

High Energy CEPC Injector Based on Plasma Wakefield Accelerator

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AARG

A joint effort of IHEP and Tsinghua

- **IHEP**

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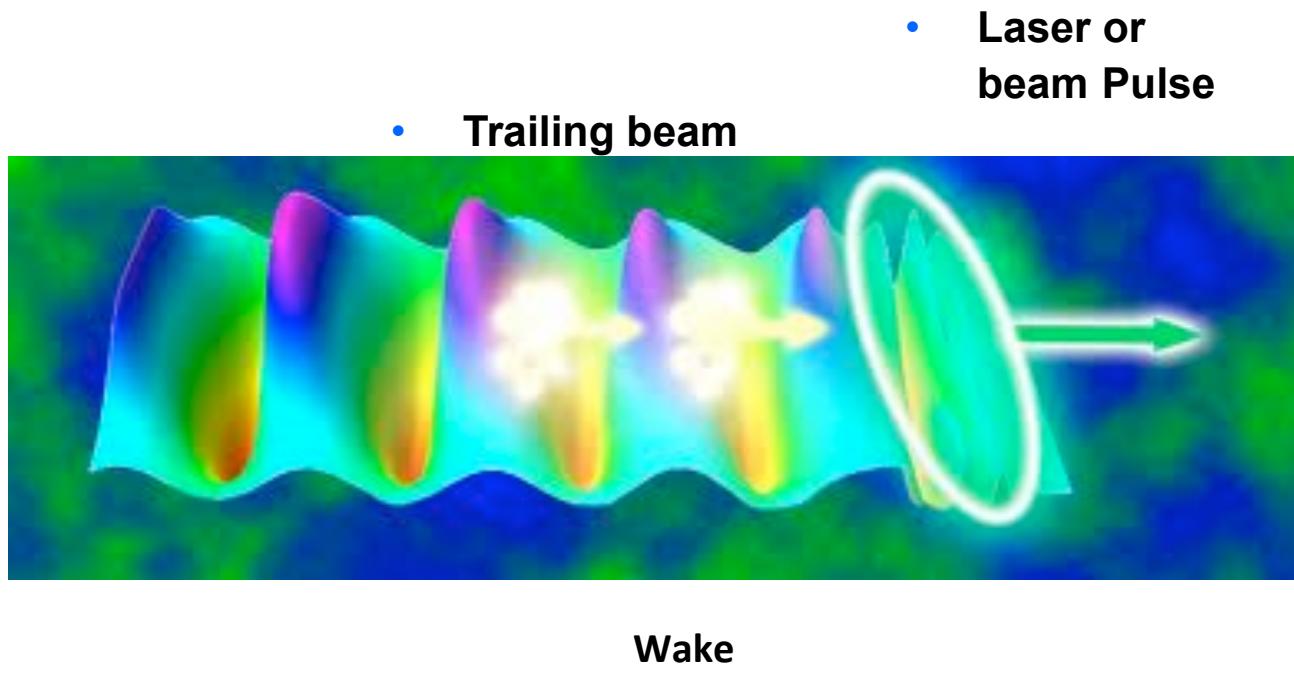
- **Tsinghua**

Wei Lu, Shiyu Zhou, Yue Ma, Jianfei Hua, Chi-hao
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Outline

- **Plasma based wakefield accelerator (PBA)**
 - Key accelerator physics for PBA
- **Plasma based injector for CEPC**
 - Boundary conditions
 - Overall concept design
 - Preliminary design parameters

Plasma Based Wakefield Acceleration



- Laser or beam Pulse

- Trailing beam

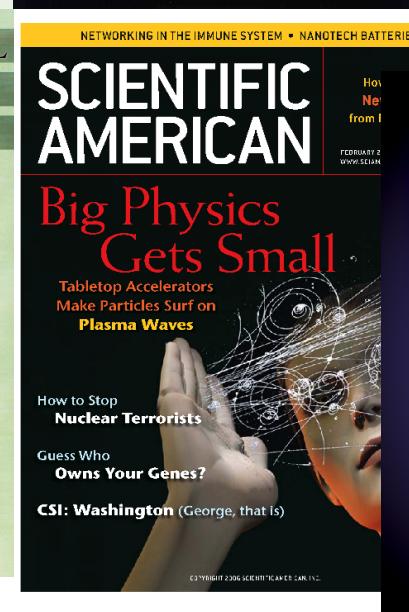
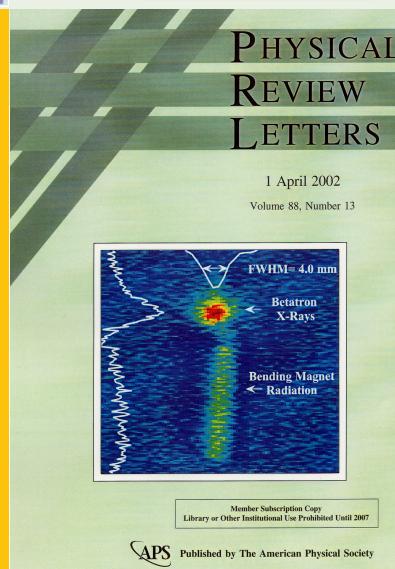
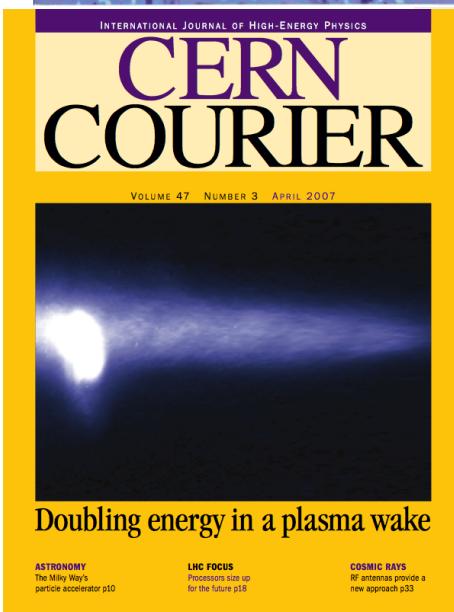
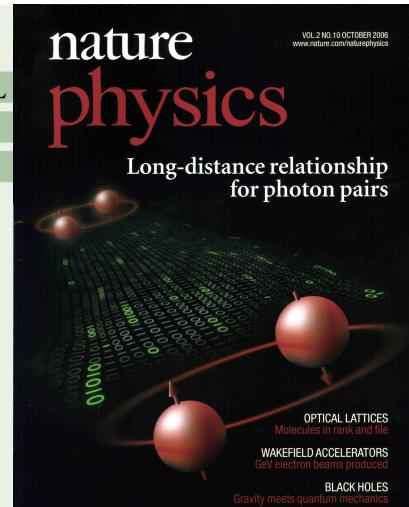
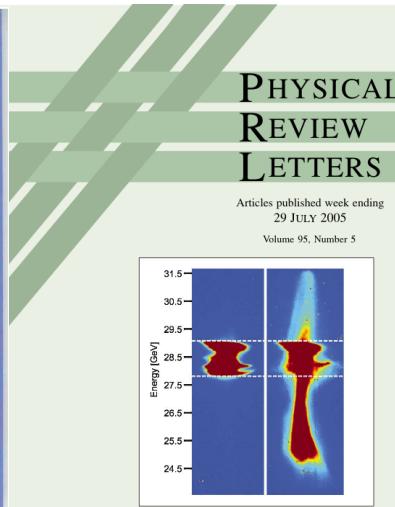
Wake

Huge gradient (~100GV/m) + Tiny structures (~10-100um)



T.Tajima and J.M. Dawson PRL (1979) **LWFA**
P.Chen, J.M. Dawson et.al. PRL (1983) **PWFA**

Important progress in past decade



Key physics issues for a plasma accelerator

- The structure issue:

Wake excitation for given drivers

- The energy spread and efficiency issue:

Beam loading, pulse shaping, transformer ratio

- The stability issue:

Driver evolution, matching, guiding, instabilities

- The injector issue:

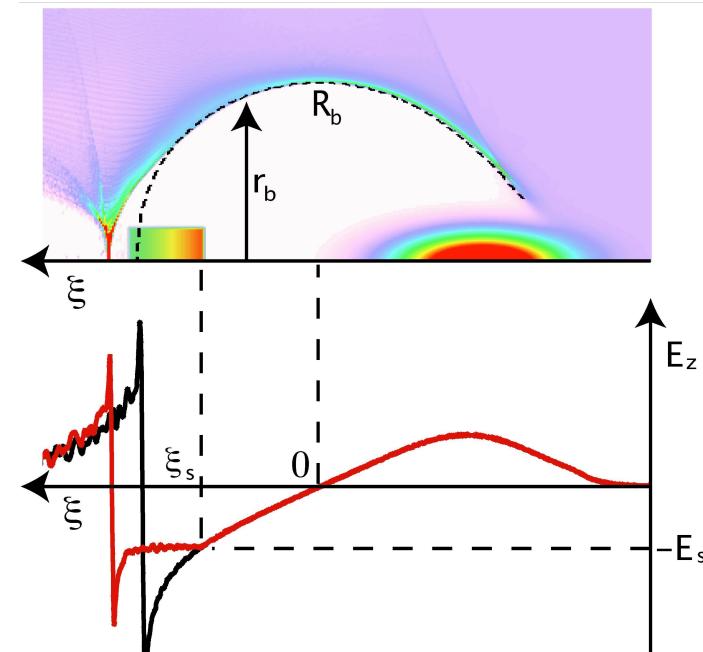
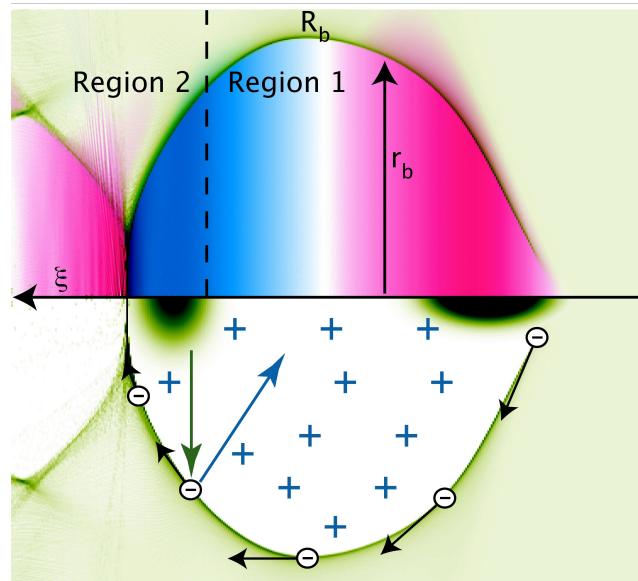
Self-injection, wave breaking, controlled injection

- The overall design and staging issue:

Parameter optimization for a plasma based accelerator to match the requirements of beam parameters,staging, external injection

Beam loading efficiency and energy spread

High efficiency (near 100%) + Uniform acceleration



$$r_b \frac{d^2 r_b}{d\xi^2} + 2 \left[\frac{dr_b}{d\xi} \right]^2 + 1 = \frac{4\lambda(\xi)}{r_b^2} = \frac{4\Lambda(r_b)}{r_b^2}$$
$$E_z(r, \xi) \simeq \frac{1}{2} r_b \frac{dr_b}{d\xi}$$

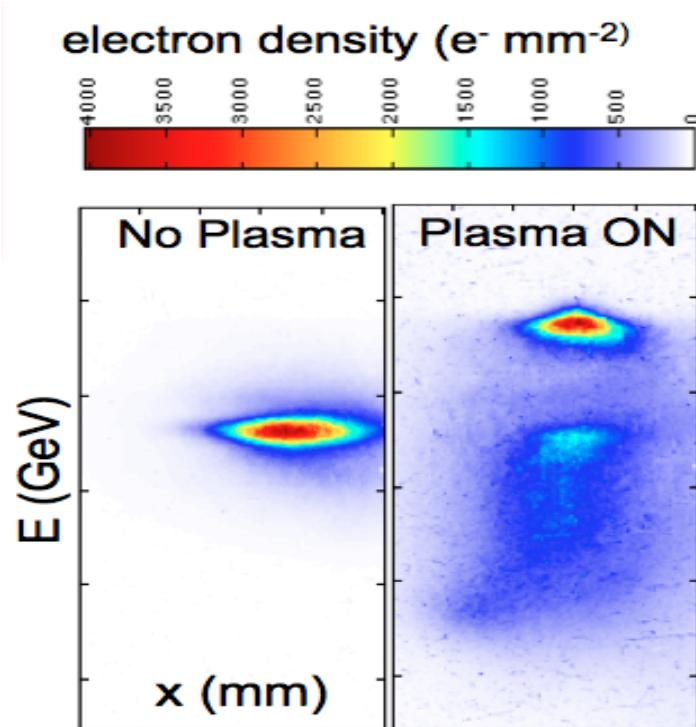


$$E_z \simeq \frac{1}{2} r_b \frac{dr_b}{d\xi} = -\frac{r_b}{2\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{\frac{16 \int^{r_b} \Lambda(\zeta) \zeta d\zeta + C}{r_b^4} - 1}$$

M. Tzoufras, W. Lu et al., PRL (2008), PoP [invited] (2009)

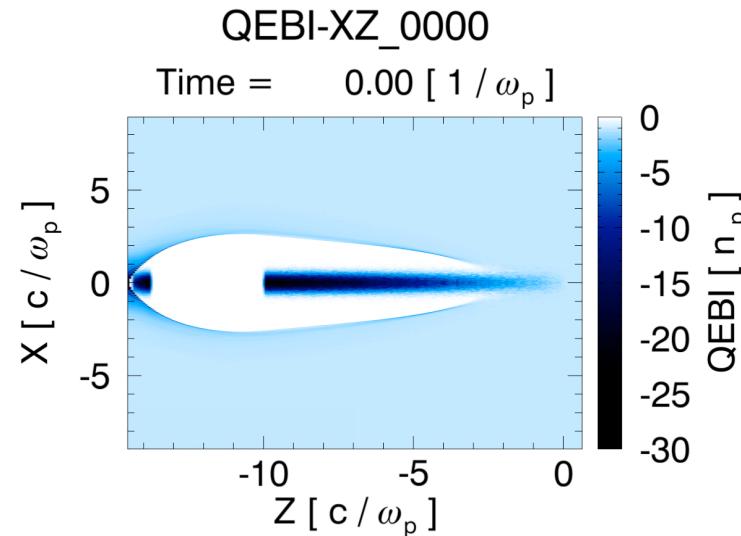
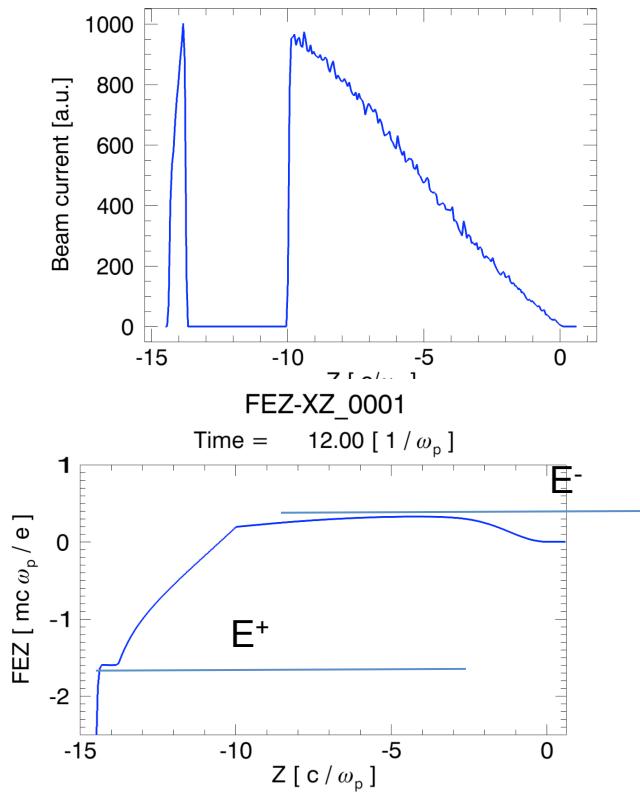
Verified through Experiment

30-50% energy conversion efficiency

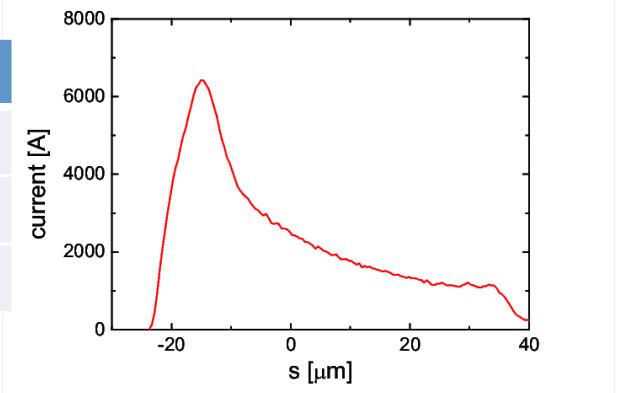


High Transformer Ratio PWFA

Transformer ratio: $R = E^+/E^-$



Parameters	Value
Peak current	6.3 kA
Beam length	~200 fs
Initial energy	1.5 GeV



- Lower Drive Beam Energy
- High efficiency
- TR=5
- 1% energy spread

Plasma Based Injector for CEPC

- The boundary condition
- Overall concept design
- Driver/trailer beam generation through Photo-injector
- HTR PWFA with good stability (single stage $\text{TR}=3\text{-}4$, Cascaded stage $6\text{-}12$, high efficiency)
- Positron generation and acceleration in an electron beam driven PWFA using hollow plasma channel ($\text{TR}=1$)

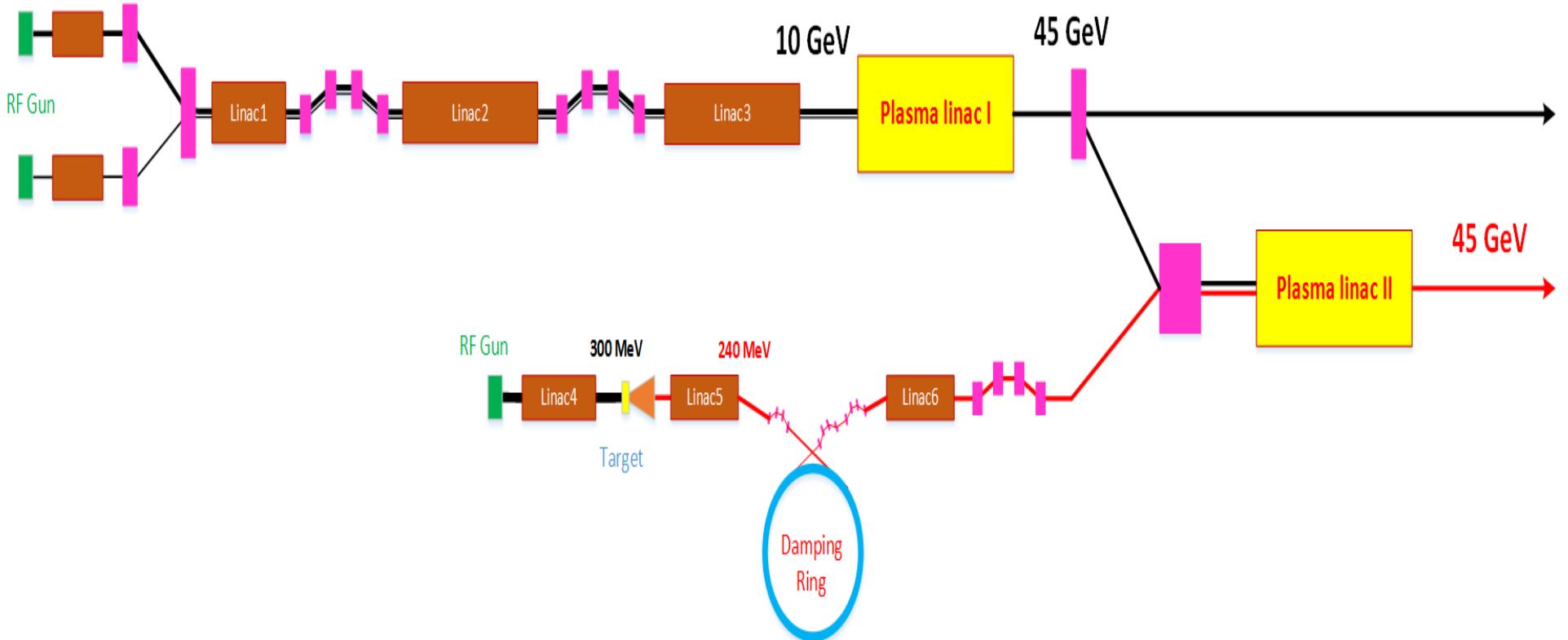
CEPC Pre-CDR/CDR Linac Requirement

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Pre-CDR	CDR
e ⁻ /e ⁺ beam energy	E_{e^-}/E_{e^+}	GeV	6	10
Repetition rate	f_{rep}	Hz	50	50
e ⁻ /e ⁺ bunch population	N_{e^-}/N_{e^+}		2×10^{10}	6.25×10^9
		nC	3.2	1.0
Energy spread (e ⁻ /e ⁺)	σ_E		$< 1 \times 10^{-3}$	$< 2 \times 10^{-3}$
Emittance (e ⁻ /e ⁺)	ε_r	mm·mrad	<0.3	<0.3
e ⁻ beam energy on Target		GeV	4	4 (2)
e ⁻ bunch charge on Target		nC	10	10

Boundary Conditions

- Beam average power (**kW 100Hz**)
- Beam charge per-bunch (**nC**)
- Beam energy spread (**0.2%**)
- Beam geometric emittance (**<0.3mm mrad**)
- Positron generation and acceleration

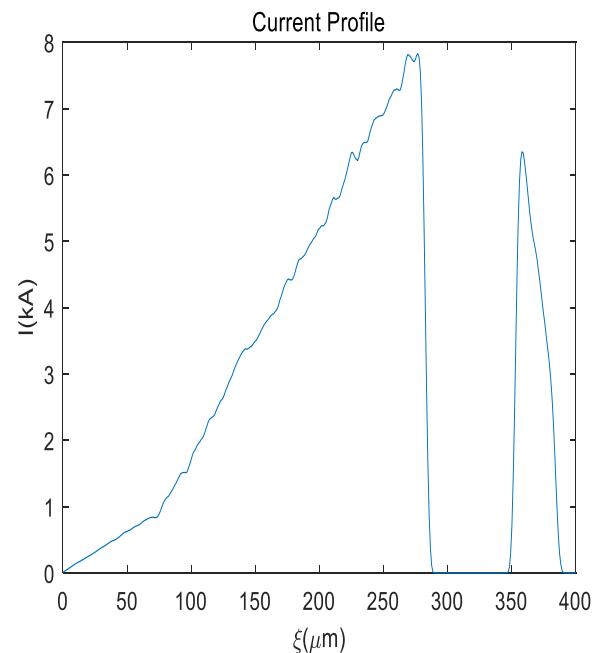
Overall Concept Design based on single stage HTR PWFA (TR=3.5)



By Cai Meng et al.

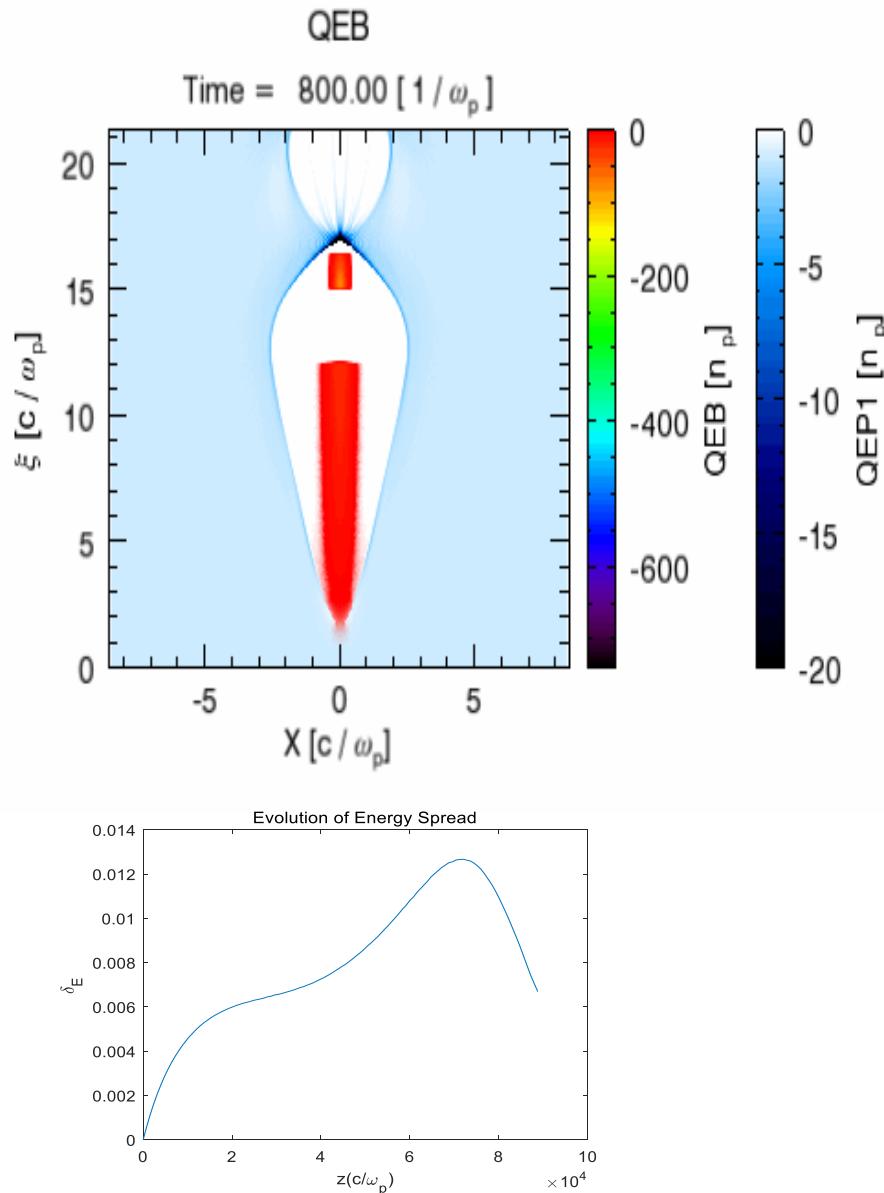
HTR PWFA parameter design (TR=3.55)

Input parameters	
Plasma density $n_{\perp 0}$ (cm^{-3})	5.15×10^{16}
Driver charge $Q_{\perp d}$ (nC)	6.47
Driver energy $E_{\perp d}$ (GeV)	10
Driver length $L_{\perp d}$ (μm)	285
Driver RMS size $\sigma_{\perp d}$ (μm)	10
Driver normalized emittance $\epsilon_{\perp nd}$ ($mm\ mrad$)	10
Tailor charge $Q_{\perp t}$ (nC)	1.25
Tailor energy $E_{\perp t}$ (GeV)	10
Tailor length $L_{\perp t}$ (μm)	35
Tailor RMS size $\sigma_{\perp t}$ (μm)	5
Tailor normalized emittance $\epsilon_{\perp nt}$ ($mm\ mrad$)	100



By Shiyu Zhou

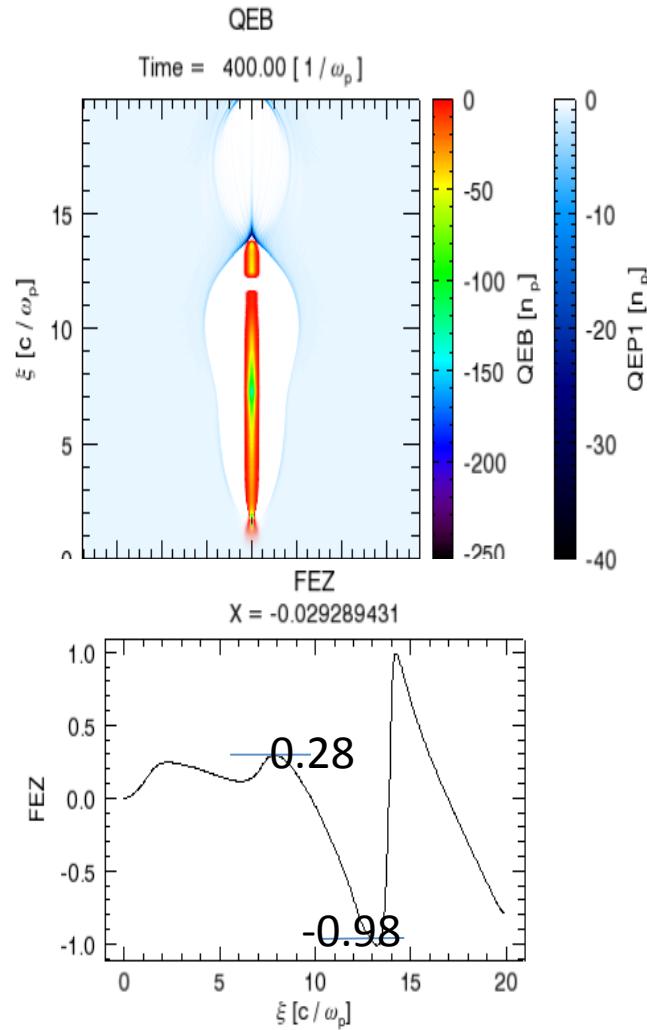
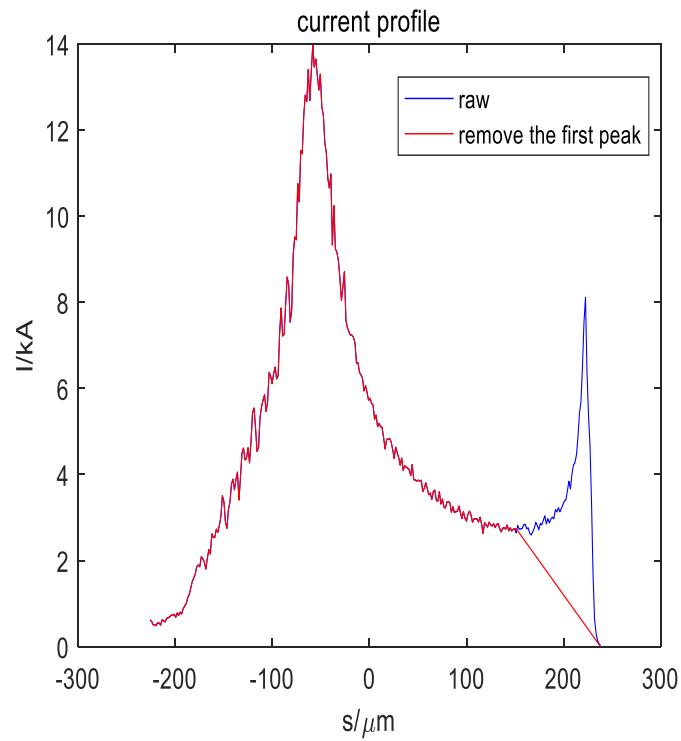
HTR PWFA simulation (TR=3.55)



Output parameters	
Tailor energy $E \downarrow t$ (GeV)	45.5
Tailor normalized emittance $\epsilon \downarrow nt$ (mm mrad)	98.9
TR	3.55
Energy spread $\delta \downarrow E$ (%)	0.7
Efficiency (driver \rightarrow tailor)	68.6%

Plasma length $\sim 1.9m$

7nC Shaped bunch by S-band photo-injector and LINAC

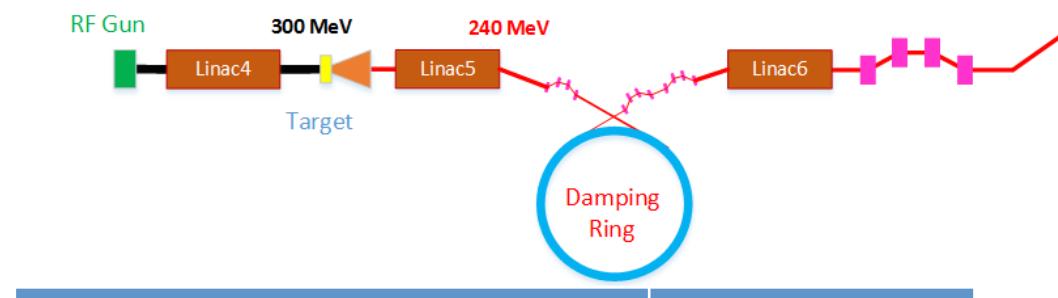


Simulation data by Zhen Wang of SINAP

TR=3.5

Positron generation

Damping ring	DR V1.0
Energy (MeV)	240
Circumference (m)	20
Bending radius (m)	1.7
B0 (T)	0.47
U0 (keV/turn)	0.17
Damping time x/y/z (ms)	185/185/93
δ_0 (%)	0.016
ϵ_0 (mm.mrad)	6
Nature σ_z (mm)	3
Extract σ_z (mm)	1.8
ϵ_{inj} (mm.mrad)	2400
ϵ_{ext} x/y (mm.mrad)	819/815
$\delta_{inj} / \delta_{ext}$ (%)	1 / 0.13
Storage time (ms)	100



RF parameters	
RF frequency (MHz)	500
RF voltage (MV)	0.8
Energy acceptance by RF(%)	1.8
harmonic	33

Lattice parameters	
FODO length (m)	1.2
Phase per cell	60°
Dipole length (m)	0.46
Dipole strength (T)	0.47
Quadrupole length (m)	0.11
Quadrupole strength (m^{-2})	15

By Dou Wang

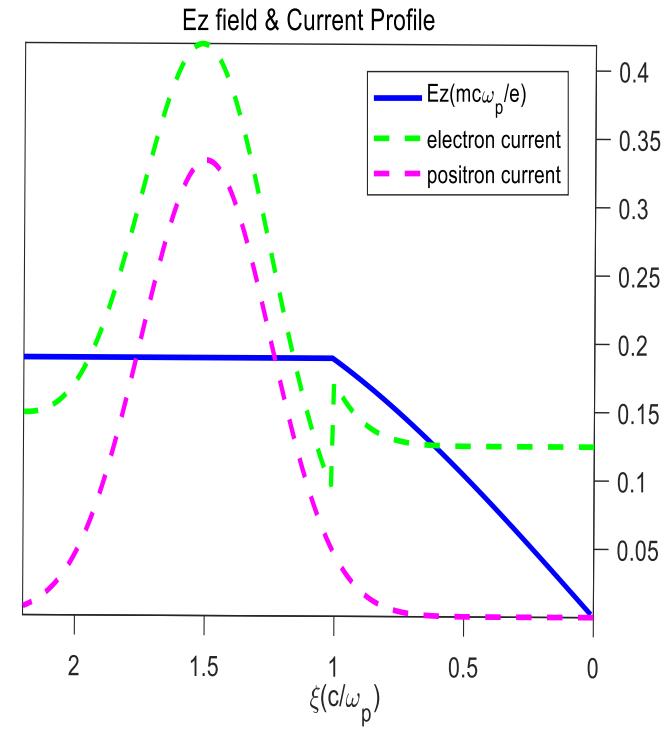
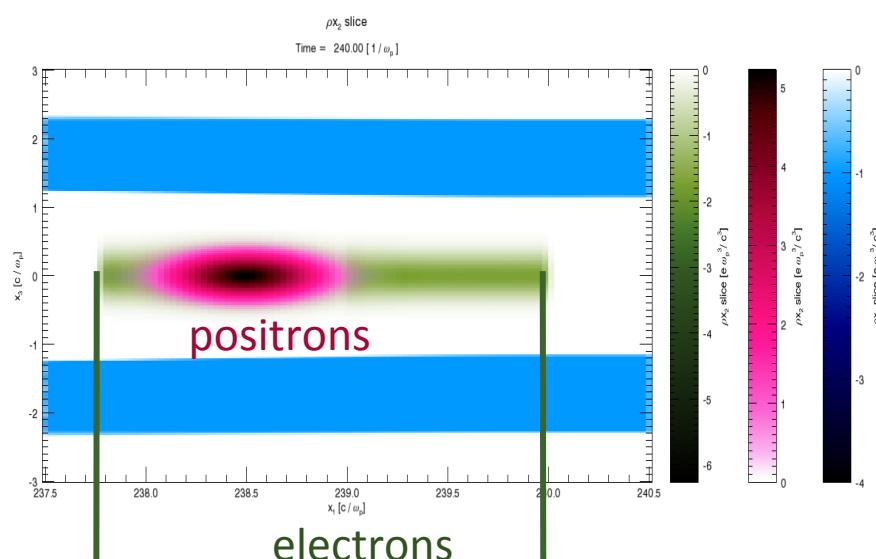
Positron compression

	BC I	BC II	BC III
Initial energy (MeV)	240	240	1300
δ_{inj} (%)	0.13	1.95	1.58
Initial σ_z (um)	1800	220	50
f_{RF} (MHz)	2856	2856	5712
Voltage(GV)	0.14	5.0	36
ϕ_{RF} (度)	90	77.8	86.6
R_{56} (mm)	92	13.9	2.5
Final energy(MeV)	240	1300	3400
δ_{ext} (%)	1.95	1.58	2.0
final σ_z (um)	220	50	15

Compression ratio:
BCI: 8.2
BCII: 4.4
BCIII: 3.3

Positron Acceleration

Uniform acceleration + High efficiency + TR=1

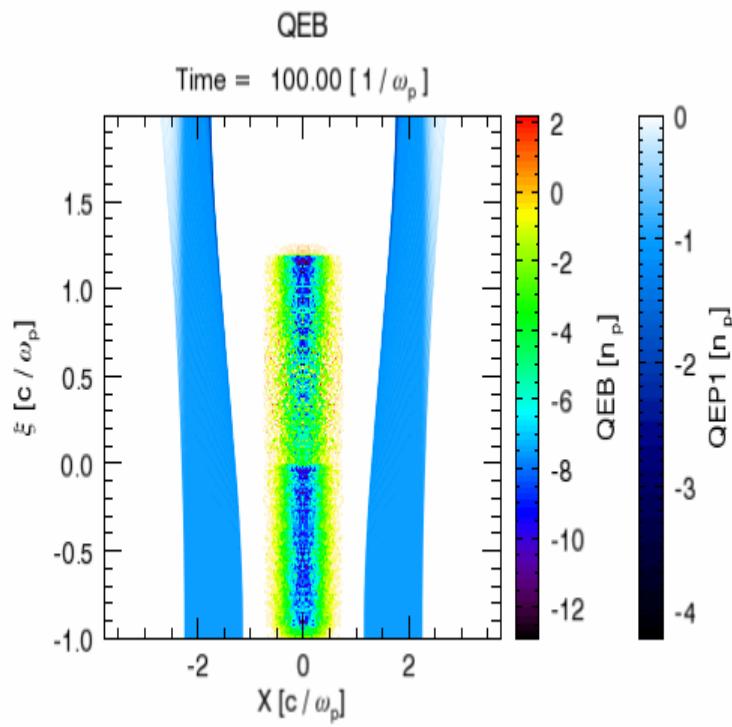


By Shiyu Zhou

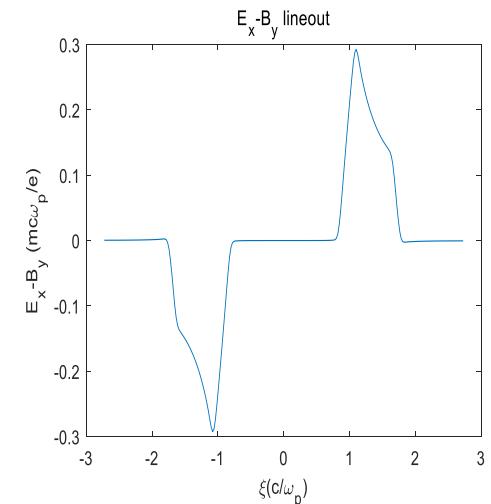
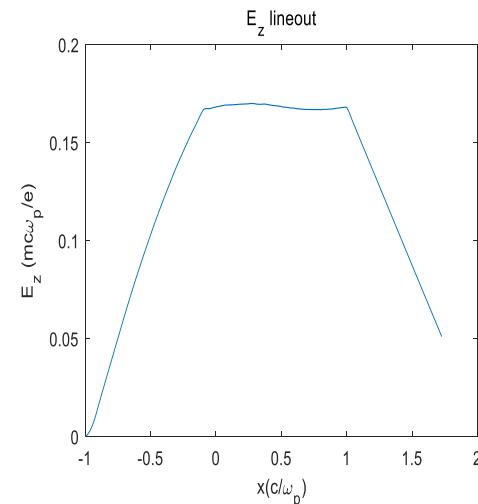
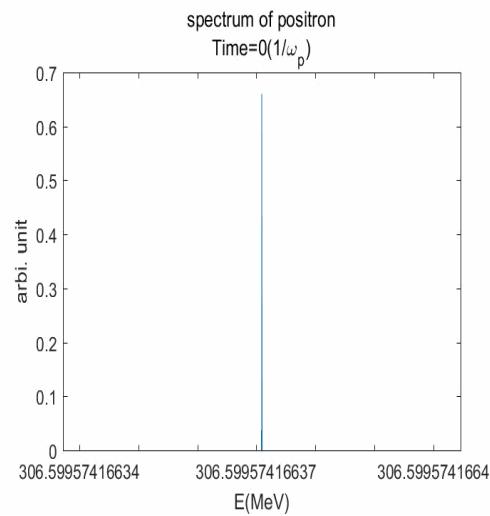
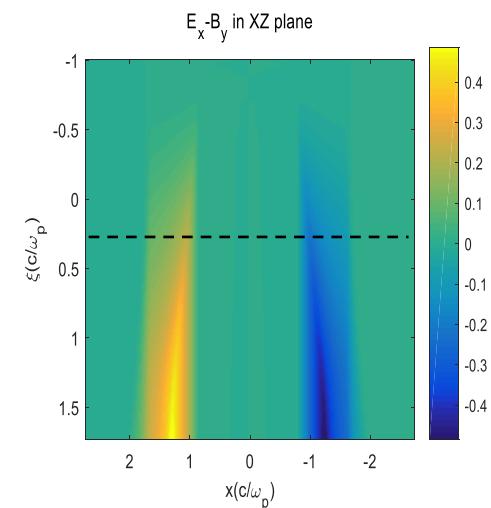
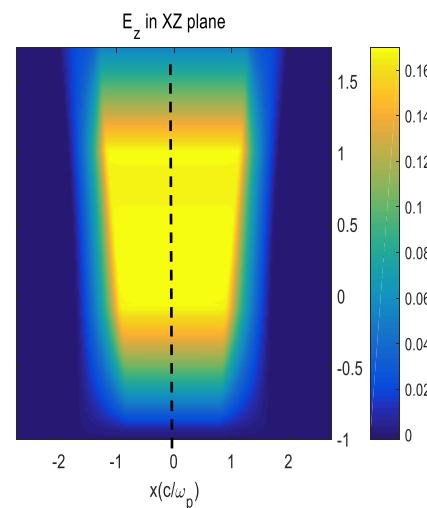
Input parameters	
Plasma density n_0 (cm^{-3})	1.77×10^{16}
Channel inner radius r_1 (μm)	45
Channel out radius r_2 (μm)	90
Bunches	
Driver charge Q_d (nC)	2.13
Driver energy E_d (GeV)	45.5
Driver length L_d (μm)	88
Driver RMS size σ_d (μm)	10
Driver normalized emittance ϵ_{nd} ($mm\ mrad$)	100
Trailor charge Q_t (nC)	1
Trailor energy E_t (GeV)	0.3
Trailor length L_t-rms (μm)	10
Trailor RMS size σ_t (μm)	10
Trailor normalized emittance ϵ_{nt} ($mm\ mrad$)	100

Output parameters	
Trailor energy E_t (GeV)	45.5
Trailor normalized emittance ϵ_{nt} ($mm\ mrad$)	100
TR	1
Energy spread δE (%)	1.3
Efficiency (driver -> trailor)	46.9%

Plasma length $\sim 22m$

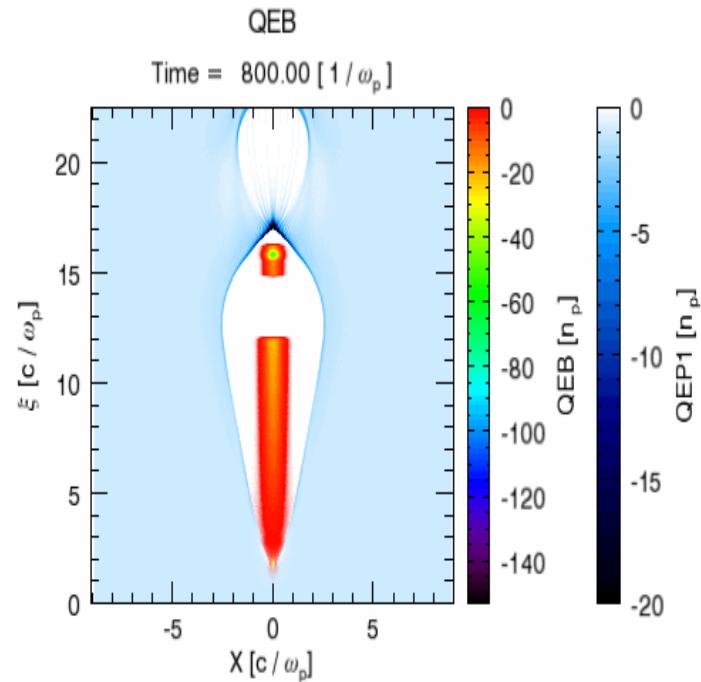


Fields Structure



Electron driver/trailer parameters for e+ acceleration

Input parameters	
Plasma density $n \downarrow 0$ (cm^{-3})	1.44×10^{16}
Driver charge $Q \downarrow d$ (nC)	12.4
Driver energy $E \downarrow d$ (GeV)	10
Driver length $L \downarrow d$ (μm)	540
Driver RMS size $\sigma \downarrow d$ (μm)	20
Driver normalized emittance $\epsilon \downarrow nd$ ($mm\ mrad$)	100
Trailor charge $Q \downarrow t$ (nC)	2
Trailor energy $E \downarrow t$ (GeV)	10
Trailor length $L \downarrow t$ (μm)	88
Trailor RMS size $\sigma \downarrow t$ (μm)	10
Trailor normalized emittance $\epsilon \downarrow nt$ ($mm\ mrad$)	200

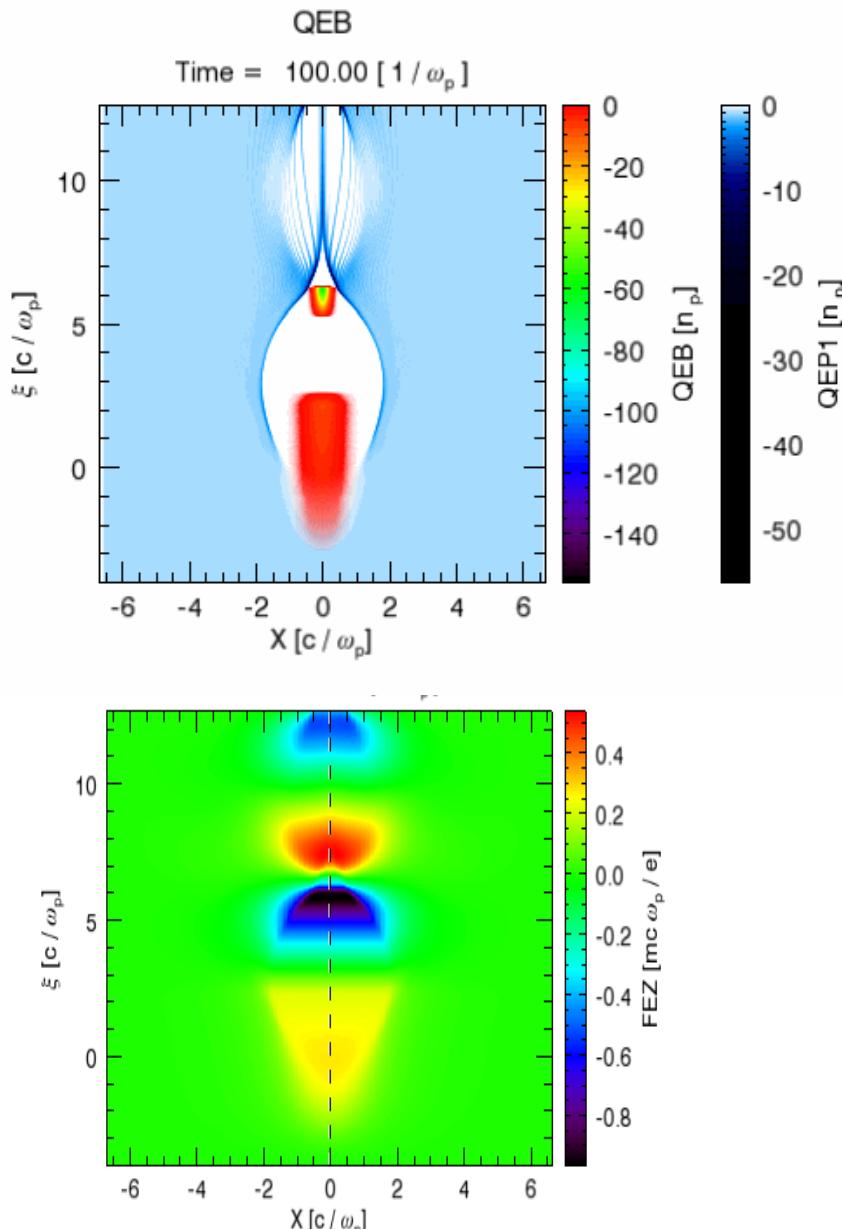


TR~3.5

Cascaded HTR PWFA

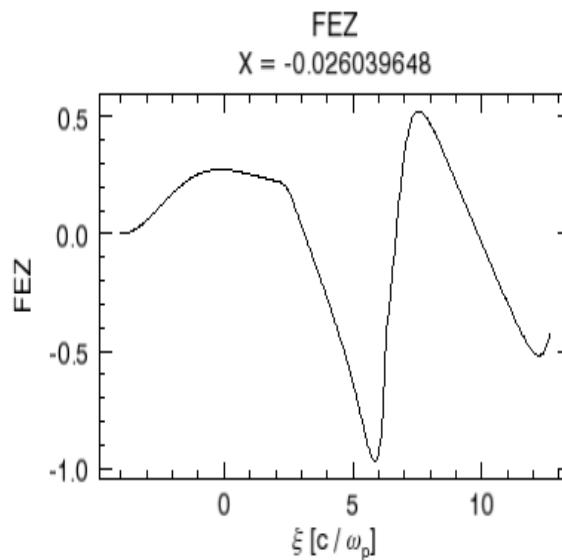
- **The 1st stage**
 - Two shaped bunches (**5ps 25nC, 1ps 5nC**)
 - TR=2 or 3
 - Efficiency (**60%**)
- **The 2nd stage**
 - Controlled injection for e (**200fs 1nC or 2nC**)
 - TR=2 or 3
 - Single stage efficiency (**60%**)
 - Overall **TR=(1+TR1)*TR2**
- Overall efficiency **Q3(1+TR1)*TR2/(Q1+Q2)=40%**
- **The positron stage**
 - Combining e+ with e- (**200fs 1nC**)
 - TR=1 Single stage efficiency (**~50%**)
 - Overall efficiency for positron **20%**

Electron Acceleration Stage (I and II)



Parameters of Stage I

Driver pulse	5ps
Driver charge Q1	25nC
Driver energy	2GeV
Trailer pulse	0.5ps
Trailer charge Q2	5nC
Trailer energy	2GeV
Final energy	8GeV
Average TR	3
Efficiency	~60%



Thank you for your attention!