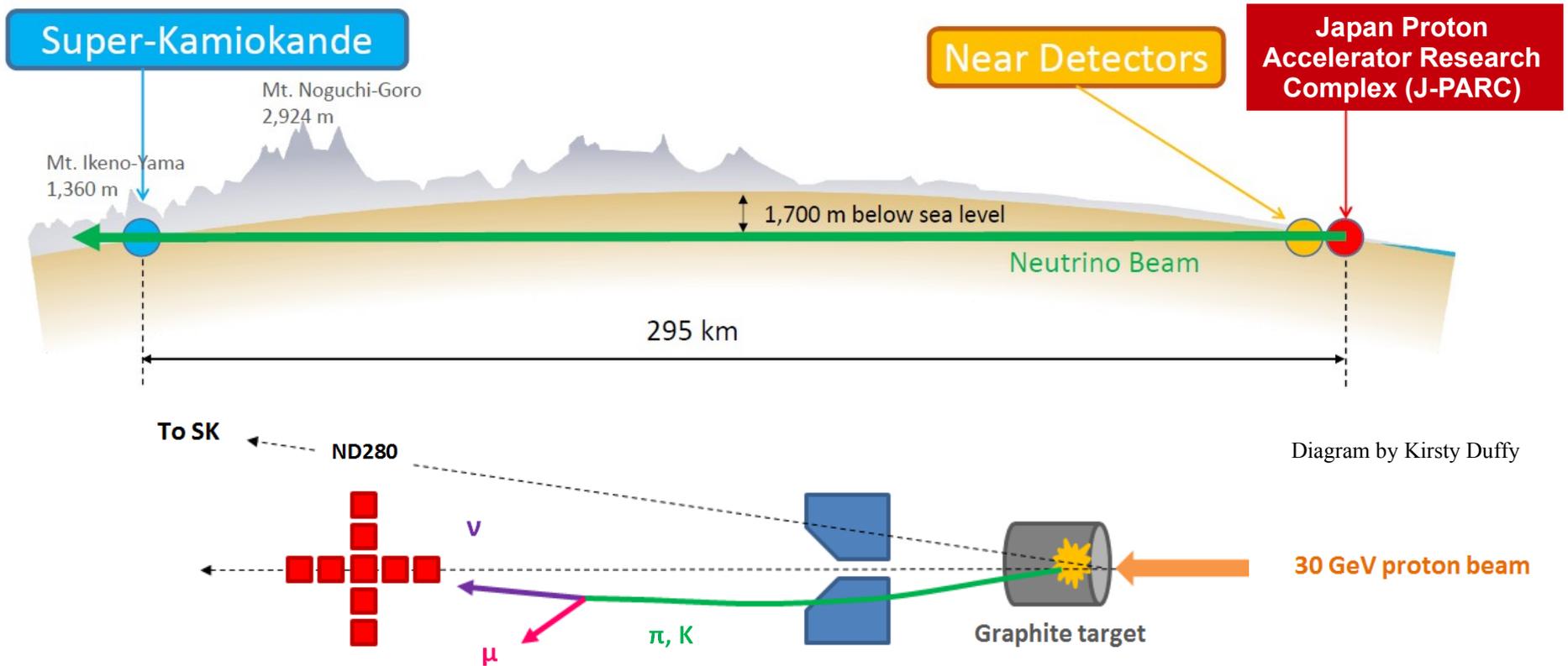
$$P(\bar{\nu}_\mu \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e) \simeq \sin^2 2\theta_{13} \sin^2 \Delta_{32} \left(\sin^2 \theta_{23} \left(+ \frac{\sin 2\theta_{12} \sin 2\theta_{23}}{2 \sin \theta_{13}} \sin \delta_{CP} \sin \Delta_{21} \right) \right)$$

$$\Delta m_{ij}^2 \equiv m_i^2 - m_j^2$$

$$P(\bar{\nu}_\mu \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\mu) = P(\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\mu) \text{ by CPT symmetry}$$

CP-odd term in appearance channels allow extraction of δ_{CP} using neutrino and anti-neutrino beams, up to $\pm 30\%$ effect at T2K

The T2K Experiment



The T2K Experiment

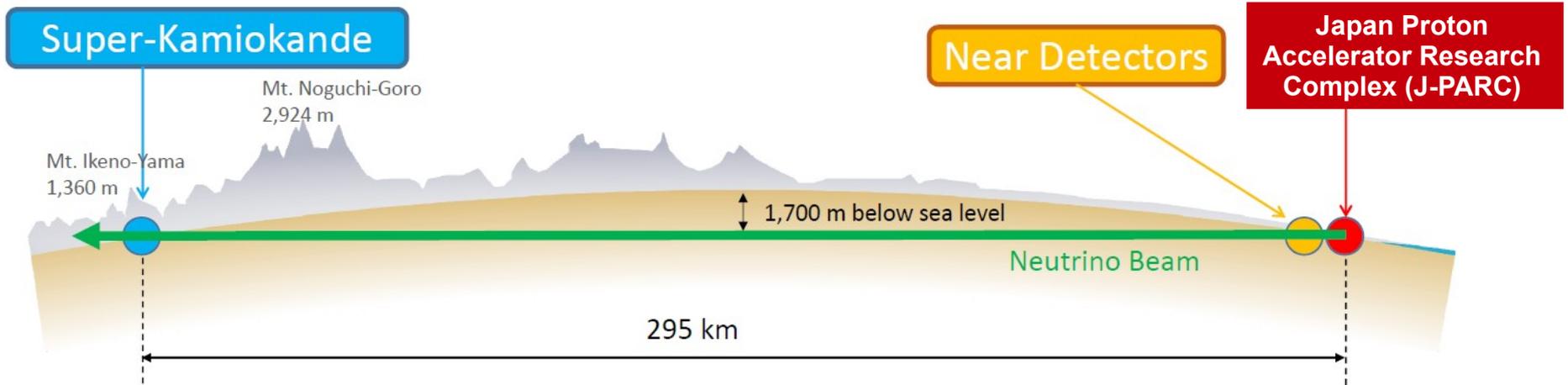
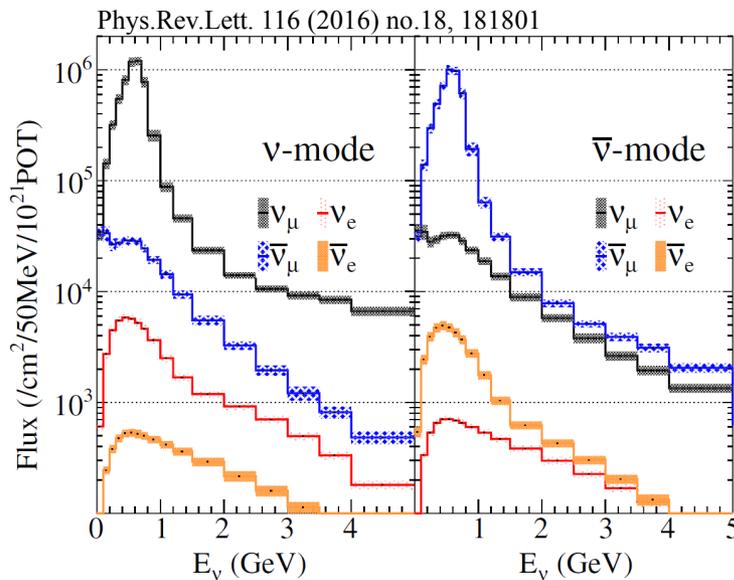
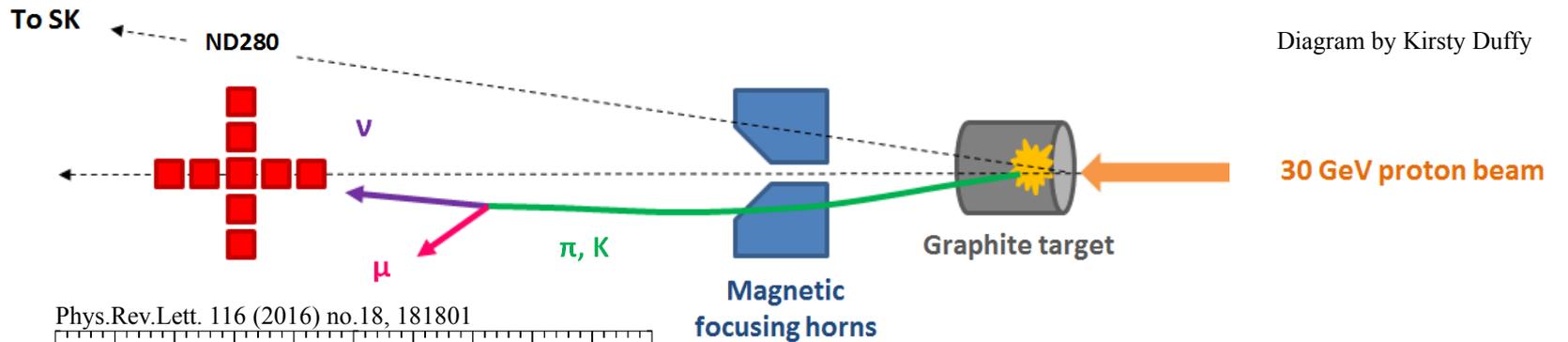


Diagram by Kirsty Duffy



Charge selection on neutrino parents
 $\rightarrow \nu$ or $\bar{\nu}$ mode

The T2K Experiment

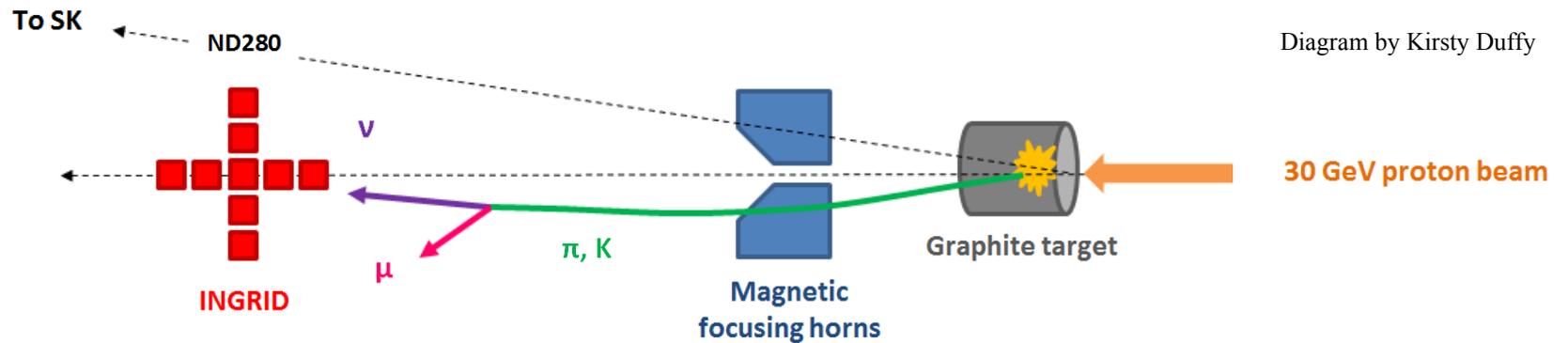
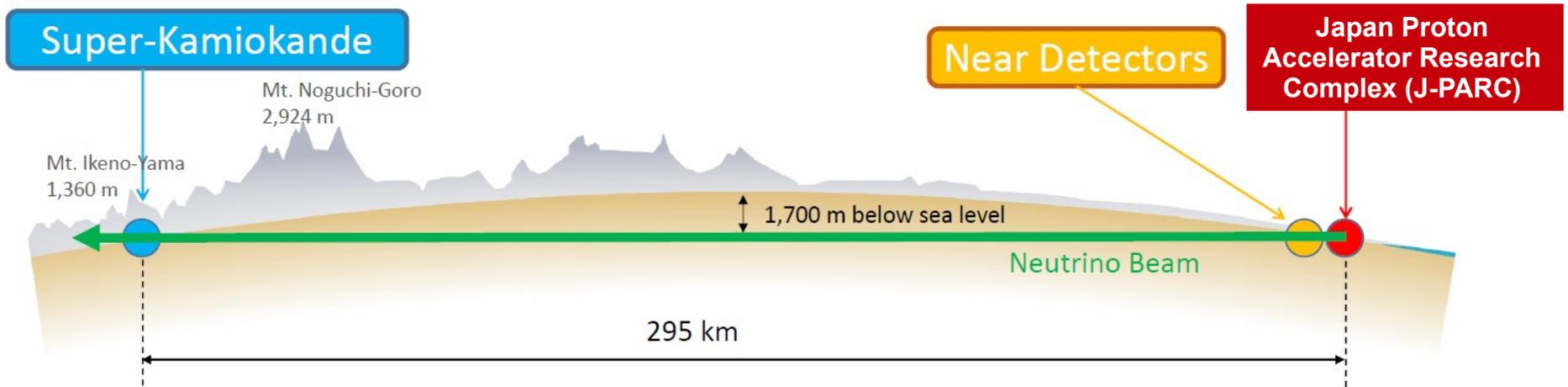
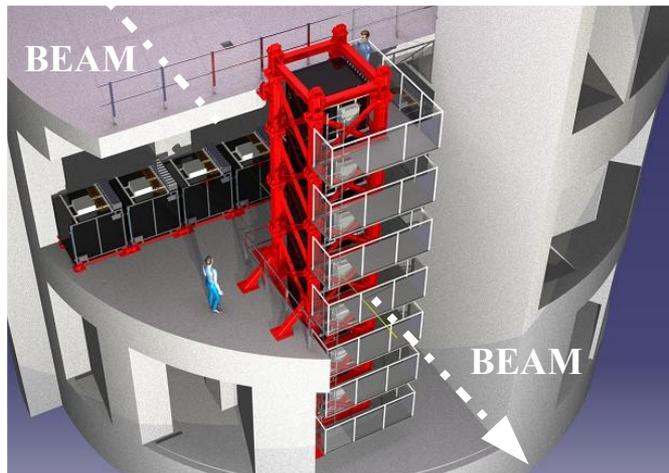
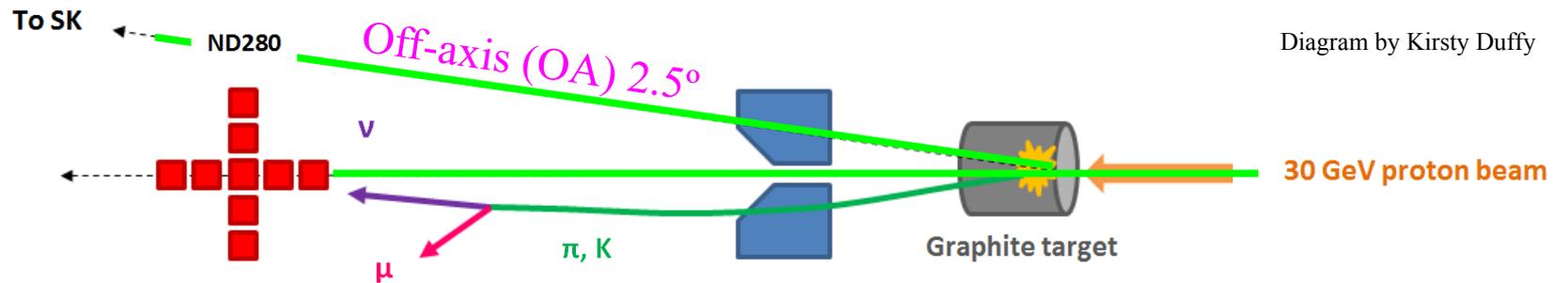
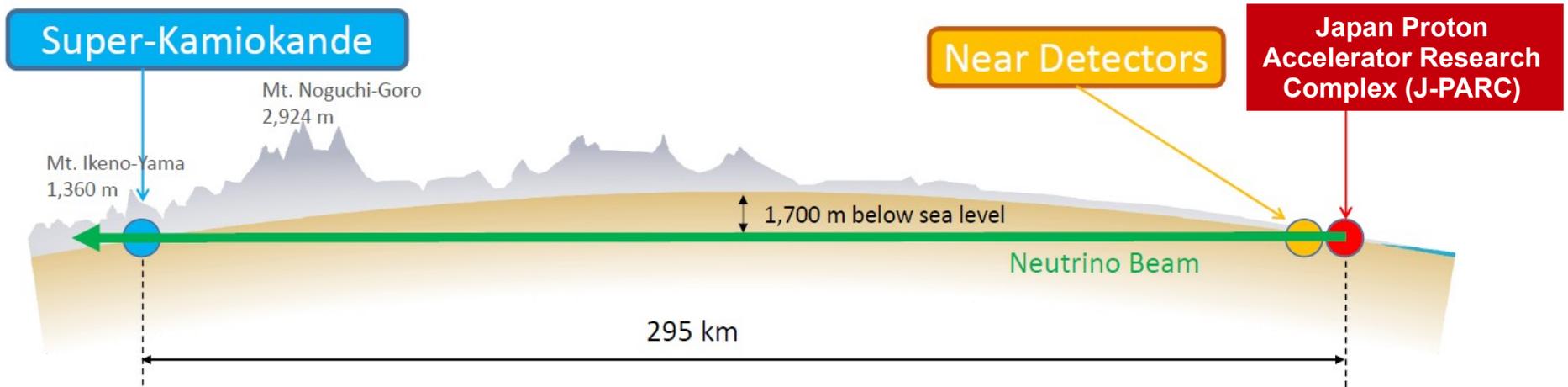


Diagram by Kirsty Duffy



- Crossed arrays of 9-ton iron-scintillator detectors
- Monitor neutrino beam stability and beam spatial profile
 - estimate beam flux uncertainty
 - stand-alone cross-section measurements

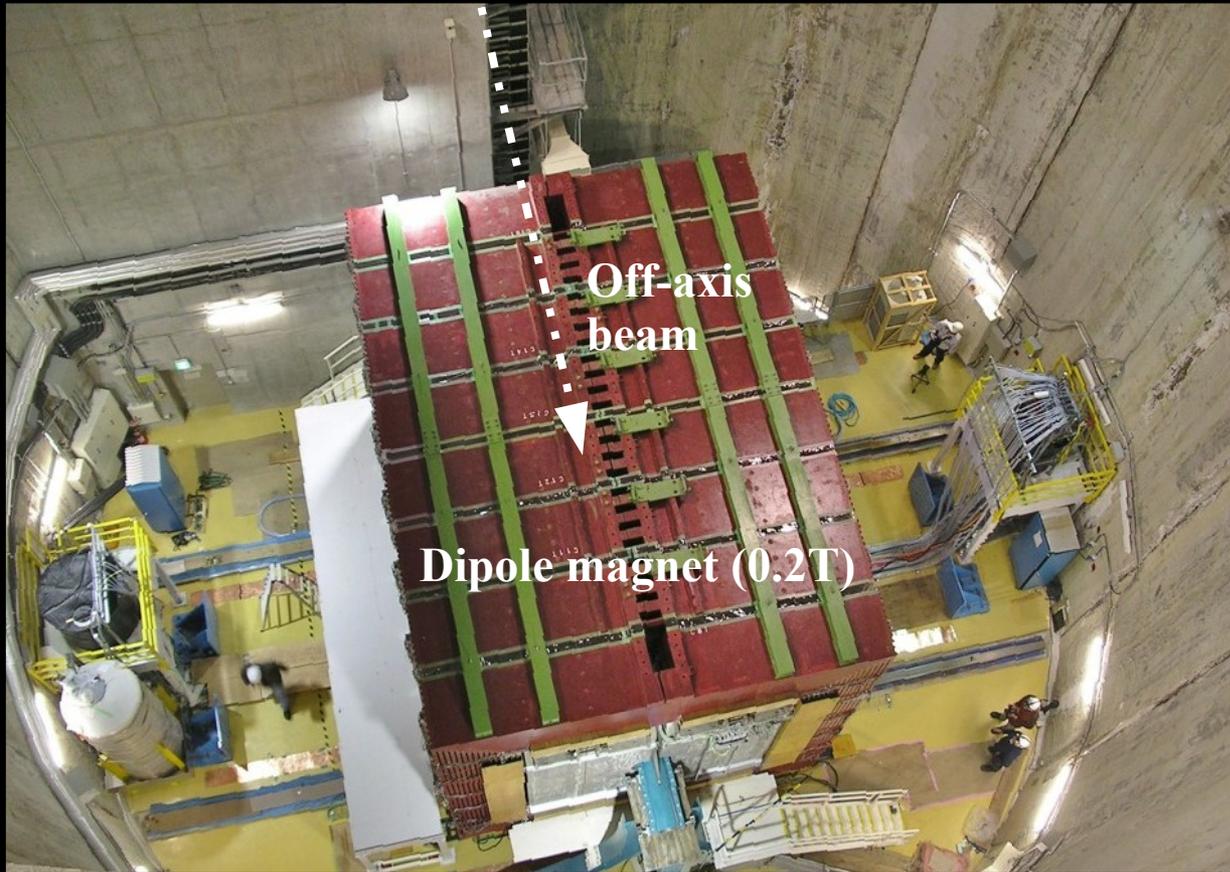
The T2K Experiment



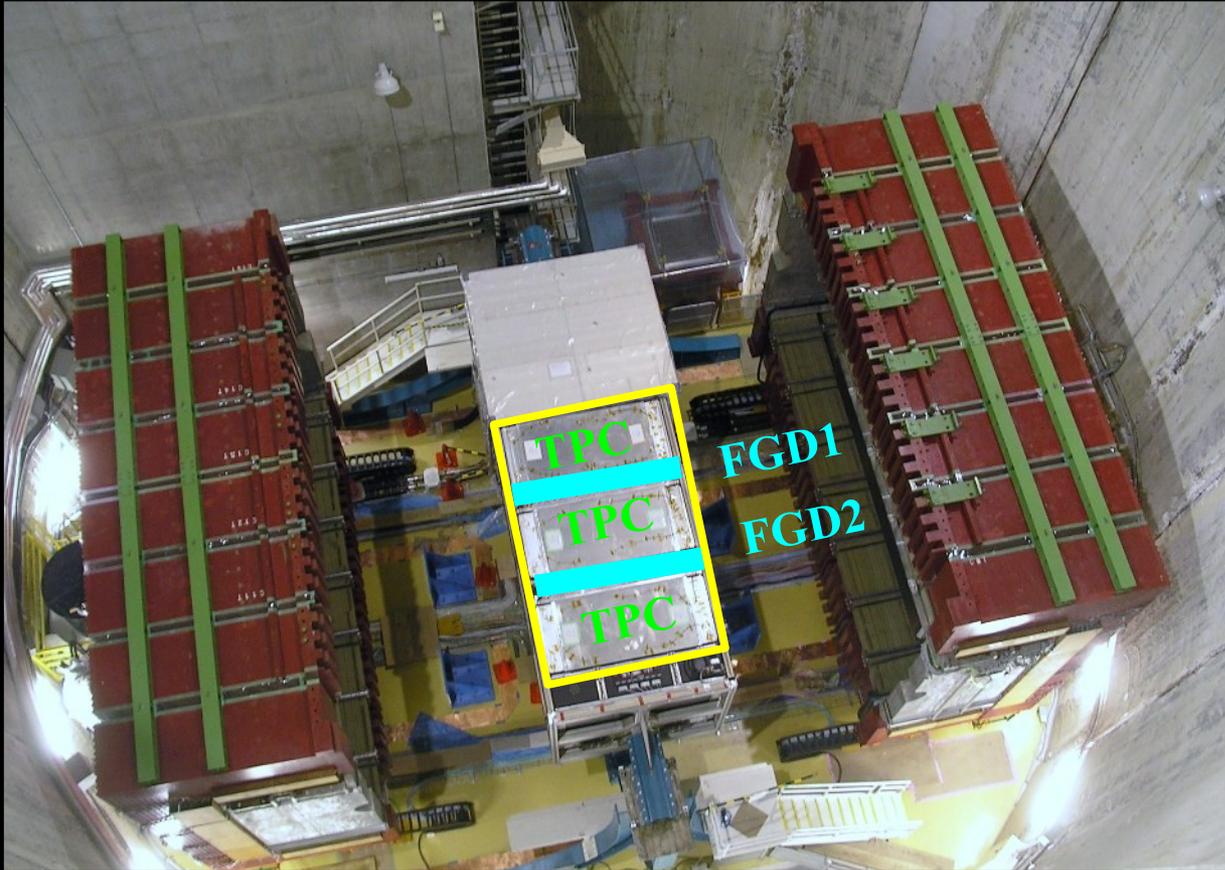
Near detector: ND280
Far detector: SK



T2K off-axis near detector (ND280)



T2K off-axis near detector (ND280)



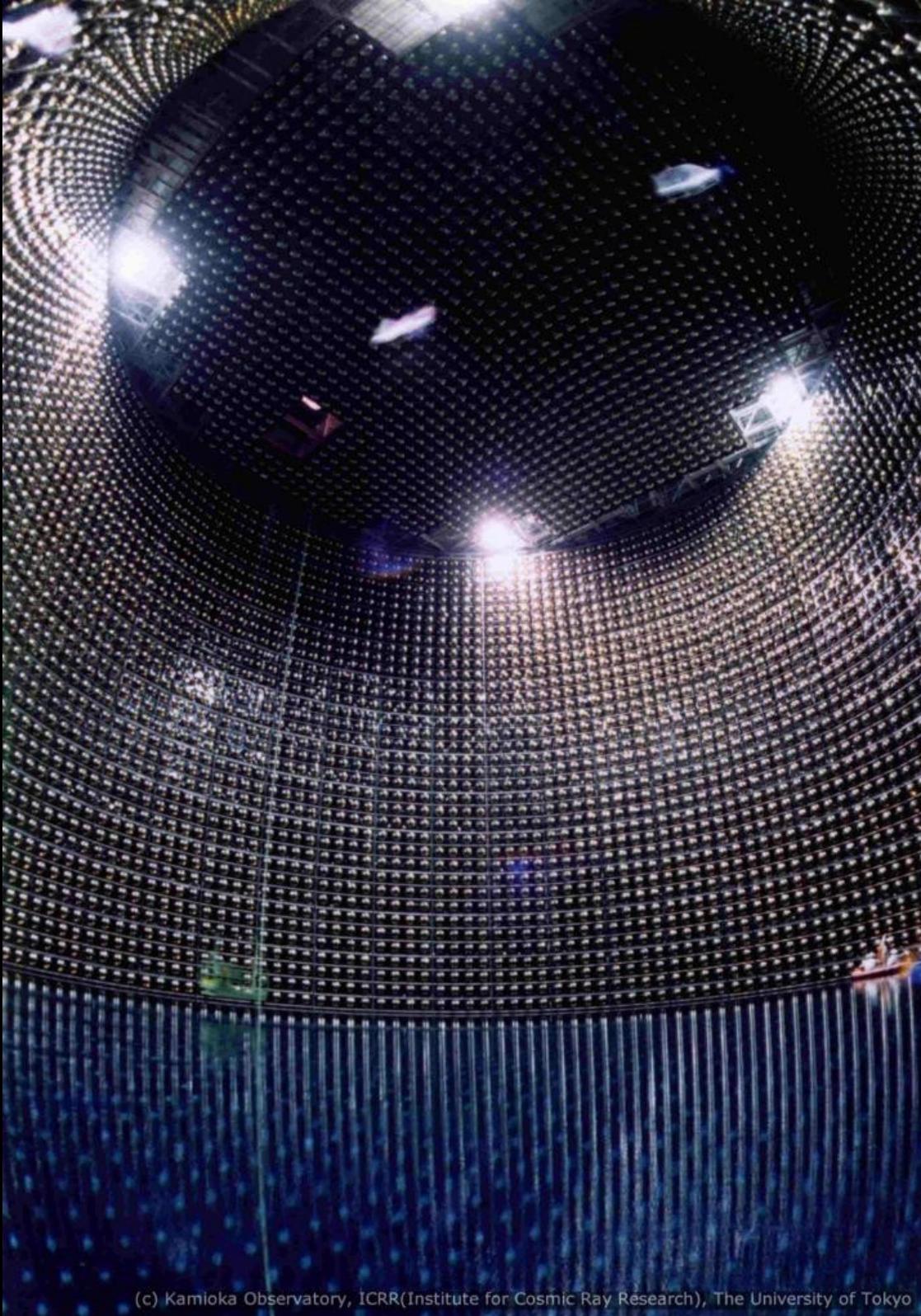
Tracker:

- FGD: Fine-Grained Detector
 1. plastic scintillator C_8H_8 target
 2. $C_8H_8 + H_2O$ target
- Time Projection Chamber (TPC)

- constrain beam flux and cross section for oscillation analysis
- stand-alone neutrino interaction measurements

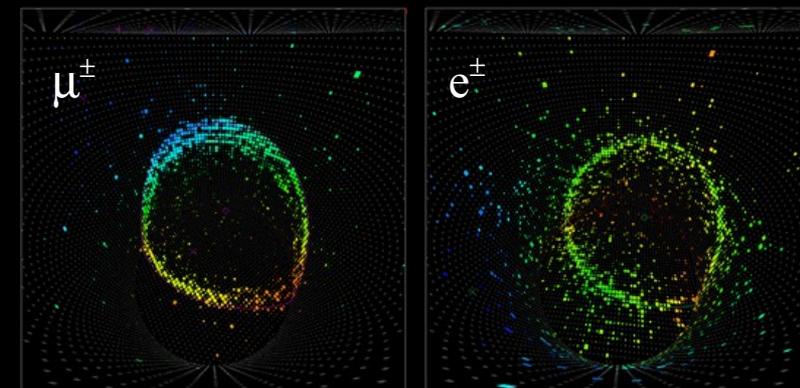
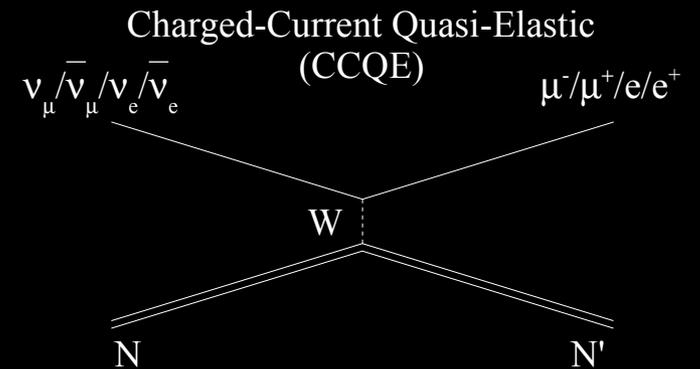
T2K far detector: Super-Kamiokande

- 50 kt water-Cherenkov
- 11129 20-inch PMTs in inner detector; 1885 8-inch PMTs in outer veto detector
→ time and amplitude of Cherenkov light



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μ, e identification

→ detect propagated ν from J-PARC

→ E_ν rec. from μ/e kinematics

SK event reconstruction

NEW since 2016 summer:

New reconstruction algorithm: fitQun (likelihood-based)

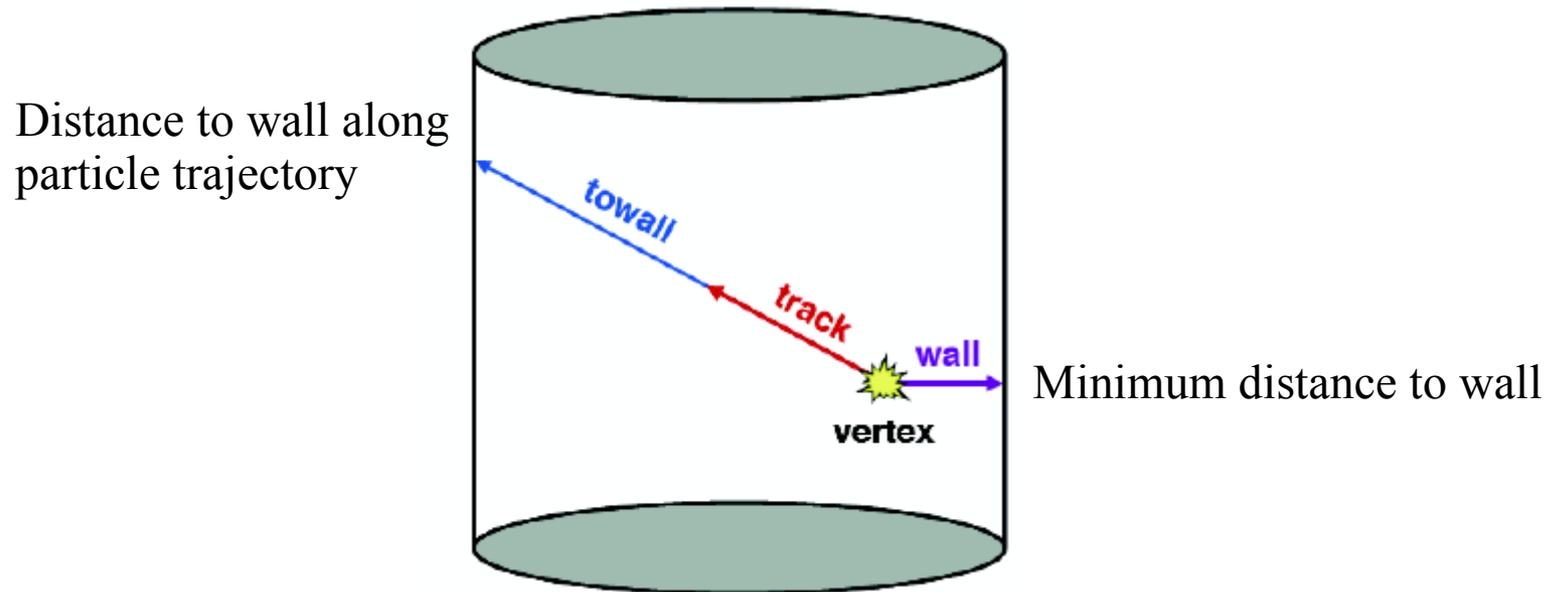
Re-optimizing fiducial volume: ~30% increase in effective statistics

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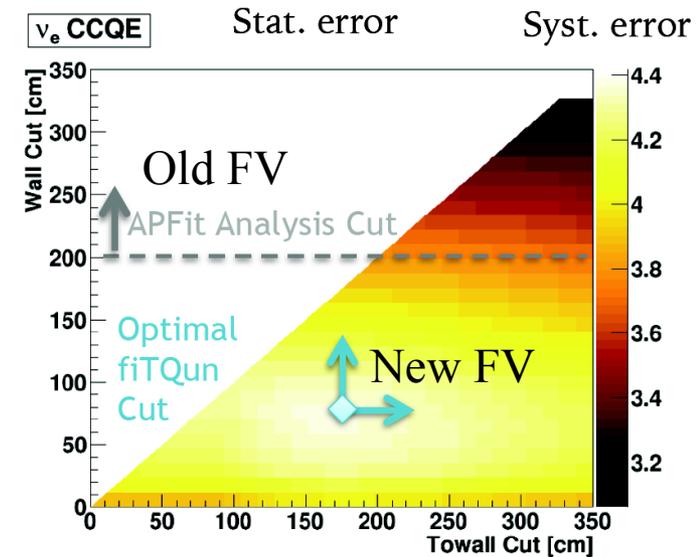
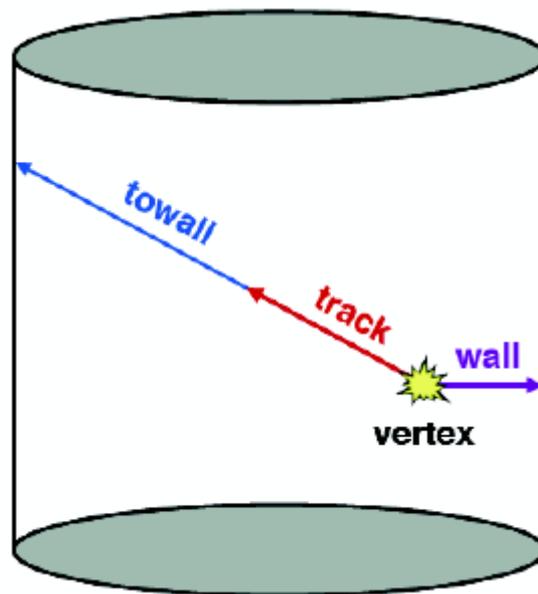
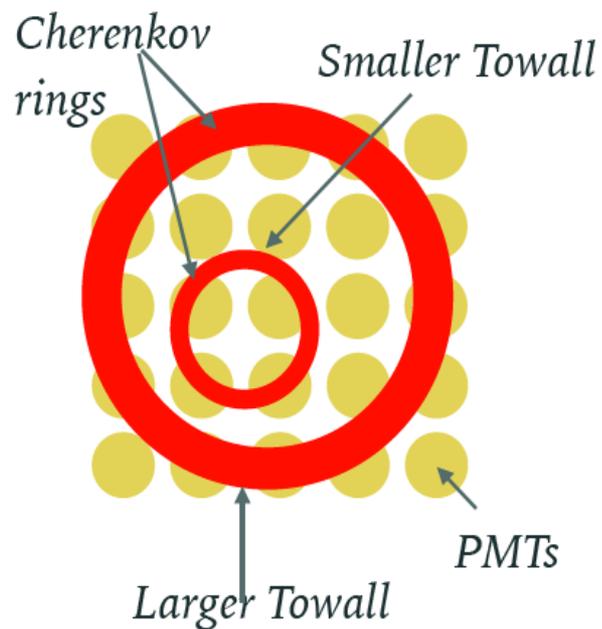


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Re-optimizing fiducial volume: $\sim 30\%$ increase in effective statistics

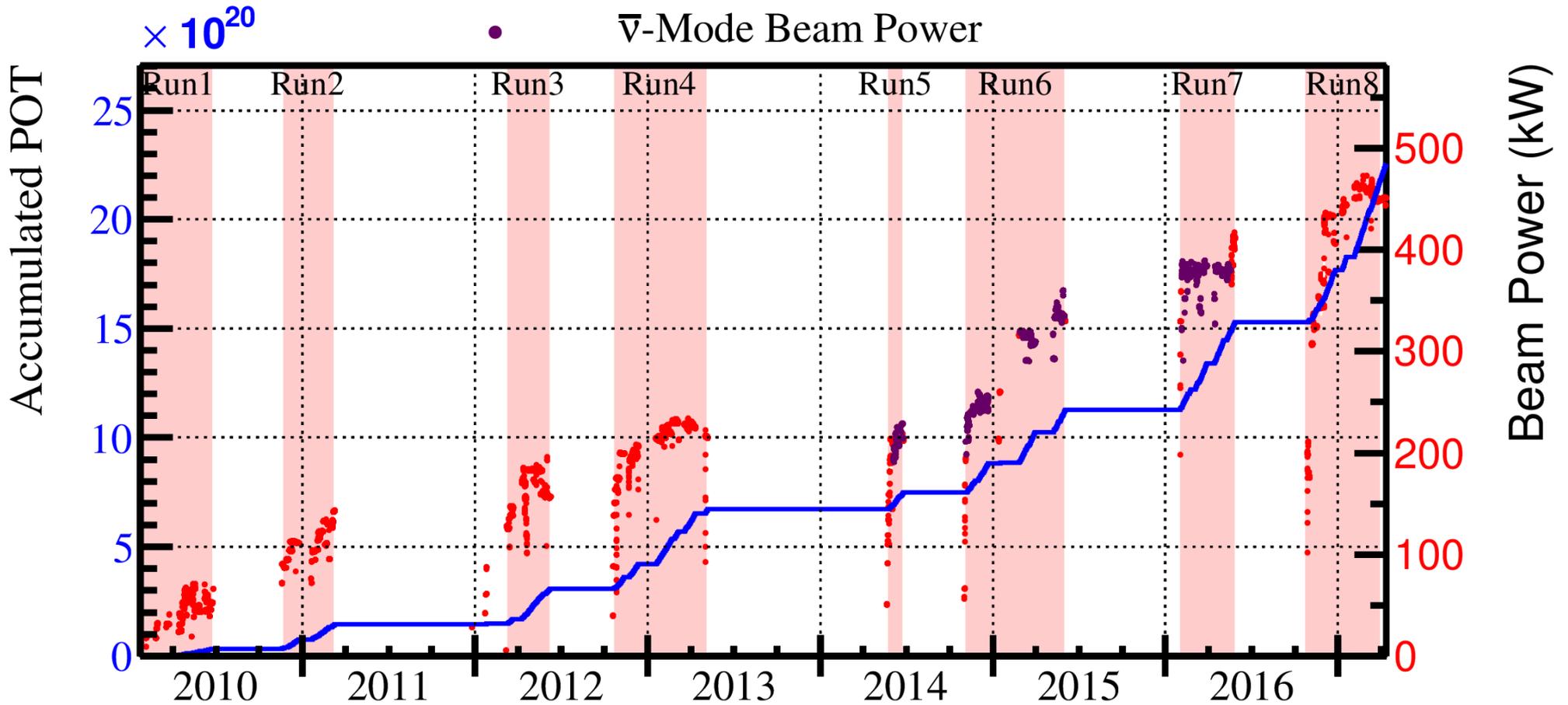


- Larger Towall = finer sampling of ring = better reconstruction
- Optimize cuts accounting for statistical and systematic errors

Data collection history

(Protons-On-Target)

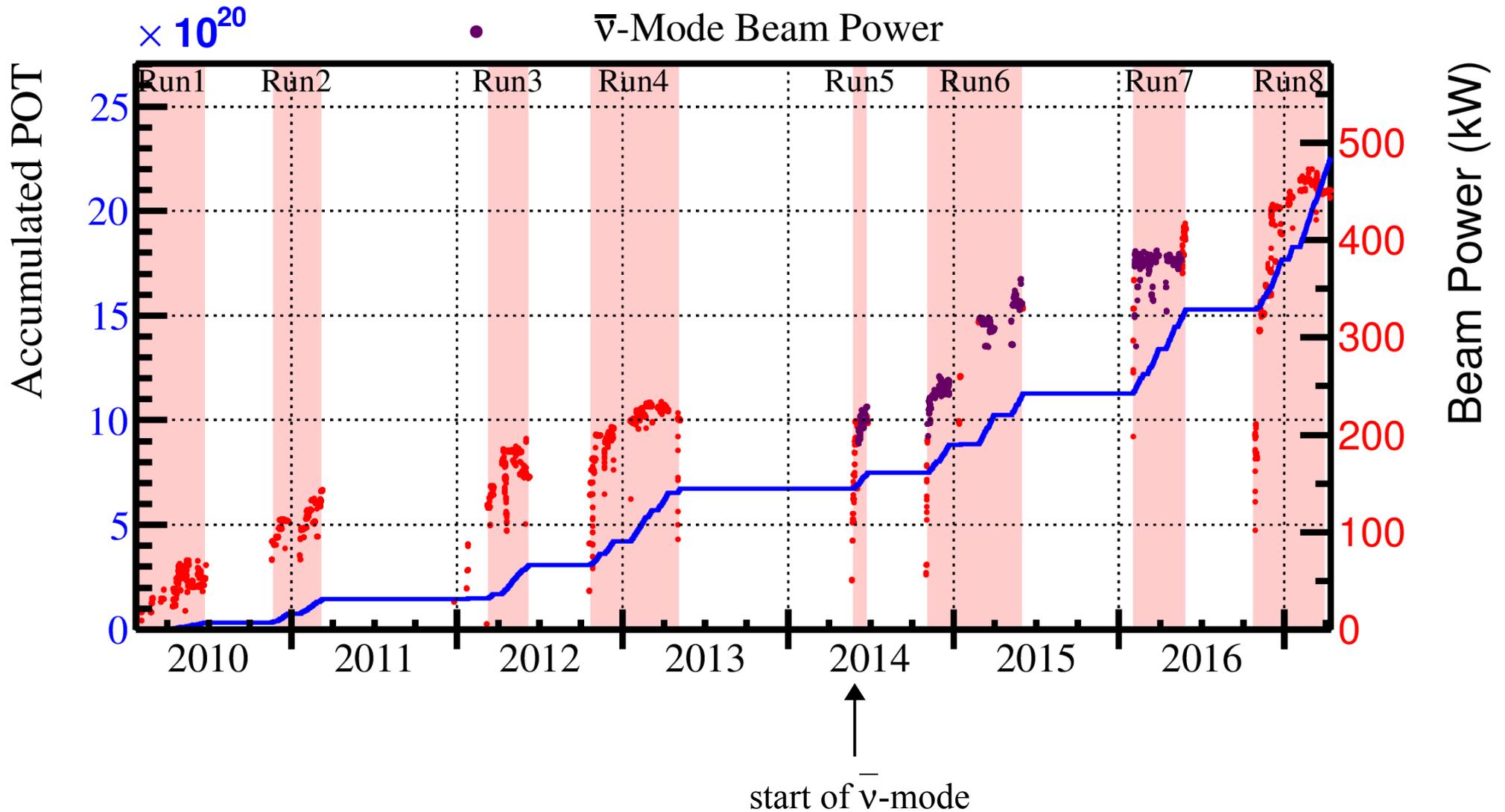
- Total Accumulated POT for Physics
- ν -Mode Beam Power
- $\bar{\nu}$ -Mode Beam Power



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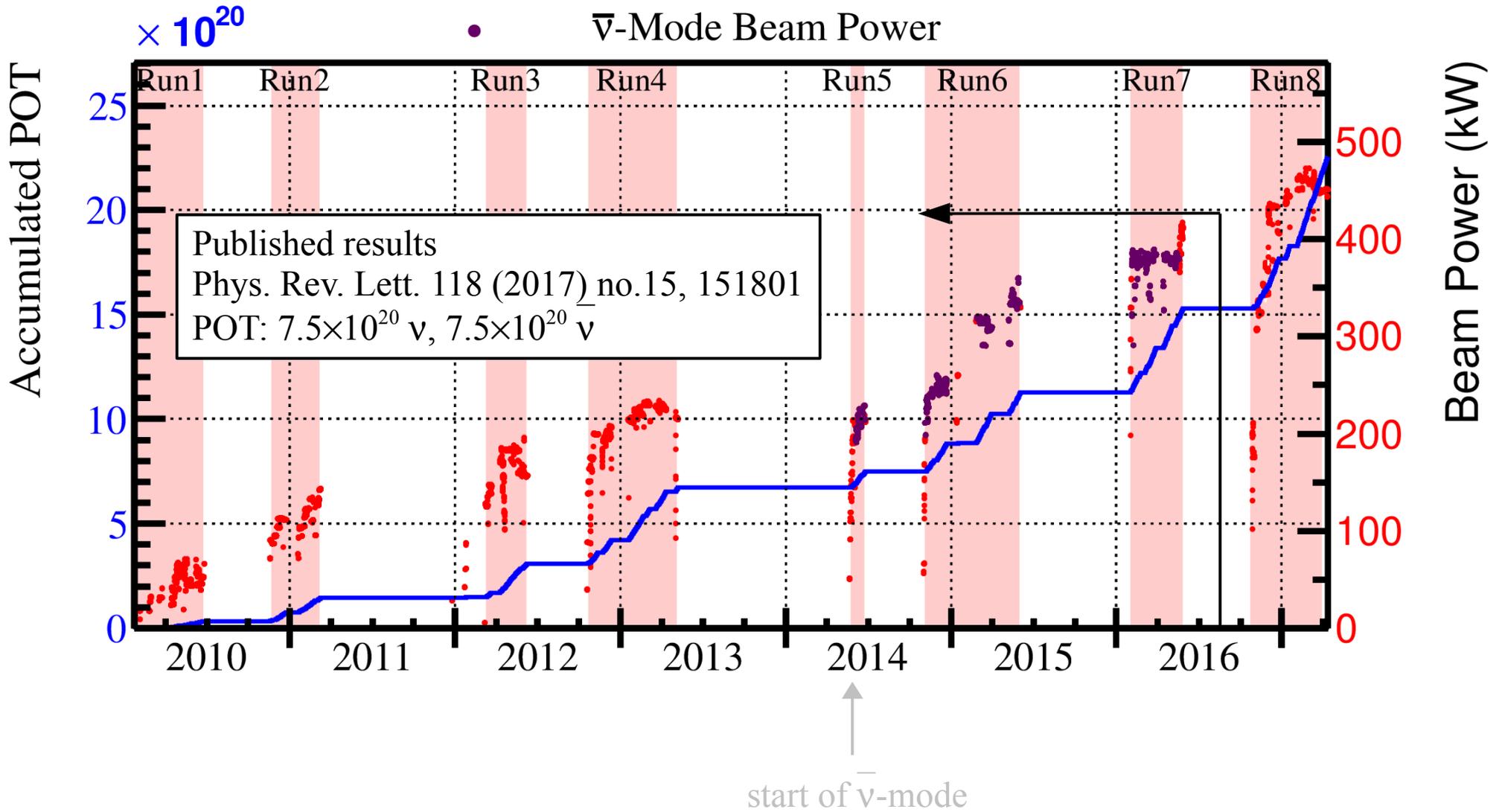
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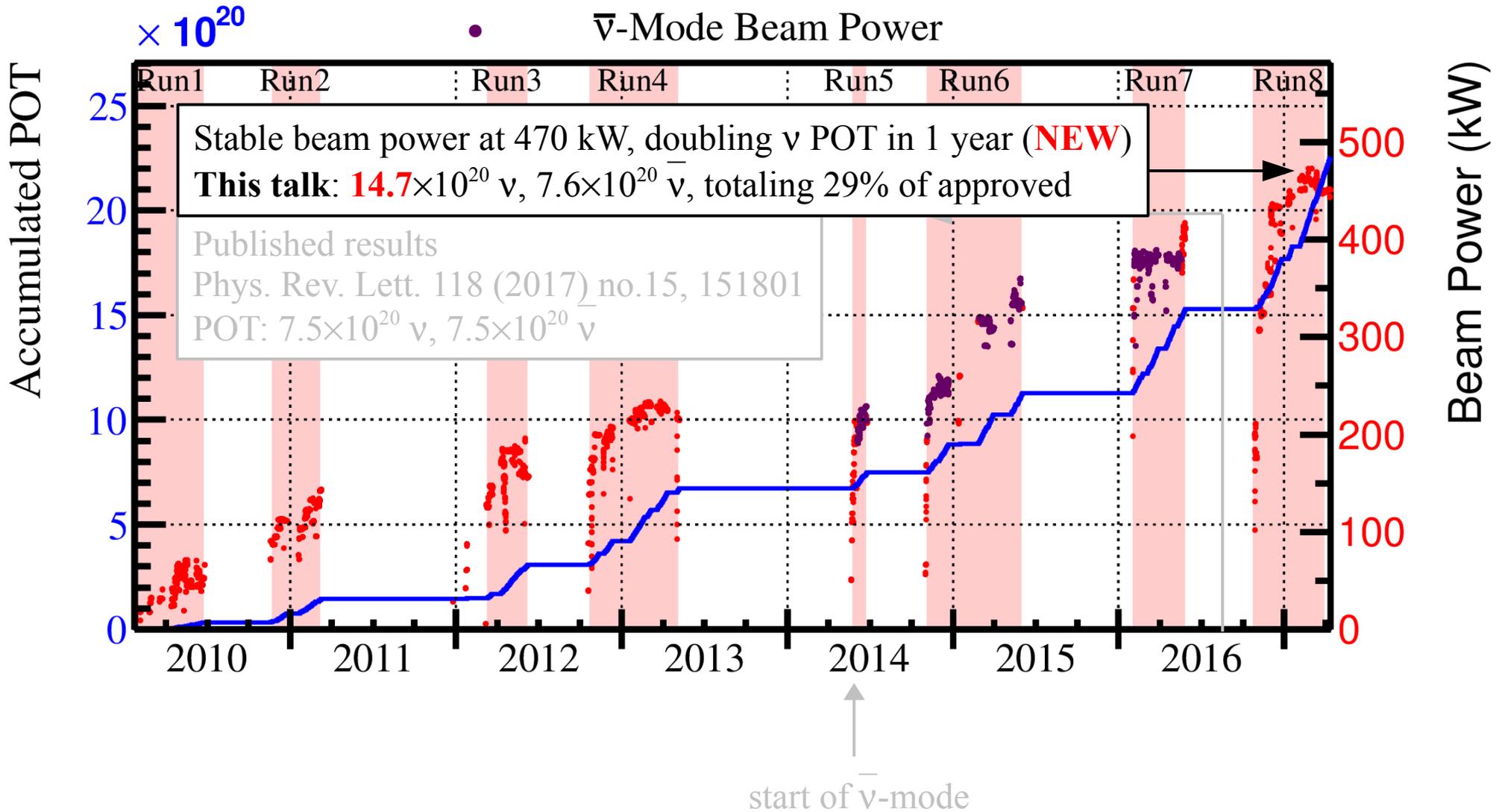
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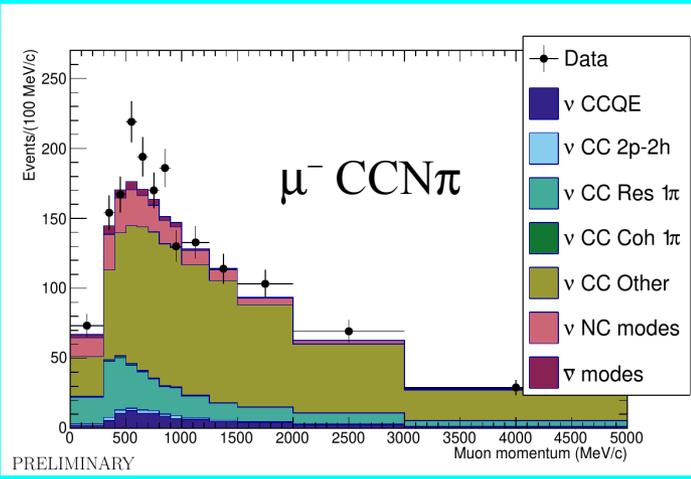
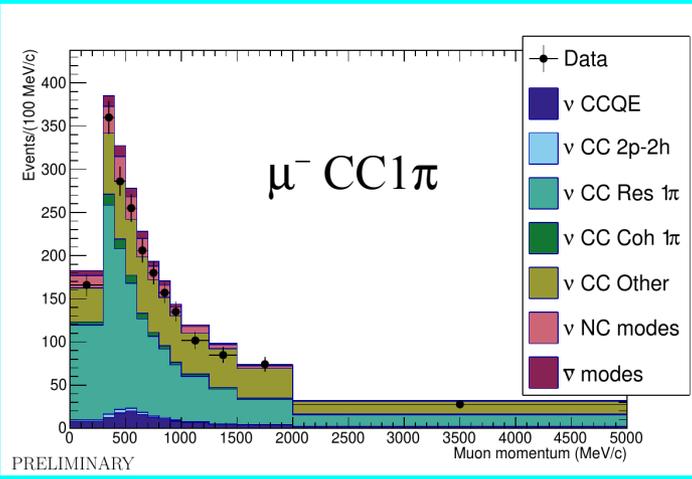
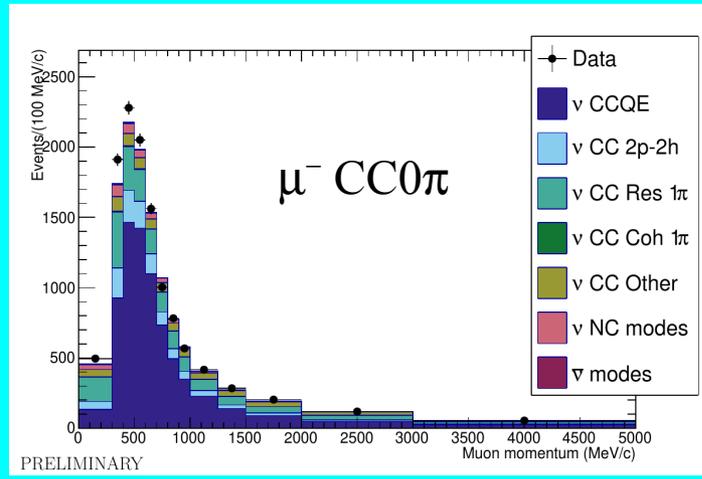
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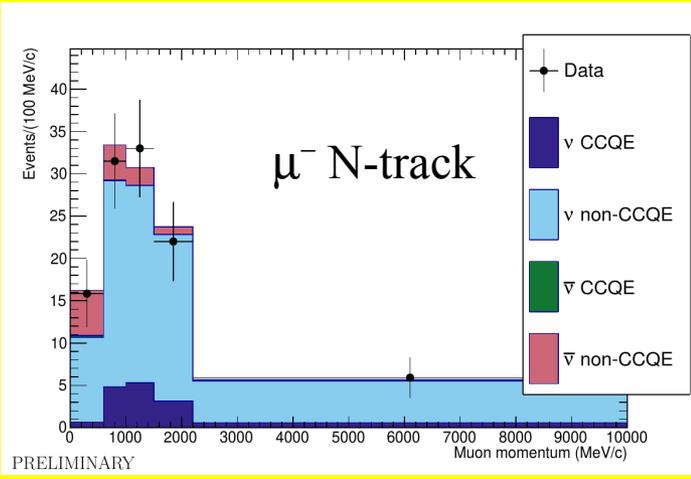
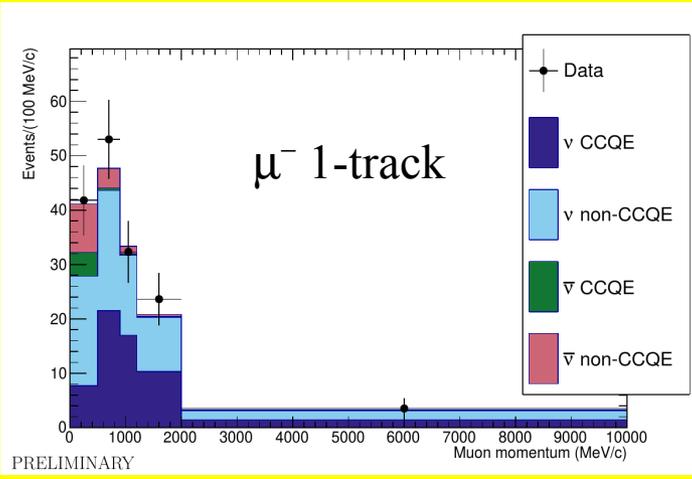
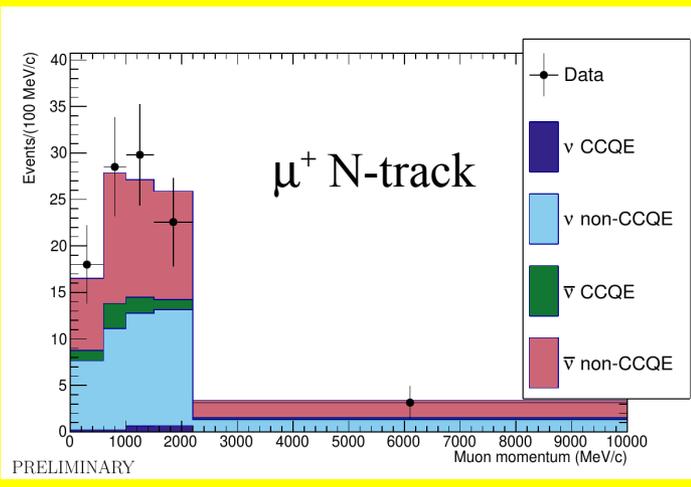
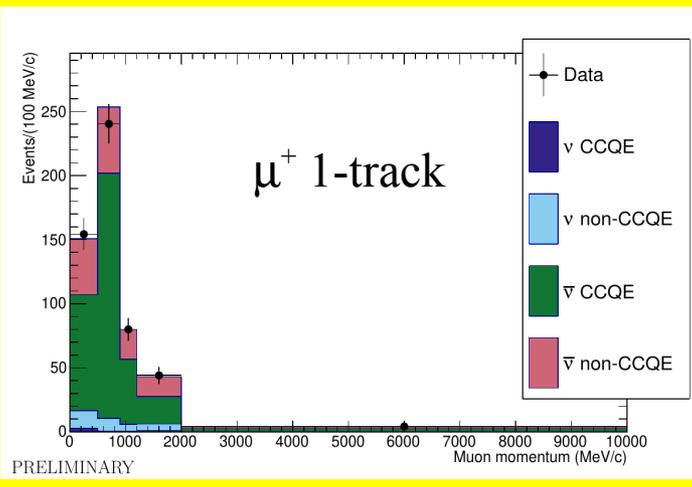
Outline

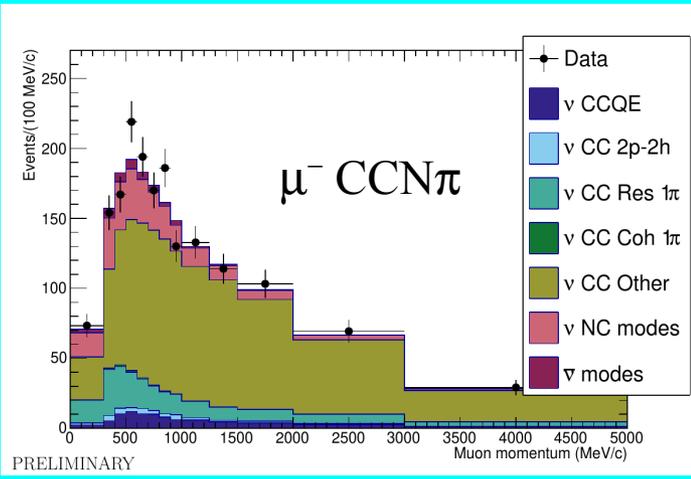
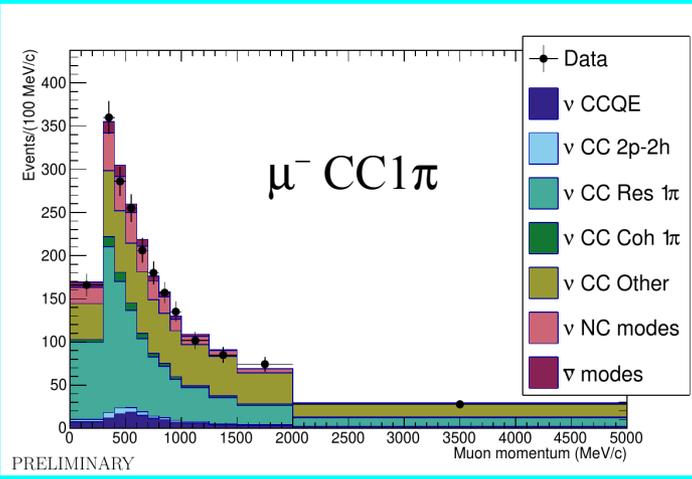
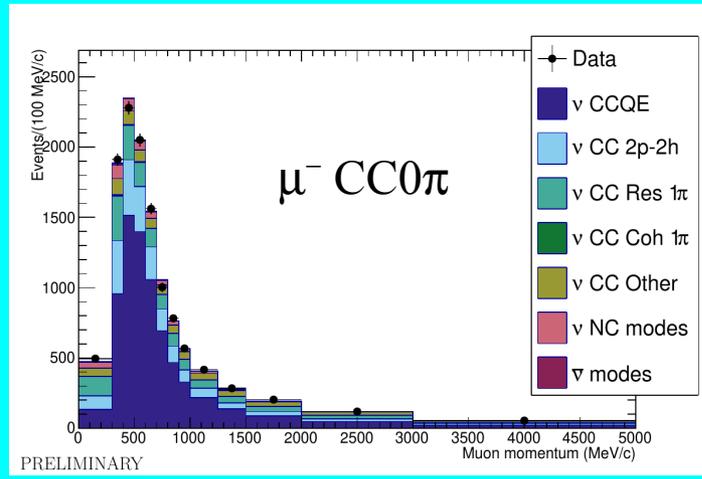
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$\bar{\nu}$ -mode FGD1 p_μ

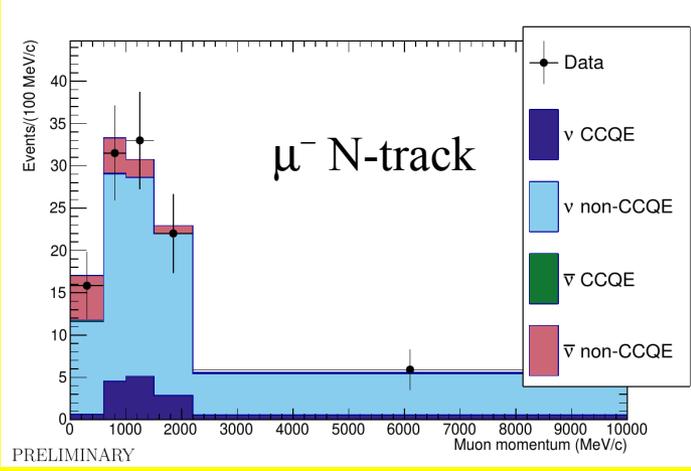
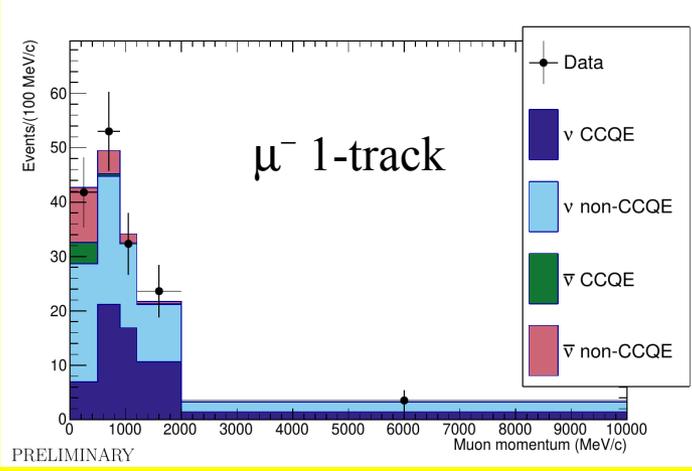
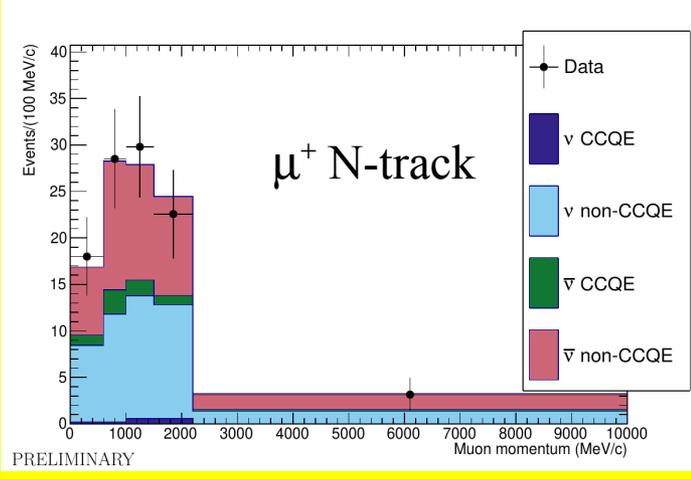
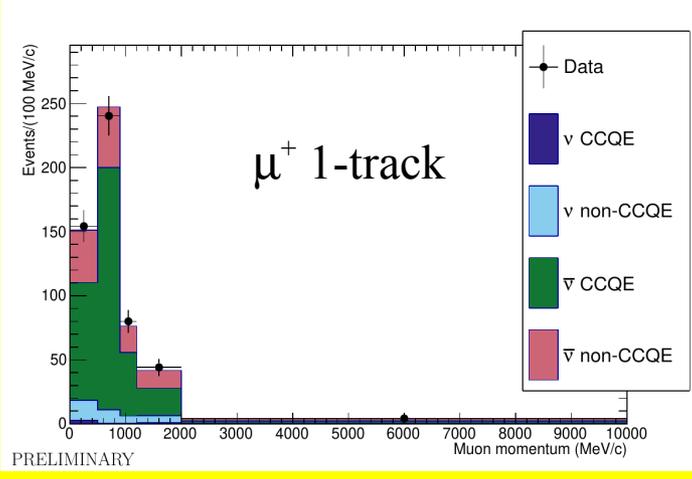
- Data
 - 6 ν -mode samples (FGD1,2)
 - 8 $\bar{\nu}$ -mode samples (FGD1,2)
- Model
 - Flux prediction: beamline MC tuned with ext. data (NA61) + beam monitor, INGRID
 - Cross-section models tuned to ext. measurements.





$\bar{\nu}$ -mode FGD1 p_μ

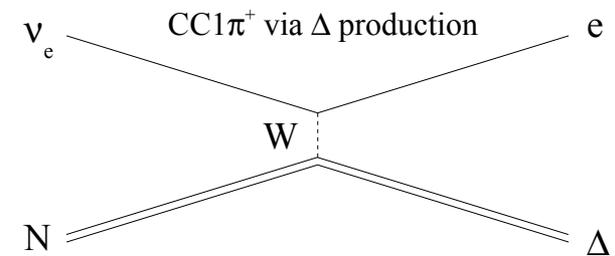
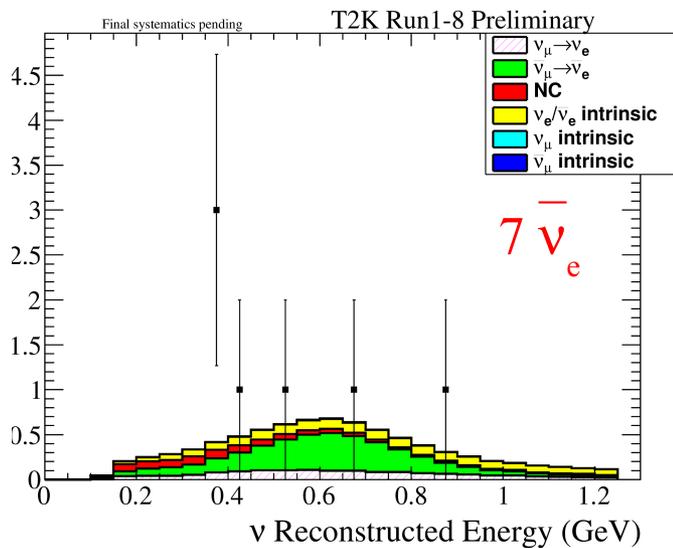
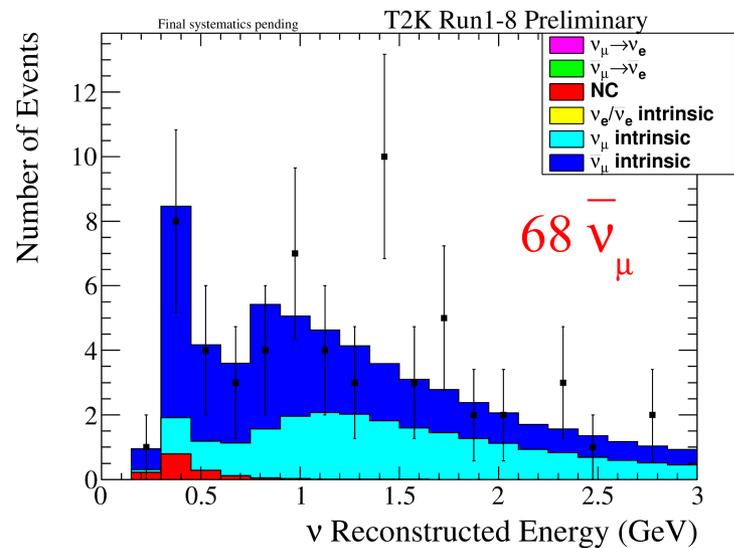
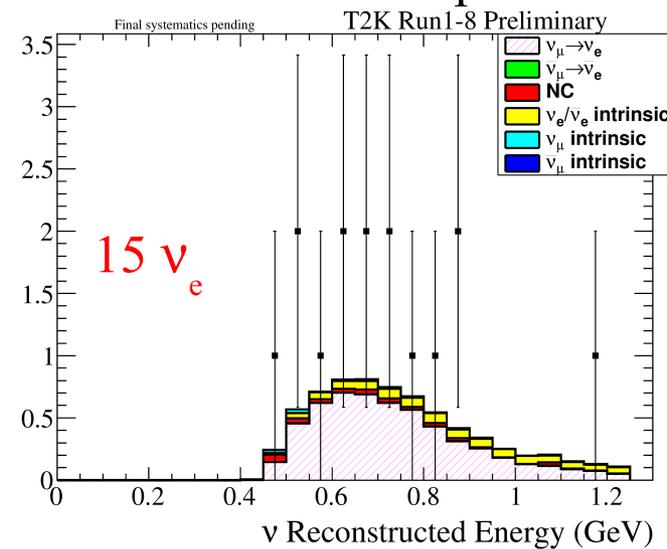
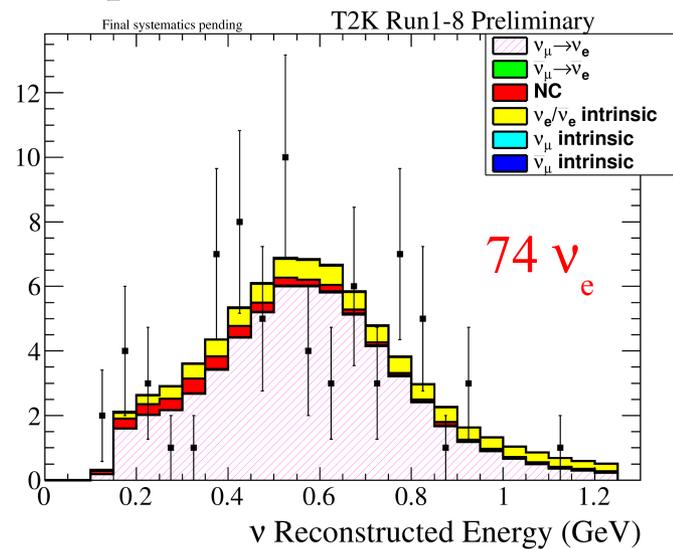
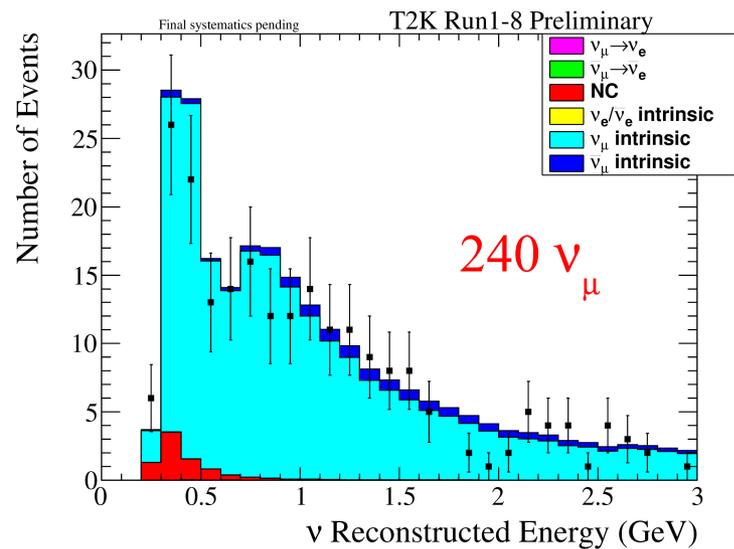
- Data
 - 6 ν -mode samples (FGD1,2)
 - 8 $\bar{\nu}$ -mode samples (FGD1,2)
- Simultaneous fit of p_μ, θ_μ
 - Data well reproduced: p-value 0.47
 - Fitted flux parameters near nominal, most within 1σ prior uncertainty
 - Nucleon correlations (**NEW**): 2p2h, RPA effects significantly adjusted
 - flux \times cross section at SK sys. error 13% \rightarrow 3 %.



Event distributions and oscillation fit

CCQE-like sample

CC1 π^+ sample

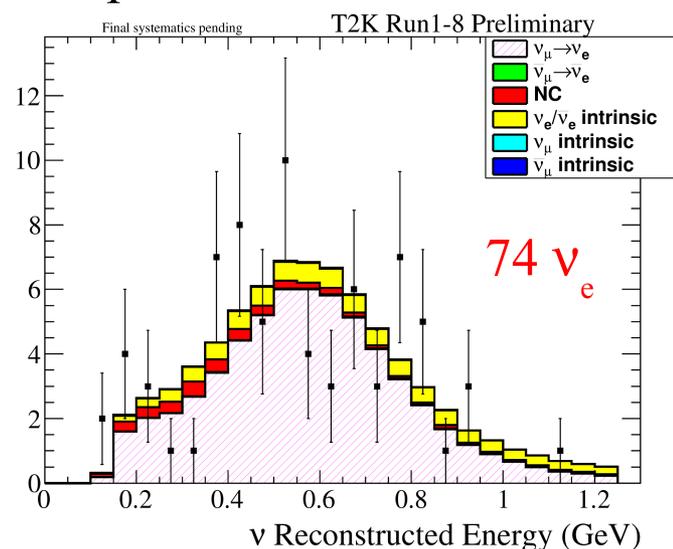
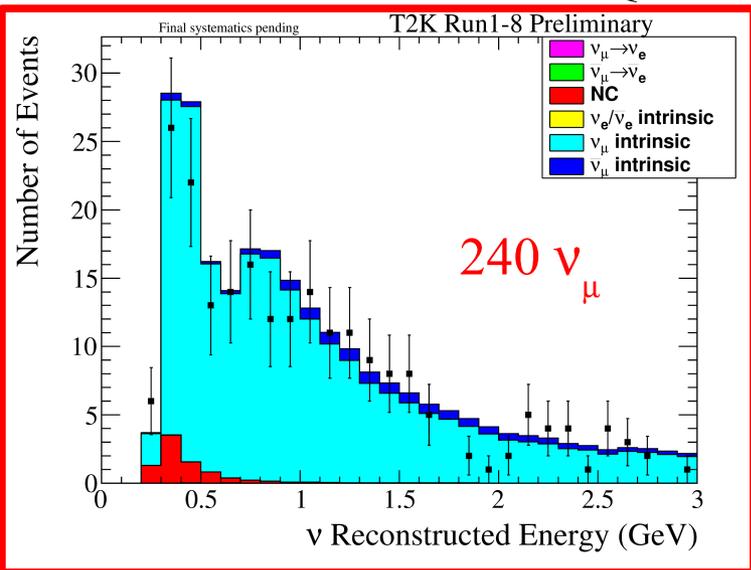


(No CC1 π^- sample due to π^- absorption)

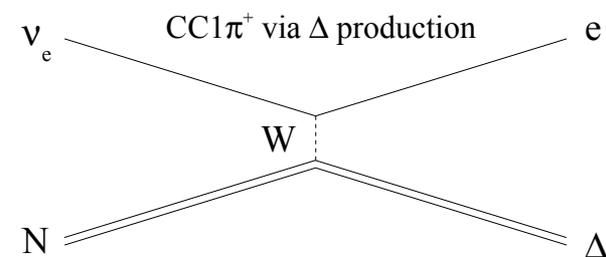
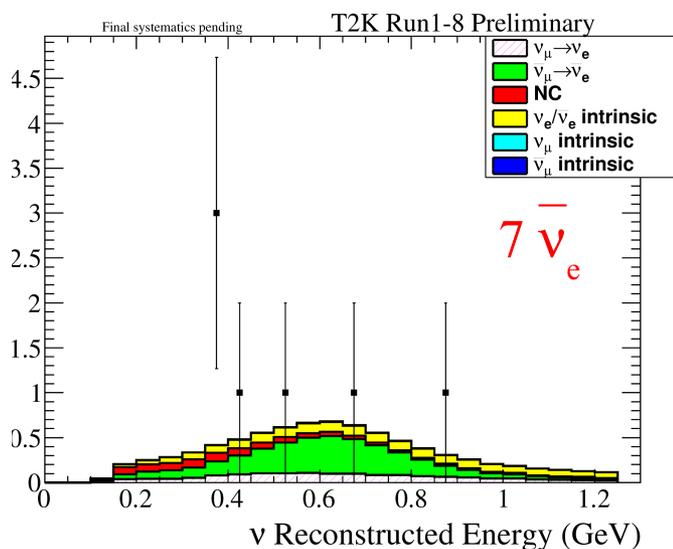
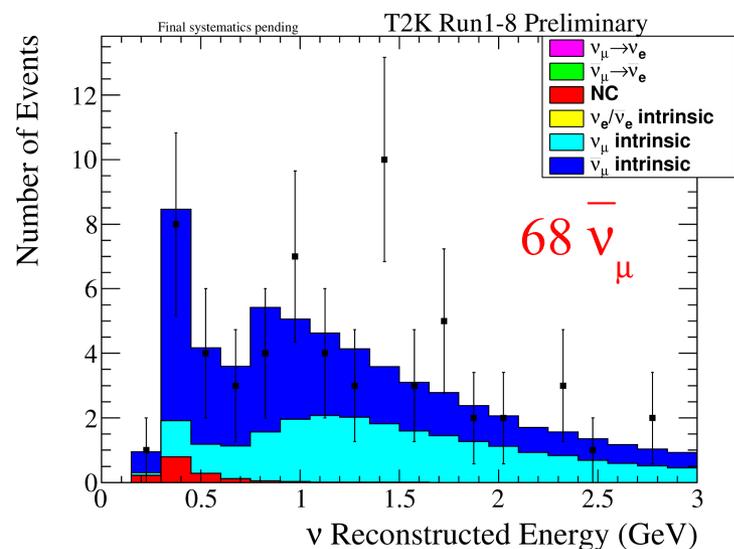
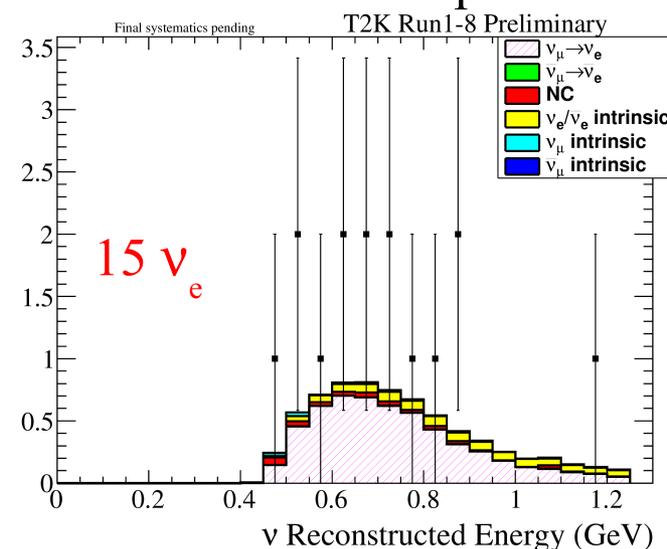
- Reconstructed neutrino energy distributions at Super-Kamiokande
 - Dotted: data; histogram: oscillation fit results, p-value 0.42

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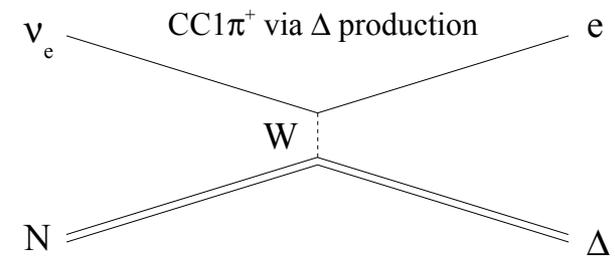
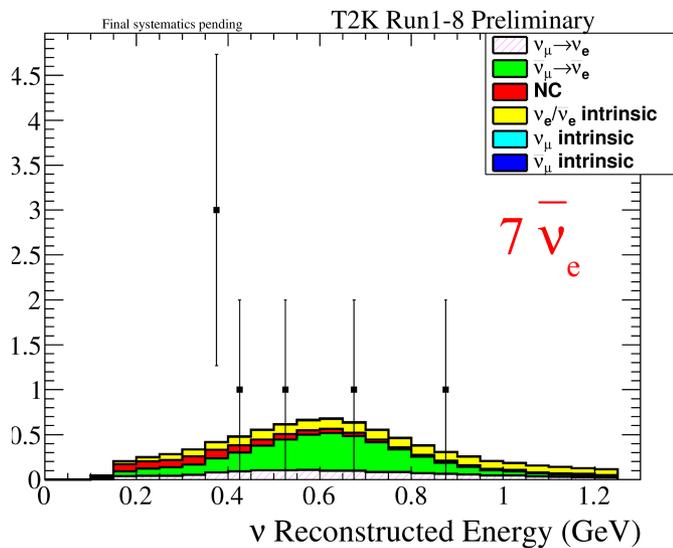
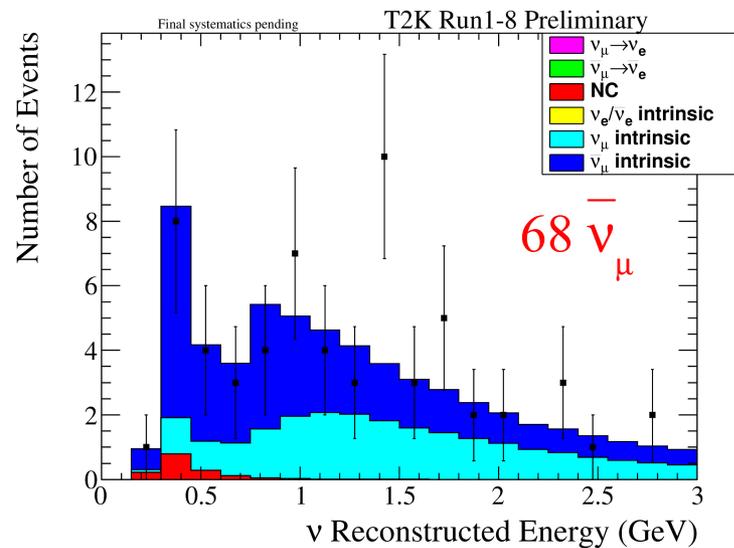
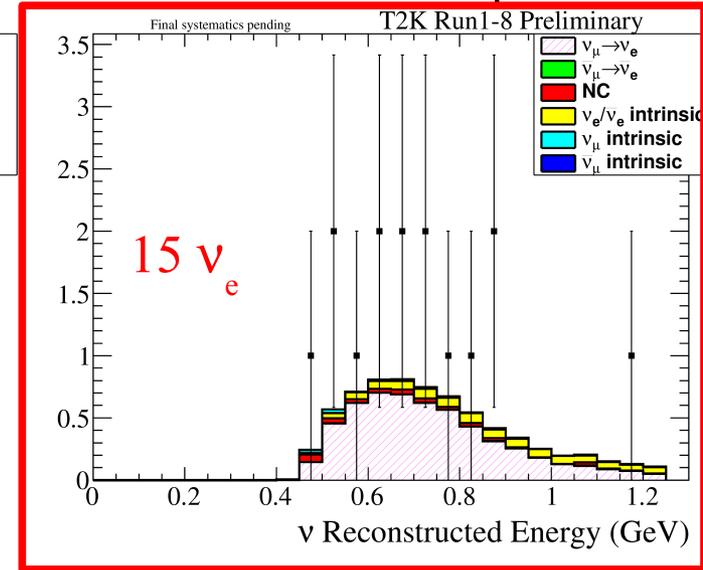
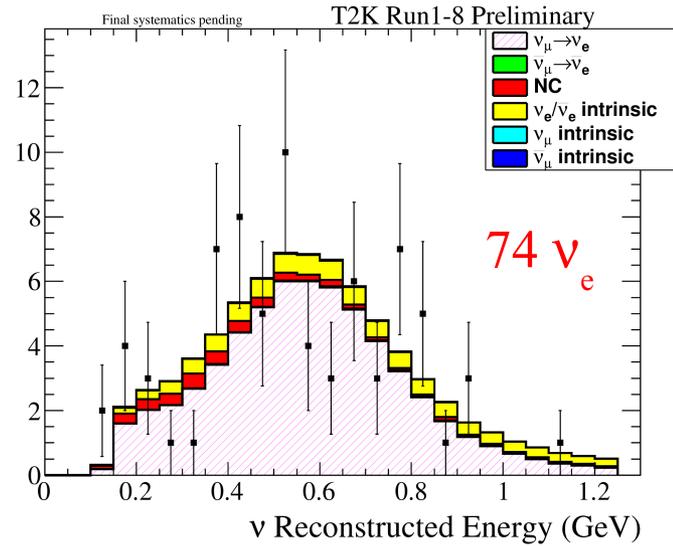
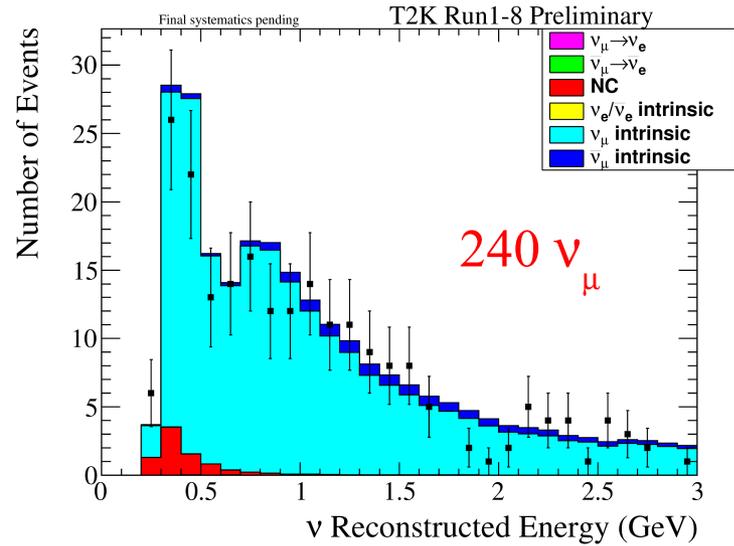
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- ν_μ rate lower than fit, consistent with uncertainties.

Event distributions and oscillation fit

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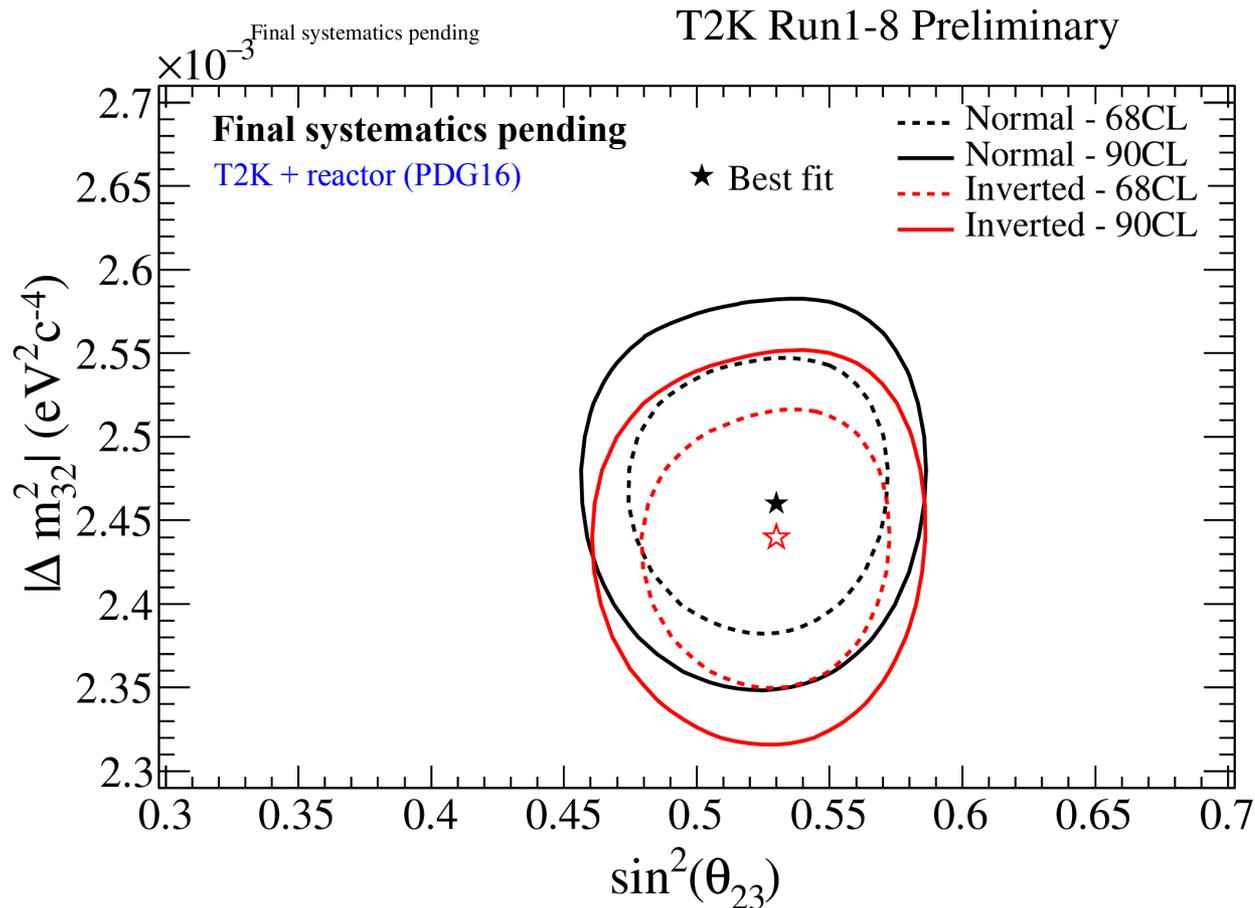
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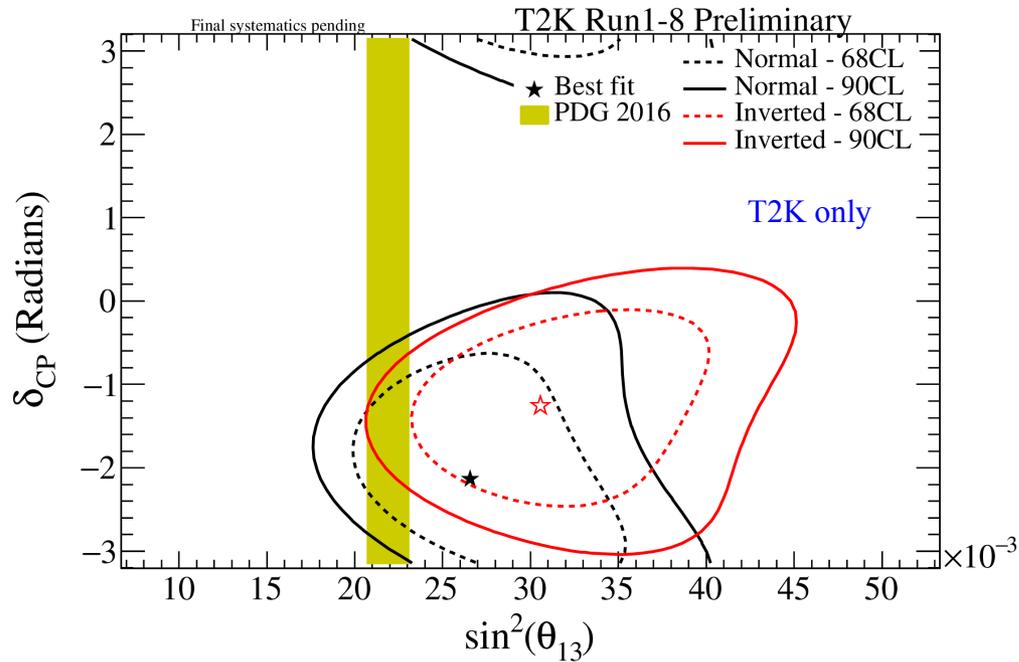
- CC1 π ν_e rate: 15 events observed vs. 6.92 maximum prediction
- P-value 0.12 for upward or downward fluctuation in at least 1 of 5 samples

Atmospheric parameter constraints

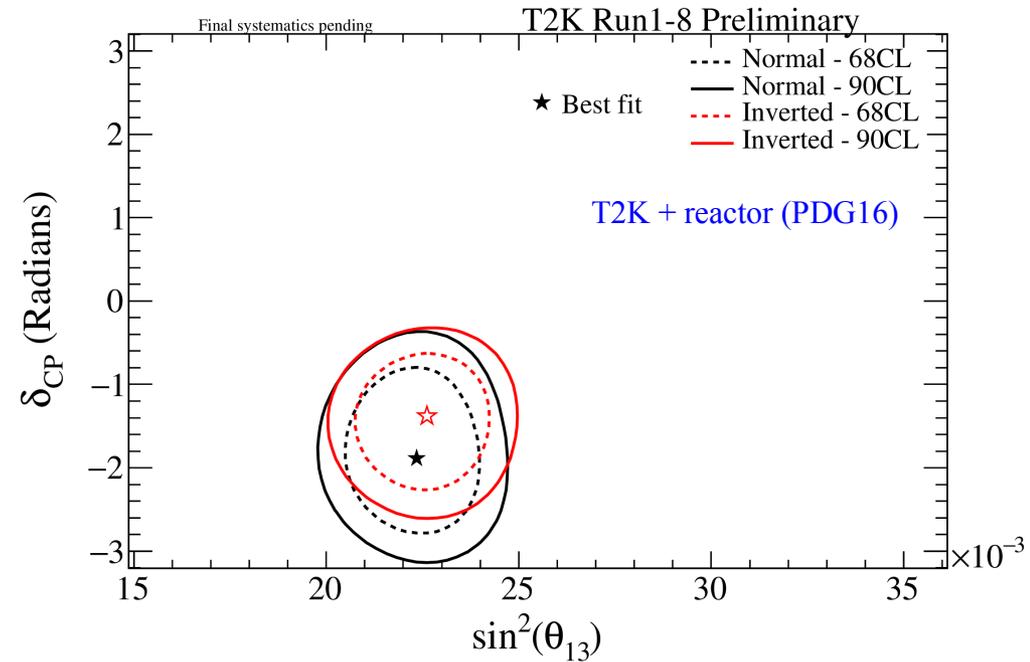


- Fit normal and inverted hierarchies separately
- Final systematics pending, possible additional contribution from interaction models (no significant impact on δ_{CP})

Appearance parameter constraints

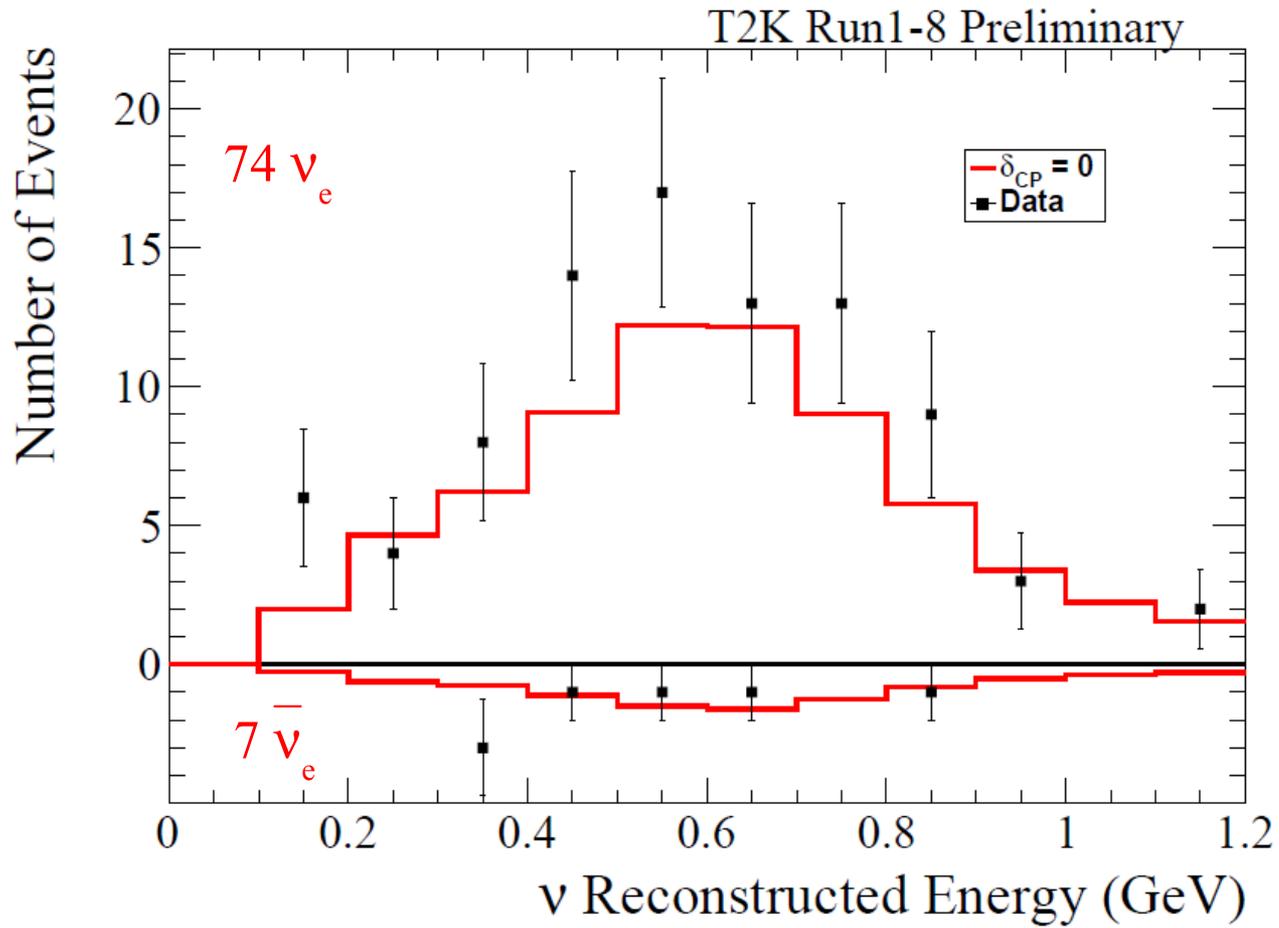


scale



- Left: T2K best-fit result and confidence intervals compared to PDG 2016: consistent
 - $\bar{\nu}$ data bring in δ_{CP} -sensitivity
- Right: T2K results with reactor constraint (PDG 2016), contour range much reduced.

Measurement of δ_{CP}



CCQE-like ν_e and $\bar{\nu}_e$ rate compared to $\delta_{CP}=0$ predictions:

- Excess in neutrino (top)
- Deficit in antineutrino (bottom)

Measurement of δ_{CP}

Percentage errors on predicted event rate ratio between ν_e and $\bar{\nu}_e$ samples:
relevant for δ_{CP} extraction

SK detector	SK FSI+SI+PN	ND280 constrained flux & xsec	$\sigma(\nu_e)/\sigma(\bar{\nu}_e)$	NC1 γ	NC other	Oscillation parameter variation	Total systematic error
1.60	1.57	2.50	3.03	1.49	0.18	0.79	4.85

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Neutral current (NC) interactions not constrained by ND280. Theoretical models constrained by external measurements.

Measurement of δ_{CP}

Percentage errors on predicted event rate ratio between ν_e and $\bar{\nu}_e$ samples:
relevant for δ_{CP} extraction

SK detector	SK FSI+SI+PN	ND280 constrained flux & xsec	$\sigma(\nu_e)/\sigma(\bar{\nu}_e)$	NC1 γ	NC other	Oscillation parameter variation	Total systematic error
1.60	1.57	2.50	3.03	1.49	0.18	0.79	4.85

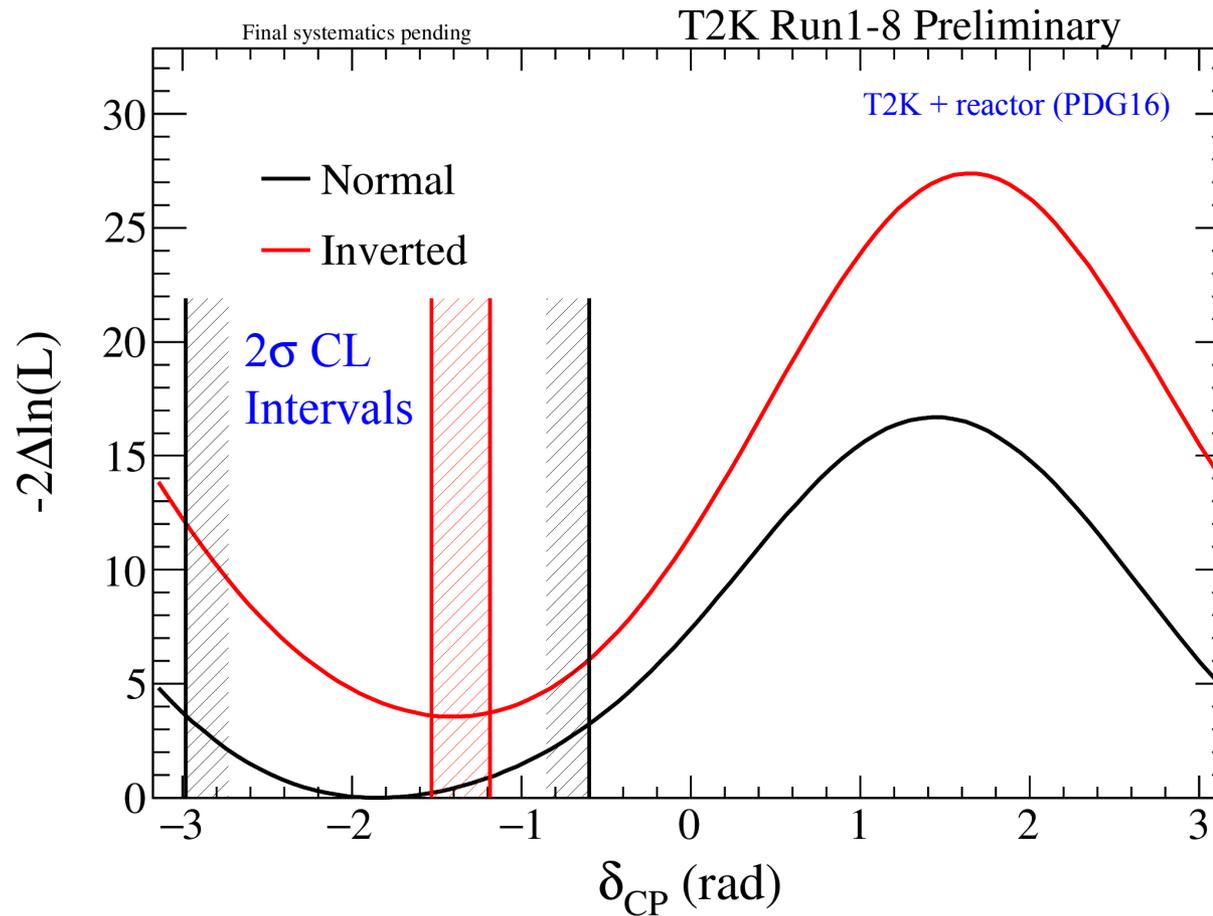
ND280 constraint on flux & cross section, reducing error from 13% to 3%.

Don't precisely measure $\sigma(\nu_e)$ and $\sigma(\bar{\nu}_e)$ in ND280. Apply a theoretically motivated error based on Phys.Rev. D86 (2012) 053003.

Neutral current (NC) interactions not constrained by ND280. Theoretical models constrained by external measurements.

Total error 4.85% on event rate ratio $\nu_e / \bar{\nu}_e$ (10% by design).

Measurement of δ_{CP}



Best fit point: -1.83 radians in Normal Hierarchy

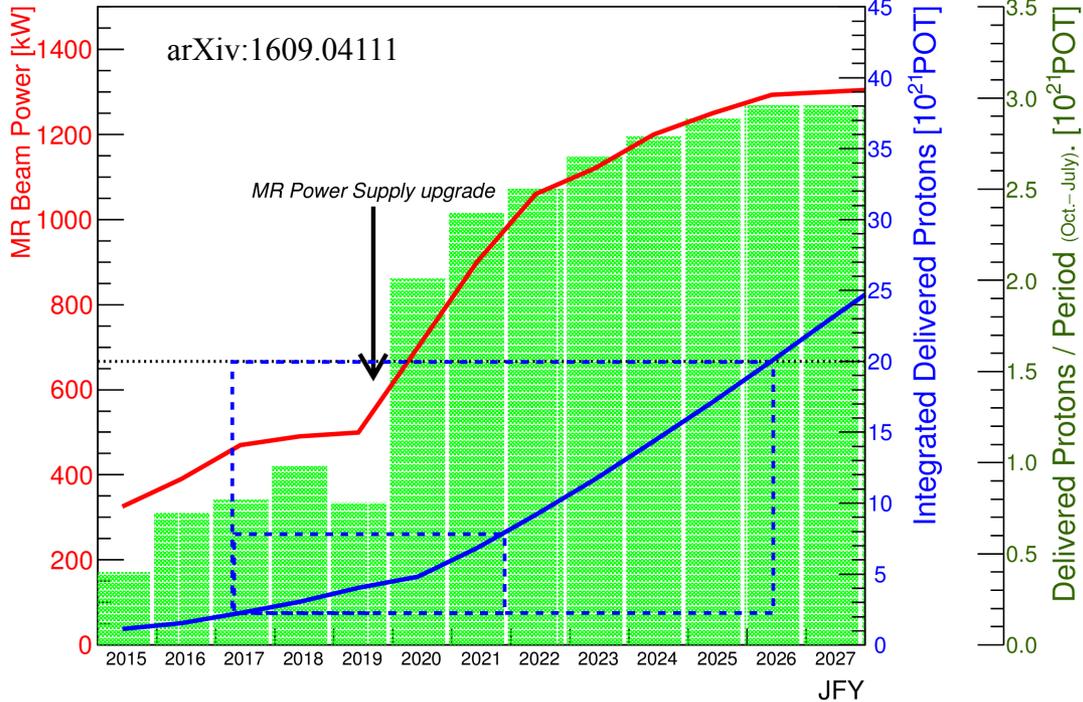
2σ CL interval:

Normal Hierarchy: [-2.98, -0.60] radians

Inverted Hierarchy: [-1.54, -1.19] radians

CP conserving values $0, \pi$ both fall outside 2σ CL intervals

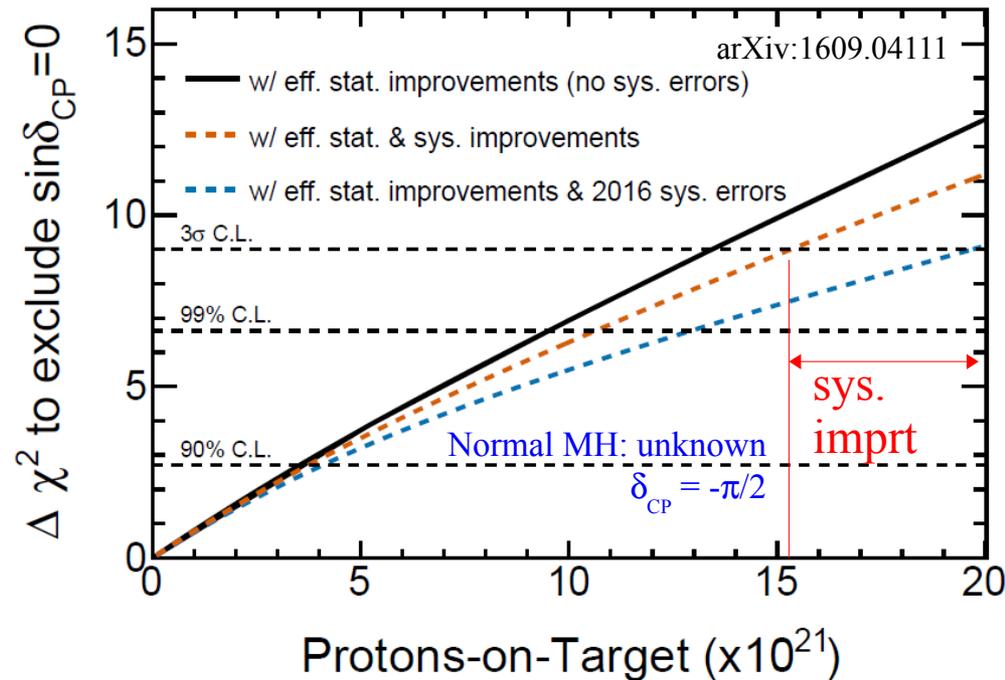
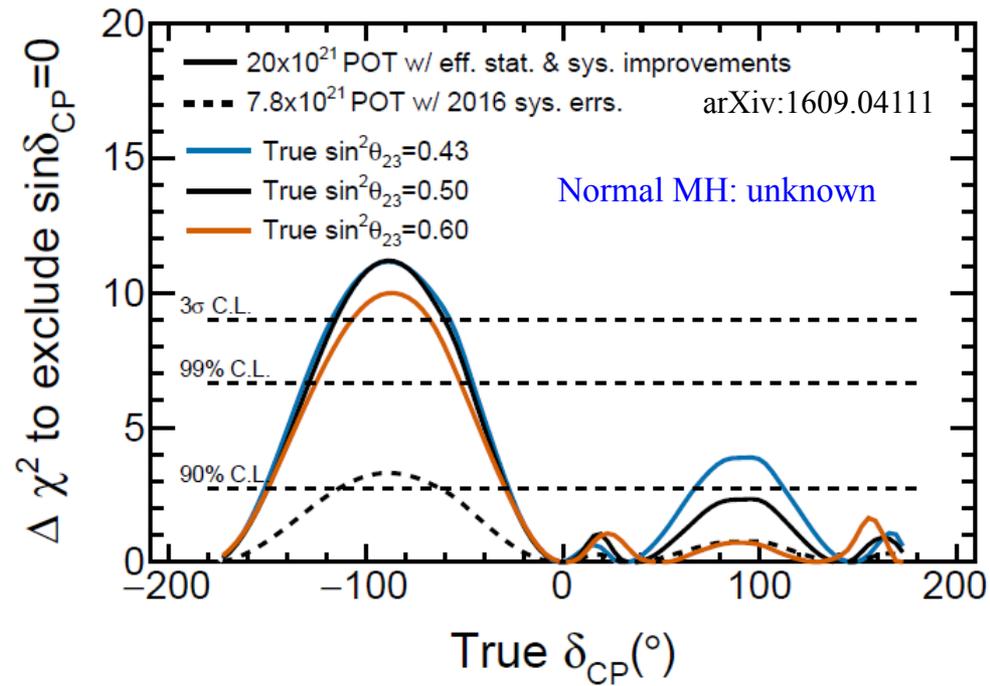
T2K-II Protons-On-Target Request



- Extension of T2K run to 20×10^{21} POT (~ 2026)
- Currently approved for 7.8×10^{21} POT (~ 2021)
- Accelerator and beam-line upgrades to 1.3 MW

3- σ sensitivity for CP violation for favorable parameters, if

- ✓ Full T2K-II exposure 20×10^{21} POT
- ✓ 50% improvement in effective statistics: horn current, SK event reconstruction
- ✓ Systematic uncertainties down to 2/3 of current size: ND upgrade



Outline

- Neutrino oscillations and the T2K experiment
- Joint oscillation analysis with ν_{μ} , ν_e , $\bar{\nu}_{\mu}$, and $\bar{\nu}_e$ samples
- Summary

Summary

- **NEW** since 2016 summer:
 - Doubled neutrino-mode statistics
 - New reconstruction and event selection at SK: effective improvement in statistics by $\sim 30\%$
 - Improvements to neutrino interaction model
- Updated oscillation parameter estimates
 - CP conserving values of δ_{CP} are disfavored at 2σ level.
- T2K upgrade to collect 20×10^{21} POT and achieve 3σ (in case of favorable true values of δ_{CP}) sensitivity to exclude CP conserving values.



谢谢！

BACKUP

Neutrino Oscillations

Neutrino (flavor) oscillations depend on mixing angles, δ_{CP} -phase and mass differences.

$$c_{ij} = \cos\theta_{ij}$$

$$s_{ij} = \sin\theta_{ij}$$

PMNS matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu_e \\ \nu_\mu \\ \nu_\tau \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c_{23} & s_{23} \\ 0 & -s_{23} & c_{23} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} c_{13} & 0 & s_{13}e^{-i\delta_{CP}} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -s_{13}e^{i\delta_{CP}} & 0 & c_{13} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} c_{12} & s_{12} & 0 \\ -s_{12} & c_{12} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_1 \\ \nu_2 \\ \nu_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\theta_{ij} \neq 0$, δ_{CP} -phase irreducible \rightarrow leptonic CP violation

$$\Delta_{ij} \equiv \frac{\Delta m_{ij}^2 L}{4E}$$

With a $\bar{\nu}_\mu$ beam

flip sign \rightarrow

solar + KamLAND *et al.*

$$\Delta m_{ij}^2 \equiv m_i^2 - m_j^2$$

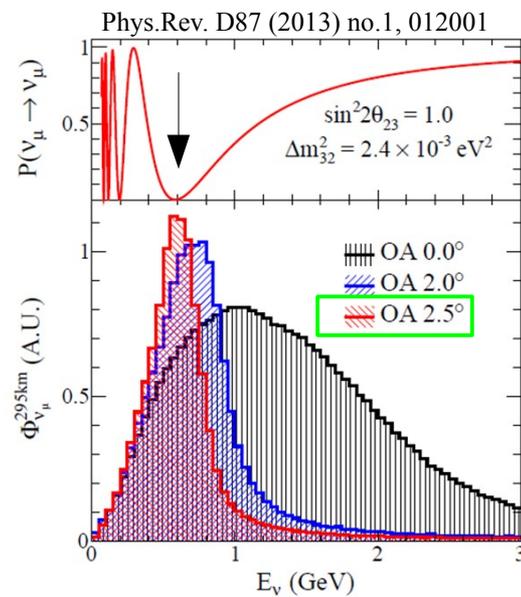
$$P(\bar{\nu}_\mu \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e) \simeq \sin^2 2\theta_{13} \sin^2 \Delta_{32} \left(\sin^2 \theta_{23} \left(1 + \frac{\sin 2\theta_{12} \sin 2\theta_{23}}{2 \sin \theta_{13}} \sin \delta_{CP} \sin \Delta_{21} \right) \right)$$

$$P(\bar{\nu}_\mu \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\mu) = P(\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\mu) \text{ by CPT symmetry}$$

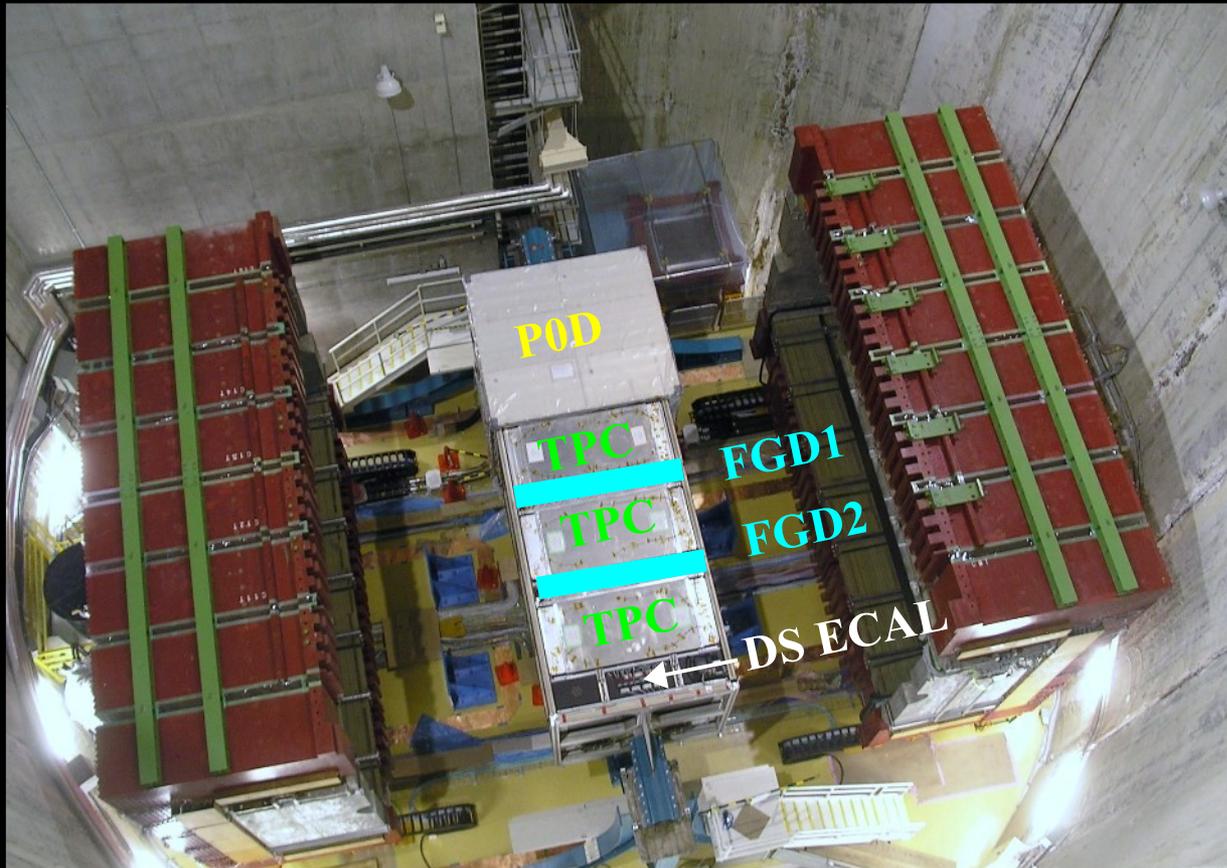
CP-odd term in appearance channels allow extraction of δ_{CP} using neutrino and anti-neutrino beams, up to $\pm 30\%$ effect at T2K – unique opportunities for experiments with accelerator neutrinos

Off-axis neutrino beams:
Reduce dependence on pion energy \rightarrow narrow-band

Spectrum peak at maximum disappearance @SK



T2K off-axis near detector (ND280)



P0D: Pi0 Detector
contains H_2O targets

Tracker:

- FGD: Fine-Grained Detector
 1. plastic scintillator C_8H_8 target
 2. $C_8H_8 + H_2O$ target
- Time Projection Chamber (TPC)

Electromagnetic Calorimeter (ECAL):
surrounding P0D and tracker

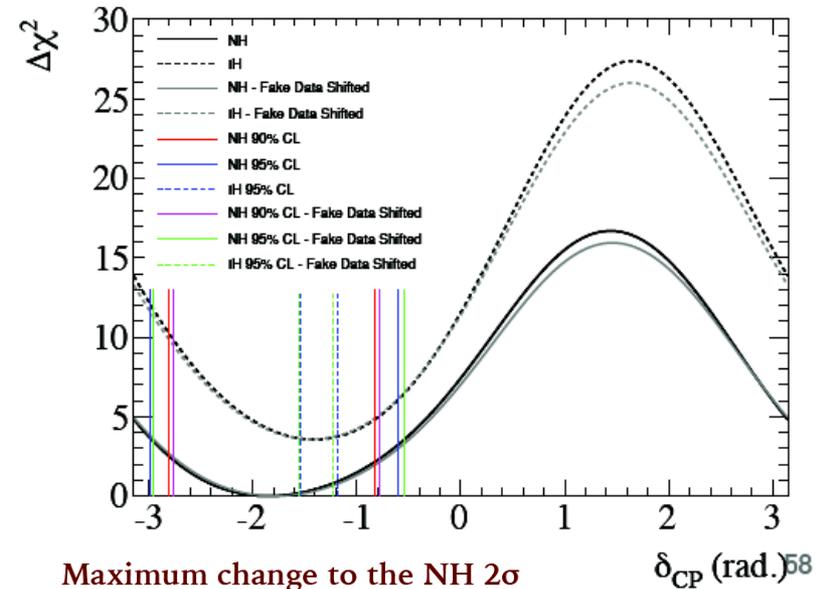
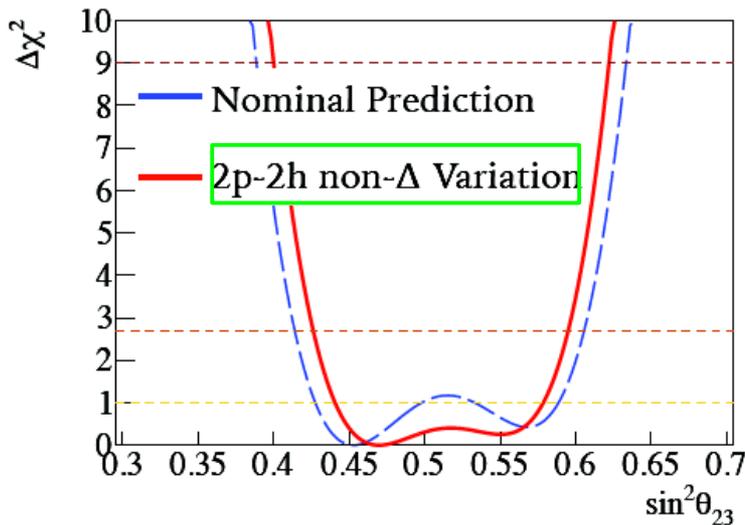
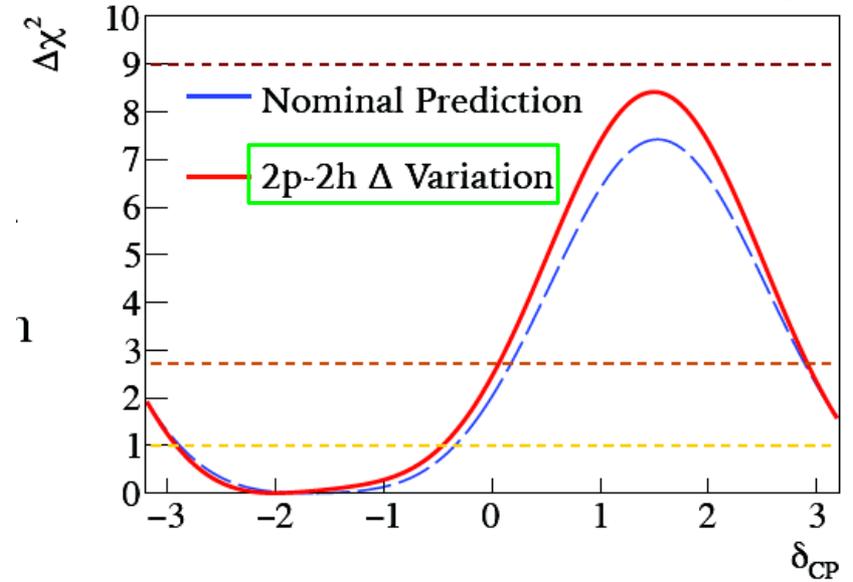
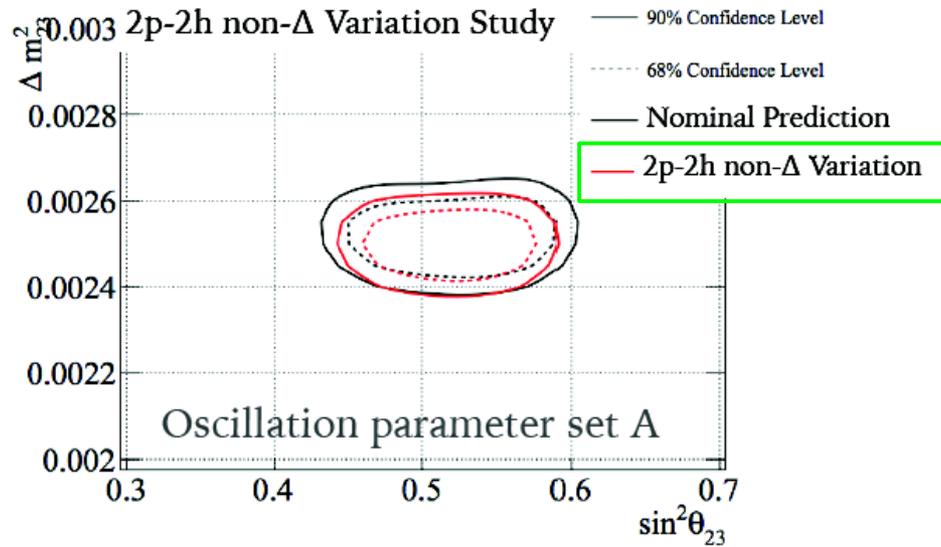
Side Muon Range Detector:
in magnet yokes

- constrain beam flux and cross section for oscillation analysis
- stand-alone neutrino interaction measurements

Impact of data-driven variation on sensitivity:

variation = pre-fit/model prediction difference at ND280

Shift $\Delta\chi^2$ observed in data (bottom plot) by difference observed in systematic study (top plot)



Maximum change to the NH 2σ confidence interval was 2.3%

Impact on δ_{CP} intervals is small

Effect seen on $\sin^2\theta_{23}$ and Δm_{32}^2

Will be addressed in future by 4π sample, hadronic recoil, ND upgrade

END