

# LHC Phenomenology

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**For Precision High Energy Physics (PHEP) 2018: School for future colliders**

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# LHC Instagram



# Some Numbers

对撞能量:  $14\text{TeV}=2.2\times 10^{-6}\text{J}$ ,  $v=0.9999999991c$

造价: 4332 兆瑞士法郎

月球潮汐力影响: 1毫米

周长: 27km

平均深度: 地下100米

高真空:  $10^{-13}$ 标准大气压

超低温: 超导磁铁1.9K  
(CMB 2.71K, CNB 1.95K)

每束团数: 2808

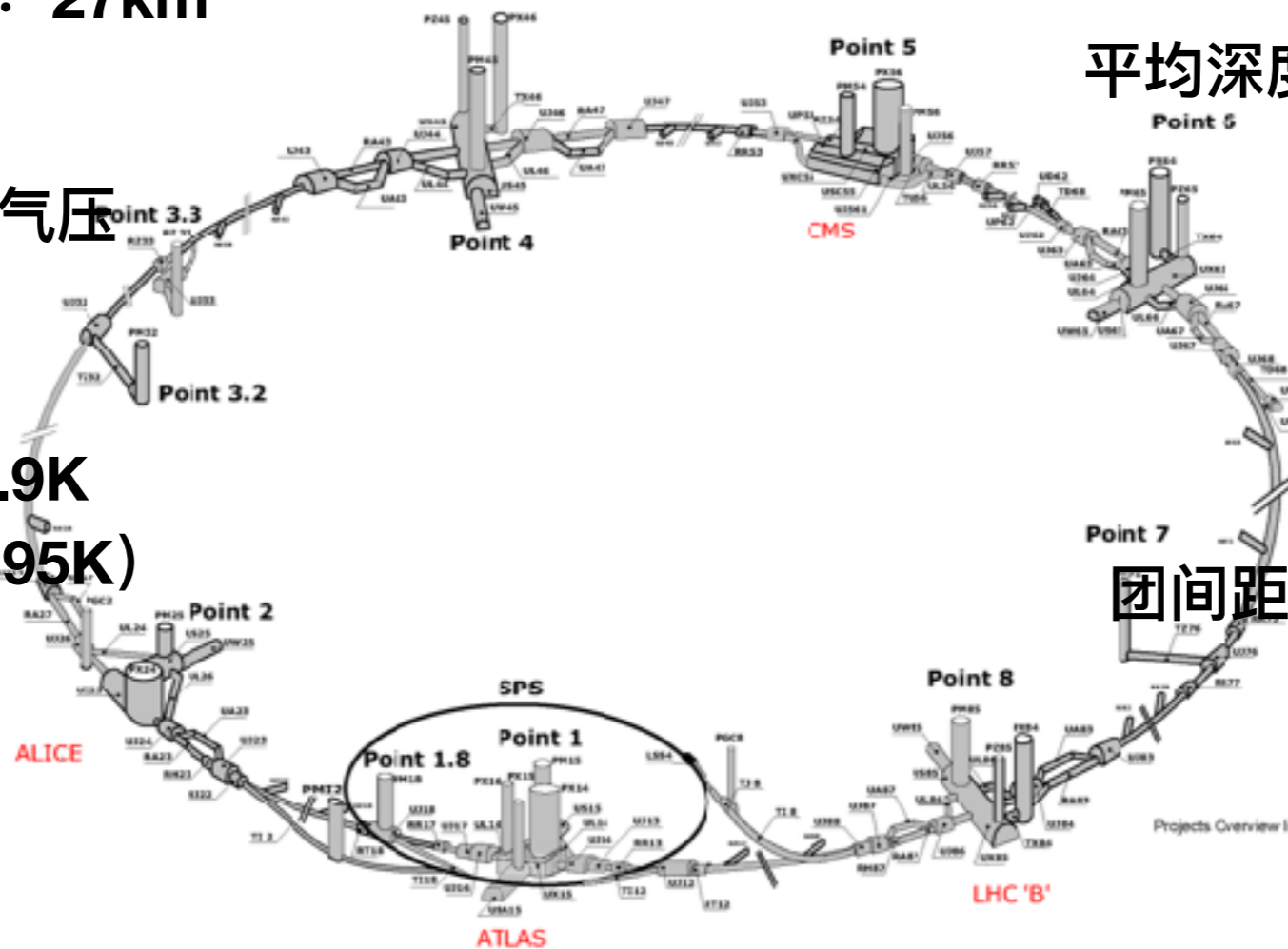
团间距离: 7.5米 (25纳秒)

9593块各型磁铁

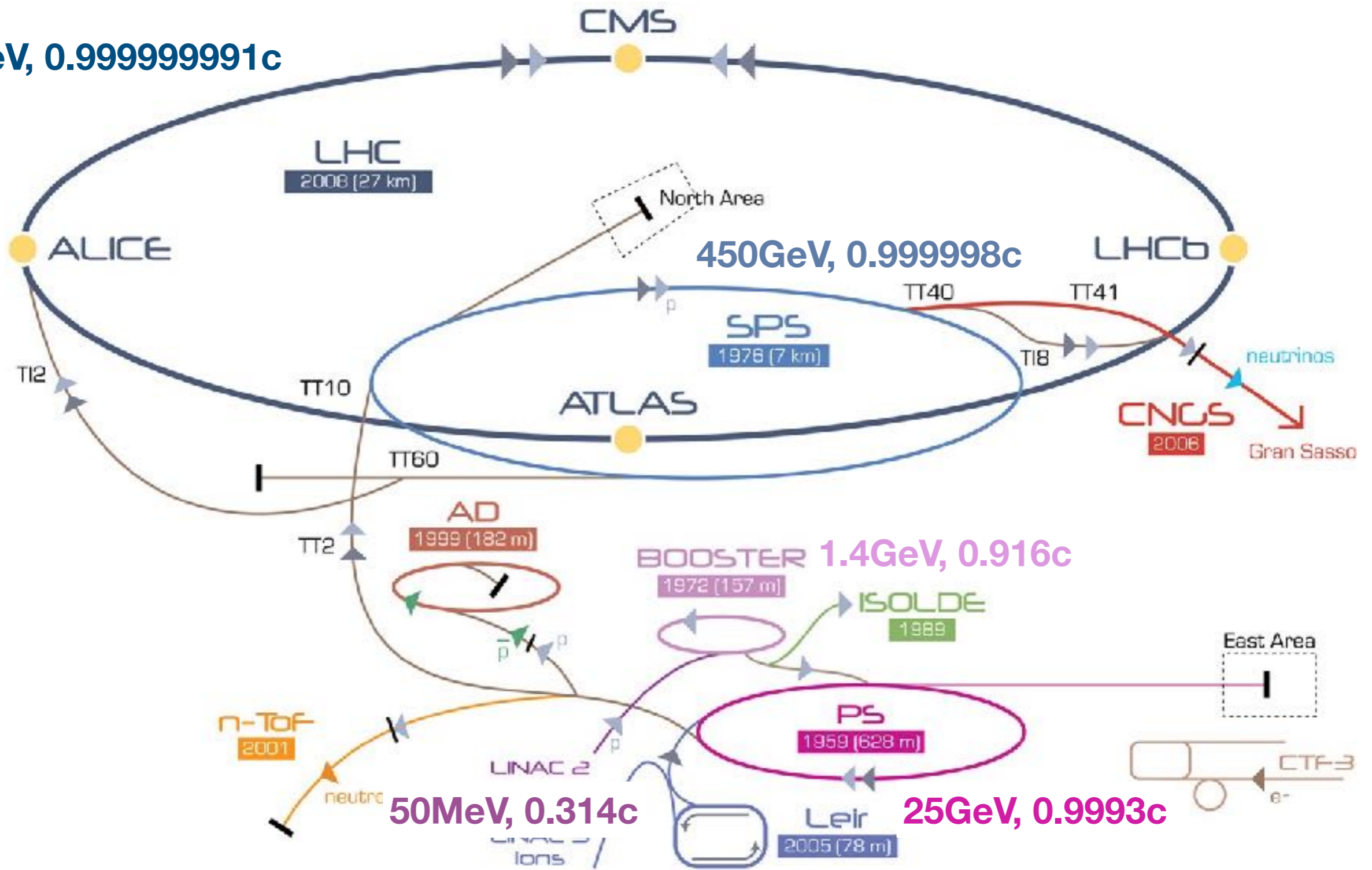
每团质子数:  $1.2\times 10^{11}$

偶极磁铁1232块: 15米长, 35吨, 超导线圈  
(1.9K, 电流强度11850安培), 8.33特斯拉

每秒10亿次粒子对撞



7TeV, 0.999999991c



▶ p [proton]   ▶ ion   ▶ neutrons   ▶  $\bar{p}$  [antiproton]   → $\leftrightarrow$  proton/antiproton conversion   ▶ neutrinos   ▶ electron

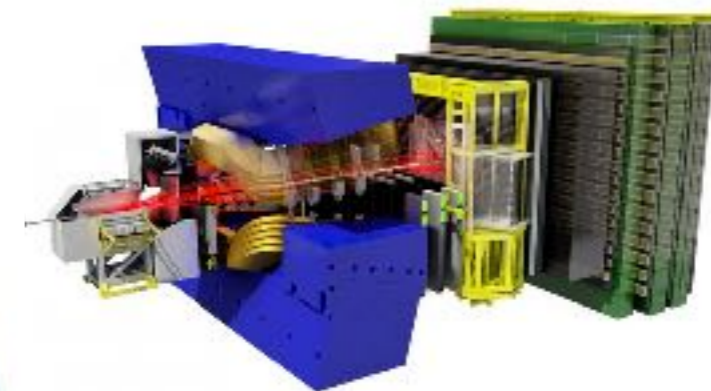
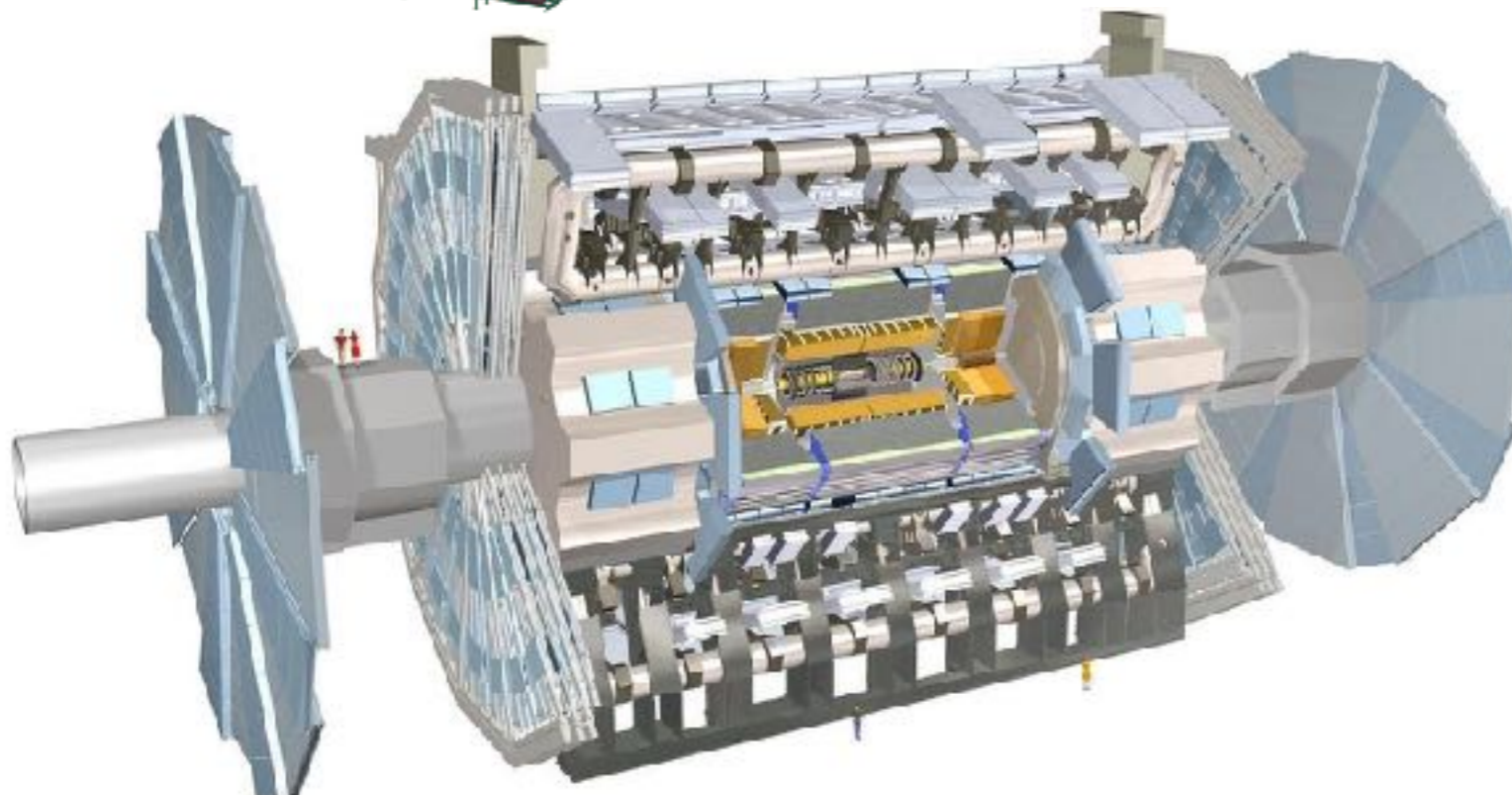
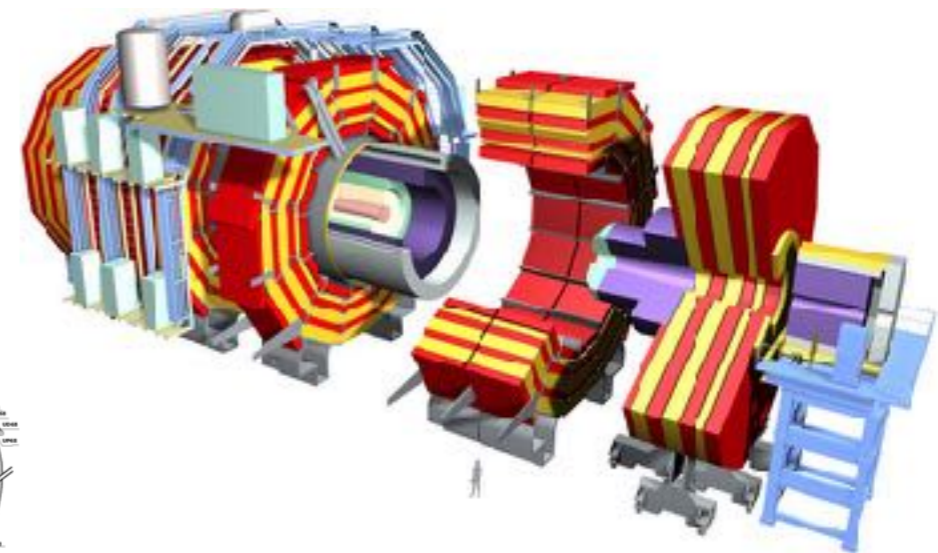
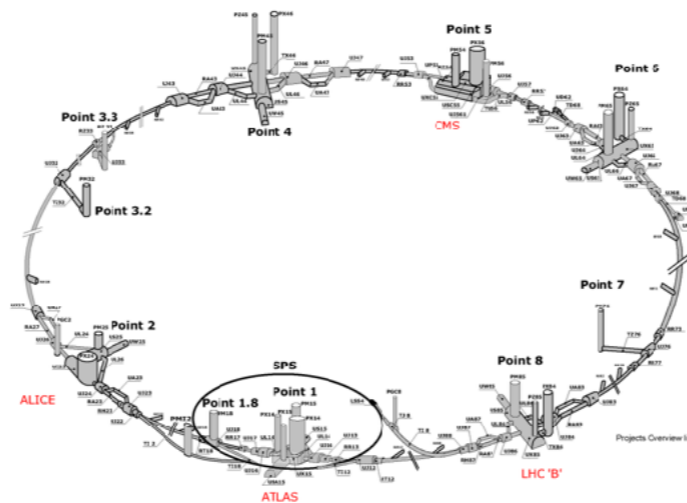
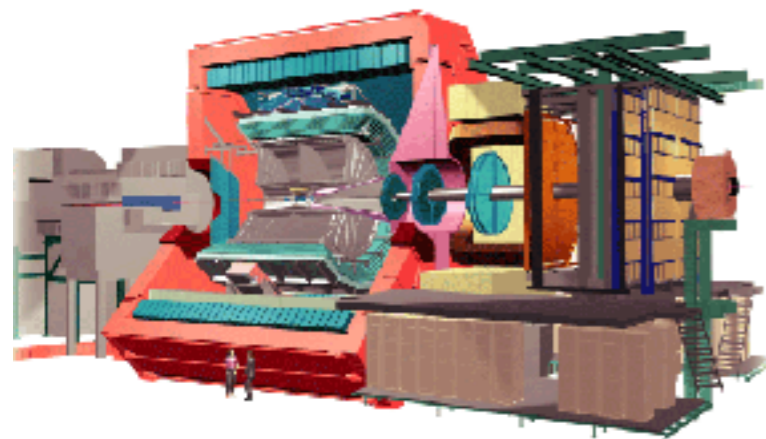
LHC Large Hadron Collider   SPS Super Proton Synchrotron   PS Proton Synchrotron

AD Antiproton Decelerator   CTF-3 Clic Test Facility   CNGS Cern Neutrinos to Gran Sasso   ISOLDE Isotope Separator OnLine DEvice  
 LEIR Low Energy Ion Ring   LINAC LINEar ACcelerator   n-ToF Neutrons Time Of Flight

# The Detectors



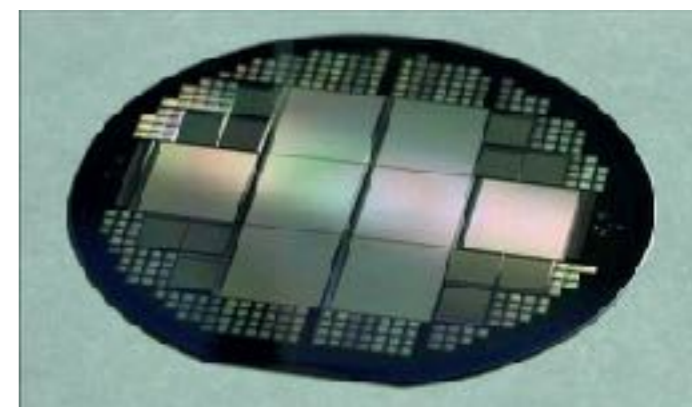
记录数据量~50PB=5千万GB每年!



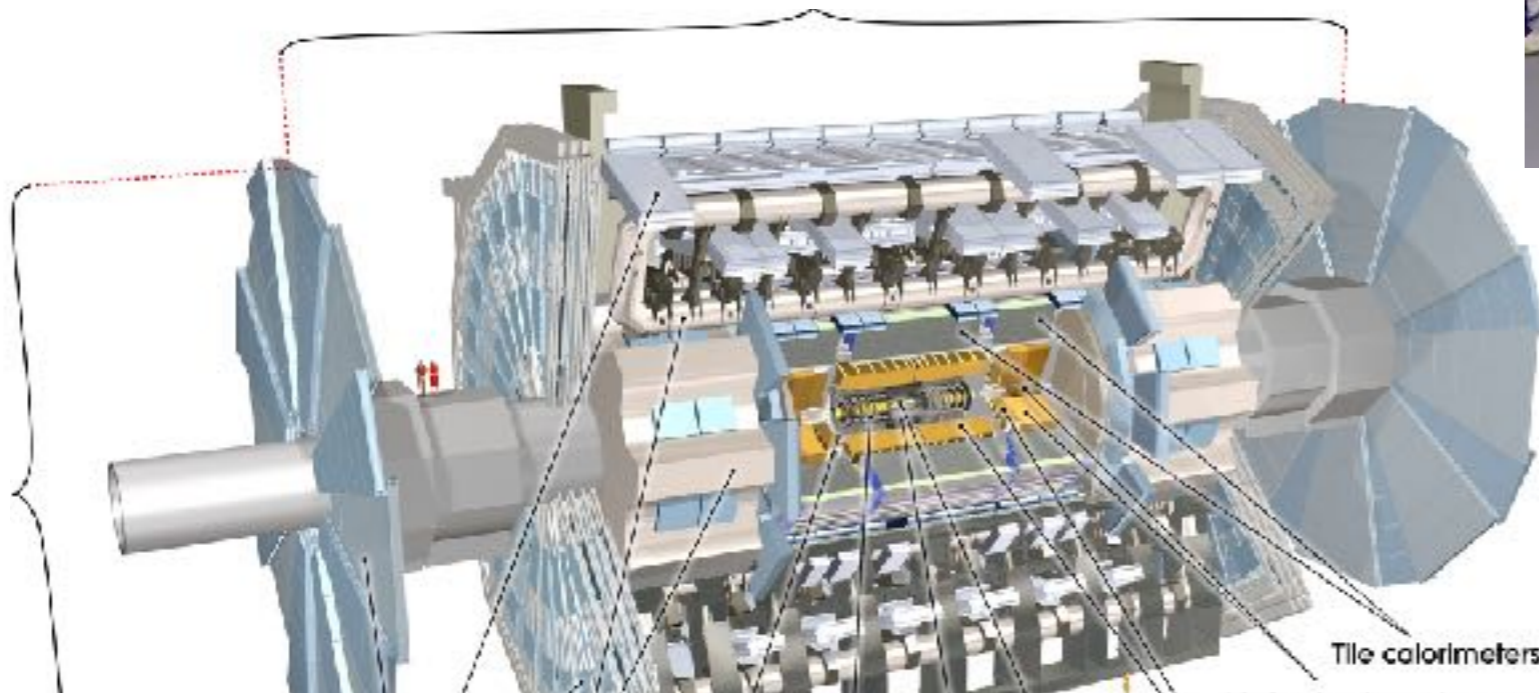
*ATLAS produces about 1 GB/s*  
*CMS produces about 1 GB/s*  
*LHCb produces about 0.6 GB/s*  
*ALICE produces several GB/s during heavy-ion running*

# An Example: ATLAS

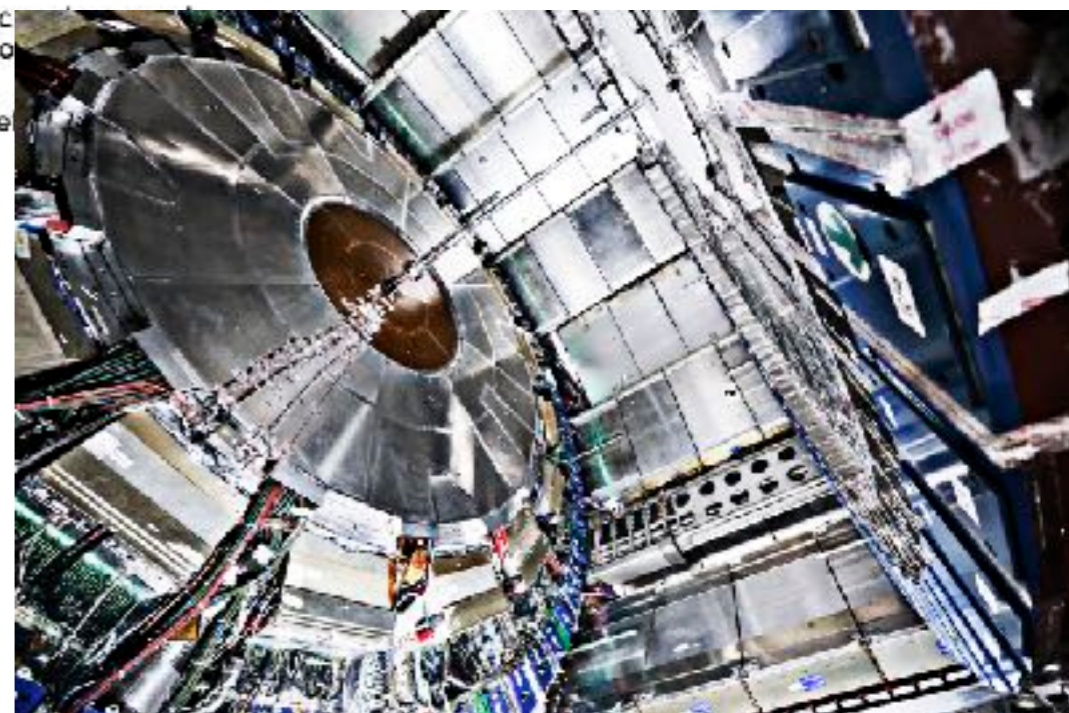
46米长

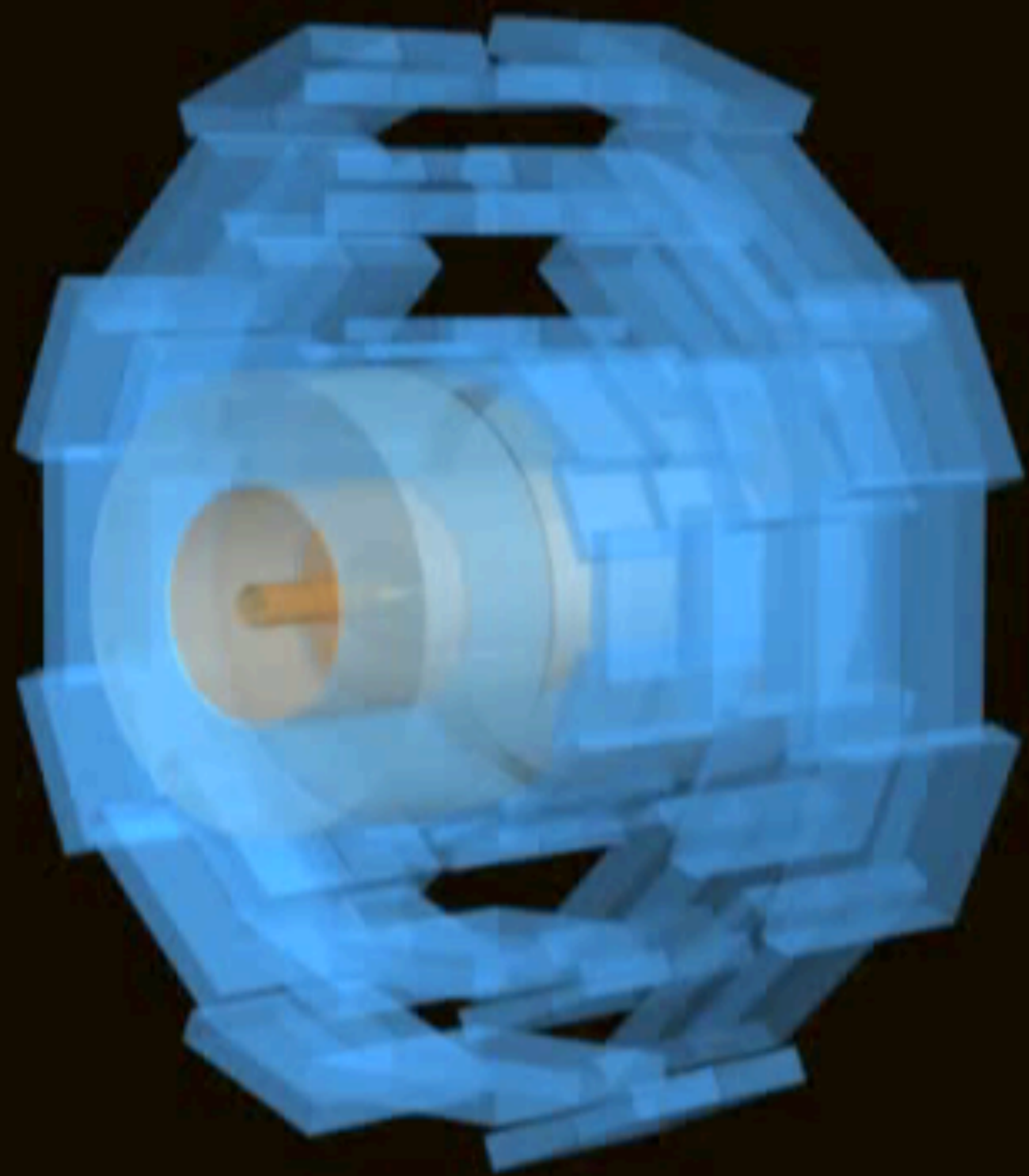


直径  
26米



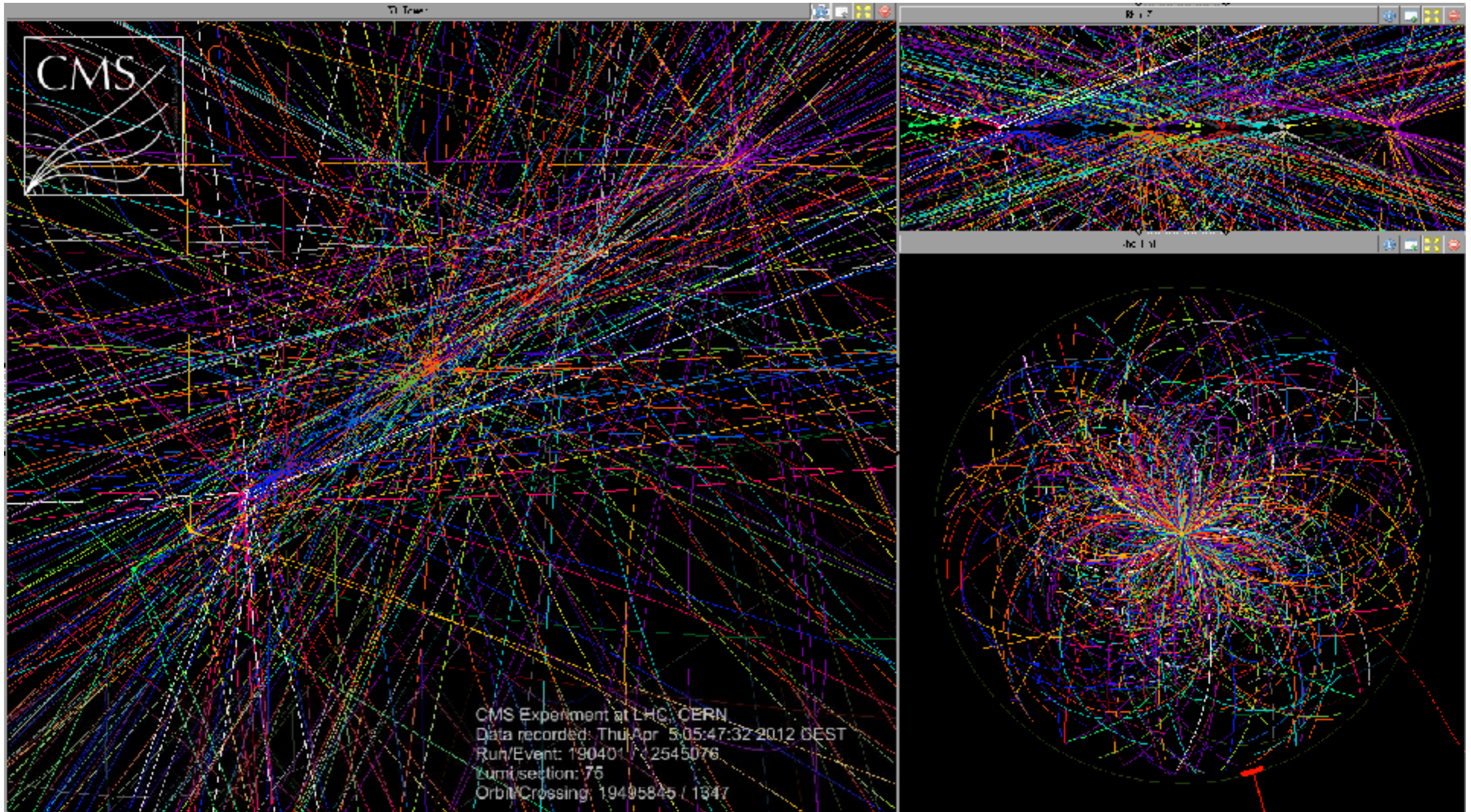
Tile calorimeters  
LAr hadronic forward calo  
Pixel detector  
LAr electromagnetic calorime  
ion radiation tracker  
acker







# Reconstruction of the particles



# $pp$ Collision

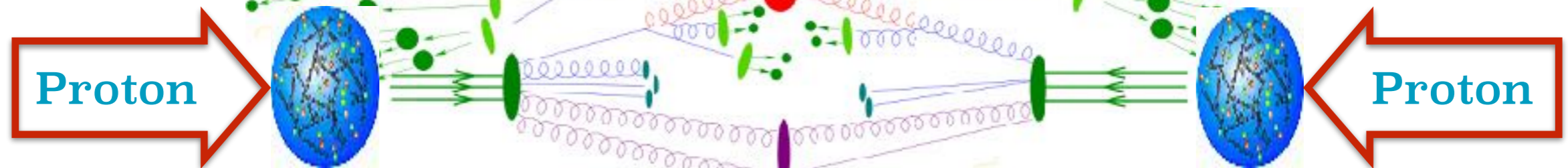
- The proton-proton collision.

Electromagnetic radiation

Hadronization

Parton Showering

Hard scattering



Underlying events

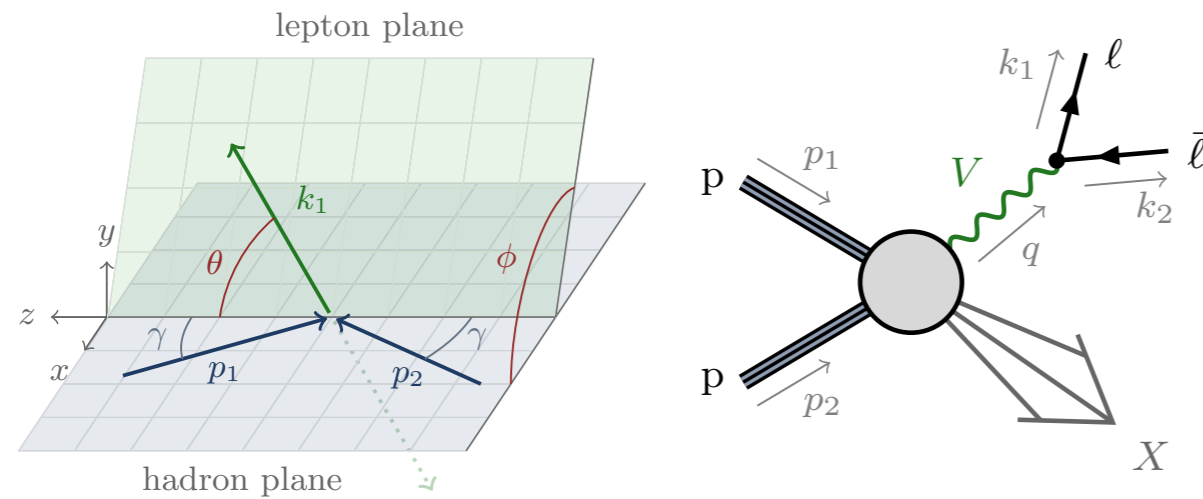
Decay

Why precisely calculation?

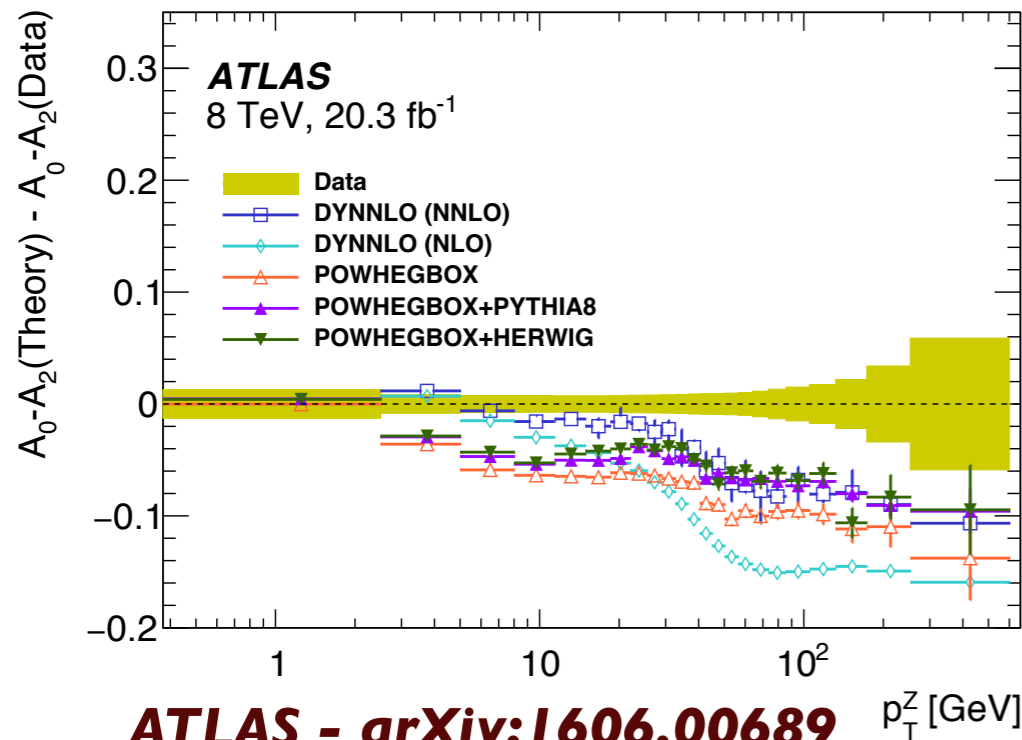


# Angular Coefficients in Z-boson production

Rhorry Gauld



$$\frac{d\sigma}{d^4q \cos\theta d\phi} = \frac{3}{16\pi} \frac{d\sigma^{\text{unpol.}}}{d^4q} \left\{ (1 + \cos^2\theta) + \frac{1}{2} A_0 (1 - 3\cos^2\theta) + A_1 \sin(2\theta) \cos\phi + \frac{1}{2} A_2 \sin^2\theta \cos(2\phi) + A_3 \sin\theta \cos\phi + A_4 \cos\theta + A_5 \sin^2\theta \sin(2\phi) + A_6 \sin(2\theta) \sin\phi + A_7 \sin\theta \sin\phi \right\}$$



**ATLAS - arXiv:1606.00689**

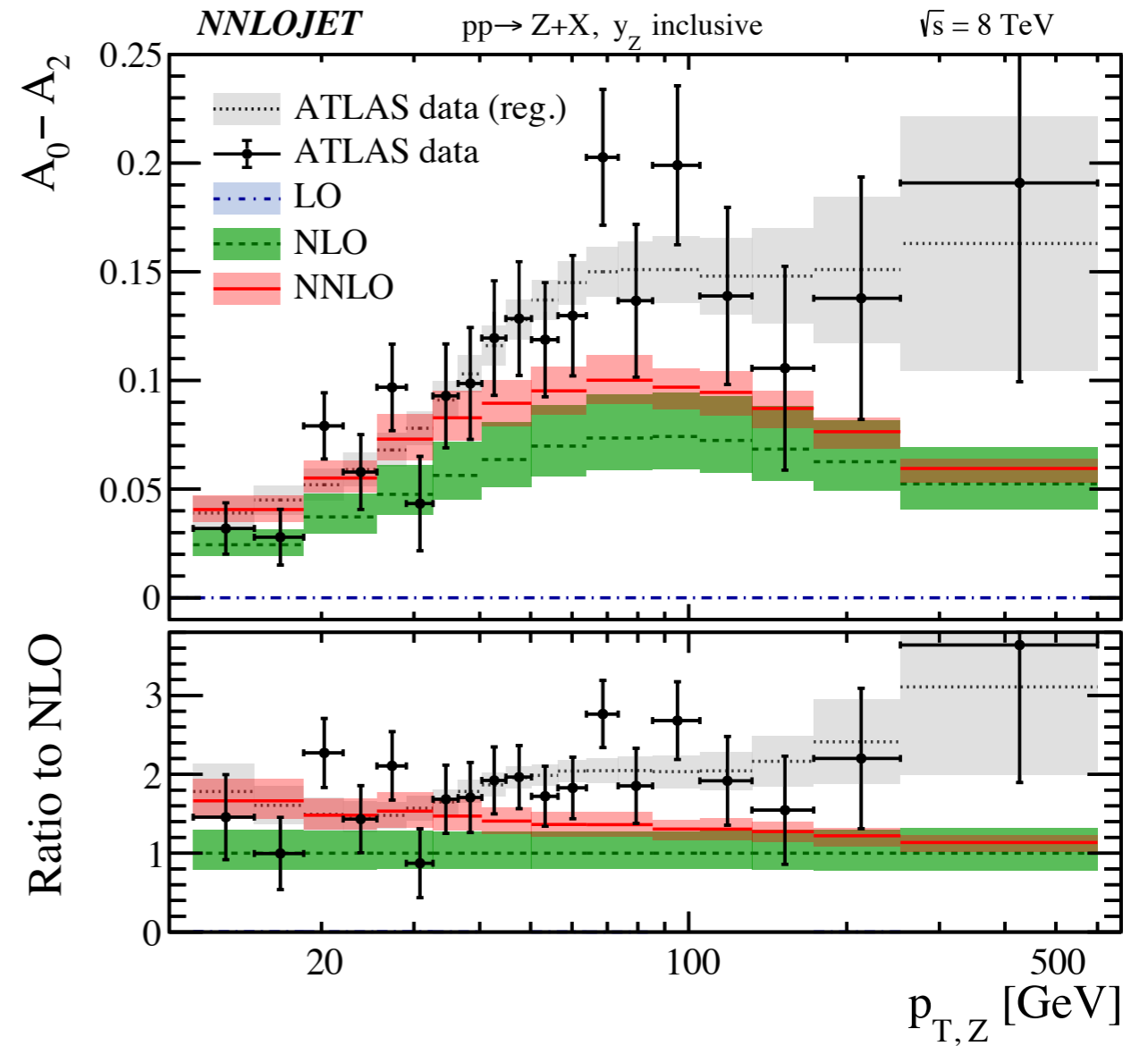
Tension observed for  $A_0 - A_2$



X. Chen, J. Cruz-Martinez, RG, A. Gehrmann-De Ridder, T. Gehrmann, E.W.N. Glover, A. Huss, I. Majer, J. Niehues, J. Pires, D. Walker + J. Currie, T. Morgan [CERN, IPPP Durham, Zurich (ETH, UZH), Lisbon (CFTP)]

Common framework for NNLO corrections

## Assessing Lam-Tung violation



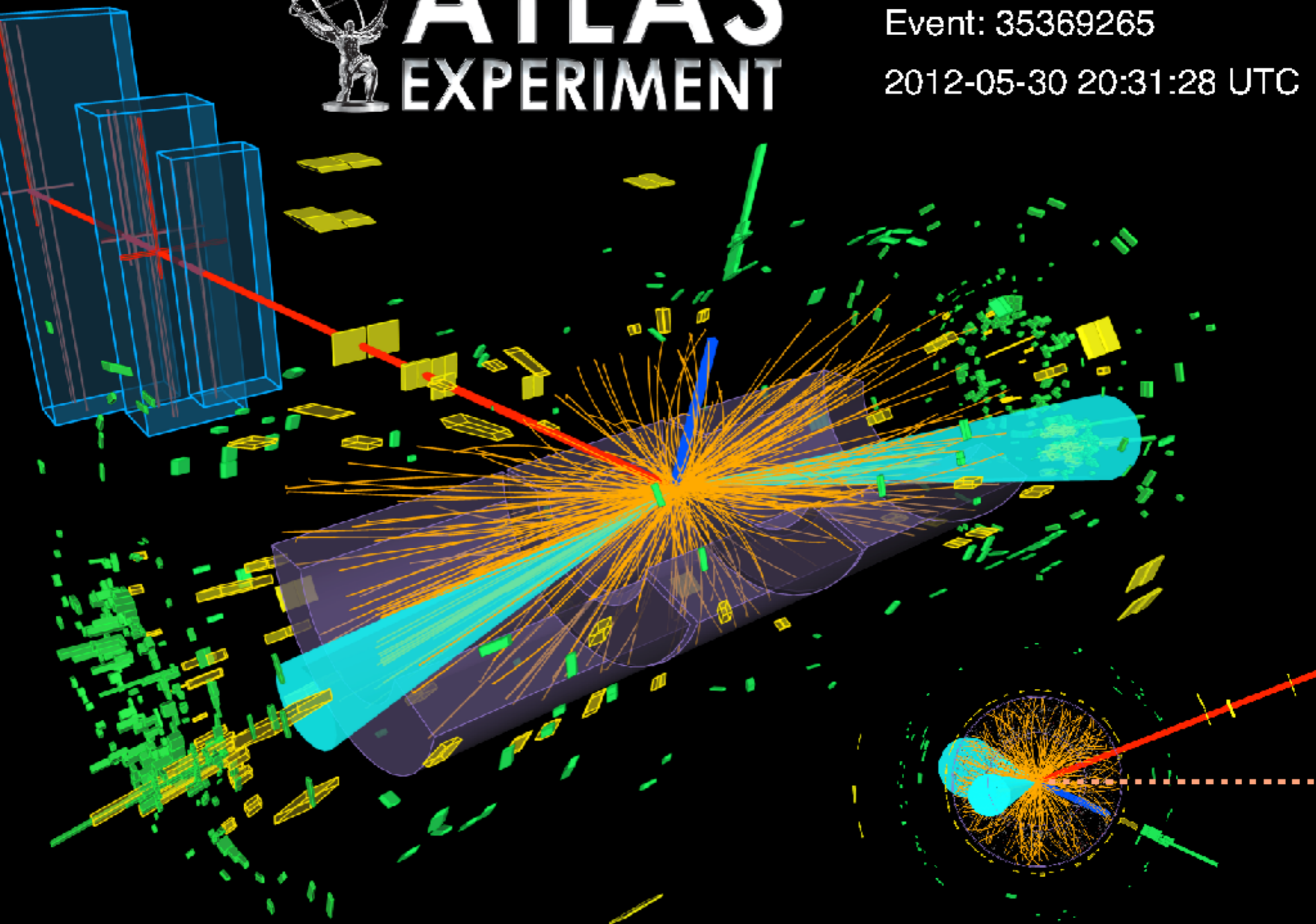


# ATLAS EXPERIMENT

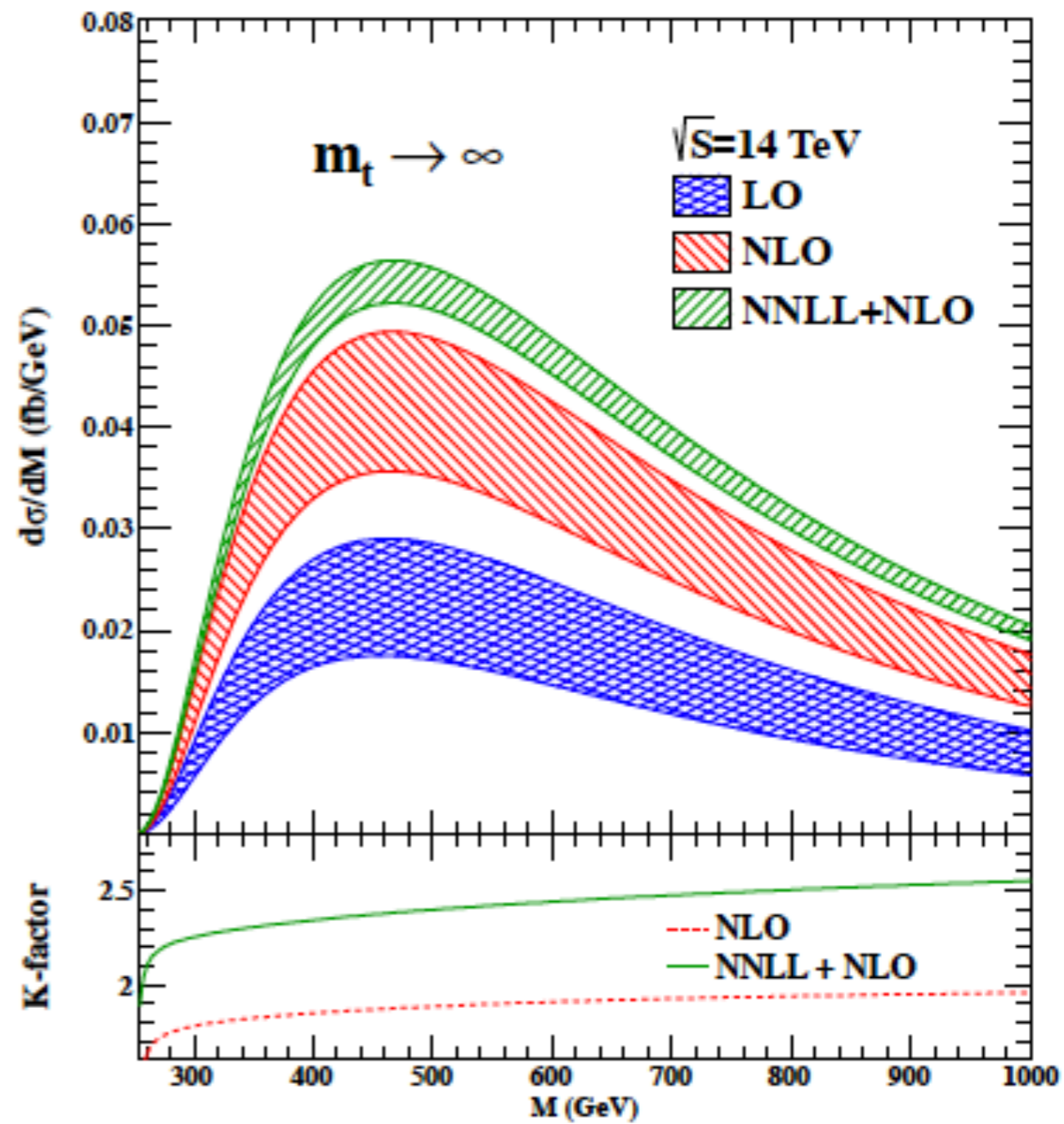
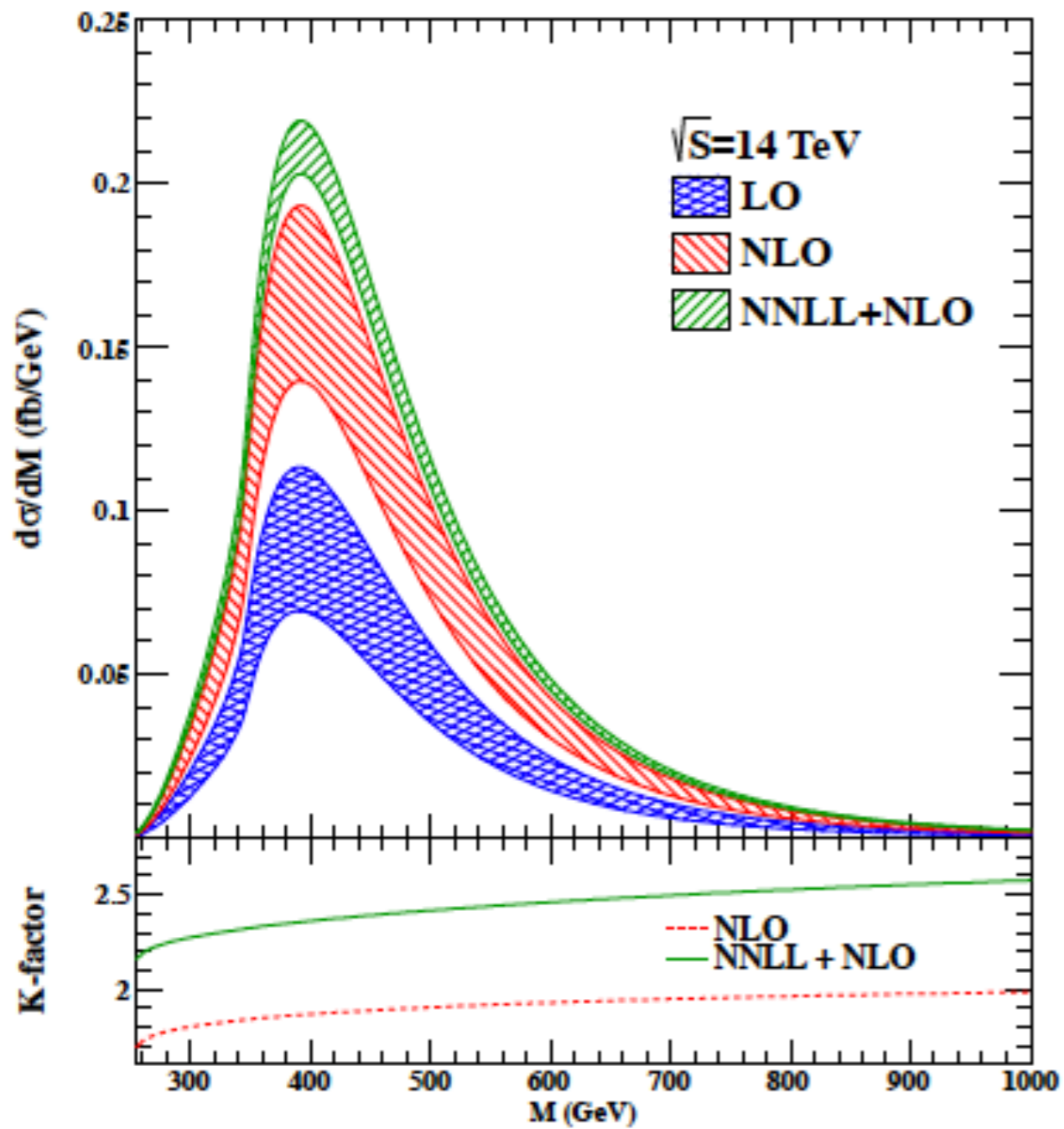
Run: 204153

Event: 35369265

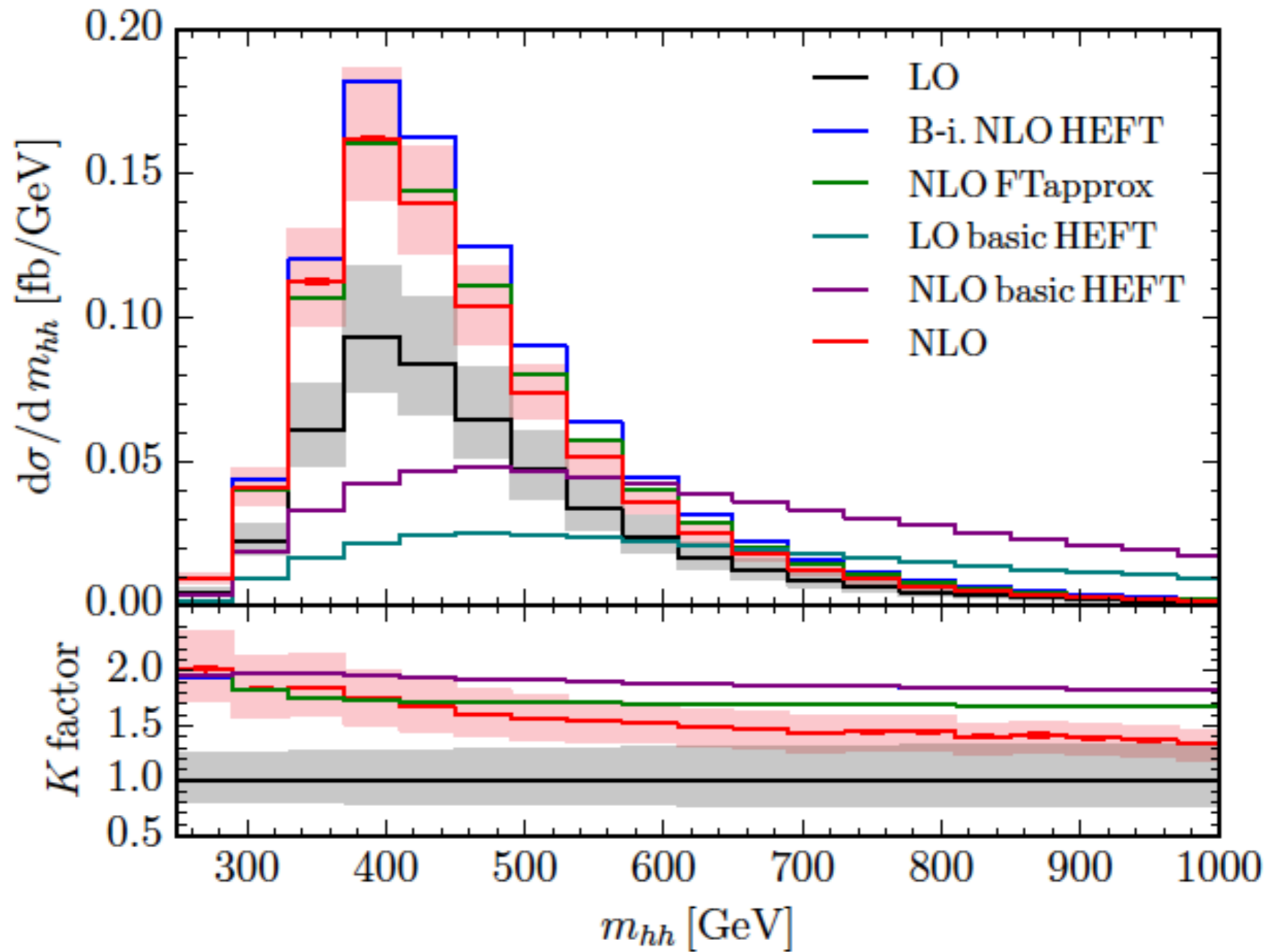
2012-05-30 20:31:28 UTC



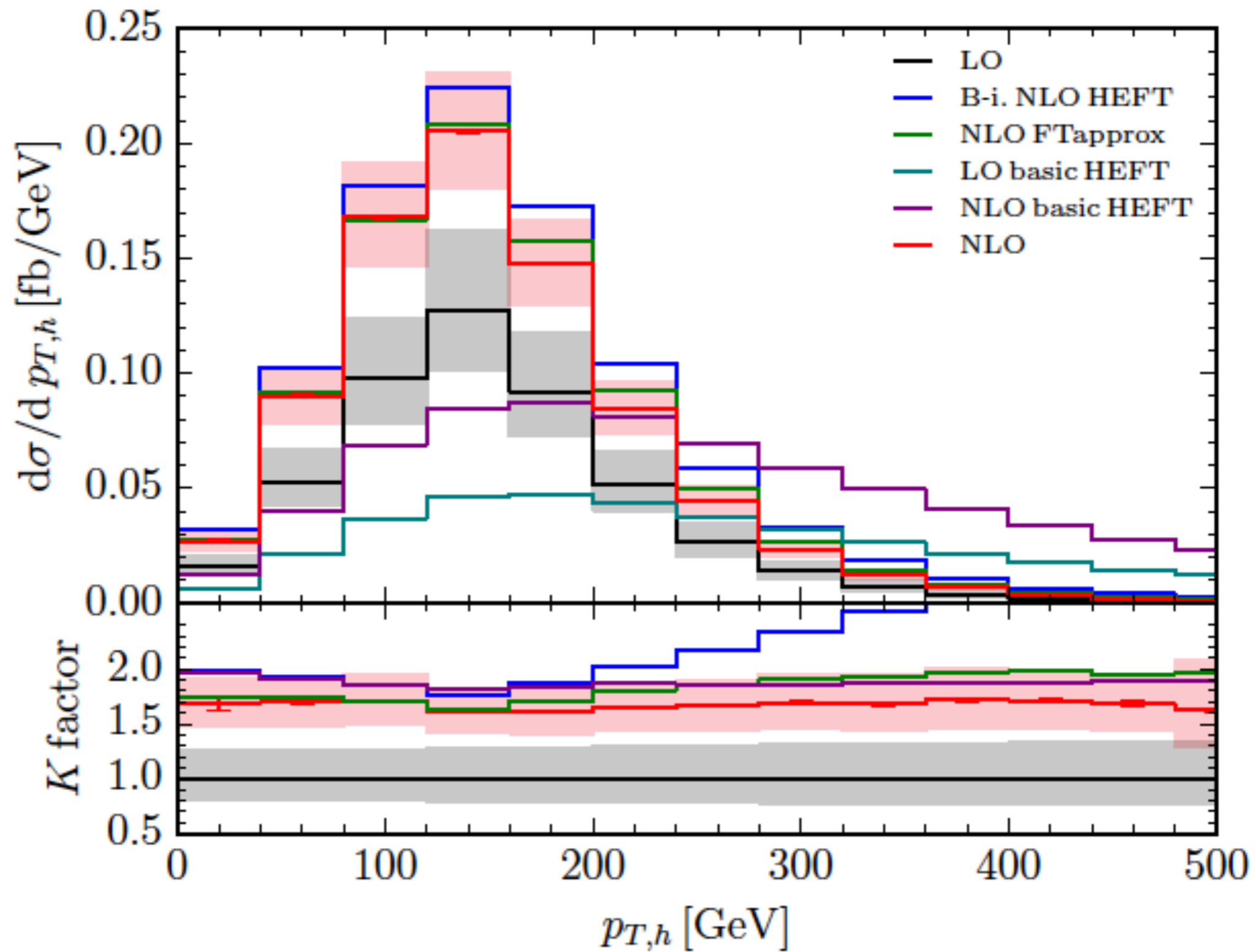
# Higgs Pair



# Higgs Pair

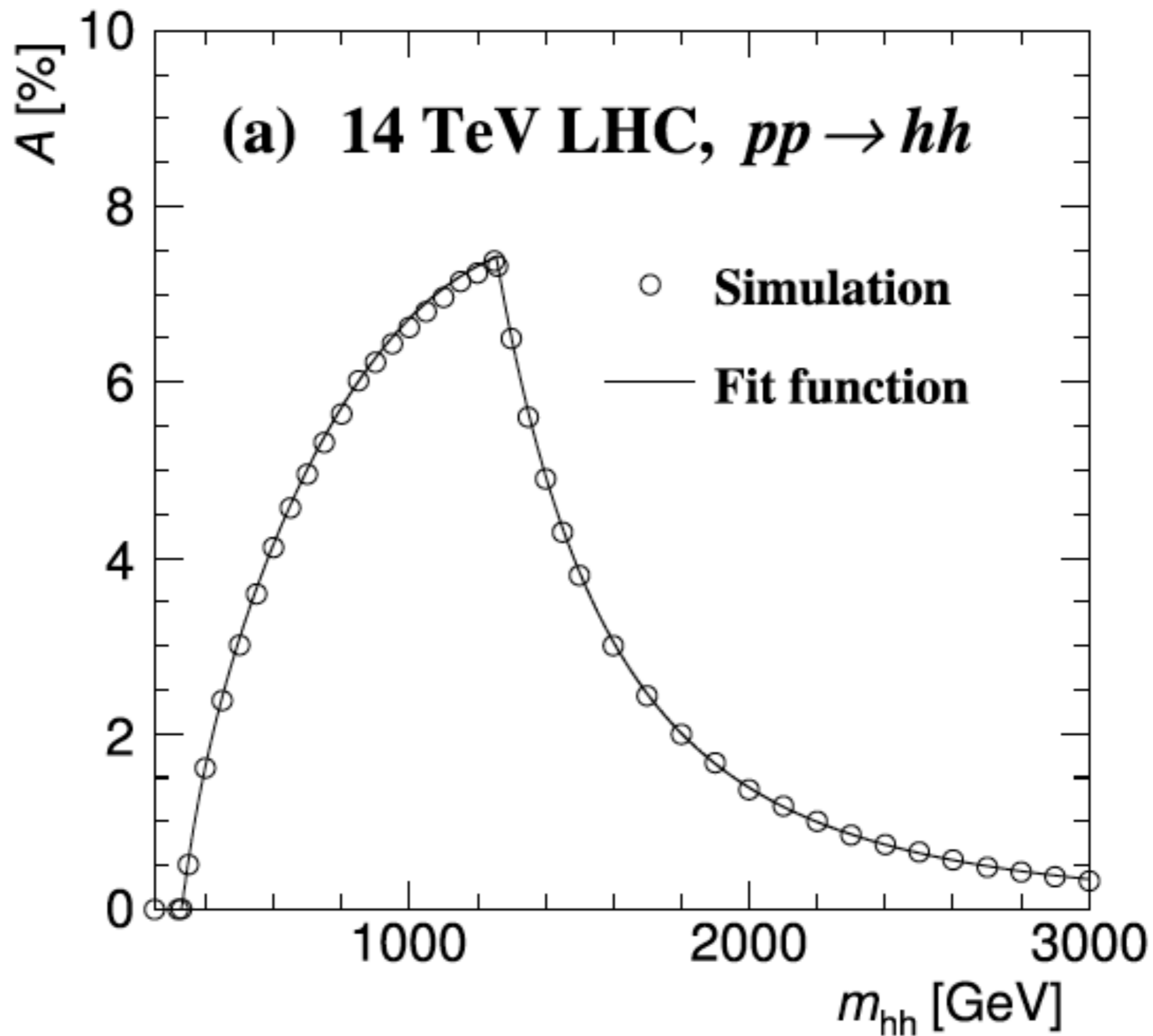


# Higgs Pair





# Higgs Pair



- SM is good.
- More and more precise calculations are needed.
- More data — ICHEP2018.

*Thank you!*

