# 粒子物理前沿卓越中心考评报告 (2017年度)

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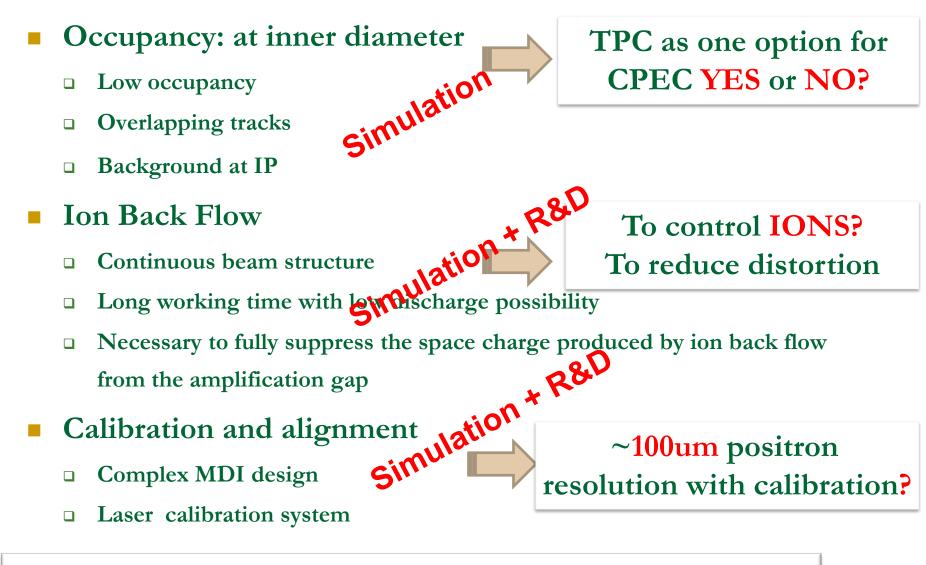
Institute of High Energy Physics, CAS

December 1<sup>st</sup>, 2017, IHEP

# Outline

- 主要物理目标
- CEPC TPC探测器研究进展
  - 模块研制
  - 模型研制
- 人员组织及合作
- 发表文章及总结

### Answer three key issue questions in R&D *a*CDR



Concerning to  $r\phi$  and dE/dx from LC-TPC collaboration

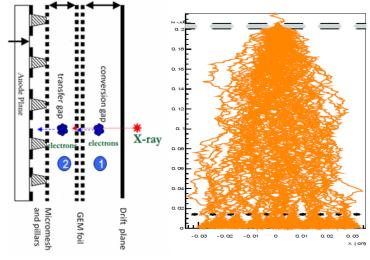
# **Options of technical solution**

#### **Continuous IBF module:**

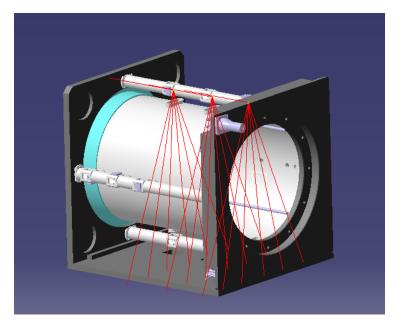
- Gating device may be used for Higgs run
- Open and close time of gating device for ions: ~ µs-ms
- No Gating device option for Z-pole run
- Continuous Ion Back Flow due to the continuous beam structure
- Low discharge and spark possibility

#### Laser calibration system:

- **Laser calibration system for Z-pole run**
- The ionization in the gas volume along the laser path occurs via two photon absorption by organic impurities
- Calibrated drift velocity, gain uniformity, ions back in chamber
- Calibration of the distortion
- Nd:YAG laser device@266nm



#### Continuous IBF module



TPC prototype integrated with laser system

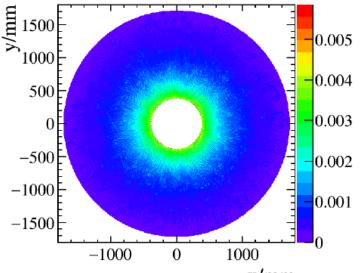
- 4 -

### High rate at Z pole

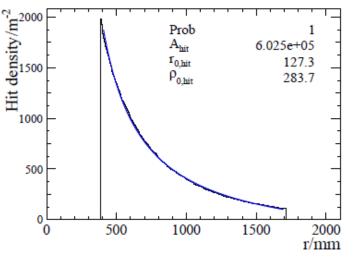
- Voxel occupancy
  - The number of voxels / signal
  - 9 thousand Z to qq events
  - 60 million hits are generated in sample
  - □ 4000-6000 hits/(Z to qq) in TPC volume
  - Average hit density: 6 hits/mm<sup>2</sup>
  - Peak value of hit density: 6 times
  - Voxel size:  $1mm \times 6mm \times 2mm$
  - 1.33×10<sup>14</sup> number of voxels/s
    @DAQ/40MHz
  - □ Average voxel occupancy: 1.33 × 10<sup>-8</sup>
  - Voxel occupancy at TPC inner most layer:  $\sim 2 \times 10^{-7}$
  - Voxel occupancy at TPC inner inner most layer : ~2×10<sup>-5</sup> @FCCee benchmark luminosity

The voxel occupancy takes its maximal value between  $2 \times 10^{-5}$  to  $2 \times 10^{-7}$ , which is safety for the Z pole operation.

#### <u>ArXiv: 1704.04401</u> Mingrui, Manqi, Huirong



x/mm Hit map on X-Y plan for Z to qq events



Hit density as a function of radius

### **Requirements of Ion Back Flow**

#### **Electron:**

- Drift velocity ~6-8cm/us@200V/cm
- Mobility  $\mu \sim 30-40000 \text{ cm}^2/(\text{V.s})$

Ion: 

 $10^{3}$ 

 $10^{2}$ 

10

 $10^{-1}$ 

400

distortion / µm

Mobility  $\mu \sim 2 \text{ cm}^2/(\text{V.s})$ 

k=5 L=200 v=5 (Fee-ee nominal)

500

k=5 L=2 v=5 (CEPC nomi

=2 L=200 v=5 (FCC-ee with 0.01% IBF control)

initial r position

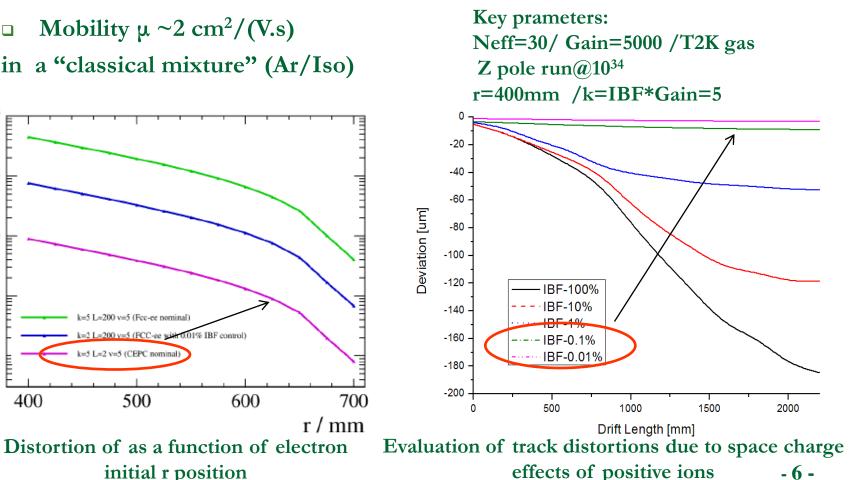
600

in a "classical mixture" (Ar/Iso)

#### Manqi, Mingrui, Huirong

$$S_{N} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x_{1}}\right)^{2} S_{x_{1}}^{2} + \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x_{2}}\right)^{2} S_{x_{2}}^{2} + \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x_{3}}\right)^{2} S_{x_{3}}^{2}}$$

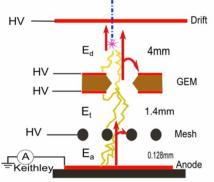
#### Standard error propagation function

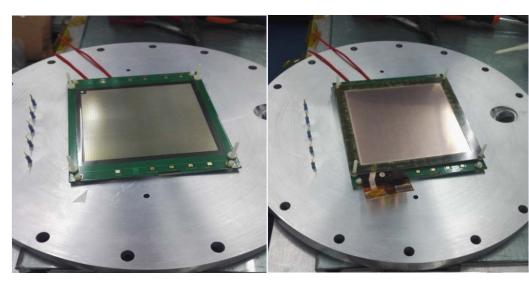


# Investigation of IBF study with module

### Test of the new module

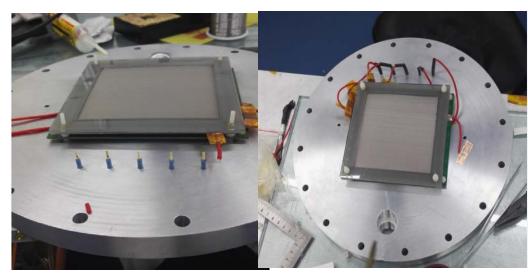
- **Test with GEM-MM module** 
  - New assembled module
  - Active area: 100mm × 100mm
  - **A** X-tube ray and 55Fe source
  - **Bulk-Micromegas from Saclay**
  - Standard GEM from CERN
  - Additional UV light device
  - **Δ** Avalanche gap of MM:128μm
  - □ Transfer gap: 2mm
  - Drift length:2mm~200mm
  - Mesh: 400LPI





#### Micromegas(Saclay)

#### **GEM(CERN)**



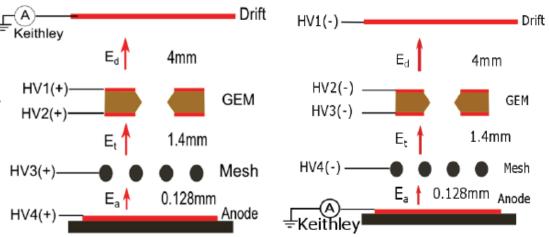
Cathode with mesh

**GEM-MM** Detector

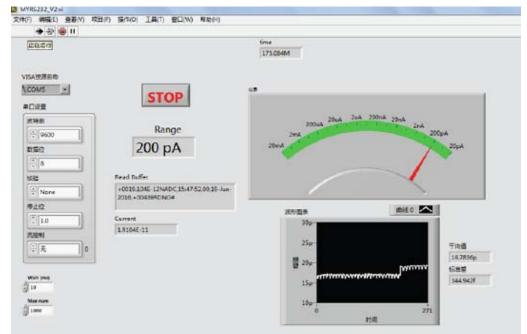
### Measuremnt of GEM-MM module

- Test with GEM-MM module
  - Keithley Electrometers for Ultra-Low Current Measurements: pA~mA
  - Keithley: 6517B
  - Test of cathode of the module
  - Test of readout anode of the module
  - Labview interface of the low current to make the record file automatically

$$IBF = \frac{I_C - I_P}{I_A}$$



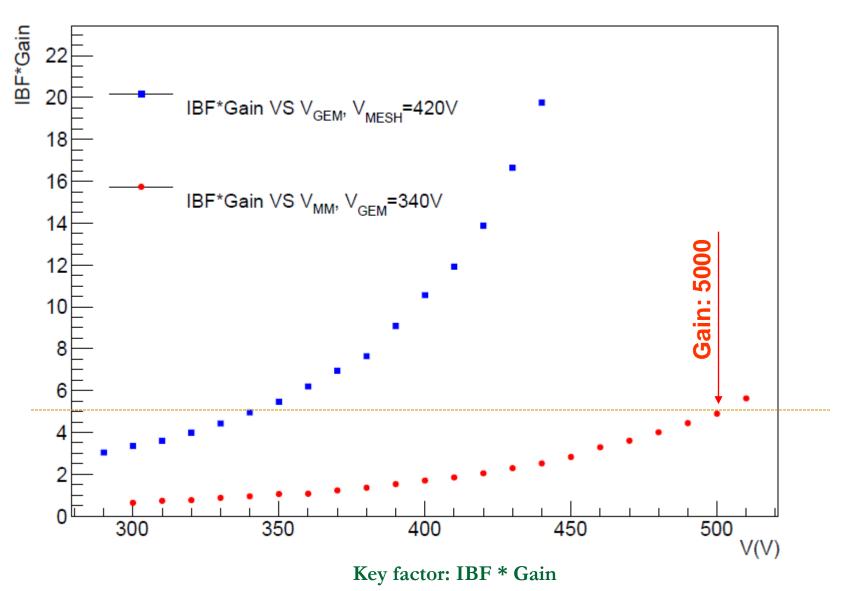
#### Measurement of the low current



#### Labview interface of the current with Keithley -9-

### **IBF** test results

#### DOI: 10.1088/1674-1137/41/5/056003



# Status of TPC prototype R&D

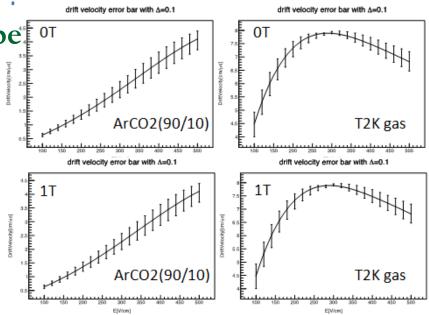
### Parameters of the TPC prototype

#### **Need correction**

To aim that the small TPC prototype for the estimation of the distortion due to the IBF, and the study of related physics parameters

### Main parameters

- Drift length: 510mm
- □ Readout active area: 200mm×200mm
- □ Integrated the laser and UV lamp device
- □ Wavelength of laser: 266nm
- **GEMs/Micromegas as the readout**
- Materials: Non-magnetic material (Stainless steel, Aluminum)

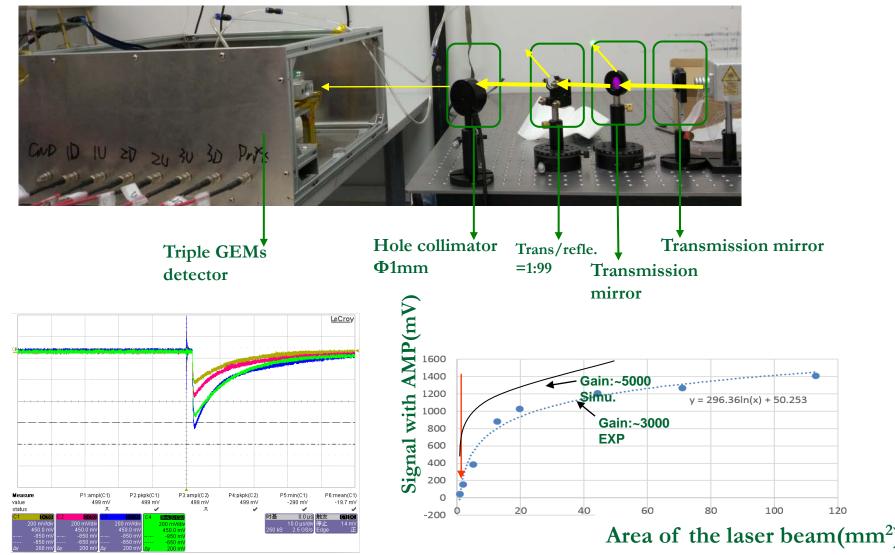


#### Drift velocity with Ed correction

		ArCO2	T2k gas
290 V/cm	velocity	v=2.17 cm/us	v=7.895 cm/us
	error	0.275373 (0.1266)	0.042 (0.0058)

# Signal of the laser with $\Phi 1 mm$ @266nm

#### **Reference from ALICE TPC**



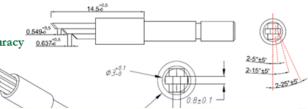
Signal of the laser with  $\Phi$ 1mm@Charge sensitive AMP/12mV/fC

### Progress of the new design

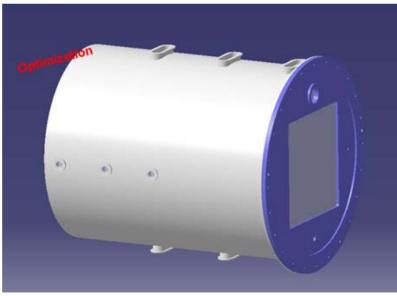
### Divide and reflection mirrors

- Laser wave for the divide and reflection mirrors: 266nm
- Size: ~0.8mm × 0.8mm
- Number of the divide trackers: 6 Optimi
- Stainless steel support integrated the laser mirrors
- Reflection efficiency: >99%@266nm
- Reflection position accuracy 0.637265
  1/30 degree





#### **TPC** barrel



The TPC barrel with the 266nm laser windows

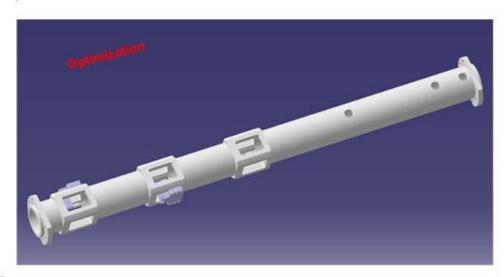


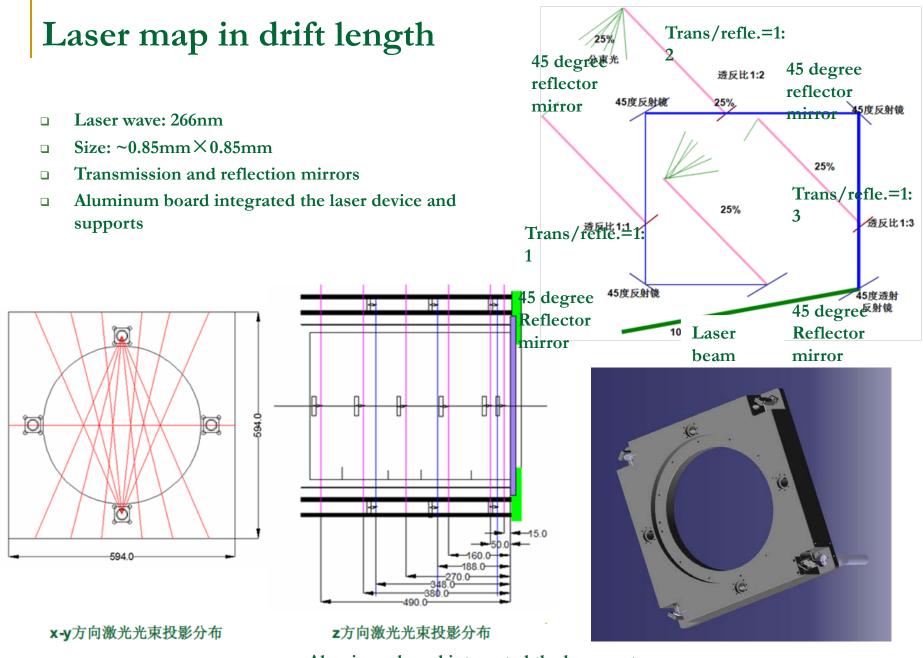
6.43

<5'

合格

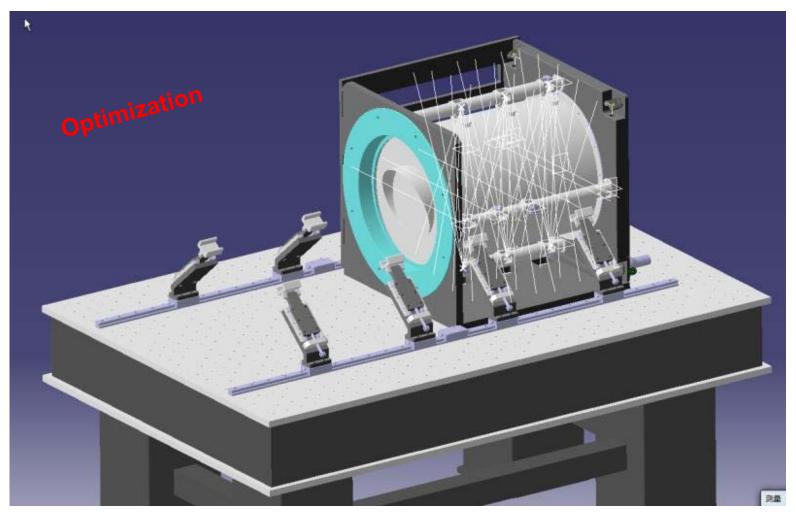
#### Rod for the mirrors





Aluminum board integrated the laser system

### Design of the prototype with laser (Final version)

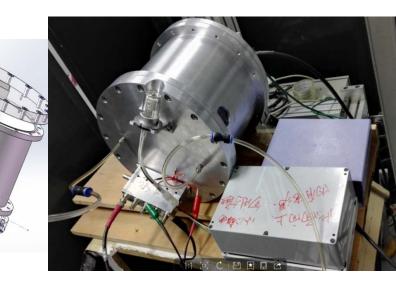


□ Support platform: 1200mm×1500mm (all size as the actual geometry)

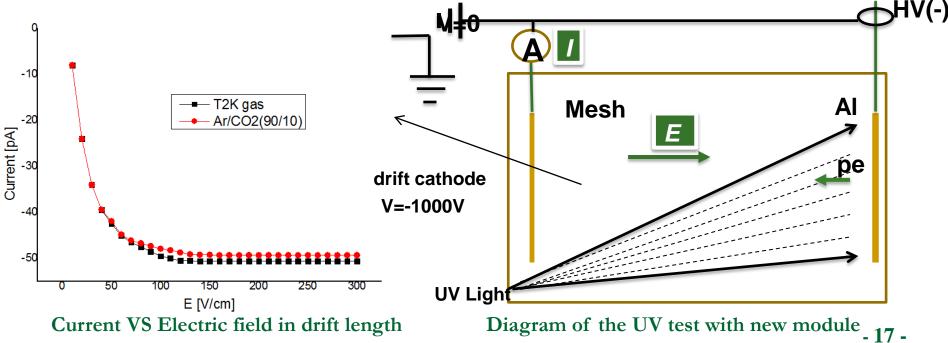
- **TPC** barrel mount and re-mount with the Auxiliary brackets
- **Readout board (Done), Laser mirror (Done), PCB board (Done)**

### UV test of the new module

- **UV** lamp measurement
  - New designed and assembled UV test chamber
  - □ Active area: 100mm×100mm
  - Deuterium lamp and aluminum film
  - Principle of photoelectric effect
  - Wave length: 160nm~400nm
  - Fused silica: 99% light <u>trans.@266nm</u>
  - □ About 31000 electrons/s.mm<sup>2</sup>

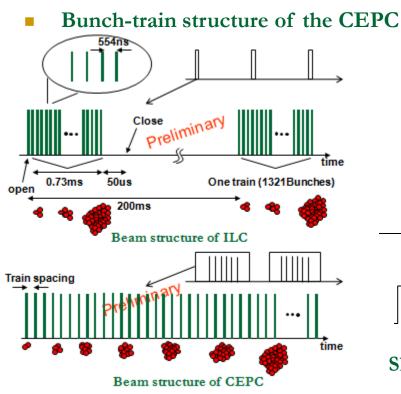


#### UV test geometry with GEM-MM

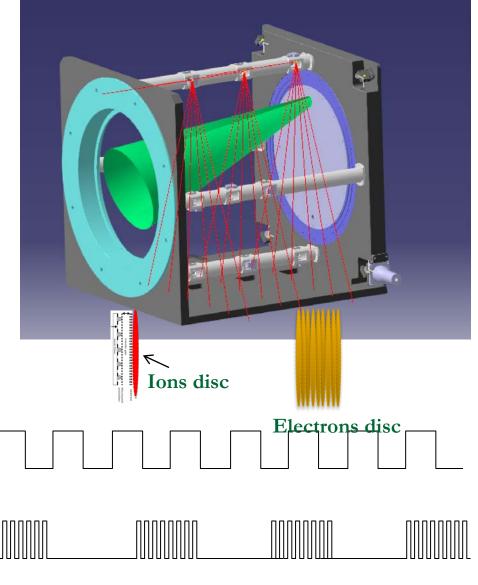


### **Distortion by UV+Laser**

- To mimic the bunch structure & the ions distortion with UV light and laser split beam
- □ In the case of ILD-TPC
  - Bunch-train structure of the ILC
  - Power pulsing mode
- □ In the case of CEPC-TPC



# Highlight (提出方案)



### Shutter time similar to ILC and CEPC beam structure - 18 -

International cooperation(国际)

探测器硬件 合作测试



- CEA-Saclay IRFU group (FCPPL)
  - Three vidyo meetings with Prof. Aleksan Roy/ Prof. Yuanning/ Manqi and some related persons (2016~2017)
  - Exchange PhD students: Haiyun Wang participates Saclay's R&D six months in 2017~2018
  - Bulk-Micromegas detector assembled and IBF test
  - **IBF** test using the new Micromegas module with more 590 LPI
- **LCTPC** collaboration group (LCTP $\overline{C}$ )
  - □ Singed MOA and joined in LC-TPC collaboration @Dec. 14,2016
  - □ As coordinator in ions test and the new module design work package
  - **CSC** funding: PhD Haiyun jiont CEA-Scalay TPC group(6 months)
  - **Plan to beam test in DESY with our hybrid detector module in 2018**





# Manpower and activities(国内)

- □ TPC detector R&D @IHEP (2016~2020)高能所
  - □ 高级职称1人: Huirong Qi,
  - 博士生2名,硕士生1名: Yulian Zhang (PhD,IHEP), Haiyun Wang(PhD,IHEP), Zhiwen Wen(PhD,IHEP)
  - □ Funding from MOST and NSFC(~3.5 Million RMB)
- □ Electronics R&D & Tsinghua (2016~2020)清华大学
  - □ 高级职称2人: Zhi Deng, Prof. Yulan Li
  - 博士生2名,硕士生1名: Yiming Cai(PhD,THU), Zhao Mingrui (Master, THU) and three PhDs in electronics lab
  - □ Funding from NSFC (~2.0 Million RMB)
- Inhabitation of IBF using graphene @Shandong Univ. 山东大学
  - Prof. Zhu Chengguang
  - □ Zhao xiao (PhD,SDU)

### Funding application@2017

- □ SCI文章4篇(通讯作者)+LCTPC合作组文章2篇+国际会议报告5次
- Zhang Yulian, Qi Huirong, etc., Spatial resolution measurement of triple-GEM detector and diffraction imaging test at synchrotron radiation, DOI: 10.1088/1748-0221/12/04/P0401, JINST, 2017.4(SCI)
- Wen Zhiwen, Qi Huirong, etc., Readout method for two-dimensional multi-wire proportional chamber, Vol. 66, No. 7, DOI: 10.7498/aps.66.072901, Acta Phys. Sin., 2017.7(SCI)
- Zhang Yulian, Qi Huirong, etc., Gain measurement and simulation of GEM with a hybrid structure Vol. 66, NO. 14, DOI: 10.7498/aps.66.142901, Acta Phys. Sin., 2017.9(SCI)
- Yulian Zhang, Huirong Qi, etc., Investigation of the hybrid structure gaseous detector for ion backflow suppression, DOI: 10.1088/1674-1137/41/5/056003, CPC, 2016.11(SCI)
- National Natural Science Foundation in 2017
  - □ 面上项目
  - Funding approval number (11675197)
  - Duration: 2017.1~2020.12
- □ TPC detector (sub-task) 科技部重点研发项目
  - **•** Total fund (2,900,000RMB)
  - □ Funding approval number (2016YFA0400400)
  - **Duration: 2016.6~2021.6**

<sup>2017</sup> 毕业联培博士生一名 题目:CEPC TPC连续正离子反馈研究 指导:兰州大学博士-张余炼 毕业 3位匿名评分:93

### Further R&D

#### Continuous IBF module for CEPC: 模块研制

- No Gating device options used for Higgs/Z pole run
- Continuous Ion Back Flow due to the continuous beam structure (Developed in IHEP)
- ~100 μm position resolution in rφ
- Key factor: IBF×Gain=5 and leas than (R&D)
- Low discharge and spark possibility

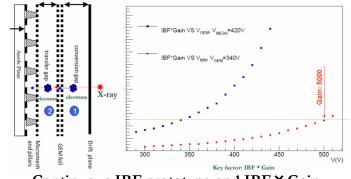
### 模型研制

#### **Prototype with laser calibration for CEPC :**

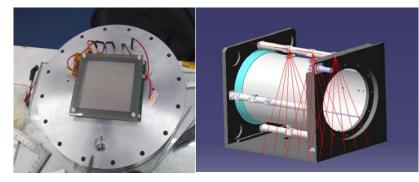
- Laser calibration system integrated UV lamp
- Calibrated drift velocity, gain uniformity, ions back in chamber
- Prototype has been designed with laser (Developed in IHEP and Tsinghua)\_
- Nd:YAG laser device@266nm, 42 separated laser beam along 510mm drift length

#### **Collaboration:**

- Signed MOA with LCTPC international collaboration on 14, Dec., 2016
- New design detector collaborated with KEK and CEA-Saclay



Continuous IBF prototype and IBF × Gain



#### TPC prototype integrated with laser system LCTPC Collaboration Members

The map below shows the LCTPC collaboration member institutes as listed in the second Addendum of the Memorandum of Agreement from 2008.



Joint LCTPC international collaboration

束流测试 国际合作

# Thanks very much for your attention !