

Photon Performance

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Motivation

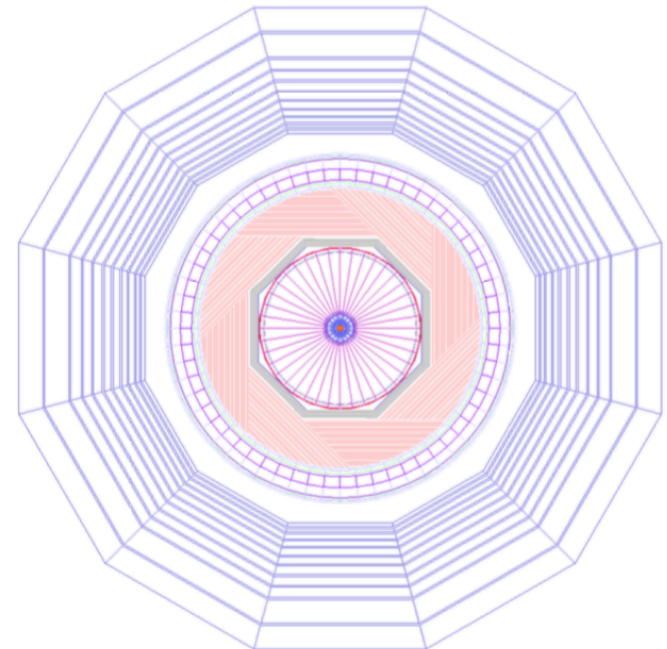
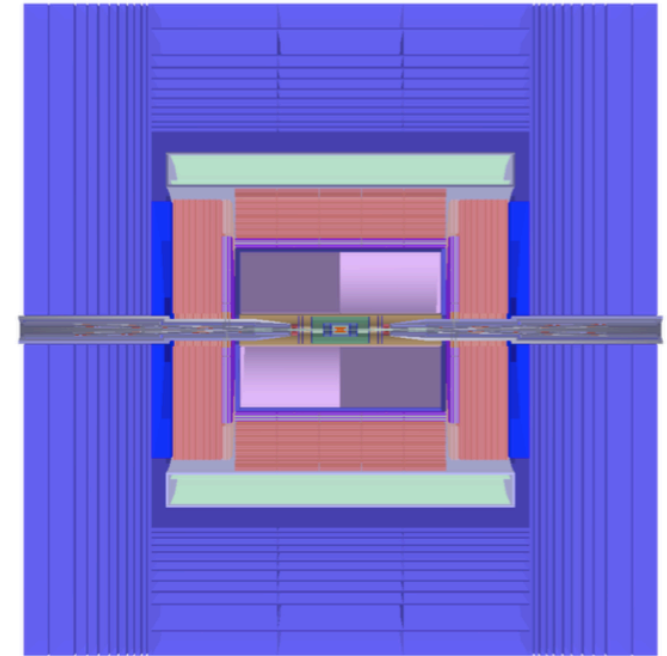
Photons can be produced from ISR, FSR and decays of unstable particles.

Precise photon measurements are essential:

- jet energy resolution
- measurements of $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
- studies of radiative process
- the τ identification
- They impact all aspects of the physics at the CEPC

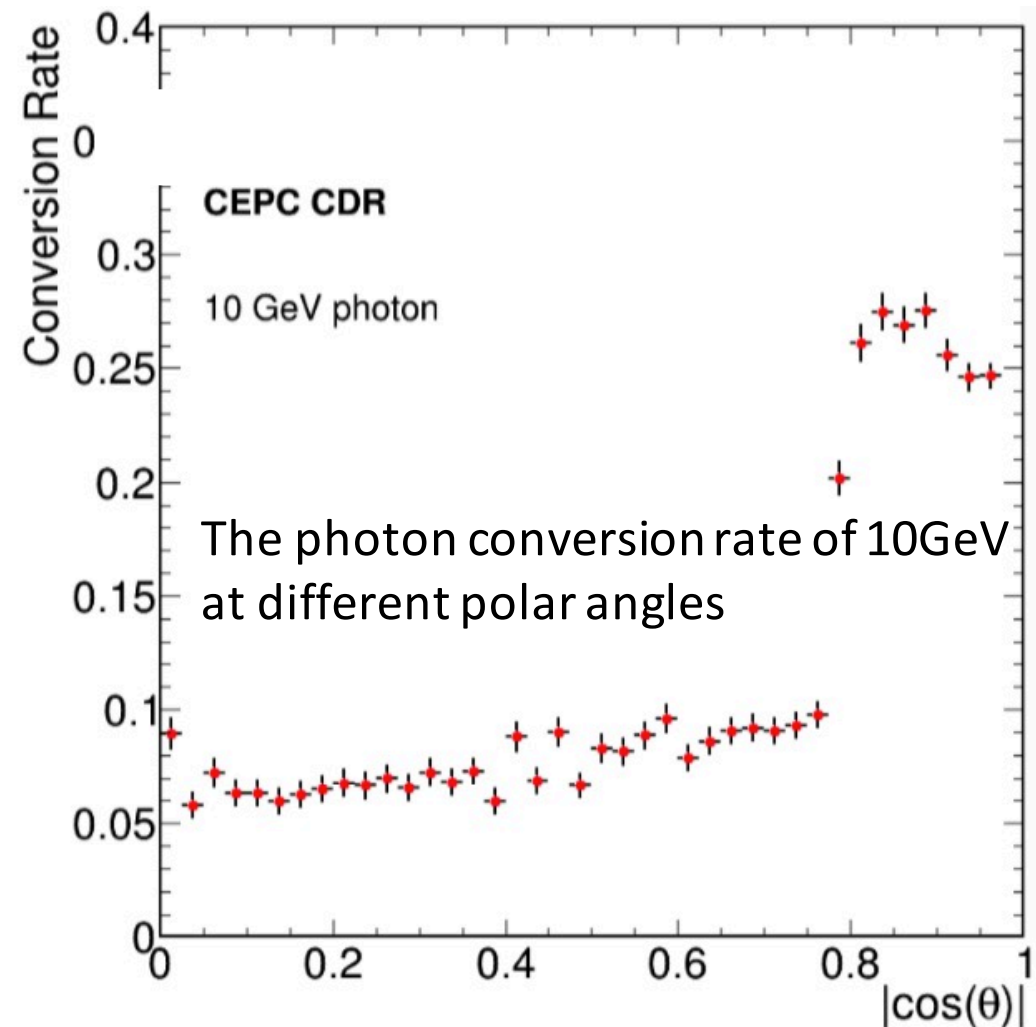
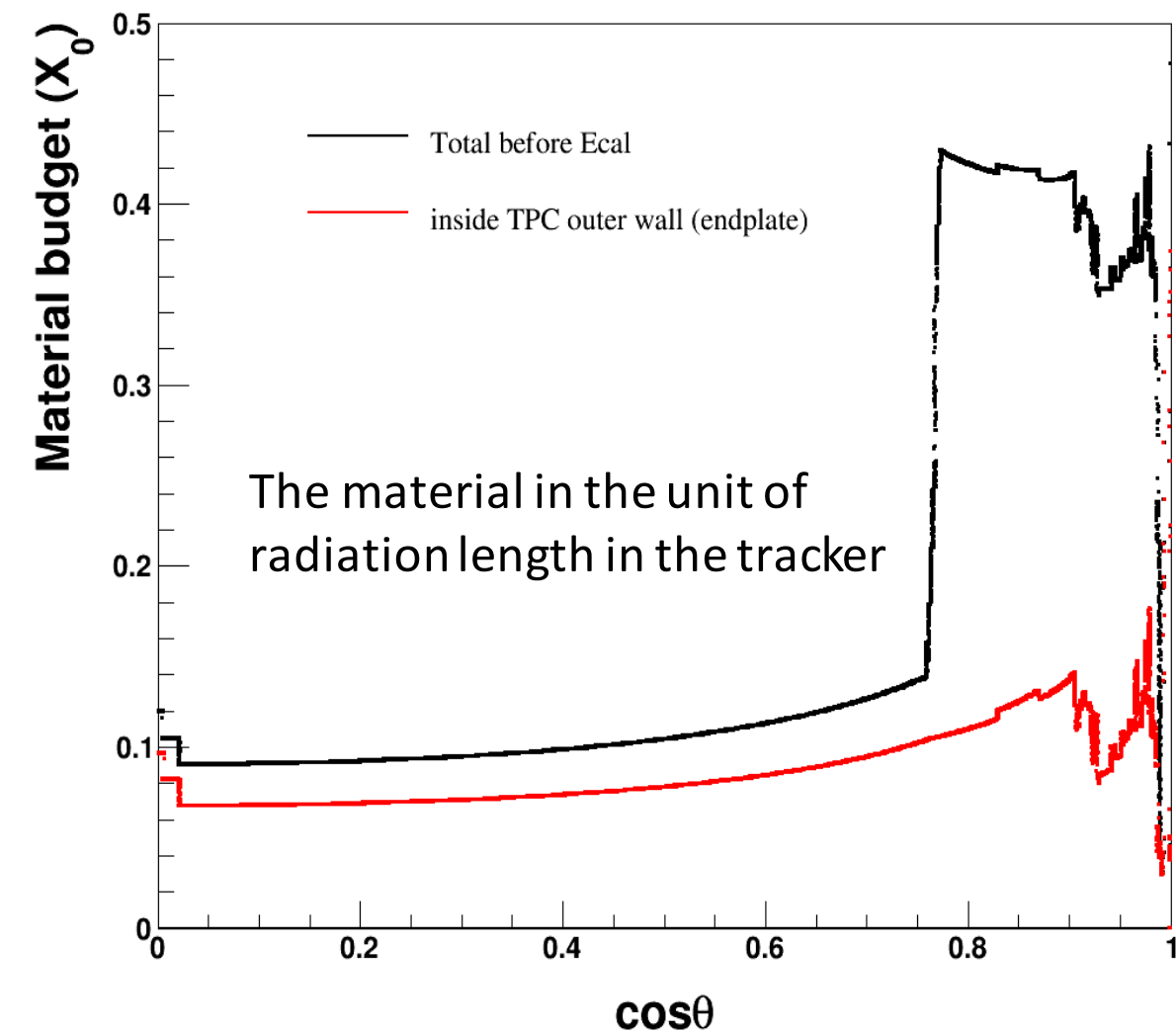
The Baseline Detector Concept

- The Particle Flow Algorithm oriented detector
- In the barrel from inner to outer, the detector is composed of a **silicon pixel vertex**, a silicon inner tracker(**SIT**), a **TPC**, a silicon external tracker(**SET**), an **ECAL** and a **HCAL**, a **solenoid** of 3Tesla and a return yoke with embedded **muon detector**.
- A dedicated particle flow reconstruction toolkit, **Arbor**, has been developed.
- More details about detector and reconstruction are in CDR.

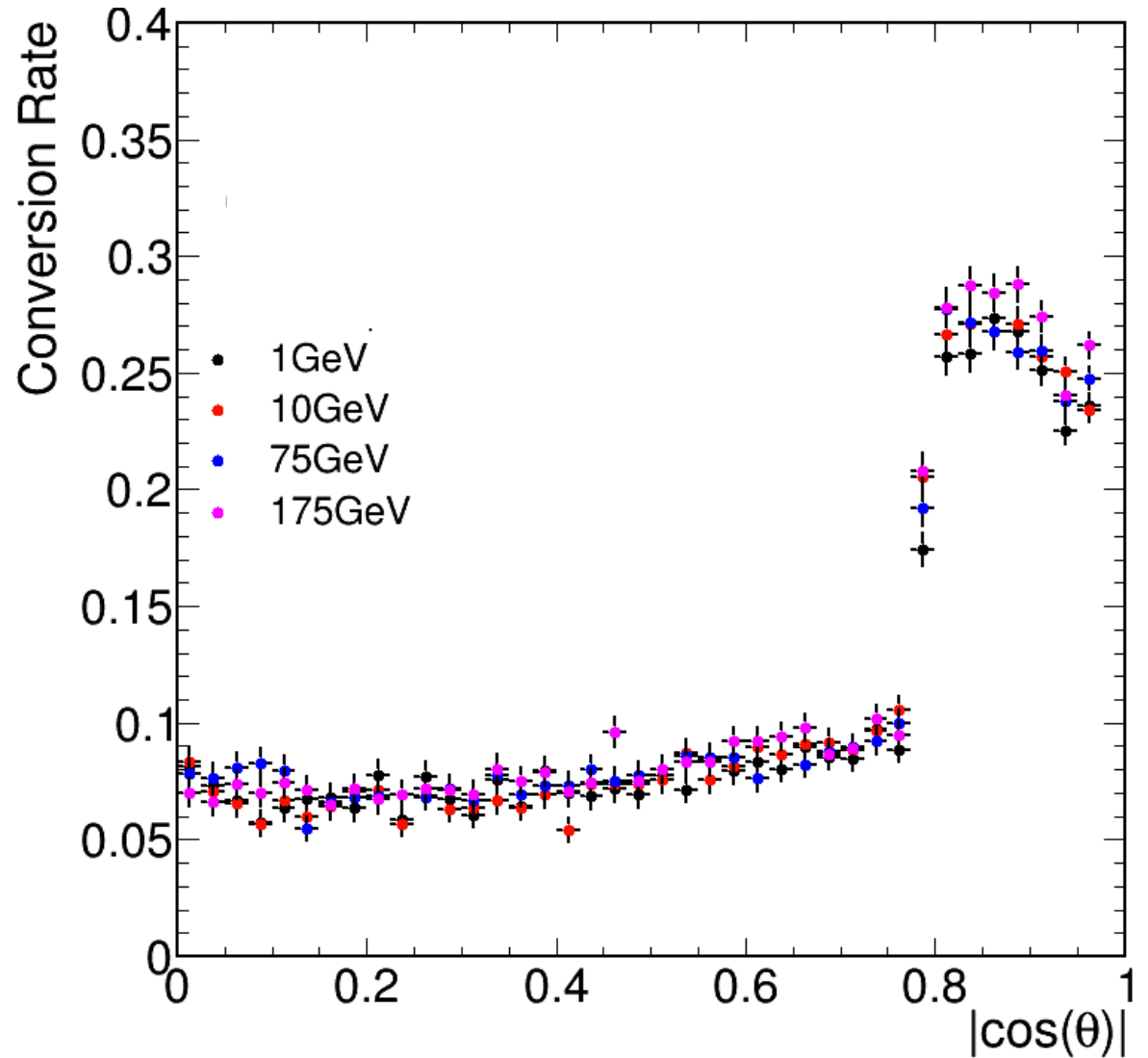


- Content:
 - Photon Conversion Rate
 - Photon Energy Measurement
- At hit level before Arbor.
- For photons with energy above 5GeV, Arbor is able to collect more than 99% of the energy deposited in the calorimeter.

Photon Conversion Rate



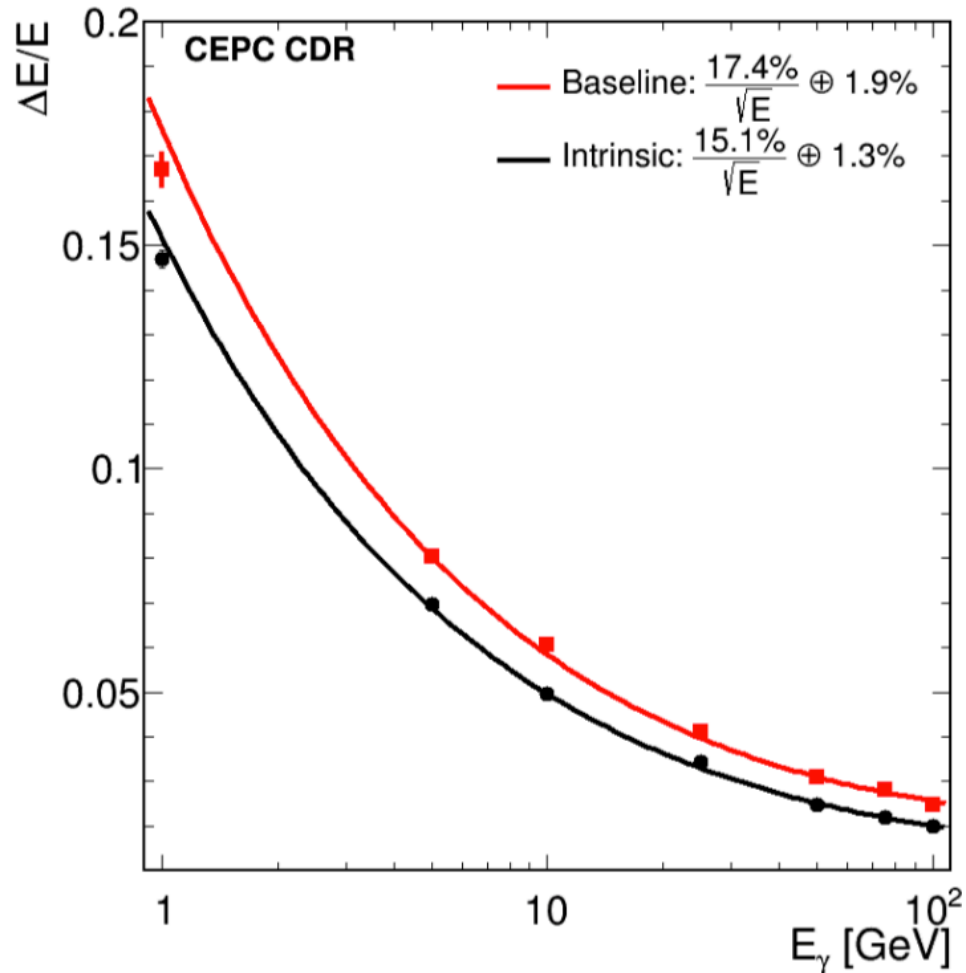
Photon Conversion Rate of Different Energies



Photon Energy Measurements

- PFA reconstruct photons in ECAL
- **Photon Energy Resolution** and **Linearity** is used to characterize the performance of ECAL.

Photon Energy Measurements



The photon energy resolution of unconverted photons as function of energy:

Baseline detector

Simplified Geometry

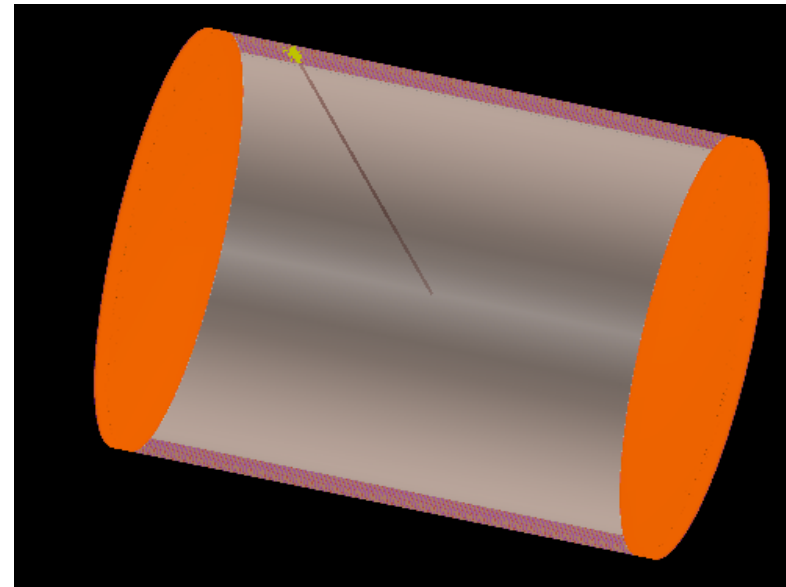
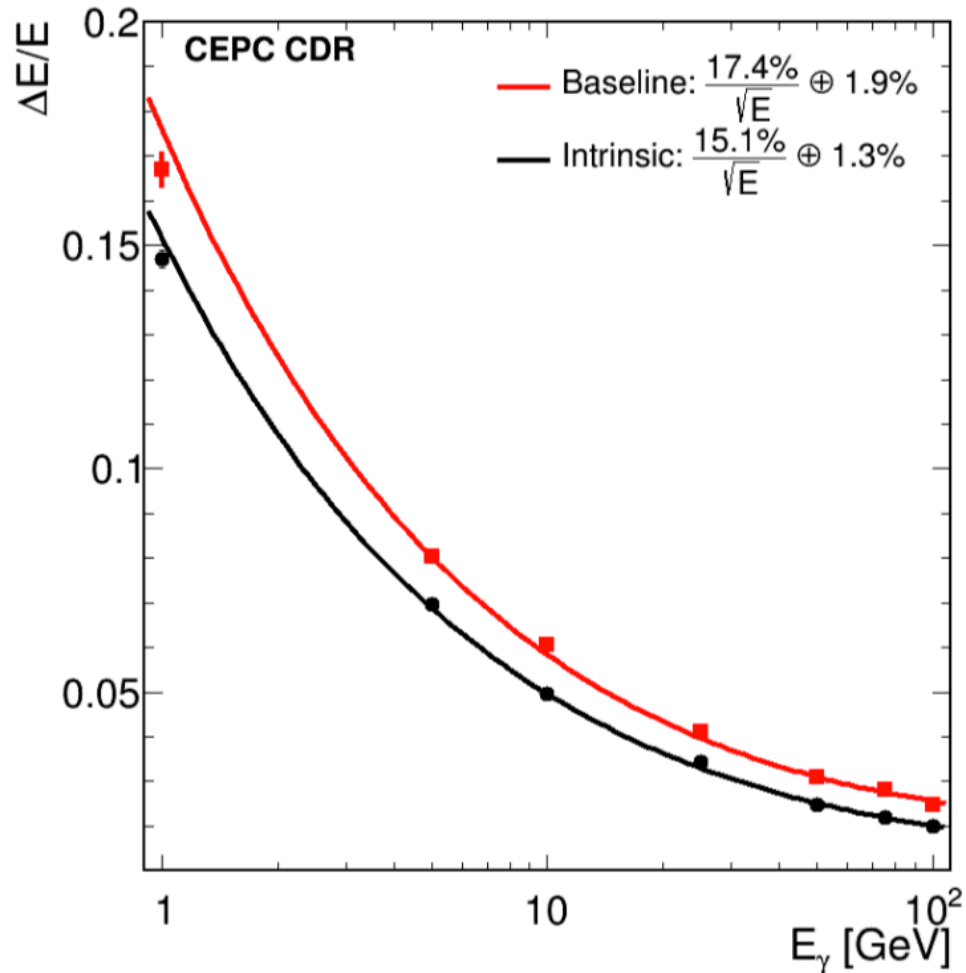
From CDR, Calibration is not taken into account

Photon Energy Measurements

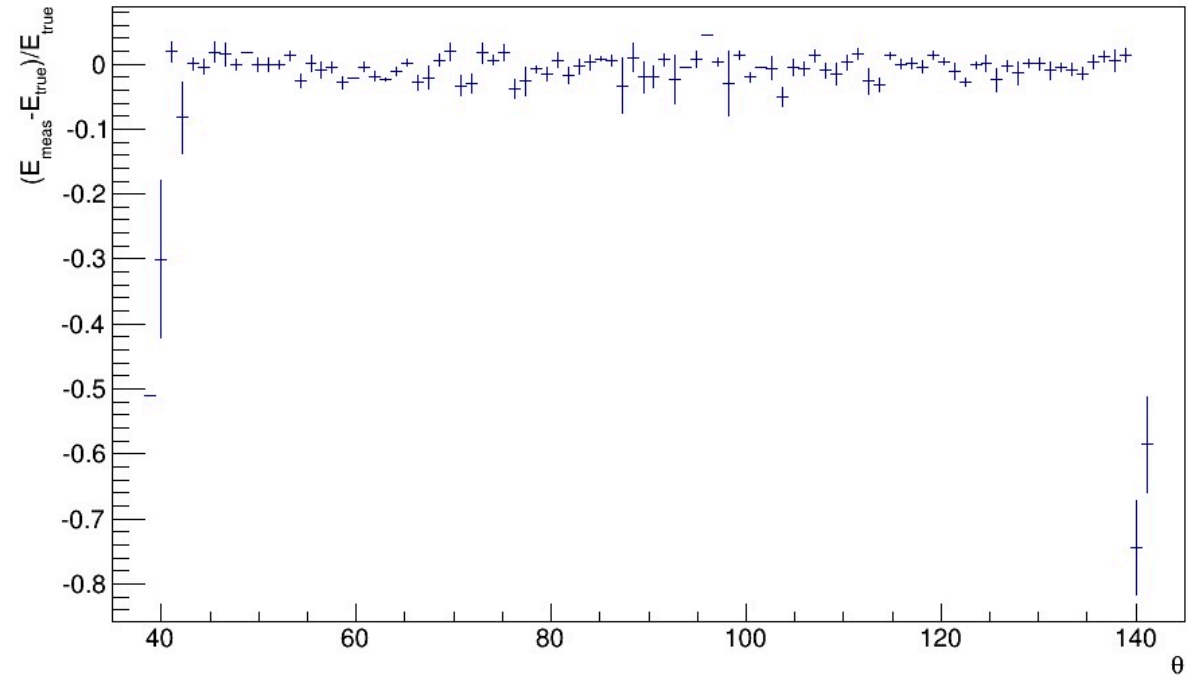
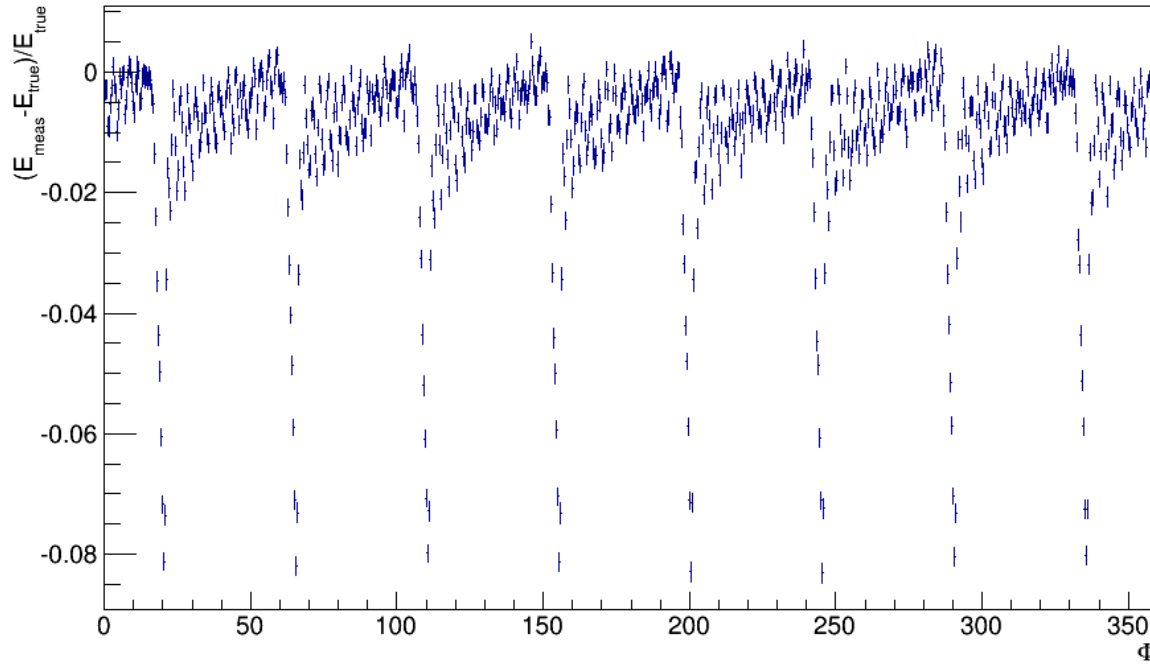
The simplified geometry (ECAL):

no material in front

no gaps between two modules.



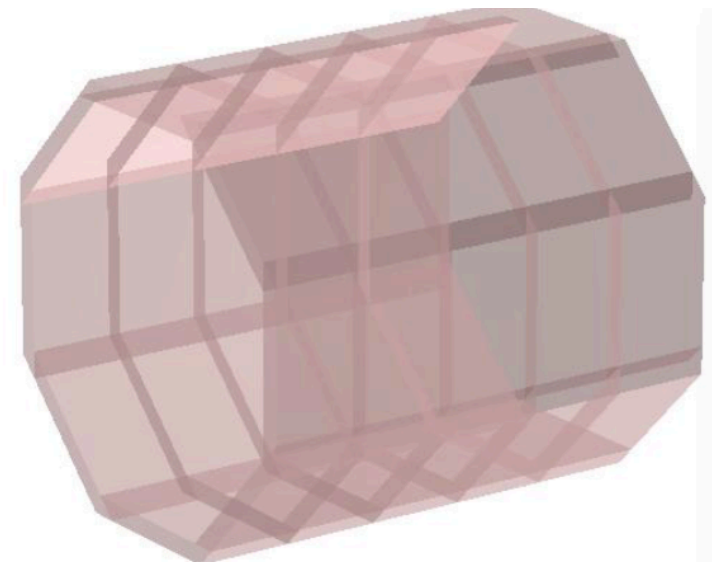
Geometry defects & correction



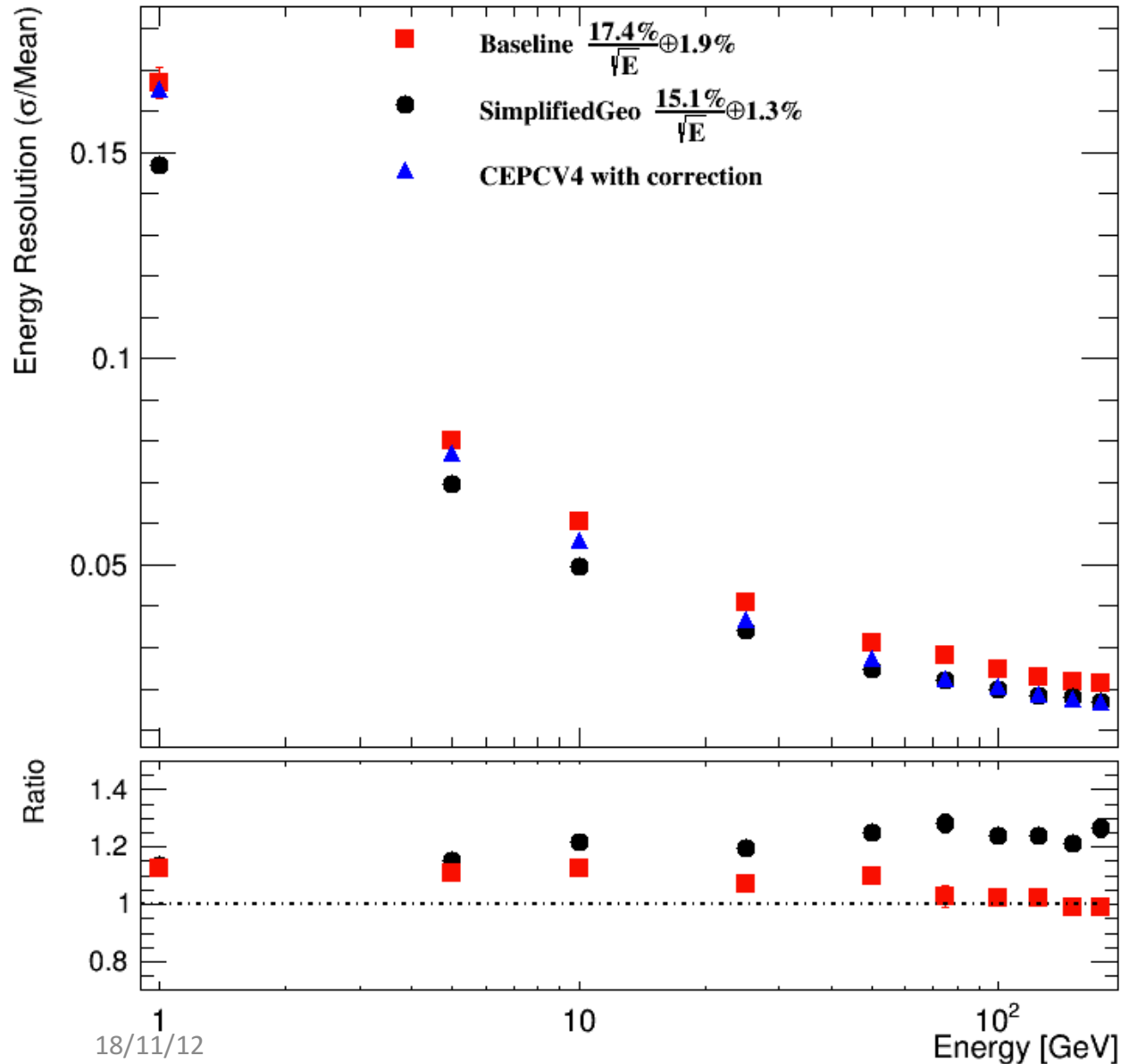
Energy deposited in ECAL depends on the ϕ and θ .
Need corrections ($\phi, \theta, E_{\text{true}}$).

Only Considering the unconverted Photon in the Barrel case at the hit level

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Linearity And Resolution after correction

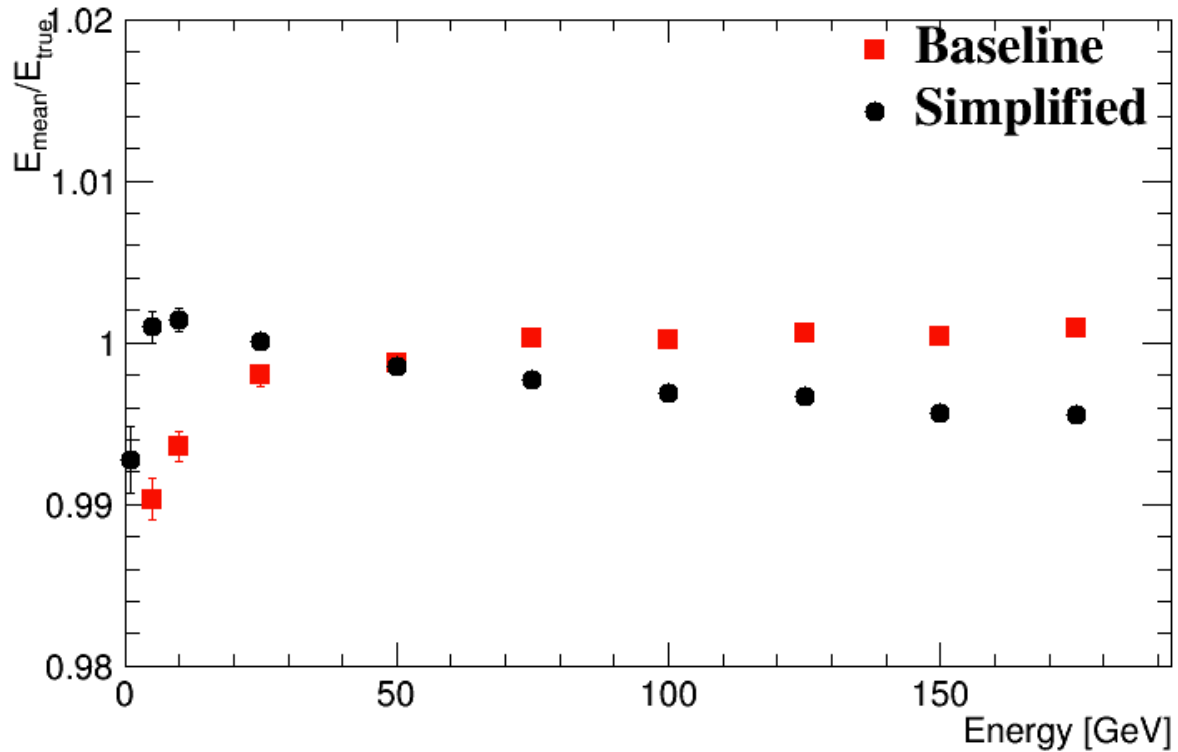


After correction, the resolution is close to the resolution of simplified geometry.

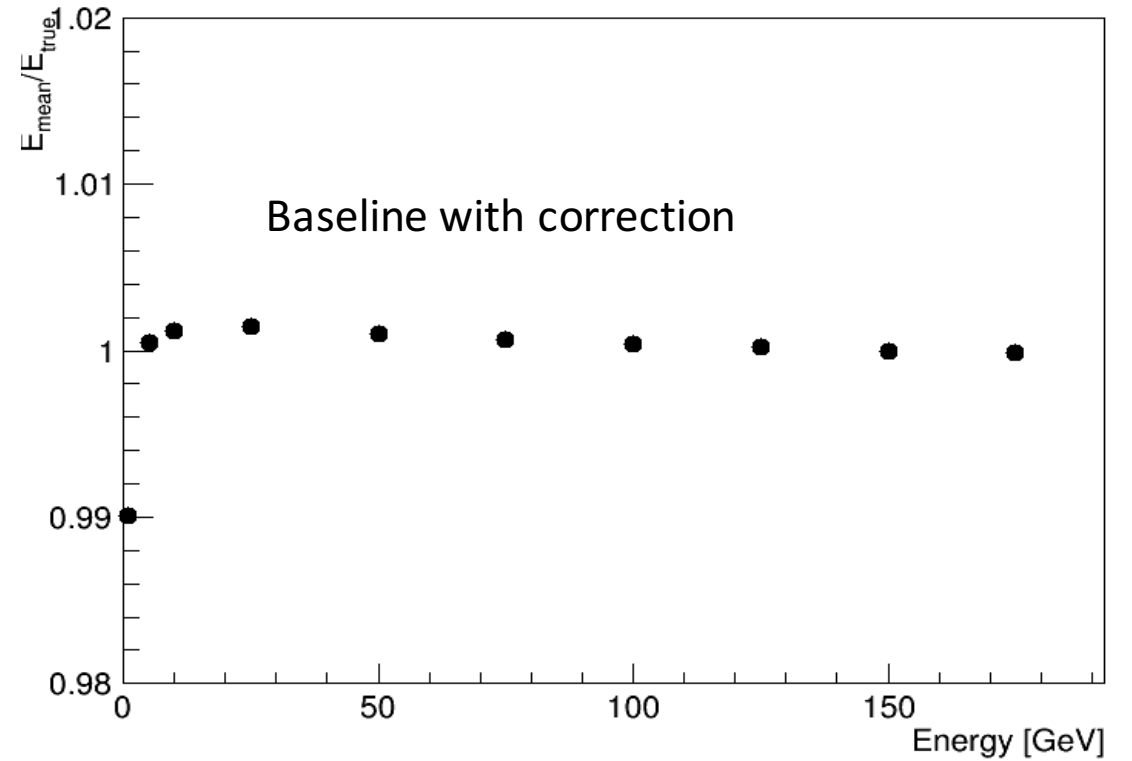
Baseline/Simplified

Baseline after correction/Simplified

Linearity And Resolution after correction



Total region



Barrel

Conclusion:

- Photon conversion rate is proportional to the material budget before ECAL.
- 5-10% of photons convert to e^+e^- in barrel
- About 25% of photons convert to e^+e^- in endcap

- After correction, the photon energy resolution is close to resolution of the simplified geometry.
- Linearity is good.

To do list:

1、 Calibration

2、 Correction at the Endcap

3、 Converted Photon Reconstruction.

For unconverted photons of energies above 5 GeV, the identification efficiency is nearly 100% with more than 99% of their energy reconstructed. But for the the converted photons, 80% are recovered.

4、 Photon ID

Identifying photons from the pion with high efficiency and purity is essential for the identify the tau-lepton in the different decay modes.

Welcome to join us!
Thank you~~

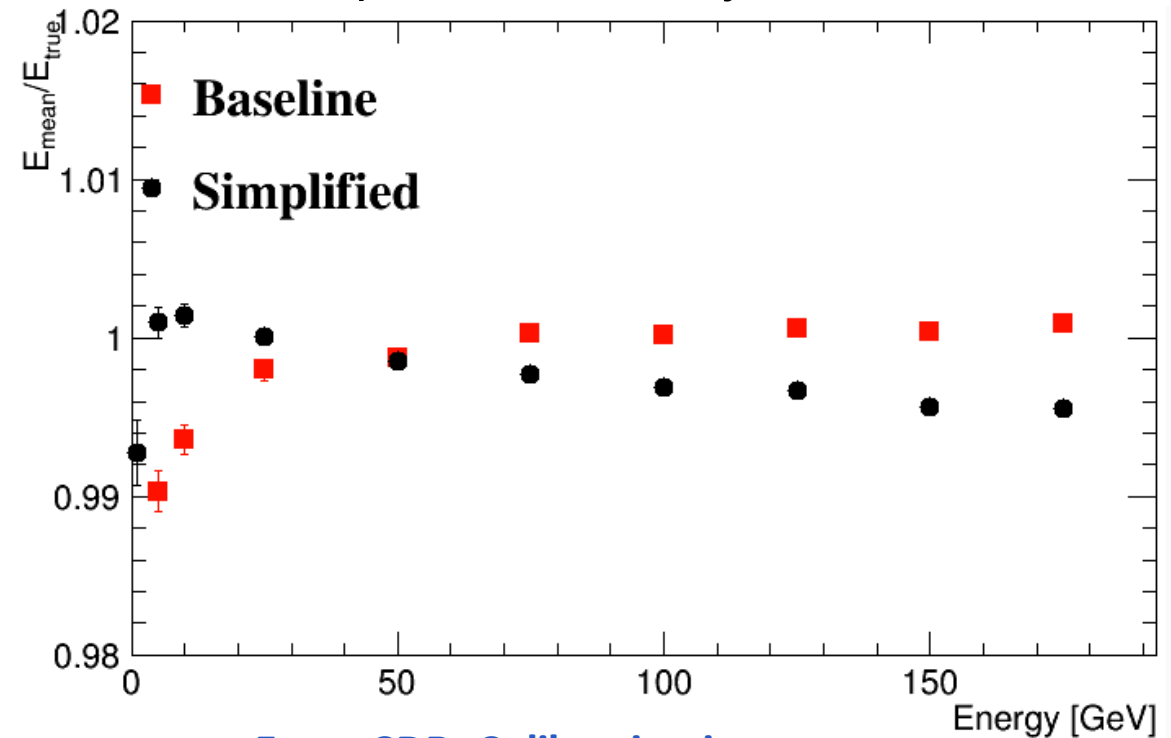
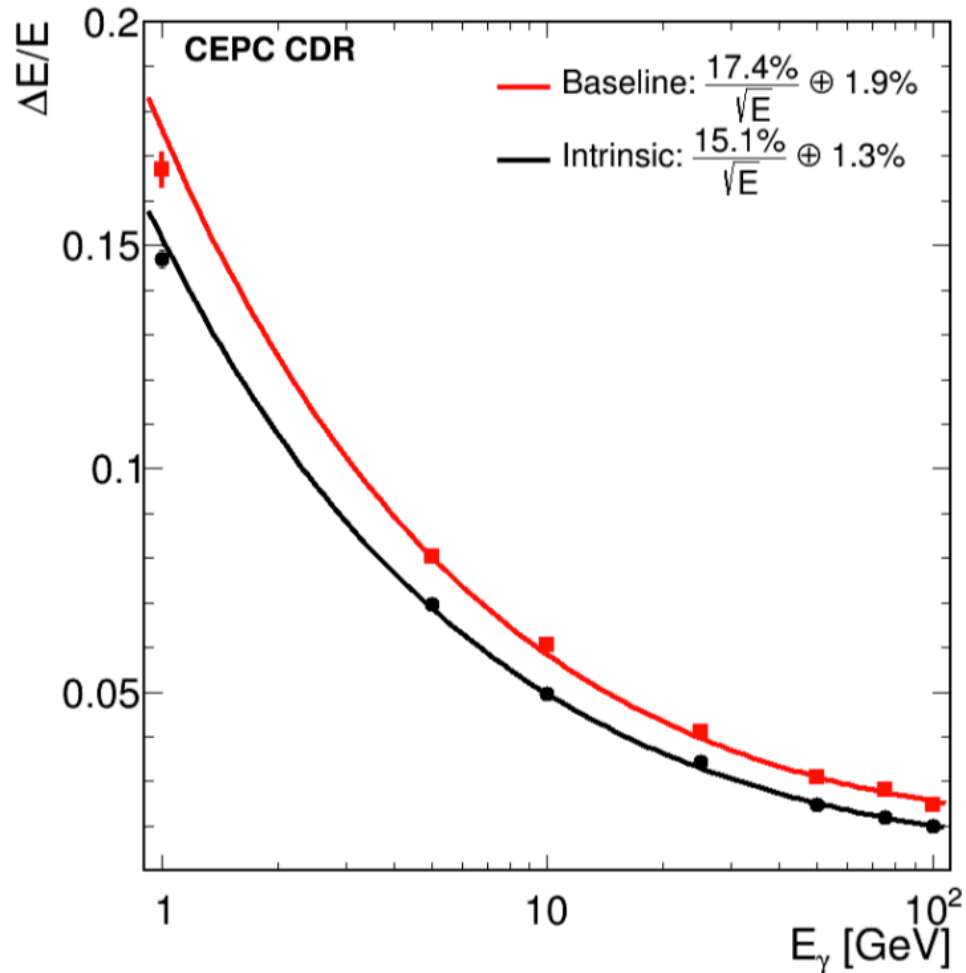
BackUp

Photon Energy Measurements

The photon energy resolution and linearity of unconverted photons as function of energy:

Baseline detector

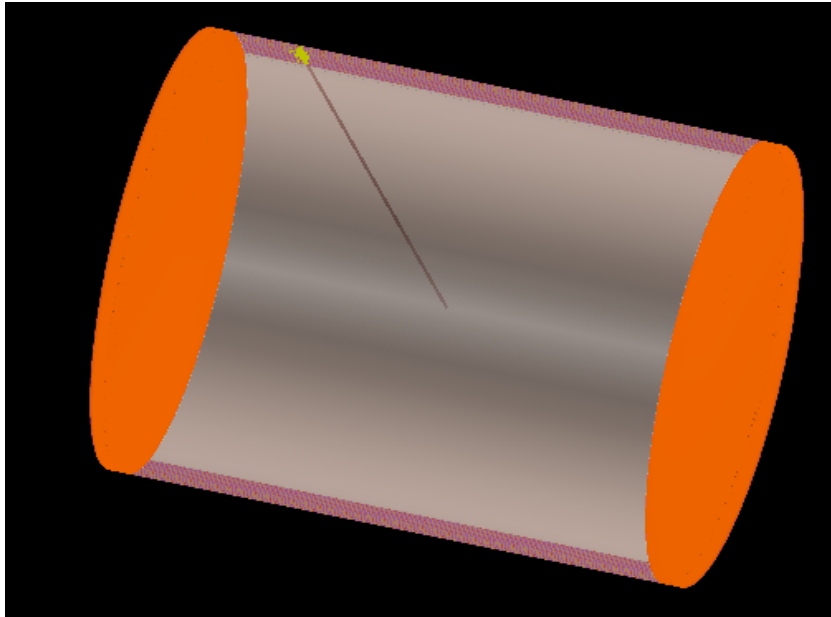
Simplified Geometry



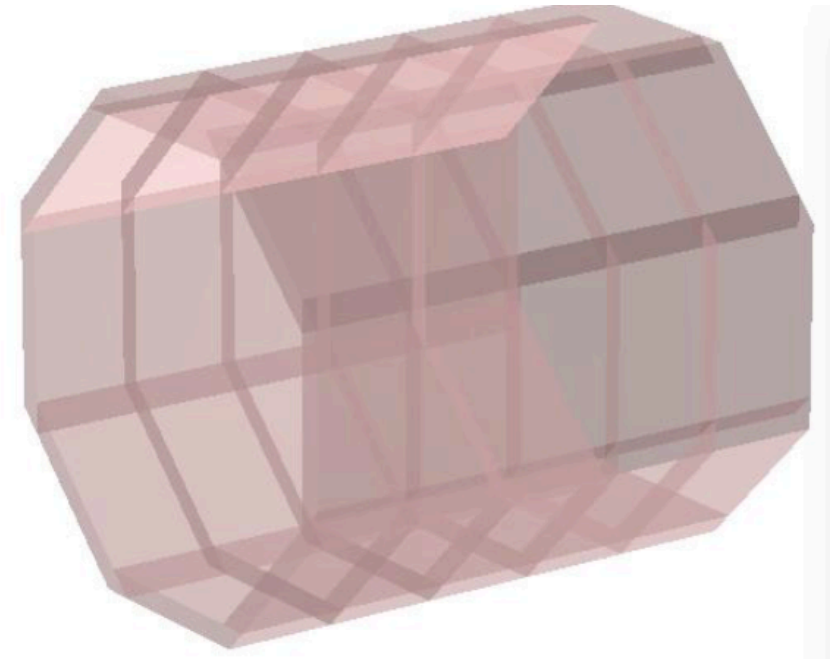
From CDR, Calibration is not taken into account

Photon Energy Measurements

The simplified geometry :
no material in front
no gaps between two modules.



The Baseline detector (ECAL barrel) :



The resolution(Black) is the ideal resolution of the detector.

Photon reconstruction at the CEPC baseline

- Arbor
- High granularity Calorimeter
- How it looks like
 - Typical # Hit Vs Energy
- Content
 - Photon ID (from Neutral Cluster)
 - Photon Conversion (Intrinsic material effect) & radiation
 - Tag, rate measure & understanding
 - Converted photon finding reconstructed
 - Photon Energy Measurement

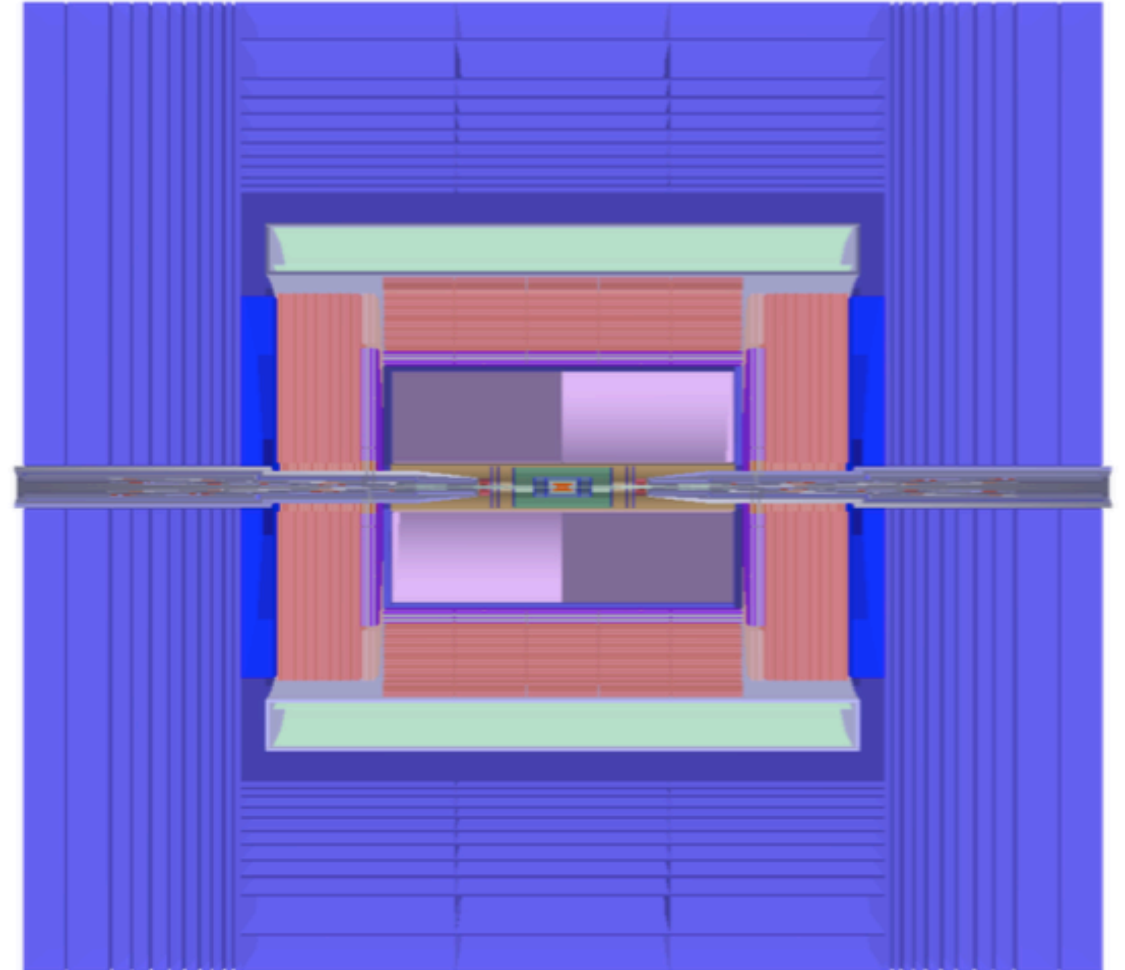
Photon Conversion Rate

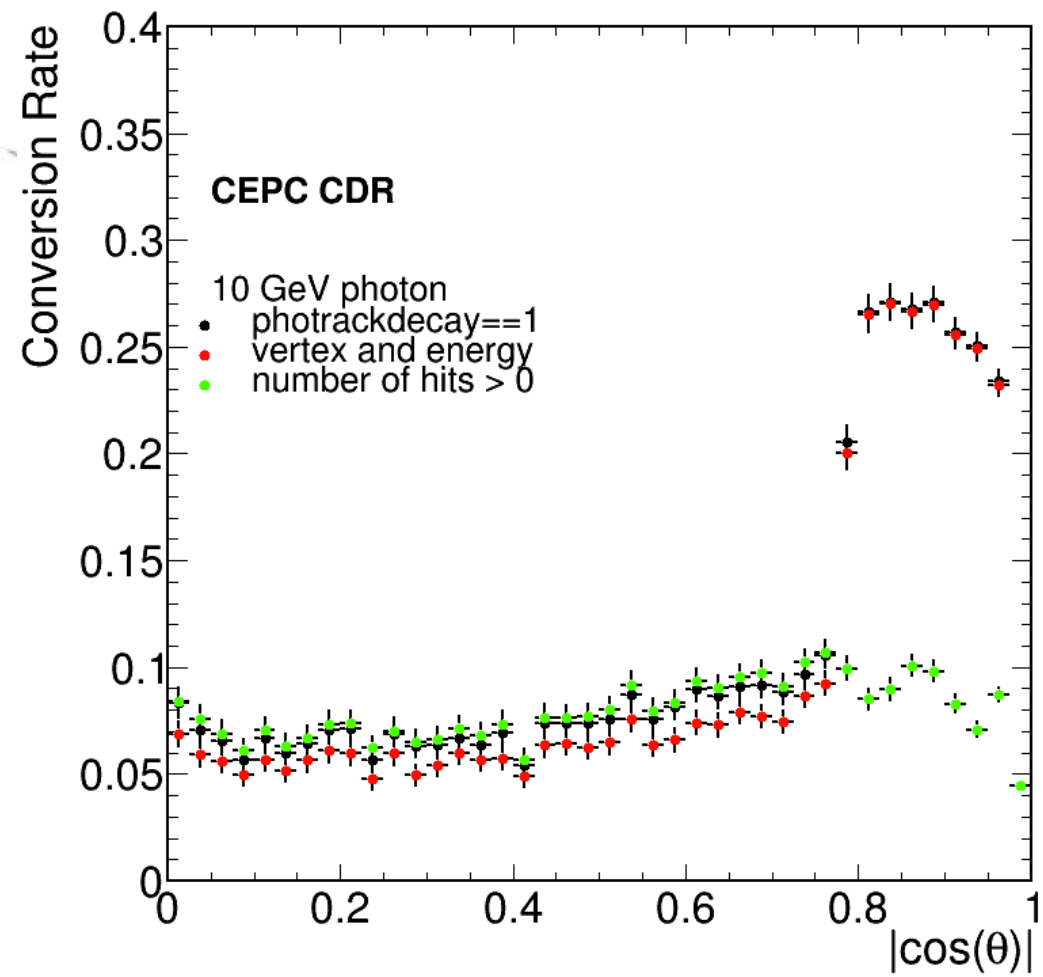
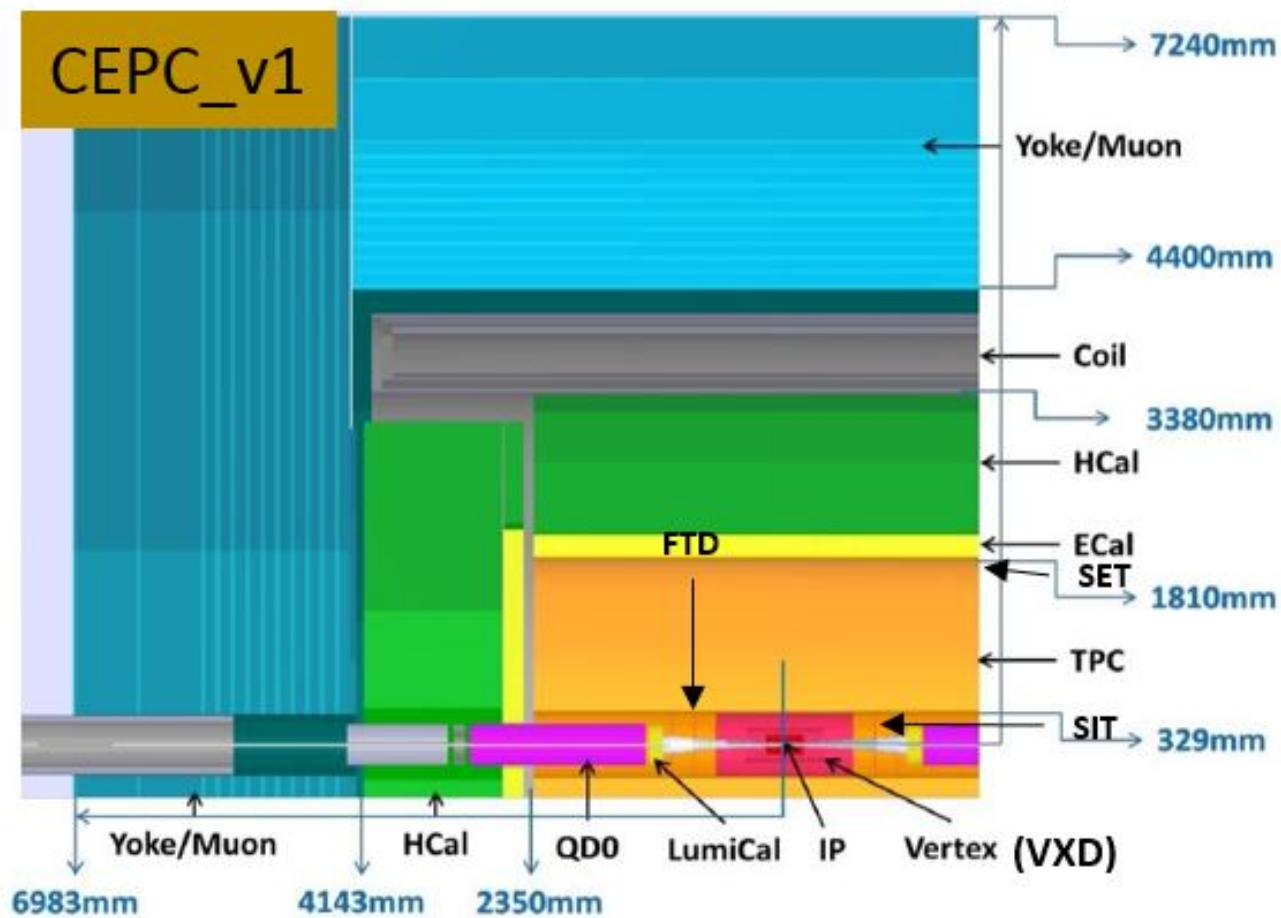
Photons have similar signatures as electrons in the ECAL, but without matching tracks in the tracker.

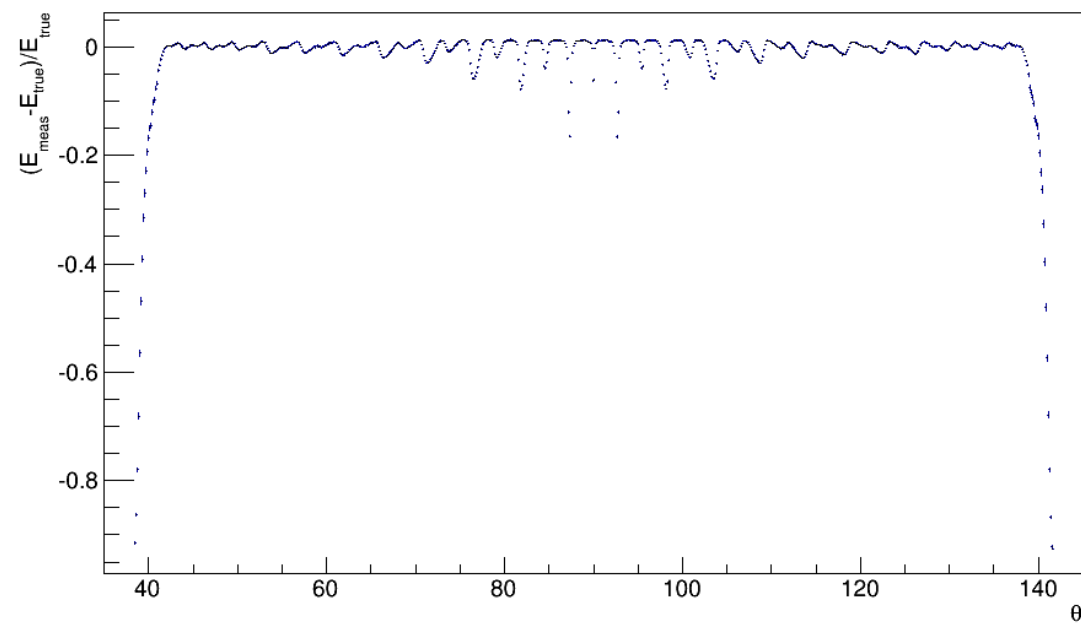
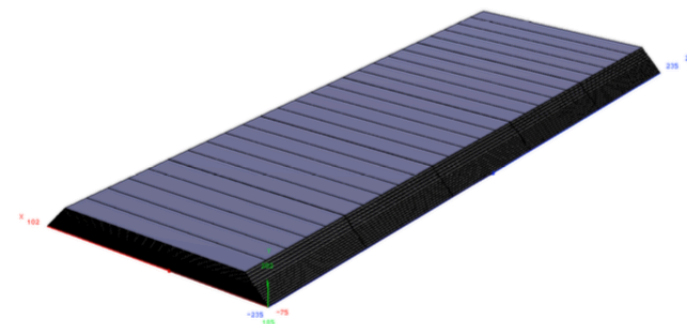
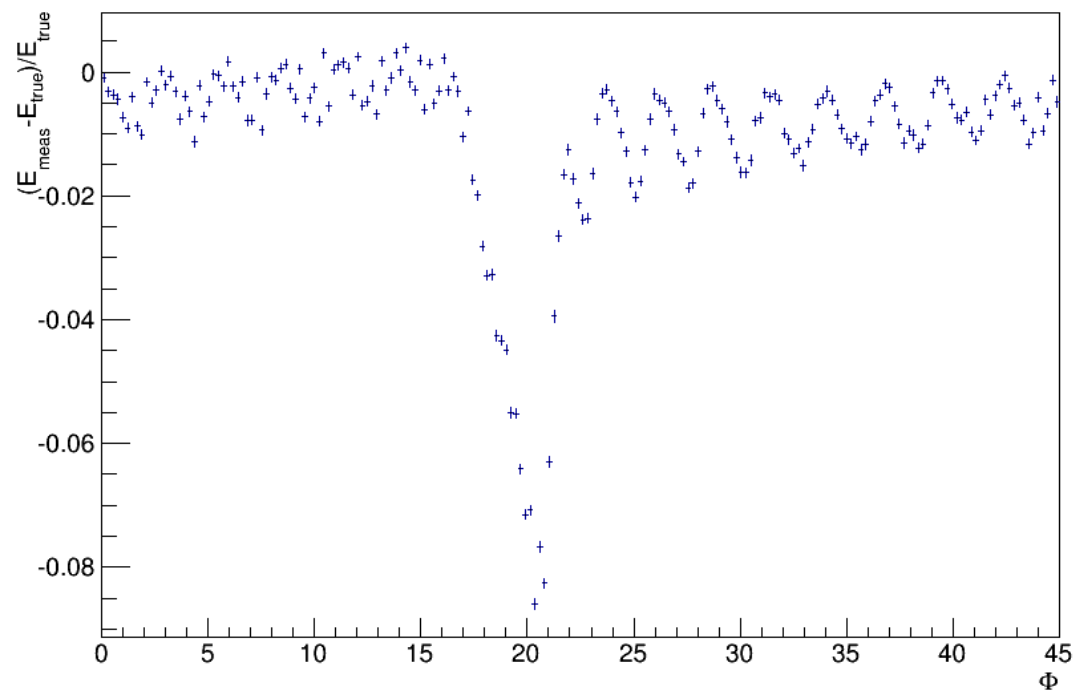
But in front of ECAL, there are some materials. So the photons will convert to e^+e^- pairs through the interaction with the materials.

Some of these converted photons will have matched tracks.

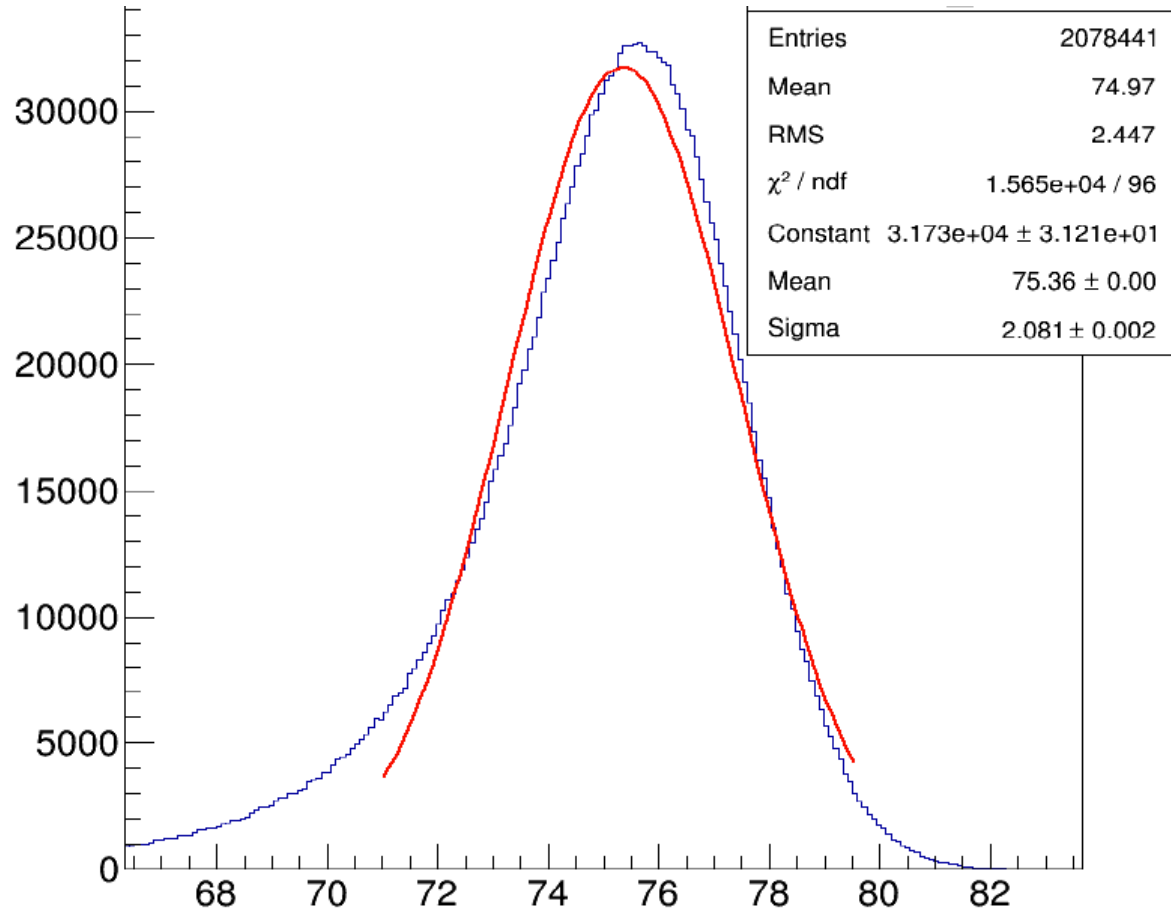
The reconstruct the convert photon is next step.



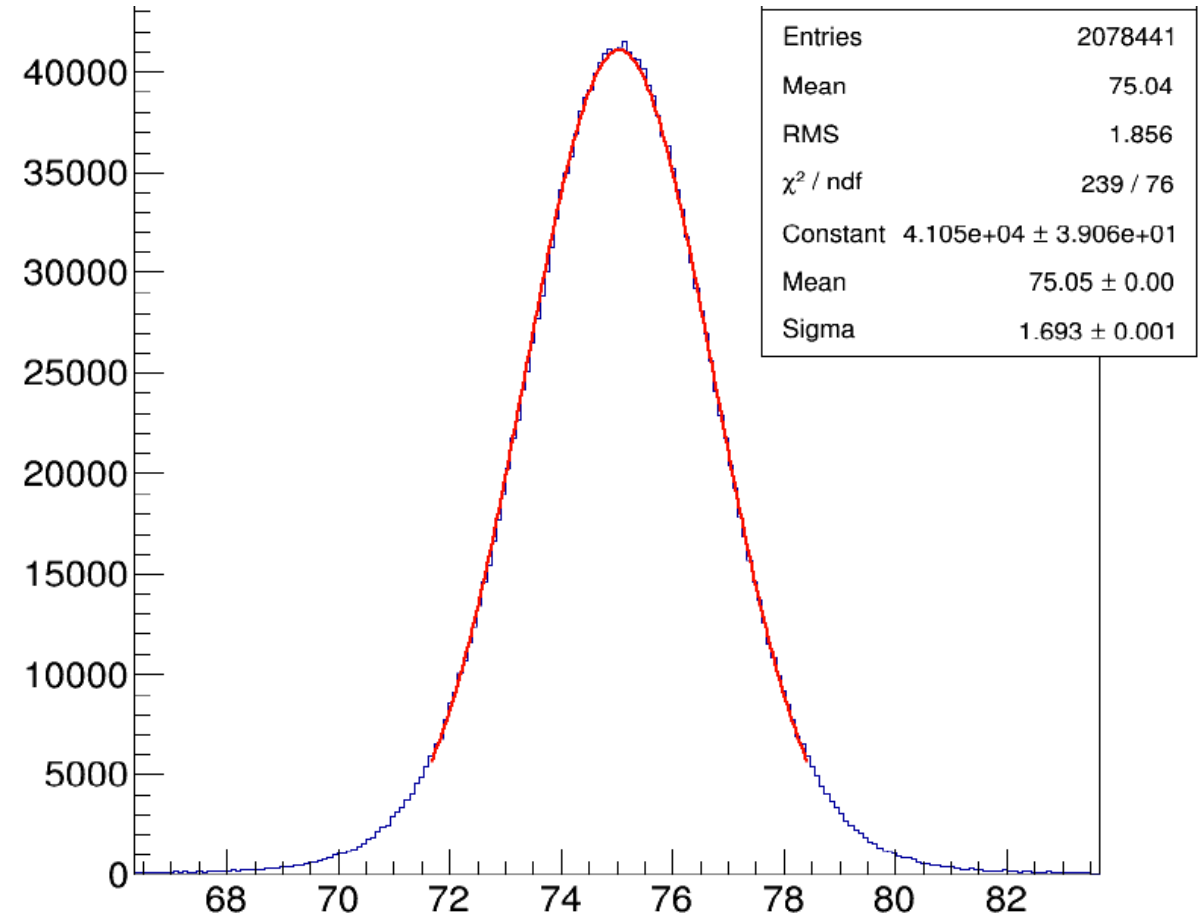




Geometry defects & correction



Before correction



After correction

