

Hadron spectroscopy: Lattice QCD

Christopher Thomas, University of Cambridge

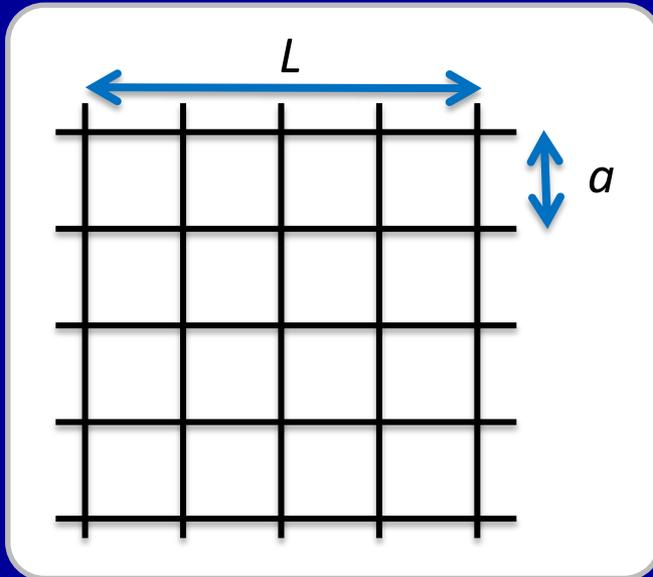
c.e.thomas@damtp.cam.ac.uk

PANIC 2017, Beijing, 1 – 5 September 2017



Lattice QCD Spectroscopy

Systematically-improvable
first-principles calculations



- **Discretise** spacetime in a **finite volume**
- Compute correlation fns. numerically
(Euclidean time, $t \rightarrow i t$)

Note:

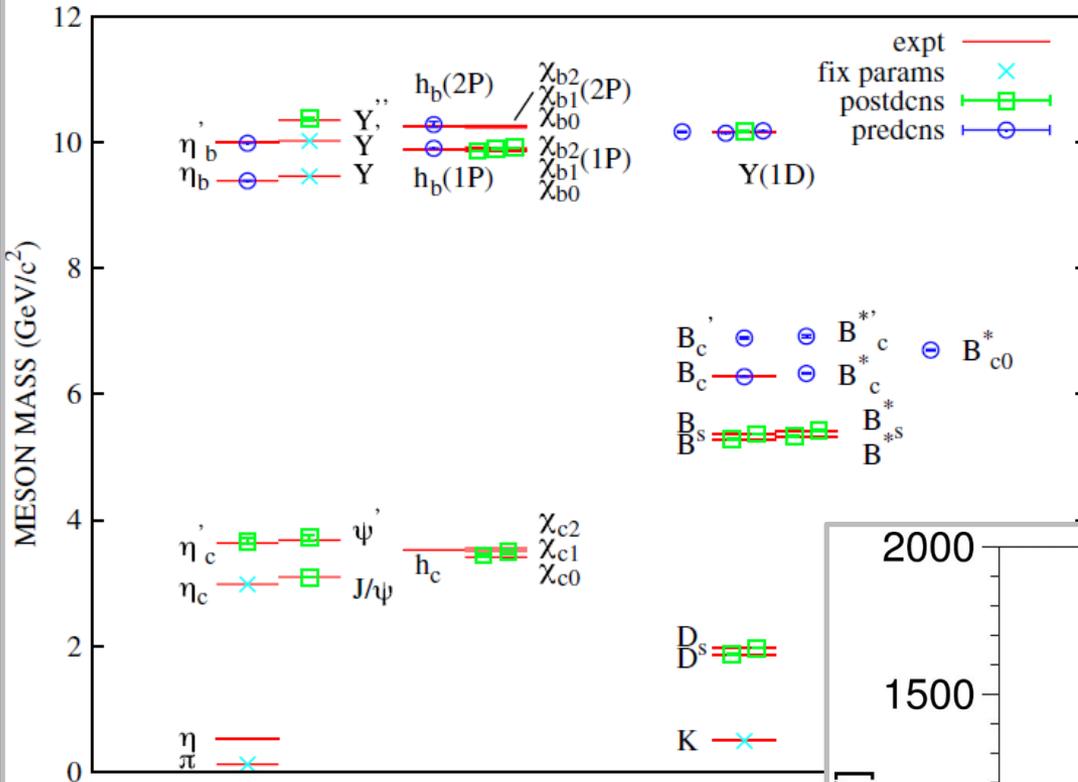
- Finite a and L
- Possibly heavy u, d quarks
(\rightarrow unphysical m_π)

Finite-volume energy eigenstates from:

$$C_{ij}(t) = \langle 0 | \mathcal{O}_i(t) \mathcal{O}_j^\dagger(0) | 0 \rangle$$

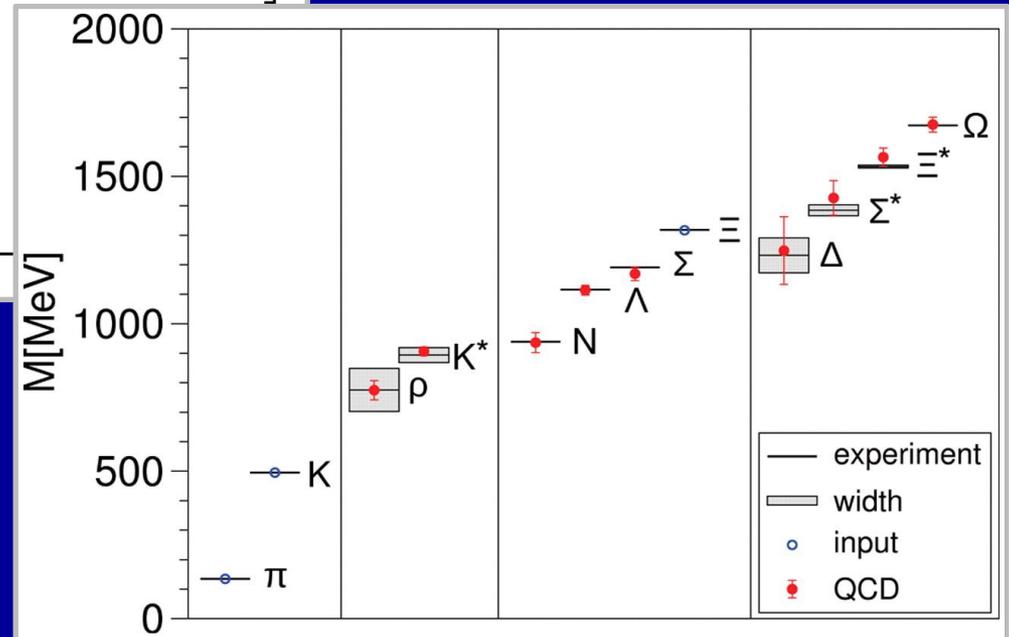


Lower-lying mesons and baryons

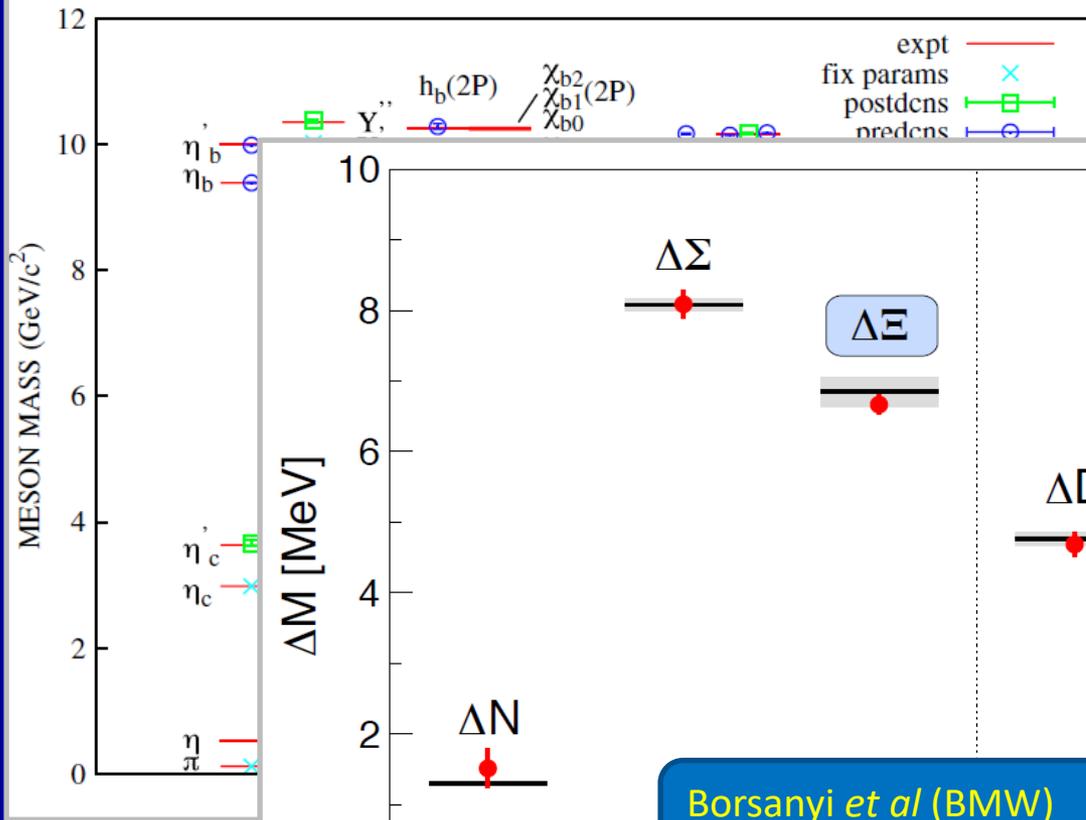


Durr *et al* (BMW Collaboration)
[Science 322, 1224 (2008)]

Dowdall *et al* (HPQCD)
[PR D86, 094510 (2012)]



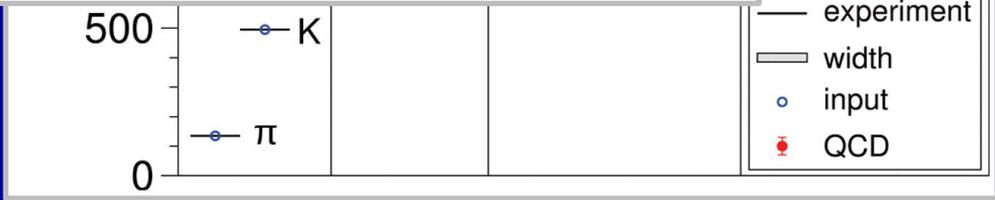
Lower-lying mesons and baryons



Dowdall *et al*
 [PR D86, 094]

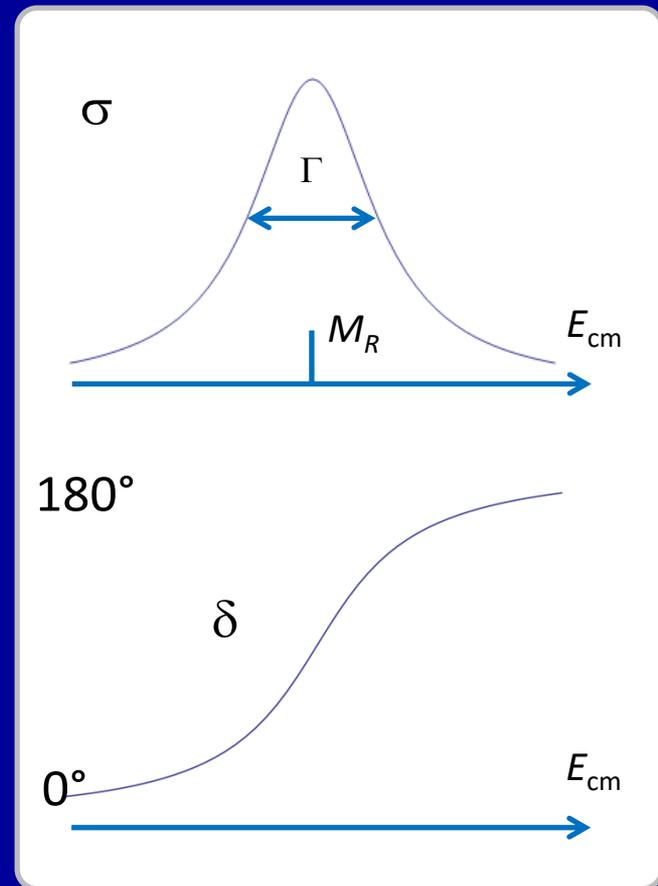
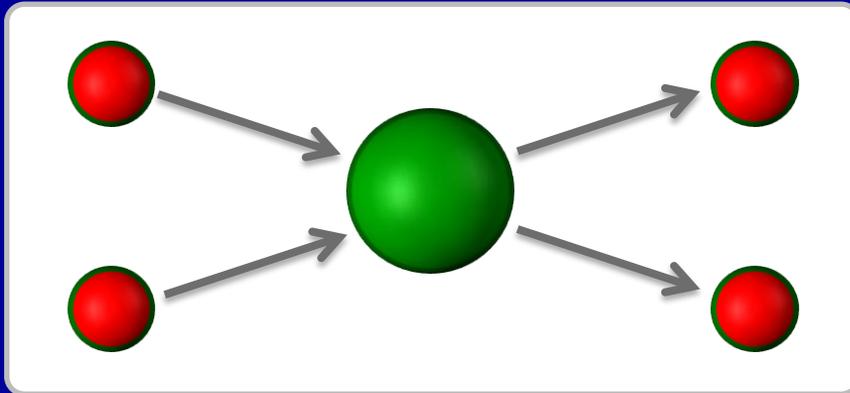
Borsanyi *et al* (BMW)
 Science 347, 1452 (2015)

(laboration)
 (2008)]



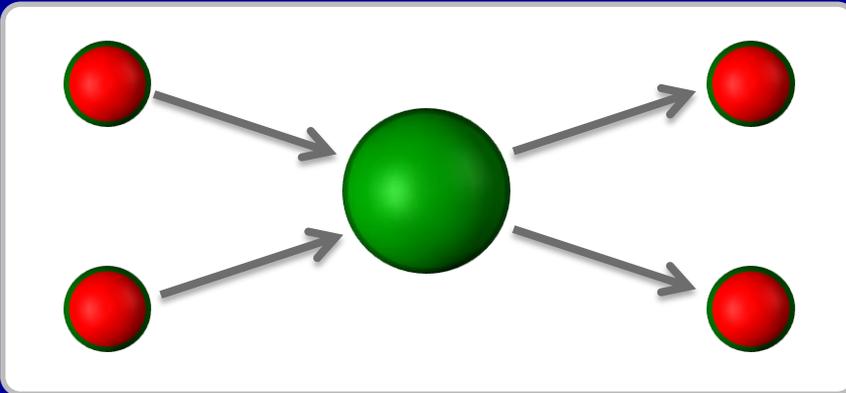
Scattering and resonances

Most hadrons appear as resonances in scattering of lighter hadrons

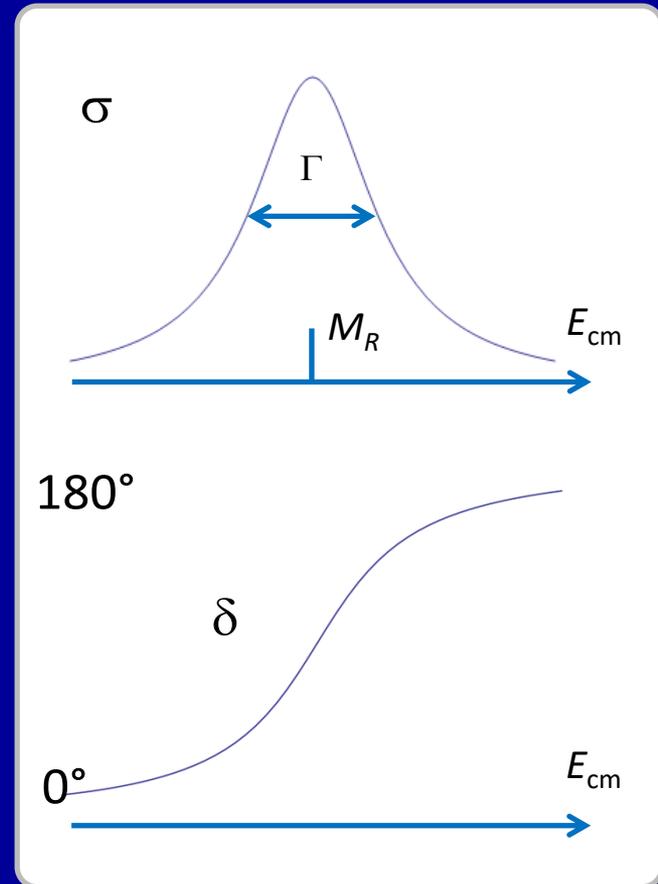
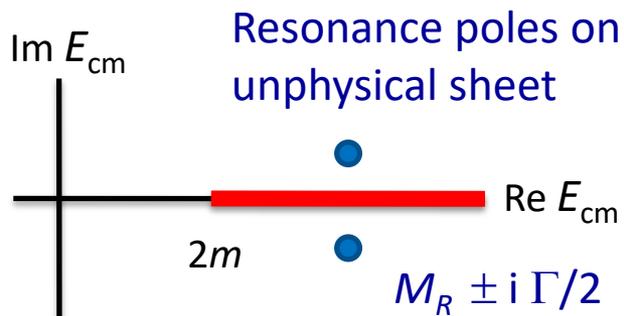


Scattering and resonances

Most hadrons appear as resonances in scattering of lighter hadrons

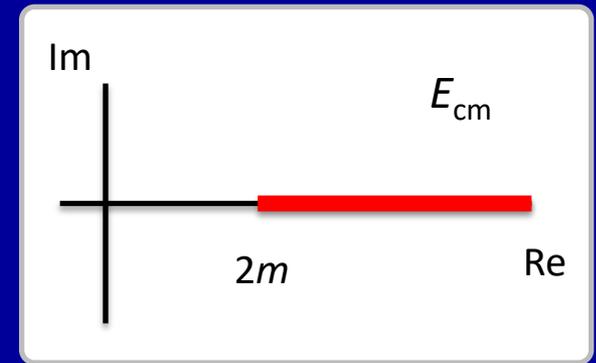


Singularity structure
of scattering matrix



Scattering in Lattice QCD

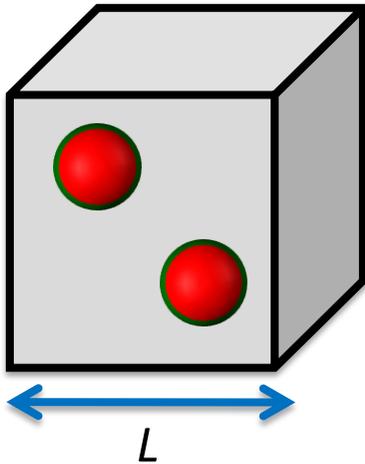
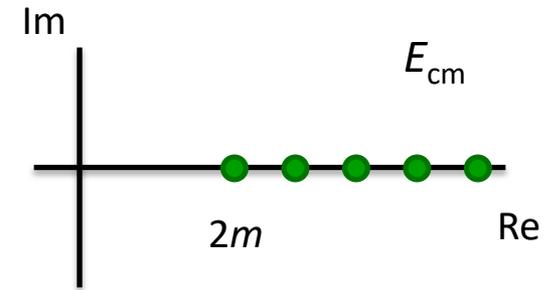
Infinite volume – contin. spectrum above thresh.



Scattering in Lattice QCD

Infinite volume – contin. spectrum above thresh.

Finite volume – discrete spectrum



Non-interacting: $\vec{k}_{A,B} = \frac{2\pi}{L}(n_x, n_y, n_z)$

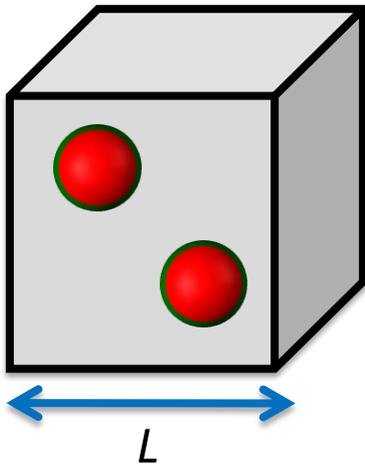
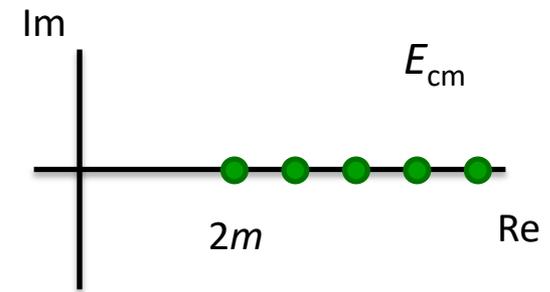
Interacting: $\vec{k}_{A,B} \neq \frac{2\pi}{L}(n_x, n_y, n_z)$

[periodic b.c.s]

Scattering in Lattice QCD

Infinite volume – contin. spectrum above thresh.

Finite volume – discrete spectrum



Non-interacting: $\vec{k}_{A,B} = \frac{2\pi}{L}(n_x, n_y, n_z)$

Interacting: $\vec{k}_{A,B} \neq \frac{2\pi}{L}(n_x, n_y, n_z)$

$$t(E_{\text{cm}}) = \begin{pmatrix} t_{\pi\pi \rightarrow \pi\pi}(E_{\text{cm}}) & t_{\pi\pi \rightarrow K\bar{K}}(E_{\text{cm}}) \\ t_{K\bar{K} \rightarrow \pi\pi}(E_{\text{cm}}) & t_{K\bar{K} \rightarrow K\bar{K}}(E_{\text{cm}}) \end{pmatrix}$$

Lüscher method (and extensions): relate **finite-volume energy levels** to **infinite-volume scattering t -matrix**.

Elastic scattering: 1-to-1 correspondence (ignoring partial-wave mixing).

But in **general under-constrained problem** (determinant equ. at each E_{cm})

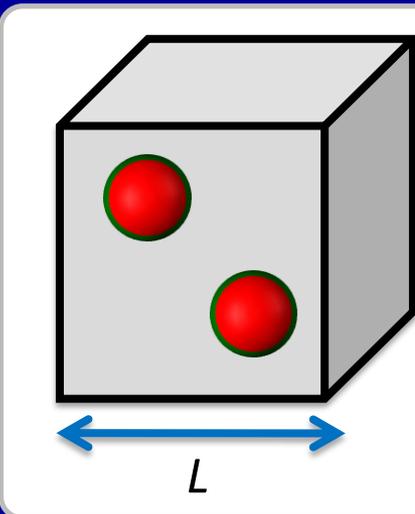
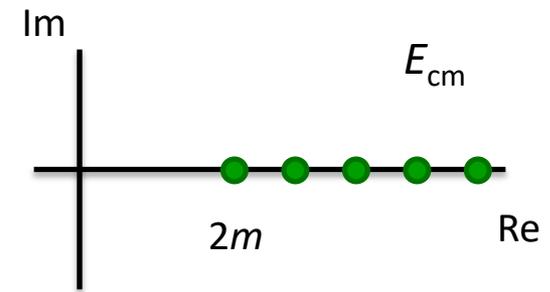
→ parameterize E_{cm} dependence of t -matrix and fit $\{E_{\text{lat}}\}$ to $\{E_{\text{param}}\}$

Consider many different parameterizations (e.g. K -matrix, eff. range, B.W.)

Scattering in Lattice QCD

Infinite volume – contin. spectrum above thresh.

Finite volume – discrete spectrum



Non-interacting: $\vec{k}_{A,B} = \frac{2\pi}{L}(n_x, n_y, n_z)$

Interacting: $\vec{k}_{A,B} \neq \frac{2\pi}{L}(n_x, n_y, n_z)$

$$t(E_{\text{cm}}) = \begin{pmatrix} t_{\pi\pi \rightarrow \pi\pi}(E_{\text{cm}}) & t_{\pi\pi \rightarrow K\bar{K}}(E_{\text{cm}}) \\ t_{K\bar{K} \rightarrow \pi\pi}(E_{\text{cm}}) & t_{K\bar{K} \rightarrow K\bar{K}}(E_{\text{cm}}) \end{pmatrix}$$

Lüscher method (and extensions): relate **finite-volume energy levels** to **infinite-volume scattering t -matrix**.

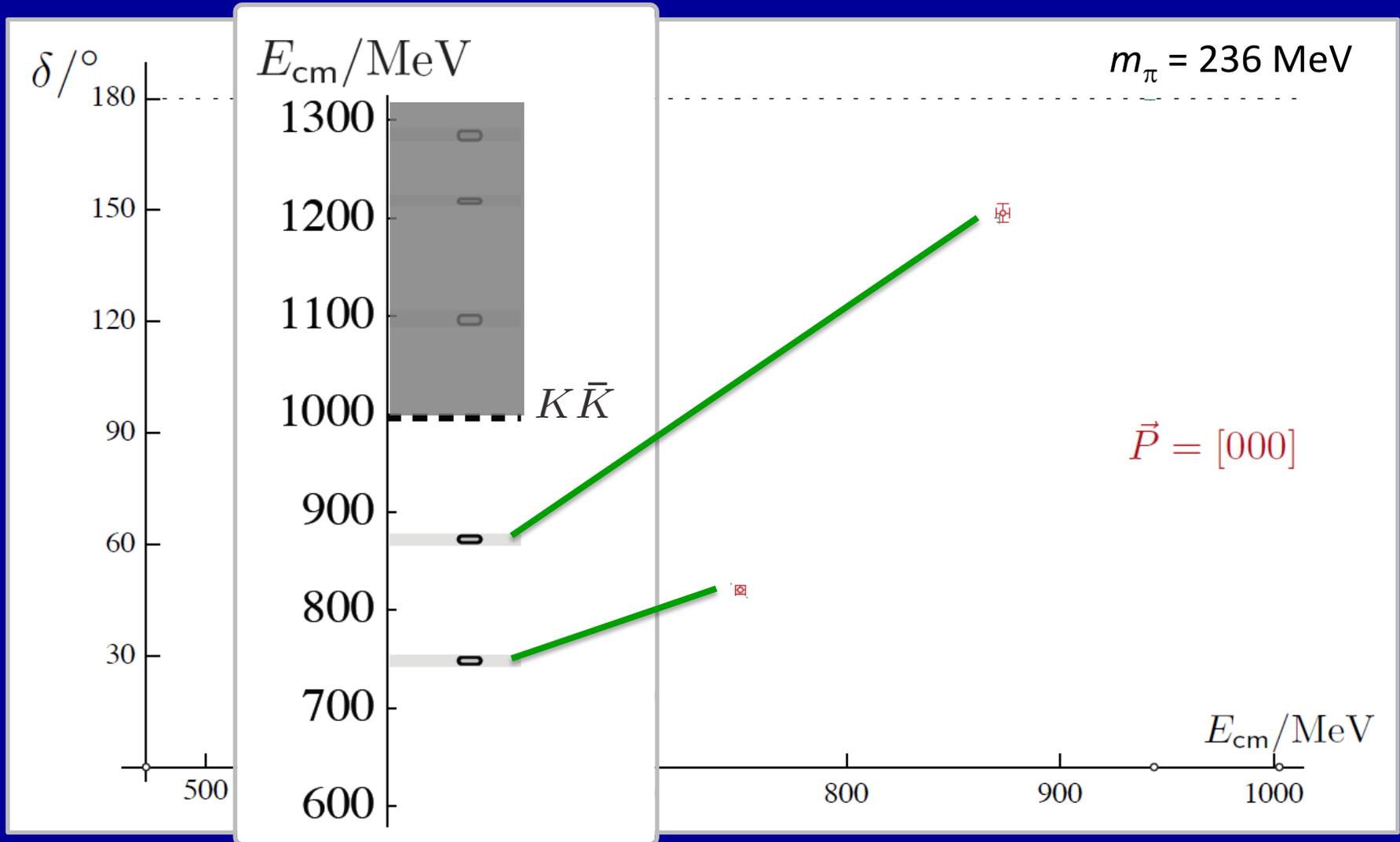
Elastic Currently limited to hadron-hadron scattering – progress being made on formalism for channels with > 2 hadrons.

But Recent review in Briceño, Dudek, Young [arXiv:1706.06223]

Con

The ρ resonance: elastic $\pi\pi$ scattering

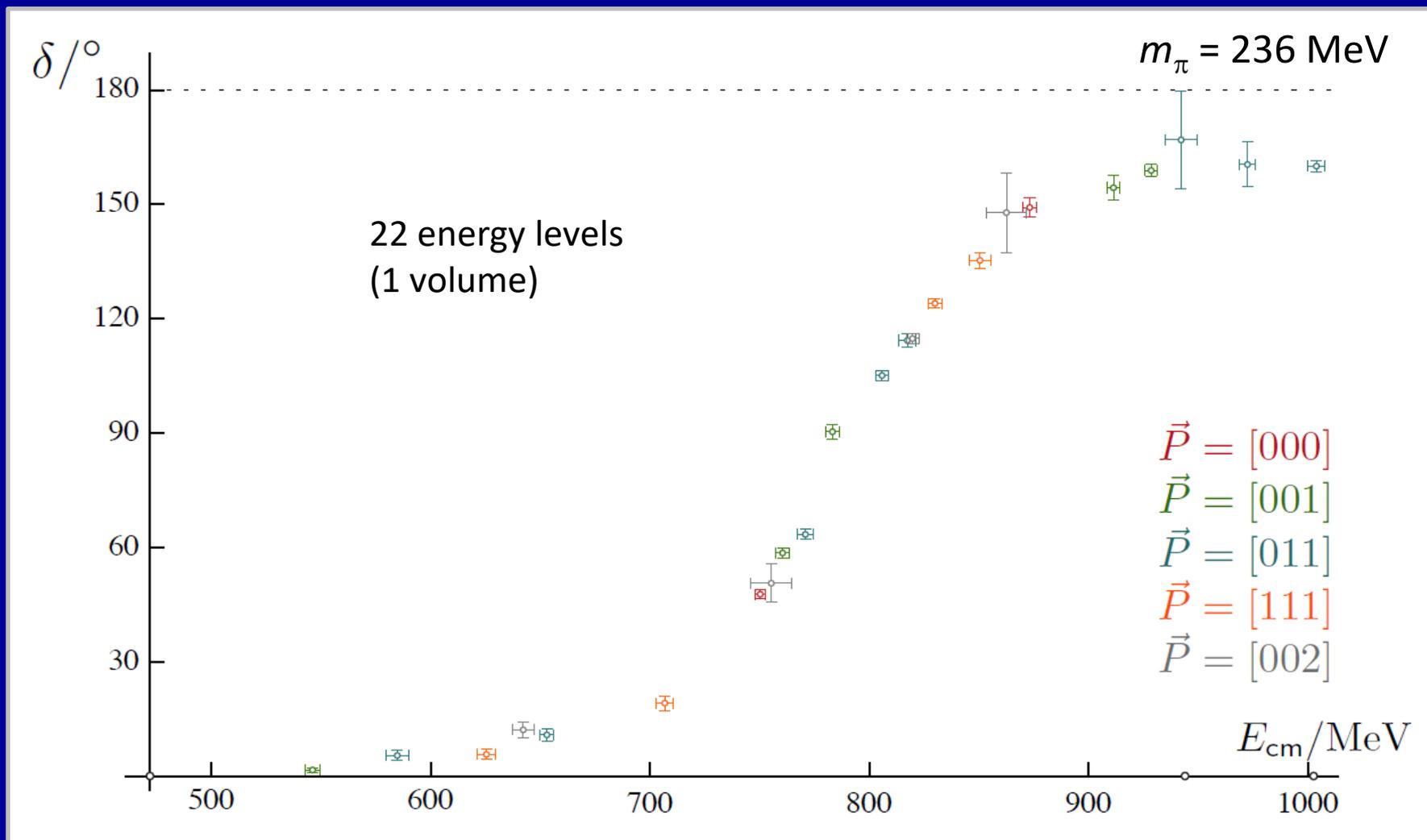
$(J^{PC} = 1^{--}, I = 1)$



(HadSpec) [PR D87, 034505 (2013); PR D92, 094502 (2015)]

The ρ resonance: elastic $\pi\pi$ scattering

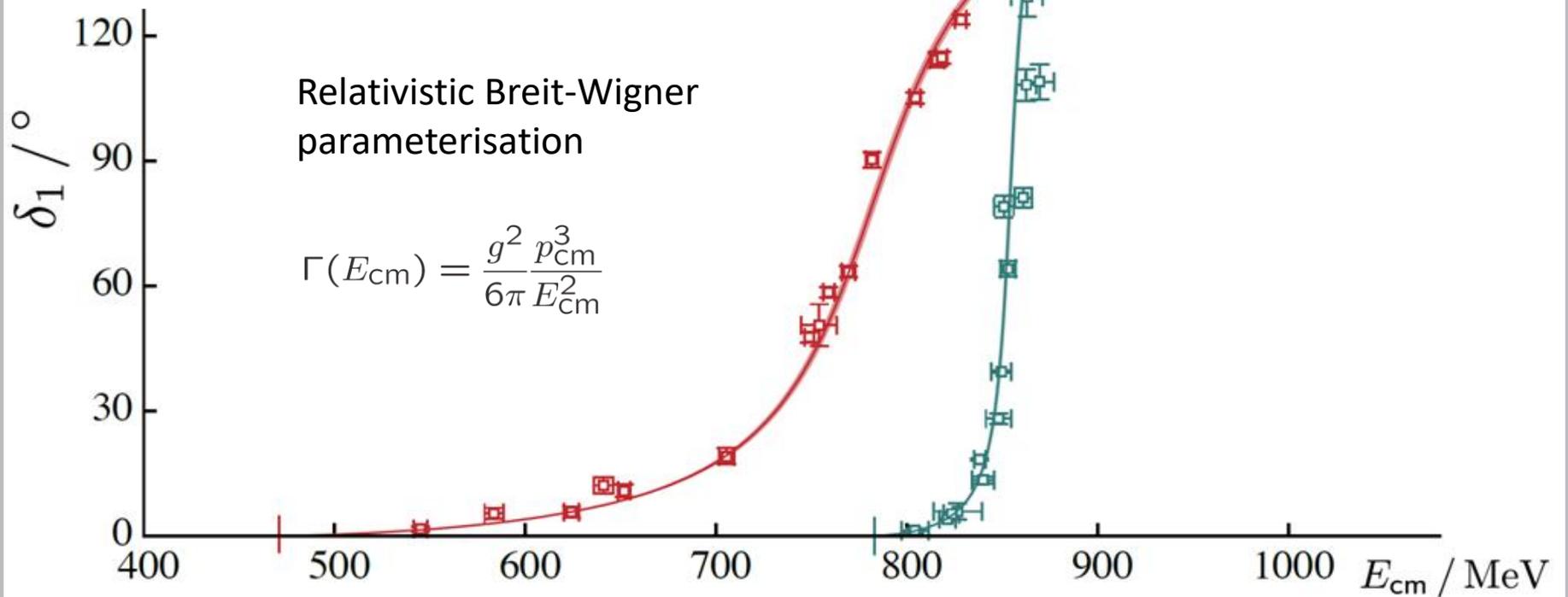
($J^{PC} = 1^{--}, I = 1$)



(HadSpec) [PR D87, 034505 (2013); PR D92, 094502 (2015)]

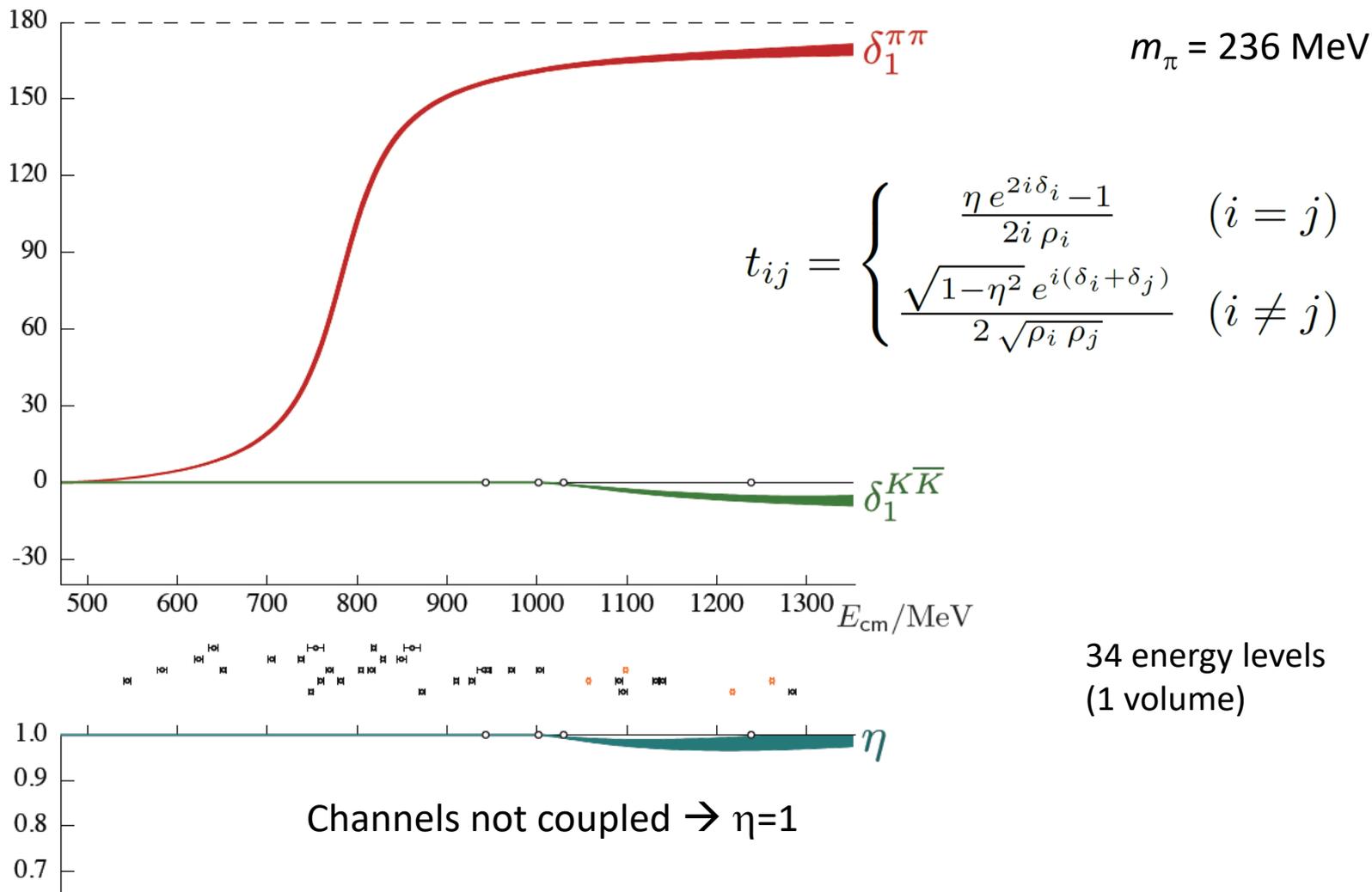
The ρ resonance: elastic $\pi\pi$ scattering

m_π / MeV	391	236	Experimental
M_R / MeV	854.1 ± 1.1	790 ± 2	775.49 ± 0.3
Γ / MeV	11.9 ± 0.6	87 ± 2	149.1 ± 0.8
g	5.698 ± 0.097 ± 0.003	5.688 ± 0.07 ± 0.03	≈ 5.9



(HadSpec) [PR D87, 034505 (2013); PR D92, 094502 (2015)]

The ρ resonance: coupled-channel $\pi\pi, K\bar{K}$



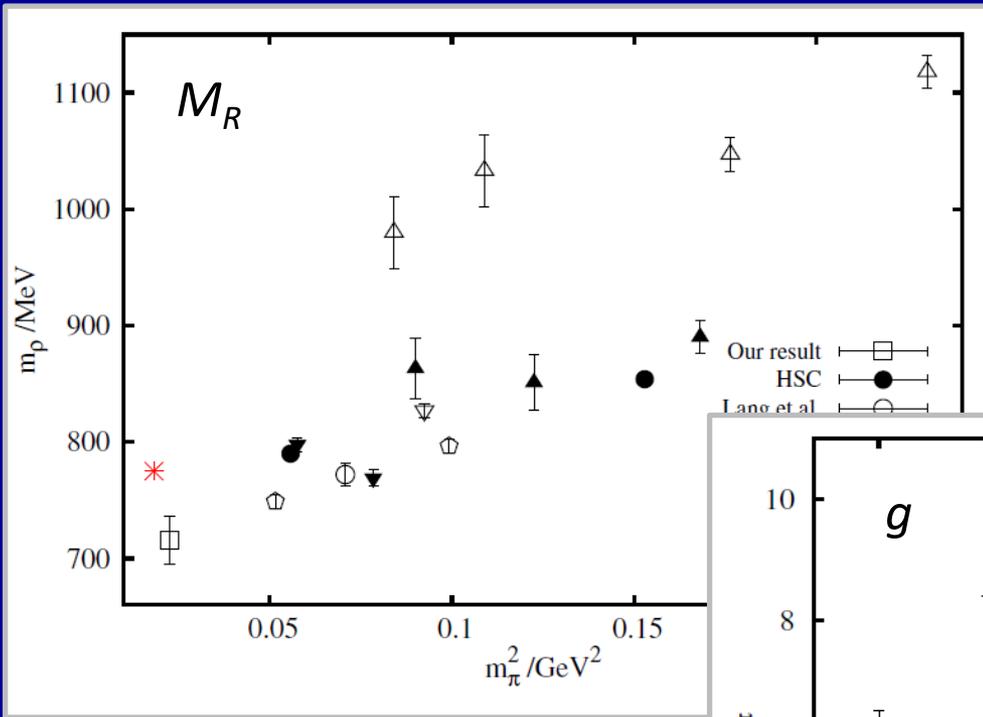
The ρ resonance: **elastic** $\pi\pi$ scattering: other calcs.

Some other recent lattice QCD calculations:

- Bali *et al* (RQCD) [PR D93, 054509 (2016)]: $m_\pi \approx 150$ MeV ($N_f = 2$)
- Bulava *et al* [NP B910, 842 (2016)]: $m_\pi \approx 240$ MeV
- Guo *et al* [PR D94, 034501 (2016)]: $m_\pi = 315, 226$ MeV ($N_f = 2$)
- Fu & Wang [PR D94, 034505 (2016)]: $m_\pi = 176 - 346$ MeV
- Alexandrou *et al* [arXiv:1704.05439]: $m_\pi = 317$ MeV

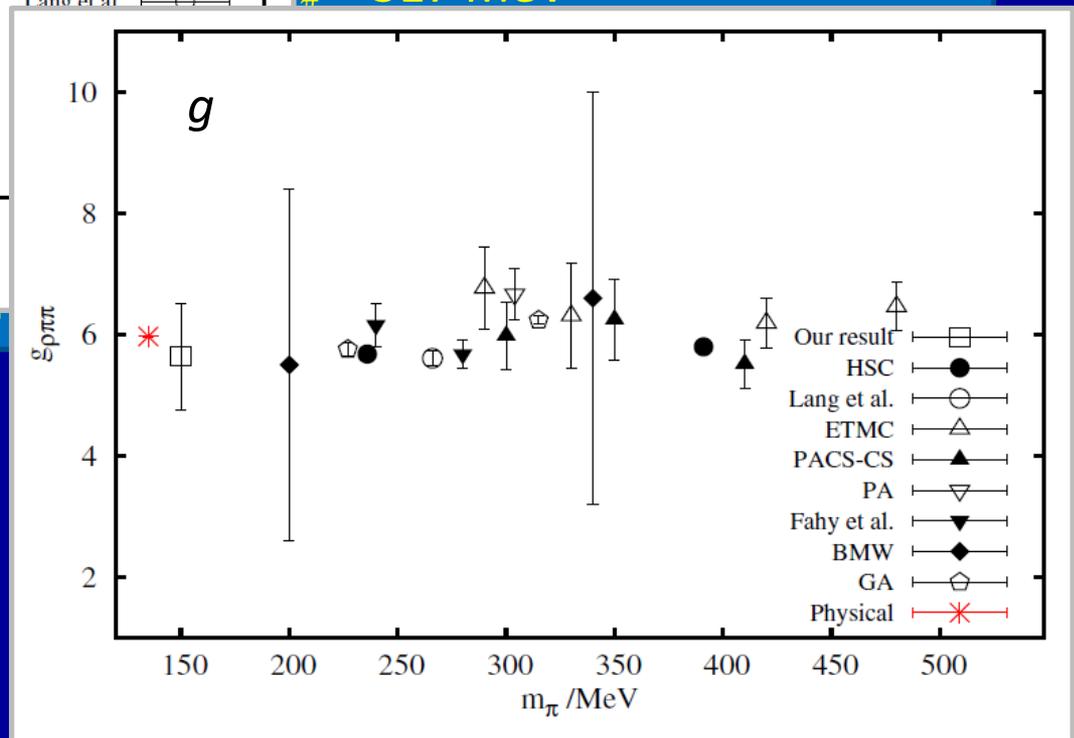
- Also chiral extrapolations/analyses including lattice data:
 - Bolton, Briceño, Wilson [PL B757, 50 (2016)]
 - Hu *et al* [PRL 117, 122001 (2016)]
 - Hu *et al* [PR D96, 034520 (2017)]

The ρ resonance: elastic $\pi\pi$ scattering: other calcs.



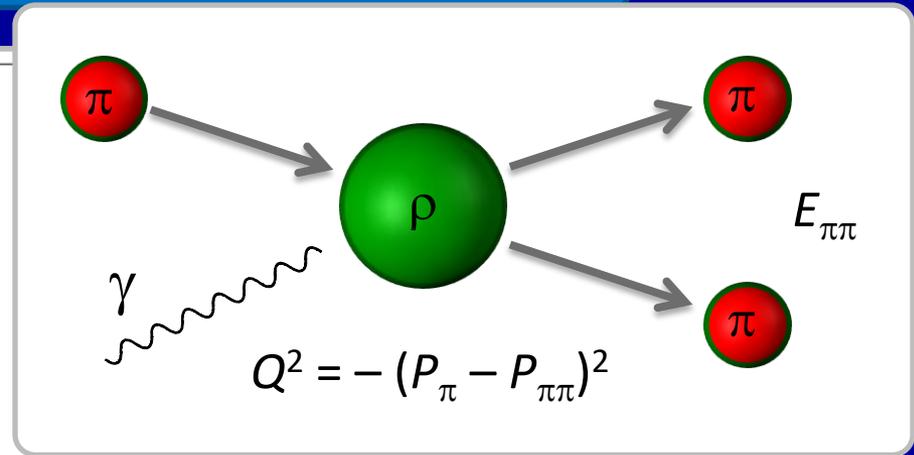
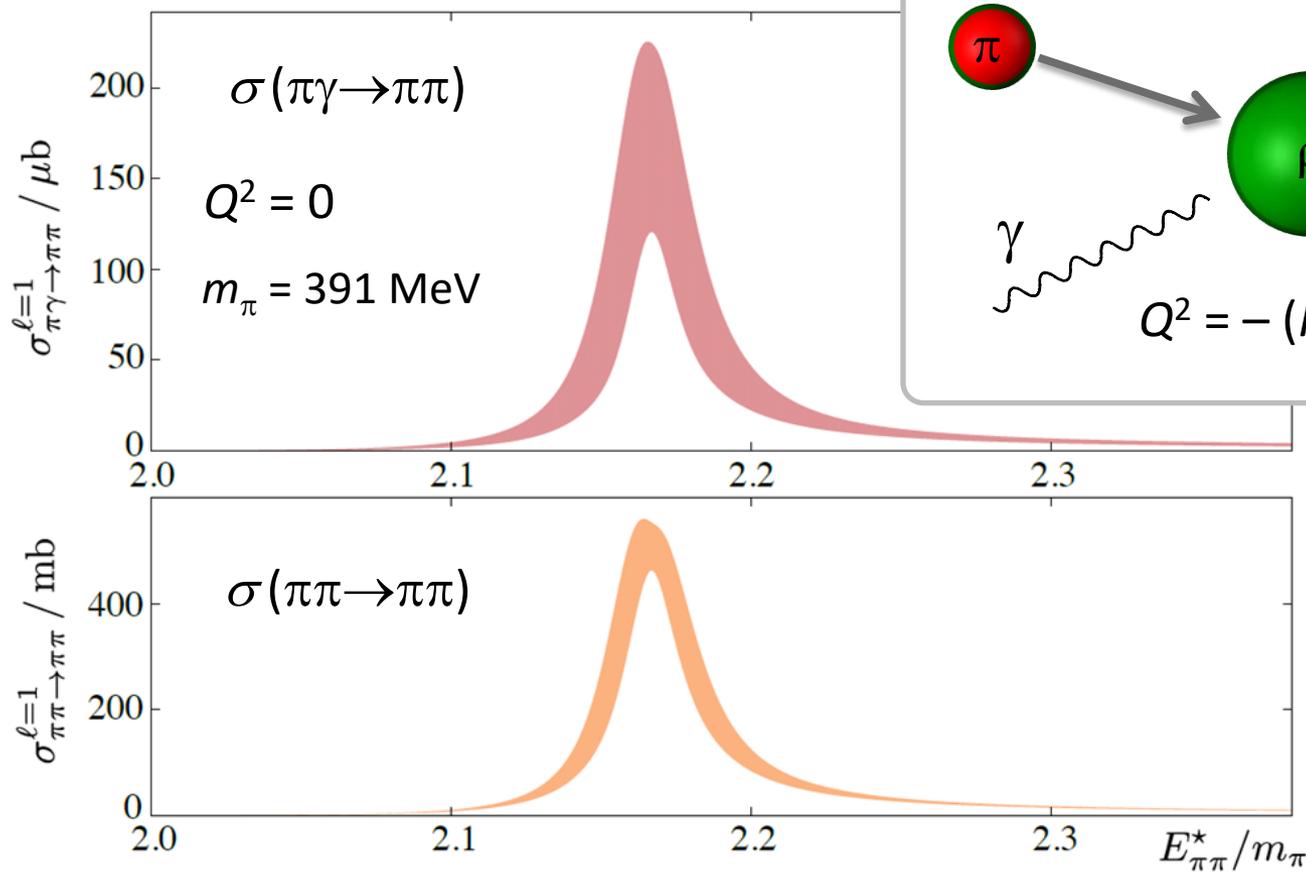
$m_\pi \approx 150$ MeV ($N_f = 2$)
 $m_\pi \approx 240$ MeV
 $m_\pi = 315, 226$ MeV ($N_f = 2$)
 $m_\pi = 176 - 346$ MeV
 $m_\pi = 317$ MeV

Bali *et al* (RQCD)
 [PR D93, 054509 (2016)]

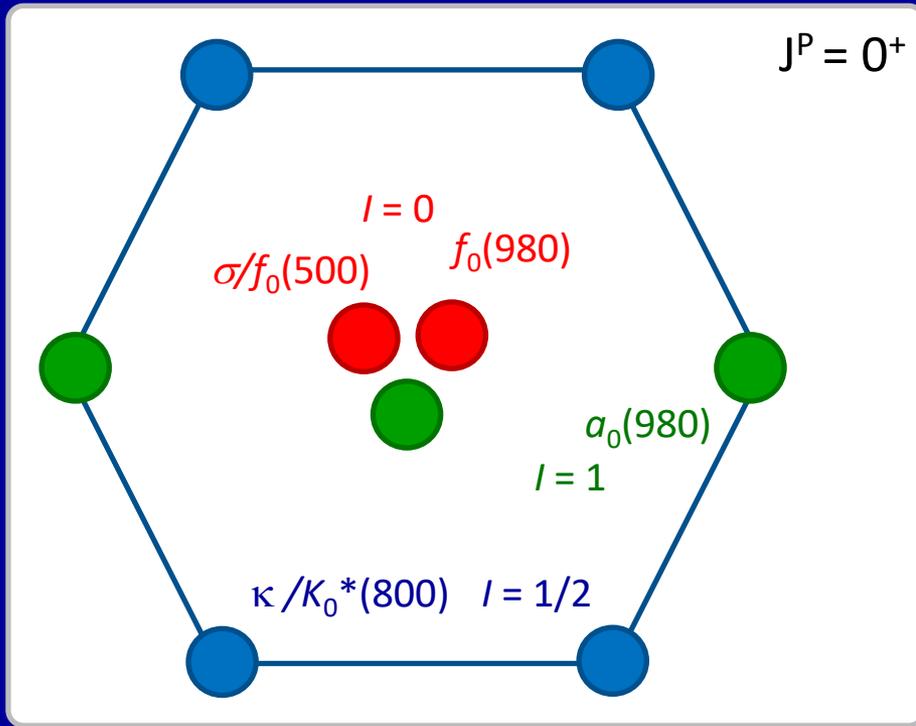


Resonant $\pi^+ \gamma \rightarrow \rho \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0$ amplitude

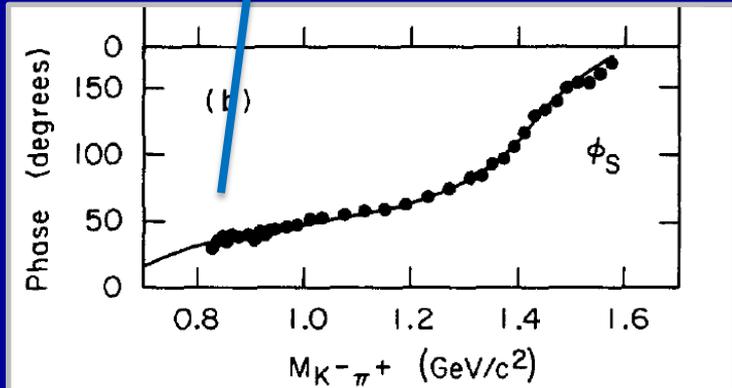
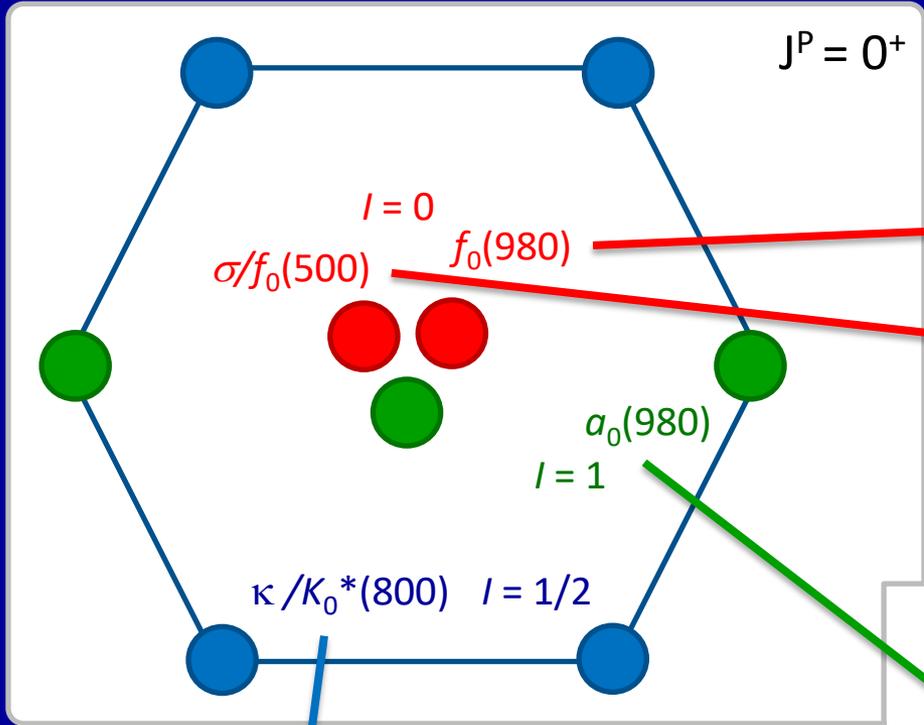
Need: $C_{ij}(t_f, t, t_i) = \langle 0 | O_i(t_f) \bar{\psi}(t) \gamma^\mu \psi(t) O_j(t_i) | 0 \rangle$



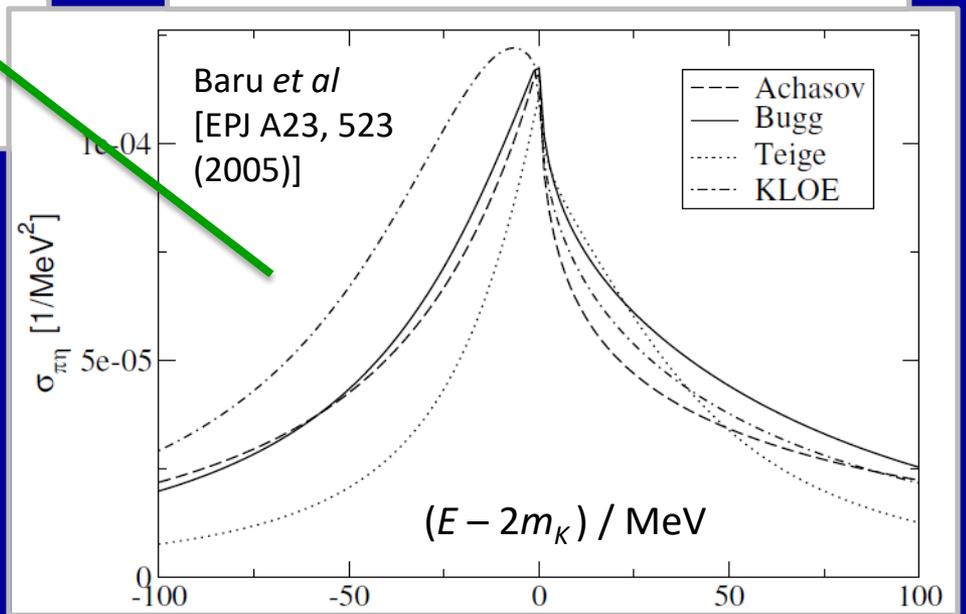
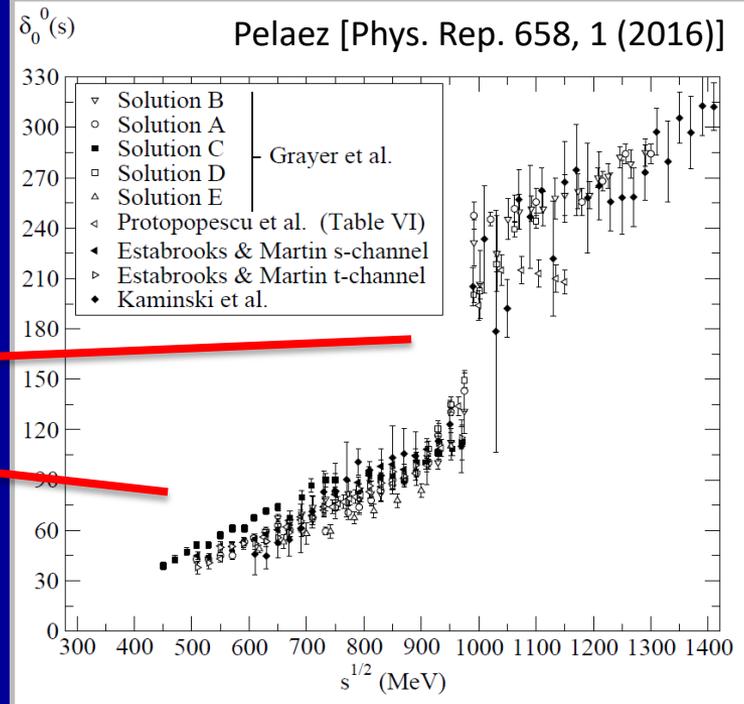
Light scalar mesons (< 1 GeV)



Light scalar mesons (< 1 GeV)



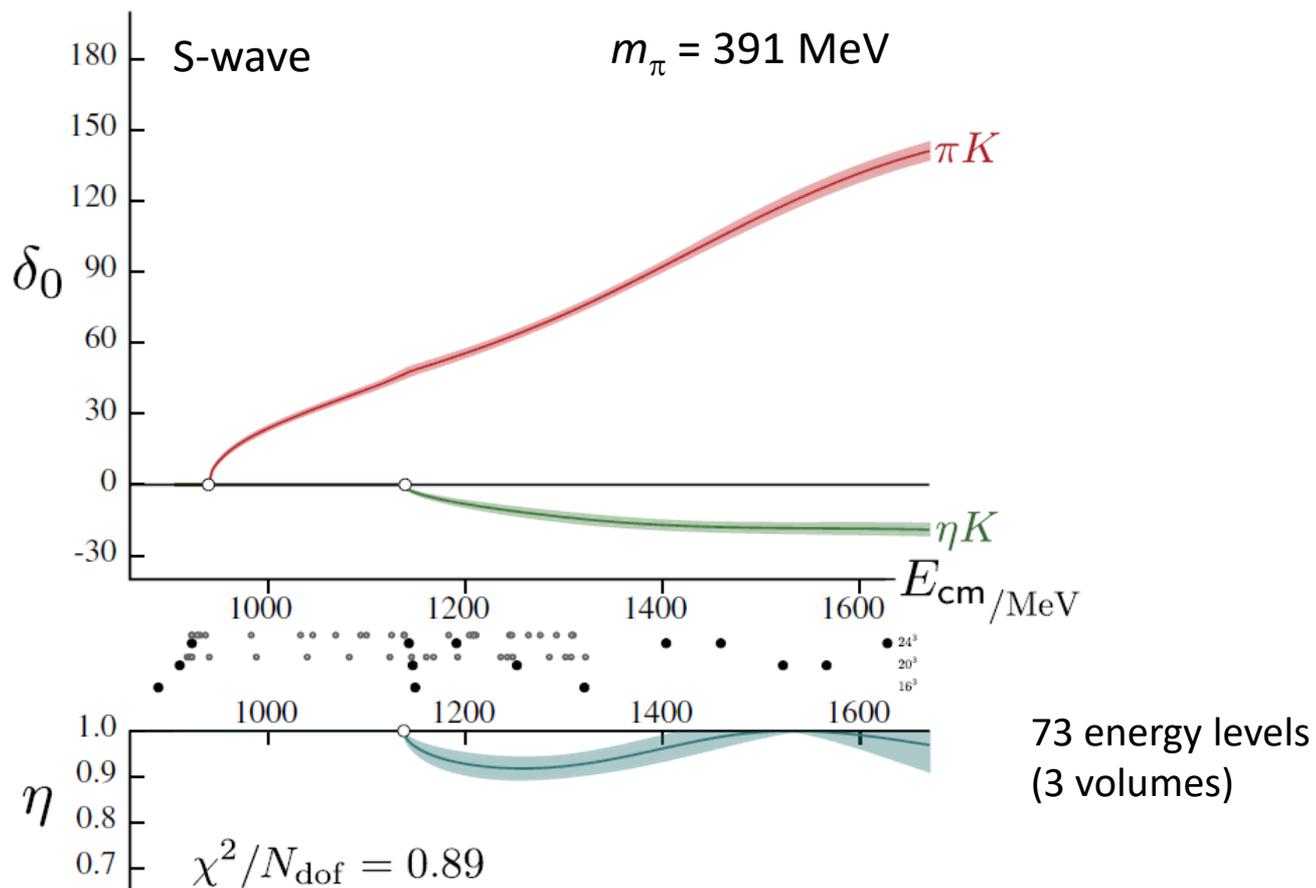
Aston *et al* (LASS) [NP B296, 493 (1988)]



Baru *et al* [EPJ A23, 523 (2005)]

κ in $\pi K, \eta K$

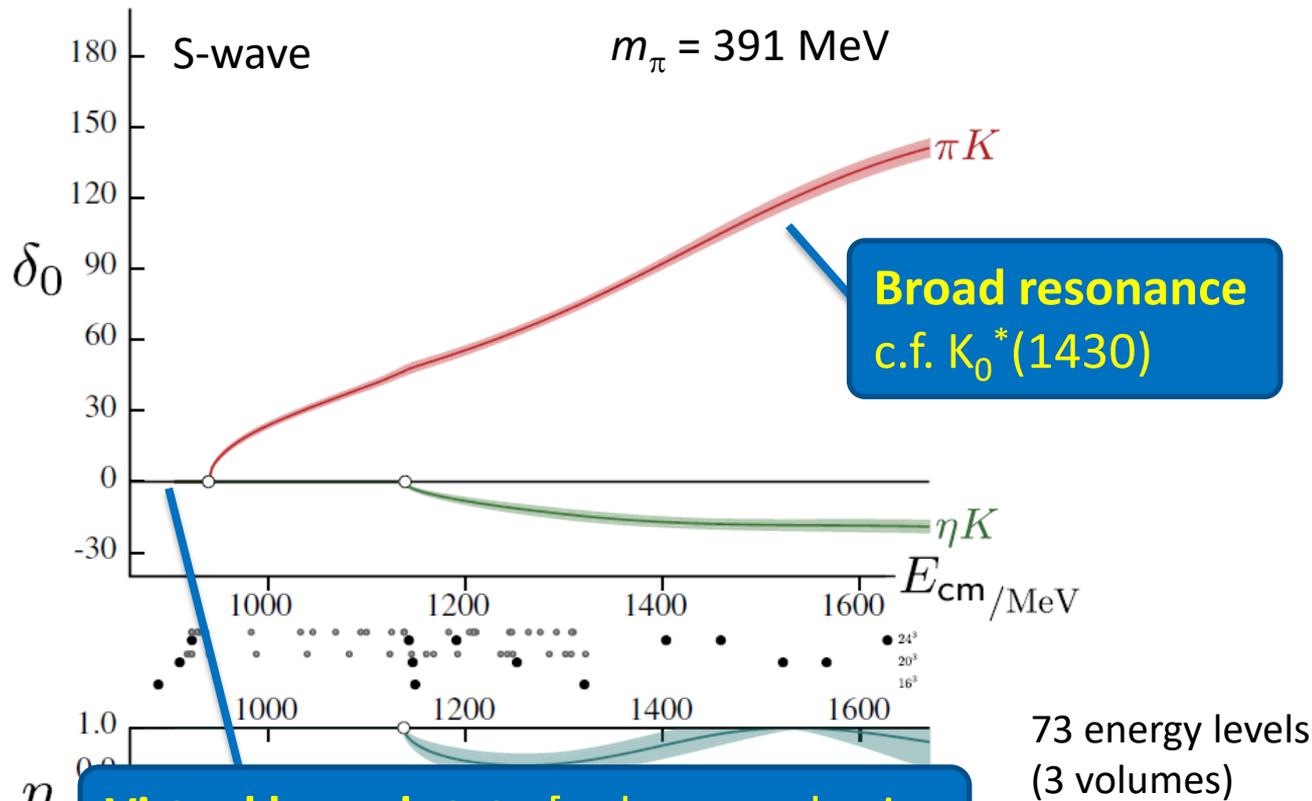
$J^P = 0^+, \text{Isospin} = \frac{1}{2}, \text{Strangeness} = 1$



Wilson, Dudek, Edwards, CT
(HadSpec) [PRL 113, 182001 (2014);
PR D91, 054008 (2015)]

κ in $\pi K, \eta K$

$J^P = 0^+,$ Isospin = $\frac{1}{2},$ Strangeness = 1



Broad resonance
c.f. $K_0^*(1430)$

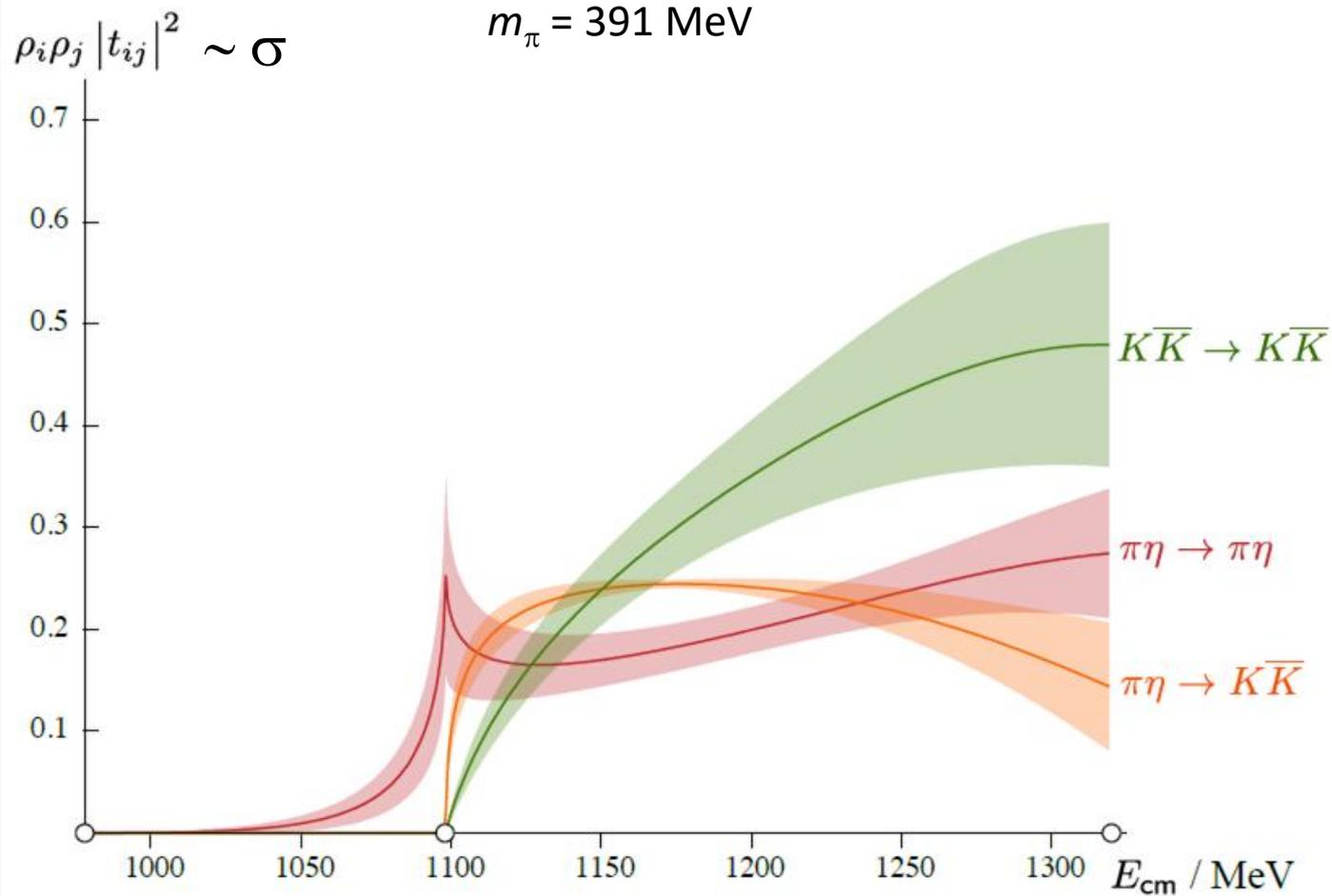
Virtual bound state [pole on real axis below threshold on unphysical sheet]

c.f. κ in unitarised χ pt [Nebreda & Pelaez, PR D81, 054035 (2010)]

Wilson, Dudek, Edwards, CT (HadSpec) [PRL 113, 182001 (2014); PR D91, 054008 (2015)]

a_0 in $\pi\eta, K\bar{K}$

$J^P = 0^+, I = 1$



Dudek, Edwards, Wilson (HadSpec)
[PR D93, 094506 (2016)]

a_0 in $\pi\eta, K\bar{K}$

$J^P = 0^+, I = 1$

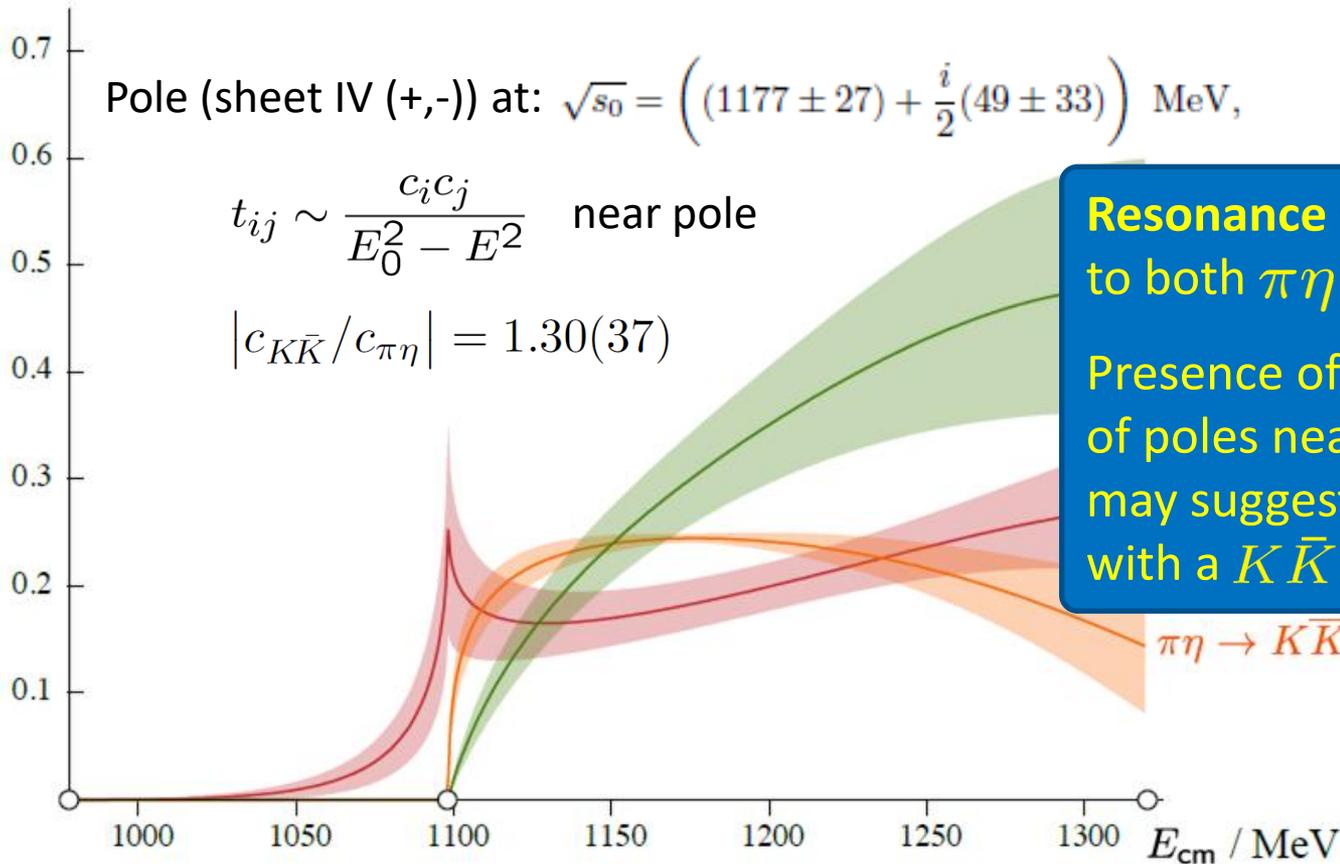
$$\rho_i \rho_j |t_{ij}|^2 \sim \sigma$$

$$m_\pi = 391 \text{ MeV}$$

Pole (sheet IV (+,-)) at: $\sqrt{s_0} = \left((1177 \pm 27) + \frac{i}{2}(49 \pm 33) \right) \text{ MeV},$

$$t_{ij} \sim \frac{c_i c_j}{E_0^2 - E^2} \quad \text{near pole}$$

$$|c_{K\bar{K}}/c_{\pi\eta}| = 1.30(37)$$



Resonance strongly coupled to both $\pi\eta$ and $K\bar{K}$

Presence of single conj. pair of poles near $K\bar{K}$ threshold may suggest it's associated with a $K\bar{K}$ molecular config.

Dudek, Edwards, Wilson (HadSpec)
[PR D93, 094506 (2016)]

a_0 in $\pi\eta, K\bar{K}$

$J^P = 0^+, I = 1$

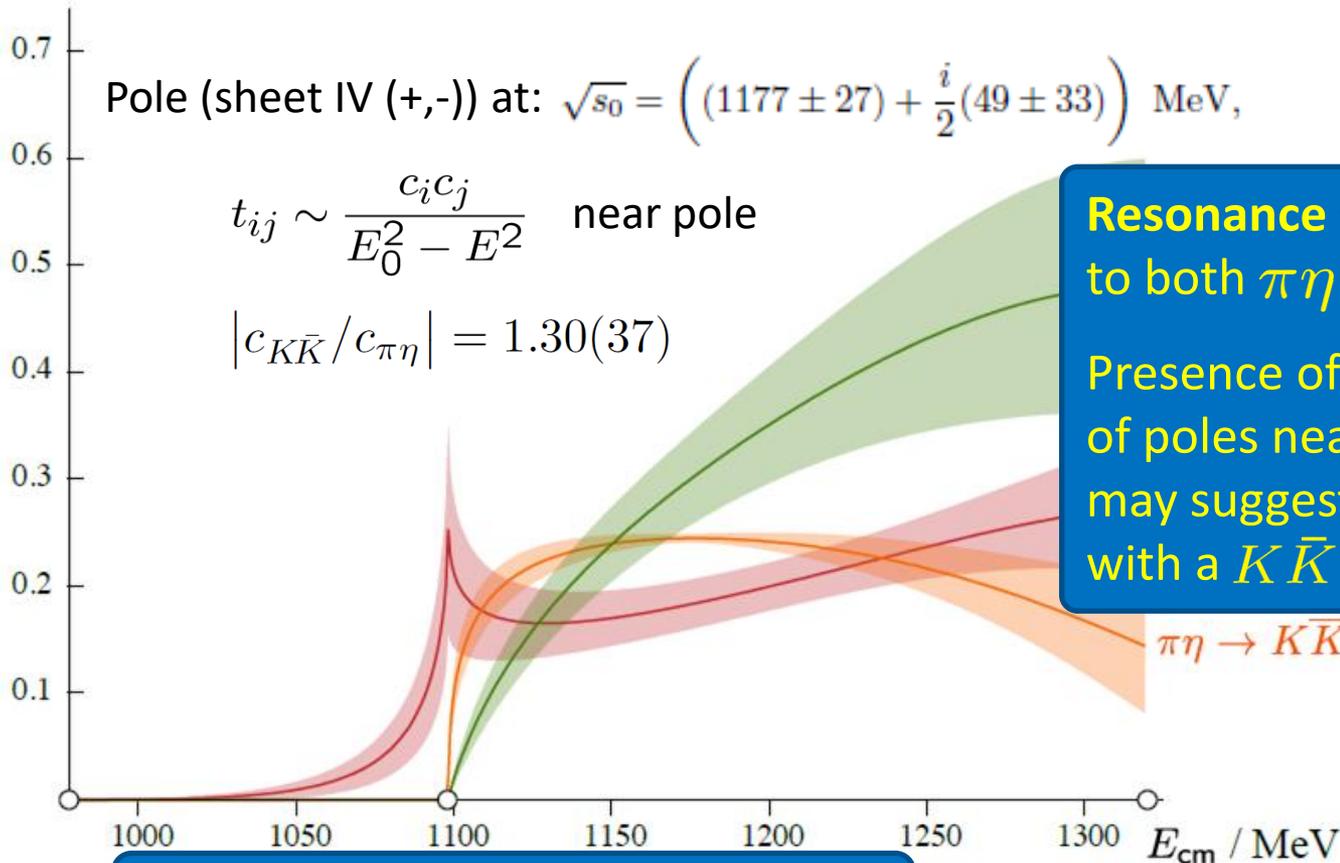
$$\rho_i \rho_j |t_{ij}|^2 \sim \sigma$$

$$m_\pi = 391 \text{ MeV}$$

Pole (sheet IV (+,-)) at: $\sqrt{s_0} = \left((1177 \pm 27) + \frac{i}{2}(49 \pm 33) \right) \text{ MeV},$

$$t_{ij} \sim \frac{c_i c_j}{E_0^2 - E^2} \quad \text{near pole}$$

$$|c_{K\bar{K}}/c_{\pi\eta}| = 1.30(37)$$



Resonance strongly coupled to both $\pi\eta$ and $K\bar{K}$

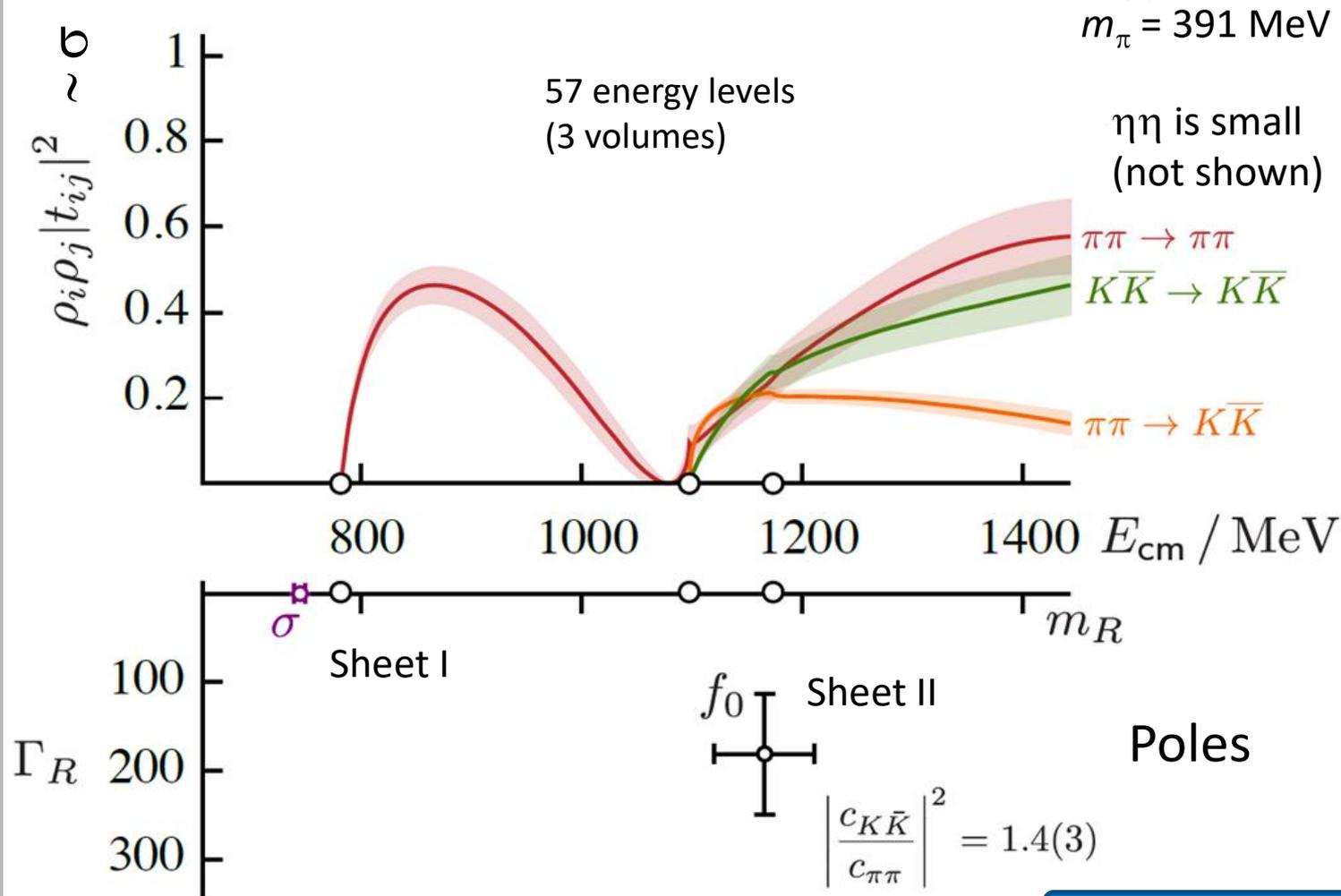
Presence of single conj. pair of poles near $K\bar{K}$ threshold may suggest it's associated with a $K\bar{K}$ molecular config.

Unitarised χ pt analysis of this in Guo *et al* [PR D95, 054004 (2017)]

Dudek, Edwards, Wilson (HadSpec) [PR D93, 094506 (2016)]

$\sigma, f_0(980)$ in $\pi\pi, K\bar{K}, \eta\eta$

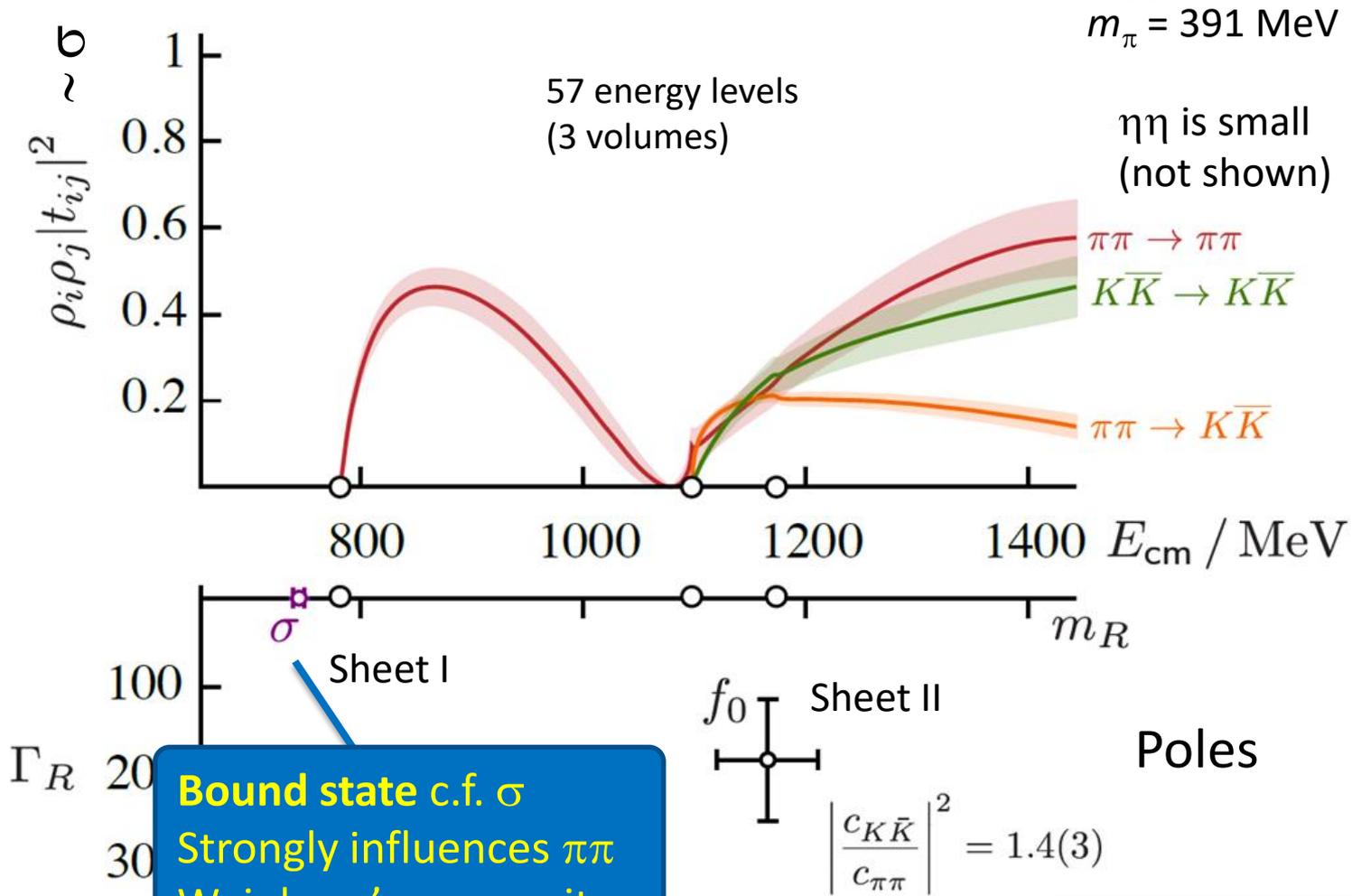
$J^P = 0^+, I = 0$



Briceño, Dudek, Edwards, Wilson
 (HadSpec) [arXiv:1708.06667]

$\sigma, f_0(980)$ in $\pi\pi, K\bar{K}, \eta\eta$

$J^P = 0^+, I = 0$

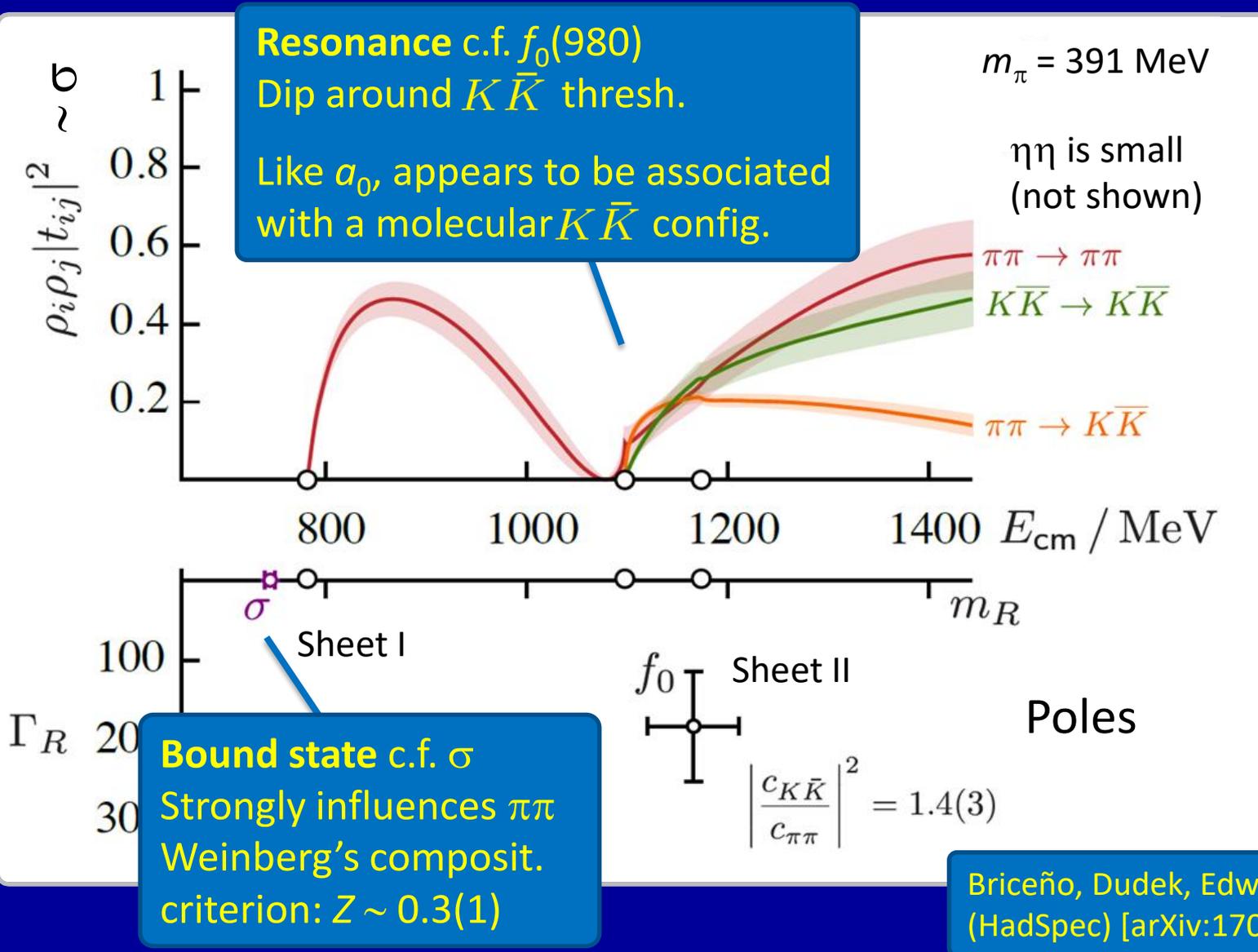


Bound state c.f. σ
 Strongly influences $\pi\pi$
 Weinberg's composit.
 criterion: $Z \sim 0.3(1)$

Briceño, Dudek, Edwards, Wilson
 (HadSpec) [arXiv:1708.06667]

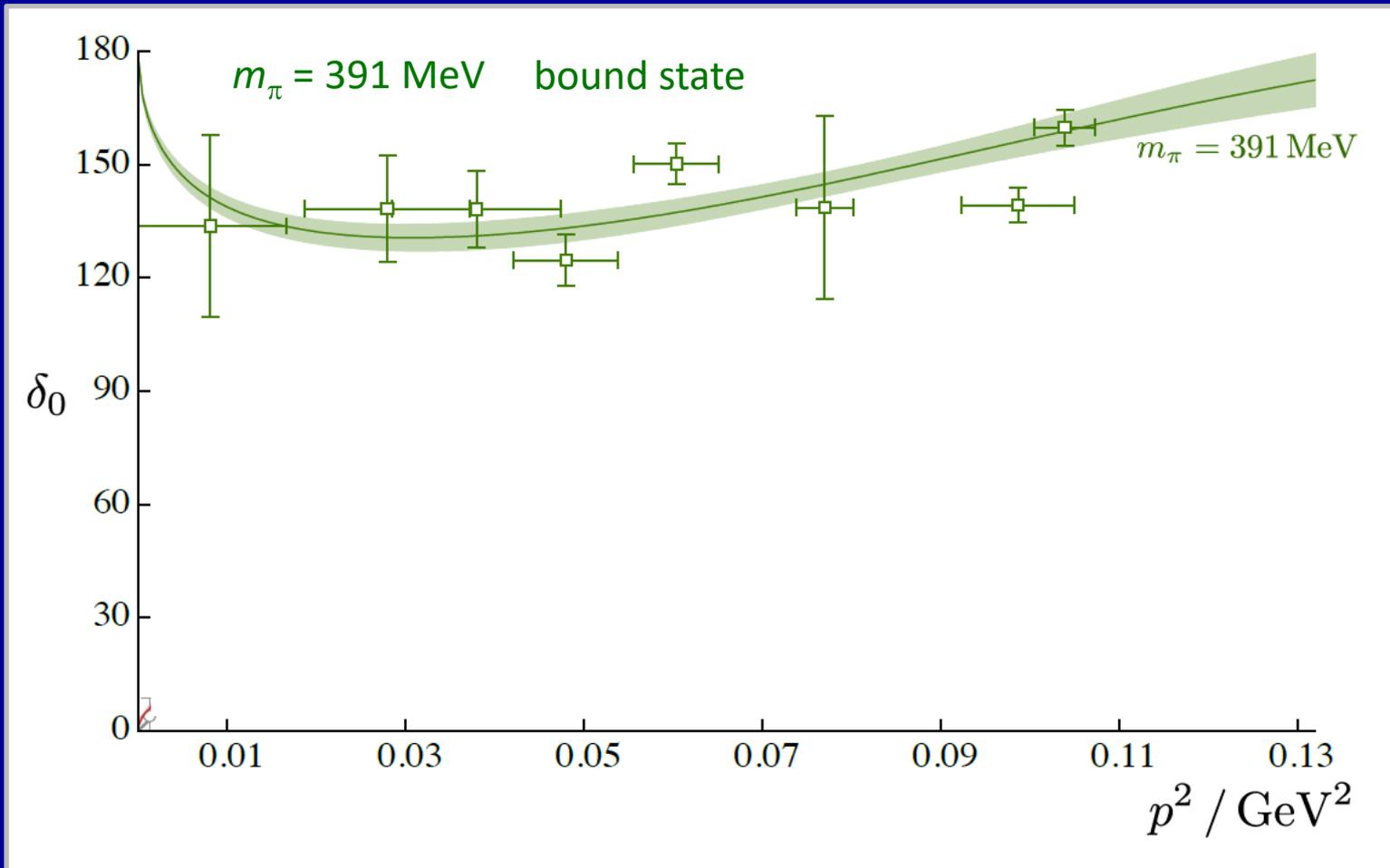
$\sigma, f_0(980)$ in $\pi\pi, K\bar{K}, \eta\eta$

$J^P = 0^+, I = 0$



$f_0(500)/\sigma$ in elastic $\pi\pi$ scattering

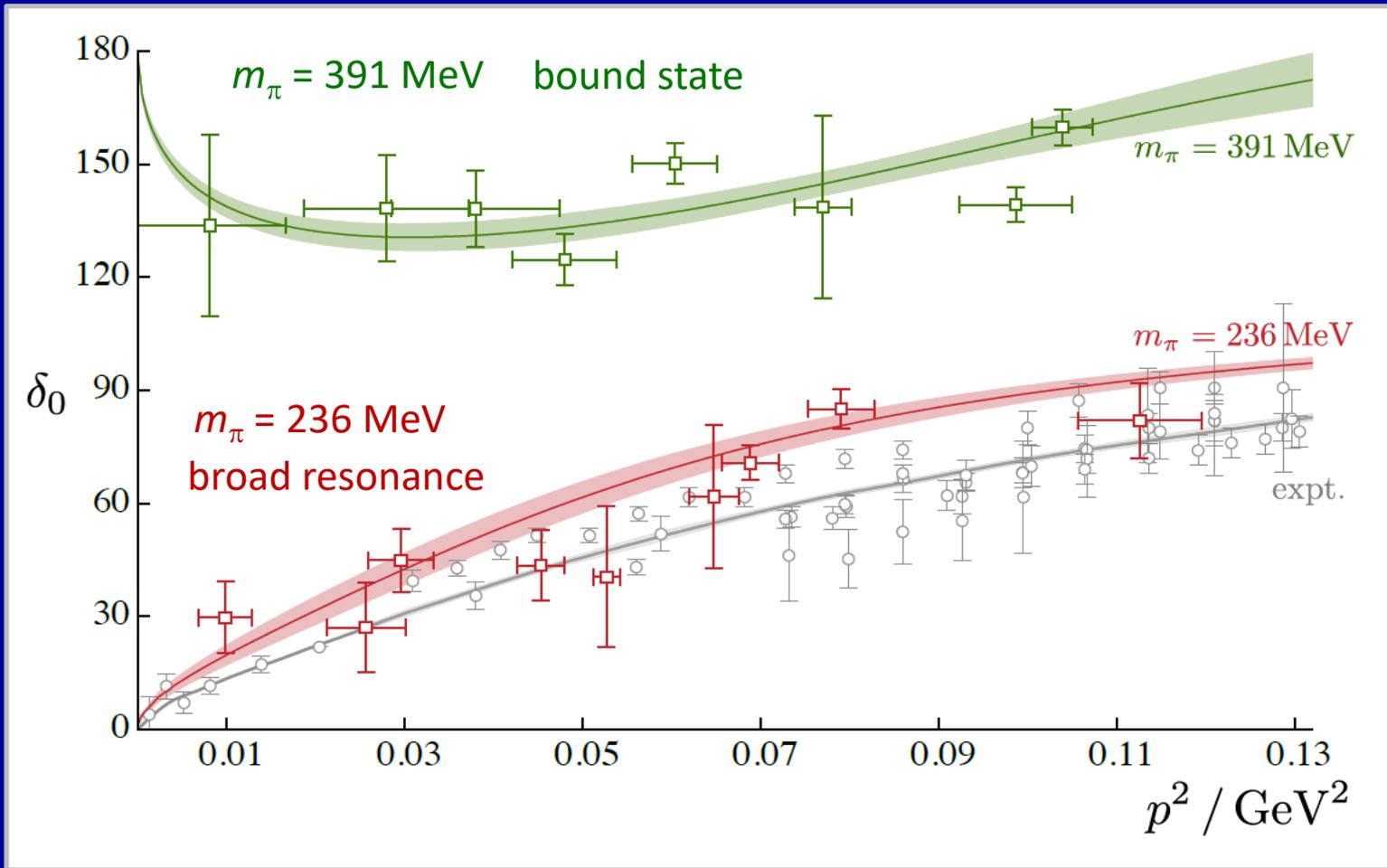
$J^P = 0^+, I = 0$



Briceño, Dudek, Edwards, Wilson
(HadSpec) [PRL 118, 022002 (2017)]

$f_0(500)/\sigma$ in elastic $\pi\pi$ scattering

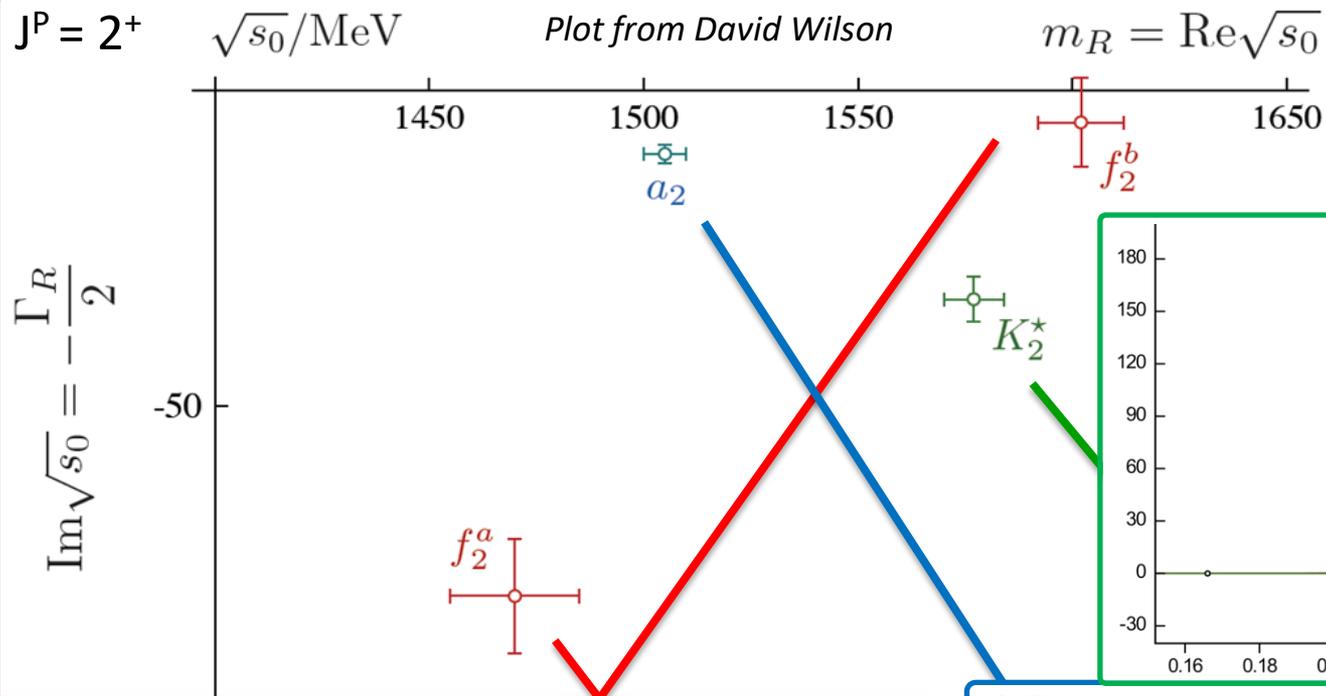
$J^P = 0^+, I = 0$



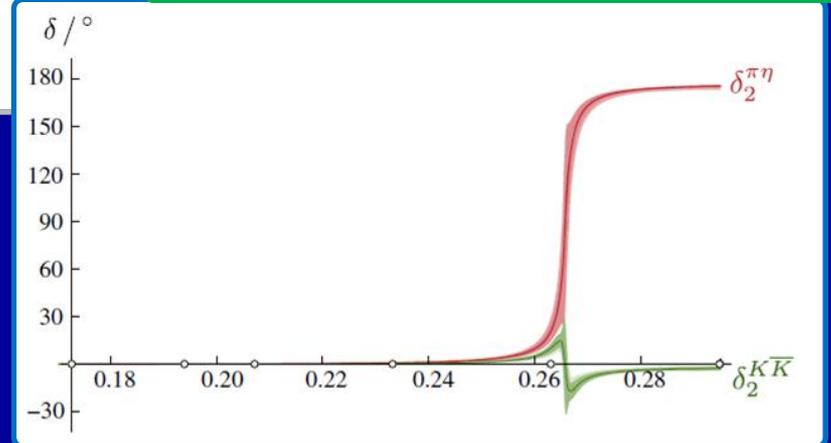
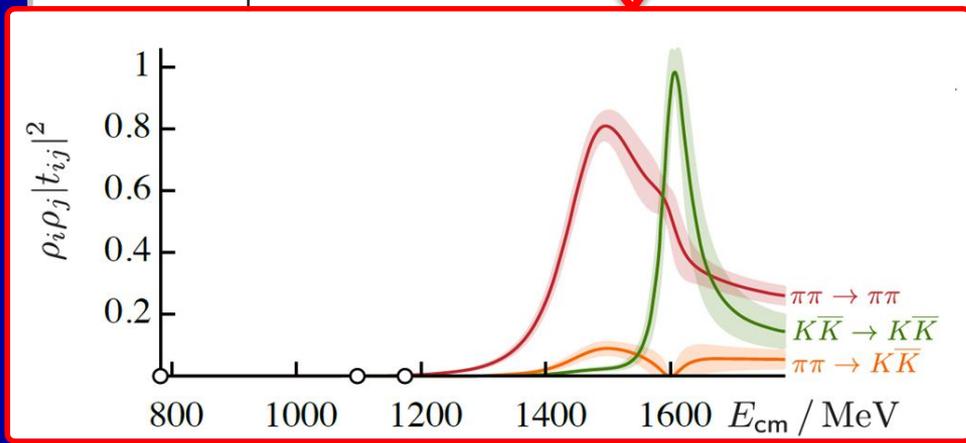
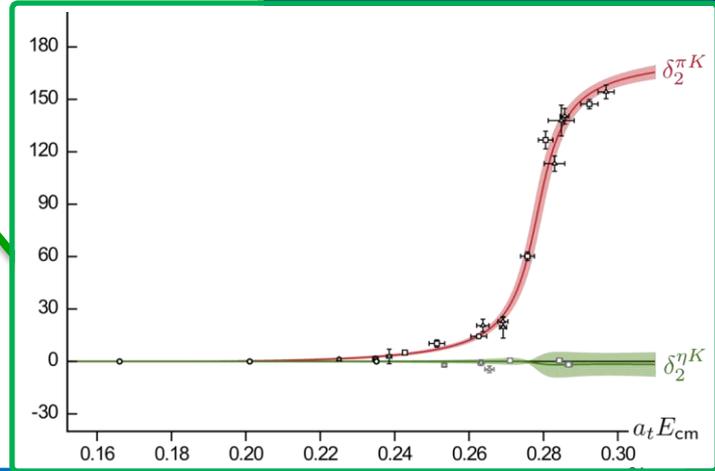
C.f. unitarised χ pt in Hanart, Pelaez, Rios [PRL 100, 152001 (2008)]

Briceño, Dudek, Edwards, Wilson (HadSpec) [PRL 118, 022002 (2017)]

c.f. light tensor mesons with $m_\pi = 391$ MeV



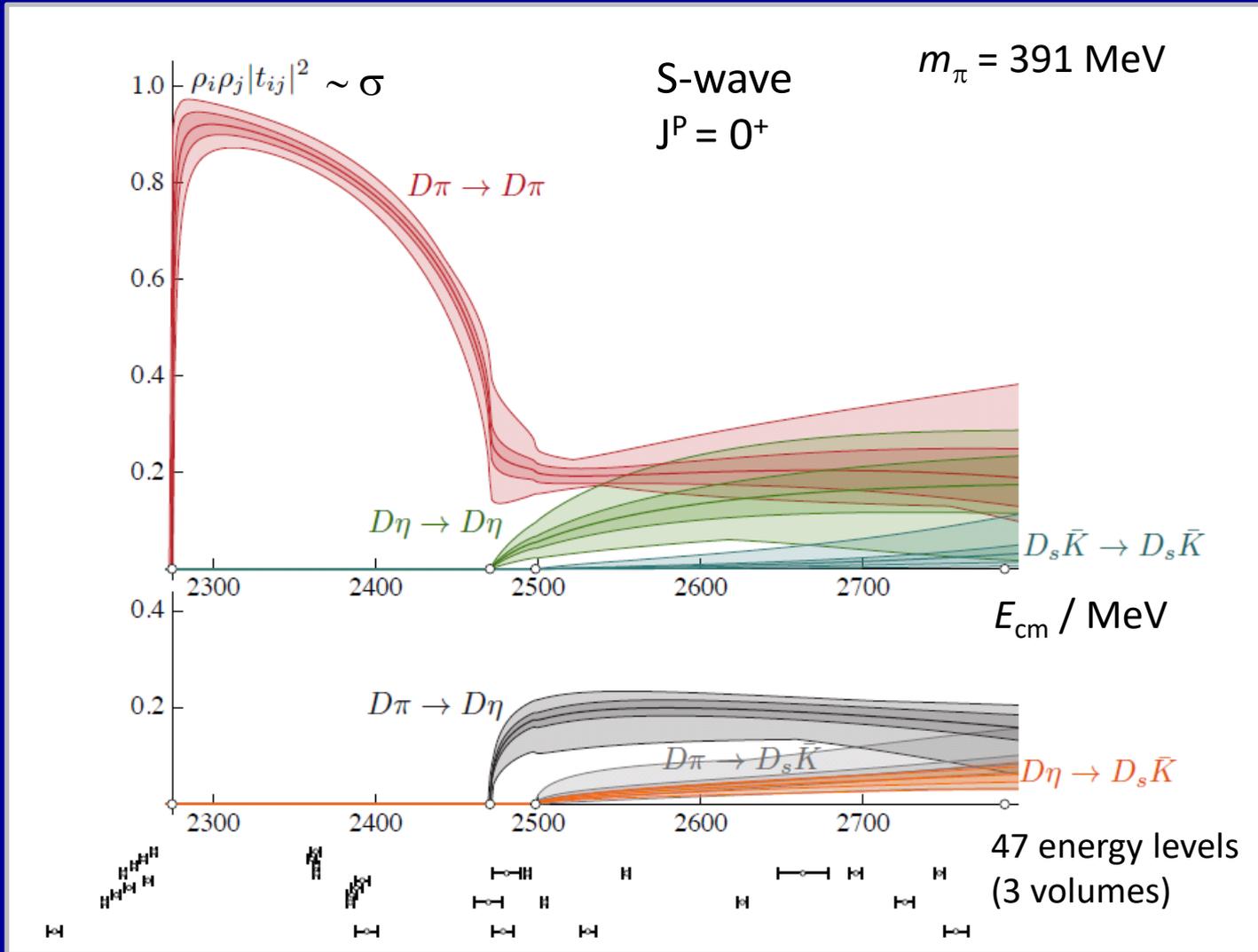
[PRL 113, 182001 (2014);
PR D91, 054008 (2015);
PR D93, 094506 (2016);
arXiv:1708.06667]



Charm-light ($I=1/2$): $D\pi$, $D\eta$, $D_s\bar{K}$

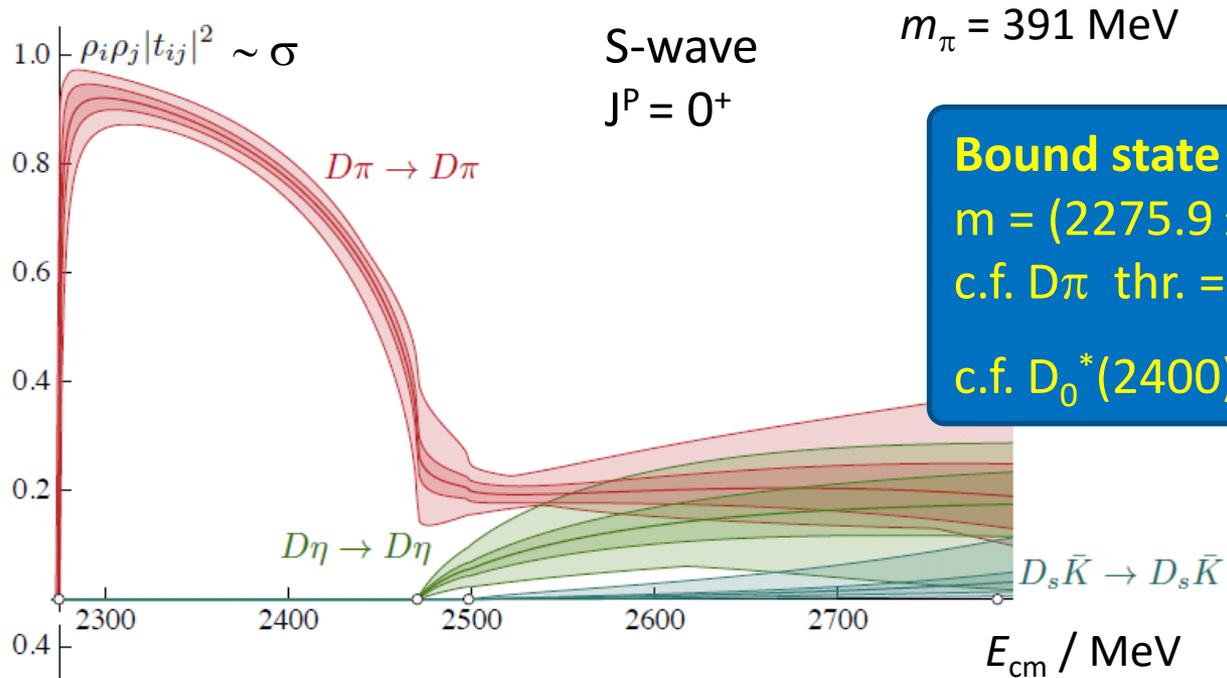
Charm-light ($I=\frac{1}{2}$): $D\pi$, $D\eta$, $D_s\bar{K}$

Moir, Peardon, Ryan, CT, Wilson
(HadSpec) [JHEP 1610, 011 (2016)]

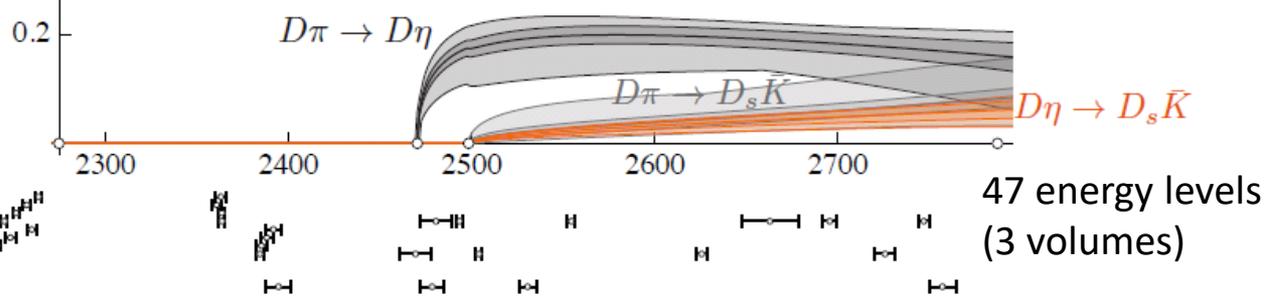


Charm-light ($I=\frac{1}{2}$): $D\pi$, $D\eta$, $D_s\bar{K}$

Moir, Peardon, Ryan, CT, Wilson
(HadSpec) [JHEP 1610, 011 (2016)]

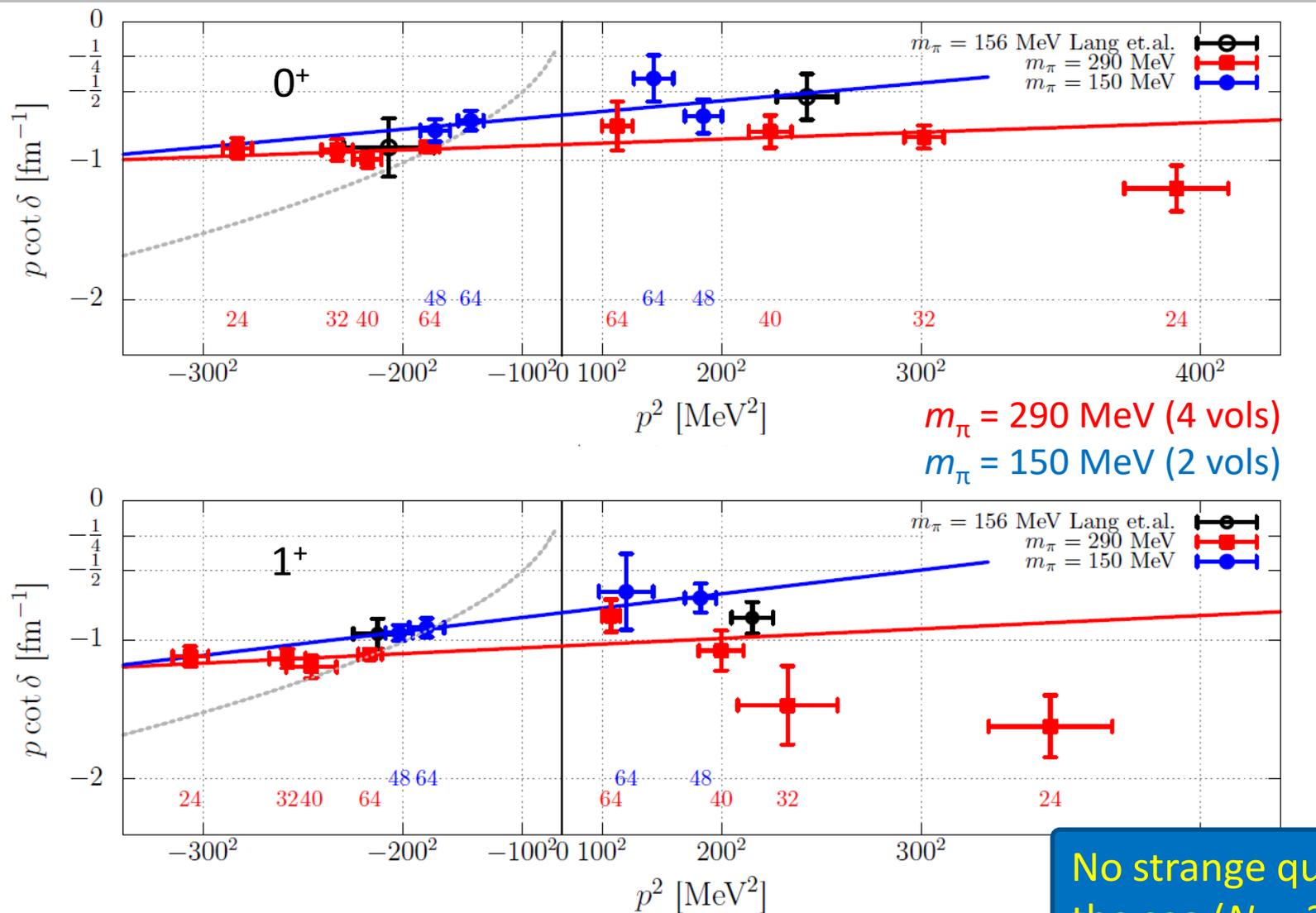


Bound state just below thresh.
 $m = (2275.9 \pm 0.9)$ MeV
 c.f. $D\pi$ thr. = (2276.4 ± 0.9) MeV
 c.f. $D_0^*(2400)$ resonance



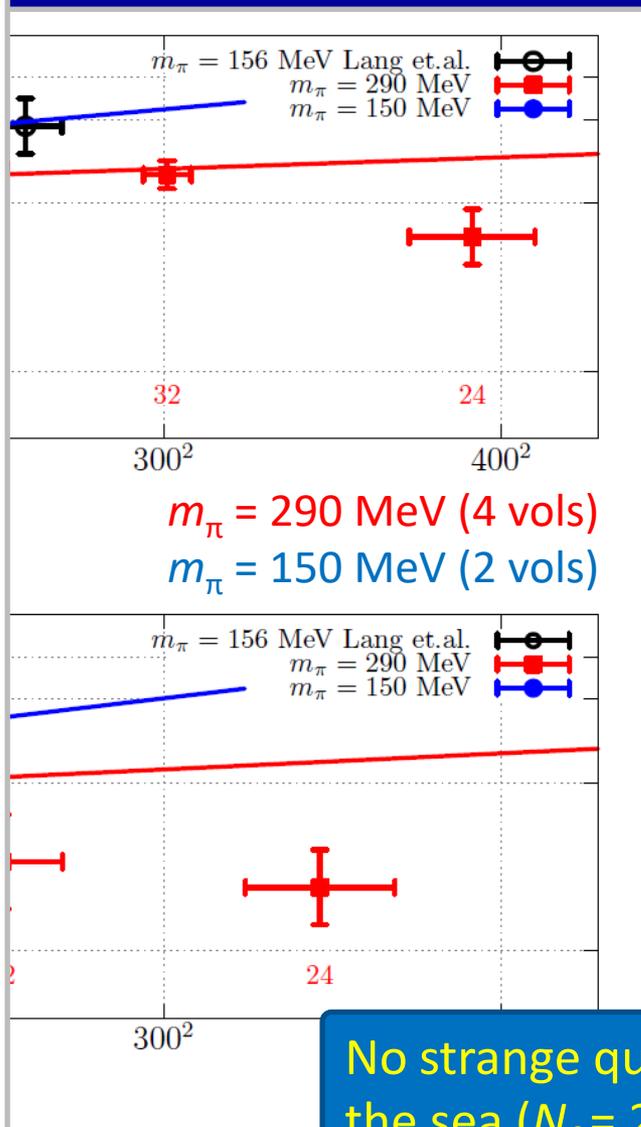
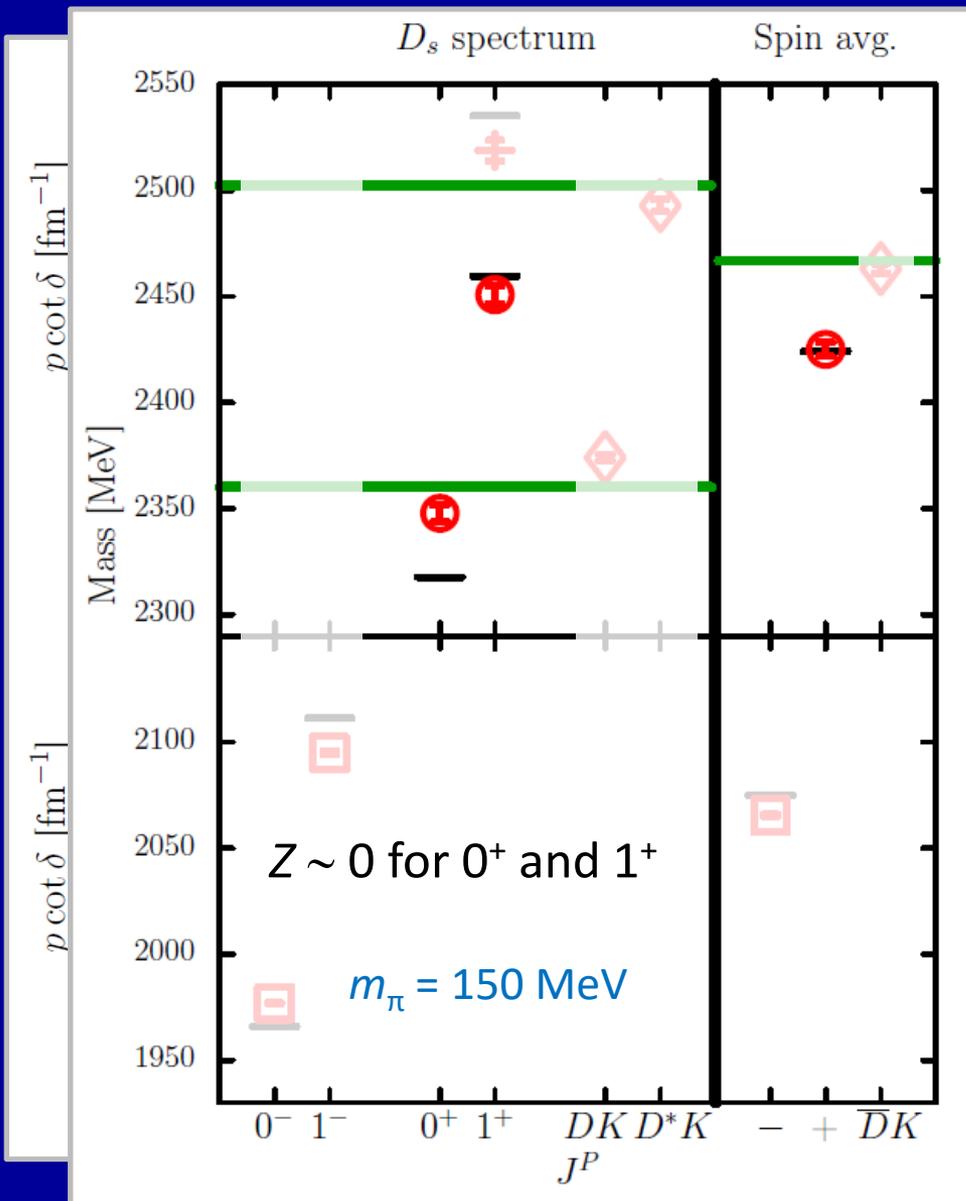
Charm-strange ($I=0$): DK (0^+) and D^*K (1^+)

Bali *et al* (RQCD)
[arXiv:1706.01247]



Charm-strange ($I=0$): DK (0^+) and D^*K (1^+)

Bali *et al* (RQCD)
[arXiv:1706.01247]



No strange quarks in the sea ($N_f = 2$)

Some recent work on charmonium(-like) mesons:

- Ozaki, Sasaki [PR D87, 014506 (2013)] – no sign of $Y(4140)$ in $J/\psi \phi$
- Prelovsek & Leskovec [PRL 111, 192001 (2013)] – 1^{++} $l=0$ near $D\bar{D}^*$ – $X(3872)$?
- Prelovsek *et al* [PL B727, 172; PR D91, 014504 (2015)] – no sign of $Z^+(3900)$ in 1^{+-}
- Chen *et al* (CLQCD) [PR D89, 094506 (2014)] – 1^{++} $l=1$ $D\bar{D}^*$ weakly repulsive
- Padmanath *et al* [PR D92, 034501 (2015)] – 1^{++} $l=0$ [$X(3872)$?]; no $l=1$ or $Y(4140)$
- Lang *et al* [JHEP 1509, 089 (2015)] – $l=0$ $D\bar{D}$: 1^{--} $\psi(3770)$ and 0^{++}
- Chen *et al* (CLQCD) [PR D92, 054507 (2015)] – 1^{+-} $l=1$ $D^* \bar{D}^*$ weakly repulsive?
- Chen *et al* (CLQCD) [PR D93, 114501 (2016)] – 0^{--} , 1^{+-} $l=1$ $D^* \bar{D}_1$ some attraction?
- Ikeda *et al* (HAL QCD) [PRL 117, 242001 (2016); arXiv:1706.07300] – $\pi J/\psi$, $\rho \eta_c$, $D\bar{D}^*$ using HAL QCD method – suggest $Z^+(3900)$ is a threshold cusp
- Albaladejo *et al* [EPJ C76, 573 (2016)] – different scenarios for PR D91, 014504

Bottom mesons:

- Lang *et al* [PL B750, 17 (2015)] – BK (0^+) and B^*K (1^+) $l=0$ bound states
- Lang *et al* [PR D94, 074509 (2016)] – $B_s \pi$, BK ($l=1$) $J^P = 0^+$ no sign of $X(5568)$

Heavy-flavour tetraquarks:

- Bicudo *et al* [PR D92, 014507 (2015); PR D93, 034501 (2016); PR D95, 034502 (2017)] – potential between static b antiquarks: $ud\bar{b}\bar{b}$ $l=0$ 1^+ tetraquark
- Francis *et al* [PRL 118, 142001 (2017)] – $ud\bar{b}\bar{b}$ $l=0$ and $ls\bar{b}\bar{b}$ $l=1/2$ 1^+ tetraquarks
- (Peters *et al* [arXiv:1609.00181 PoS Lattice2016])

Baryon resonances

Roper (excited nucleon, $J^P = \frac{1}{2}^+$, P-wave $N \pi$ relevant) – situation not yet clear in lattice QCD calculations. See e.g. Lang, Leskovec, Padmanath, Prelovsek [PR D95, 014510 (2017)], Wu *et al* [PR D95, 114507 (2017)] and references therein

Summary

- **Significant progress** in LQCD calculations of **resonances**, near-threshold states, etc – **map out scattering amps.**
- Some examples of recent work:
 - ρ resonance
 - Light scalars (κ , $a_0(980)$, σ , $f_0(980)$)
 - Heavy mesons
- Also transitions, e.g. ρ resonance $(\pi\pi) \rightarrow \pi \gamma$
- Tools to learn about structure (e.g. m_π dependence)
- Ongoing work on formalism (e.g. 3-hadron scattering)
- Connections with analysis of experimental data

