

Central exclusive production of J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ mesons in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV

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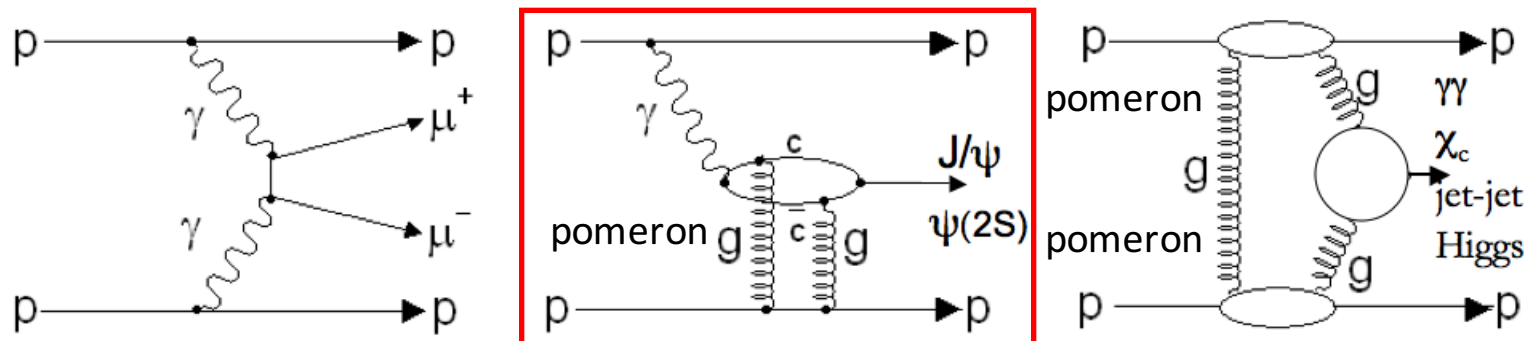
On behalf of the LHCb collaboration

Tsinghua University

QWG 2017, Nov 9th 2017 @ Beijing, China

Introduction

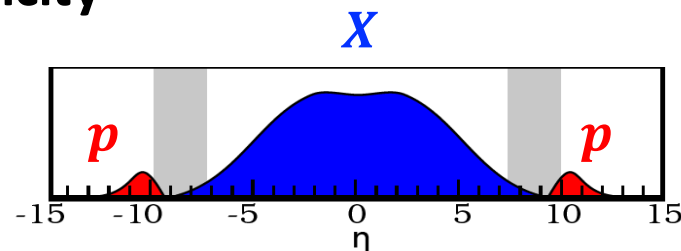
➤ Central exclusive production: $p + p \rightarrow p + X + p$



✓ Clean final state with low event multiplicity

✓ X well isolated in rapidity

✓ Provides essential QCD information



➤ J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ in CEP are produced through the fusion of a photon and a pomeron (a colorless strongly-coupled object), and can provide

✓ A test of QCD

✓ An investigation of the nature of the pomeron

✓ A means for constraining the gluon parton distribution function

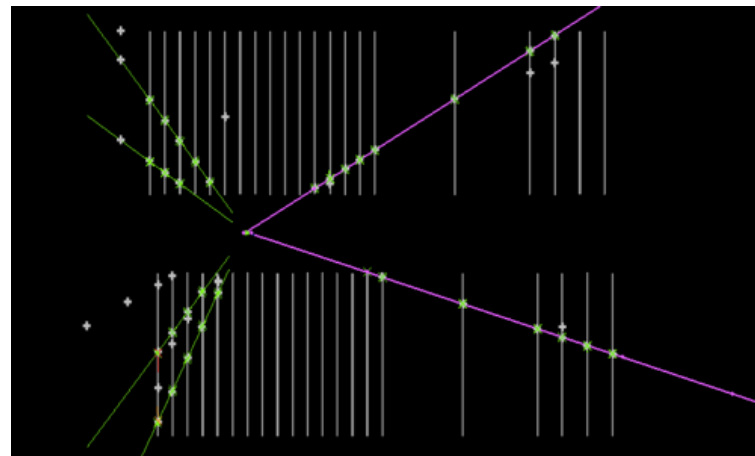
➤ LHCb is a single-arm forward region spectrometer covering $2 < \eta < 5$

✓ Rapidity range complementary to other experiments

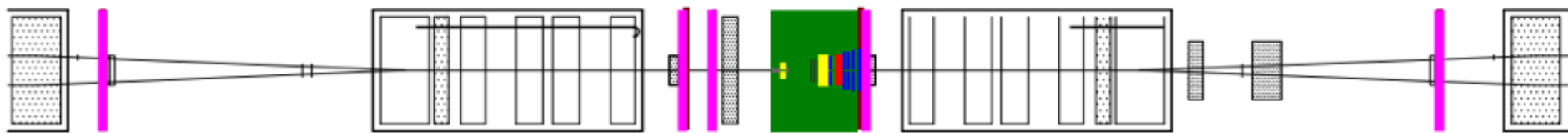
✓ Dedicated CEP trigger lines

✓ Low pile-up environment

✓ VELO has backward coverage
 $-3.5 < \eta < -1.5$



✓ **HERSCHEL**: new high rapidity shower counters in RunII;
 η coverage largely increased! Can reduce non-CEP backgrounds powerfully



VELO&Herschel: $-10 < \eta < -5, -3.5 < \eta < -1.5, 1.5 < \eta < 10$

Dataset and selections

➤ Measurement performed using 204 pb^{-1} data at $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$

➤ Trigger requirements

✓ **Hardware:** less than 30 deposits in the scintillating-pad (SPD);
at least one muon with $p_T > 200 \text{ MeV}/c$

✓ **Software:** < 10 reconstructed tracks; at least one muon

➤ Event selection

✓ Two muons with $2 < \eta < 4.5$

✓ $M(\mu^+ \mu^-) \in M(\psi) \pm 65 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

✓ $p_T^2(\mu^+ \mu^-) < 0.8 (\text{GeV}/c)^2$

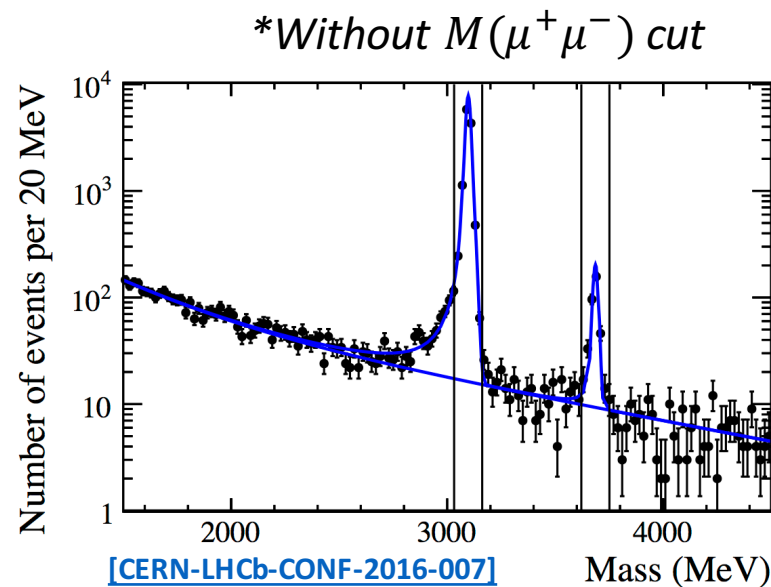
✓ Events with

1) additional VELO tracks **or**

2) neutral energy $> 200 \text{ MeV}$ **or**

3) significant deposits in HERSCHEL

(Σ_H : sum of normalized signals in each channel) are removed



Cross-section calculation

- Differential cross-sections in bins of rapidity are measured
- Master relation

$$\frac{d\sigma_{\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-}}{dy} (2.0 < \eta_{\mu^+}, \eta_{\mu^-} < 4.5) = \frac{pN}{\epsilon_{\text{rec}} \epsilon_{\text{sel}} \Delta y \epsilon_{\text{single}} L}$$

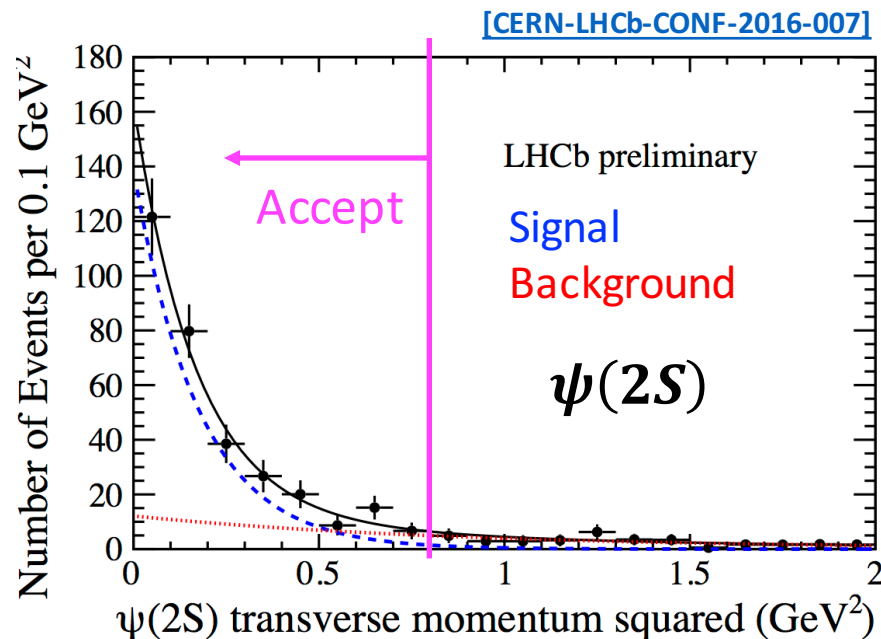
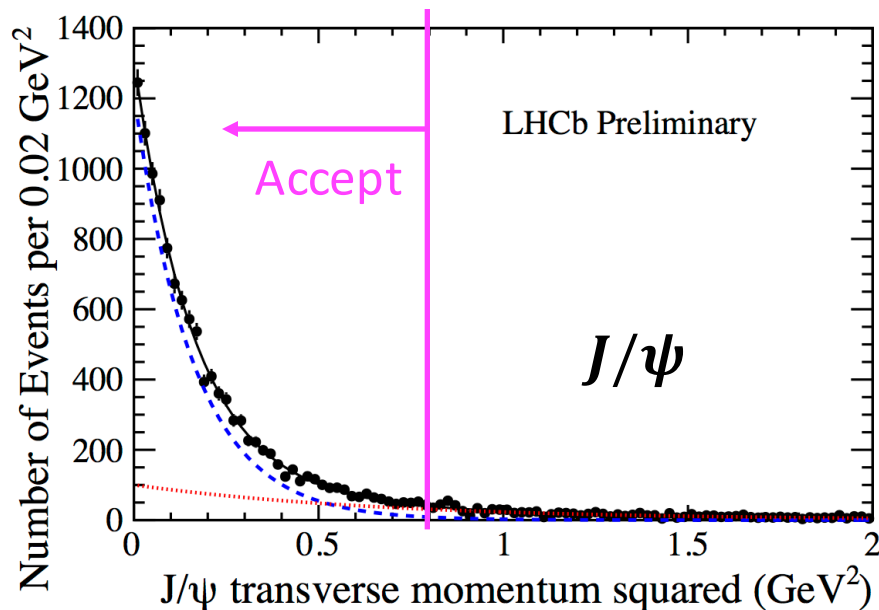
- ✓ p : signal purity
- ✓ N : number of selected events
- ✓ $\epsilon_{\text{rec/sel}}$: reconstruction/selection efficiency
- ✓ Δy : width of the rapidity bin
- ✓ L : integrated luminosity
- ✓ $\epsilon_{\text{single}} = \mu e^{-\mu}$: fraction of single interaction beam-crossings, assuming number of visible pp interactions follows Poisson distribution

$$P(n) = \mu^n e^{-\mu} / n!$$

Signal purity p

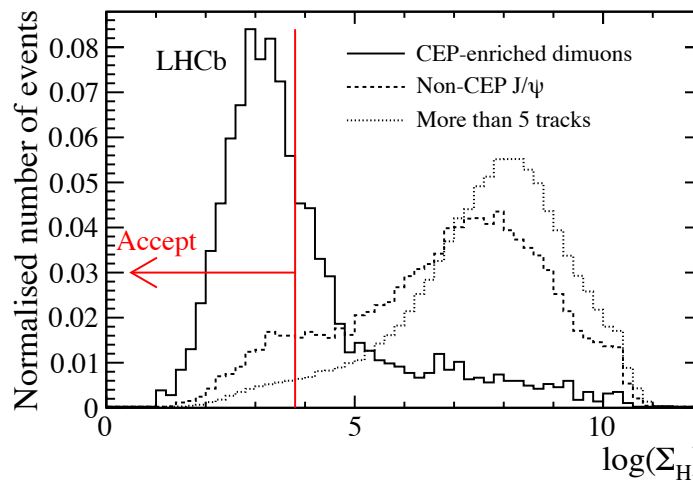
➤ Remaining background sources

- 1) Non-resonant dimuon: fit to $M(\mu^+ \mu^-)$ distribution
- 2) Feed-down of CEP χ_c or $\psi(2S)$ to J/ψ
 - $\psi(2S)$: determined using simulated events normalized to $\psi(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ signal in data
 - χ_c : determined using calibration sample reconstructed with $J/\psi + \gamma$, scaled by the ratio of J/ψ to $J/\psi + \gamma$ in the simulated χ_c sample
- 3) Non-exclusive events where remnants are undetected



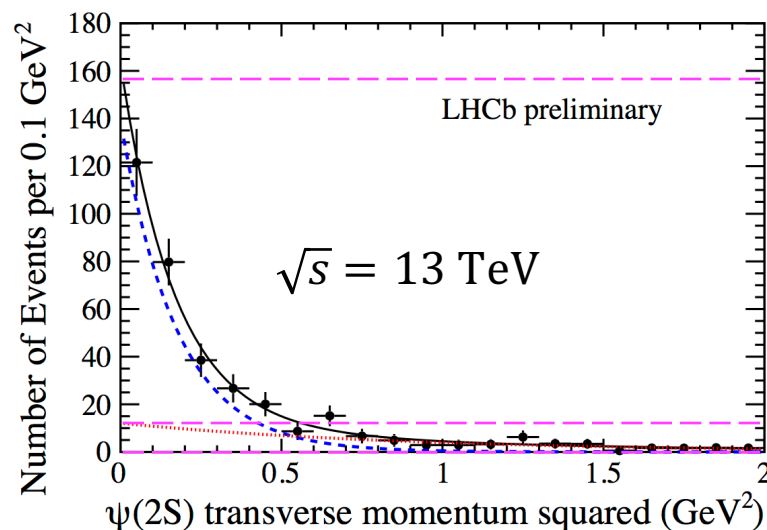
Utilization of HERSCHEL

- Good discrimination between CEP and non-CEP candidates

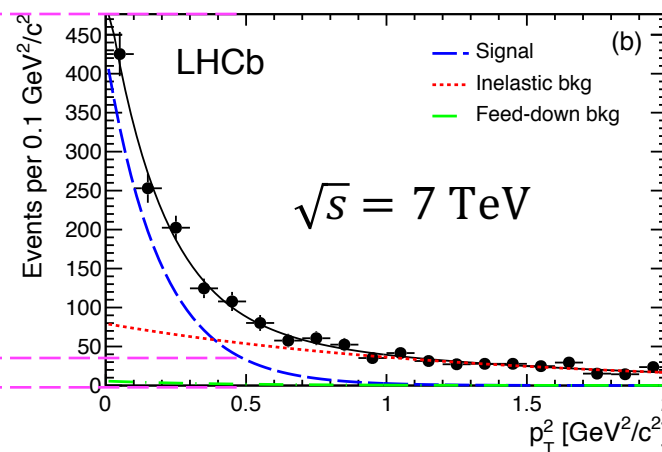


[CERN-LHCb-CONF-2016-007]

- Background level roughly halved compared to Run1 analysis



[CERN-LHCb-CONF-2016-007]



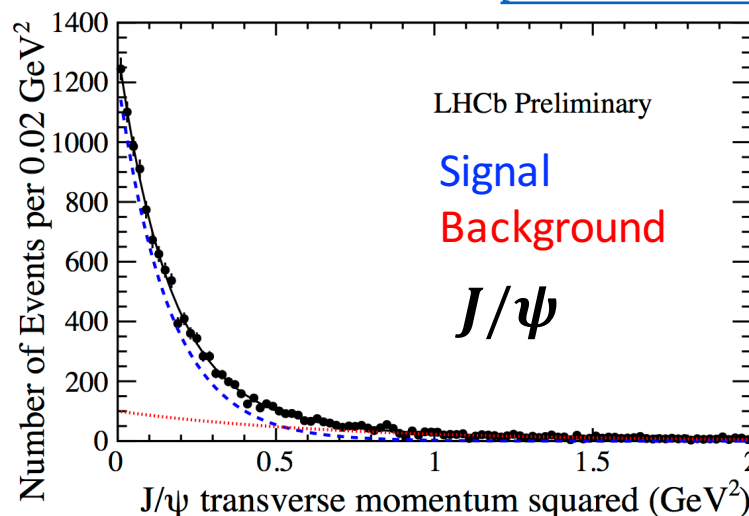
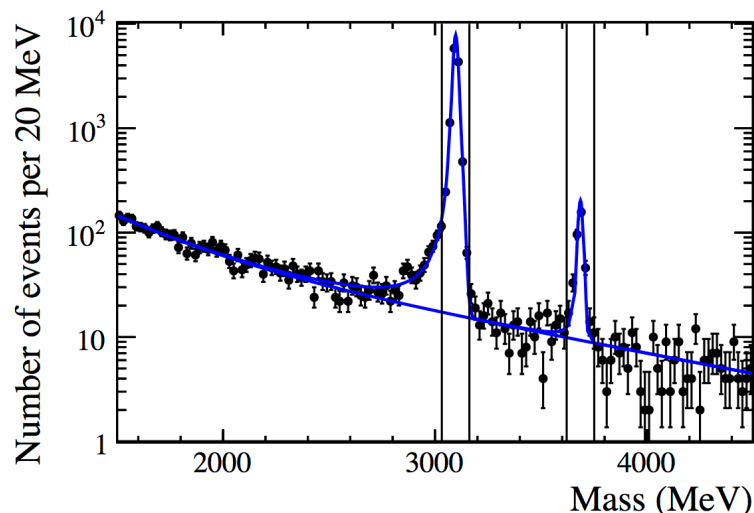
[J. Phys. G41 (2014) 055002]

$\psi(2S)$

Efficiencies ϵ_{rec} and ϵ_{sel}

- Reconstruction efficiency ϵ_{rec}
 - ✓ Product of trigger, tracking and muon identification efficiency
 - ✓ Each determined from simulation and calibrated using data
- Selection efficiency ϵ_{sel}
 - ✓ $M(\mu^+ \mu^-)$ cut: fit to $M(\mu^+ \mu^-)$ distribution
 - ✓ $p_T^2(\mu^+ \mu^-)$ cut: fit to $p_T^2(\mu^+ \mu^-)$ distribution

[CERN-LHCb-CONF-2016-007]



- ✓ **Veto** on VELO, HERSCHEL or photon activity: fit to $p_T^2(\mu^+ \mu^-)$ distribution of non-resonant data sample with/without the cut

Systematic uncertainties

Source	J/ψ analysis Uncertainty (%)	$\psi(2S)$ analysis Uncertainty (%)
Proton dissociation	4.0	4.0
Tracking efficiency	4.0	4.0
Non-resonant background	0.1	1.4
Feed-down background	0.6	-
Mass-window	0.4	0.4
HERSCHEL Veto	1.5	1.5
Luminosity	3.9	3.9
Total excluding luminosity	5.9	6.1

[CERN-LHCb-CONF-2016-007]

➤ Proton dissociation:

Uncertainty due to imperfect modelling in the fit to $p_T^2(\mu^+\mu^-)$; determined using alternative models

➤ Tracking efficiency:

Uncertainty due to variation of efficiencies determined from the calibration data sample

Cross-sections

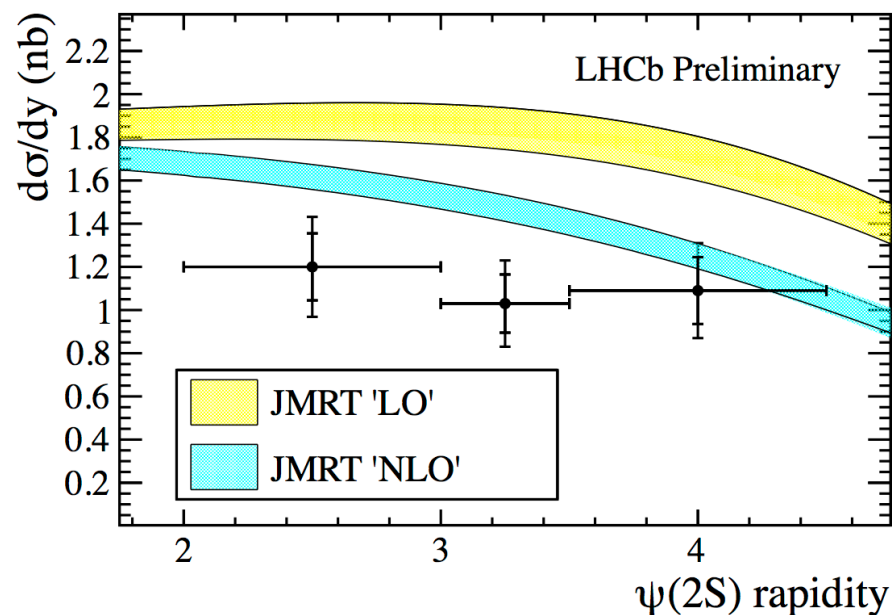
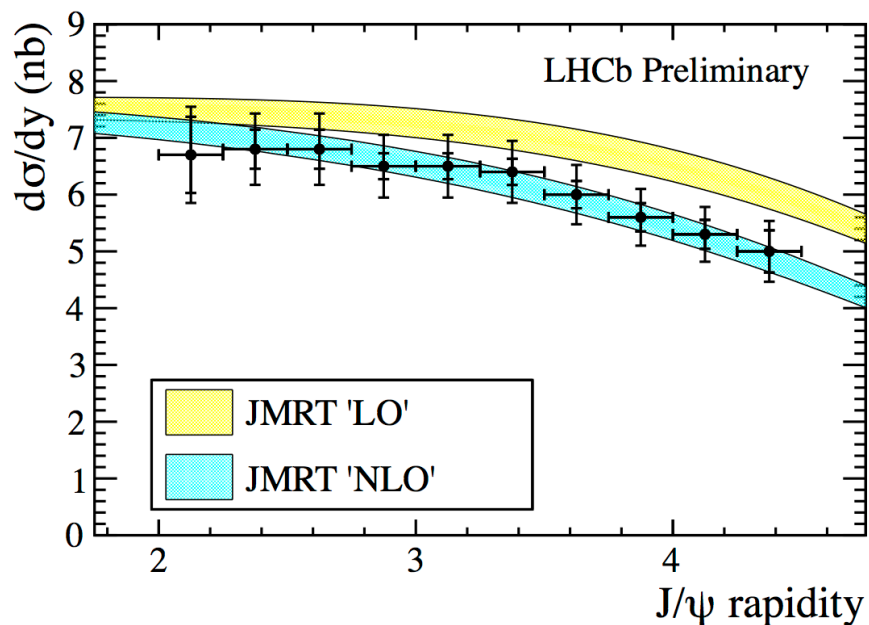
➤ Total cross-sections

$$\sigma_{J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-} (2.0 < \eta_{\mu^+}, \eta_{\mu^-} < 4.5) = 407 \pm 8(\text{stat}) \pm 24(\text{syst}) \pm 16(\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_{\psi(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-} (2.0 < \eta_{\mu^+}, \eta_{\mu^-} < 4.5) = 9.4 \pm 0.9(\text{stat}) \pm 0.6(\text{syst}) \pm 0.4(\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$$

➤ Differential cross-sections with respect to rapidity

✓ Better agreement with JMRT NLO predictions [\[JHEP 11 \(2013\) 085\]](#)
[\[J. Phys. G41 \(2014\) 055009\]](#)

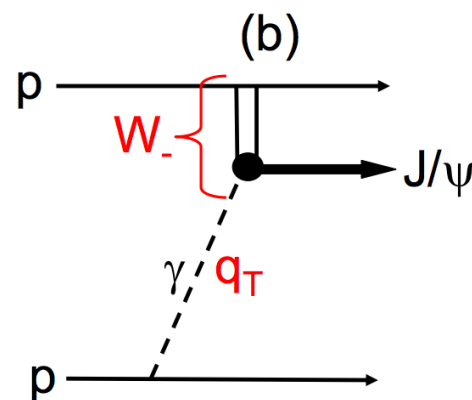
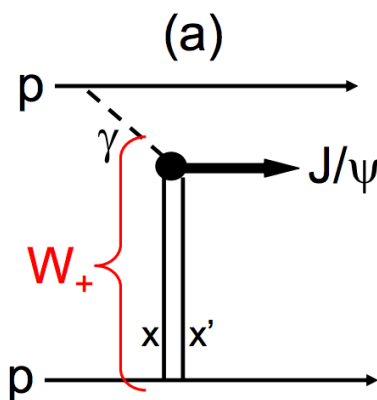
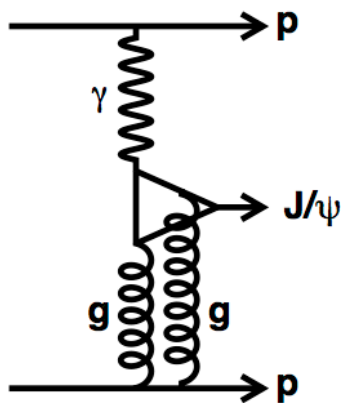


[\[CERN-LHCb-CONF-2016-007\]](#)

Photo-production cross-section

➤ Relation with the photo-production cross-section $\sigma_{\gamma p \rightarrow \psi p}$

$$\sigma_{pp \rightarrow pXp} = r(W_+)k_+ \frac{dn}{dk_+} \sigma_{\gamma p \rightarrow \psi p}(W_+) + r(W_-)k_- \frac{dn}{dk_-} \sigma_{\gamma p \rightarrow \psi p}(W_-)$$



[JHEP 11 (2013) 085]

✓ $r(W_{\pm})$: gap survival factor; taken from previous studies

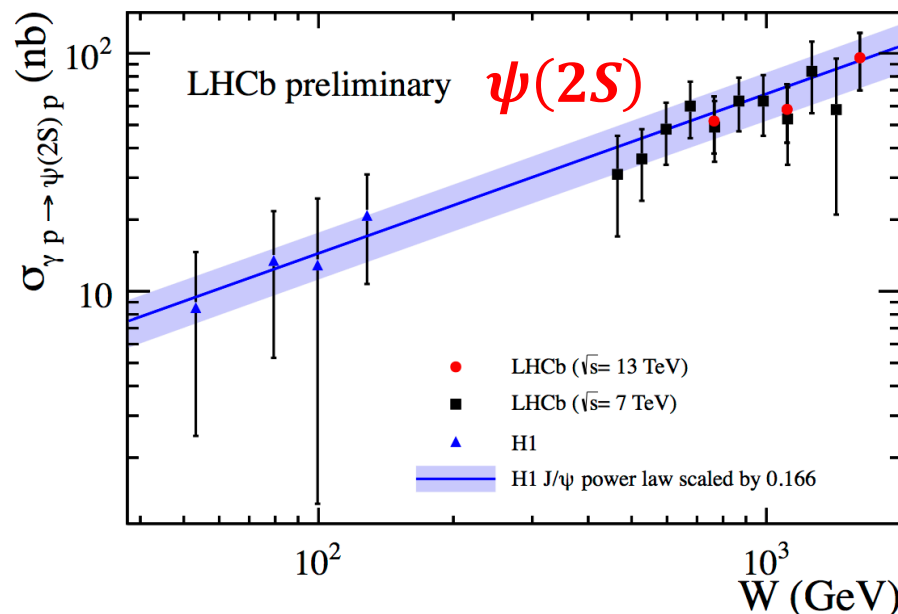
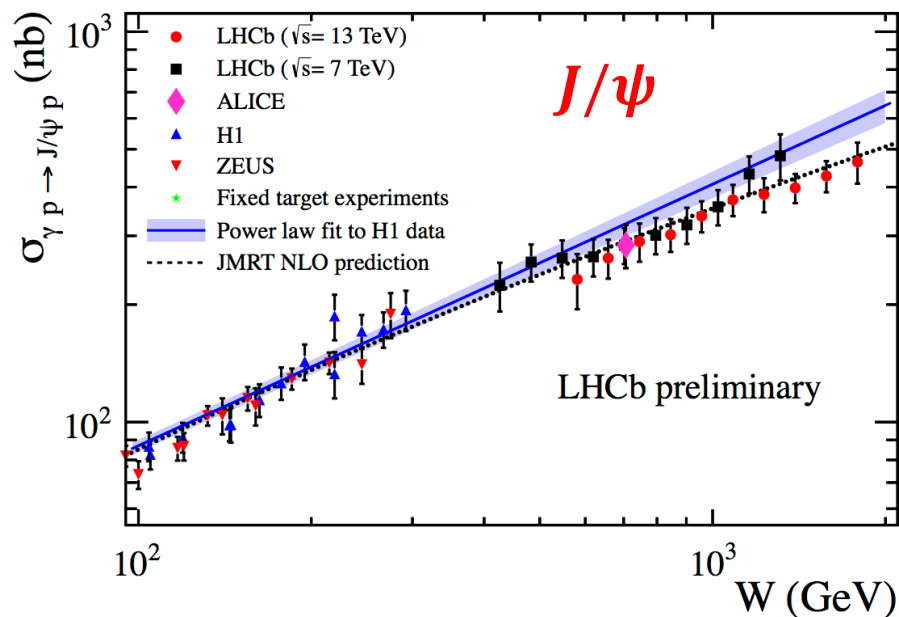
✓ k_{\pm} : photon energy, $= m_{\psi}/2 \times e^{\pm|y|}$

✓ $\frac{dn}{dk_{\pm}}$: photon flux; taken from previous studies

✓ W_{\pm} : center-of-mass energy of the photon-proton system;

$$W_{\pm} = \sqrt{m_{\psi} \times e^{\pm|y|} \times \sqrt{s}}$$

can explore $W = 2 \text{ TeV}$ with $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ data collected by LHCb;
the highest energy so far!



➤ J/ψ production:

- ✓ In agreement with 7 TeV results where they overlap
- ✓ Reach extended to $W \sim 2$ TeV
- ✓ Deviation from the power-law fit to H1 data at highest energies
- ✓ Good agreement with JMRT NLO prediction

[\[JHEP 11 \(2013\) 085\]](#)

[\[J. Phys. G41 \(2014\) 055009\]](#)

[\[J. Phys. G41 \(2014\) 055002\]](#) [\[CERN-LHCb-CONF-2016-007\]](#)

➤ $\psi(2S)$ production:

- ✓ Good agreement with H1 data extrapolation, which is scaled from the J/ψ power-law fit
- ✓ Larger statistics needed

Summary

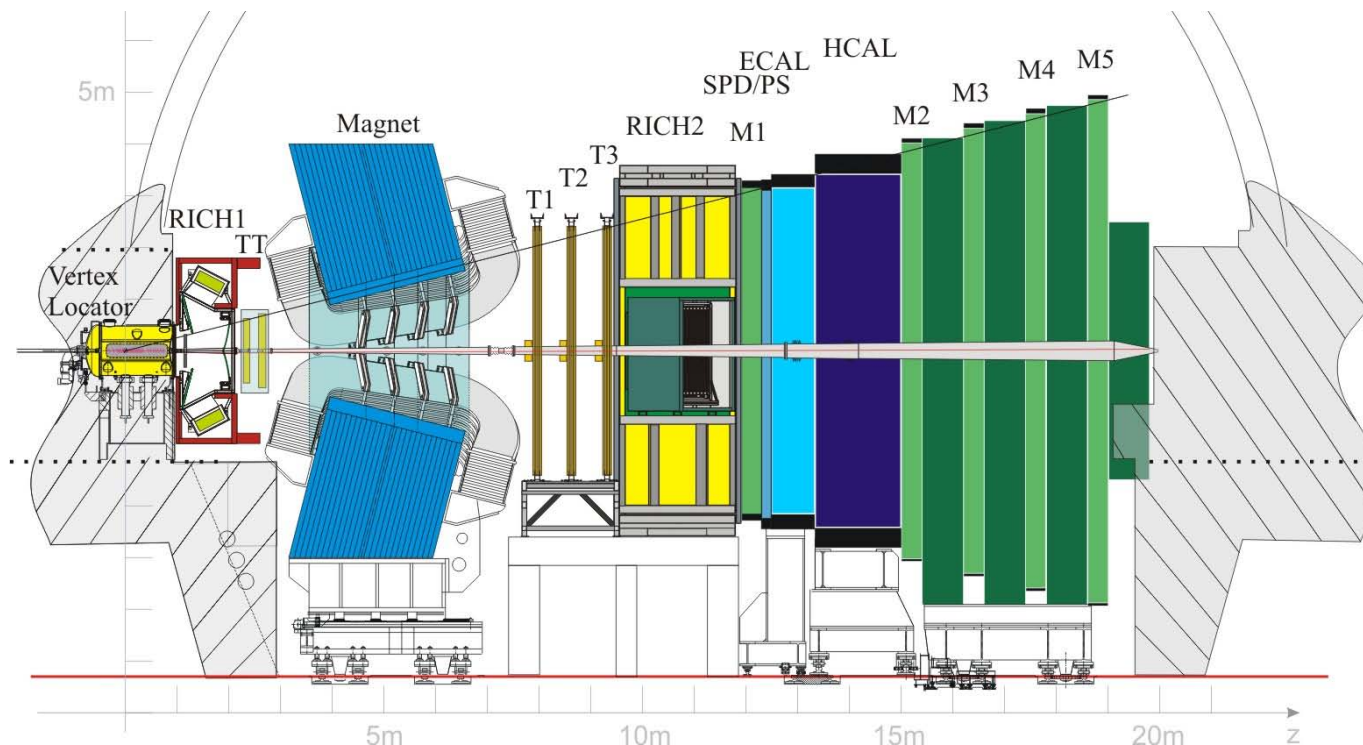
- Central exclusive J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ production at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV measured using data collected by LHCb
 - ✓ Low background level shows good performance of HERSCHEL
 - ✓ Both J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ show better agreement with JMRT NLO prediction
 - ✓ The photo-production cross-section of J/ψ shows deviation from power-law extrapolation of HERA data
 - ✓ More data is needed to make a critical comparison for $\psi(2S)$

Thank you!

Backup

The LHCb detector

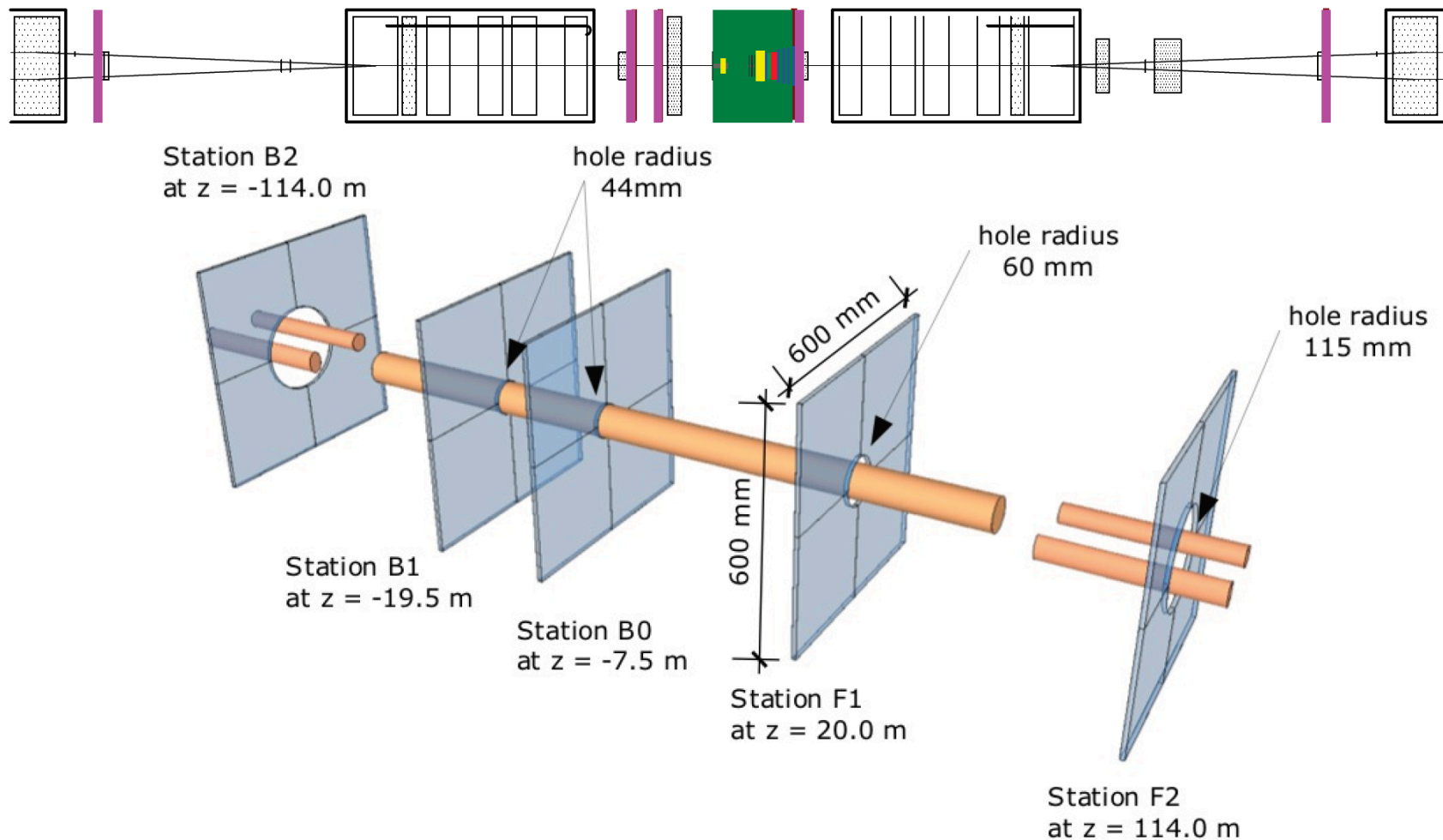
➤ A single-arm forward region spectrometer covering $2 < \eta < 5$



[JINST 3 (2008) S08005]

- ✓ **Vertex Locator:** $\sigma_{PV,x/y} \sim 10 \mu\text{m}$, $\sigma_{PV,z} \sim 60 \mu\text{m}$
- ✓ **Tracking (TT, T1-T3):** $\Delta p/p = 0.5 - 0.6\%$ for $5 < p < 100 \text{ GeV}/c$
- ✓ **RICHs:** $\varepsilon(K \rightarrow K) \sim 95\%$ @ misID rate ($\pi \rightarrow K$) $\sim 5\%$
- ✓ **Muon system (M1-M5):** $\varepsilon(\mu \rightarrow \mu) \sim 97\%$ @ misID rate ($\pi \rightarrow \mu$) $\sim 1 - 3\%$
- ✓ **ECAL:** $\sigma_E/E \sim 10\% / \sqrt{E} \otimes 1\%$ (E in GeV)
- ✓ **HCAL:** $\sigma_E/E \sim 70\% / \sqrt{E} \otimes 10\%$ (E in GeV)

Herschel



VELO&Herschel: $-10 < \eta < -5$, $-3.5 < \eta < -1.5$, $1.5 < \eta < 10$

- Record of J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ in CEP at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV:
<http://dx.doi.org/10.17182/hepdata.66883>
- Record of J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ in CEP at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV will be available when the paper is published