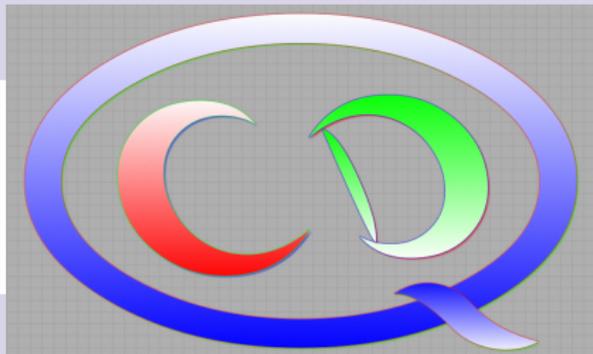


Collaborative Research Center 110
“Symmetries and the Emergence of Structure in QCD”

Status of the Project B.10
Partial Wave Analysis

U. Thoma, U. Wiedner



**Universities of Bonn, Bochum, München
and FZJ, Germany**
**IHEP, ITP, CAS, Peking University,
Beijing, China**

People involved

| | Bochum | Bonn |
|-------------------|---|--|
| PIs | Ulrich Wiedner | Ulrike Thoma |
| Senior Scientists | Bertram Kopf | Andrey Sarantsev (75%) Victor Nikonov (75%) Alexei Anisovich (50%) |
| Postdocs | Malte Albrecht Xiaoshuai Qin | |
| Master-students | Iman Keshk, Meike K ubner Jan Reher | |
| Guests | | Maxim Matveev Igor Denisenkov |
| | ⇔ PAWIAN | ⇔ Bonn-Gatchina-PWA |

Collaborators:

Eberhard Klempt (BnGa-group, Bonn), Volker Burkert (JLab),

Results: Baryon Spectroscopy

- A few examples -

Method: Bonn-Gatchina Partial Wave Analysis

Aim: - Extraction of resonances and their properties from the data
 ⇒ Reach a good understanding of the bound states of QCD in the non-perturbative regime

• Multi-channel partial wave analysis

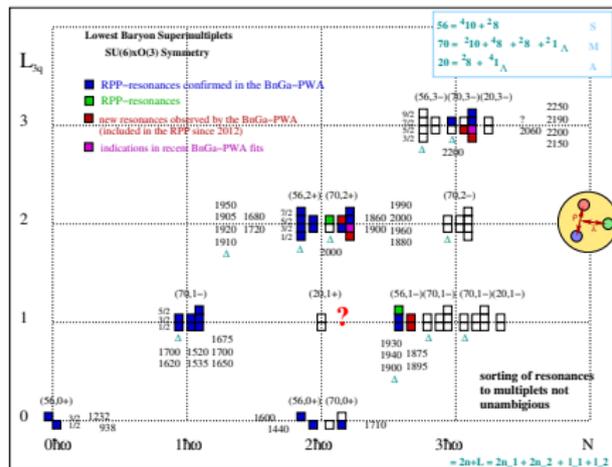
- relativistically invariant formalism
- s-channel resonances: relativistic Breit-Wigner-, Flatte-, K-Matrix ampl., N/D-method
- t-, u-channel amplitudes: exchange of Regge-trajectories

• Event based maximum likelihood fit for multibody final states

all correlations between the variables taken into account properly

Systematics in the spectrum = ?

• SU(6)xO(3)-Symmetry ?



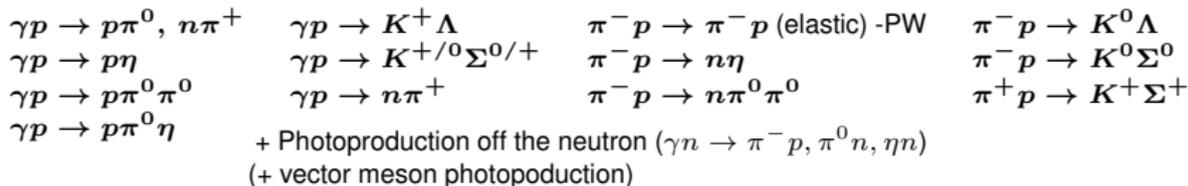
... or e.g. :

• meson-baryon dynamics ...

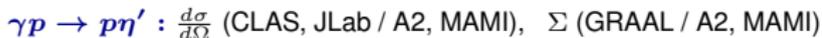
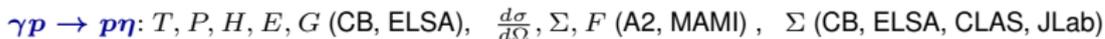
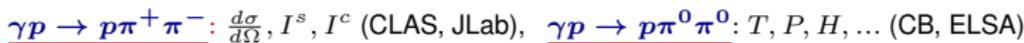
Method: Bonn-Gatchina Partial Wave Analysis

- Analysis of data from Crystal Barrel/TAPS at ELSA and other labs

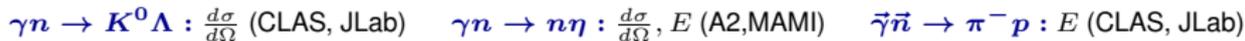
Investigated reactions:



within CRC 110 \leftrightarrow additional data set included:



photoproduction off the neutron:



Existing K^- -beam -data: First fits to investigate of Λ^* - and Σ^* -resonances:

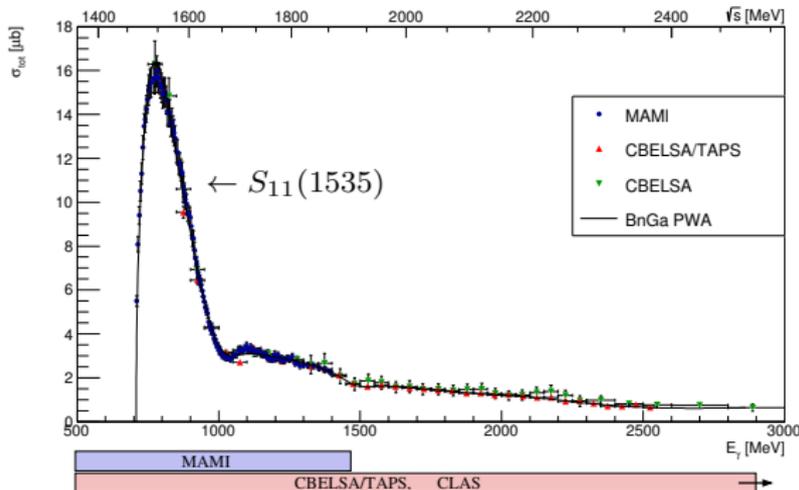


Results I: Single meson photoproduction off the proton

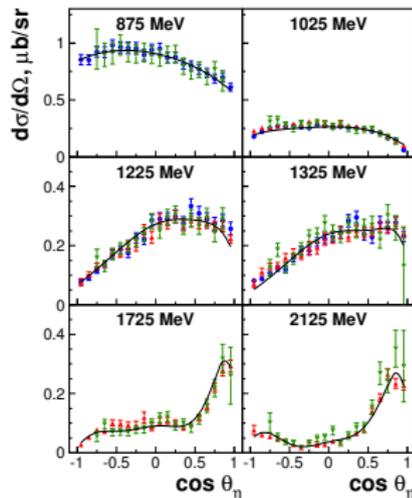
π -Photoproduction: EPJA 52 (2016), 284, in collaboration with project B11 \longrightarrow Deborah

$\gamma p \rightarrow p\eta$:

- Isospin selective: only N^* contribute
- Investigation of resonances with small πN -coupling



A few differential cross section bins:

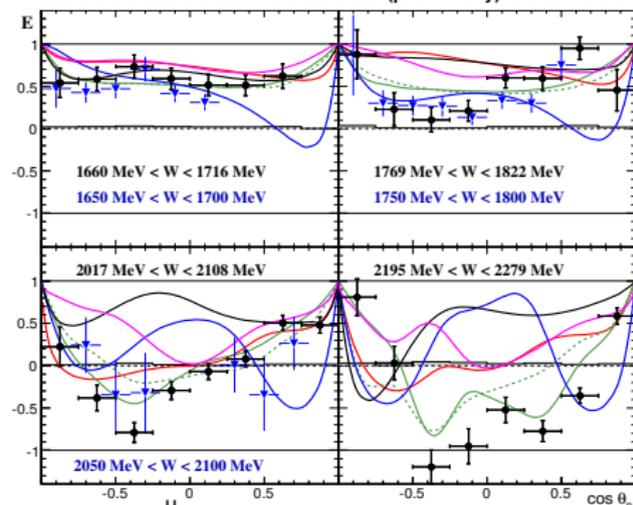


- \Leftrightarrow Differential cross sections, beam asymmetries included in the different PWAs
- \Leftrightarrow Not enough information to fix the contributing amplitudes

Results I: $\vec{\gamma}\vec{p} \rightarrow p\eta$ – Polarization observables –

circ. pol. photons, long. pol. target

† CBELSA/TAPS (preliminary) † CLAS

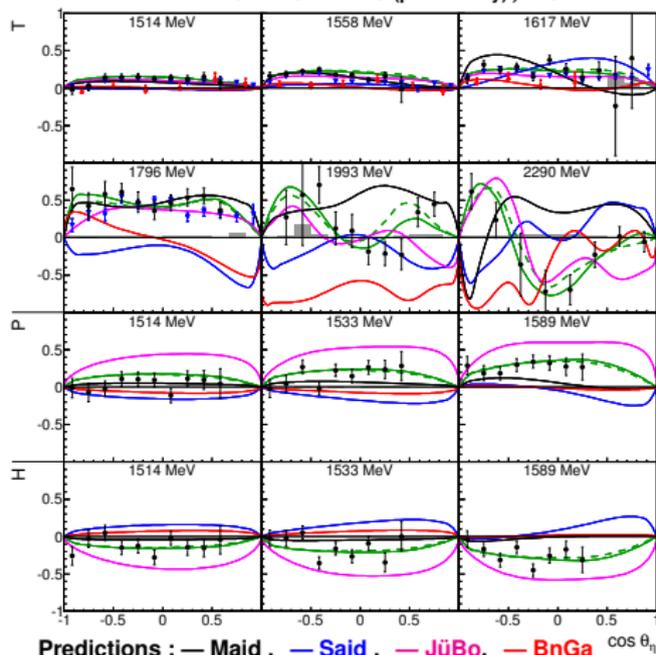


⇔ **Large sensitivity!** (also true for G (CBELSA/TAPS) and F' (MAMI))

⇒ **data approaches the high mass region**

linear pol. photons, transv. pol. target

† CBELSA/TAPS (preliminary), † MAMI



— **new BnGa-fit : Determination of precise $p\eta$ -branching ratios for resonances**
indications for a new resonance (no PDG entry) at 2200 MeV

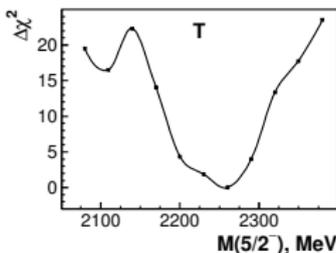
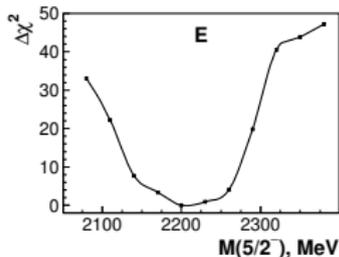
Determination of $p\eta$ -branching ratios for various resonances, e.g. :

| | $N(1535)1/2^-$ | $N(1650)1/2^-$ | $N(1710)1/2^+$ | $N(1720)3/2^+$ |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| BnGa | 0.42 ± 0.04 | 0.32 ± 0.04 | 0.27 ± 0.09 | 0.03 ± 0.02 |
| PDG | 0.42 ± 0.10 | $0.05 - 0.15$ | $0.10 - 0.30$ | 0.021 ± 0.014 |

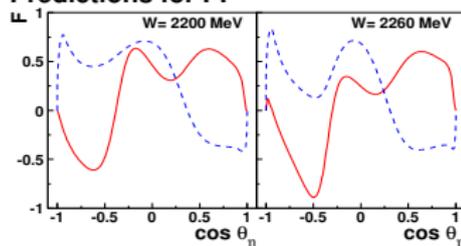


Large and heavily discussed difference in the $p\eta$ -branching ratio of $N(1535)1/2^-$ and $N(1650)1/2^-$ now significantly reduced

⇒ Hints for a new resonance around 2200 MeV with $J^P = 5/2^-$



Predictions for F:



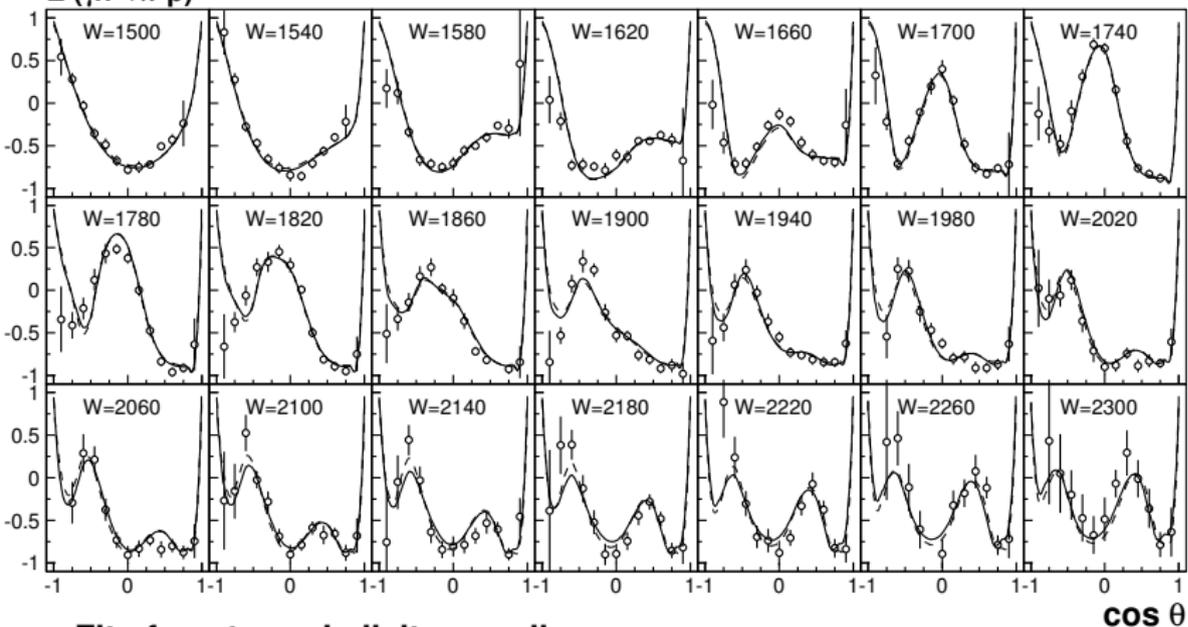
Presently: Adding new $\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}$ (MAMI), Σ (CLAS, CB,ELSA) -data

Results II: Analysis of photoproduction data off the neutron

Analysis of: $\gamma n \rightarrow p\pi^-$ ($\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}, \Sigma, T, P, E$), $\gamma n \rightarrow n\pi^0$ ($\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}, \Sigma$), $\gamma n \rightarrow n\eta$ ($\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}, \Sigma, E$),
 $\gamma n \rightarrow K^0\Lambda, K^+\Sigma^-$ ($\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}$)

E ($\gamma n \rightarrow \pi^- p$)

CLAS-data as example



⇔ Fit of neutron - helicity couplings

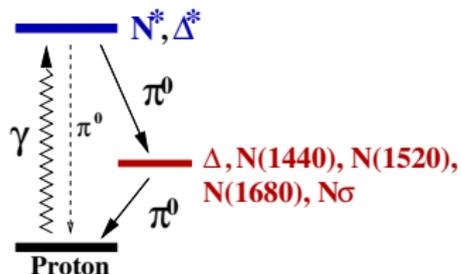
⇒ $A_{\frac{1}{2}}^n, A_{\frac{3}{2}}^n$ determined for 19 resonances

Paper accepted for publication in PRC

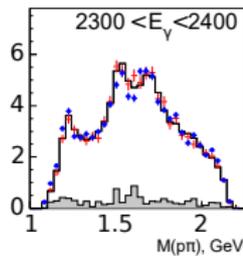
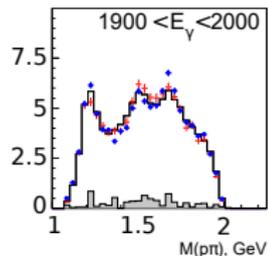
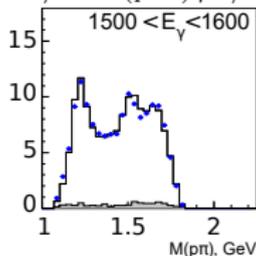
Results III: Including $\gamma p \rightarrow p\pi^0\pi^0$ into the PWA

Event based maximum likelihood fit

↔ takes all the correlations between the variables properly into account



$d\sigma/d\Omega M(p\pi^0) \mu\text{b}/0.035 \text{ GeV}$



- $\Delta(1910)1/2^+, \Delta(1920)3/2^+, \Delta(1905)5/2^+, \Delta(1950)7/2^+$

in average: negligible decay fraction into:

$$N(1520)3/2^-\pi, N(1535)1/2^-\pi, N(1680)5/2^+\pi \quad (L \neq 0\text{-resonances})$$

- $N(1880)1/2^+, N(1900)3/2^+, N(2000)5/2^+, N(1990)7/2^+$

in average: 23% decays into:

$$N(1520)3/2^-\pi, N(1535)1/2^-\pi, N(1680)5/2^+\pi, N\sigma \quad (L \neq 0\text{-resonances})$$

V. Sokhoyan et al. (CBELSA/TAPS-collaboration), EPJA 51 (2015) 95

A. Thiel et al. (CBELSA/TAPS-collaboration), PRL 114 (2015) 091803

... Why ?

Results III: $\gamma p \rightarrow p\pi^0\pi^0$ – A possible interpretation –

- $\Delta(1910)1/2^+$, $\Delta(1920)3/2^+$, $\Delta(1905)5/2^+$, $\Delta(1950)7/2^+$

Spacial wave function:

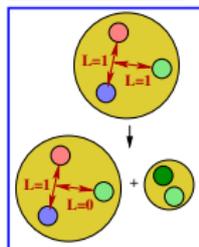
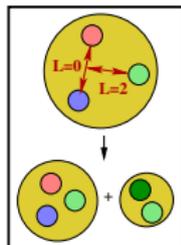
$$S = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot [(\phi_{0s}(\vec{p}) \times \phi_{0d}(\vec{\lambda})) + (\phi_{0d}(\vec{p}) \times \phi_{0s}(\vec{\lambda}))]^{L=2}$$

- $N(1880)1/2^+$, $N(1900)3/2^+$, $N(2000)5/2^+$, $N(1990)7/2^+$

Spacial wave function:

$$M_S = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot [(\phi_{0s}(\vec{p}) \times \phi_{0d}(\vec{\lambda})) - (\phi_{0d}(\vec{p}) \times \phi_{0s}(\vec{\lambda}))]^{L=2}$$

$$M_A = [(\phi_{0p}(\vec{p}) \times \phi_{0p}(\vec{\lambda}))]^{L=2} \Rightarrow \text{One of the excitations transfers into the } L = 1 \text{ - intermediate resonance!}$$



So far: only statements “in average” possible

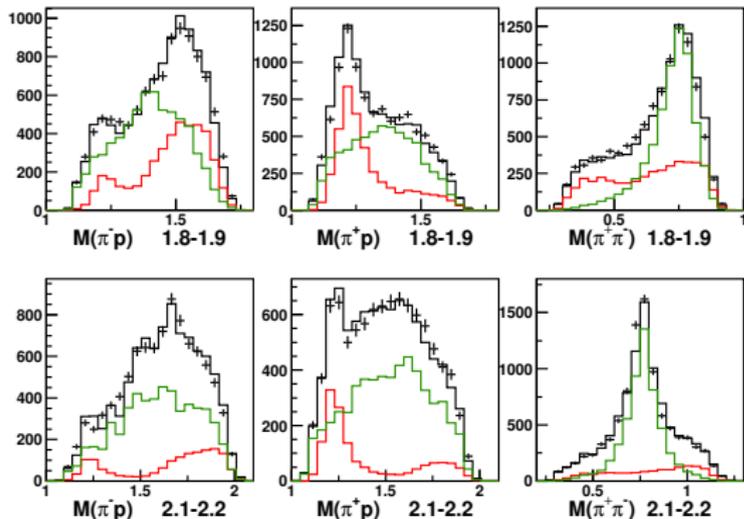
→ additional information from polarisation observables needed

$\gamma p \rightarrow p\pi^0\pi^0$ -T, P, H (CBELSA/TAPS), $\gamma p \rightarrow p\pi^+\pi^-$ -data (CLAS) presently included in PWA

The 20'plet:

$$A = [(\phi_{0p}(\vec{p}) \times \phi_{0p}(\vec{\lambda}))]^{L=1} \Leftrightarrow \text{Multi-meson final states needed!} \\ + \text{production in cascade decays /} \\ \text{different production processes}$$

CLAS data (preliminary) included in the event based max. likelihood fit



Data (only small subset shown): E.N.Golovach, V.D. Burkert, V.I. Mokeev, E. Pasyuk, and the CLAS Collaboration

- at low energies
 $\gamma p \rightarrow \Delta^{++}\pi^-$ dominating
- at high energies
 $\gamma p \rightarrow N\rho$ dominating
- ⇔ Strong background contributions compared to $\gamma p \rightarrow p\pi^0\pi^0$
- ⇔ Access to $N^*/\Delta^* \rightarrow p\rho$
- ⇔ Combined analysis: Fix isospin of contributing resonances

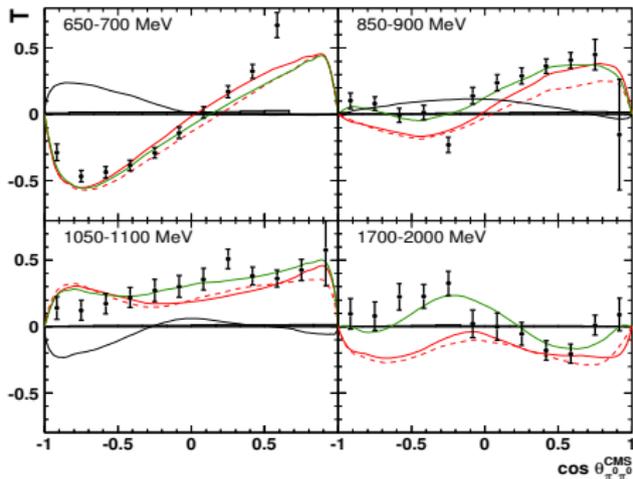
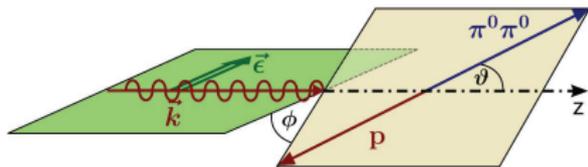
First fits done, studies ongoing

Strong $N\rho$ -decay modes (very preliminary) for:

| | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| $N(1720)3/2^+$ | $N(1880)1/2^+$ | $N(1895)1/2^-$ | $N(1875)3/2^-$ | $N(2120)3/2^-$ |
| $\Delta(1620)1/2^-$ | $\Delta(1750)1/2^+$ | $\Delta(1900)1/2^-$ | $\Delta(1905)5/2^+$ | |

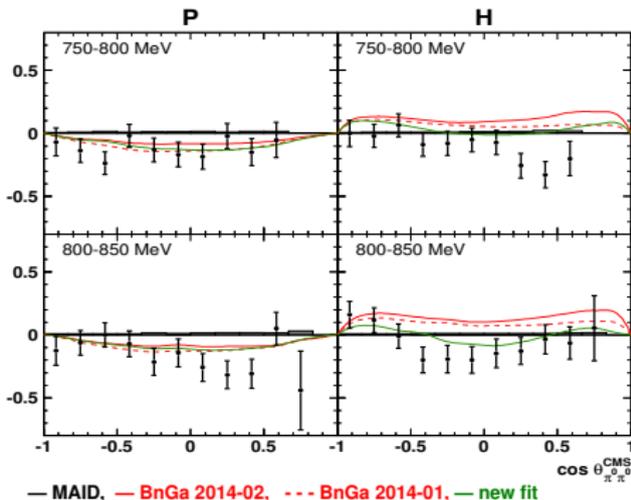
Polarization experiments: $\vec{\gamma}\vec{p} \rightarrow p\pi^0\pi^0$

Linearly polarized photons, transversally polarized target
looking at quasi-two-body kinematics:



Data: T. Seifen et al. (CBELSA/TAPS-collaboration)

$\gamma p \rightarrow p\pi^0\pi^0$: **T, P, H** (preliminary)
(only selected bins shown)



= work in progress

Results IV: A different production mechanism: $\psi' \rightarrow \bar{p}p\pi^0$

- Δ -resonances suppressed in $\psi(3698) \rightarrow p\bar{p}\pi^0$ - isospin -

\Rightarrow larger sensitivity on N^* -resonances

| | mass | width | sign. |
|----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| $N(1440)1/2^+$ | 1390^{+11+21}_{-21-30} | $340^{+46+70}_{-40-156}$ | 11.5σ |
| $N(1520)3/2^-$ | 1510^{+3+11}_{-7-9} | 115^{+20+0}_{-15-40} | 5.0σ |
| $N(1535)1/2^-$ | 1535^{+9+15}_{-8-22} | 120^{+20+0}_{-20-42} | 9.3σ |
| $N(1650)1/2^-$ | 1650^{+5+11}_{-5-30} | 150^{+21+14}_{-22-50} | 12.2σ |
| $N(1720)3/2^+$ | 1700^{+30+32}_{-28-35} | $450^{+109+149}_{-94-44}$ | 9.6σ |

?? \Rightarrow missing: e.g. $N(1875)3/2^-$, $N(1880)1/2^+$, $N(1900)3/2^+$

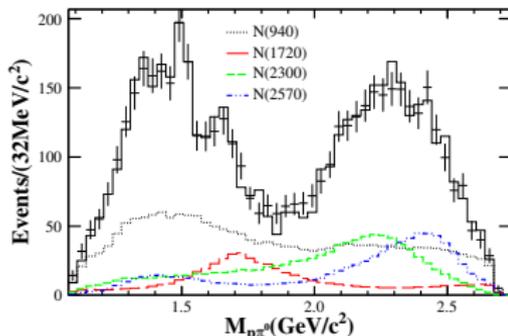
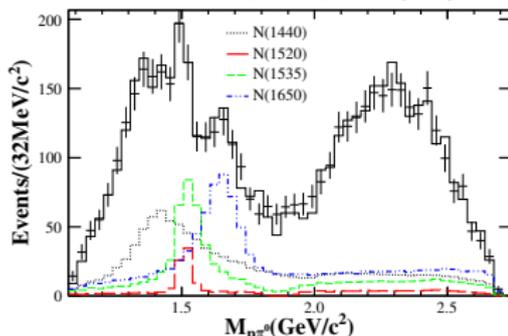
| | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| $N(2300)1/2^+$ | $2300^{+40+109}_{-30-0}$ | $340^{+30+110}_{-30-58}$ | 15.0σ |
| $N(2570)5/2^-$ | 2570^{+19+34}_{-10-10} | 250^{+14+69}_{-24-21} | 11.7σ |

\Rightarrow 2 new resonances observed

\Rightarrow even as interesting:
Why is there a mass gap??

\Rightarrow Specific resonances with certain properties suppressed in ψ -decays?

BES: M. Ablikim, PRL110, 022001 (2013)



Results IV: A different production mechanism: $\psi' \rightarrow \bar{p}p\pi^0$

- Δ -resonances suppressed in $\psi(3698) \rightarrow p\bar{p}\pi^0$ - isospin -

\Rightarrow larger sensitivity on N^* -resonances

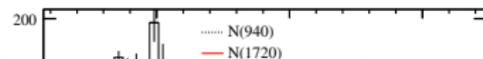
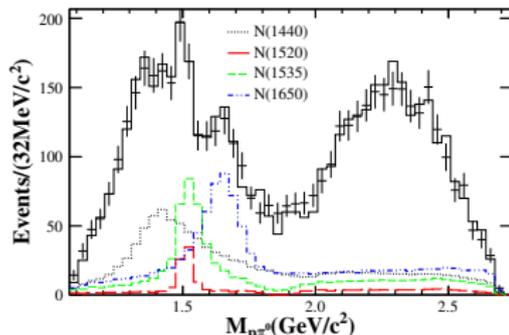
| | mass | width | sign. |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|
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| $N(1720)3/2^+$ | 1700^{+30+32}_{-28-35} | $450^{+109+149}_{-94-44}$ | 9.6σ |
| ?? \Rightarrow missing: e.g. $N(1875)3/2^-$, $N(1880)1/2^+$, $N(1900)3/2^+$... | | | |
| $N(2300)1/2^+$ | $2300^{+40+109}_{-30-0}$ | $340^{+30+110}_{-30-58}$ | 15.0σ |
| $N(2570)5/2^-$ | 2570^{+19+34}_{-10-10} | 250^{+14+69}_{-24-21} | 11.7σ |

\Rightarrow 2 new resonances observed

\Rightarrow even as interesting:
Why is there a mass gap??

\Rightarrow Specific resonances with certain properties suppressed in ψ -decays?

BES: M. Ablikim, PRL110, 022001 (2013)



Present status:

- \Rightarrow Data available from the BES collaboration
- \Rightarrow Amplitudes, code: in preparation
- \Rightarrow First fits performed

Results II: Meson Spectroscopy

- **Development of a software package with the aim**
 - to provide user-friendly and generic PWA tools
 - to support a wide range of physics cases to be studied in hadron spectroscopy experiments
- **PAWIAN (Partial Wave Interactive Analysis Package)**
 - already in good shape
 - several analyses of Crystal Barrel (LEAR) and BESIII data
↔ PhD and master theses

BESIII:

- $J/\psi \rightarrow \phi\pi\pi, \phi K\bar{K}, \phi\eta\eta, \omega\pi\pi, \omega K\bar{K}, \phi\phi\gamma, \omega\omega\gamma$
- $\psi(2S) \rightarrow \chi_{cJ}\gamma, \chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \pi\pi, K^+K^-, K^+K^-\eta, K^+K^-\pi\pi, \pi\pi\eta$
- **currently in preparation for publication:**
 - $J/\psi \rightarrow \omega\omega\gamma$
 - $\psi(2S) \rightarrow \chi_{c1}\gamma \rightarrow (K^+K^-\eta)\gamma$
 - $e^+e^- \rightarrow (e^+e^-)\gamma\gamma \rightarrow (e^+e^-)K^+K^-$

Crystal Barrel (LEAR):

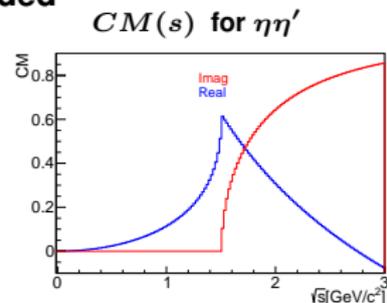
- $\bar{p}p \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi, \pi\pi\eta, \omega\pi\pi, \omega\pi\eta, \pi\pi\eta\eta$
- $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \omega\pi$: [Eur.Phys.J. C75 \(2015\) no.3, 124](#)

Status of PAWIAN

- Full hypotheses and other input settings via configuration files
 - Formalisms (Canonical, Helicity, Rarita Schwinger)
 - Dynamics (Breit Wigner, Flatte, K-matrix, etc.)
- Event based maximum likelihood fit, minimization via Minuit2
- Multithreading and networking supported
- Possibility to analyze channels with an arbitrary number of final state mesons and photons
- Support for various initial reactions: $\bar{p}p$ - and e^+e^- -annihilation, $\pi\pi$ -scattering processes, decay of isolated resonances
- Support of coupled channel analyses
- Baryon channels seem to work fine but still tests needed
- Event generator, histogramming, analysis tools, ...

Currently: Replacement of standard phasespace factor
by Chew-Mandelstam function ↔ Basdevant, Berger: PRD19(1979) 239

⇔ Analyticity, continuation into the complex plane

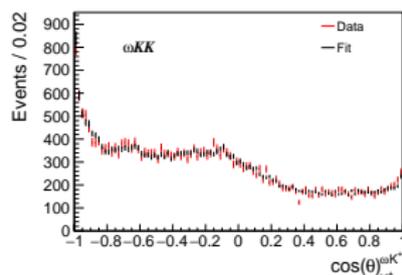
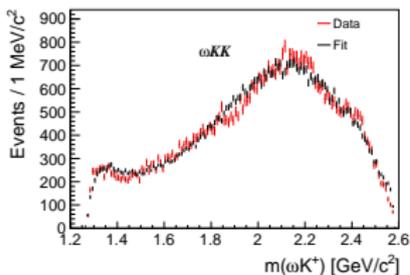
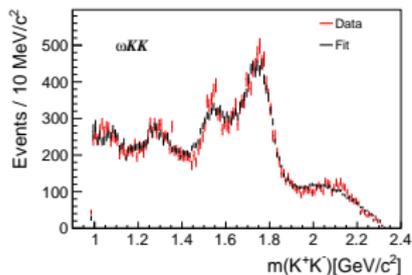


PAWIAN: Current Activities on Unitarity and Analyticity

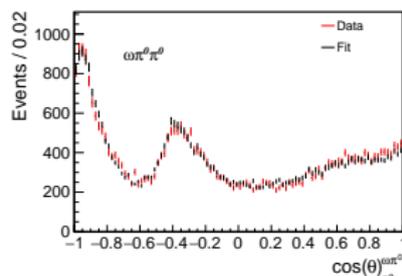
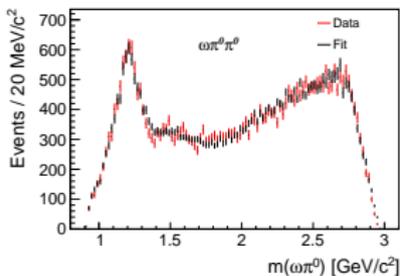
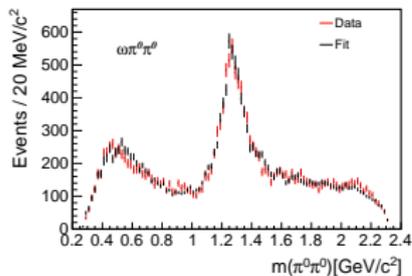
- **Coupled channel PWA of suitable channels including $\pi\pi$ -scattering data and K-/T-matrix formalism with Chew-Mandelstam functions**
- **Proof of principle with coupled channel analysis**
 - $J/\psi \rightarrow \omega\pi^0\pi^0$ and $J/\psi \rightarrow \omega K^+K^-$
 - **l=0 S-wave scattering data:** $\pi\pi \rightarrow \pi\pi, K\bar{K}, \eta\eta, \eta\eta'$
 - **l=0 D-wave scattering data:** $\pi\pi \rightarrow \pi\pi, K\bar{K}, \eta\eta$
 - **l=1 P-wave scattering data:** $\pi\pi \rightarrow \pi\pi$
 - **l=1 F-wave scattering data:** $\pi\pi \rightarrow \pi\pi$
 - **K-matrix description for f_0, f_2, ρ_0 and ρ_3 contributions with a few number of poles and channels**
 - **additional contributions:** $b_1^0 \rightarrow \omega\pi^0, K_1^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm\omega$
- **First fits lead to reasonable preliminary results**
 - **Good agreement between data and fitted result**
 - **Further contributions need to be studied**

Fit results for J/ψ Data

• $J/\psi \rightarrow \omega K^+ K^-$:

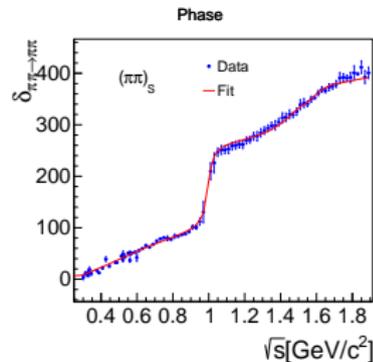
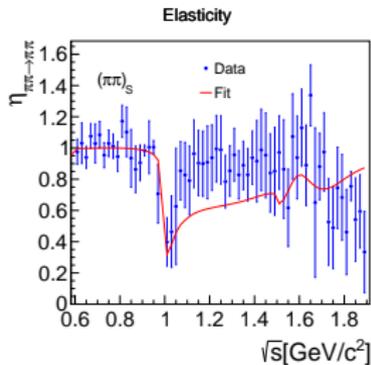
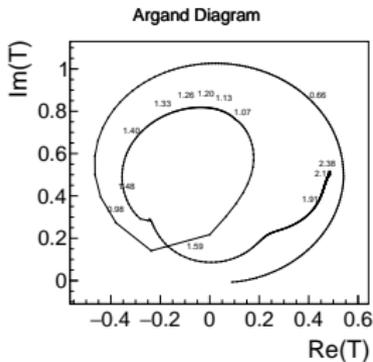


• $J/\psi \rightarrow \omega \pi^0 \pi^0$:

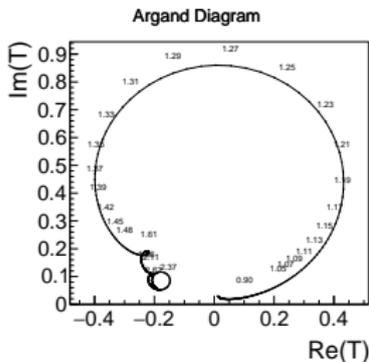


Fit result for Scattering Data

$\pi\pi \rightarrow \pi\pi$ $I=0, S$ -Wave:



$\pi\pi \rightarrow \pi\pi$ $I=0, D$ -Wave:

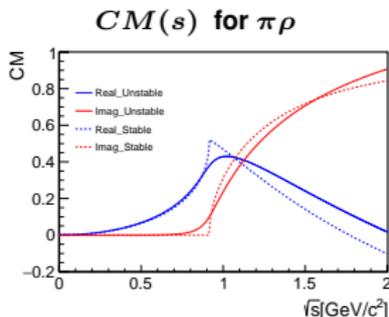


PAWIAN: Current Activities on Unitarity and Analyticity

- Coupled channel PWA of suitable channels including $\pi\pi$ -scattering data and K-/T-matrix formalism with Chew-Mandelstam functions
- Proof of principle with coupled channel analysis
 - $J/\psi \rightarrow \omega\pi^0\pi^0$ and $J/\psi \rightarrow \omega K^+K^-$
 - $l=0$ S-wave scattering data: $\pi\pi \rightarrow \pi\pi, K\bar{K}, \eta\eta, \eta\eta'$
 - $l=0$ D-wave scattering data: $\pi\pi \rightarrow \pi\pi, K\bar{K}, \eta\eta$
 - $l=1$ P-wave scattering data: $\pi\pi \rightarrow \pi\pi$
 - $l=1$ F-wave scattering data: $\pi\pi \rightarrow \pi\pi$
 - K-matrix description for f_0, f_2, ρ_0 and ρ_3 contributions with a few number of poles and channels
 - additional contributions: $b_1^0 \rightarrow \omega\pi^0, K_1^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm\omega$
- First fits lead to reasonable preliminary results
 - Good agreement between data and fitted result
 - Further contributions need to be studied

Next step: Inclusion of Chew-Mandelstam function for instable particles \leftrightarrow involved numerical calculations

\leftrightarrow Basdevant, Berger: *PRD19(1979) 239*



Publications

- A. V. Anisovich *et al.*,
“Neutron helicity amplitudes,”
accepted for publication in PRC
- A. V. Anisovich *et al.*,
“Strong Evidence for Nucleon Resonances near 1900 MeV,”
Phys. Rev. Lett. **119** (2017) no.6, 062004.
- A. V. Anisovich *et al.*,
“ $N^* \rightarrow N\eta'$ decays from photoproduction of η' -mesons off protons,”
Phys. Lett. B **772** (2017) 247
- A. V. Anisovich, V. Burkert, E. Klempt, V. A. Nikonov, A. V. Sarantsev and U. Thoma,
“Scrutinizing the evidence for N(1685),”
Phys. Rev. C **95** (2017), 035211
- A. V. Anisovich *et al.*, [BnGa in collaboration with project B11 \(+SAID, MAID\)](#)
“The impact of new polarization data from Bonn, Mainz and Jefferson Laboratory on $\gamma p \rightarrow \pi N$ multipoles,”
Eur. Phys. J. A **52** (2016), 284

Summary: Milestones

• 2016/2

Combined fits (BnGa) of $J/\psi \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$, $J/\psi \rightarrow K^+ K^0 \pi^-$

✓ (A. Sarantsev + I. Denisenkov)

Preparation of BnGa-code for $J/\psi(\psi') \rightarrow \gamma P S P S$

✓ (A. Sarantsev + I. Denisenkov)

Combined analysis of $\gamma p \rightarrow p \pi^0 \pi^0$ and $\gamma p \rightarrow p \pi^+ \pi^-$

work in progress

Analysis of further polarization data becoming available

✓ + work in progress

Developments to include electroproduction

✓

Extension of PAWIAN-software to support coupled channel analyses (different production mechanisms)

✓

• 2017

$J/\psi(\psi') \rightarrow \gamma P S P S$, $p\bar{p} \rightarrow 3 P S$, $\pi\pi$ -scattering

✓ + work in progress

Analysis of further polarization data becoming available

✓ + work in progress

First fits including electroproduction

✓ + work in progress

Implementation of theoretical constrains (Roy, Roy-Steiner)

X

Developments to include $J/\psi, \psi' \rightarrow p\bar{p} P S$

(✓)

PAWIAN: Developments for inclusion of additional channels

(✓)

Implementation, optimization of parallel computing

(✓)

Comparison of BnGa and PAWIAN results

X

BnGa: Baryon Spectroscopy = present highest priority ↔ Inclusion of additional data

Thank you for your attention