



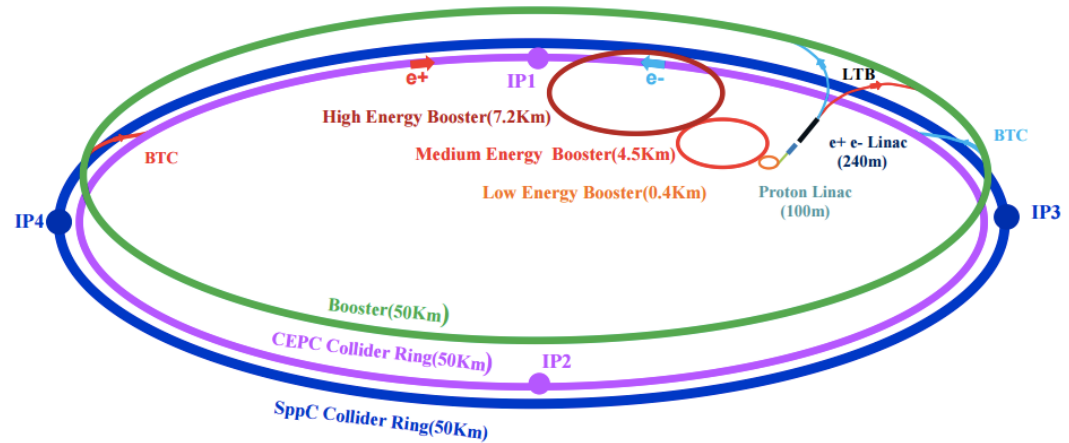
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Electroweak physics at CEPC

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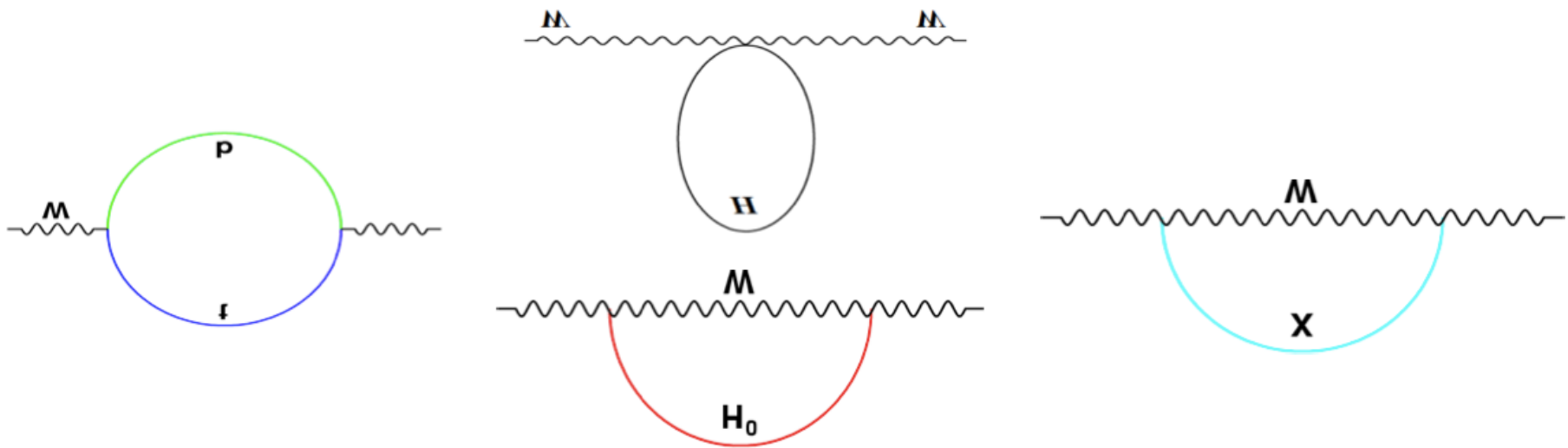
CEPC accelerator



- Electron-positron circular collider
 - Higgs Factory ($E_{\text{cms}}=250\text{GeV}$, 10^6 Higgs)
 - Precision study of Higgs coupling in ZH runs
 - complementary to ILC
 - See Manqi and Gang's talk this morning in Higgs section for more details
 - Z factory ($E_{\text{cms}}=91\text{ GeV}$, 10^{10} Z Boson) :
 - Precision Electroweak measurement in Z pole running
 - **Major focus of this talk**
- Preliminary Conceptual Design Report(Pre-CDR) available :
 - <http://cepc.ihep.ac.cn/preCDR/volume.html>
- Aiming to finalize Conceptual Design Report (CDR) next year

Motivation

- CEPC have very good potential in electroweak physics.
- Precision measurement is important
 - It constrain new physics beyond the standard model.
 - Eg: Radiative corrections of the W or Z boson is sensitive to new physics



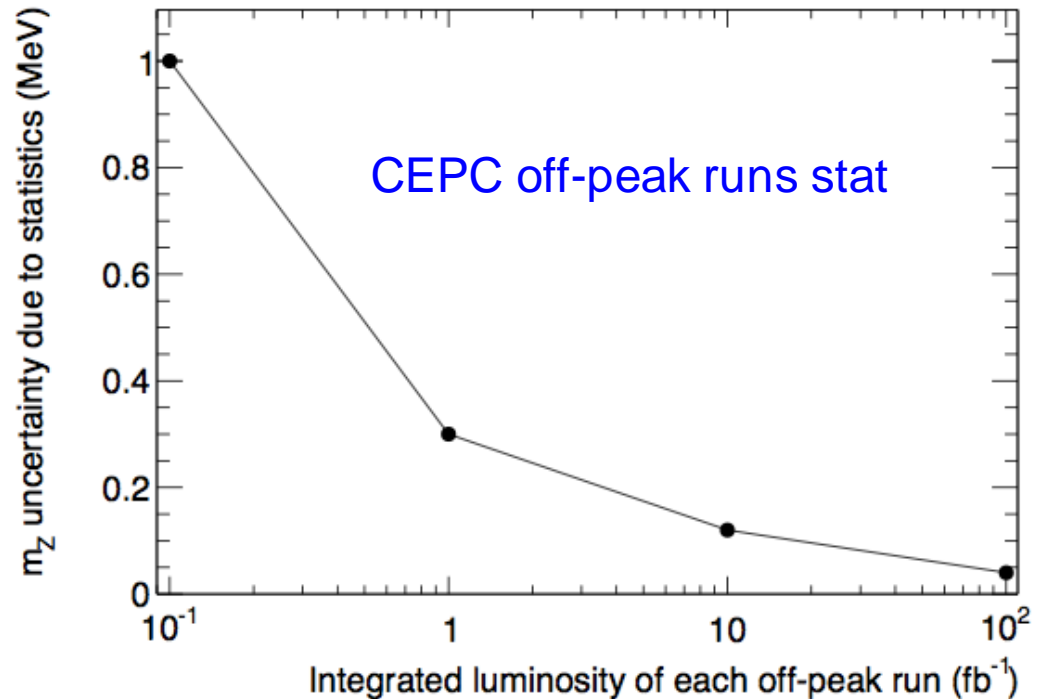
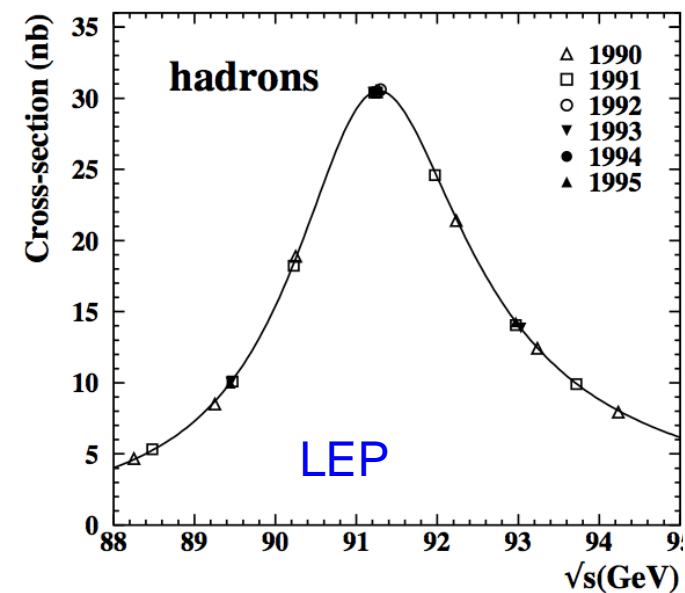
The prospect of CEPC electroweak physics in pre-CDR study

- Expected precision on some key measurements in CEPC Pre-CDR study based on projections from LEP and ILC.
 - <http://cepc.ihep.ac.cn/preCDR/volume.html>
- From now to next year, plan to update the study for Conceptual Design Report (CDR) with full detector simulation

| Observable | LEP precision | CEPC precision | CEPC runs |
|--------------------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| m_Z | 2 MeV | 0.5 MeV | Z lineshape |
| m_W | 33 MeV | 3 MeV | ZH (WW) thresholds |
| A_{FB}^b | 1.7% | 0.15% | Z pole |
| $\sin^2 \theta_W^{\text{eff}}$ | 0.07% | 0.01% | Z pole |
| R_b | 0.3% | 0.08% | Z pole |
| N_ν (direct) | 1.7% | 0.2% | ZH threshold |
| N_ν (indirect) | 0.27% | 0.1% | Z lineshape |
| R_μ | 0.2% | 0.05% | Z pole |
| R_τ | 0.2% | 0.05% | Z pole |

Z mass measurement

- LEP measurement : 91.1876 ± 0.0021 GeV
- CEPC possible goal: 0.5 MeV
 - Z threshold scan runs is needed to achieve high precision.
 - **Stat uncertainty : 0.2MeV**
 - Better to have more than 10fb^{-1} for off-peak runs (6 off-peaks runs)
 - **Syst uncertainty: ~ 0.5 MeV**
 - **Beam energy uncertainty need to be better than 5ppm**
 - start to Establishing a accelerator model relating the measured beam energy
 - Study of the resonant depolarization technique to measure beam energy (LEP approach)

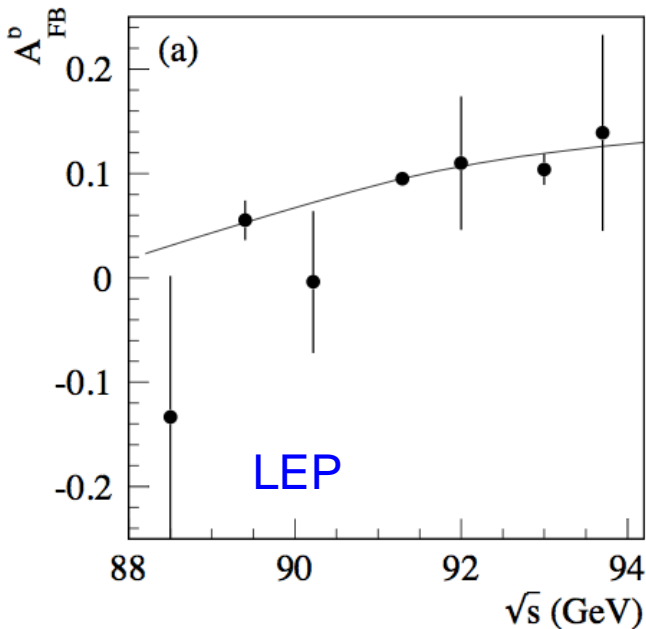


Physics Requirement for accelerator

- Expected Beam momentum scale uncertainty
 - CEPC pre-CDR : 500keV (10^{10} Z)
 - FCC-ee : 100keV (10^{13} Z)
- Precision of beam energy measurement may have a big impact to Z pole running program.
 - Pre-CDR requirement: 5-10 ppm level uncertainty on P_{beam}
 - Toward CDR : check scenario of 1ppm uncertainty on P_{beam}
 - Requested by FCC-ee experts to do more study
 - Need to provide a clear physics Physics Requirement for accelerator design

Weak mixing angle $\sin^2\theta_{\text{eff}}^{\text{lept}}$

- LEP/SLD: 0.23153 ± 0.00016
 - 0.1% precision.
 - Stat error is one of limiting factor.
- CEPC
 - systematics error : 0.01%
 - Input From Backward-forward asymmetry measurement
 - The precision mZ is another limiting factor (uncertainty on P_{beam})
 - If mZ is not well measured in CEPC ,
 - We need a large statistics of off-Z peak runs for weak mixing angle

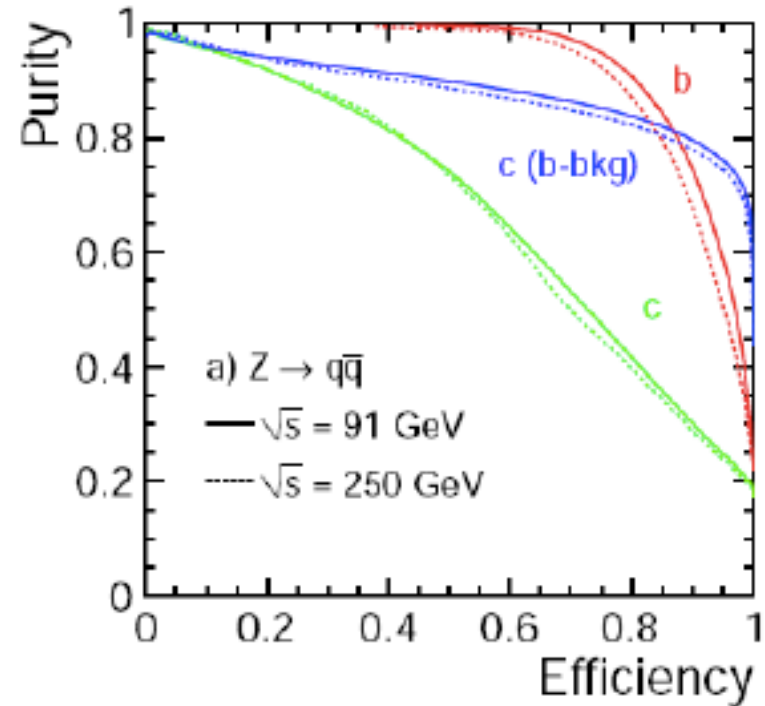


CEPC off-peak runs stat

Branching ratio (R^b)

$$\frac{\Gamma(Z \rightarrow b\bar{b})}{\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \text{had})}$$

- LEP measurement 0.21594 ± 0.00066
 - Stat error : 0.44%
 - Syst error : 0.35%
 - Typically using 65% working points
- CEPC pre-CDR
 - Expected Stat error (0.04%)
 - Expected Syst error (0.07%)
 - Expect to use 80% working points
 - 15% higher efficiency than SLD
 - 20-30% higher in purity than SLD



| Uncertainty | LEP | CEPC | CEPC improvement |
|--|-------|-------|---------------------------------|
| charm physics modeling | 0.2% | 0.05% | tighter b tagging working point |
| hemisphere tag correlations for b events | 0.2% | 0.1% | Higher b tagging efficiency |
| gluon splitting | 0.15% | 0.08% | Better granularity in Calo |

Backward-forward asymmetry measured from b jet

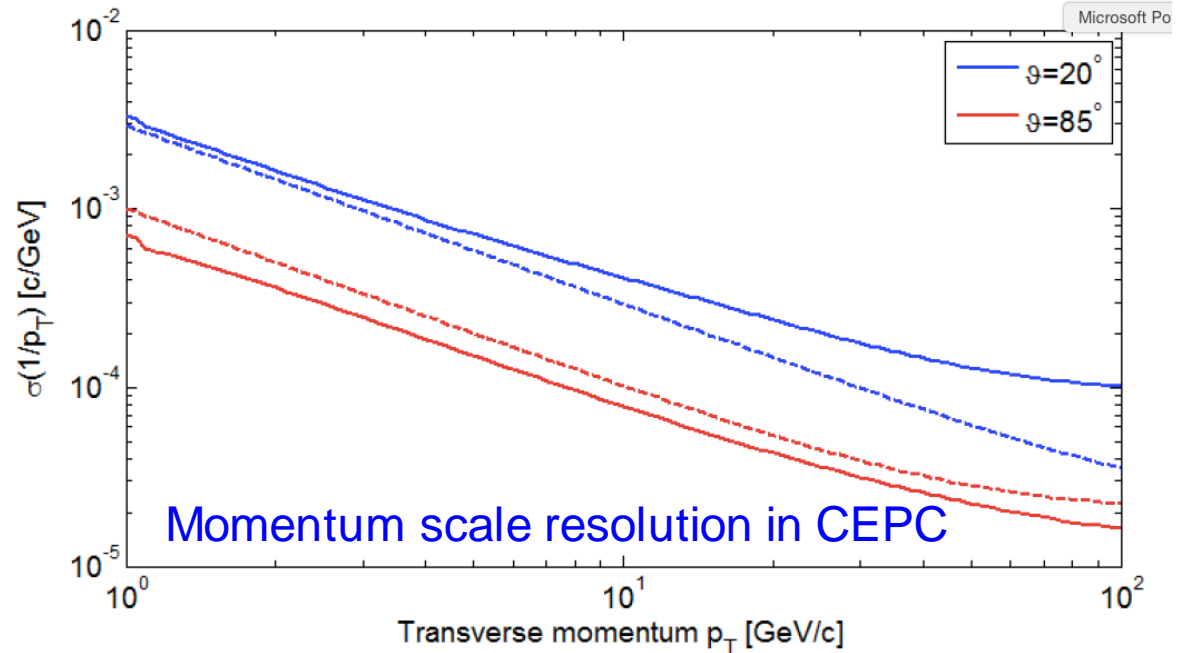
$$A_{FB}^{b\bar{b}}(0)$$

- LEP measurement : 0.1000+-0.0017 (Z peak)
 - Method 1: Soft lepton from b/c decay (~2%)
 - Method 2: jet charge method using Inclusive b jet (~1.2%)
 - Method 3: D meson method (>8%, less important method)
- CEPC pre-CDR
 - Focus more on method 2 (inclusive b jet measurement)
 - Expected Systematics (0.15%) :

| Uncertainty | LEP | CEPC | CEPC improvement |
|--|------|-------|---------------------------------|
| charm physics modeling | 0.2% | 0.05% | tighter b tagging working point |
| tracking resolution | 0.8% | 0.05% | better tracking resolution |
| hemisphere tag correlations for b events | 1.2% | 0.1% | Higher b tagging efficiency |
| QCD and thrust axis correction | 0.7% | 0.1% | Better granularity in Calo |

Branching ratio ($R^{\mu\mu}$)

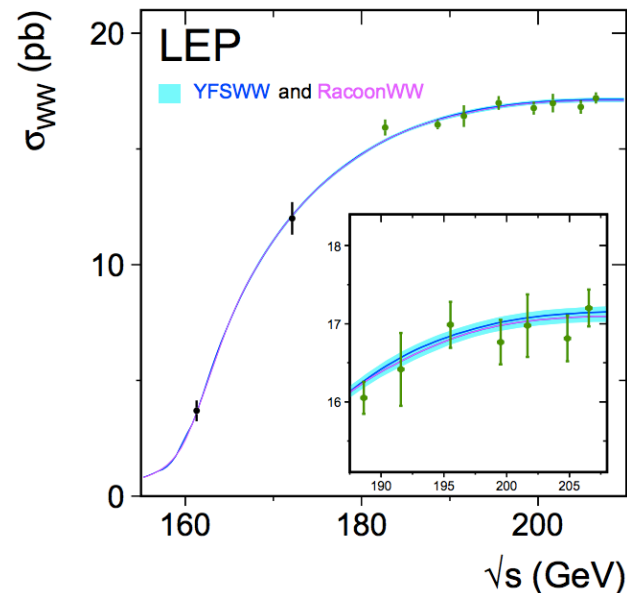
- LEP result: 0.2% total error (Stat : 0.15%, Syst : 0.1%)
- CEPC : 0.05% total error expected
 - Better EM calorimeter is the key



| Systematics source | LEP | CEPC |
|---|--------|---------|
| Radiative events ($Z \rightarrow \mu\mu\gamma$) | 0.05% | 0.05% |
| Photon energy scale | 0.05% | 0.01% |
| Muon Momentum scale | 0.009% | <0.003% |
| Muon Momentum resolution | 0.005% | <0.003% |

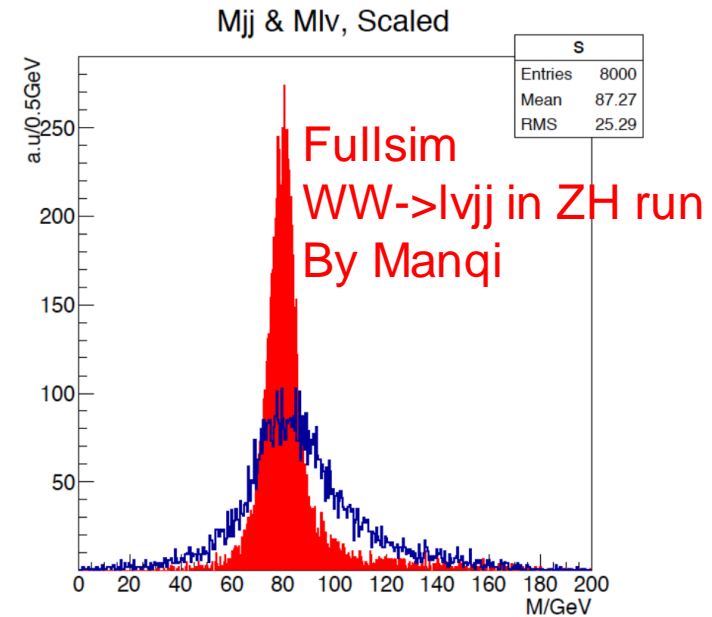
W mass measurement (1)

- PDG precision : 80.385 ± 0.015 GeV
 - Possible goal for CEPC pre-CDR : 3 MeV
- Three methods for W mass measurements:
 - 1. WW Threshold scan ($\sqrt{s}=160$ GeV):
 - Advantage: Very robust method, can achieve high precision.
 - Disadvantage
 - Higher cost , Require dedicated runs $>1000\text{fb}^{-1}$ on WW threshold(~ 160 GeV)



W mass measurement (2)

- 3. Direct measurement of the hadronic mass (method for pre-CDR)
 - Based on 10^{10} Z \rightarrow hadrons sample to calibrate jet energy scale ($< 3\text{MeV}$)
 - Advantage :
 - No additional cost :measured in ZH runs ($\sqrt{s}=250\text{GeV}$)
 - Higher statistics: 10 times larger than WW threshold region
 - Lower requirement on beam energy uncertainty.
 - Disvantage:
 - Can not get better precision than 3MeV
 - Require Beam momentum measurement : 10ppm level on P_{beam}



From Pre-CDR to CDR

- Propagate beam momentum scale uncertainty to all EW measurement.
- Give a clear physics requirement to accelerator

| | | Correlations | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|------------|-------------------------|------------|--------------------------|
| | | m_Z | Γ_Z | σ_{had}^0 | R_ℓ^0 | $A_{\text{FB}}^{0,\ell}$ |
| $\chi^2/\text{dof} = 172/180$ | | ALEPH | | | | |
| m_Z [GeV] | 91.1893 ± 0.0031 | 1.000 | | | | |
| Γ_Z [GeV] | 2.4959 ± 0.0043 | 0.038 | 1.000 | | | |
| σ_{had}^0 [nb] | 41.559 ± 0.057 | -0.092 | -0.383 | 1.000 | | |
| R_ℓ^0 | 20.729 ± 0.039 | 0.033 | 0.011 | 0.246 | 1.000 | |
| $A_{\text{FB}}^{0,\ell}$ | 0.0173 ± 0.0016 | 0.071 | 0.002 | 0.001 | -0.076 | 1.000 |

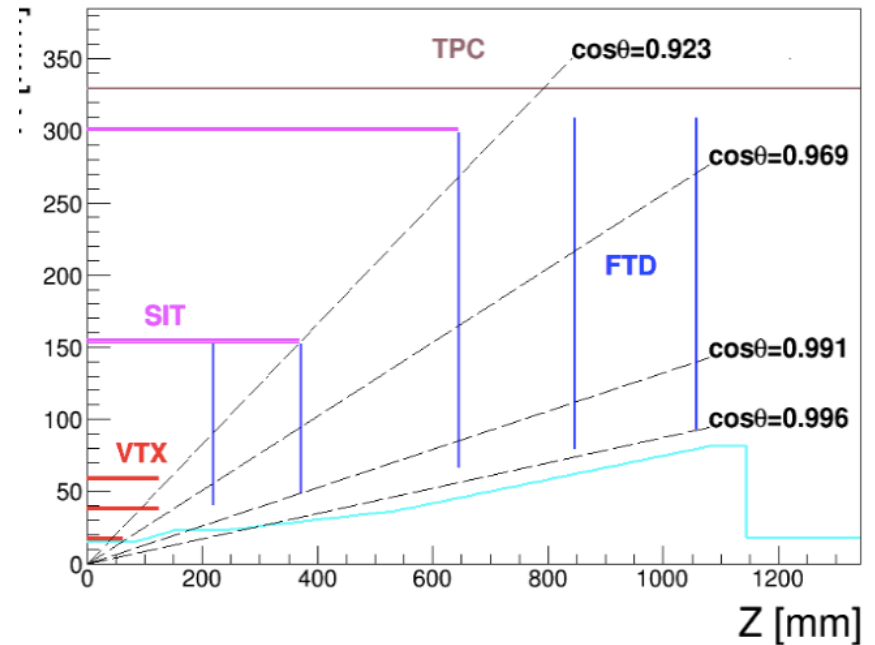
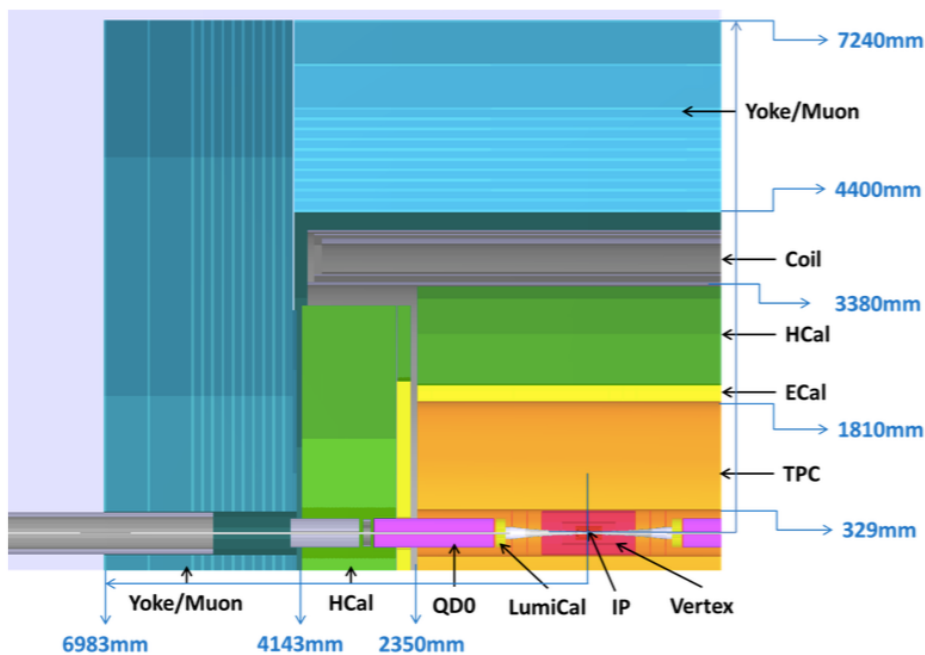
Summary

- CEPC electroweak physics in Preliminary Conceptual Design Report.
 - Expected precision based on projections from LEP and ILC.
- Aim for more realistic study with full simulation for CDR next year.
 - Mainly focus on a few key measurements.
 - m_W
 - Weak mixing angle
 - m_Z

- Welcome to join this effort

CEPC detector (1)

- ILD-like design with some modification for circular collider
 - No Power-pulsing
- Tracking system (Vertex detector, TPC detector, 3.5T magnet)
 - Expected Pixel size in vertex detector : less than $16 \times 16 \mu\text{m}$
 - Expected Impact parameter resolution: less than $5 \mu\text{m}$
 - Expected Tracking resolution : $\delta(1/Pt) \sim 2 \cdot 10^{-5} (\text{GeV}^{-1})$



CEPC detector (2)

- Calorimeters:

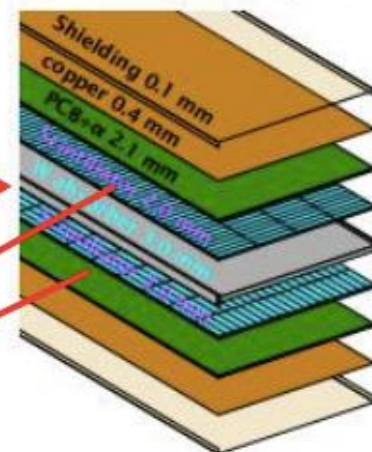
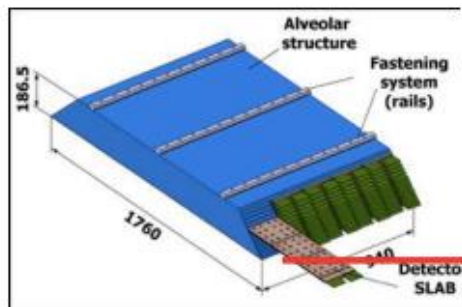
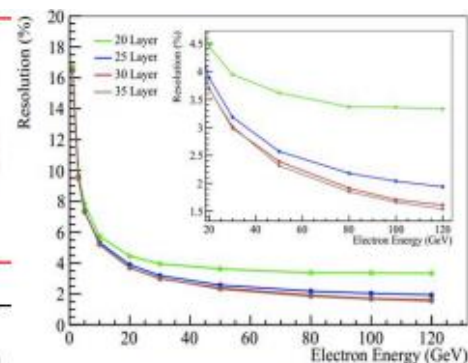
- Concept of Particle Flow Algorithm (PFA) based
- EM calorimeter energy resolution: $\sigma_E/E \sim 0.16/\sqrt{E}$
- Had calorimeter energy resolution: $\sigma_E/E \sim 0.5/\sqrt{E}$
- Expected jet energy resolution : $\sigma_E/E \sim 0.3/\sqrt{E}$

• Jet energy (Higgs self-coupling, W/Z separation)

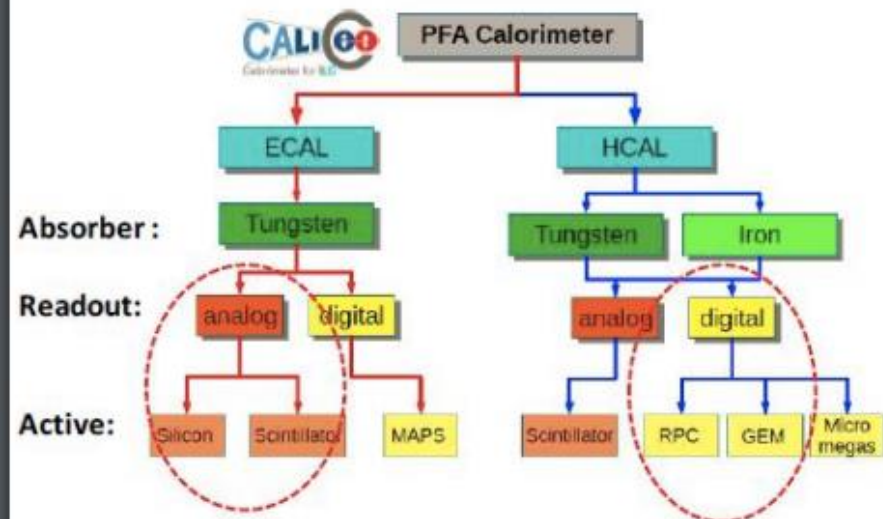
– ~1/2 resolution (wrt LHC)

$$\sigma_E / E = 0.3 / \sqrt{E(\text{GeV})}$$

less demanding
at CEPC

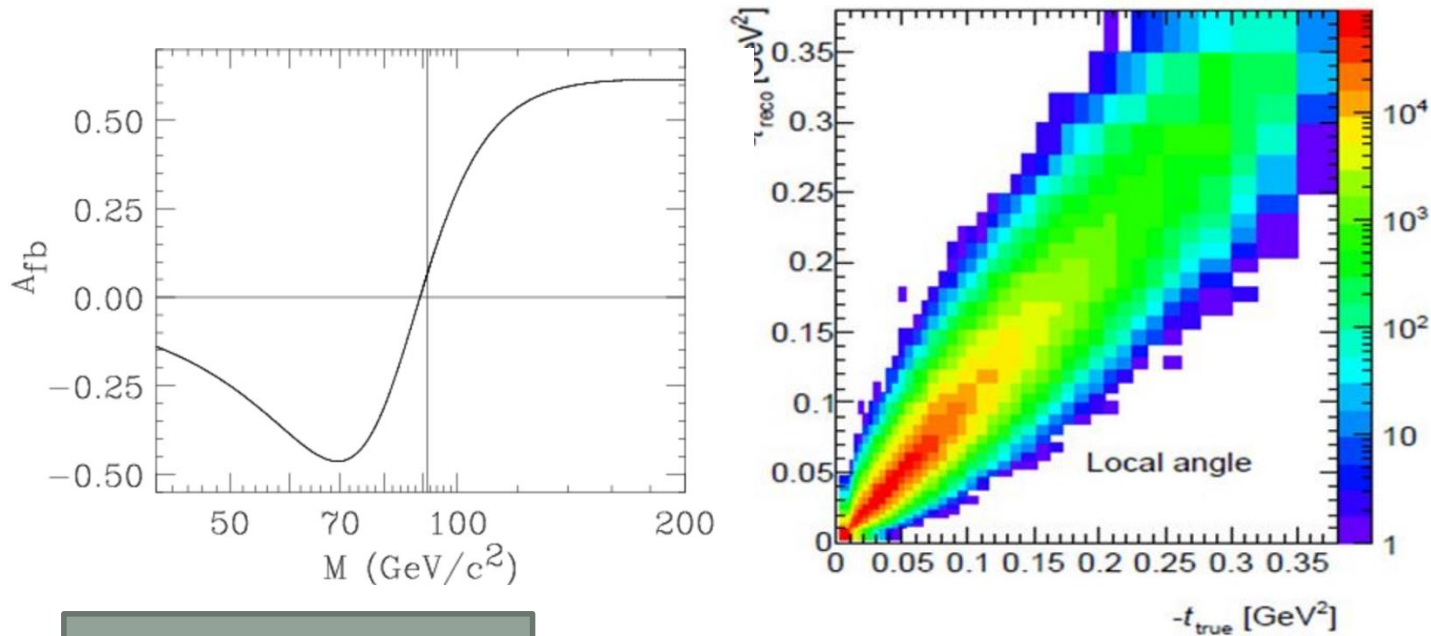


ECAL: Scintillator + W + Scintillator



Plan for Weak mixing angle

- More details in Mengran's talk



Truth
distribution
From Z fitter

unFolding matrix

Reco level
distribution