

Top quark pair production

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第十五届粒子物理、核物理和宇宙
学交叉学科前沿问题研讨会

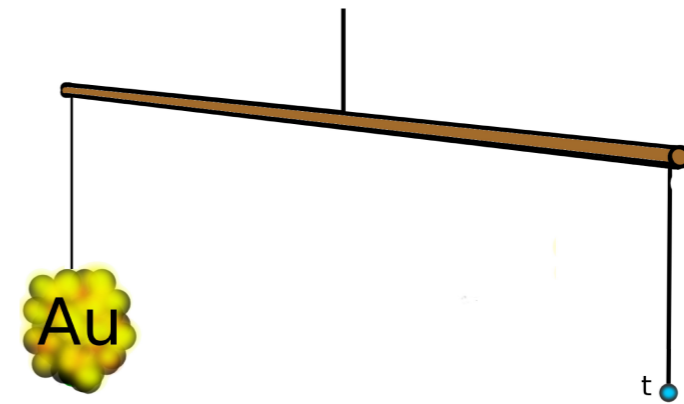


Basic facts about the top



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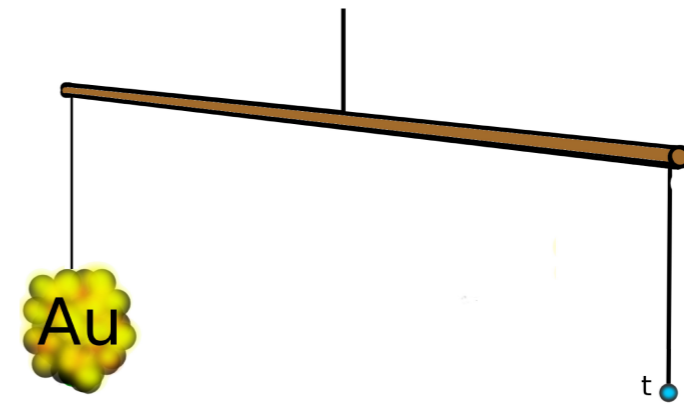
Large mass $m_t \approx 173 \text{ GeV}$





Basic facts about the top

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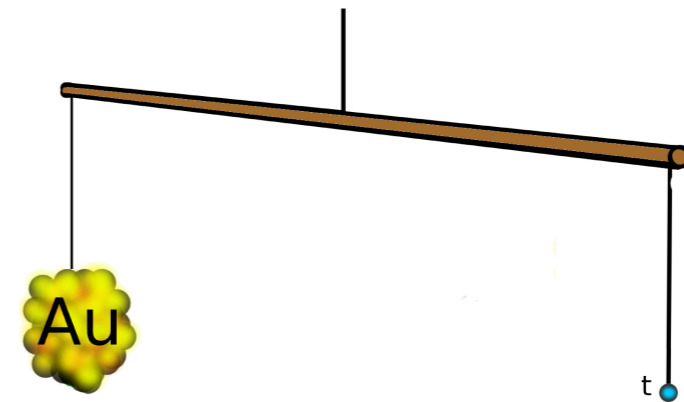
Strong Yukawa coupling $y_t \sim 1$

- Fermion mass origin
- Hierarchy problem
- Vacuum stability



Basic facts about the top

Large mass $m_t \approx 173 \text{ GeV}$



Strong Yukawa coupling $y_t \sim 1$

Fermion mass origin

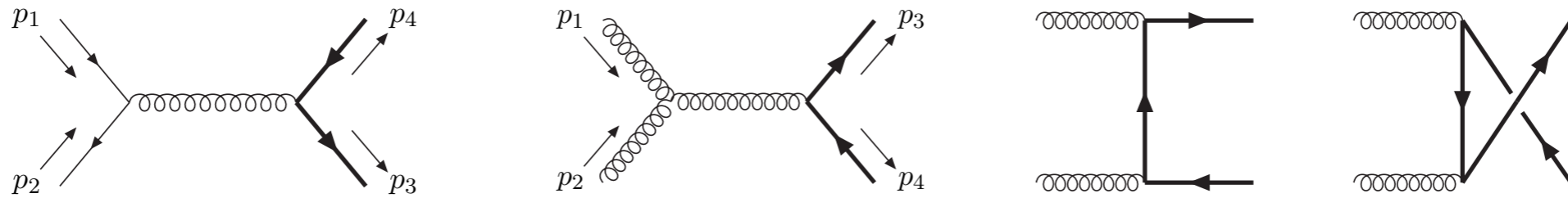
Hierarchy problem

Vacuum stability

Short lifetime $\tau \sim 5 \times 10^{-25} \text{ s}$

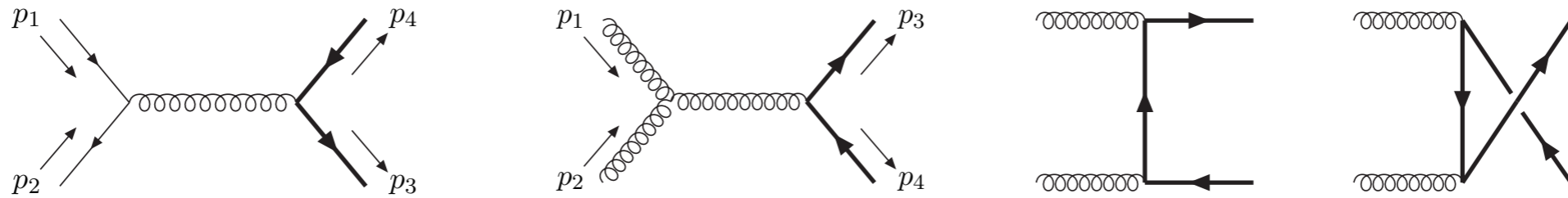
Decays before hadronization: pQCD dominates!

Top quark pair production



A standard candle for the LHC and future colliders

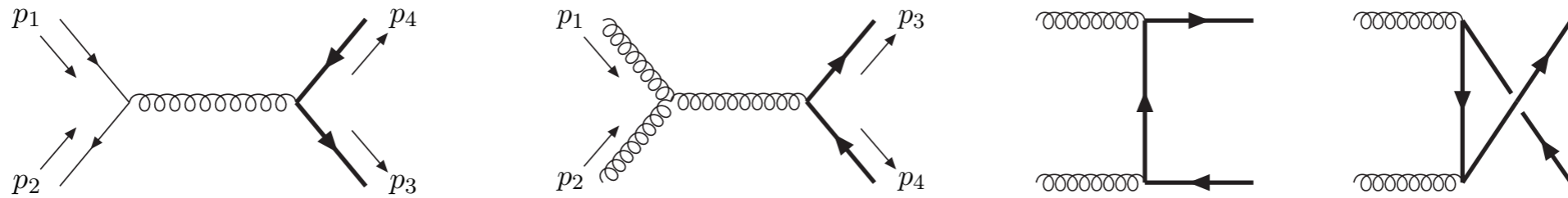
Top quark pair production



A standard candle for the LHC and future colliders

*** Test of the SM at the energy frontier**

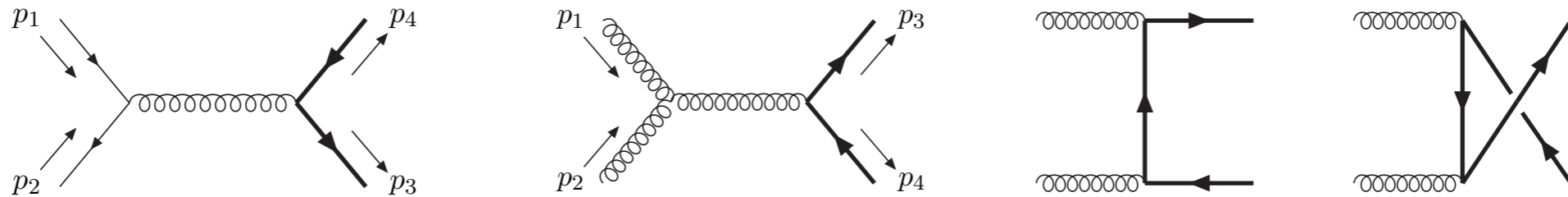
Top quark pair production



A standard candle for the LHC and future colliders

- * Test of the SM at the energy frontier
- * Possible signals of new physics

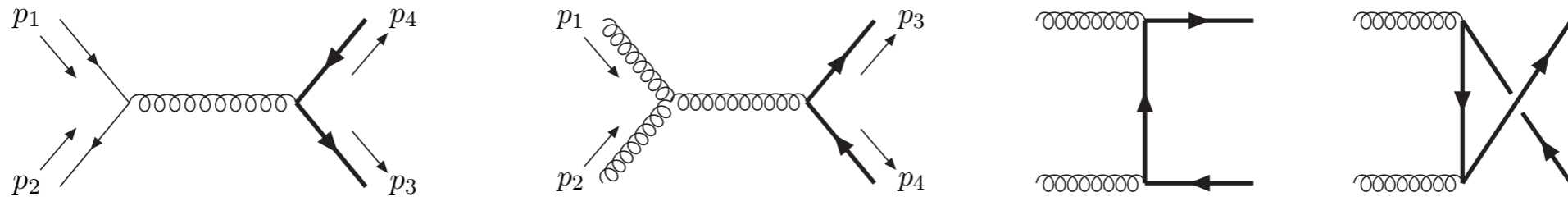
Top quark pair production



A standard candle for the LHC and future colliders

- * Test of the SM at the energy frontier
- * Possible signals of new physics
- * Major background to many searches

Top quark pair production

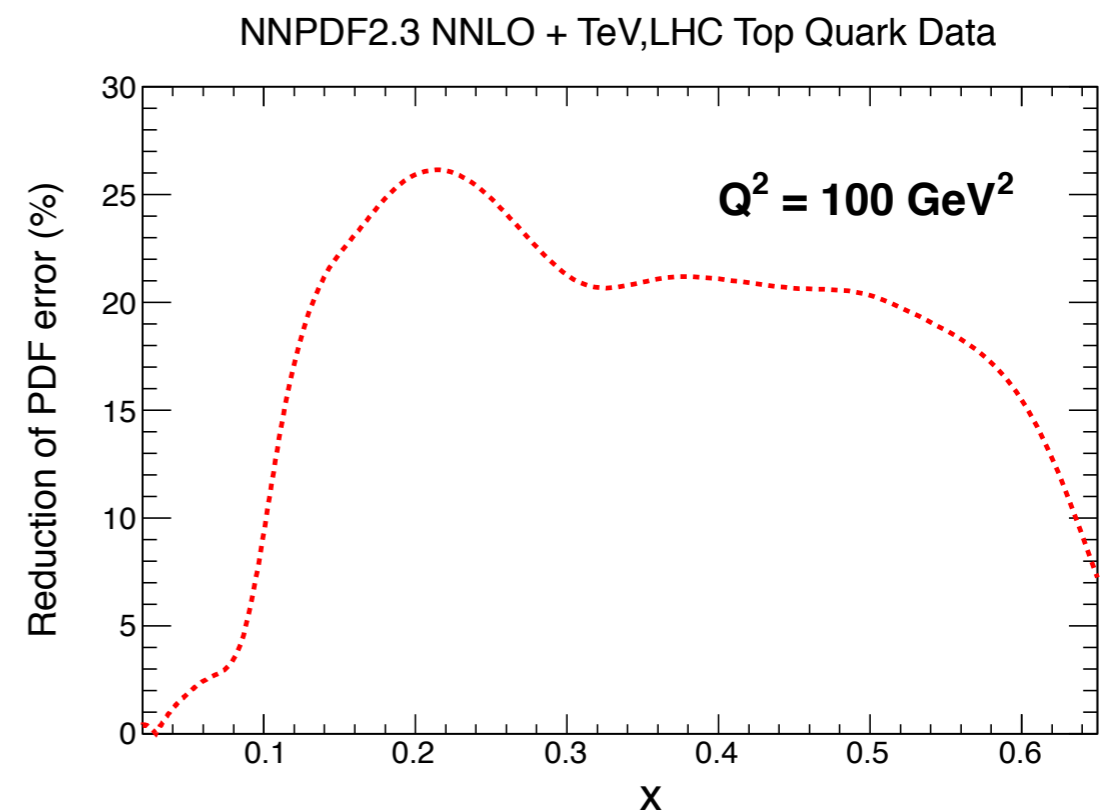
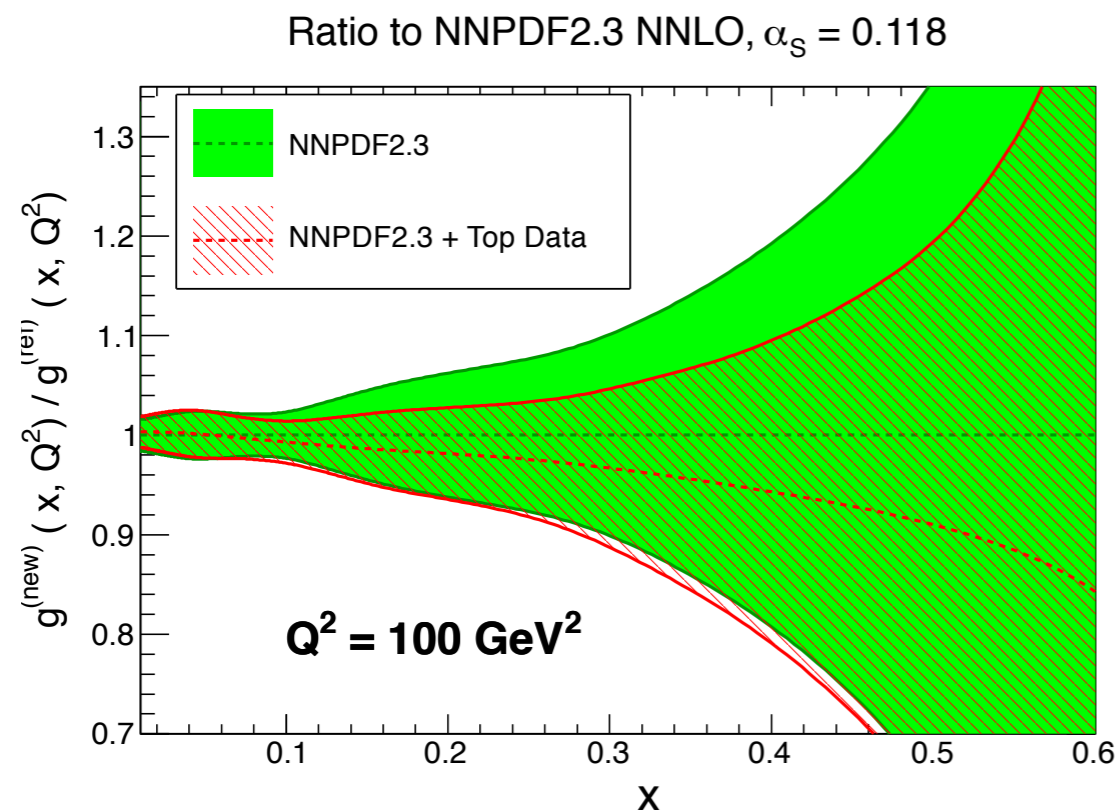


A standard candle for the LHC and future colliders

- * Test of the SM at the energy frontier
- * Possible signals of new physics
- * Major background to many searches
- * **Precise theoretical and experimental results have already enabled us to gain useful information!**

Gluon PDF

Top quark pair production can provide information about the gluon parton distribution functions

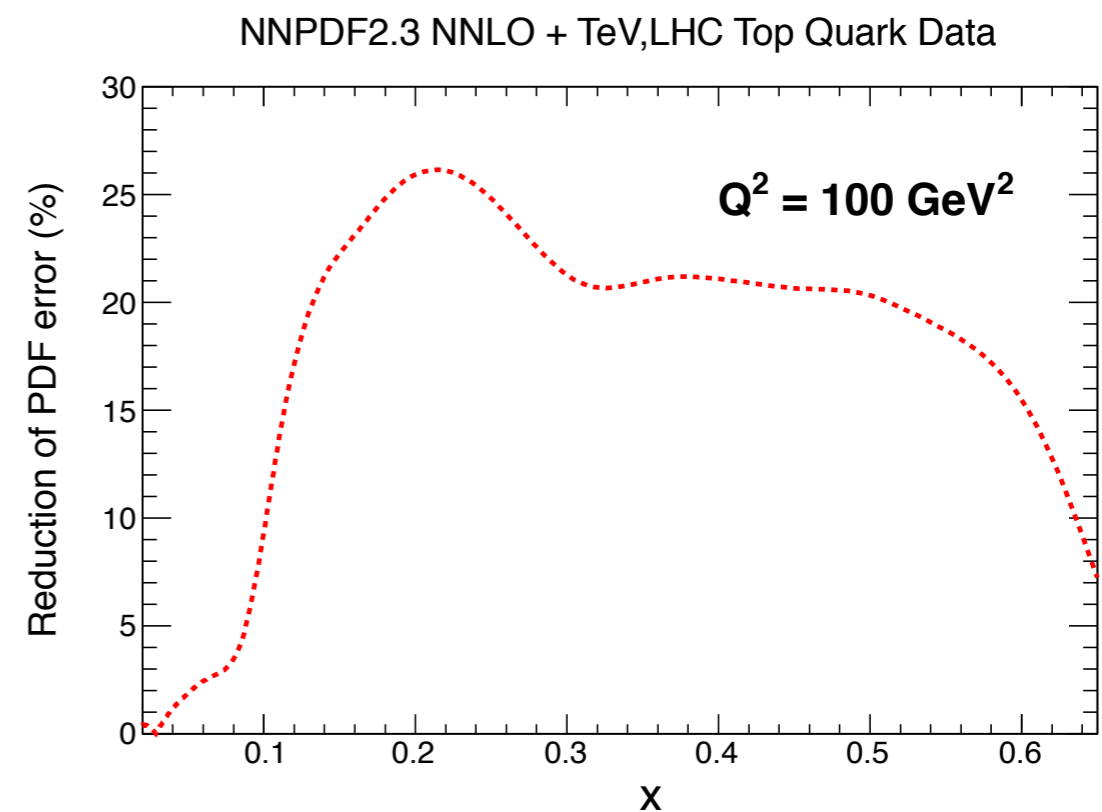
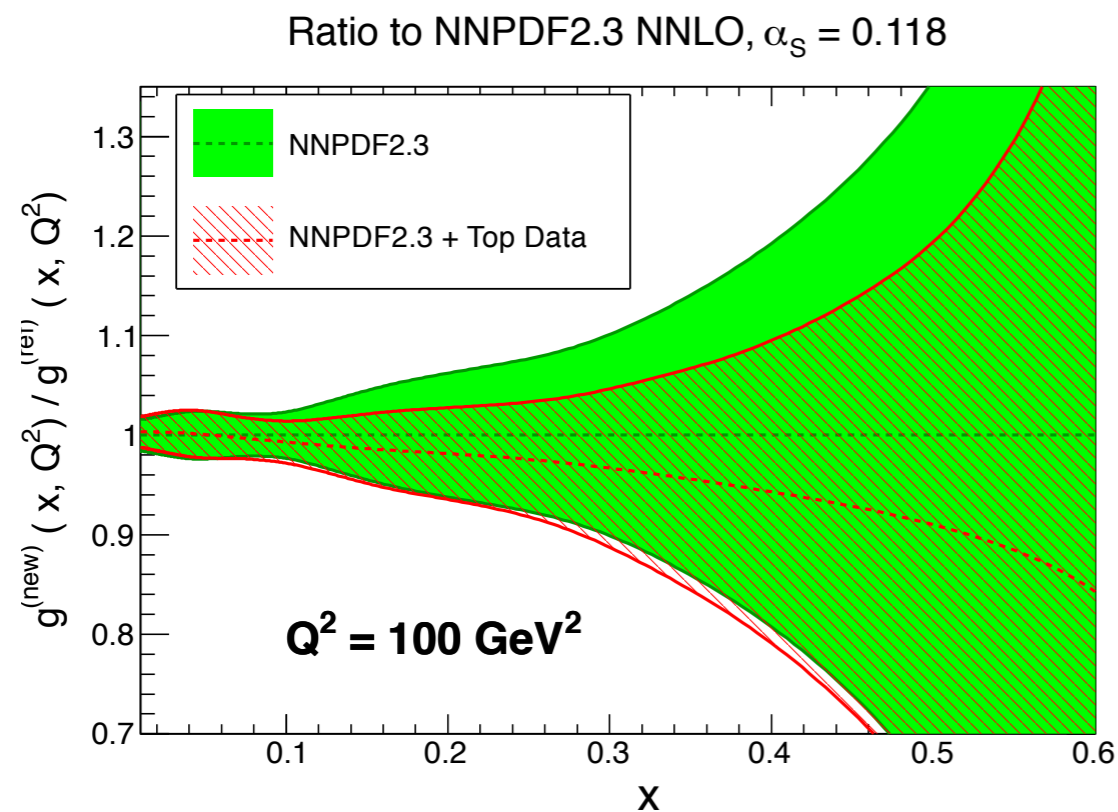


Czakon, Mangano, Mitov, Rojo: 1303.7215

Note: only used 7 and 8 TeV data!

Gluon PDF

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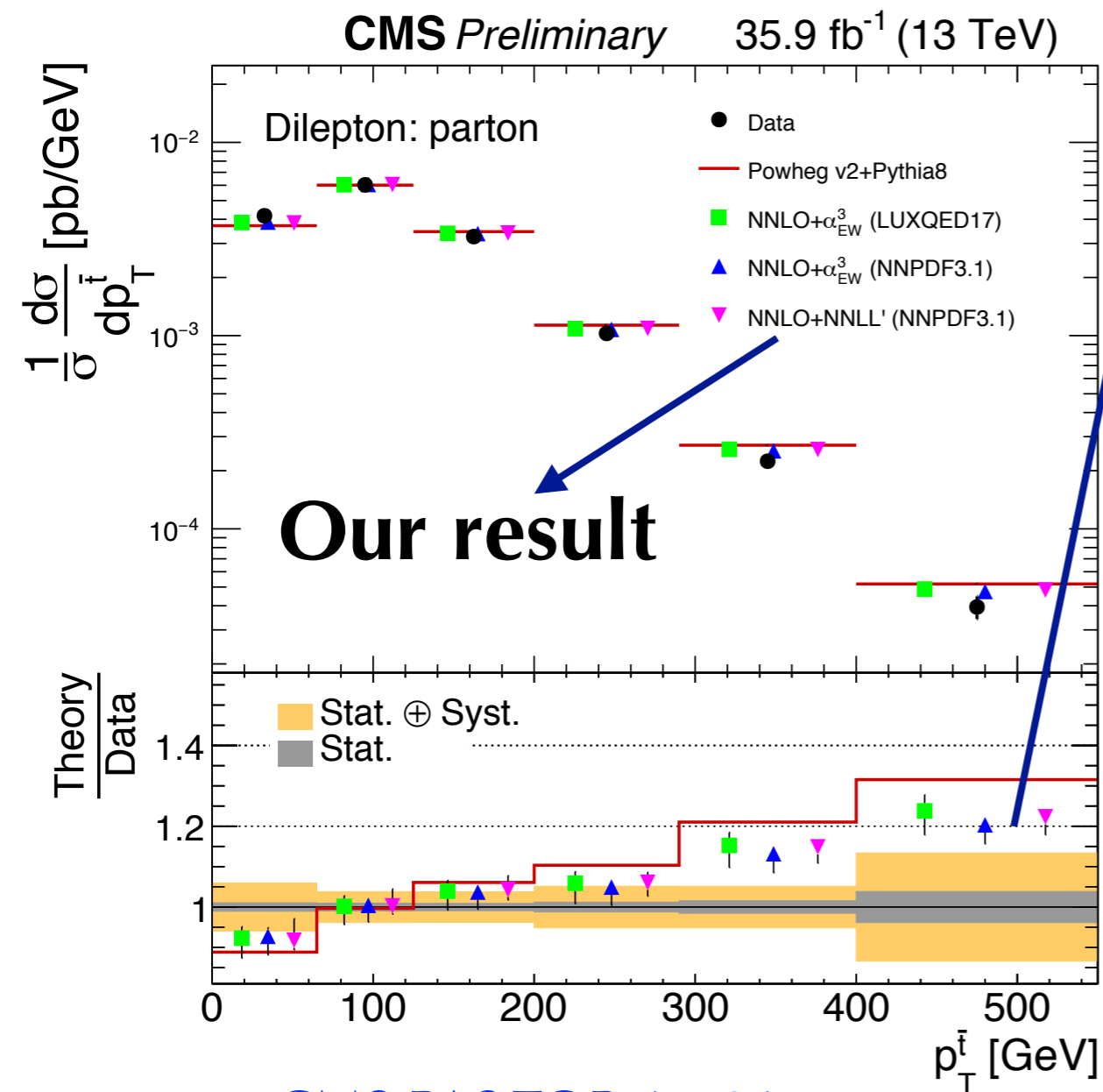


Czakon, Mangano, Mitov, Rojo: 1303.7215

Note: only used 7 and 8 TeV data!

Ongoing: CTEQ analysis with 8 and 13 TeV data

Deviation?



Persistent shape difference in the transverse momentum spectrum

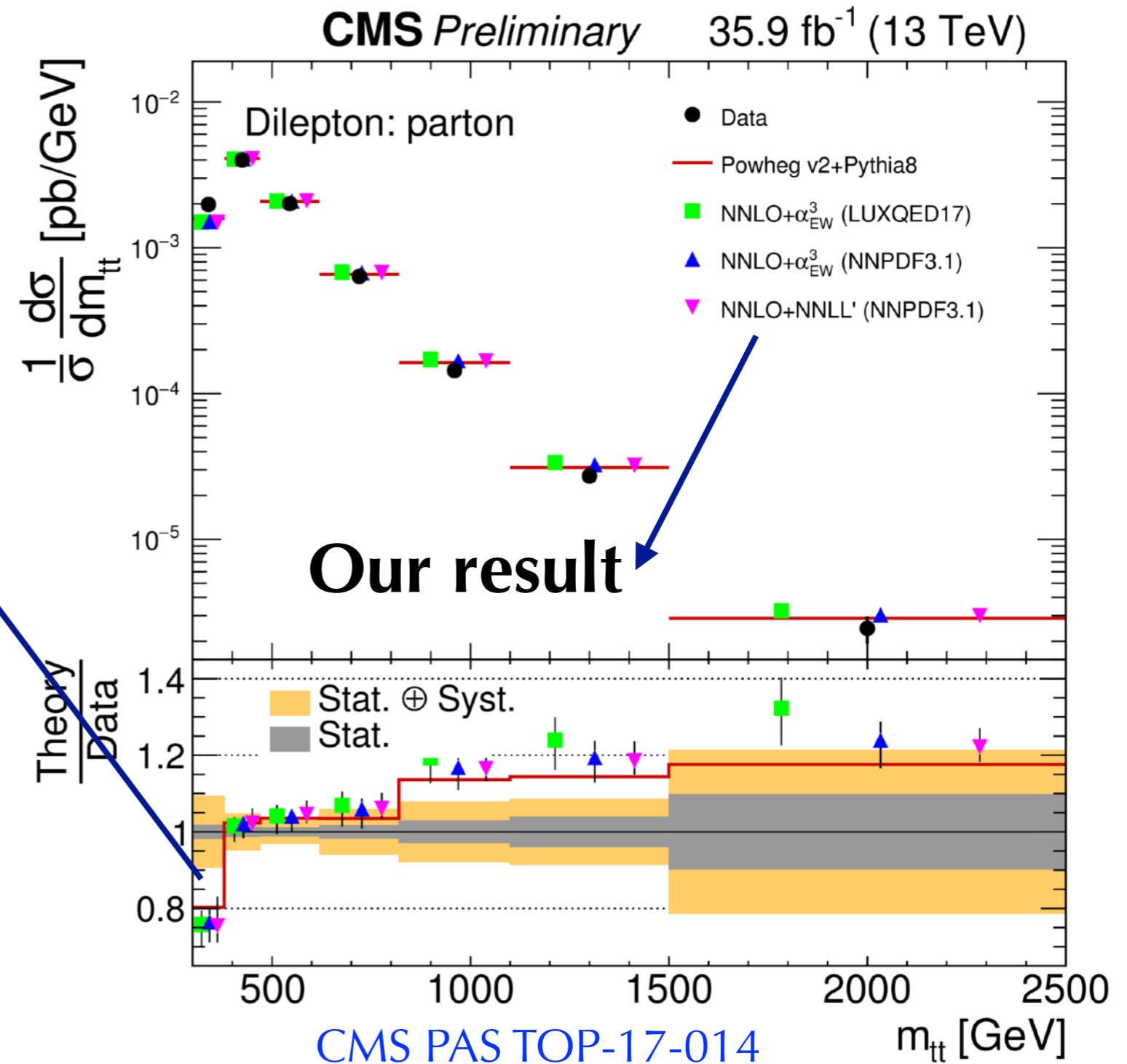
The high precision of the theoretical calculations and the experimental measurements allows to see this difference clearly!

Deviation?

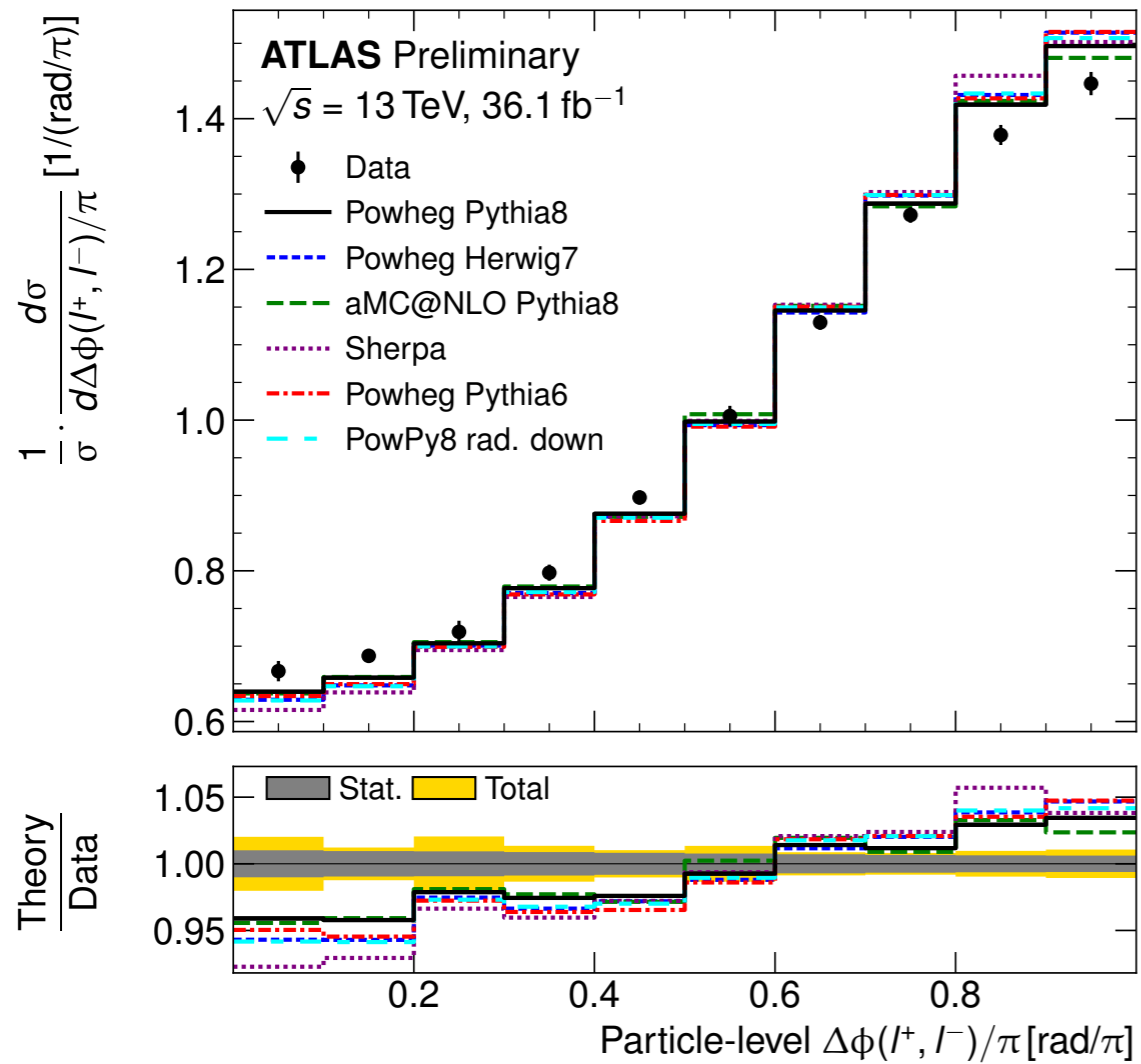
What's going on here?

Top quark mass?

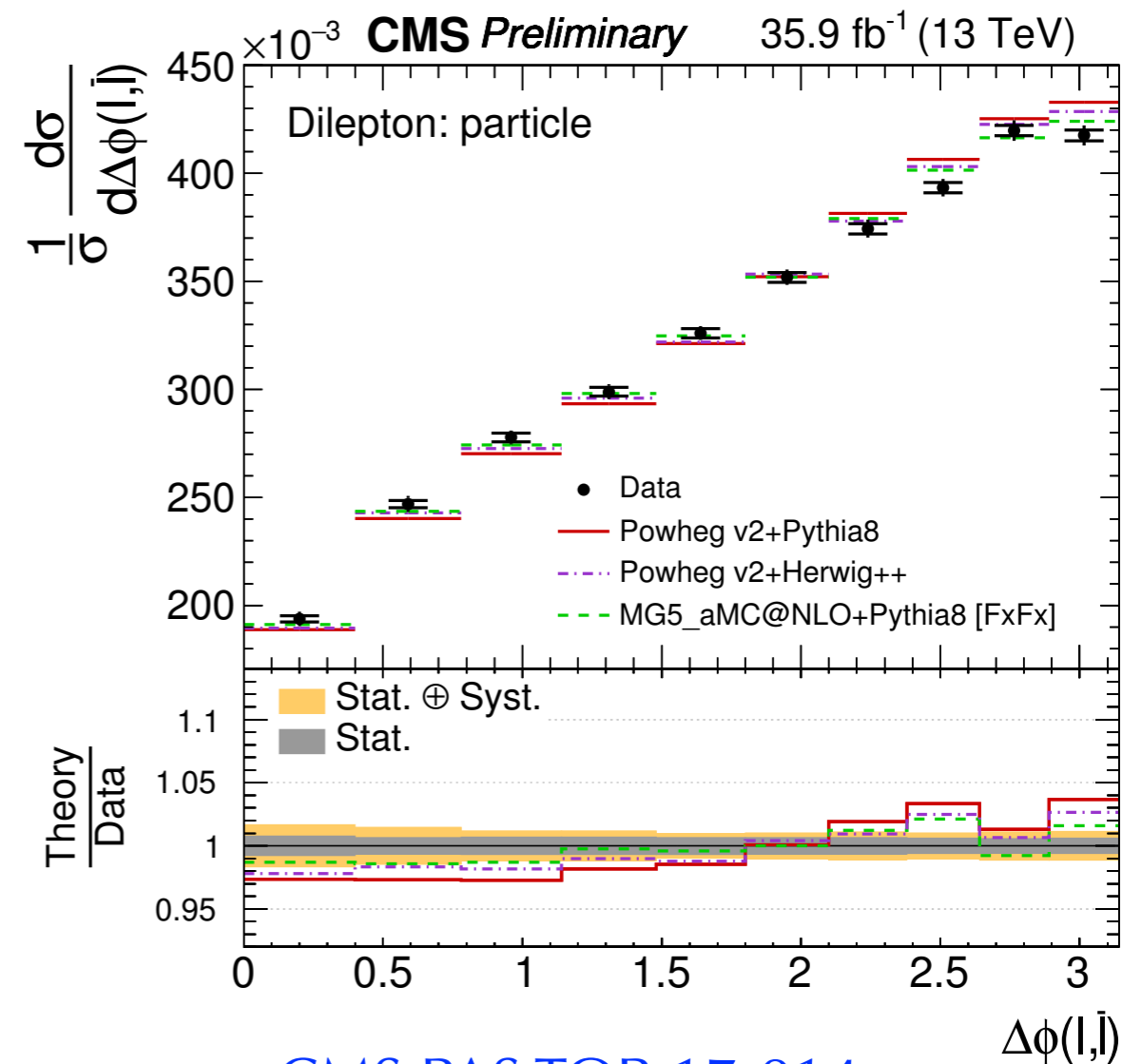
Threshold effect?



Deviation?



ATLAS-CONF-2018-027



CMS PAS TOP-17-014

In this talk, I'm going to introduce the state-of-the-art QCD prediction for top quark pair production...

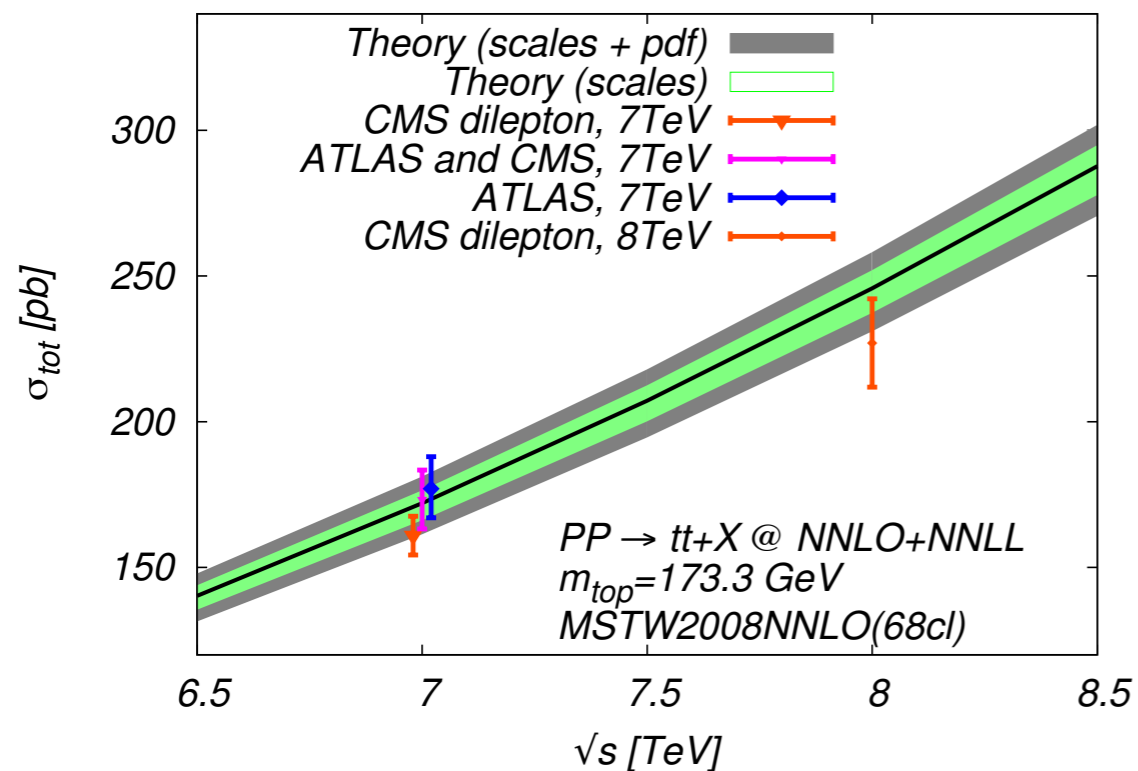
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...and some ongoing developments

NNLO QCD for top pair

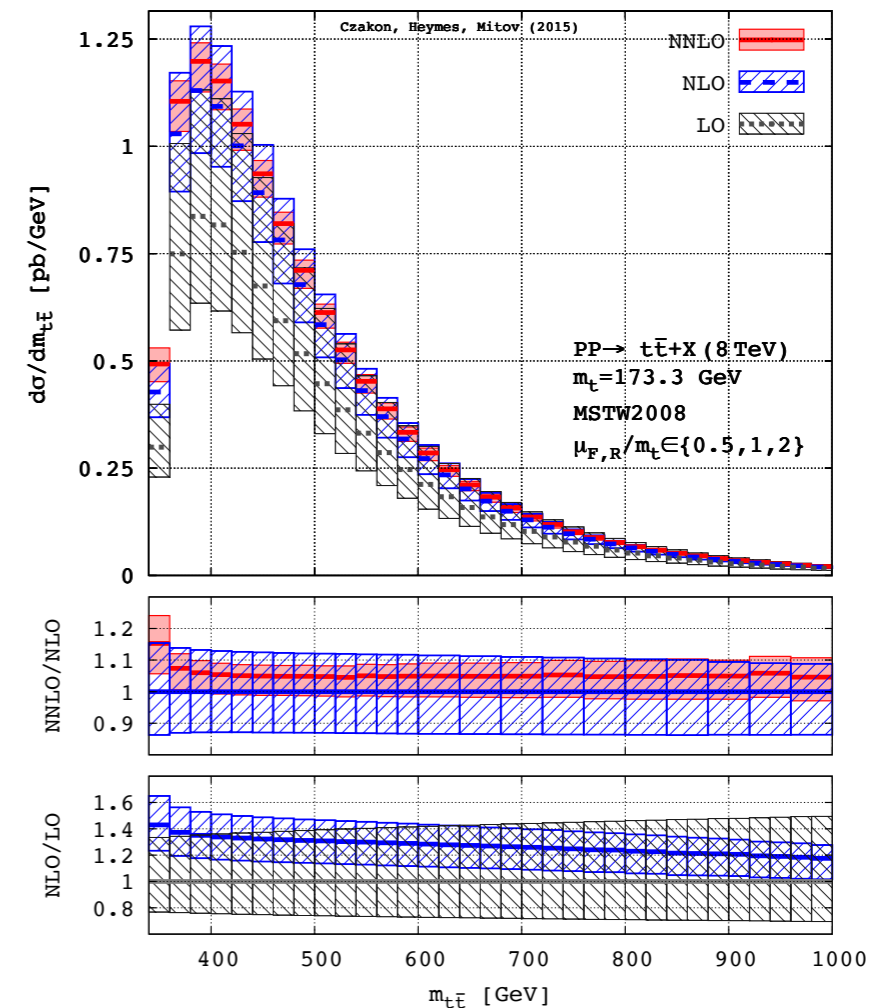
Total cross section

Baernreuther, Czakon, Mitov: 1204.5201;
Czakon, Fiedler, Mitov: 1303.6254



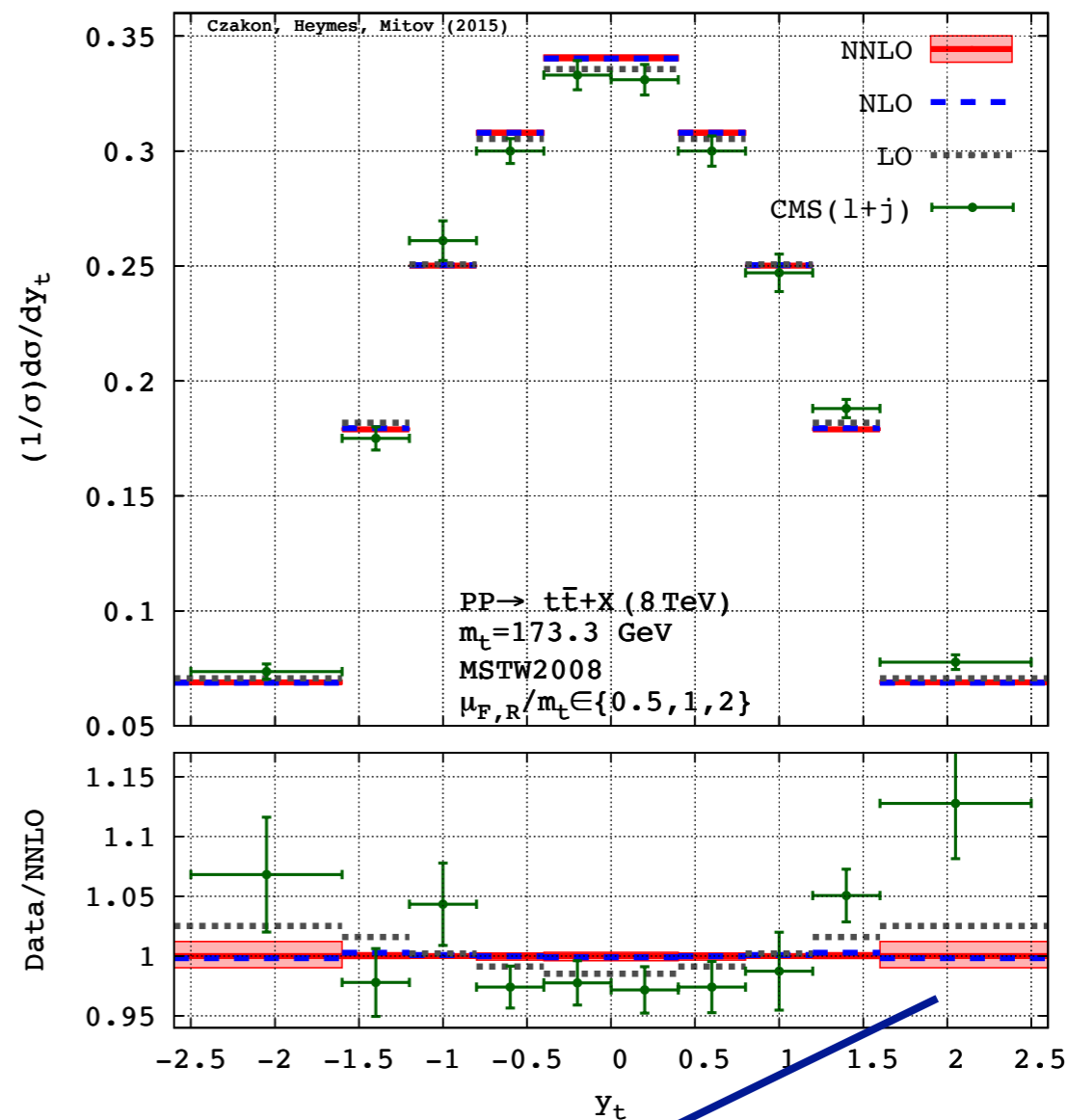
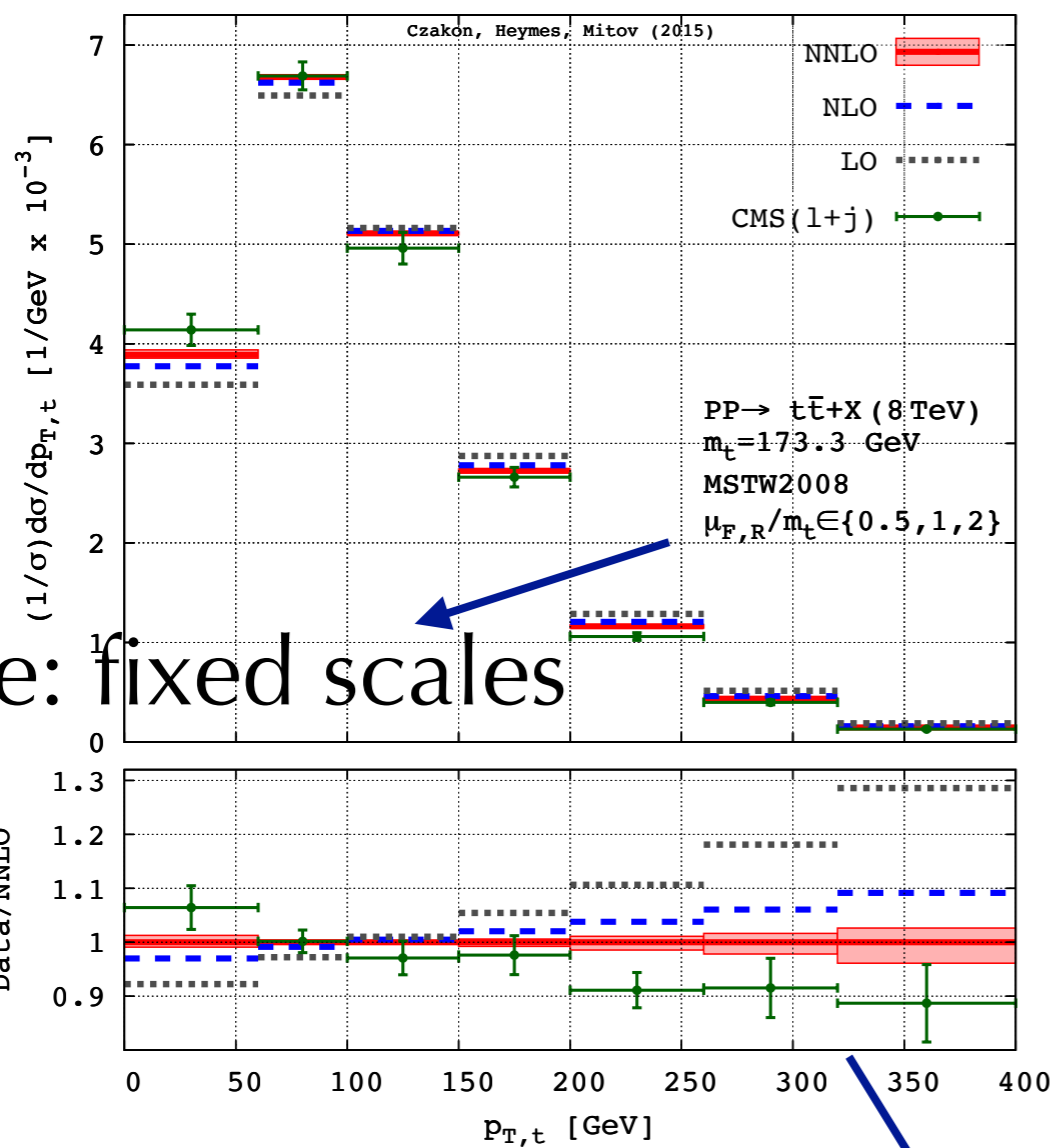
Differential distributions

Czakon, Heymes, Mitov: 1511.00549



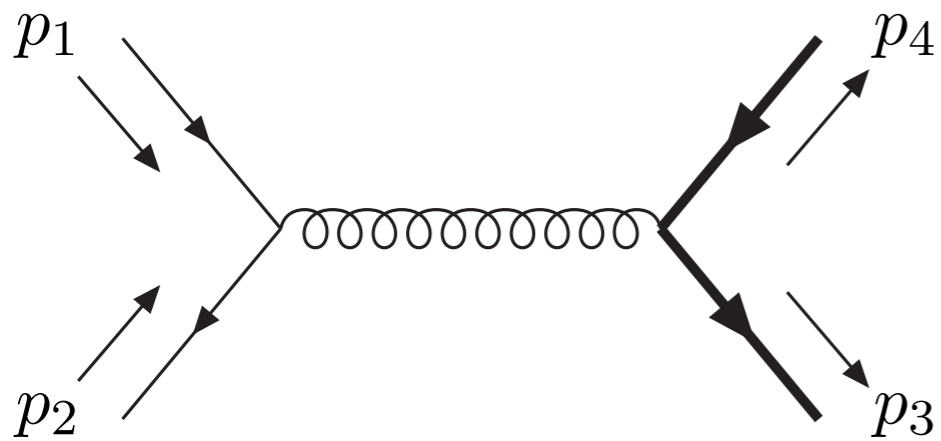
Differential distributions

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Kinematics

The difficulty for fixed-order calculations: multiple-scale process with complicated kinematics!



Many kinematic variables:

top quark mass

p_T of top

p_T of anti-top

rapidity of top

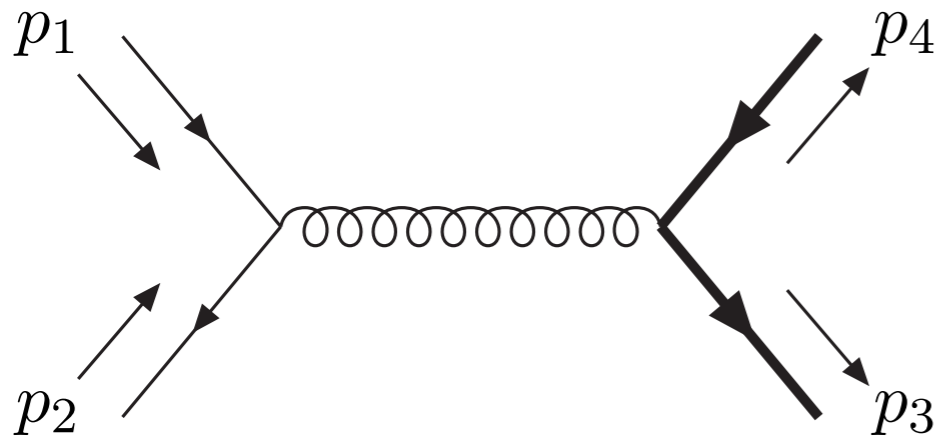
rapidity of anti-top

Invariant mass M_{tt}

...

Kinematics

The difficulty for fixed-order calculations: multiple-scale process with complicated kinematics!



Many kinematic variables:

top quark mass

p_T of top

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rapidity of top

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Invariant mass M_{tt}

...

Which (combination) should be used for the renormalization/factorization scales?

NNLO with dynamic scale

Czakon, Heymes, Mitov: 1606.03350

Determine optimal “scale scheme” by
minimizing higher order corrections

$$\mu_0 \sim m_t ,$$

$$\mu_0 \sim m_T = \sqrt{m_t^2 + p_T^2} ,$$

$$\mu_0 \sim H_T = \sqrt{m_t^2 + p_{T,t}^2} + \sqrt{m_t^2 + p_{T,\bar{t}}^2} ,$$

$$\mu_0 \sim H'_T = \sqrt{m_t^2 + p_{T,t}^2} + \sqrt{m_t^2 + p_{T,\bar{t}}^2} + \sum_i p_{T,i} ,$$

$$\mu_0 \sim E_T = \sqrt{\sqrt{m_t^2 + p_{T,t}^2} \sqrt{m_t^2 + p_{T,\bar{t}}^2}} ,$$

$$\mu_0 \sim H_{T,\text{int}} = \sqrt{(m_t/2)^2 + p_{T,t}^2} + \sqrt{(m_t/2)^2 + p_{T,\bar{t}}^2} ,$$

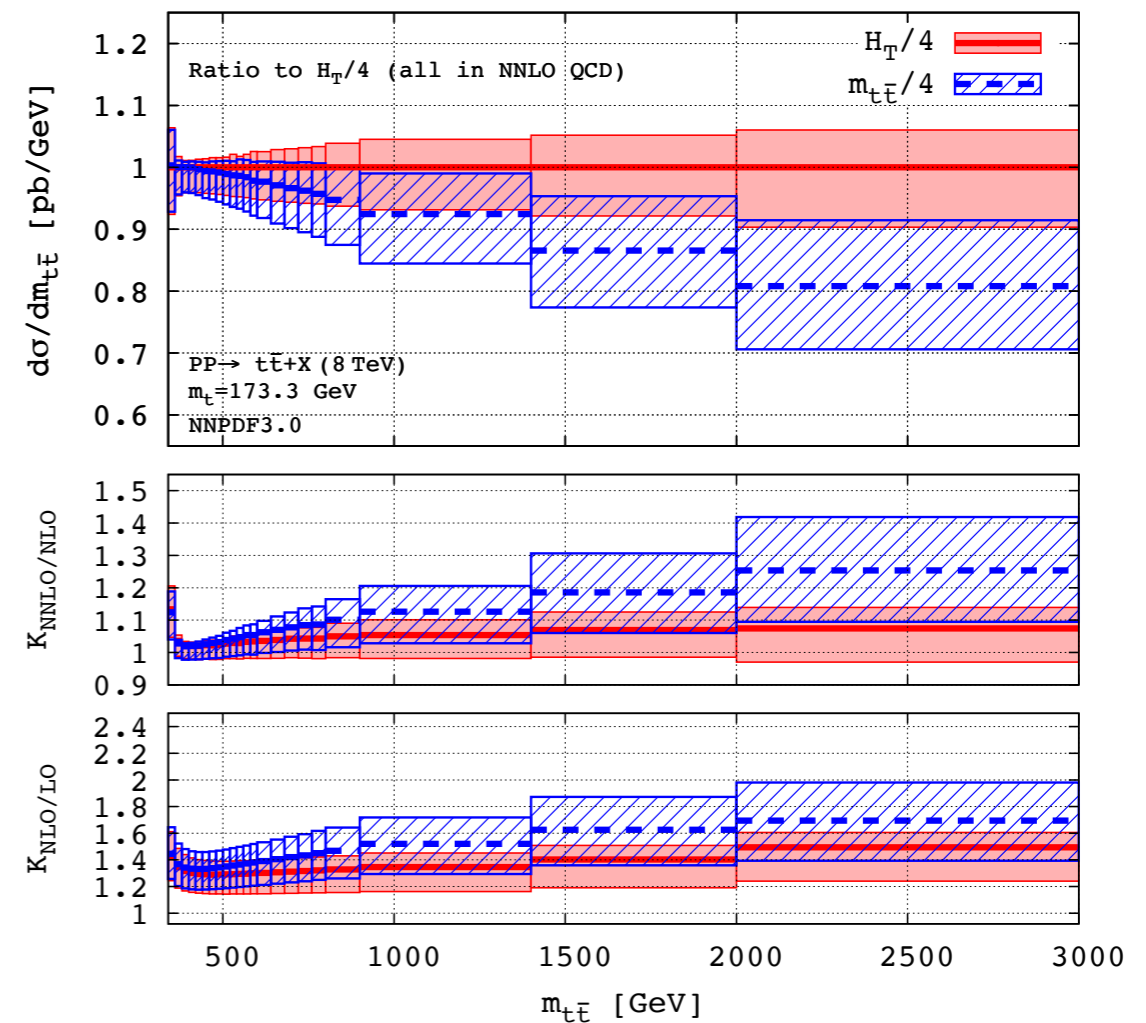
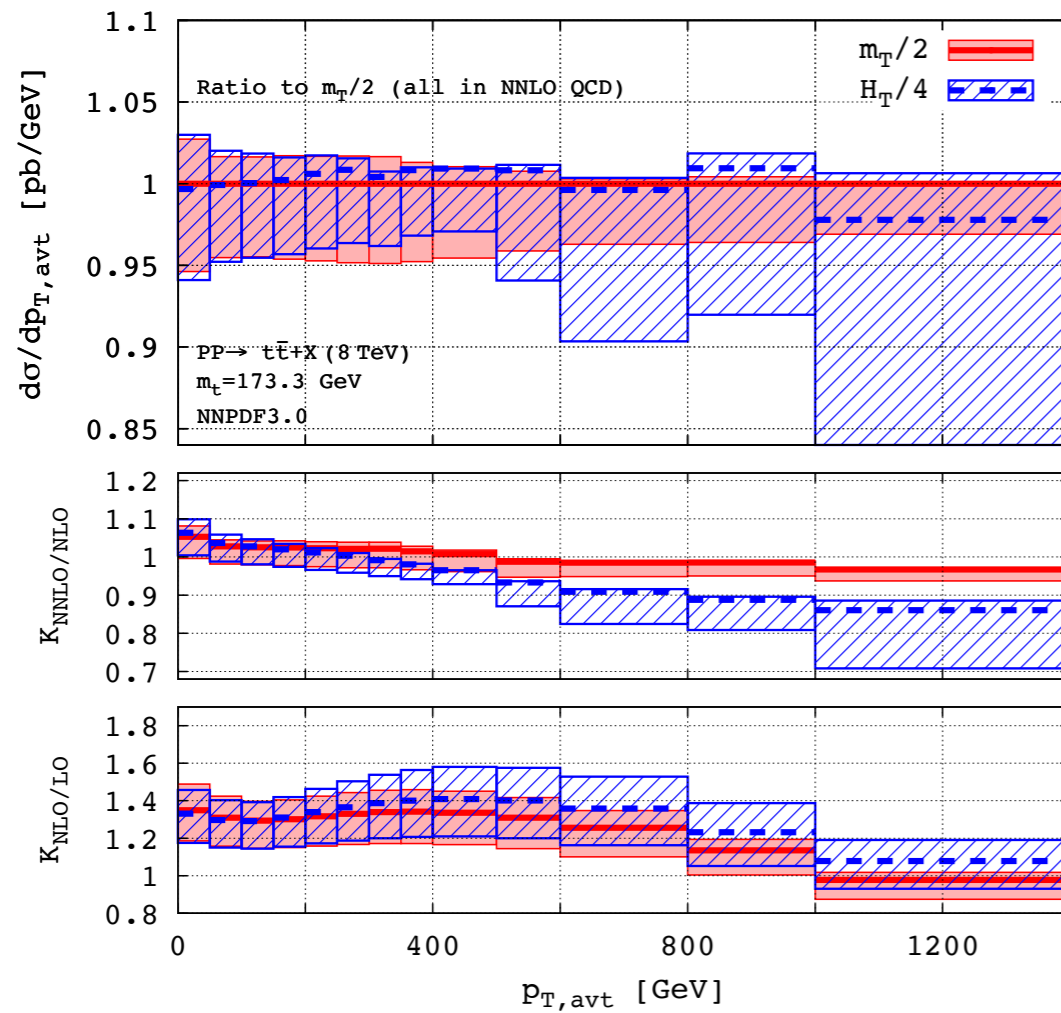
$$\mu_0 \sim m_{t\bar{t}} ,$$



$$\mu_0 = \begin{cases} \frac{m_T}{2} & \text{for : } p_{T,t}, p_{T,\bar{t}} \text{ and } p_{T,t/\bar{t}} , \\ \frac{H_T}{4} & \text{for : all other distributions .} \end{cases}$$

NNLO with dynamic scale

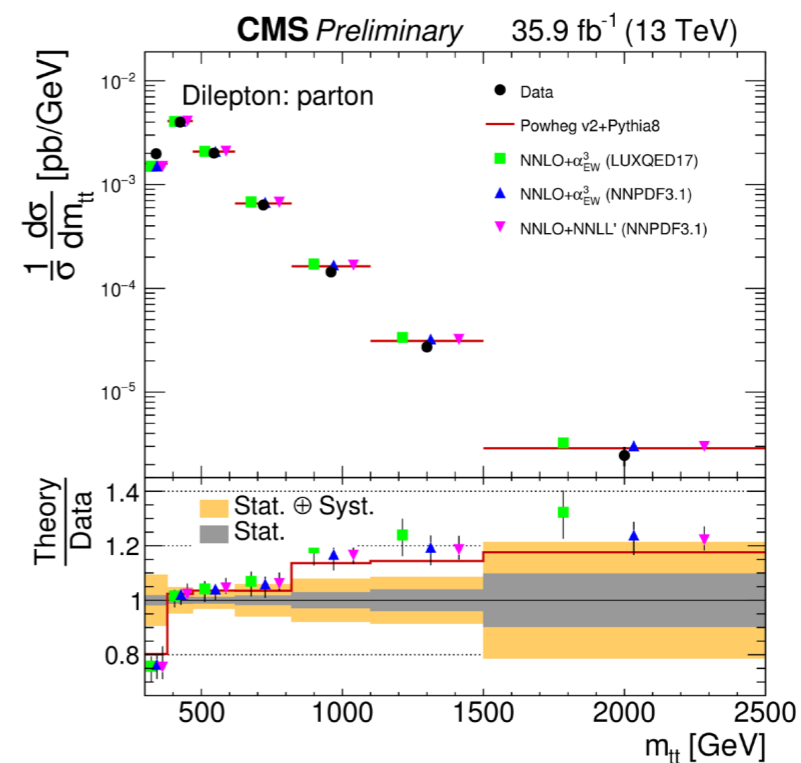
Czakon, Heymes, Mitov: 1606.03350



Vastly different behaviors with different scheme choices
(especially in the boosted region)

Our philosophy

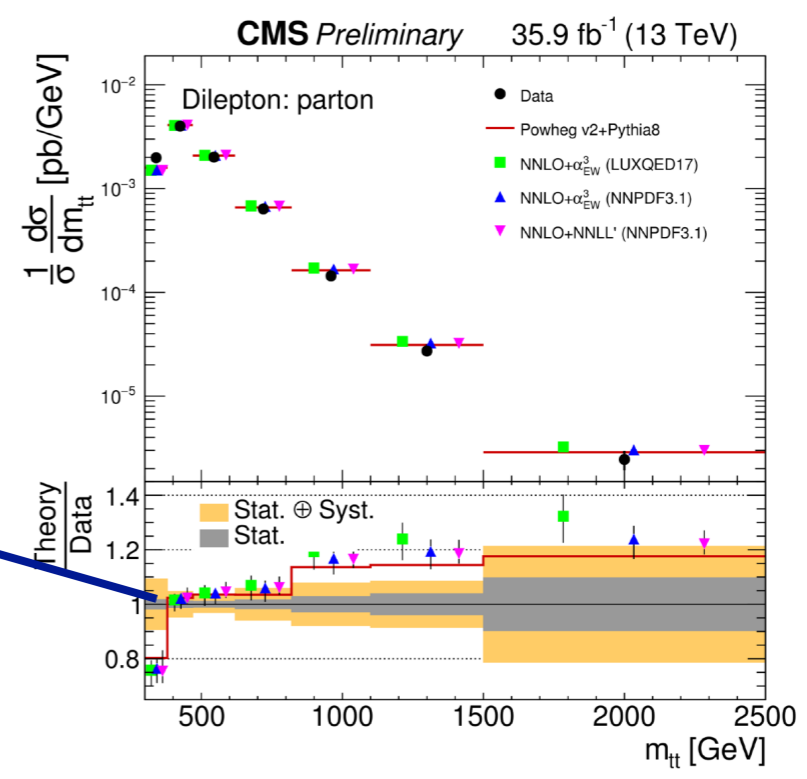
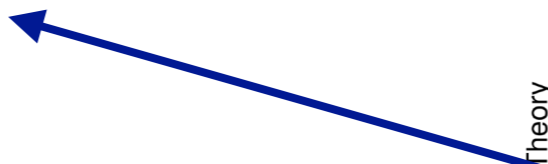
We should study different regions of phase space separately, and combine them to have a good description for all regions!



Our philosophy

We should study different regions of phase space separately, and combine them to have a good description for all regions!

Threshold region
 fixed-order+soft+Coulomb
 (ongoing)

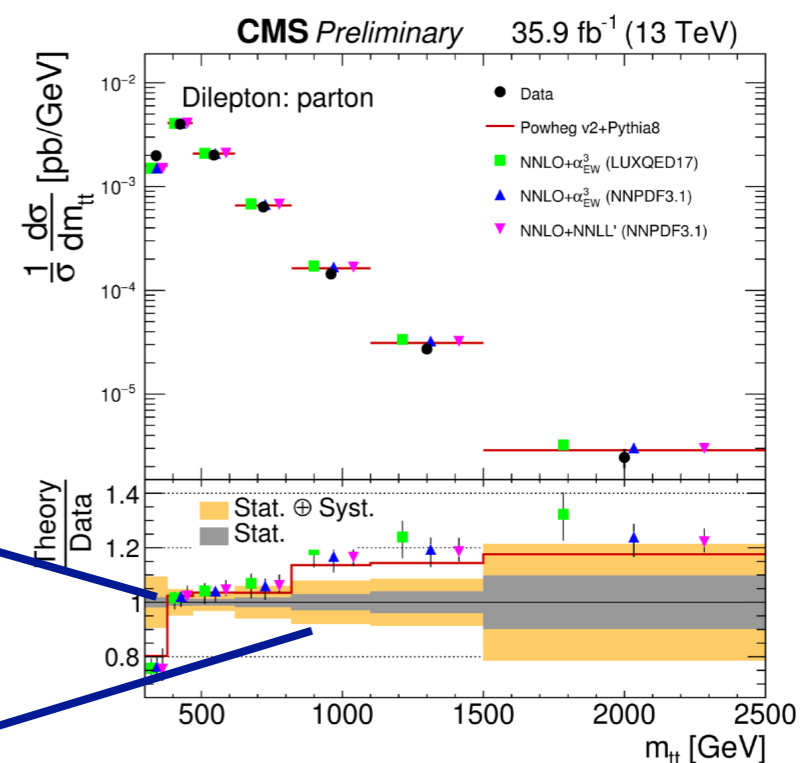


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Threshold region
fixed-order+soft+Coulomb
(ongoing)

Intermediate region
fixed-order+soft



Ahrens, Ferroglia, Neubert,
Pecjak, **LLY**: 1003.5827

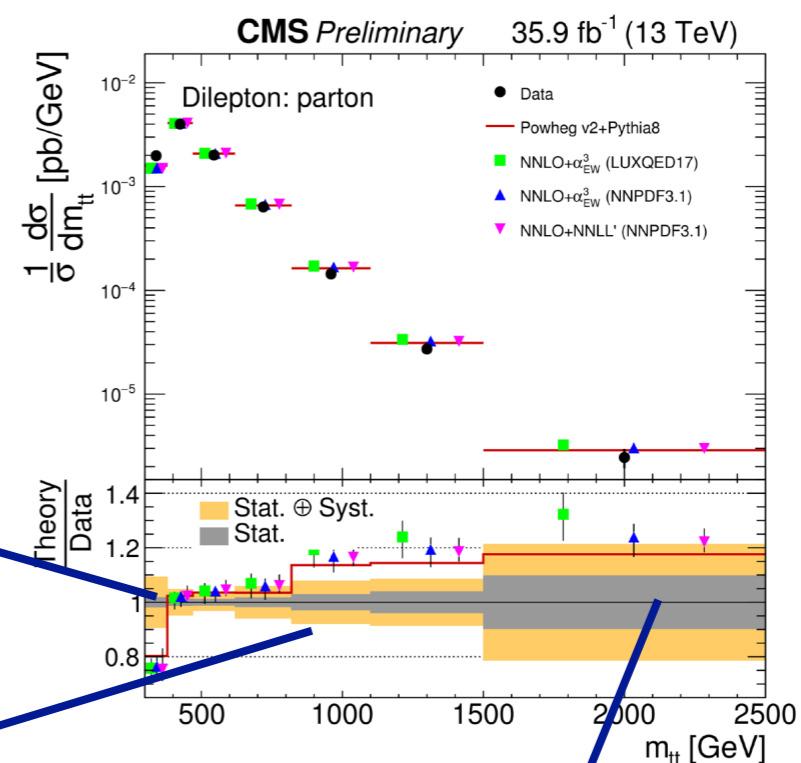
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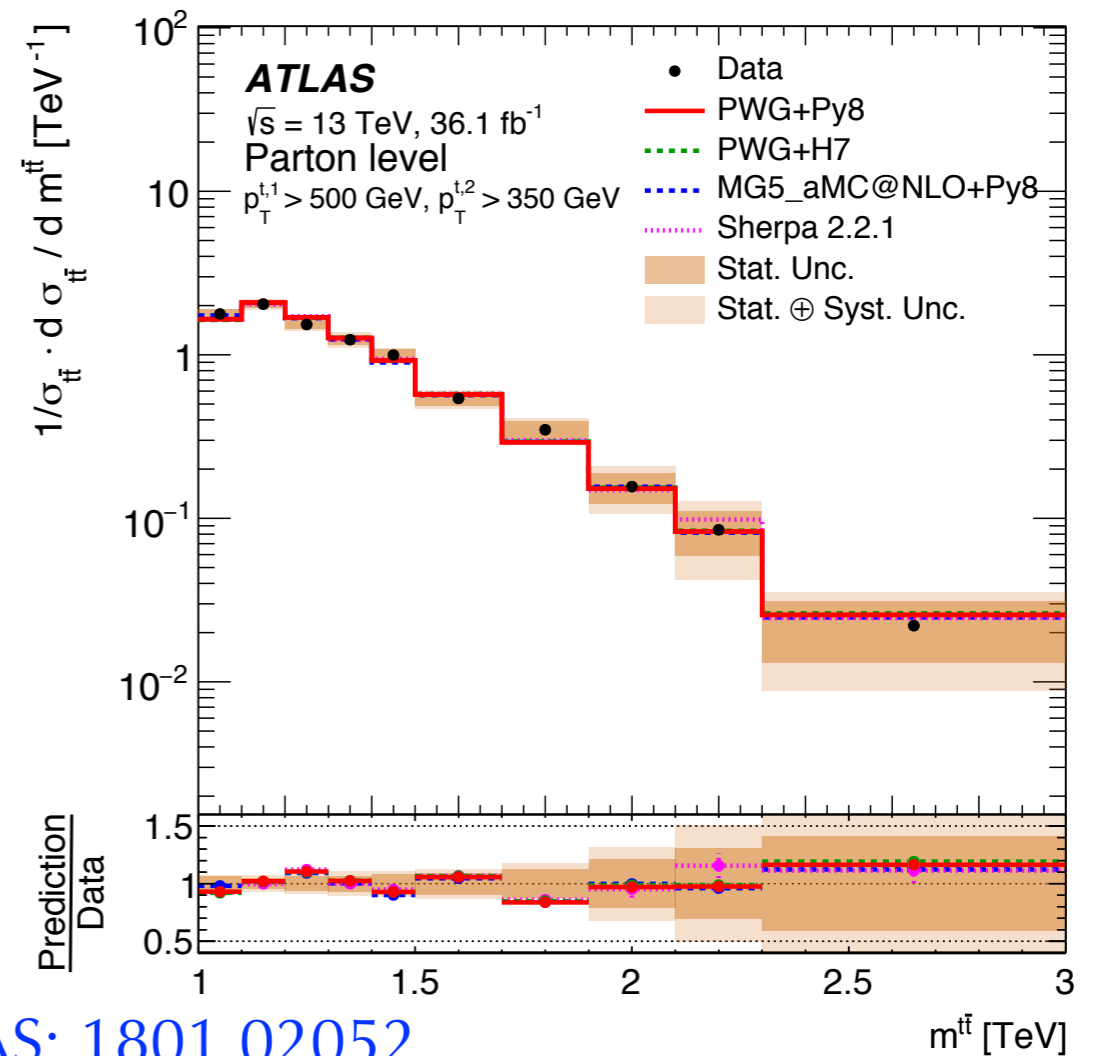
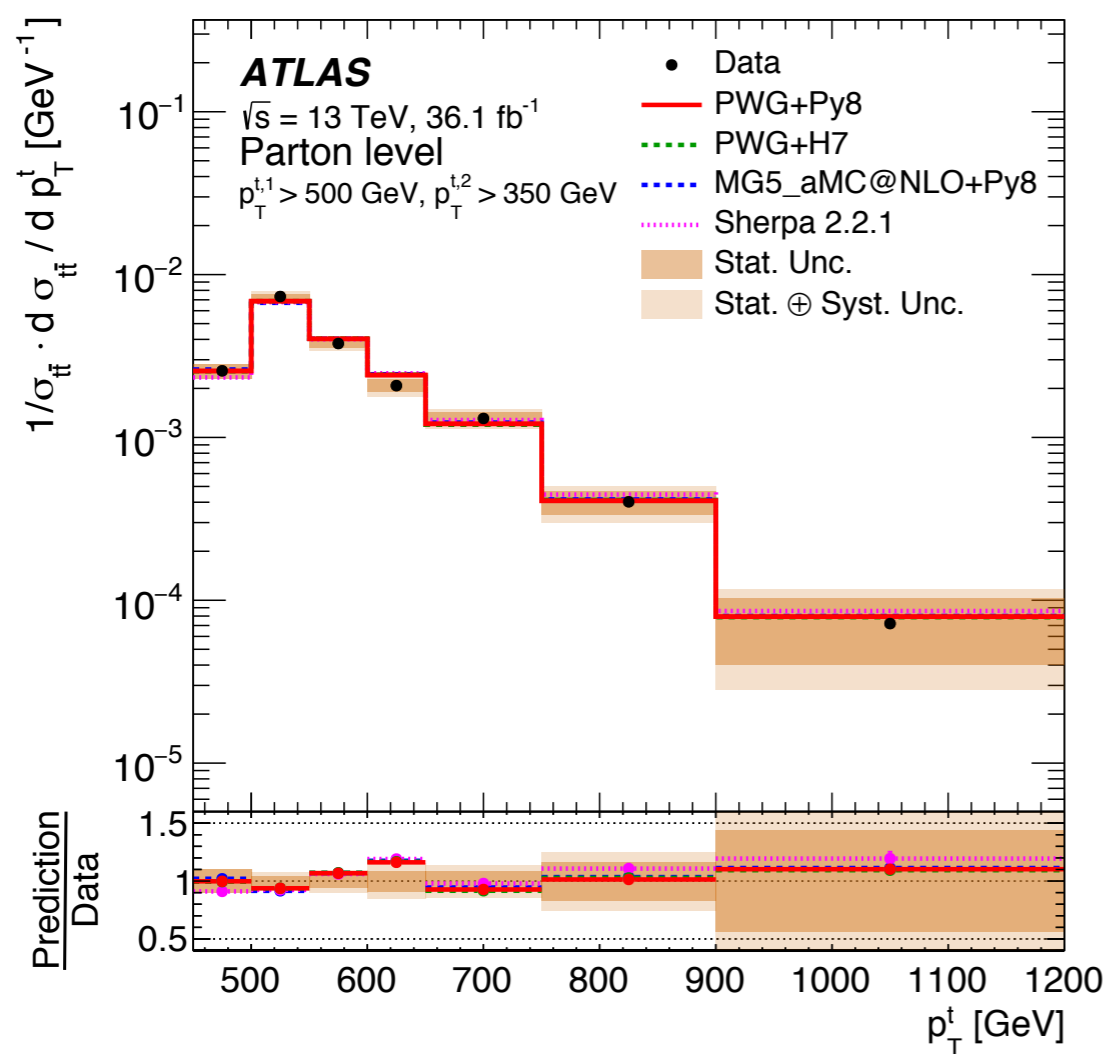
Boosted region

fixed-order+soft+quasi-collinear

Pecjak, Scott, Wang, **LLY: 1601.07020**
Czakon, Ferroglia, Heymes, Mitov, Pecjak,
Scott, Wang, **LLY: 1803.07623**

Boosted top quarks

Sensitive to new physics, interesting in its own right!



ATLAS: 1801.02052

Actively being probed by LHC experiments

Producing boosted tops

Hard extra emissions
suppressed



soft gluons



$$\ln \frac{\hat{s} - M_{t\bar{t}}^2}{M_{t\bar{t}}^2}$$

Producing boosted tops

Hard extra emissions
suppressed



soft gluons



$$\ln \frac{\hat{s} - M_{t\bar{t}}^2}{M_{t\bar{t}}^2}$$

Top quark nearly massless



quasi-collinear gluons



$$\ln \frac{m_t^2}{M_{t\bar{t}}^2}$$

Producing boosted tops

Hard extra emissions
suppressed



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$$\ln \frac{\hat{s} - M_{t\bar{t}}^2}{M_{t\bar{t}}^2}$$

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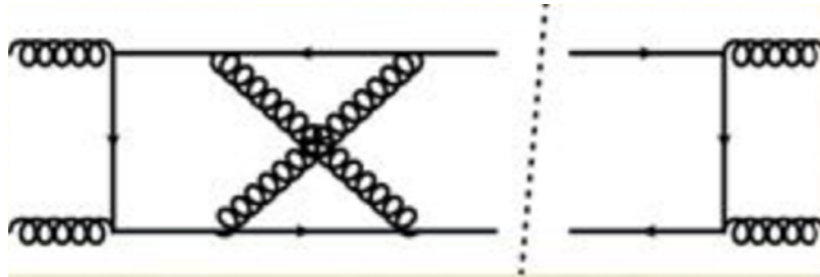
$$\ln \frac{m_t^2}{M_{t\bar{t}}^2}$$

Need to resum both!

Ferrogia, Pecjak, [LLY: 1205.3662](#)

Soft gluon resummation

Hard function



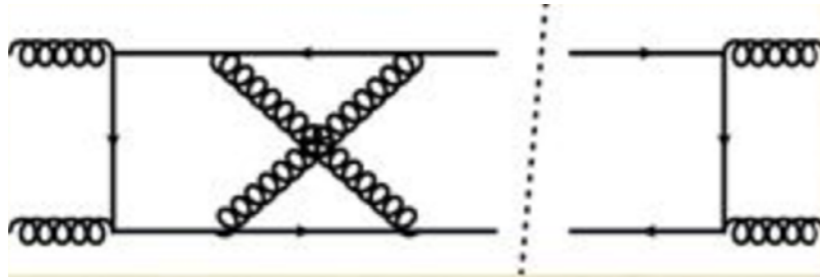
Kidonakis, Sterman: [hep-ph/9705234](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/9705234)

Ahrens, Ferroglia, Neubert,
Pecjak, **LLY**: 1003.5827

Evolving from the scale of
hard scatterings

Soft gluon resummation

Hard function



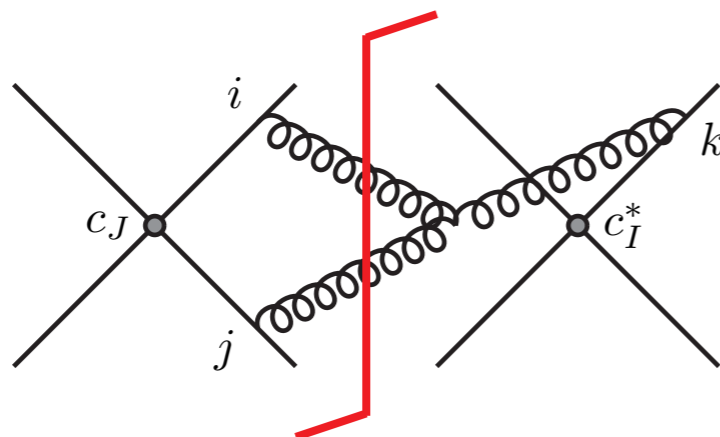
Kidonakis, Sterman: hep-ph/9705234

Ahrens, Ferroglia, Neubert,
Pecjak, **LLY**: 1003.5827

Evolving from the scale of
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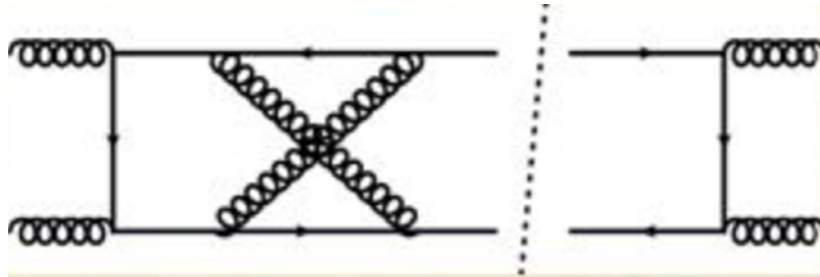
to the scale of soft interactions



Soft function

Soft gluon resummation

Hard function



Kidonakis, Sterman: hep-ph/9705234

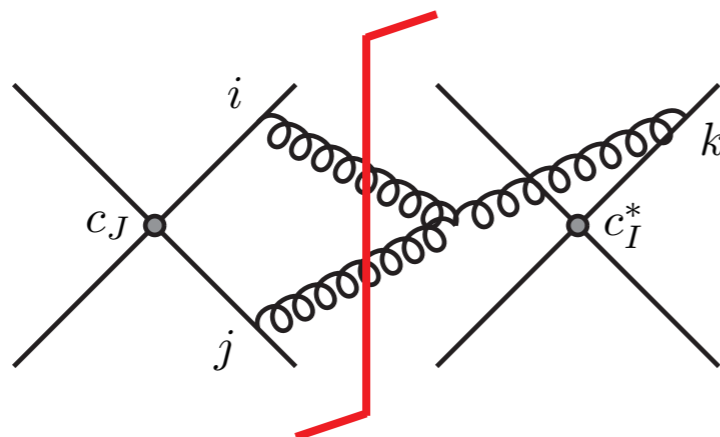
Ahrens, Ferroglia, Neubert,
Pecjak, **LLY**: 1003.5827

Governed by
IR structure



Evolving from the scale of
hard scatterings

to the scale of soft interactions



Soft function

IR anomalous dimension

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Gamma = & \sum_{(i,j)} \frac{\mathbf{T}_i \cdot \mathbf{T}_j}{2} \gamma_{\text{cusp}}(\alpha_s) \ln \frac{\mu^2}{-s_{ij}} + \sum_i \gamma^i(\alpha_s) \\
 & - \sum_{(I,J)} \frac{\mathbf{T}_I \cdot \mathbf{T}_J}{2} \gamma_{\text{cusp}}(\beta_{IJ}, \alpha_s) + \sum_I \gamma^I(\alpha_s) \\
 & + \sum_{I,j} \mathbf{T}_I \cdot \mathbf{T}_j \gamma_{\text{cusp}}(\alpha_s) \ln \frac{m_I \mu}{-s_{Ij}} \quad (2) \\
 & + \sum_{(I,J,K)} i f^{abc} \mathbf{T}_I^a \mathbf{T}_J^b \mathbf{T}_K^c F_1(\beta_{IJ}, \beta_{JK}, \beta_{KI}) \\
 & + \sum_{(I,J)} \sum_k i f^{abc} \mathbf{T}_I^a \mathbf{T}_J^b \mathbf{T}_k^c f_2\left(\beta_{IJ}, \ln \frac{-\sigma_{Jk} v_J \cdot p_k}{-\sigma_{Ik} v_I \cdot p_k}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Becher, Neubert: 0904.1021

Ferrogia, Neubert, Pecjak, **LLY**:
0907.4791; 0908.3676

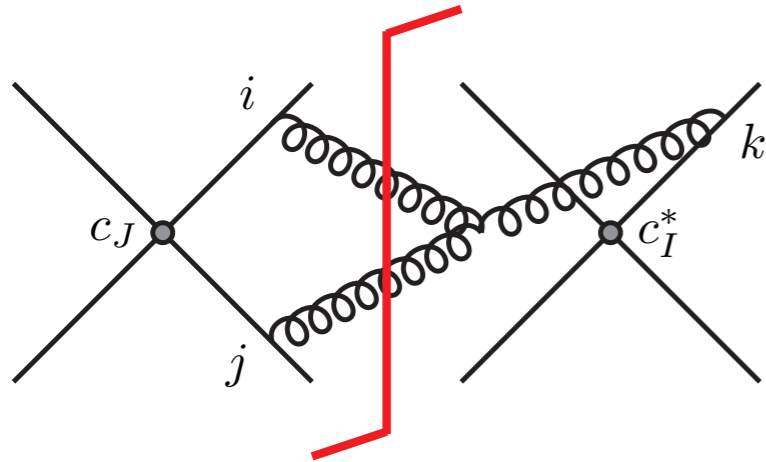
$$F_1(\beta_{12}, \beta_{23}, \beta_{31}) = \frac{\alpha_s^2}{12\pi^2} \sum_{i,j,k} \epsilon_{ijk} g(\beta_{ij}) r(\beta_{ki})$$

$$r(\beta) = \beta \coth \beta,$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 g(\beta) = & \coth \beta \left[\beta^2 + 2\beta \ln(1 - e^{-2\beta}) - \text{Li}_2(e^{-2\beta}) + \frac{\pi^2}{6} \right] \\
 & - \beta^2 - \frac{\pi^2}{6}. \quad (5)
 \end{aligned}$$

3-parton correlations

The soft function

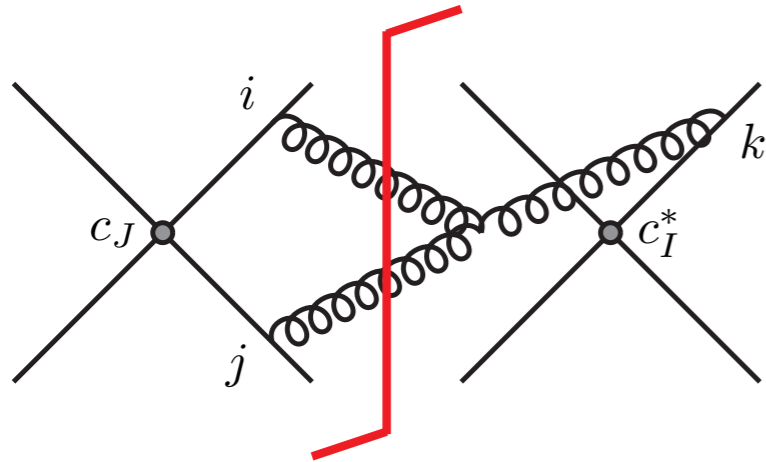


Known at NLO [Ahrens, Ferroglia, Neubert, Pecjak, LLY: 1003.5827](#)

Known at NNLO in the massless limit
(except an off-diagonal 3-parton piece)

[Ferroglia, Pecjak, LLY: 1207.4798](#)

The soft function



Known at NLO [Ahrens, Ferroglia, Neubert, Pecjak, LLY: 1003.5827](#)

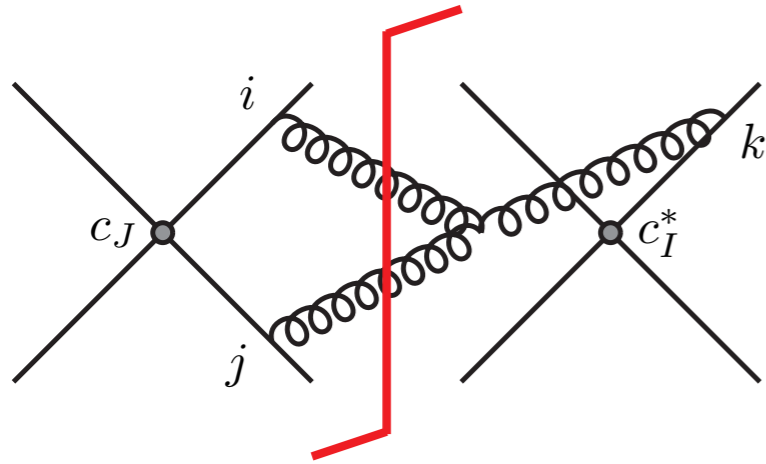
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Recent calculation at NNLO with massive tops

[Wang, Xu, LLY, Zhu: 1804.05218](#)

The soft function



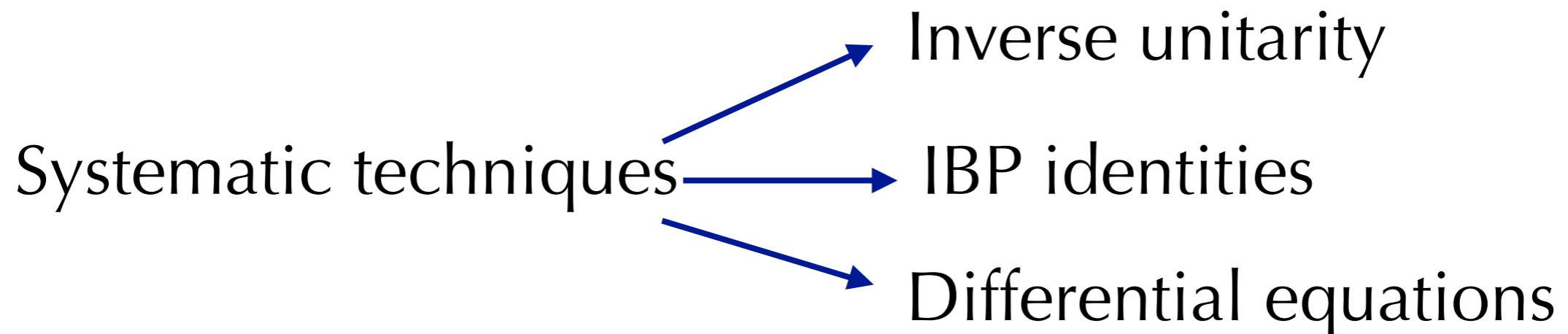
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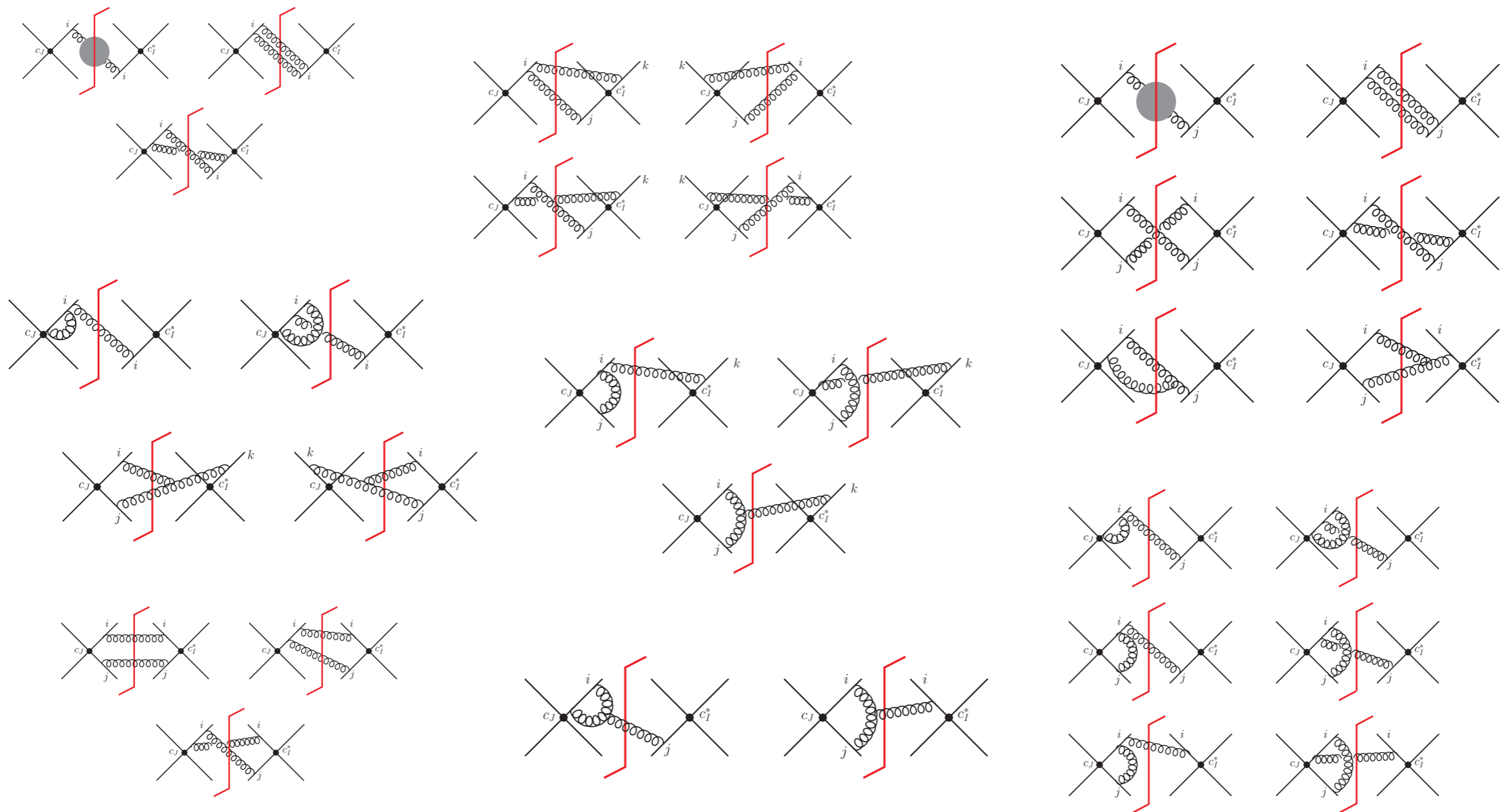
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[Wang, Xu, LLY, Zhu: 1804.05218](#)



NNLO diagrams

Wang, Xu, LLY, Zhu: 1804.05218



Solving integrals

Wang, Xu, LLY, Zhu: 1804.05218

~60 master integrals

Differential equations

$$\partial_{\beta} \vec{f}(\epsilon, \beta, \cos \theta) = \epsilon \left(\frac{A}{\beta - 1} + \frac{B}{\beta} + \frac{C}{\beta + 1} + \frac{D}{\beta - 1/\cos \theta} + \frac{E}{\beta + 1/\cos \theta} \right) \vec{f}(\epsilon, \beta, \cos \theta)$$

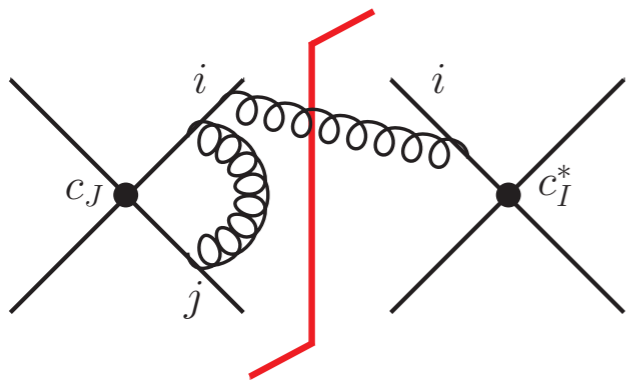
matrices

Solution in terms of generalized polylogarithms

Difficult part: boundary conditions

The boundary conditions

We choose the boundary to be $\beta \equiv \sqrt{1 - \frac{4m_t^2}{M_{t\bar{t}}}} \rightarrow 0$



Some virtual-real integrals develop Coulomb/Glauber-type singularities in this limit

Carefully extract the asymptotic behavior, e.g.

$$g_6^{(4)}(\epsilon, \beta \rightarrow 0, y) \approx \frac{(e^{-2i\pi\epsilon} - 1) \beta^{2\epsilon} \Gamma(1 - 2\epsilon) \Gamma(1 + \epsilon)}{4^{1-2\epsilon} \Gamma(1 - \epsilon)}$$

A piece of final result

Wang, Xu, LLY, Zhu: 1804.05218

$$\begin{aligned}
 \tilde{s}_{22}^{q\bar{q},(2)}(0, \beta, y) \Big|_{TFN_i} &= \frac{16(7\beta^2 - 126\beta + 127)}{243\beta} G_1 + \frac{8(5\beta^2 + 90\beta + 53)}{81\beta} (G_{-1,-1} - G_{-1,1} - 2G_{0,-1}) \\
 &- \frac{16(7\beta^2 + 126\beta + 127)}{243\beta} G_{-1} + \frac{8(5\beta^2 - 90\beta + 53)}{81\beta} (G_{1,-1} - G_{1,1} + 2G_{0,1}) \\
 &+ \frac{8(\beta^2 + 18\beta + 1)}{27\beta} (-G_{-1,-1,-1} + G_{-1,-1,1} + 2G_{-1,0,-1} - 2G_{-1,0,1} - G_{-1,1,-1} + G_{-1,1,1} \\
 &+ 2G_{0,-1,-1} - 2G_{0,-1,1} - 4G_{0,0,-1}) + \frac{8(\beta^2 - 18\beta + 1)}{27\beta} (4G_{0,0,1} + 2G_{0,1,-1} - 2G_{0,1,1} \\
 &- G_{1,-1,-1} + G_{1,-1,1} + 2G_{1,0,-1} - 2G_{1,0,1} - G_{1,1,-1} + G_{1,1,1}) \\
 &+ \frac{32}{243} \left[28G_{-1/y} + 98G_{1/y} + 30(2G_{0,-1/y} + G_{-1/y,-1} + G_{-1/y,1} - 2G_{-1/y,-1/y}) \right. \\
 &+ 105(2G_{0,1/y} + G_{1/y,-1} + G_{1/y,1} - 2G_{1/y,1/y}) + 18(4G_{0,0,-1/y} + 2G_{0,-1/y,-1} + 2G_{0,-1/y,1} \\
 &- 4G_{0,-1/y,-1/y} - G_{-1/y,-1,-1} + G_{-1/y,-1,1} + 2G_{-1/y,0,-1} + 2G_{-1/y,0,1} - 4G_{-1/y,0,-1/y} \\
 &+ G_{-1/y,1,-1} - G_{-1/y,1,1} - 2G_{-1/y,-1/y,-1} - 2G_{-1/y,-1/y,1} + 4G_{-1/y,-1/y,-1/y}) \\
 &+ 63(4G_{0,0,1/y} + 2G_{0,1/y,-1} + 2G_{0,1/y,1} - 4G_{0,1/y,1/y} - G_{1/y,-1,-1} + G_{1/y,-1,1} + 2G_{1/y,0,-1} \\
 &+ 2G_{1/y,0,1} - 4G_{1/y,0,1/y} + G_{1/y,1,-1} - G_{1/y,1,1} - 2G_{1/y,1/y,-1} - 2G_{1/y,1/y,1} + 4G_{1/y,1/y,1/y}) \\
 &\left. - \frac{332}{3} - \frac{5\pi^2}{2} + 6\zeta_3 \right], \tag{84}
 \end{aligned}$$

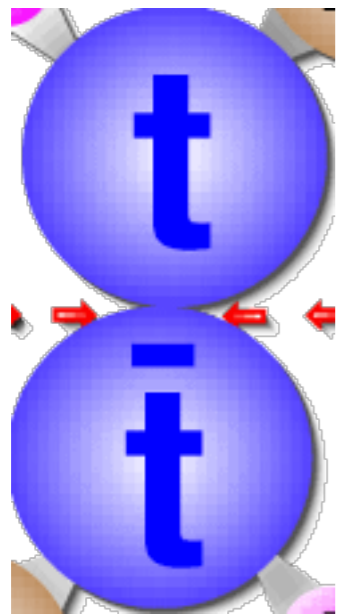
It is remarkable that all the results can be written **analytically** in terms of multiple polylogarithms



Allows fast numerics!

Threshold limit

It is interesting to check the threshold limit where the top quarks are produced at rest



Color singlet: same as Drell-Yan and Higgs production

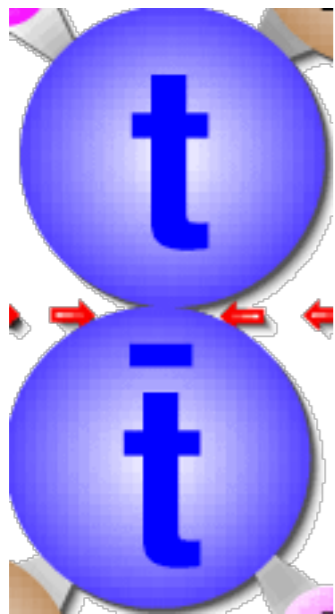
Belitsky: [hep-ph/9808389](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/9808389)

Color octet Czakon, Fiedler: 1311.2541

Note: singlet-octet mixing terms do NOT vanish in the threshold limit!

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Implications for near-threshold production?

Boosted limit

In the limit where the top quarks are highly boosted



Factorization [Ferroglia, Pecjak, LLY: 1205.3662](#)

$$\mathcal{S}_{\text{massive}}(s, t, m_t, N) \rightarrow \mathcal{S}_{\text{massless}}(s, t, N) S_D^2(m_t/N)$$

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Also obtain the missing
3-parton piece for free

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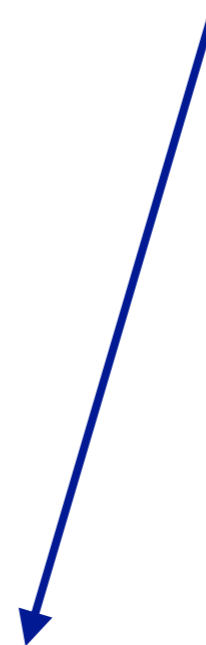
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Allows to extract the soft fragmentation function

Soft and small-mass factorization

Ferrogia, Pecjak, **LLY**: 1205.3662

In Mellin space: $Q \sim \sqrt{s}, \sqrt{-t} \gg Q/N \gg m_t \gg m_t/N$

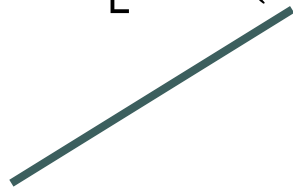
$$\hat{\sigma}(N, \mu_f) \sim \text{Tr}[\mathbf{H}(L_h, \mu_f) \mathbf{S}(L_s, \mu_f)] C_D^2(L_c, \mu_f) S_D^2(L_{sc}, \mu_f)$$

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$$\ln \frac{Q^2}{\mu_f^2}$$


hard log

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collinear log
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$$\ln \frac{m_t^2}{\bar{N}^2 \mu_f^2}$$

**soft-collinear log
(emergent)**

Soft and small-mass resummation

Massless hard function

$$H(L_h, \mu_h \sim Q)$$

Massless soft function

$$S(L_s, \mu_s \sim Q/\bar{N})$$

μ_f

RG flow

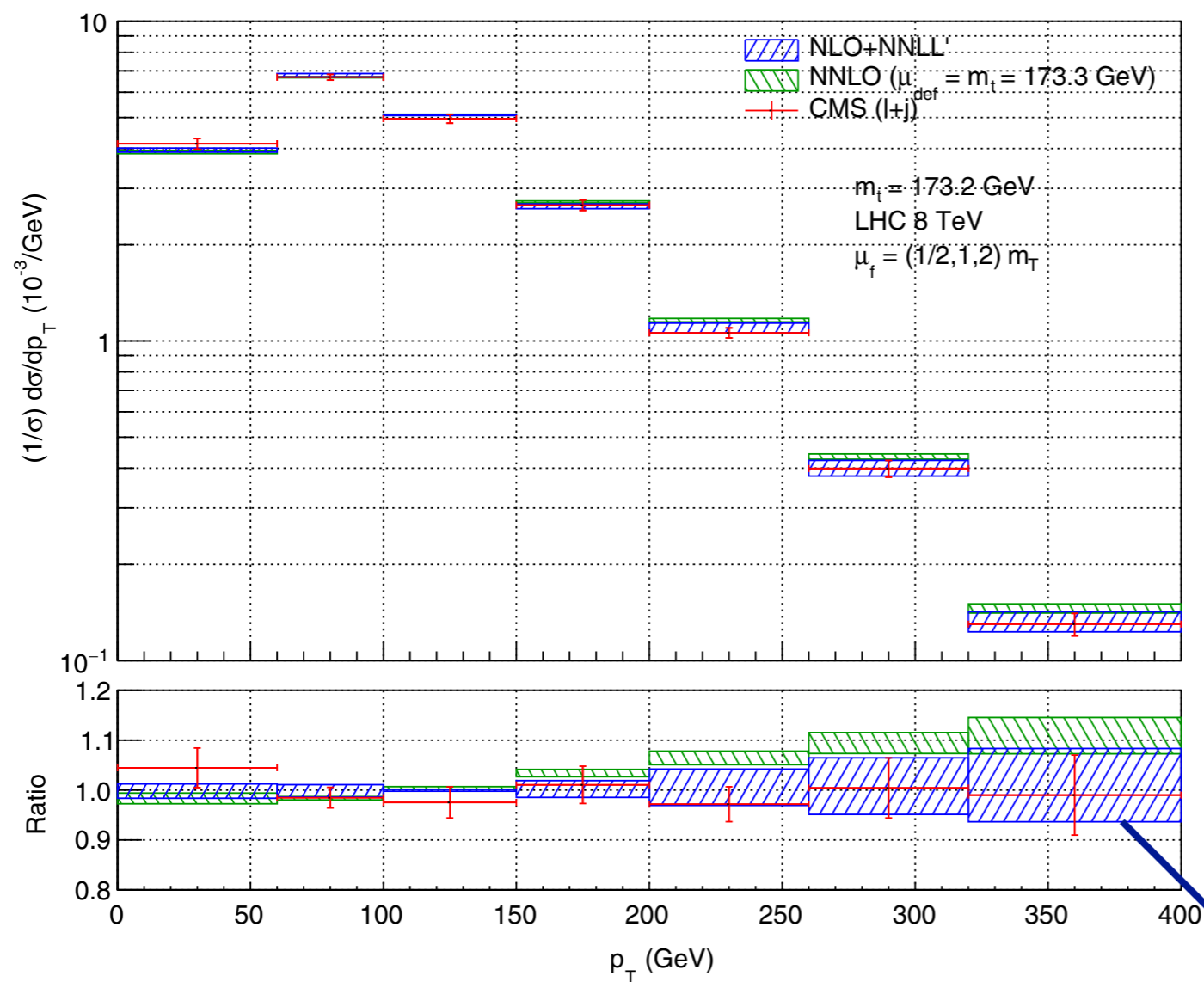
$$C_D(L_c, \mu_c \sim m_t)$$

$$S_D(L_{sc}, \mu_{sc} \sim m_t/\bar{N})$$

All ingredients known at NNLO (for NNLL' resummation)

NLO+NNLL'

Pecjak, Scott, Wang, **LLY**: 1601.07020



Resummation
softens the spectrum

NNLO+NNLL'

A joint effort of the NNLO group
and the resummation group

Czakon, Ferroglia, Heymes, Mitov, Pecjak,
Scott, Wang, **LLY**: 1803.07623

$$d\sigma^{(N)NLO+NNLL'} = d\sigma^{NNLL'_{b+m}} + \left(d\sigma^{(N)NLO} - d\sigma^{NNLL'_{b+m}} \Big|_{\substack{(N)NLO \\ \text{expansion}}} \right)$$

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soft & small mass
resummation

match to soft
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↓

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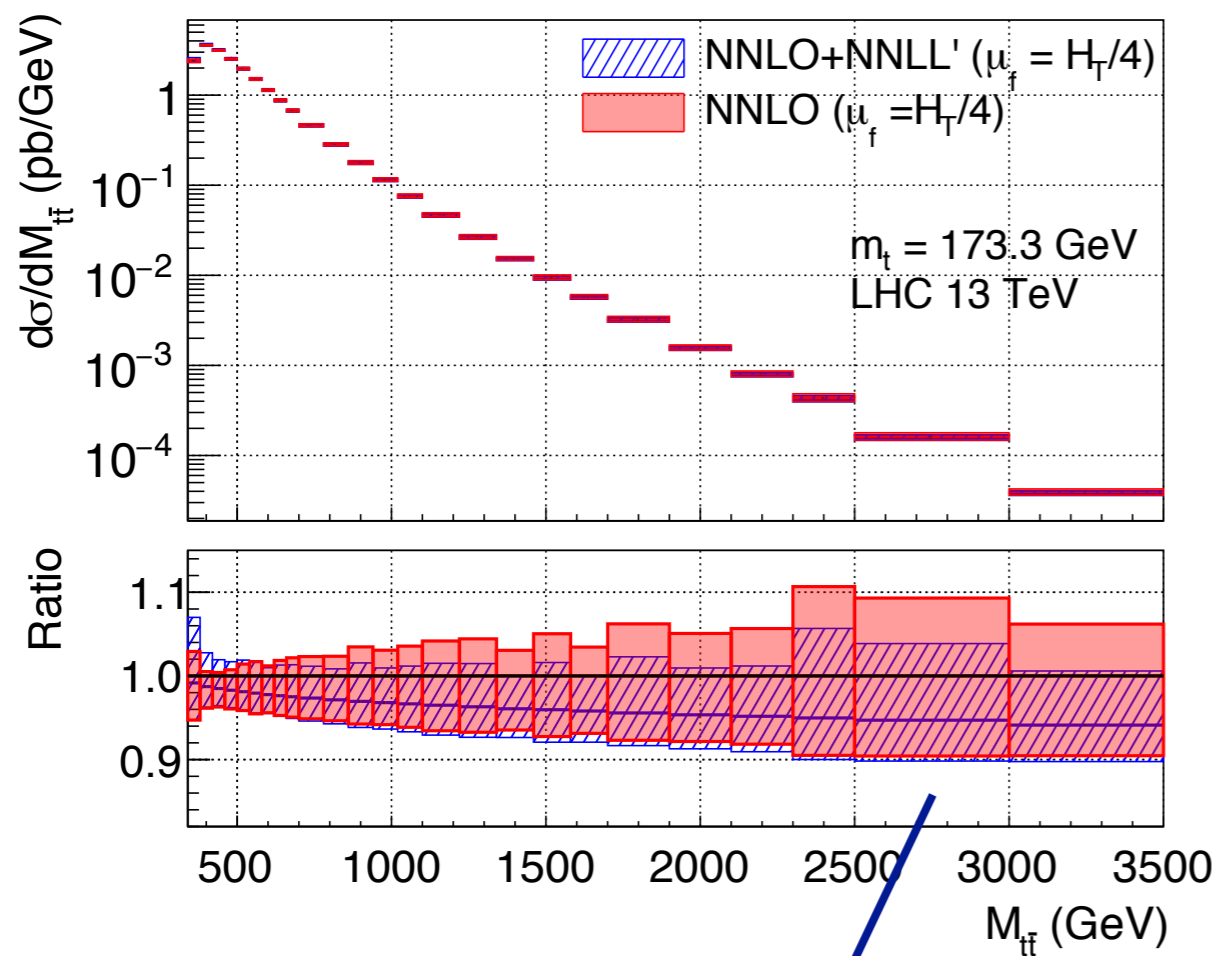
match to soft
resummation

**Careful to avoid
double-counting!**

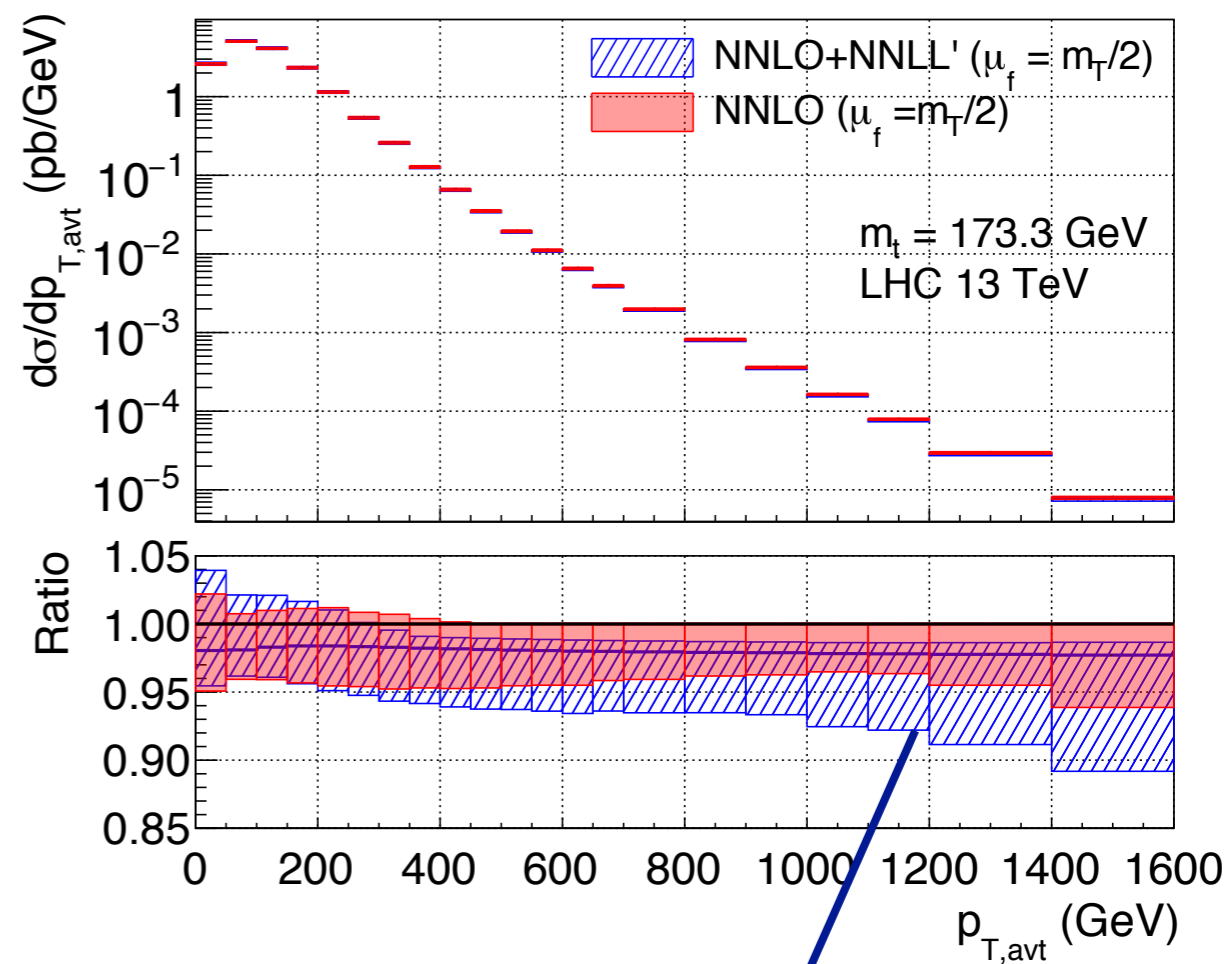
NNLO+NNLL'

State-of-the-art QCD prediction

Czakon, Ferroglia, Heymes, Mitov, Pecjak,
Scott, Wang, LLY: 1803.07623



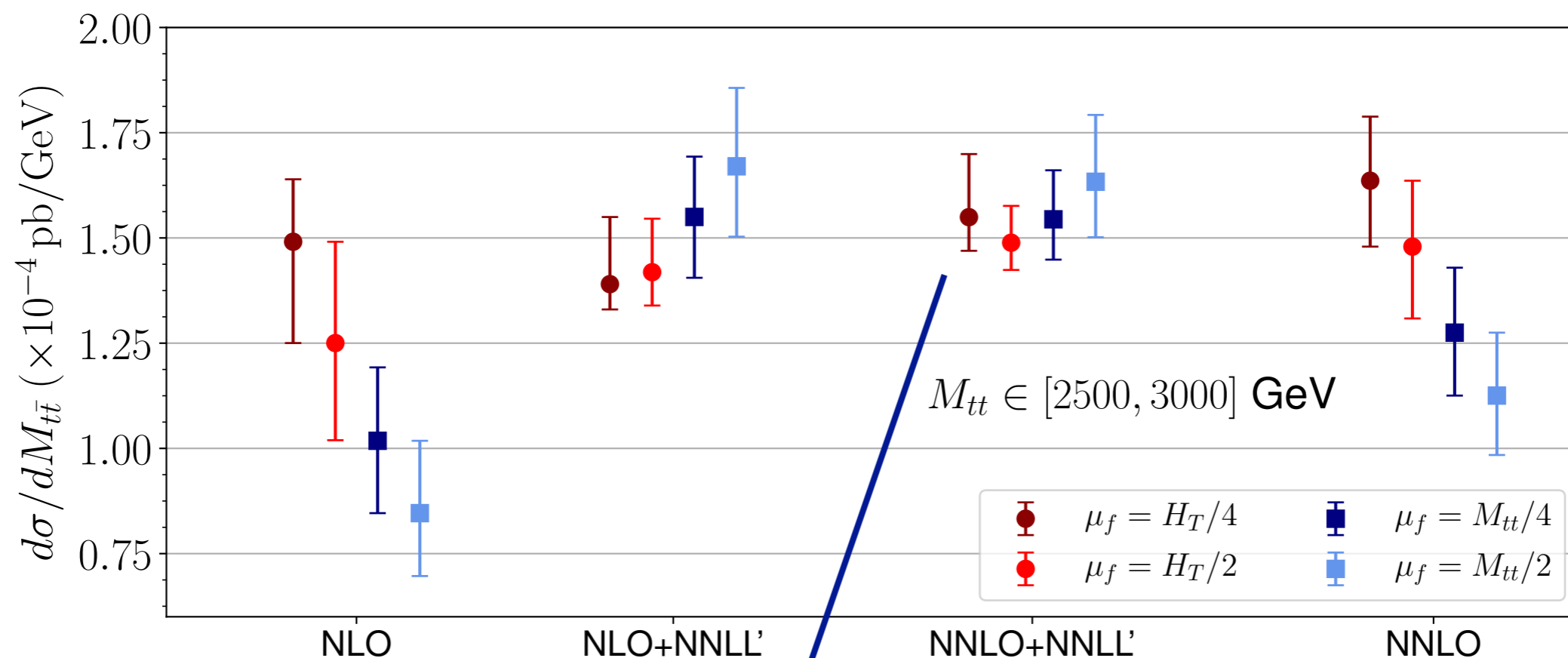
Resummation reduces
scale variation



Resummation
softens the spectrum

NNLO+NNLL'

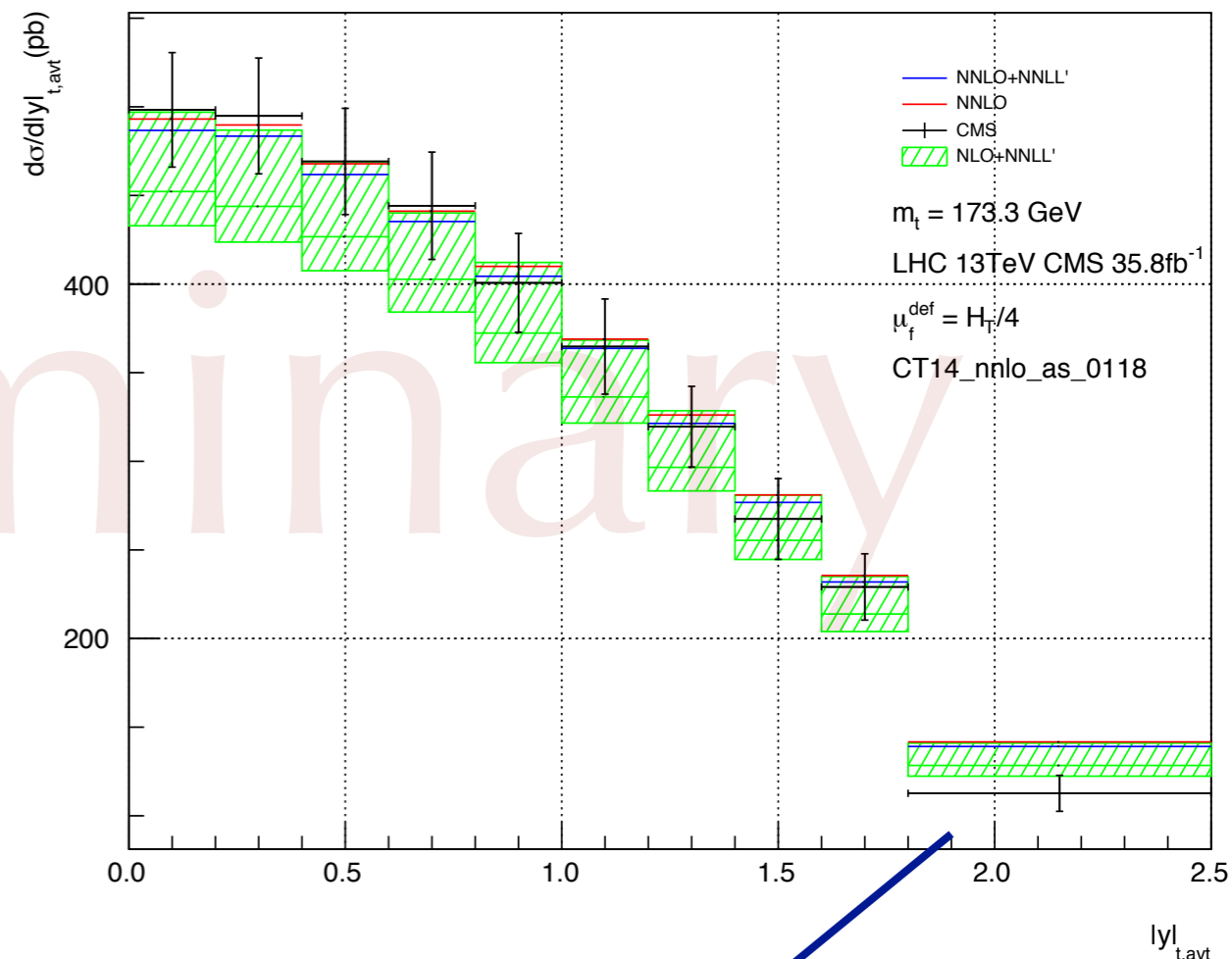
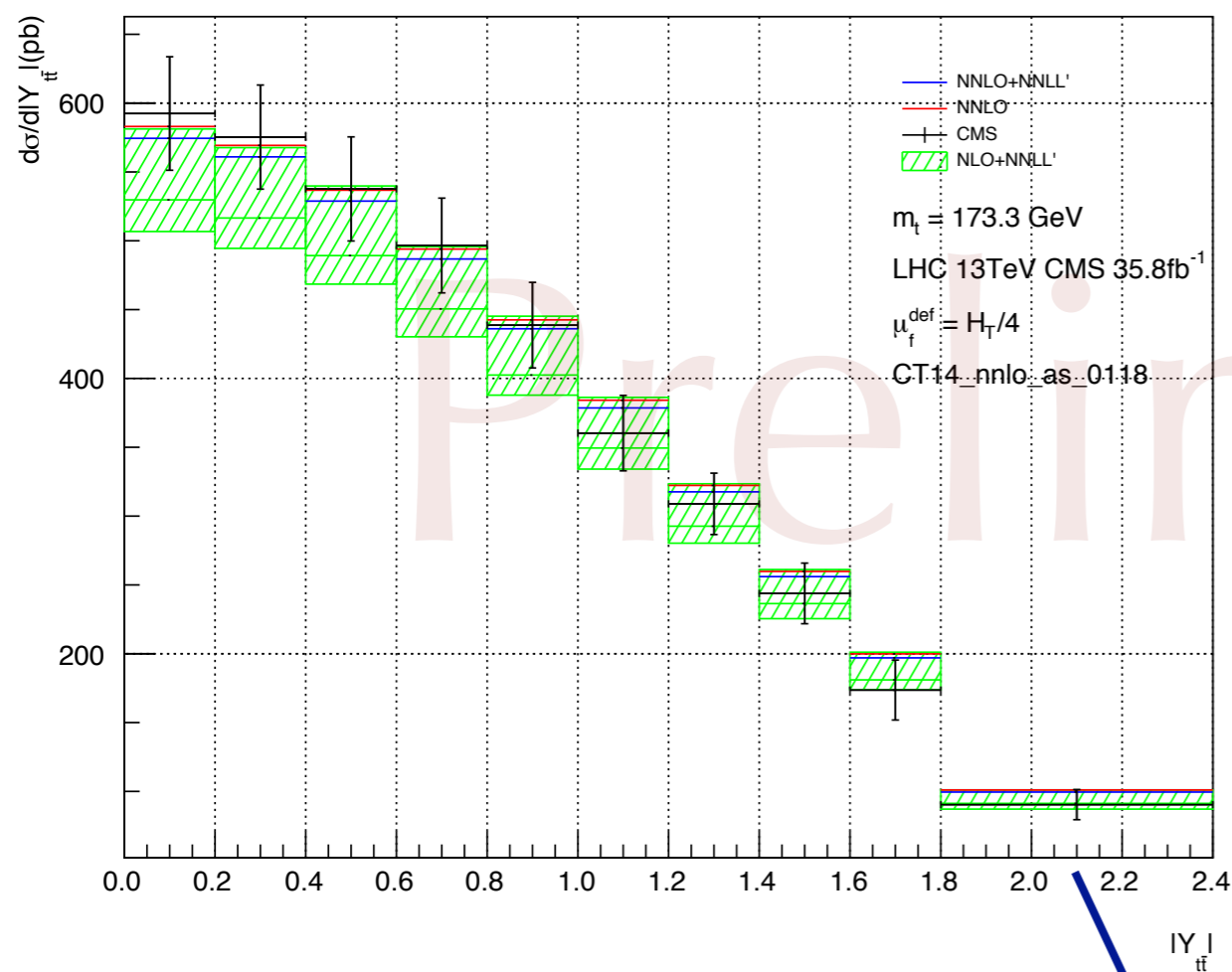
Czakon, Ferroglia, Heymes, Mitov, Pecjak,
Scott, Wang, LLY: 1803.07623



Matched result insensitive to scale scheme choices

Ongoing: rapidity distributions

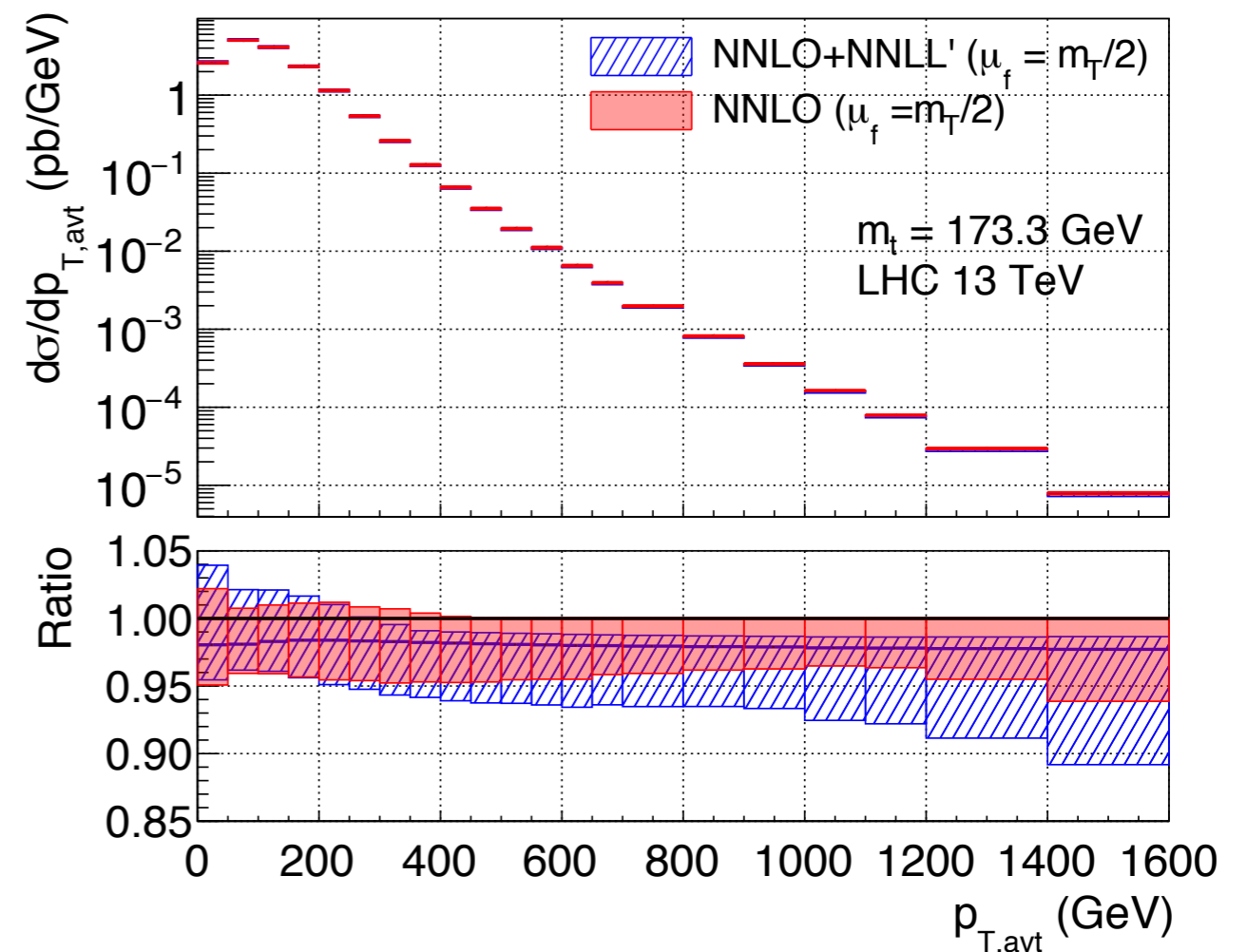
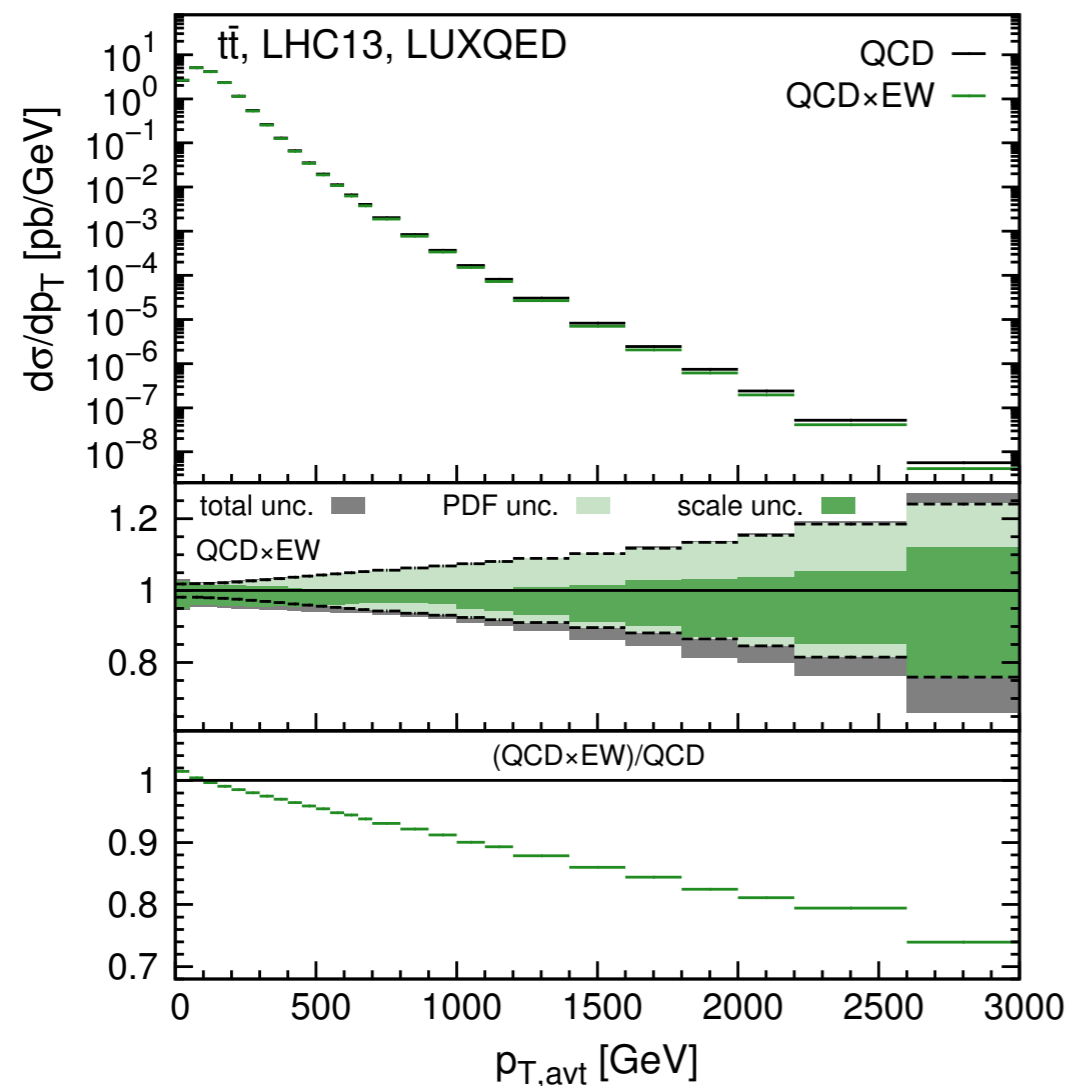
Pecjak, Scott, Wang, **LLY**: to appear



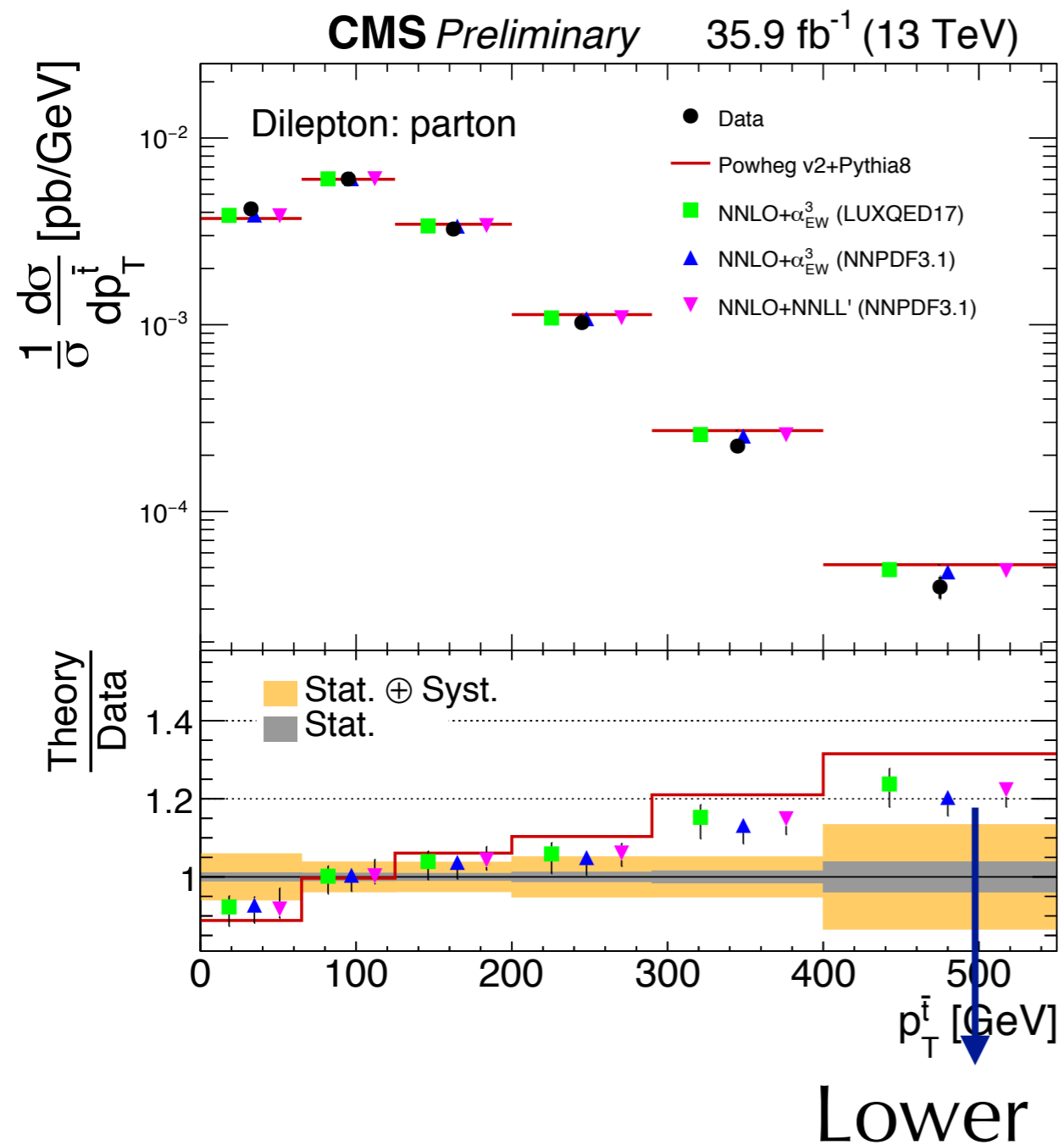
Sensitive to gluon PDF at large x

Ongoing: combination with electroweak corrections

Both EW and resummation effects soften the p_T spectrum



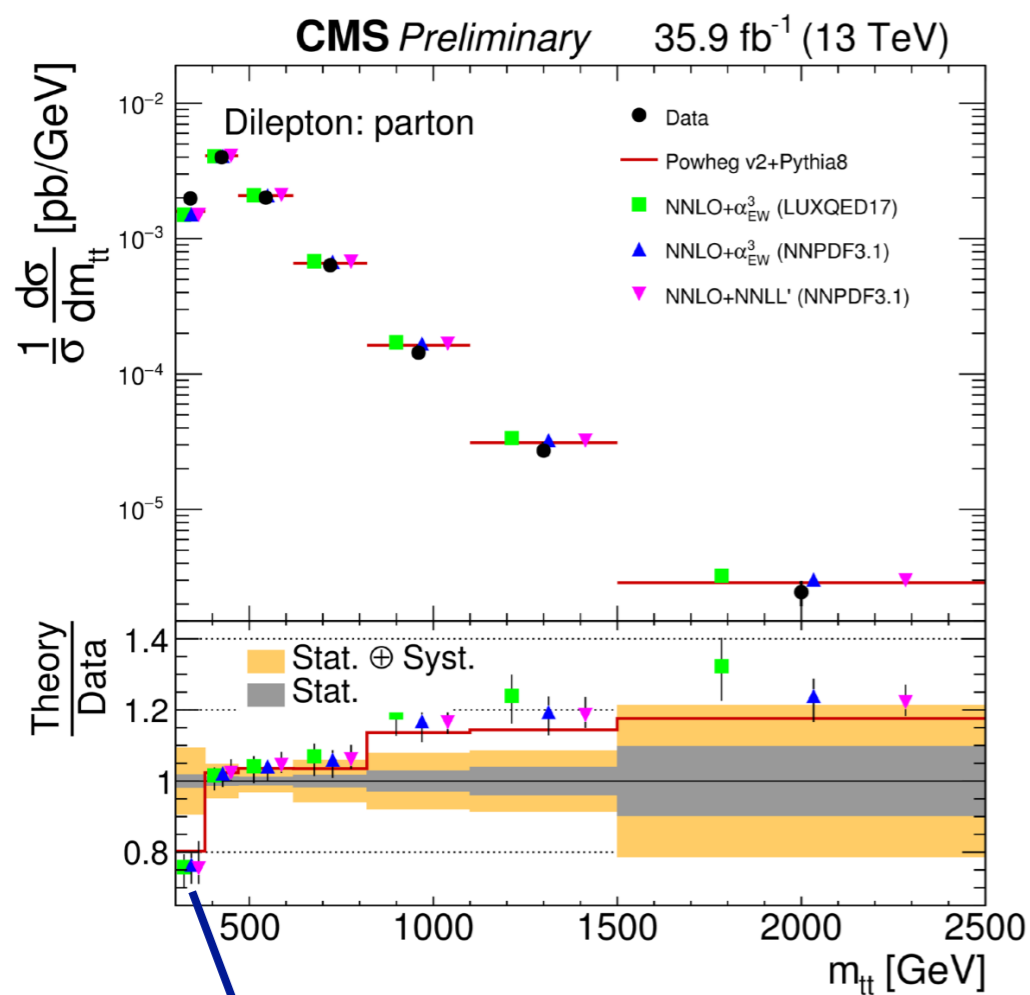
Ongoing: combination with electroweak corrections



NNLO+NNLL'+EW should be better consistent with data!

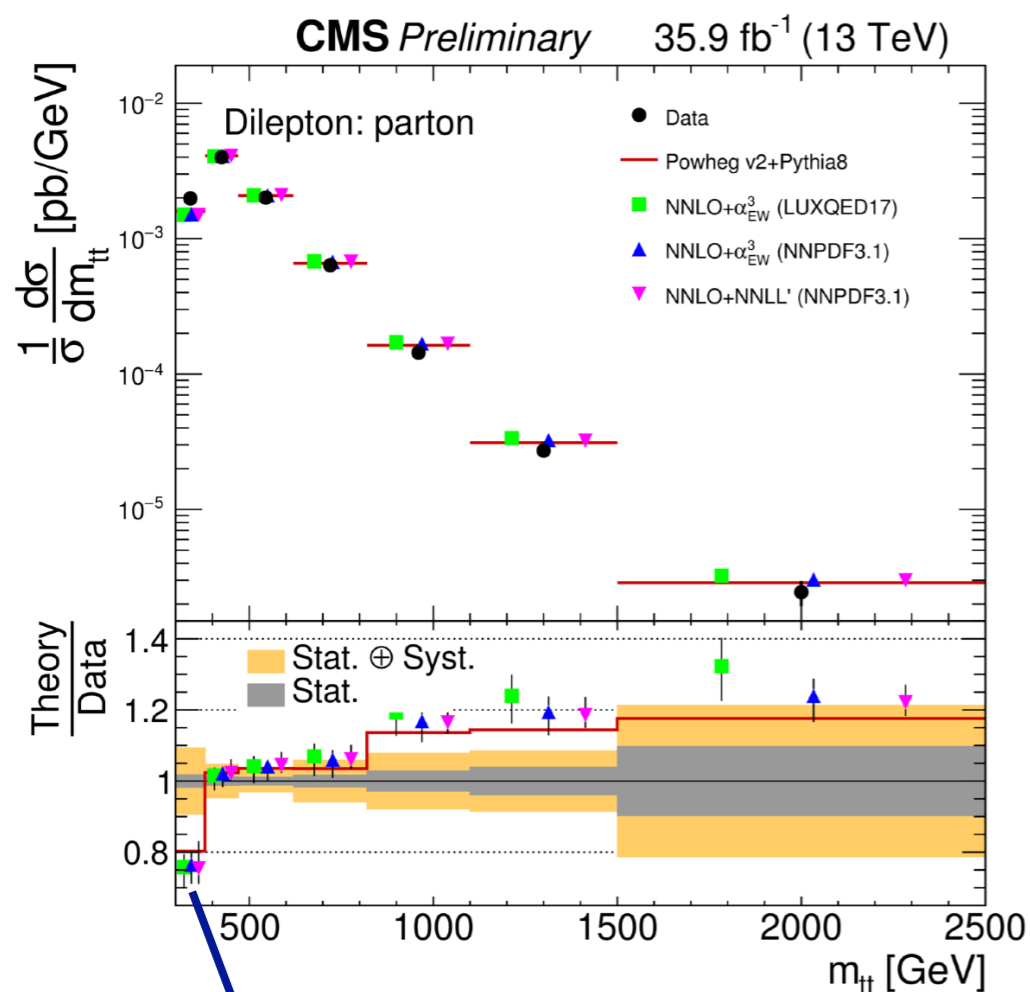
Stay tuned

Ongoing: near-threshold



Threshold region sensitive to
Coulomb gluons

Ongoing: near-threshold



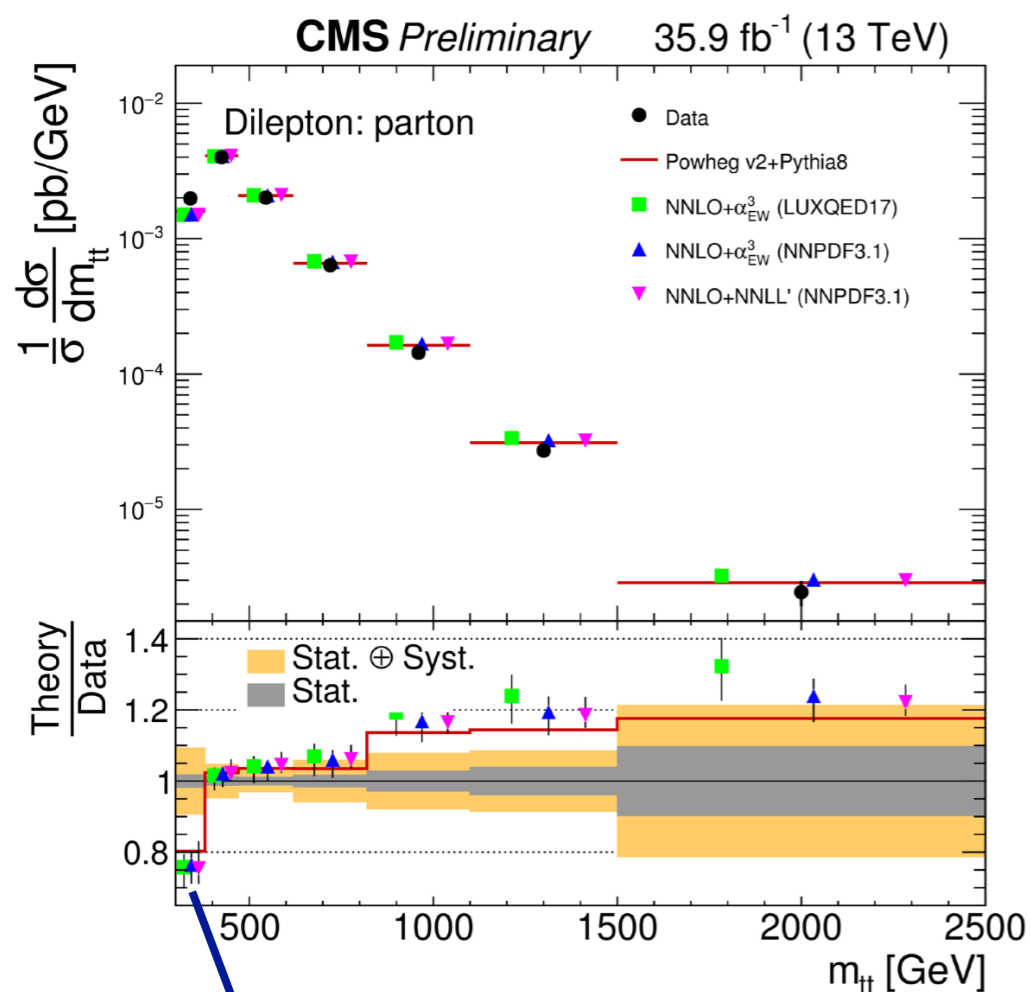
Historically, Coulomb gluons have been studied only for the **total cross section**

[Moch, Uwer: 0804.1476](#)

[Beneke, Falgari, Klein, Schwinn: 1109.1536](#)

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Requires new framework to study the M_{tt} distribution!

Threshold region sensitive to Coulomb gluons

Summary and outlook

- * Top quark production is important
- * The most precise QCD calculation: NNLO+NNLL'
- * Ongoing:
 - * Rapidity distributions
 - * Combination with NLO electroweak corrections
 - * Near-threshold production

Thank you!