#### **Issues in Many Body Final States**

#### Issues in amplitude analysis for light and heavy mesons

ATHOS 5/PWA 10 Beijing, China

- Many body final state analysis
  - Dalitzplot analysis for fixed mass initial state (heavy mesons)
  - PWA for continuous mass spectrum with coherent superposition of many J<sup>PC</sup> states ILight mesons)
- Common analysis philosophy: isobar model
  - assume knowledge of amplitudes for each J<sup>PC</sup> sector of isobar (fixed shapes)
  - PWA: Separation of final states with different J<sup>PC</sup> and relative *L* to spectator (wave) full spin density matrix including phase info for all waves many waves included (wave-set design) combining MANY mother J<sup>PC</sup> and isobar J<sup>PC</sup> coherent and incoherent parts
  - Dalitzplot analysis: design coherent set of fixed shape amplitudes for ONE mother J<sup>PC</sup>

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Problem:

- shape of isobaric amplitudes modified by FSI
- "several" known resonances with ONE isobaric J<sup>PC</sup> can not be accomodated

NEW: release fixed isobar shapes (still isobar philosophy)

- Dalitzplot analysis so far:
  - one J<sup>PC</sup> at the time (wrongly called model independent analysis)
  - obtain phase info
  - issue: amplitudes not anymore linearly independent
- Isobar freed PWA :
  - release shape assumption of many isobars from one mother J<sup>PC</sup>
  - correct for ambiguities arising (see presentation Krinner)
  - obtain full complex amplitudes for EACH wave (maximum trial was 22 waves) for
    - EACH final state mass bin
    - EACH kinematic production variable (as e.g. four-momentum transfer)
- loose some phase info to be recovered modelling (fitting) isobaric amplitudes

Need realistic "design" of isobaric amplitudes

#### Comparison: Decay of D mesons and $\pi$ (1800)

Compare weak and strong decay and PWA from 0<sup>-+</sup> system: Dalitz plots



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#### Comparison: Decay of D, D<sub>s</sub> mesons and $\pi$ (1800)



#### **PWA for** *π*(1800)



- Information becoming available: Fully Isobar freed analysis
- extract complex amplitude removing hidden ambiguities



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- Information becoming available: Fully Isobar freed analysis
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#### The COMPASS challenge

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#### Huge data sample

- Mother J<sup>PC</sup>: 0<sup>-+</sup>, 1<sup>-+</sup>, 1<sup>++</sup>, 2<sup>-+</sup>, 2<sup>++</sup>, 3<sup>-+</sup>, 3<sup>++</sup>, 4<sup>-+</sup>, 4<sup>++</sup>, ....
- Many different *L* possible
- 40 mass bins
- 4 bins in 4-momentum transfer

#### about 10,000 Dalitz plots

#### Aim:

- Disentangle resonant and non-resonant  $3\pi$  amplitudes
- Understand dynamics of strong decays

#### What we need:

- models for  $2\pi$  amplitudes and FSI
- models for non-resonant  $3\pi$  amplitudes

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#### Extract "effective" $\pi\pi$ Resonance Parameters

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Can we understand isobaric spectral functions and cause of individual effective  $\pi\pi$  resonance parameters ?

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- Many models and calculations provide amplitudes up to 1.5-1.8 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>
- For B-decays and light meson spectroscopy:
  - $\pi\pi$ ,  $K\pi$ , KK amplitudes up to 3-5 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>
  - analytic expressions
    - in terms of isobar amplitudes
    - closed form to be subjected to PWA decomposition