

# Investigation of $h_c$ decay patterns at BES III

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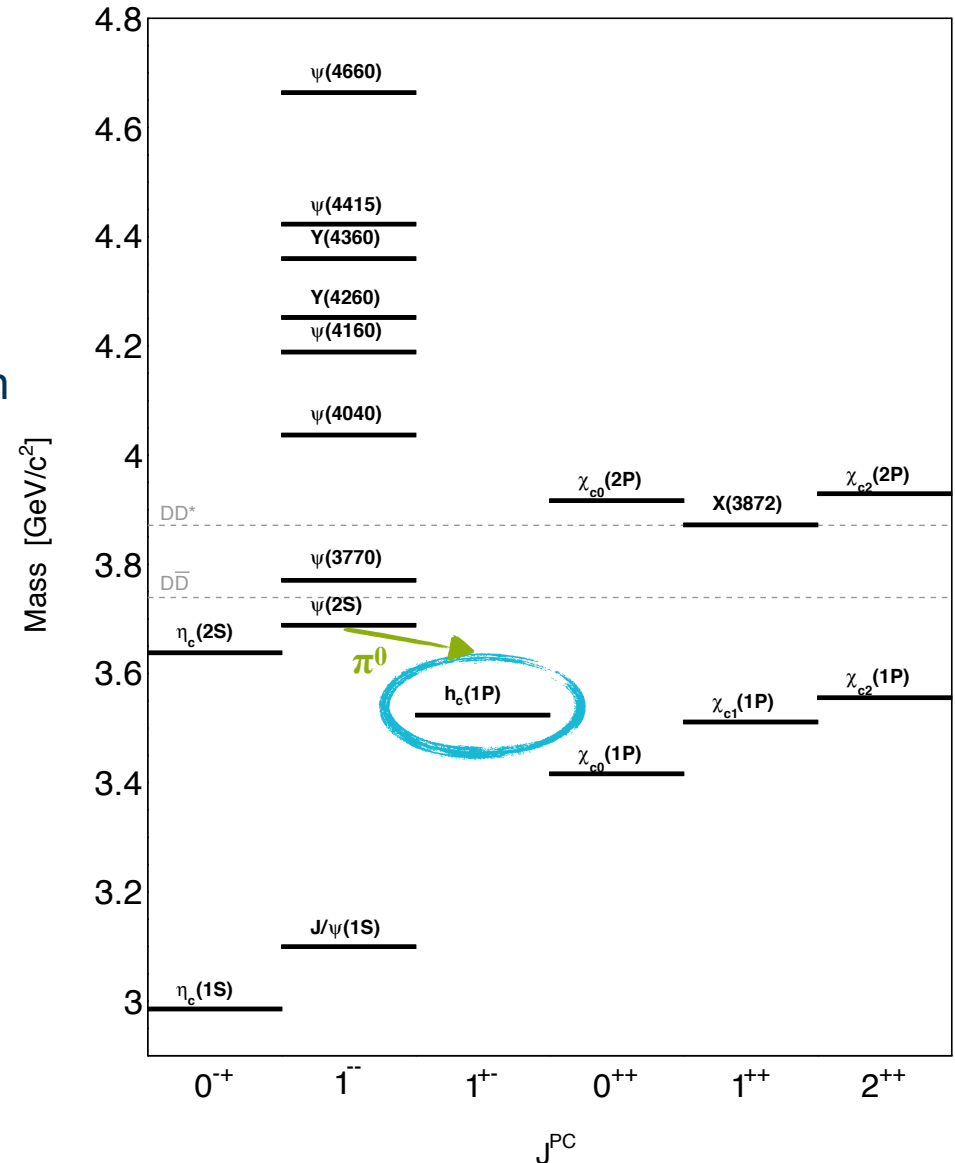
Institute for Experimental Physics I

**BES III Charmonium group meeting**

# Introduction

- $h_c$  singlet P-wave charmonium state
- experimentally observed 1992 in  $\bar{p}p$  reactions [Phys. Rev. Lett. 69, 2337]
- not directly accessible in  $e^+ e^-$  annihilation
- decay pattern still not well known

Process	$\mathcal{BF}(h_c \rightarrow X)$
$\gamma\eta_c$	$51 \pm 6 \%$
$\gamma\eta$	$(4.7 \pm 2.1) \cdot 10^{-4}$
$\gamma\eta'$	$(1.5 \pm 0.4) \cdot 10^{-3}$
$\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	$< 2.2 \cdot 10^{-3}$
$2(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)$	$2.2^{+0.8}_{-0.7} \%$
$3(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)$	$< 2.9 \%$
$p\bar{p}$	$< 1.5 \cdot 10^{-4} \%$



# Final states presented here

## How to choose possible final states?

negative G-parity of  $h_c$   
→ odd number of pions

$2(\pi^+\pi^-)\pi^0$  only known final state besides  $\gamma\eta_c$   
→ replace  $\pi^+\pi^-$  by  $\eta$  or  $K^+K^-$

$$h_c \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$$

$$h_c \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\eta$$

and many more coming soon...

# Data sets

- Using production via  $\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c$
- Production using XYZ data via  $X \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- h_c$  not suitable due to smaller reconstruction efficiency and lower production rate

- **Beam data:**  $448.1 \cdot 10^6$   $\psi'$  events
- **inclusive MC:**  $506 \cdot 10^6$  events
- **Signal MC:**  $1 \cdot 10^6$  events
- **Boss Version:** 664p03

# General selection criteria

## Good charged track criteria

Poca:  $R_{xy} < 1 \text{ cm}$  ,  $R_z < 10 \text{ cm}$

Polar angle:  $|\cos \theta| < 0.93$

## PID criteria

using  $dE/dx$  information from MDC and TOF information

p-Value:  $P(X) > 10^{-3}$ ,

$P(X) > P(Y)$ ,  $X \neq Y$

## Good photon criteria

Separation from tracks:  $\Delta\Omega > 10^\circ$

EMC time info:  $t < 700 \text{ ns}$

Barrel:  $E_\gamma > 25 \text{ MeV}$ ,

$|\cos \theta| < 0.8$

Endcaps:  $E_\gamma > 50 \text{ MeV}$ ,

$0.86 < |\cos \theta| < 0.92$

## Reconstruction of $\pi^0$ candidates

$|M(\gamma\gamma) - M(\pi^0)| < 30 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

mass constrained fit

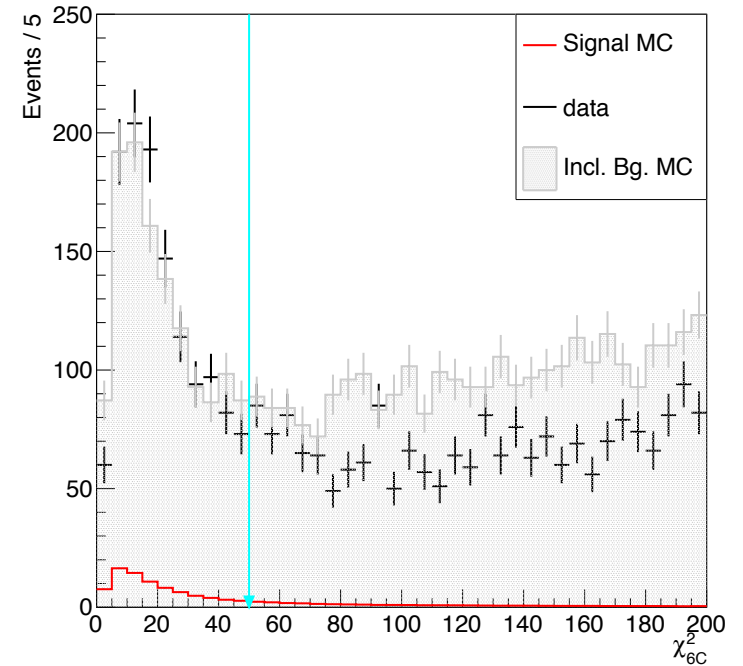
## Reconstruction of $\eta$ candidates

$|M(\gamma\gamma) - M(\eta)| < 30 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

mass constrained fit

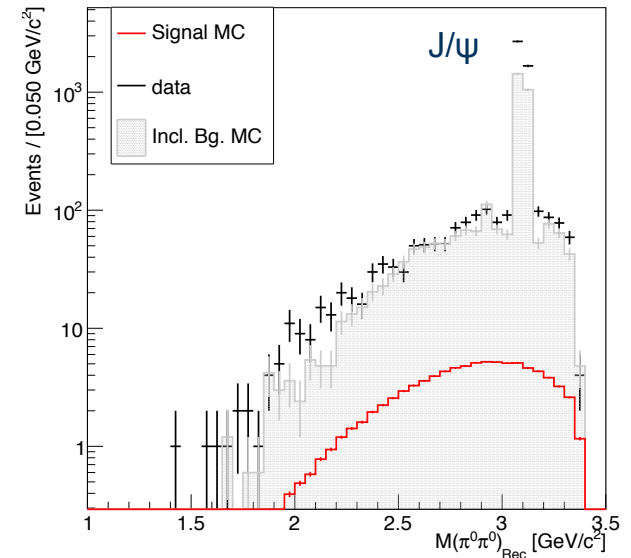
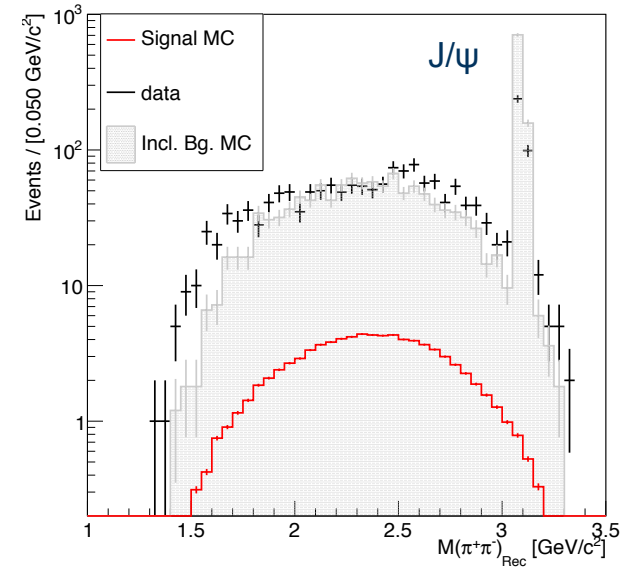
# Search for $h_c \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- K^+ K^- \pi^0$

- Common vertex ensured by converged vertex fit
- $N_\pi = 2$ ,  $N_K = 2$ ,  $N_\gamma \geq 4$
- Limit goodness of 6C Fit:  $\chi_{6C}^2 < 50$



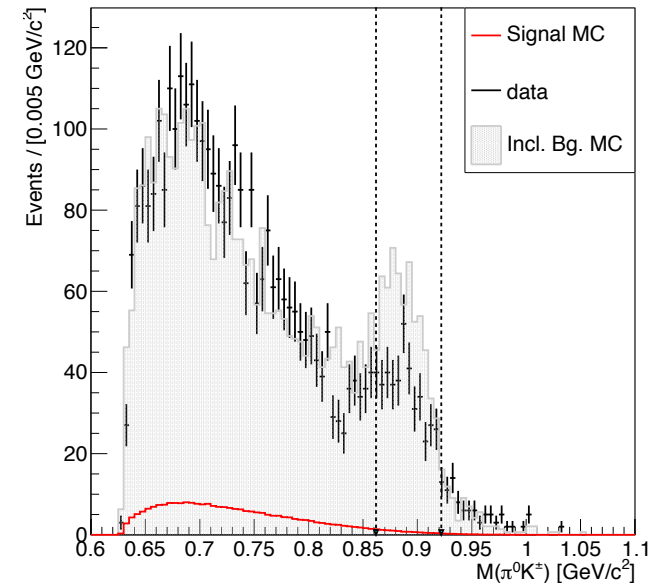
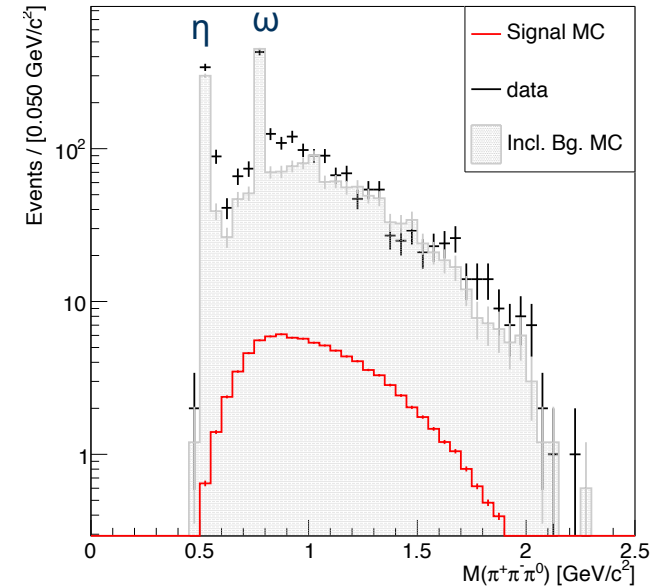
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- Limit goodness of 6C Fit:  $\chi_{6C}^2 < 50$
- 4C fit to hypothesis  $3\gamma \pi^+ \pi^- K^+ K^-$  to veto background from
  - $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{cJ} : \chi_{4C}^2 < \chi_{3\gamma}^2$
- reject background from  $\psi' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi, \pi^0 \pi^0 J/\psi$  :
  - $|M(\pi^+ \pi^-)_{Rec} - M(J/\psi)| > 25 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
  - $|M(\pi^0 \pi^0)_{Rec} - M(J/\psi)| > 25 \text{ MeV}/c^2$



# Search for $h_c \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- K^+ K^- \pi^0$

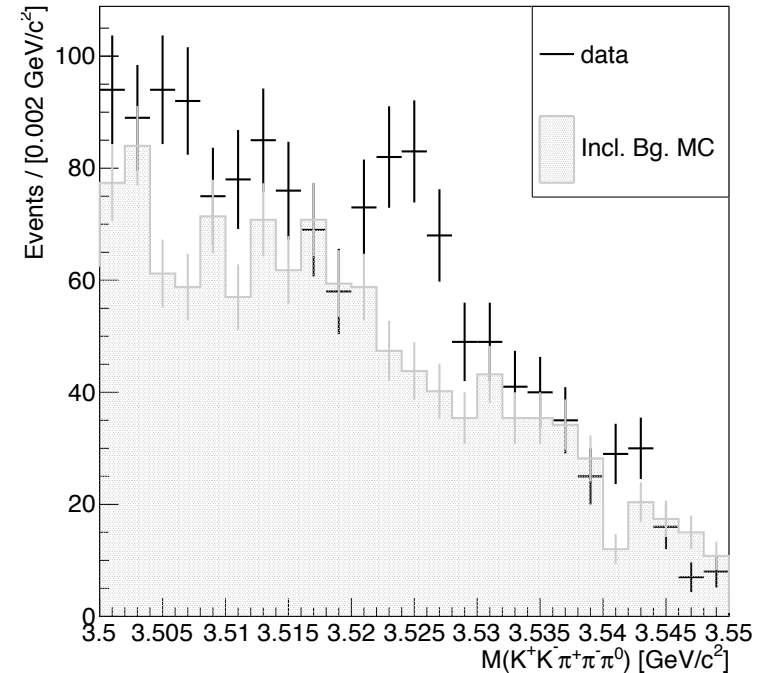
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  - $|M(\pi^0 \pi^0)_{Rec} - M(J/\psi)| > 25 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
- $\pi^0$  from  $\psi'$  decay should not from other resonances:
  - $|M(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0) - M(\eta)| > 16 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
  - $|M(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0) - M(\omega)| > 20 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
  - $|M(\pi^0 K^\pm) - M(K^{*\pm})| > 30 \text{ MeV}/c^2$





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- Common vertex ensured by converged vertex fit
- $N_\pi = 2, N_K = 2, N_\gamma \geq 4$
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➡ possible structure at  $h_c$  mass

➡ obtained efficiency 7.3%

# Background studies

- Non-resonant contribution dominates (99%)

Process	$N_{rem}$
$K^{*0} K^{*\pm} \pi^{\mp} \pi^0$	437
$K^{*\pm} K^{*\mp} \pi^+ \pi^-$	230
$K^{*0} K^{*\pm} \rho^{\mp}$	185
$K^{*+} K^{*-} \rho^0$	25

- Study of peaking background caused by radiative decays:

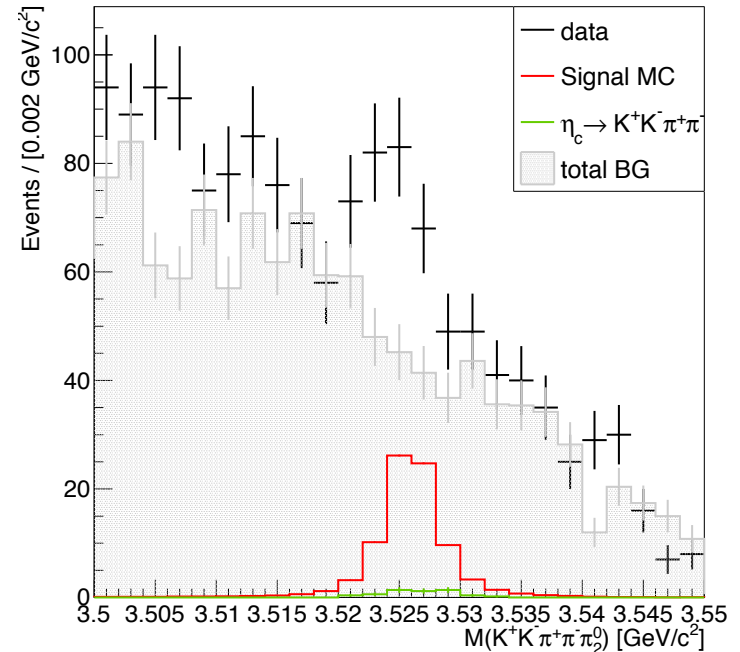
- $h_c \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c, \gamma \chi_{c1}, \gamma \chi_{c0}$

- ✗ Problem: decay modes mostly unknown, explicit search limited by statistics and dominated by background

- ➔ But theoretical predictions exist, used to estimate:

- $BF(h_c \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{c1}) \sim 3.4 \cdot 10^{-7}$  (suppressed by PHSP)
  - $BF(h_c \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{c0}) \sim 8.6 \cdot 10^{-4}$  [Phys. Rev. D 89 11 (2014)]

- ➔ remaining peaking background subtracted from determined signal yield



- known decay modes scaled to PDG value
  - unknown decay modes generated using LUND Model
  - additional sets similar to final state have been generated (see next slide)

# Background studies

## List of explicitly generated final states

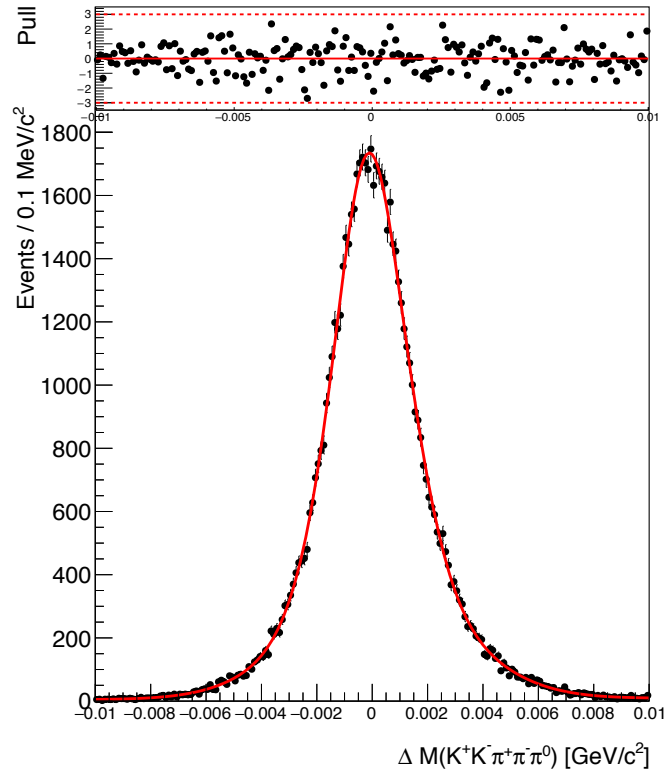
Process $h_c \rightarrow \gamma X$	intermediate states	$N_{rem}$	$N_{expected}$
$\eta_c \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	$K^{*0} K^\pm \pi^\mp$	12	3
$\eta_c \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	PHSP	10	2
$\eta_c \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0$	PHSP	2	0
$\eta_c \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0$	$K^{*+} K^{*+} \pi^0 \pi^0$	1	0
$\eta_c \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \eta$	PHSP	0	0
$\eta_c \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \eta$	$K^{*+} K^{*+} \pi^0 \eta$	0	0
$\eta_c \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \eta \eta$	PHSP	0	0
$\chi_{c0}$	PHSP	5	0
$\chi_{c1}$	PHSP	0	0

**No background process identified,  
which could describe the complete observed structure**

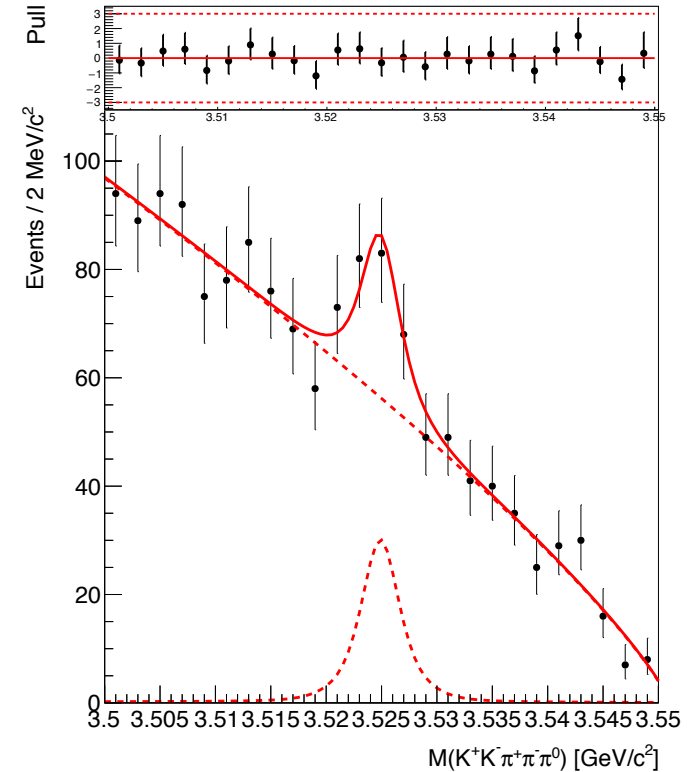
# Determination of branching fraction of $h_c \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- K^+ K^- \pi^0$

## Resolution

$$= \begin{cases} e^{\frac{\sigma_L^2}{2} + \sigma_L \left(\frac{m-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2}, & \frac{m-\mu}{\sigma} \leq -\sigma_L \\ e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{m-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2}, & -\sigma_L < \frac{m-\mu}{\sigma} \leq \sigma_H \\ e^{\frac{\sigma_H^2}{2} - \sigma_H \left(\frac{m-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2}, & \sigma_H < \frac{m-\mu}{\sigma} \end{cases} + 3 \text{ Gaussian}$$



## Breit-Wigner ⊗ Resolution + Argus



$$M(h_c) = 3525.0 \pm 0.7 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

$$\Gamma(h_c) = 0.9 \pm 0.6 \text{ MeV}$$

$$BF(h_c \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$$

$$= (3.0 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.6) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

# Systematic studies

## Selection procedure

- variation of selection criteria

cut	nominal value	range	step size	uncertainty
$\chi_{6C}^2$	50	30-70	1	2.8 %
$ M(\pi^+\pi^-)_{Rec} - M(J/\psi) $ [MeV/c <sup>2</sup> ]	25	10-40	1	0.5 %
$ M(\pi^0\pi^0)_{Rec} - M(J/\psi) $ [MeV/c <sup>2</sup> ]	25	10-40	1	1.4 %
$ M(\pi^0K^\pm) - M(K^{*\pm}) $ [MeV/c <sup>2</sup> ]	30	10-50	1	4.4 %
$ M(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0) - M(\eta) $ [MeV/c <sup>2</sup> ]	16	6-26	1	1.3 %
$ M(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0) - M(\omega) $ [MeV/c <sup>2</sup> ]	20	10-30	1	2.5 %

## Generator model

- including intermediate resonances to generator model leads efficiency difference of at most **7.6%**

## Fit model

- Describing background by Chebychev polynomial instead of Argus function: **1.2%**
- Fitting range: **0.9%**

## Tracking

- 1% per track  $\Rightarrow$  **4%**

## Photon reconstruction

- 1% per photon  $\Rightarrow$  **4%**

## PID

- 1% per track  $\Rightarrow$  **4%**

## $\pi^0$ reconstruction

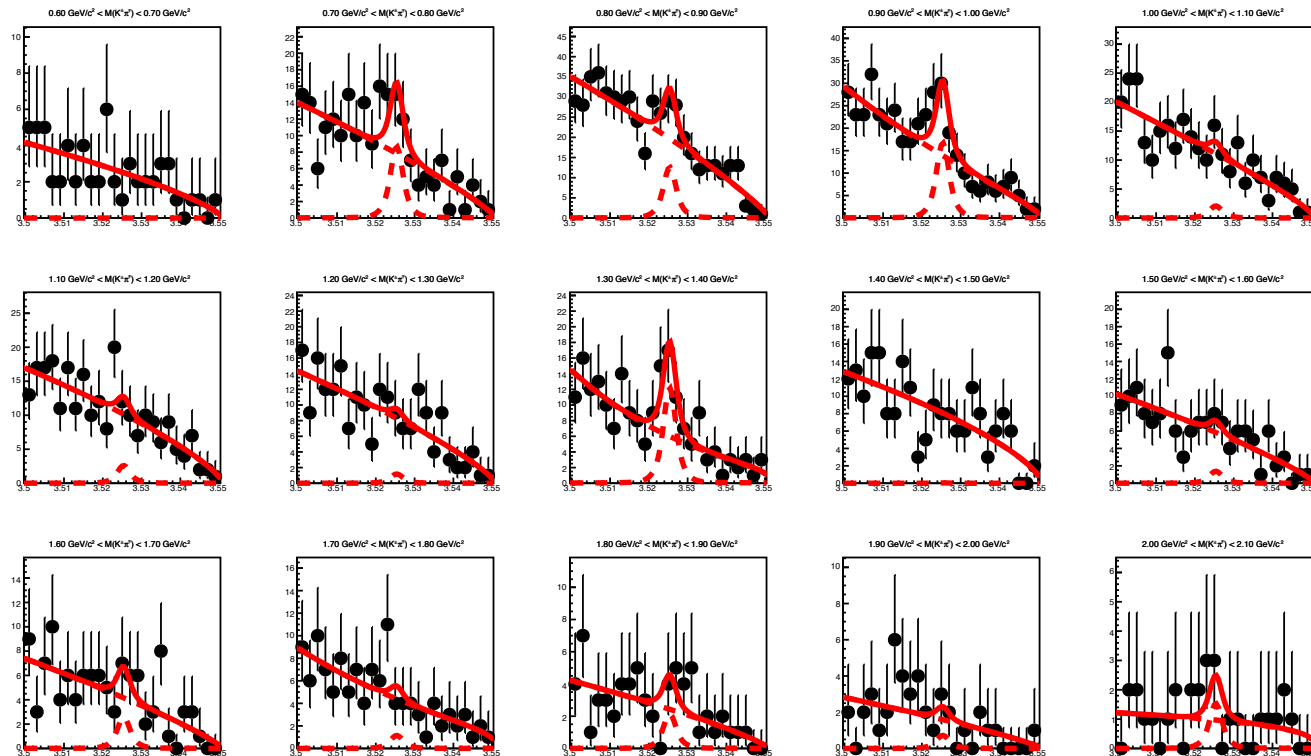
- 1% per  $\pi^0$   $\Rightarrow$  **2%**

**total 12.2% + 15.1% caused by involved branching fractions!**

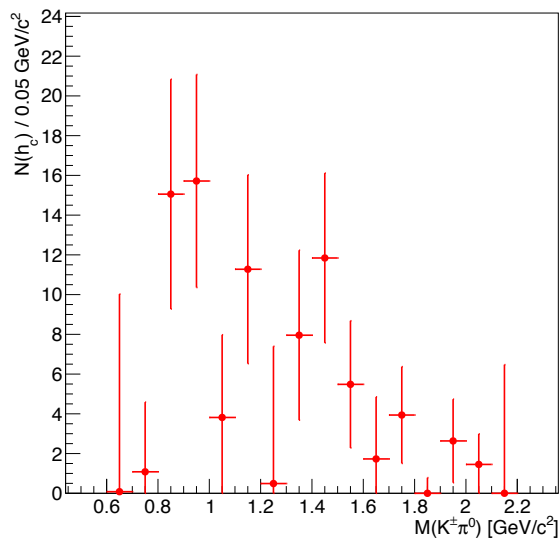
# Study of intermediate resonances

- **Problem:** Background dominated process, sideband subtraction not suitable
- **Idea:** Extracting signal yield in slices of subsystems
- same fitting procedure used as before in subregions

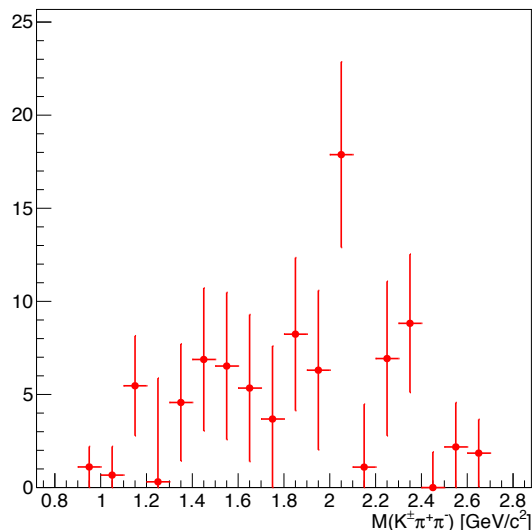
For example fit in slices of  $K\pi$  mass



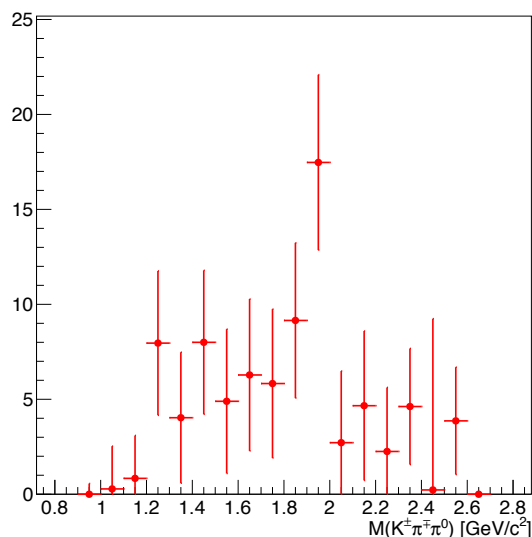
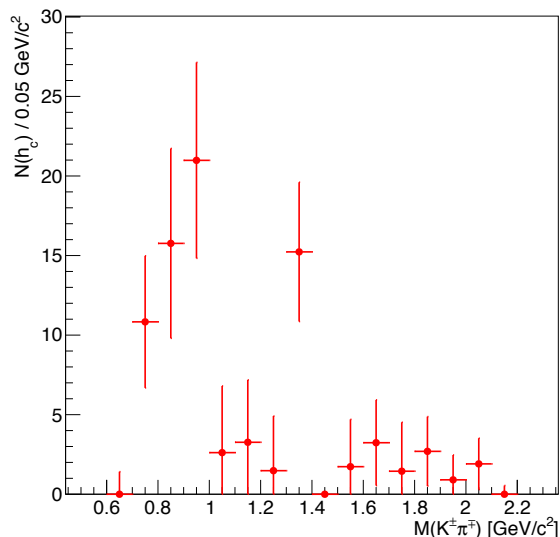
# Study of intermediate resonances



$K^*(892)$ ,  $K_{0,2}^*(1430)$



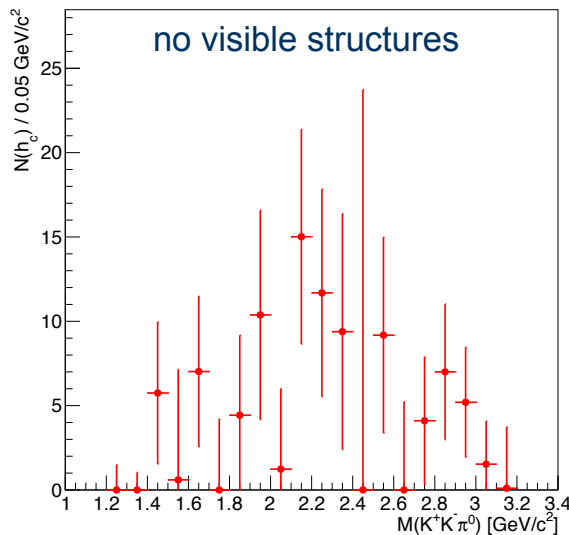
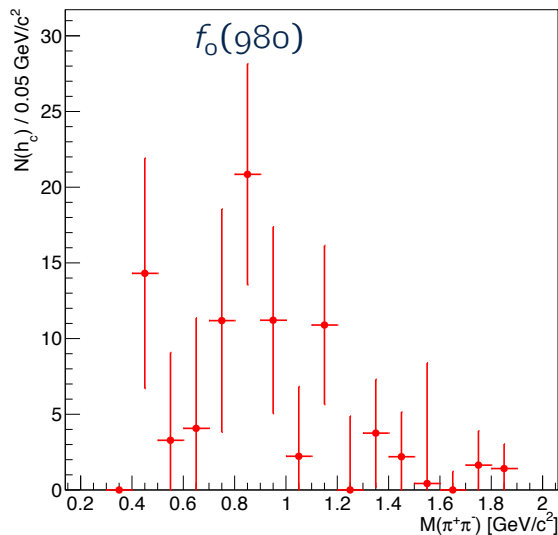
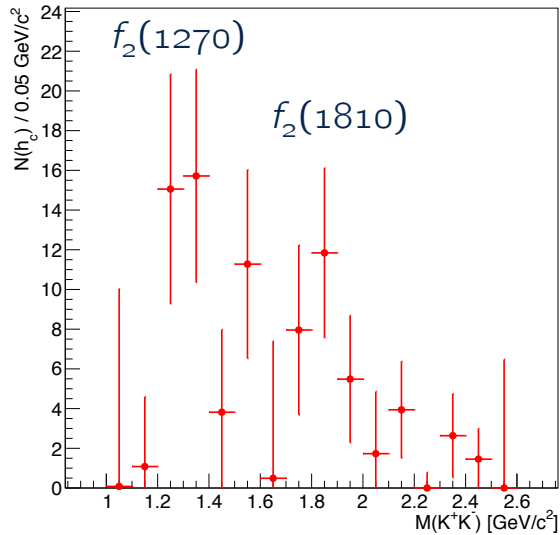
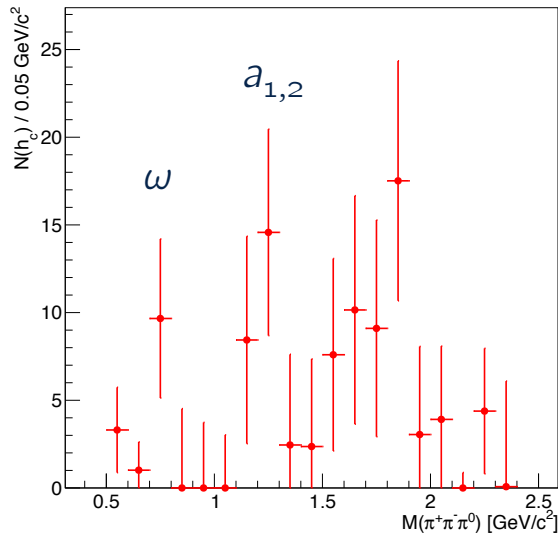
$K_2(1820)$ ,  $K_2^*(1980)$



- shown error bars are statistical only
- similar structures in charged and neutral mode
- indication for intermediate reactions:

- $h_c \rightarrow K^*(892) K_2^{(*)}$
- $h_c \rightarrow K_{0,2}^*(1430) K_2^{(*)}$

# Study of intermediate resonances

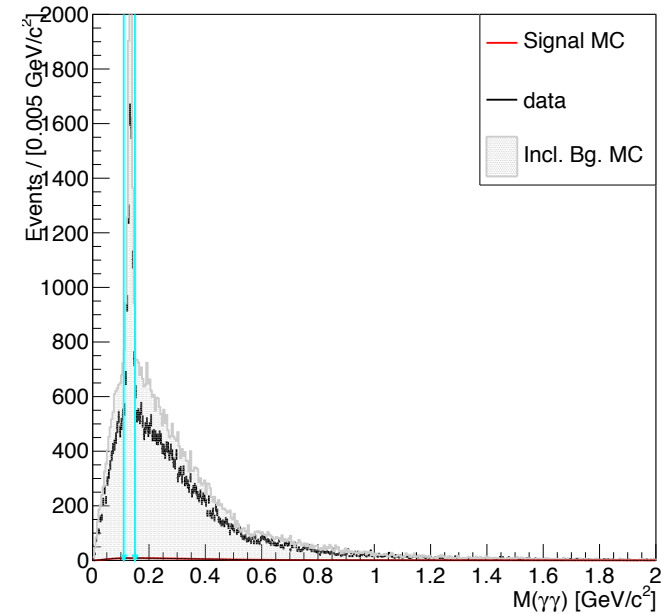


- $h_c \rightarrow (\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)(K^+K^-)$  seems to be more favored than  $h_c \rightarrow (\pi^+\pi^-)(\pi^0K^+K^-)$
- Correlations between subsystems need to be investigated



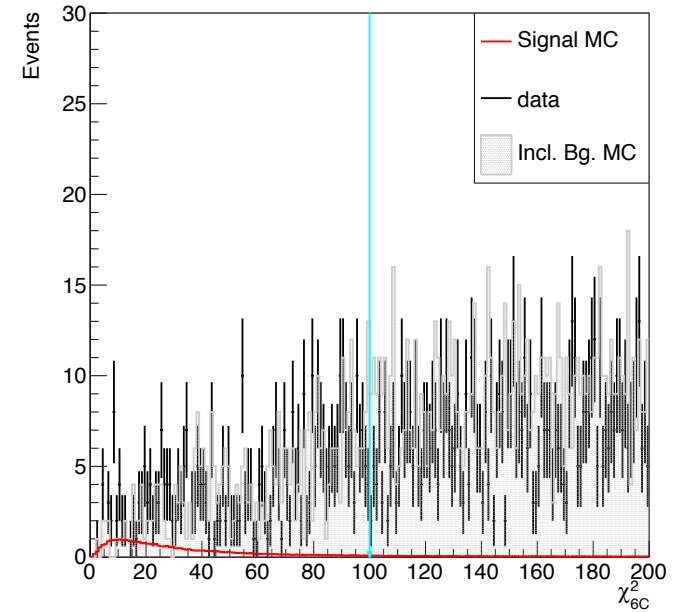
# Analysis of $\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c$ , $h_c \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \eta$

- Common vertex ensured by converged vertex fit
- $N_\pi = 2$ ,  $N_\gamma \geq 6$
- no pair of photons from different particles should form a  $\pi^0$  :
  - $|M(\gamma\gamma) - M(\pi^0)| > 15 \text{ MeV}/c^2$



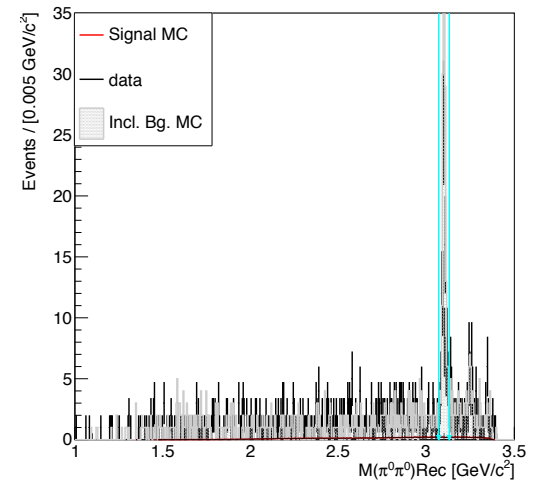
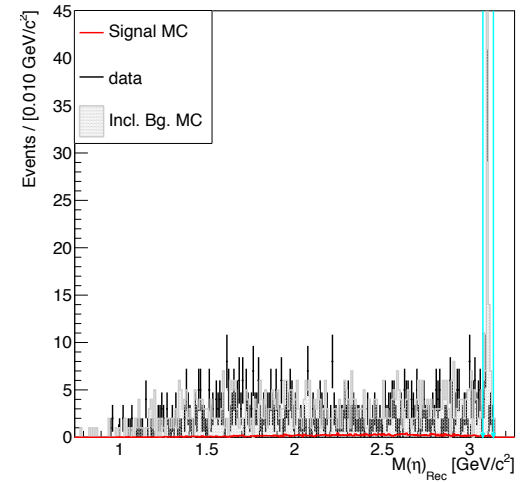
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- Limit goodness of 7C-Fit:  $\chi_{7C}^2 < 100$



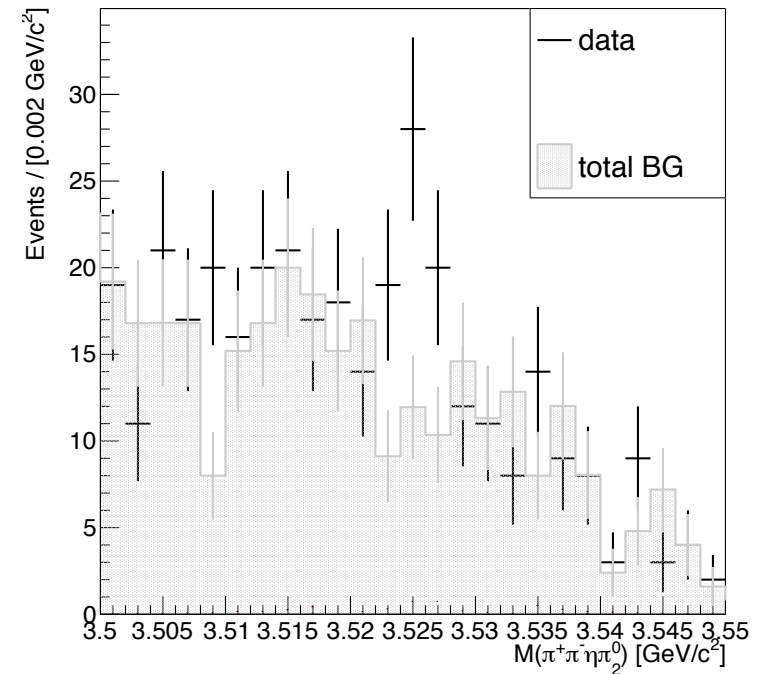
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- no pair of photons from different particles should form a  $\pi^0$  :
  - $|M(\gamma\gamma) - M(\pi^0)| > 15 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
- Limit goodness of 7C-Fit:  $\chi^2_{7C} < 100$
- $\pi^0$  from  $\psi'$  decay should not form resonances with other final state particles:
  - $|M(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0) - M(\eta)| > 16 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
  - $|M(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0) - M(\omega)| > 20 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
- reject background from  $\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 J/\psi$ ,  $\eta J/\psi$  :
  - $|M(\pi^0 \pi^0)_{Rec} - M(J/\psi)| > 30 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
  - $|M(\eta)_{Rec} - M(J/\psi)| > 30 \text{ MeV}/c^2$



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  - $|M(\eta)_{Rec} - M(J/\psi)| > 30 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
- ➔ obtained efficiency 3.9 %



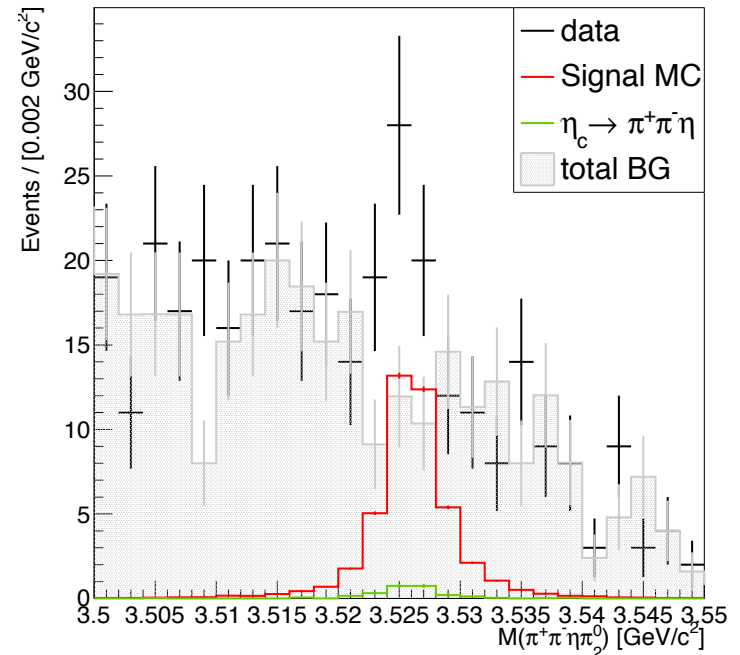
➔ possible structure at  $h_c$  mass

# Background studies

- Dominating contribution from  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\eta$
- Study of peaking background caused by radiative decays:
  - $h_c \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{c0}, \gamma\chi_{c1}$
  - ➔ negligible contribution
  - $h_c \rightarrow \gamma\eta_c$

Process	$N_{rem}$	$N_{expected}$
$\eta_c \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\eta$	16	3
$\eta_c \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\pi^0$	7	1

➔ subtracted from determined signal yield

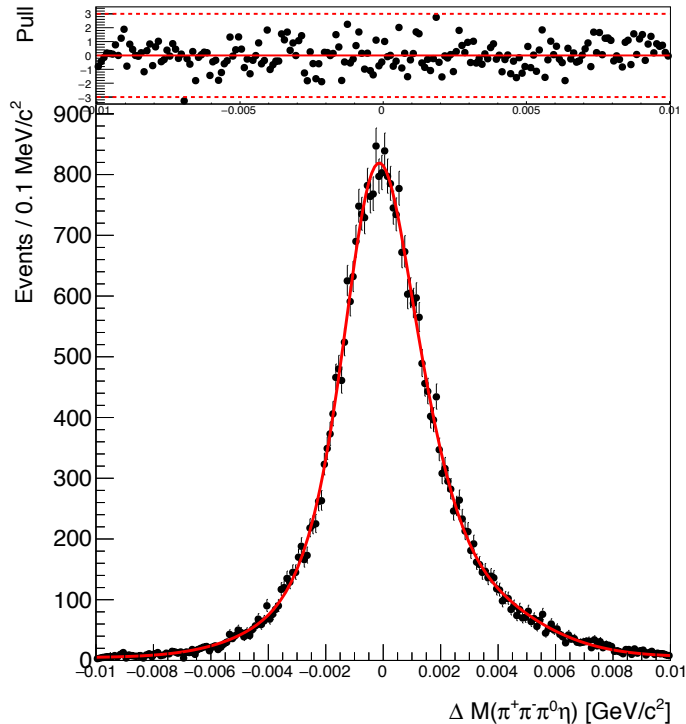


- known decay modes scaled to PDG value
- unknown decay modes generated using LUND Model

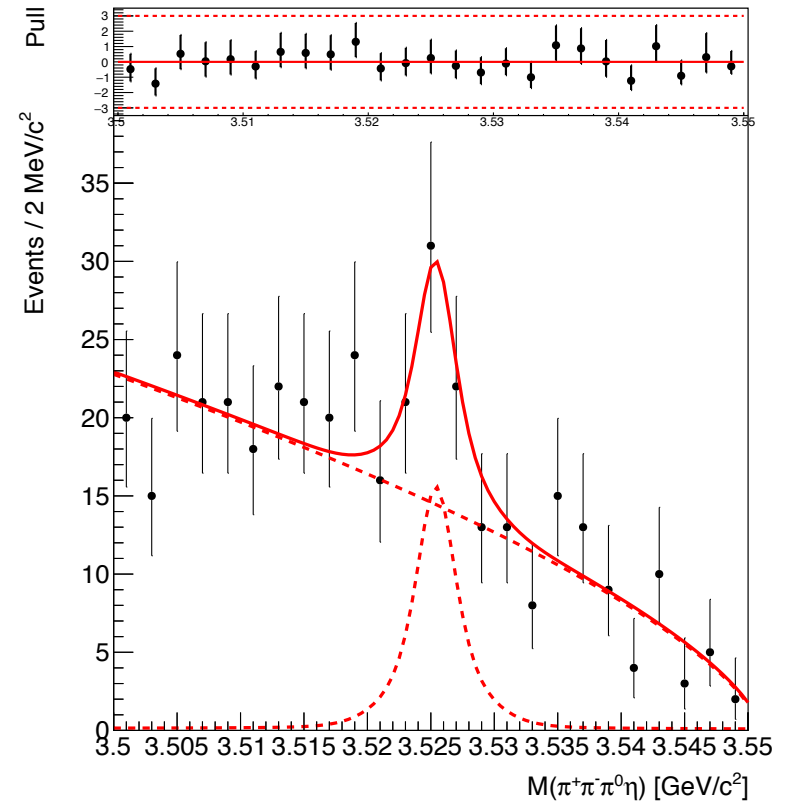
# Determination of branching fraction of $h_c \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \eta$

## Resolution

$$= \begin{cases} e^{\frac{\sigma_L^2}{2} + \sigma_L \left(\frac{m-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2}, & \frac{m-\mu}{\sigma} \leq -\sigma_L \\ e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{m-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2}, & -\sigma_L < \frac{m-\mu}{\sigma} \leq \sigma_H \\ e^{\frac{\sigma_H^2}{2} - \sigma_H \left(\frac{m-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2}, & \sigma_H < \frac{m-\mu}{\sigma} \end{cases} + 3 \text{ Gaussian}$$



## Breit-Wigner ⊗ Resolution + Argus



$$BF(h_c \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \eta)$$

$$= (9.9 \pm 1.6 \pm 1.2 \pm 1.5) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

# Systematic studies

## Selection procedure

- variation of selection criteria

cut	nominal value	range	step size	uncertainty
$\chi^2_C$	100	80-120	1	3.2 %
$ M(\eta)_{Rec} - M(J/\psi) $ [MeV/c <sup>2</sup> ]	30	15-45	1	1.3 %
$ M(\pi^0\pi^0)_{Rec} - M(J/\psi) $ [MeV/c <sup>2</sup> ]	30	20-40	1	1.6 %
$ M(\gamma\gamma) - M(\pi^0) $ [MeV/c <sup>2</sup> ]	15	5-25	1	3.3 %
$ M(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0) - M(\eta) $ [MeV/c <sup>2</sup> ]	16	6-26	1	1.5 %
$ M(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0) - M(\omega) $ [MeV/c <sup>2</sup> ]	20	10-30	1	3.3 %

## Generator model

- including intermediate resonances to generator model leads efficiency difference of at most **6.3%**

## Fit model

- Describing background by Chebychev polynomial instead of Argus function: **2.1%**
- Fitting range: **1.1%**

## Tracking

- 1% per track  $\Rightarrow$  **2%**

## Photon reconstruction

- 1% per photon  $\Rightarrow$  **6%**

## PID

- 1% per track  $\Rightarrow$  **2%**

## $\pi^0$ reconstruction

- 1% per  $\pi^0$   $\Rightarrow$  **2%**

**total 11.5% + 15.1% caused by involved branching fractions!**

# Summary and outlook

## So far:

- 11 final states have been analyzed
- Hints for 2 new decay modes of the  $h_c$ !
- Branching fractions have been measured

$$BF(h_c \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0) = (3.0 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.6) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$BF(h_c \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \eta) = (9.9 \pm 1.6 \pm 1.2 \pm 1.5) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

- systematic studies started

## Future goals:

- Further systematic studies and background studies
- Optimization of fitting and selection procedure
- Improved strategy for peaking background
- Determination of upper limits for other final states