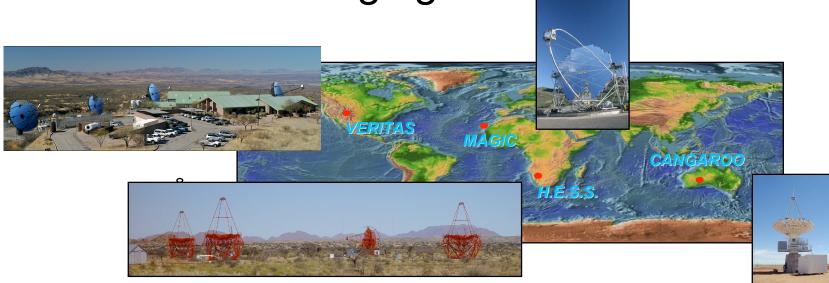
Cases for Sensitive Wide-Field TeV Gamma Ray Survey

Wei Cui
Department of Physics
Purdue University

Ground-Based Gamma Ray Experiments

Narrow-field imaging



Wide-field surveying



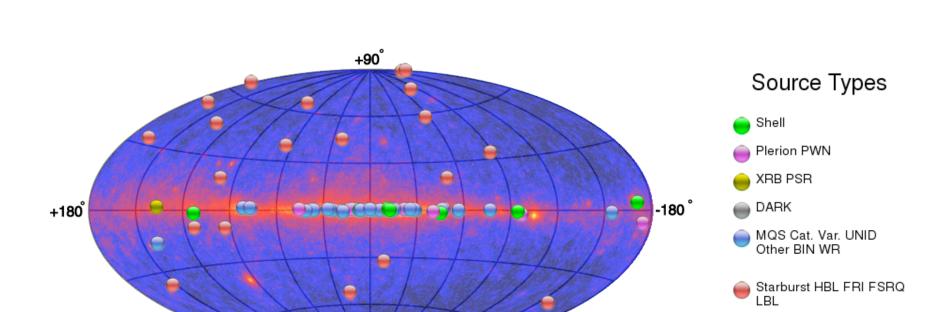
Complementarity: Technique

- Wide-Field Survey
 - Full-sky coverage
 - Long duty cycle
- Narrow-Field Imaging
 - High sensitivity
 - Low energy threshold
 - Superior energy resolution
 - Good spatial resolution

Complementarity: Science

- Complementarity. Science
- Wide-field survey
 - Discovery
 - Transient phenomena
 - Variable sources
 - Large-scale emission
- Narrow-field imaging
 - Detailed studies
 - Morphology, SED, etc.

TeV Gamma Ray Sources



http://tevcat.uchicago.edu/

-90°

Common Dilemma

- What to observe?
 - Theorist's guesses (aka theoretical predictions)
 - Observer's guesses
 - Politics
- How to distribute time among hot targets?
 - Well, each gets an hour
 - My targets are better than yours!
- Shall we go after that GRB?

... ...

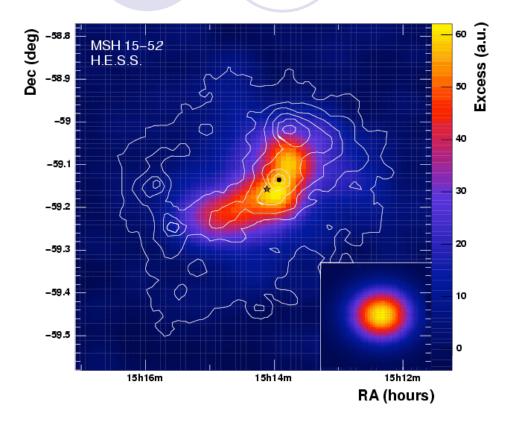
Solution

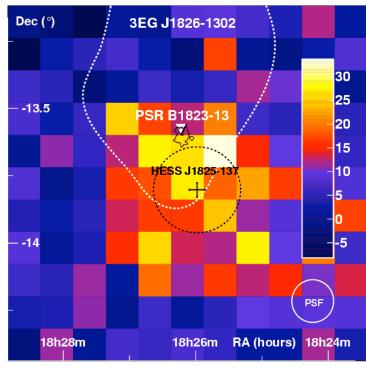
- Full-sky coverage at the sensitivity of the current narrow-field imaging experiments
 - Ideally, one experiment in each hemisphere
 - Complete sampling of the sky at a proven flux limit
 - Easy maintenance and thus long lifetime, reaching even lower fluxes
 - Upgradability

Scientific Questions

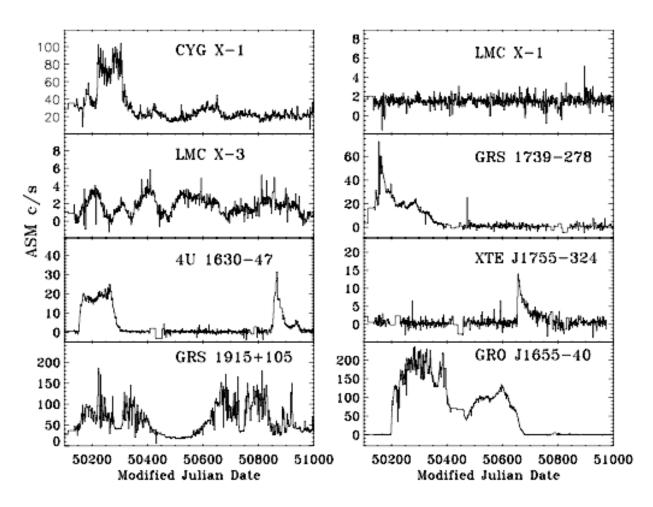
- Properties of radiating particles
 - Leptonic vs hadronic
- Radiation mechanisms
 - Inverse Compton scattering, π^0 decay, synchrotron,
- Particle acceleration processes
 - Shock, magnetic reconnection
- Origin of cosmic rays
 - SNR? GRB? AGN?
- Cosmic background radiation
 - Absorption of gamma rays
- Nature of dark matter

Common Physics vs "Personality"

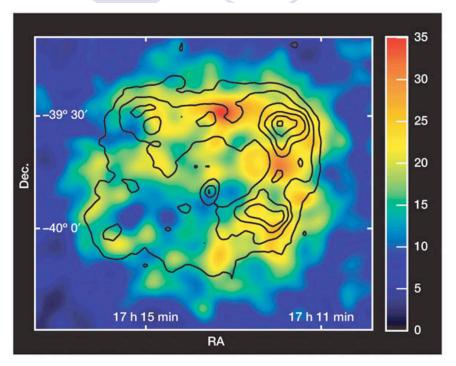




Messy Laboratories

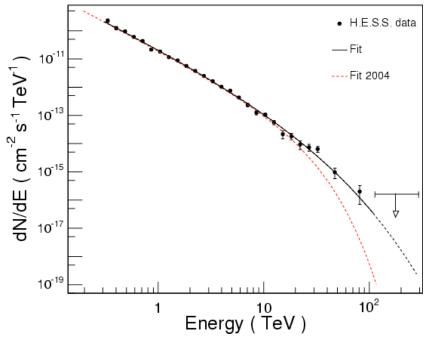


Degeneracy



RX J1713.7-3946

HESS Collaboration



Development

X-ray astronomy

Sounding rockets, balloons

Sco X-1 First detection

More sources detected

Uhuru survey

Einstein satellite

Ariel 5, Ginga, ROSAT, ASCA

ROSAT all-sky survey

RXTE, Swift

Chandra, XMM-Newton

TeV gamma-ray astronomy

Cherenkov and particle detectors

Crab Nebula



First detection

More sources detected

Milagro

HESS, VERITAS, MAGIC, CANGAROO

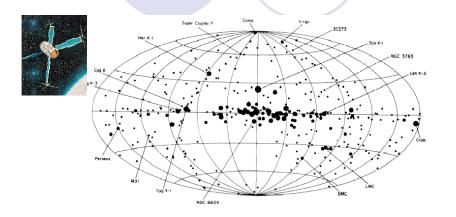
HAWC? LHAASO? CTA? AGIS?

HAWC? LHAASO?

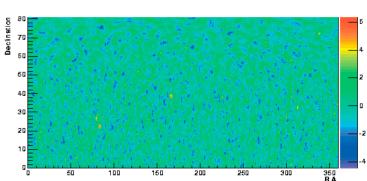
LHAASO?

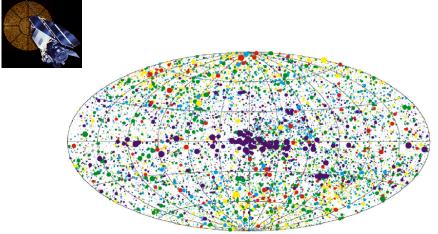
CTA? AGIS?

Comparison of Surveys

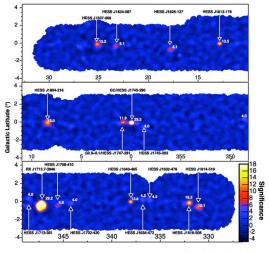










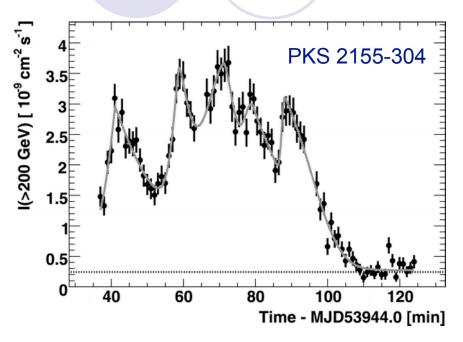


Galactic Longitude (°)

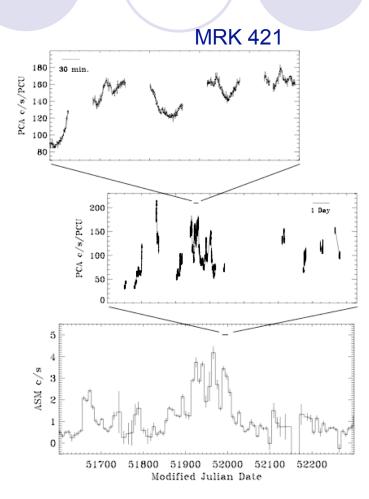
Transient Science

- Blazar outburst
 - Guaranteed: a large sample of sources
 - Population study: duty cycle, intrinsic vs extrinsic properties, TeV vs GeV blazars, ...
 - Extragalactic background light
 - Multiwavelength studies
- Gamma-ray bursts
- Nova outbursts, Be transients, ...
- Surprises!

Rapid Blazar Flares

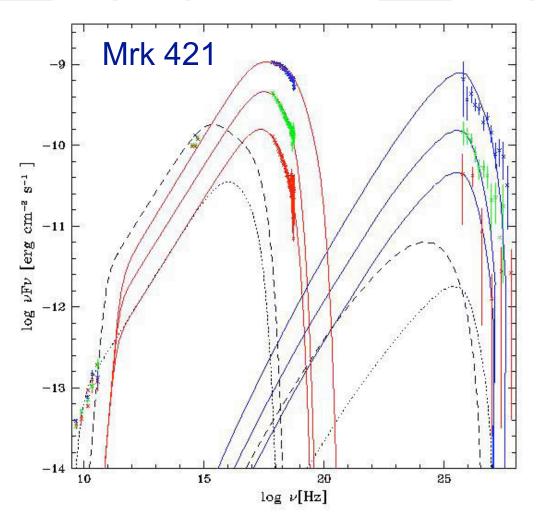


HESS Collaboration



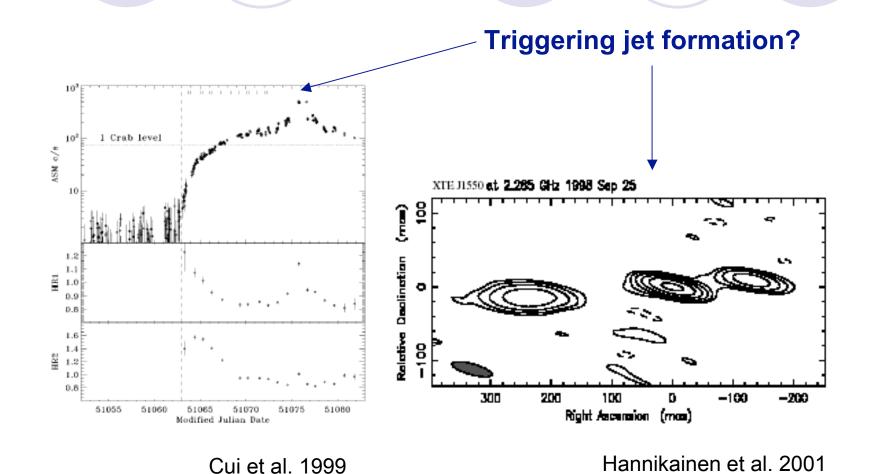
Cui 2004

Multiwavelength Observations



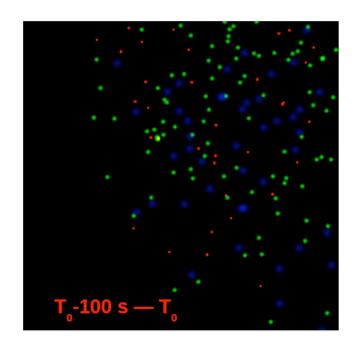
VERITAS
Collaboration

Microquasar Outbursts

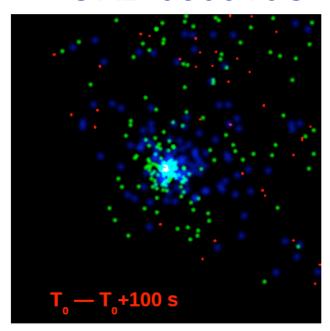


Gamma Ray Bursts

From Fermi LAT:

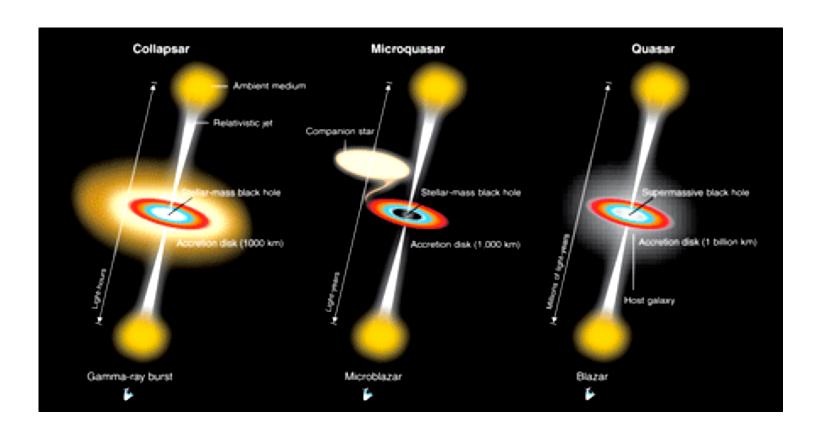


GRB 080916C



L. Baldini, Rencontres de Moriond 2009

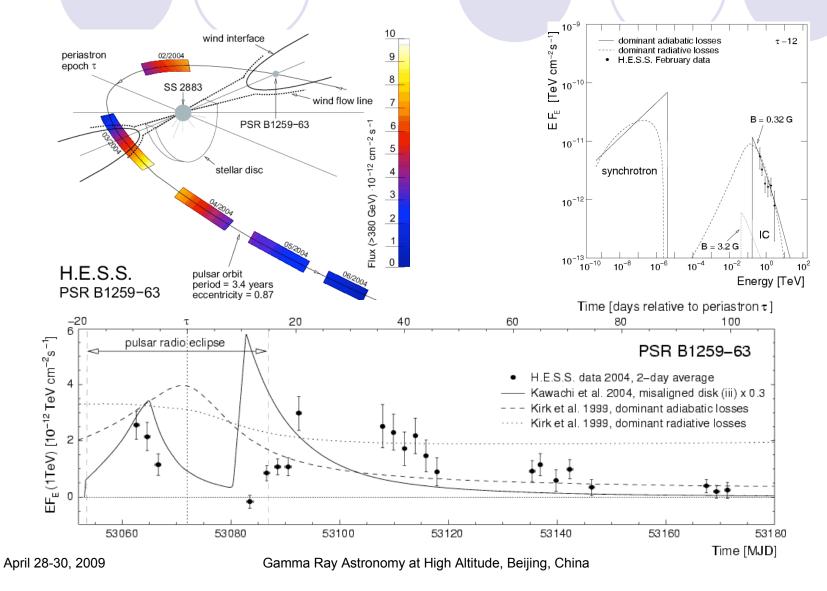
Common Physics?



Variable Sources

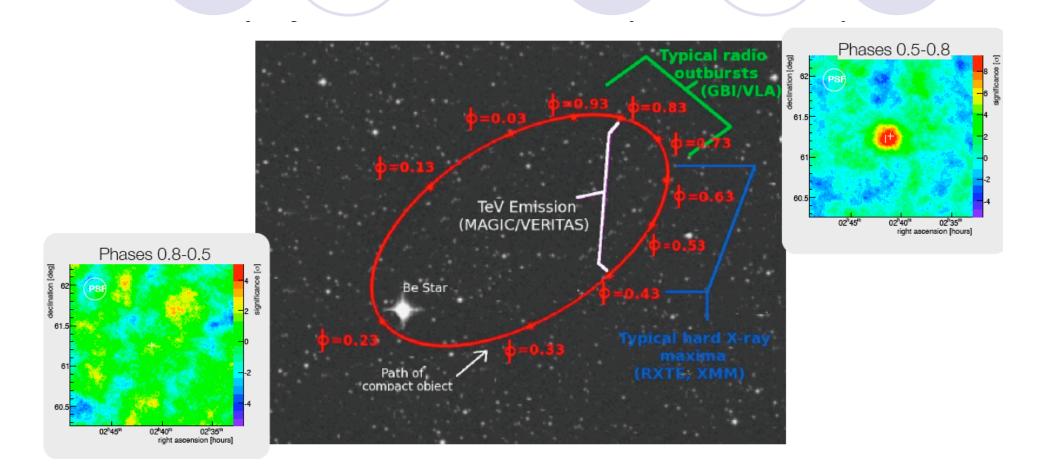
- X-ray Binaries
 - Accreting pulsars
 - Microquasars
- Blazars

Binaries: Neutron Star



21

Binaries: Black Hole?



G. Maier, Gamma08

Fundamental Physics

- Cosmic ray physics
 - Supernova remnants
 - OAGN? GRBs?



- Dwarf galaxies
- Lorentz invariance
 - Strong transient signals
- Primordial black holes,



Concluding Remarks

- > TeV gamma ray astronomy has matured.
 - ⇒ Thanks to state-of-the-art imaging experiments
- > Sensitive surveying experiments are required to move the field to the next level.
 - ⇒ discovering more sources
 - catching new transient phenomena
 - ⇒ increasing statistics on known sources
 - ⇒ facilitating multiwavelength observations