

Leptonic Current Structure and Azimuthal Asymmetry in Deeply Inelastic Scattering

Hong-Fei Zhang

@ QWG2017

November 9, 2017

Based On

- HFZ and Zhan Sun, *The leptonic current structure and azimuthal asymmetry in deeply inelastic scattering*, **Physical Review D96, 034002**
- Zhan Sun and HFZ, *QCD leading order study of the J/ψ leptonproduction at HERA within the nonrelativistic QCD framework*, **European Physical Journal C77, 744**
- Zhan Sun and HFZ, *QCD corrections to the color-singlet J/ψ production in deeply inelastic scattering at HERA*, **Physical Review D96, 091502**
- Zhan Sun and HFZ, **Malt@FDC**

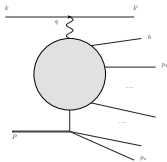
- 1 Background
- 2 The Leptonic Tensor
- 3 J/ψ Production in DIS
- 4 Conclusion
- 5 Backup

Background

Deeply Inelastic Scattering (DIS)

- 1990 Nobel Prize: Jerome Friedman, Henry Kendall and Richard Edward Taylor
- Probe to the structure of hadrons and photons
- Parton model
- Parton distribution functions
- Q^2 scaling
- Multiple distributions

Cross Section



- Process: $ep \rightarrow h + X$

$$d\sigma = \frac{1}{4P \cdot k} \frac{1}{N_c N_s} L_{\mu\nu} \frac{1}{Q^4} H^{\mu\nu} d\Phi' d\Phi_H$$

- $L_{\mu\nu}$: Leptonic tensor, $H^{\mu\nu}$: Hadronic tensor

$$L_{\mu\nu} = 8\pi Q^2 \left[(-g_{\mu\nu} - \frac{q_\mu q_\nu}{Q^2}) + \frac{(2k-q)_\mu (2k-q)_\nu}{Q^2} \right]$$

- The conventional leptonic tensor

$$L_{\mu\nu} = 8\pi\alpha Q^2 \left[\frac{2-2y+y^2}{y^2} (-g_{\mu\nu} - \frac{q_\mu q_\nu}{Q^2}) + \frac{6-6y+y^2}{y^2} \frac{1}{Q^2} (q_\mu + \frac{Q^2}{P \cdot q} p_\mu)(q_\nu + \frac{Q^2}{P \cdot q} p_\nu) \right]$$

The Conventional Leptonic Tensor

- The leptonic tensor: wrong when some physical quantities are measured

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 - Highly cited papers

The Conventional Leptonic Tensor

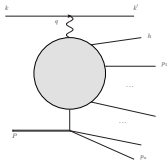
- The leptonic tensor: wrong when some physical quantities are measured
- Wrong results
 - Highly cited papers
 - Event generators!!!

Partial List of Papers using the Conventional Leptonic Tensor

- Catani, Ciafaloni and Hautmann. *HIGH ENERGY FACTORIZATION AND SMALL- x HEAVY FLAVOUR PRODUCTION*. Nucl.Phys.B.366.135, [1004 times](#)
- Jung and Salam. *Hadronic final state predictions from CCFM: The hadron level Monte Carlo generator CASCADE*. Eur.Phys.J.C.19.351, [254 times](#)
- Jung. *The CCFM Monte Carlo Generator CASCADE*. Comput.Phys.Commun.143.100, [225 times](#)
- Jung and etc. *The CCFM Monte Carlo generator CASCADE Version 2.2.03*. Eur.Phys.J.C.70.1237, [139](#)
- Graudenz. *Next-to-leading-order QCD corrections to jet cross sections and jet rates in deeply inelastic electron-proton scattering*. Phys.Rev.D.49.3291, [77 times](#)
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The Leptonic Tensor

Cross Section



- Process: $ep \rightarrow h + X$

$$d\sigma = \frac{1}{4P \cdot k} \frac{1}{N_c N_s} L_{\mu\nu} \frac{1}{Q^4} H^{\mu\nu} d\Phi' d\Phi_H$$

- $L_{\mu\nu}$: Leptonic tensor, $H^{\mu\nu}$: Hadronic tensor
- $Q^2 = -q^2$

$$d\Phi' = \frac{d^3 k'}{(2\pi)^3 2k'_0}$$

$$d\Phi_H = \frac{d^3 h}{(2\pi)^3 2h_0} (2\pi)^4 \delta^4(P + q - h - \sum_i p_i) \prod_i \frac{d^3 p_i}{(2\pi)^3 2p_{i0}} \equiv d\Phi_h d\Phi_X$$

Inclusive DIS Analysis

$$W^{\mu\nu}(P, q) \equiv \int H^{\mu\nu}(P, q, h, p_1, \dots, p_n) d\Phi_H =$$

$$\left(-g^{\mu\nu} - \frac{q^\mu q^\nu}{Q^2}\right) F_1(x, Q^2) + \frac{1}{Q^2} \left(q^\mu + \frac{Q^2}{P \cdot q} P^\mu\right) \left(q^\nu + \frac{Q^2}{P \cdot q} P^\nu\right) \frac{1}{2x} F_2(x, Q^2)$$

$$L_{\mu\nu} = 8\pi Q^2 \left[\left(-g_{\mu\nu} - \frac{q_\mu q_\nu}{Q^2}\right) + \frac{(2k-q)_\mu (2k-q)_\nu}{Q^2} \right]$$

$$L_{\mu\nu} W^{\mu\nu} = 16\pi Q^2 \left[F_1(x, Q^2) + \frac{1-y}{xy^2} F_2(x, Q^2) \right]$$

$$L_{\mu\nu} = 8\pi\alpha Q^2 \left[\frac{2-2y+y^2}{y^2} \left(-g_{\mu\nu} - \frac{q_\mu q_\nu}{Q^2}\right) + \frac{6-6y+y^2}{y^2} \frac{1}{Q^2} \left(q_\mu + \frac{Q^2}{P \cdot q} p_\mu\right) \left(q_\nu + \frac{Q^2}{P \cdot q} p_\nu\right) \right]$$

Semiinclusive DIS (SIDIS)

- When the final state h is observed

$$W_h^{\mu\nu}(P, q, h) \equiv \int H^{\mu\nu}(P, q, h, p_1, \dots, p_n) d\Phi_X$$

- It depends on P , q and h

$$W_h^{\mu\nu} \sim -g^{\mu\nu} - \frac{q^\mu q^\nu}{Q^2}, P^\mu, q^\mu, h^\mu, P^\nu, q^\nu, h^\nu$$

- The current conservation

$$q_\mu W_h^{\mu\nu} = q_\nu L^{\mu\nu} = 0$$

- We need to build current-conserving vectors and tensors

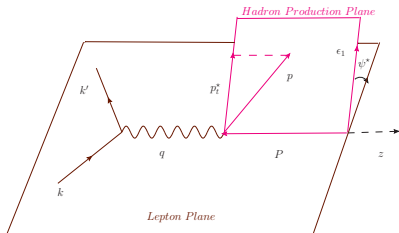
Independent Vectors and Tensors

$$\epsilon^{\mu\nu} = -g^{\mu\nu} - \frac{q^\mu q^\nu}{Q^2}, \quad \epsilon_L = \frac{1}{Q} \left(q + \frac{Q^2}{P \cdot q} P \right), \quad \epsilon_1 = \frac{1}{P_t^*} (h - \rho P - zq)$$

$$z = \frac{P \cdot h}{P \cdot q}, \quad \rho = \frac{h \cdot q + zQ^2}{P \cdot q}$$

$$q \cdot \epsilon_L = q \cdot \epsilon_1 = \epsilon_L \cdot \epsilon_1 = 0, \quad \epsilon_L^2 = 1, \quad \epsilon_1^2 = -1$$

- $\gamma^* P$ rest frame



Hadronic Tensor in SIDIS

$$W_h^{\mu\nu} \sim \epsilon^{\mu\nu}, \epsilon_L^\mu \epsilon_L^\nu, \epsilon_1^\mu \epsilon_1^\nu, \epsilon_L^\mu \epsilon_1^\nu + \epsilon_1^\mu \epsilon_L^\nu$$

$$W_h^{\mu\nu} = W_1 \epsilon^{\mu\nu} + W_2 \epsilon_L^\mu \epsilon_L^\nu + W_3 (\epsilon_L^\mu \epsilon_1^\nu + \epsilon_1^\mu \epsilon_L^\nu) + W_4 \epsilon_1^\mu \epsilon_1^\nu$$

$$L_{\mu\nu} W_h^{\mu\nu} = 8\pi\alpha Q^2 \left\{ 2W_1 + \frac{4(1-y)}{y^2} W_2 + \frac{4(2-y)}{y^2} \sqrt{1-y} \cos\psi^* W_3 + \left[1 + \frac{2(1-y)}{y^2} + \frac{2(1-y)}{y^2} \cos(2\psi^*) \right] W_4 \right\}$$

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- Is the conventional leptonic tensor correct?

$$L_{\mu\nu} = 8\pi\alpha Q^2 \left[\frac{2-2y+y^2}{y^2} (-g_{\mu\nu} - \frac{q_\mu q_\nu}{Q^2}) + \frac{6-6y+y^2}{y^2} \frac{1}{Q^2} (q_\mu + \frac{Q^2}{P \cdot q} p_\mu)(q_\nu + \frac{Q^2}{P \cdot q} p_\nu) \right] ???$$

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- Azimuthal dependent terms missing!!!

Leptonic Tensor in SIDIS

$$L^{\mu\nu} = 8\pi Q^2 [A_1 \epsilon^{\mu\nu} + A_2 \epsilon_L^\mu \epsilon_L^\nu + A_3 (\epsilon_L^\mu \epsilon_1^\nu + \epsilon_1^\mu \epsilon_L^\nu) + A_4 \epsilon_1^\mu \epsilon_1^\nu]$$

$$A_1 = 1 + \frac{2(1-y)}{y^2} - \frac{2(1-y)}{y^2} \cos(2\psi^*)$$

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$$A_4 = \frac{4(1-y)}{y^2} \cos(2\psi^*)$$

- Integrating over ψ^* , one reproduces the conventional leptonic tensor

Leptonic Tensor in SIDIS

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- Integrating over ψ^* , one reproduces the conventional leptonic tensor
- Only when W_i are independent of ψ^*

Cross Section Structure

- Define w_i

$$w_1 = \epsilon_{\mu\nu} W_h^{\mu\nu}$$

$$w_2 = \epsilon_{L\mu} \epsilon_{L\nu} W_h^{\mu\nu}$$

$$w_3 = (\epsilon_{L\mu} \epsilon_{1\nu} + \epsilon_{1\mu} \epsilon_{L\nu}) W_h^{\mu\nu}$$

$$w_4 = \epsilon_{1\mu} \epsilon_{1\nu} W_h^{\mu\nu}$$

- Cross section

$$d\sigma = \frac{\alpha}{256\pi^5 N_s N_c S Q^2 z} \sum_{i=1}^4 A_i w_i dQ^2 dy dp_t^{*2} dz d\psi^*$$

$$A_i = A_i(y, \psi^*), \quad w_i = w_i(Q^2, y, z, p_t^*)$$

Laboratory Frame

$$p_t^2 = p_t^{*2} + z^2 Q^2(1 - y) - 2zQp_t^* \sqrt{1 - y} \cos(\psi^*)$$

- When p_t is specified, p_t^* and ψ^* are constrained in a curved surface
- Replace dp_t^{*2} by dp_t^2 , multiplying the Jacobian

$$J = \left| \frac{\partial p_t^{*2}}{\partial p_t^2} \right| = \frac{p_t^*}{\sqrt{p_t^2 - (1-y)z^2 Q^2 \sin^2 \psi^*}}$$

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- The cosine terms in A_i do not vanish after integration over ψ^*

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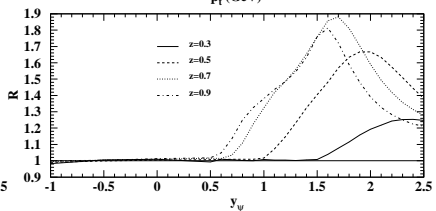
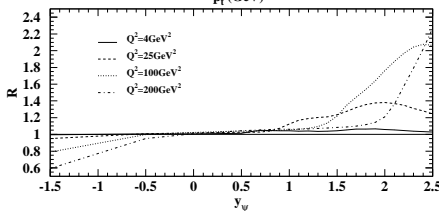
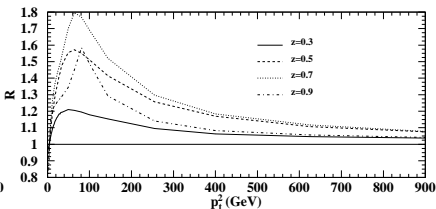
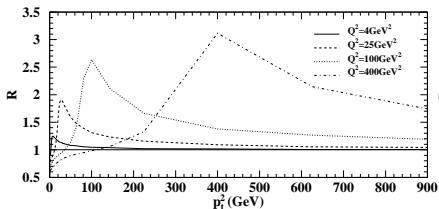
- When p_t is specified, p_t^* and ψ^* are constrained in a curved surface
- Replace dp_t^{*2} by dp_t^2 , multiplying the Jacobian

$$J = \left| \frac{\partial p_t^{*2}}{\partial p_t^2} \right| = \frac{p_t^*}{\sqrt{p_t^2 - (1-y)z^2 Q^2 \sin^2 \psi^*}}$$

- Dependent on ψ^*
- The cosine terms in A_i do not vanish after integration over ψ^*
- The conventional leptonic tensor is WRONG

Comparison between the Right and the Wrong

- R is the ratio of the wrong results to the correct ones



Partial List of Papers using the Conventional Leptonic Tensor

- Catani, Ciafaloni and Hautmann. *HIGH ENERGY FACTORIZATION AND SMALL- x HEAVY FLAVOUR PRODUCTION*. Nucl.Phys.B.366.135, [1004 times](#)
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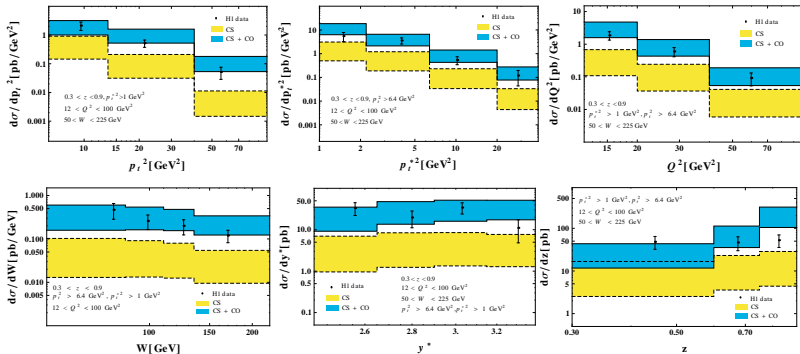
Impact

- Many phenomenological studies should be redone!
- Many event generators should be revisited!
- Experimental data should be reanalyzed!
- $F_2^{c\bar{c}}$ puzzle should be revisited!
- Many PDFs should be renewed!

J/ψ Production in DIS

DIS at LO¹

- CS: below data
- NRQCD: good agreement



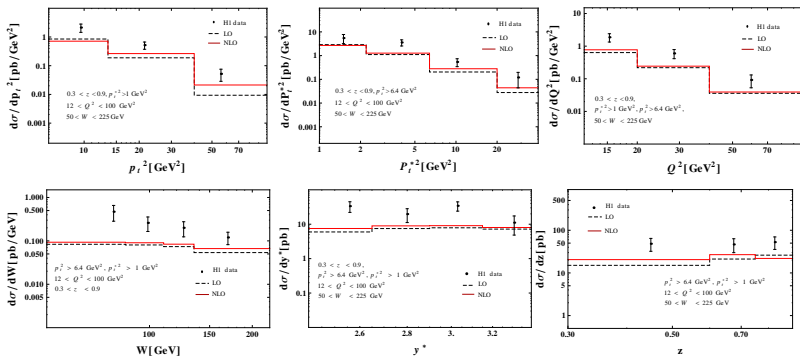
¹Zhan Sun and HFZ, arxiv:1702.02097

Progress

- 10 years ago
 - J. Campbell, F. Maltoni, F. Tramontano. *QCD Corrections to J/ψ and Υ Production at Hadron Colliders*. **Physical Review Letters** **98**, 252002 (2007)
 - P. Artoisenet, J. Campbell, F. Maltoni, F. Tramontano. *J/ψ Production at HERA*. **Physical Review Letters** **102**, 142001 (2009)
- 2017
 - Zhan Sun and Hong-Fei Zhang. *QCD corrections to the color-singlet J/ψ production in deeply inelastic scattering at HERA*. **Physical Review D** **96**, 091502 (**Rapid Communication**)

Color-singlet at NLO

- QCD corrections are minor, cannot describe data

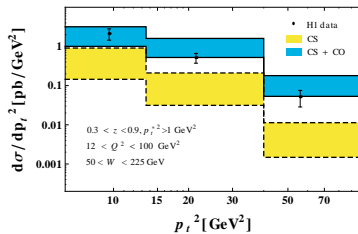
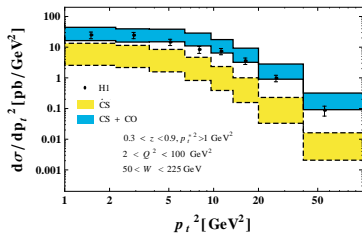


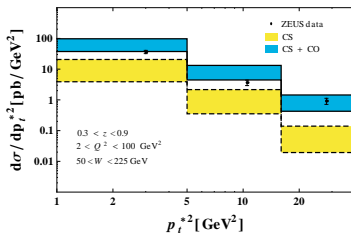
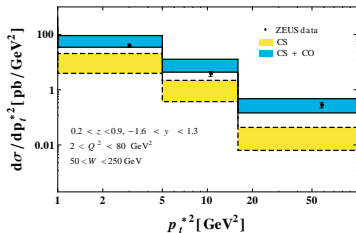
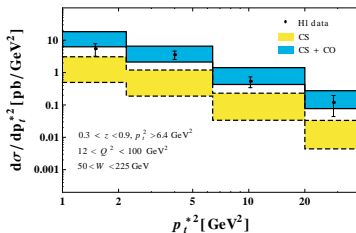
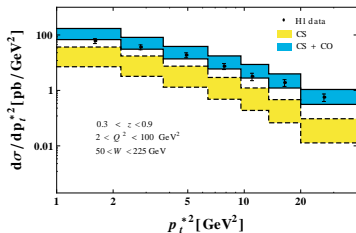
Conclusion

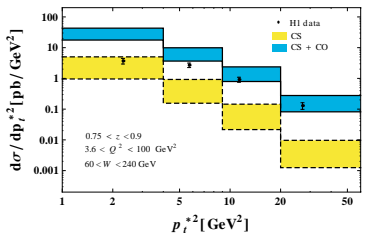
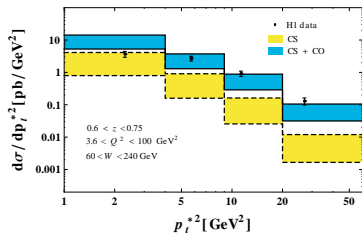
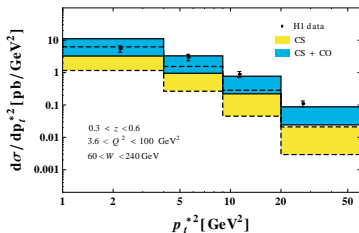
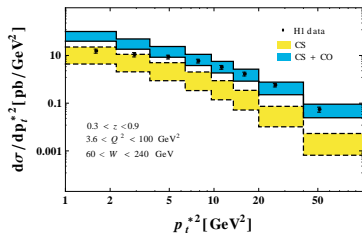
- Measuring p_t or rapidity in laboratory frame, structure functions, F_1 , F_2 and F_3 are not sufficient to describe the cross sections.
- QCD corrections to CS J/ψ production in DIS in low p_t region is minor.

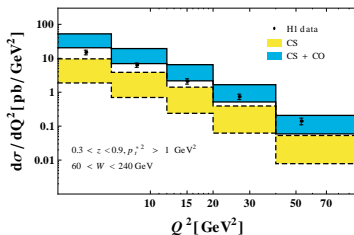
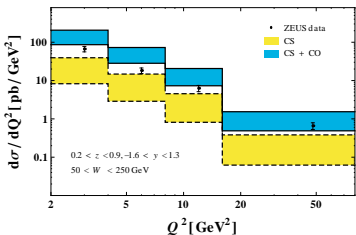
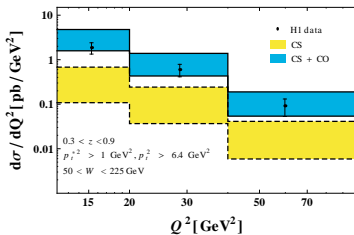
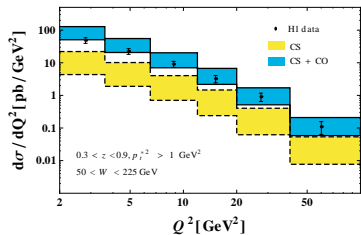
Thanks!

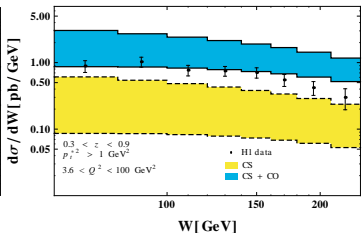
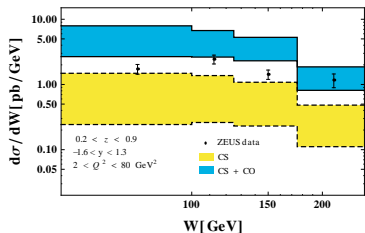
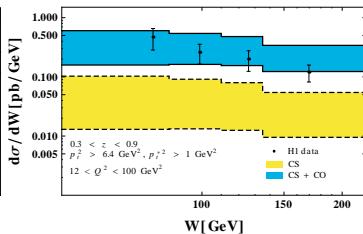
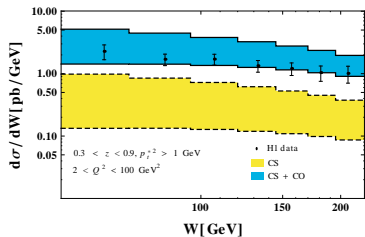
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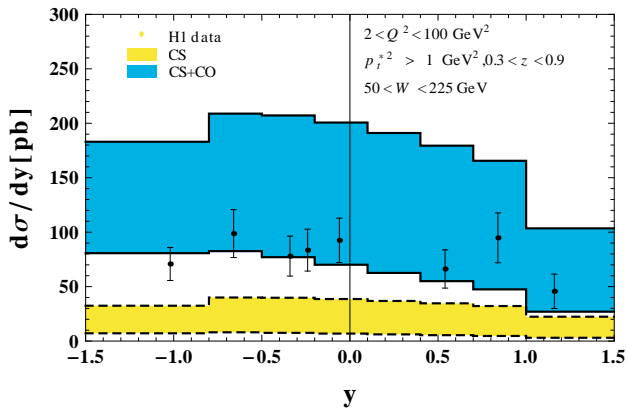
DIS at LO (p_t^2 Distributions)

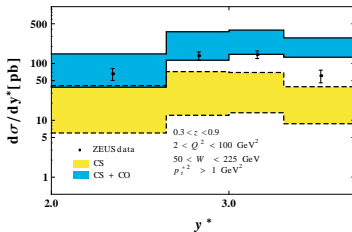
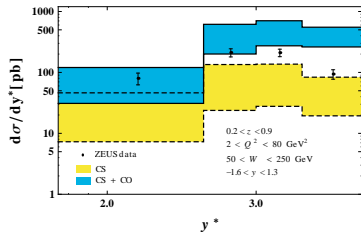
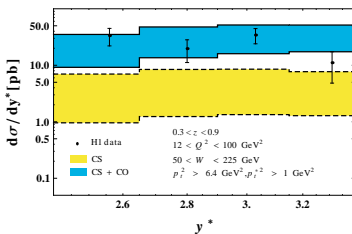
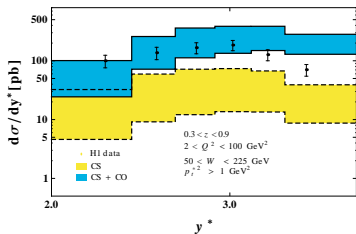
DIS at LO (p_t^{*2} Distributions I)

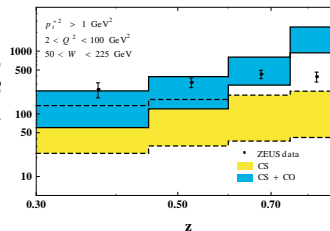
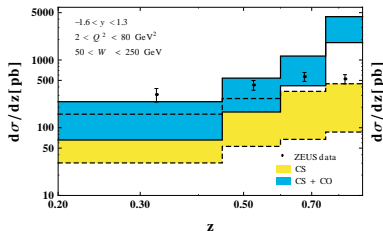
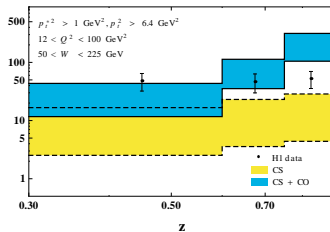
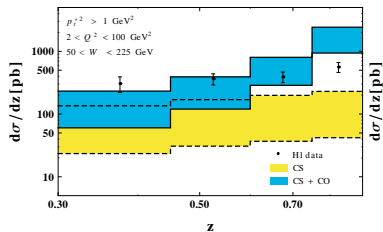
DIS at LO (p_t^{*2} Distributions II)

DIS at LO (Q^2 Distributions)

DIS at LO (W Distributions)

DIS at LO (y_ψ Distributions)

DIS at LO (y_{ψ}^* Distributions)

DIS at LO (z Distributions I)

DIS at LO (z Distributions II)