



中国科学院高能物理研究所

Institute of High Energy Physics Chinese Academy of Sciences

# Observation of $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$

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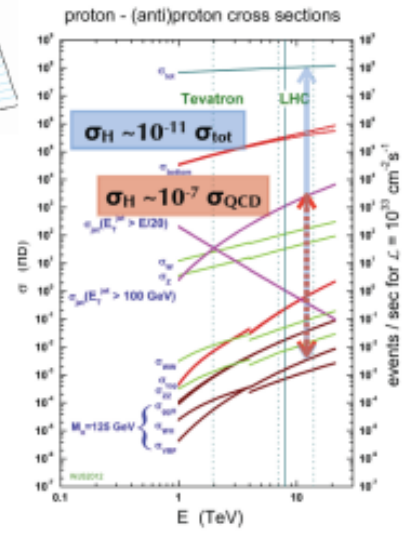
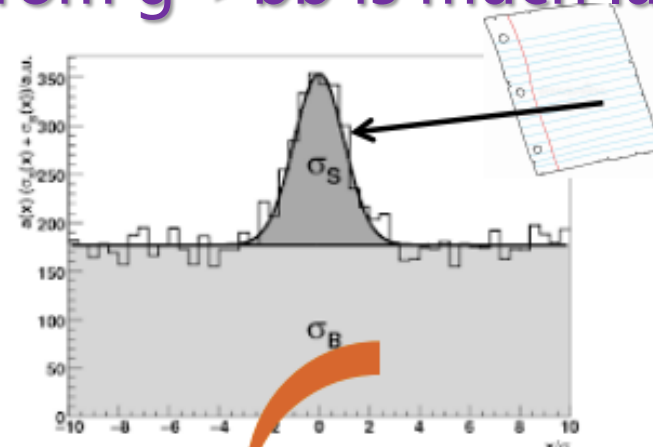
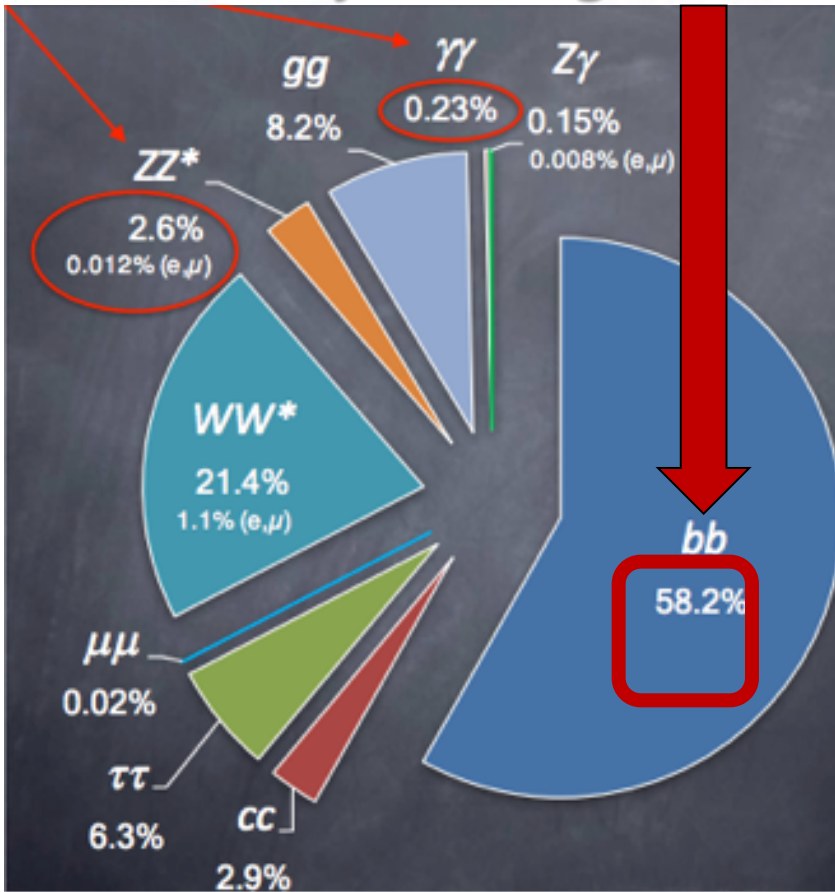
2018重味物理和CP破坏研讨会

# Outline

- Overview of the history of  $H \rightarrow bb$  search
- Search for SM  $H \rightarrow bb$  (Dominant Decay Channel)
  - VBF  $H \rightarrow bb$  analysis
  - $VH(\rightarrow bb)$
- BSM search with  $H \rightarrow bb$  final state

# Search for $H \rightarrow bb$ decay

- Motivation  $H \rightarrow bb$  is the Dominant Decay mode
- Difficulty : background from  $g \rightarrow bb$  is much larger

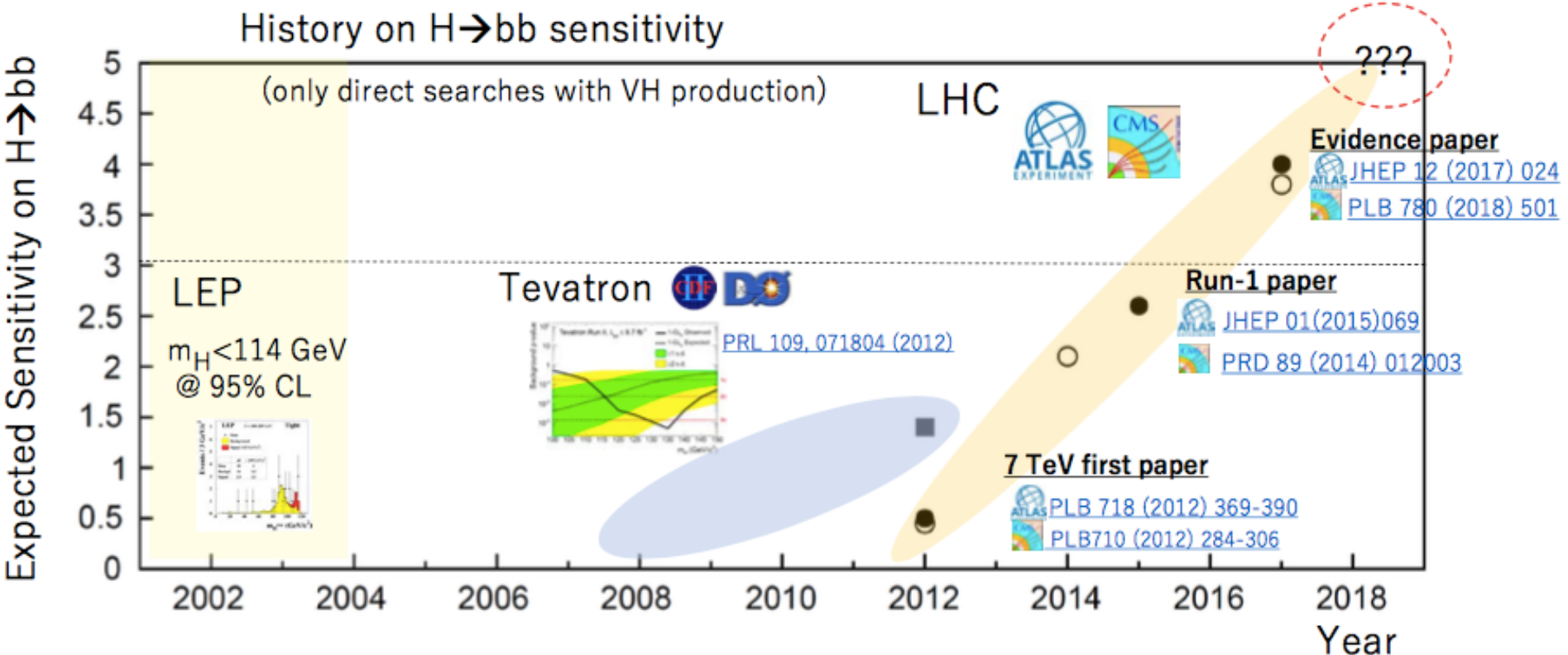


Need to reconstruct an individual quark  
 Need to identify the flavor of the quark  
 SM background is 10 orders of magnitude higher



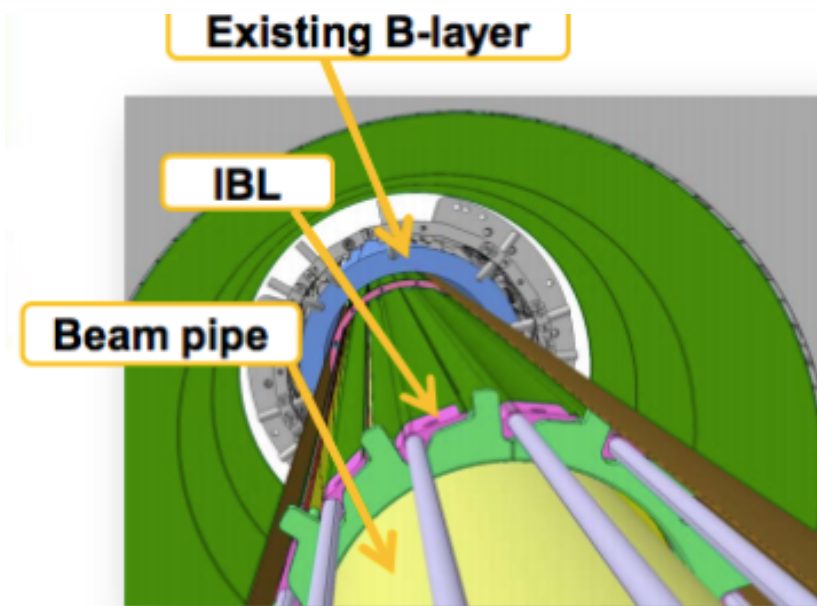
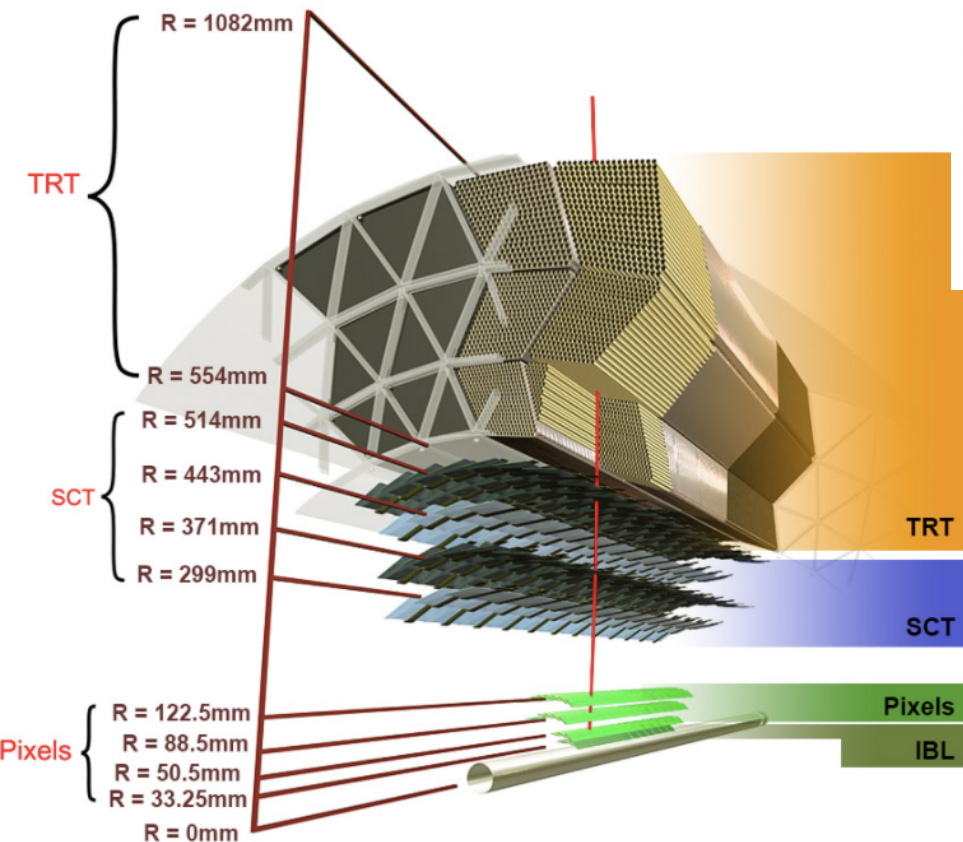
# History of $H \rightarrow bb$

- Started in LEP era, developed in Tevatron, then LHC.
- Last for more than 20 years
- Still Not found in LHC Run 1 analysis



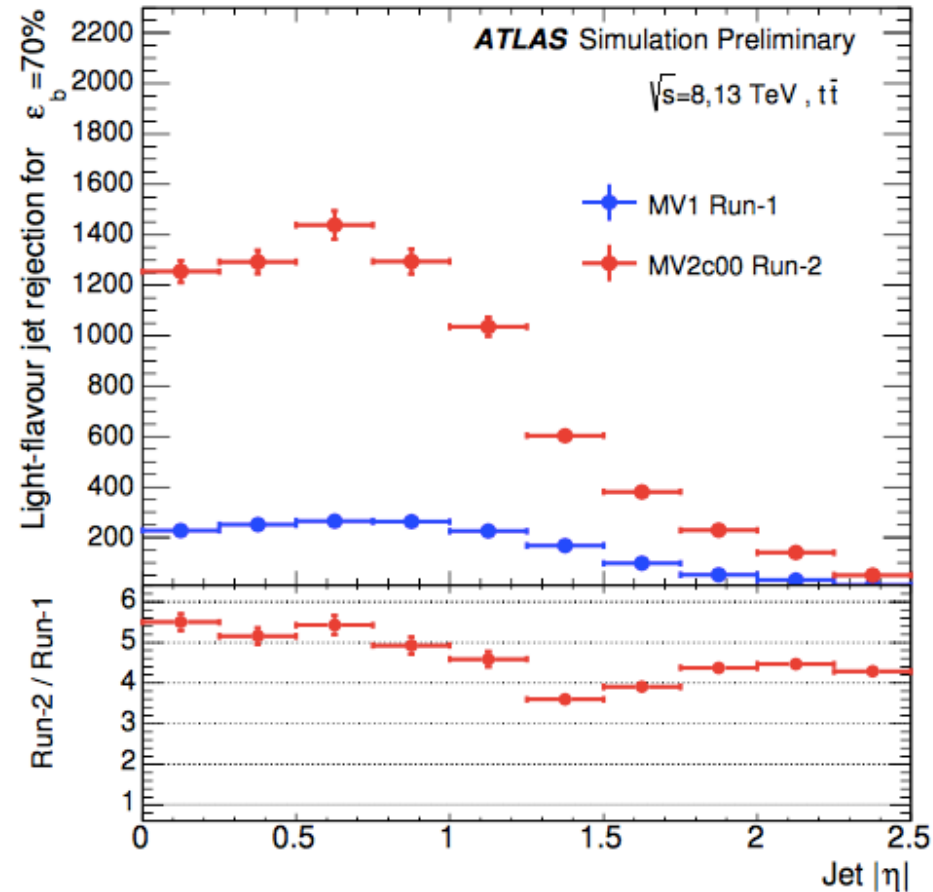
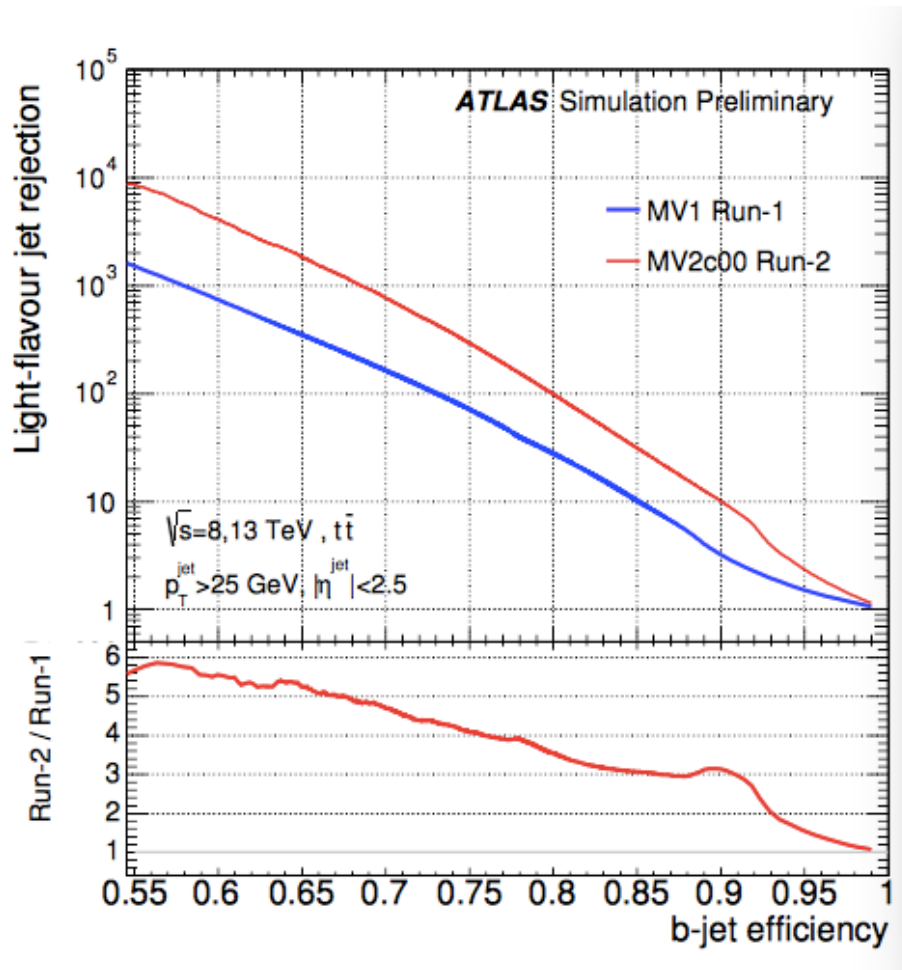
# ATLAS Detector upgrade: run 1 to run 2

- IBL = New Insertable pixel B-Layer at R=33 mm



# B tagging performance Improvement

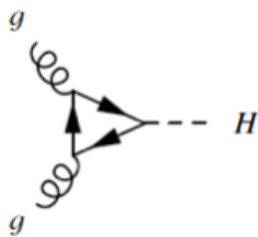
- Light jet rejection increases by a factor of 10 in run2



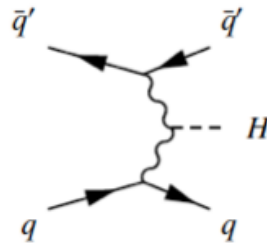
# H → bb search: 4 channels

- Gluon-gluon fusion (ggF):
  - Largest production, huge background, difficult to trigger
- Vector boson fusion (VBF): Forward jet signature
- W/Z Associated production (VH):
  - Lepton trigger, missing energy signature
- Ttbar associated production (ttH):
  - lepton, multi-jets signature
- H → bb is hadronic final state
  - need a clear signature for trigger at hadron collider

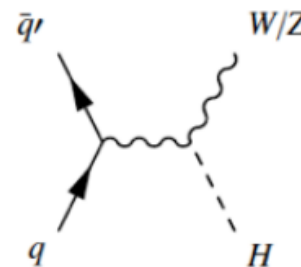
ggF:  $\sigma = 43.9 \text{ pb}$



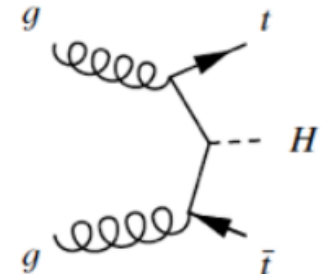
VBF:  $\sigma = 3.7 \text{ pb}$



VH:  $\sigma = 2.3 \text{ pb}$



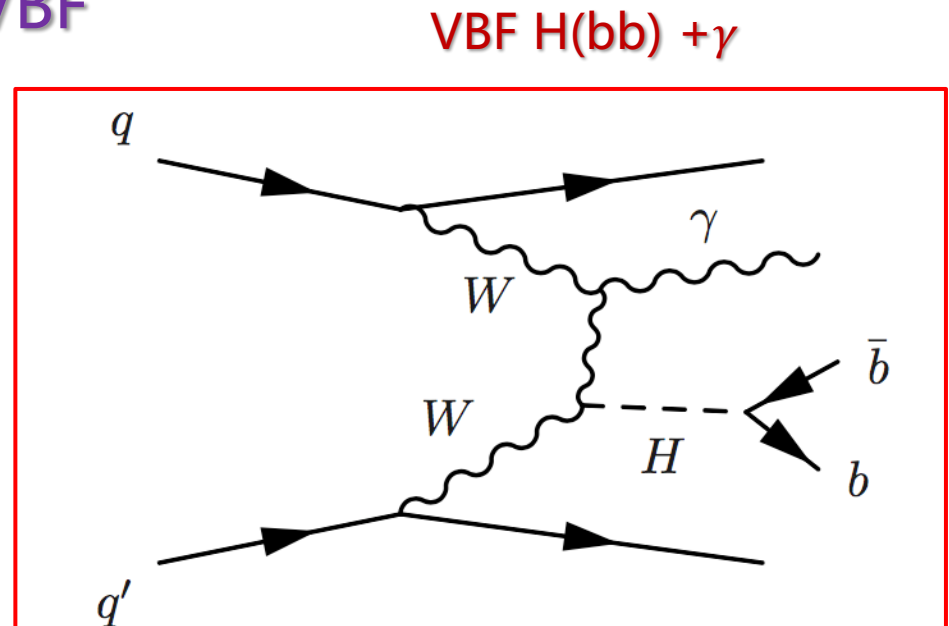
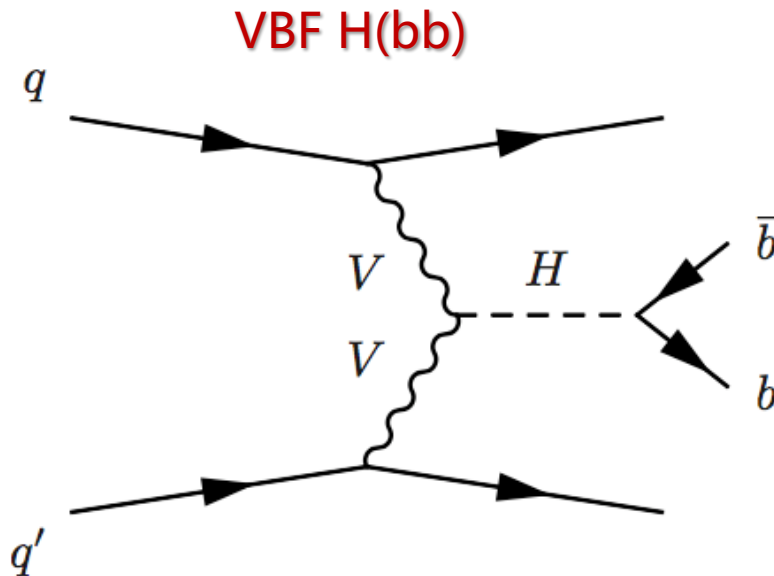
ttH:  $\sigma = 0.50 \text{ pb}$



Xsec @ 13 TeV

# VBF H(bb) analysis

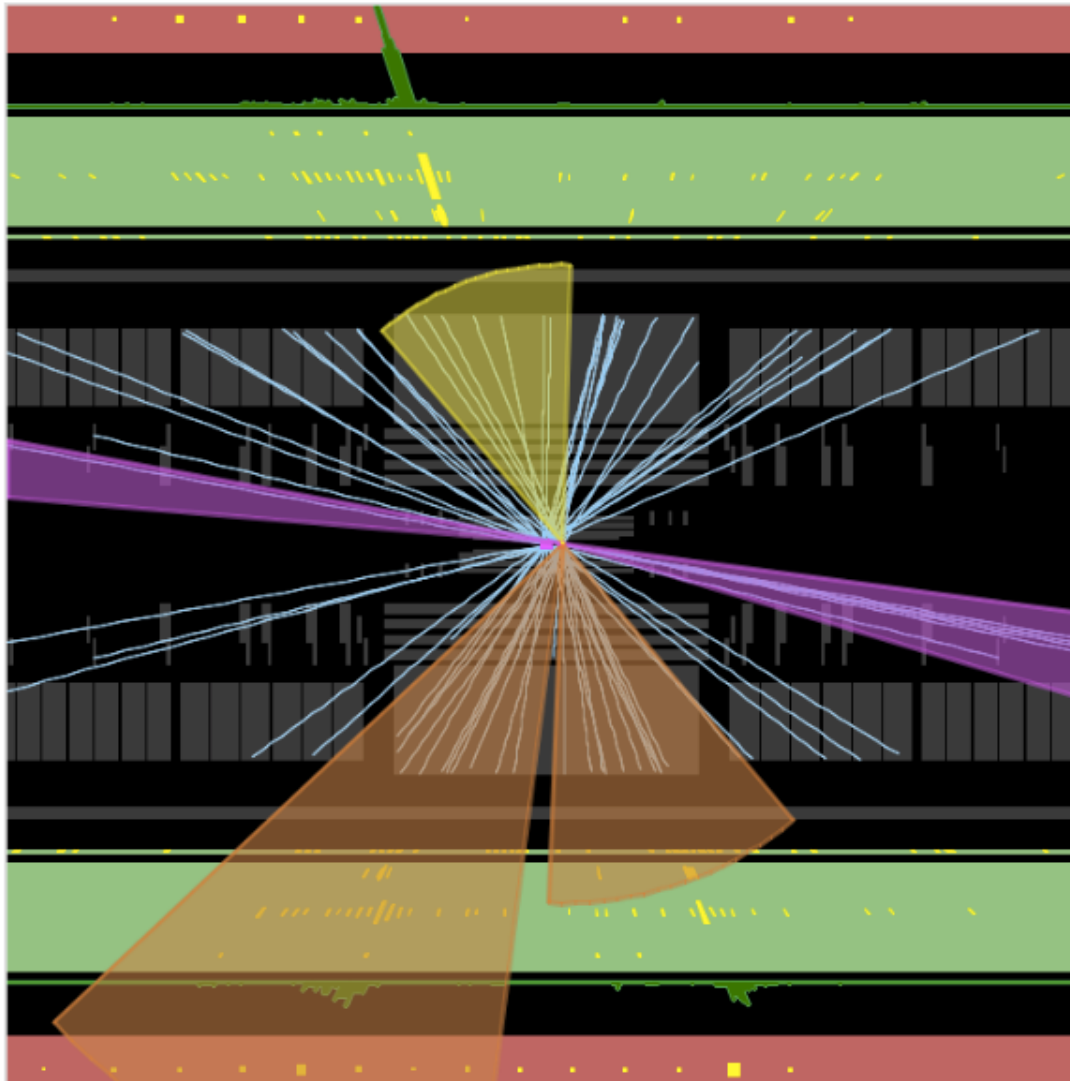
- IHEP team propose Search for H- $\rightarrow$ bb in VBF events containing a central photon
- Advantages of requiring a photon
  - extra handle for trigger
  - suppresses QCD background
  - Sensitive to WWH VBF production
  - not sensitive to ZZH VBF





# Event display for VBF H(bb)

Photon



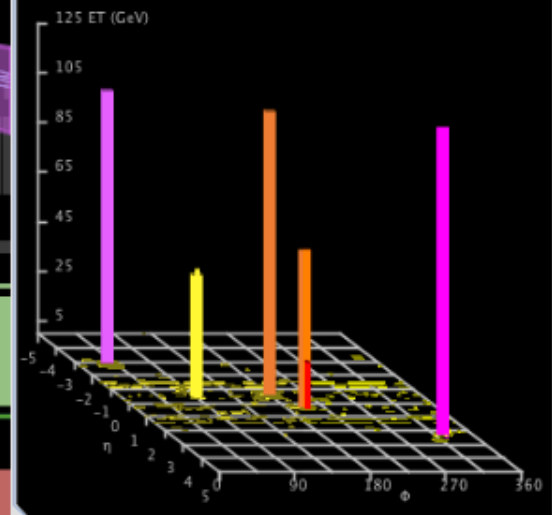
VBF jets

b-jets



Run Number: 302956, Event Number: 1228205769

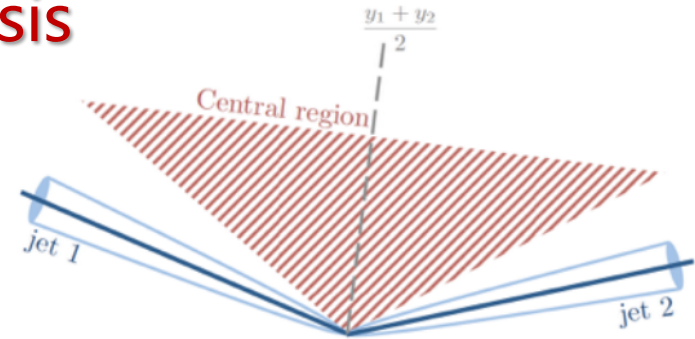
Date: 2016-06-29 09:08:58 CEST



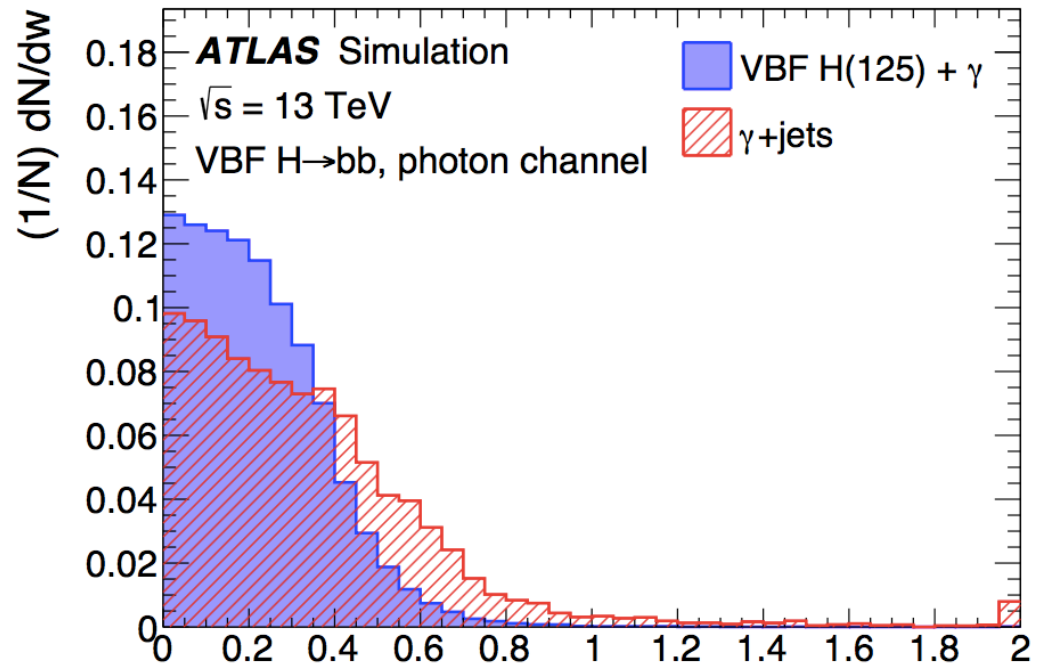
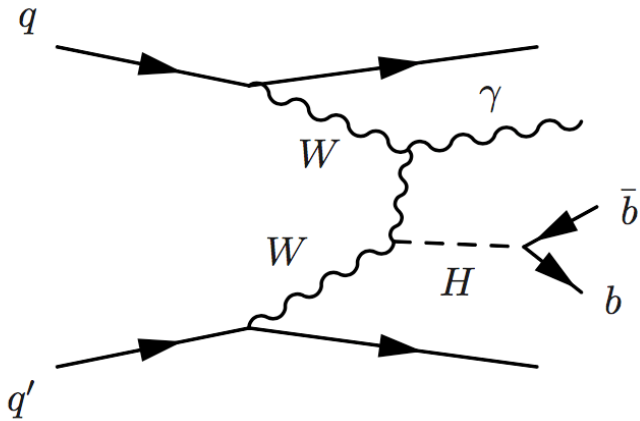
# MVA Input variable: photon centrality

Use 11 variable used in BDT analysis

$$\text{centrality}(\gamma) = \left| \frac{y_\gamma - \frac{y_{j_1} + y_{j_2}}{2}}{y_{j_1} - y_{j_2}} \right|$$

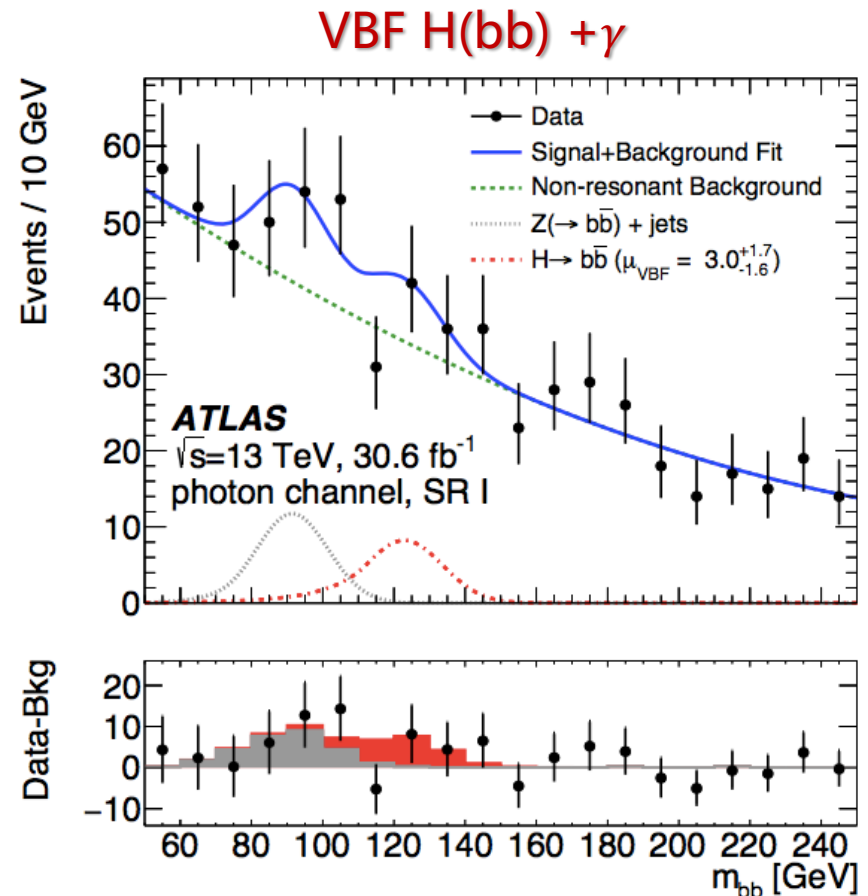
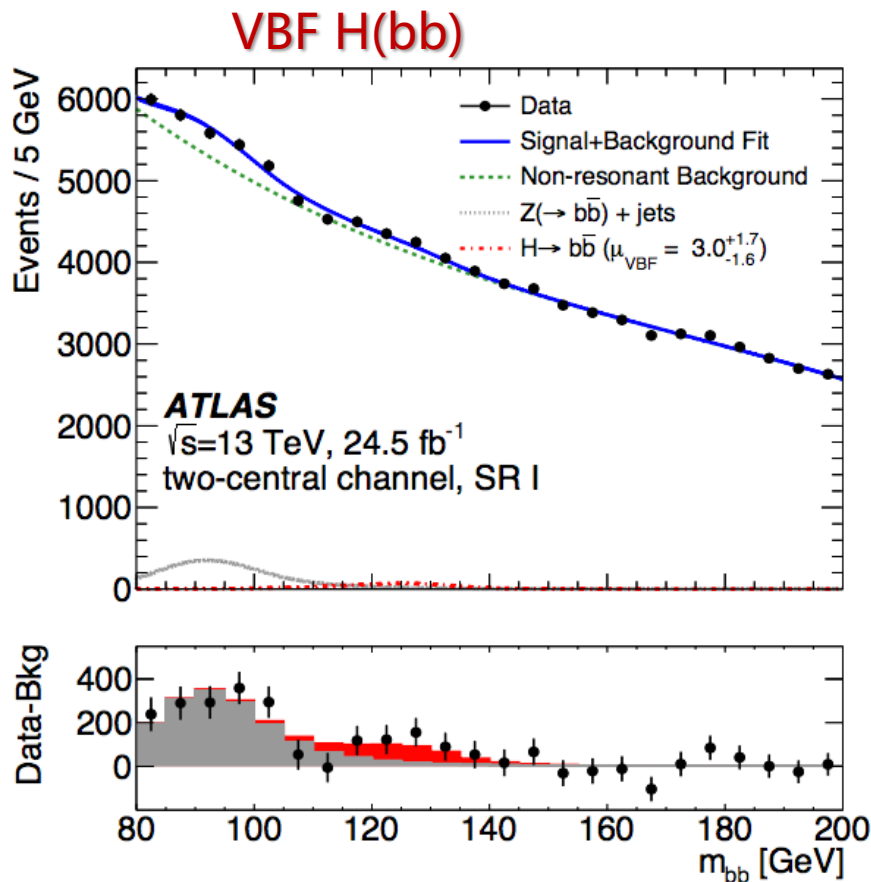


No color connection between VBF jets and b jets in signal



# VBF H(bb) background fit

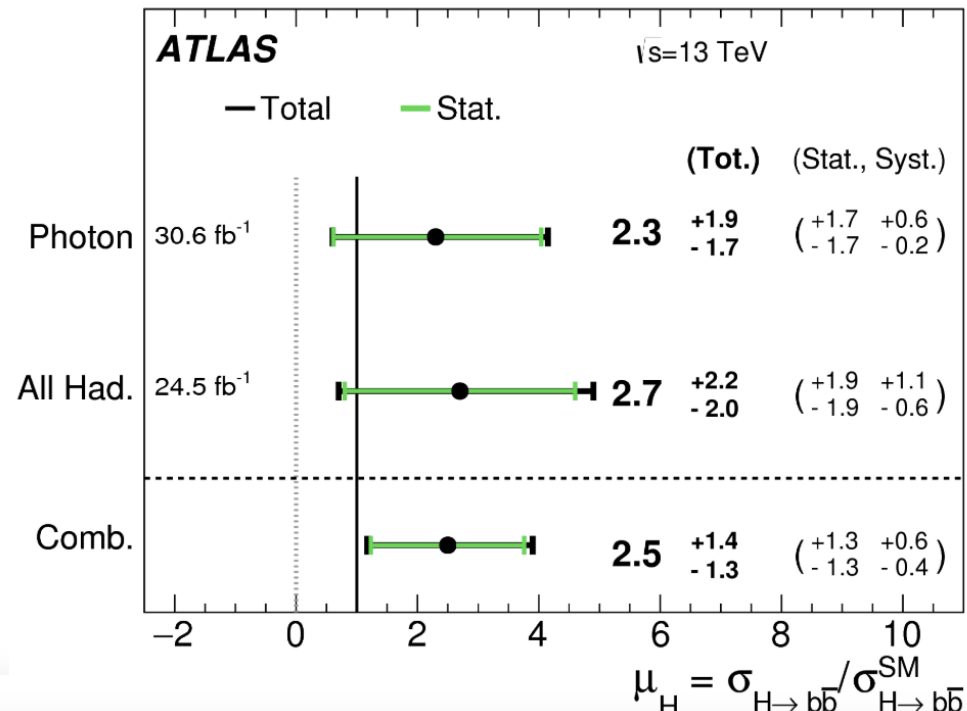
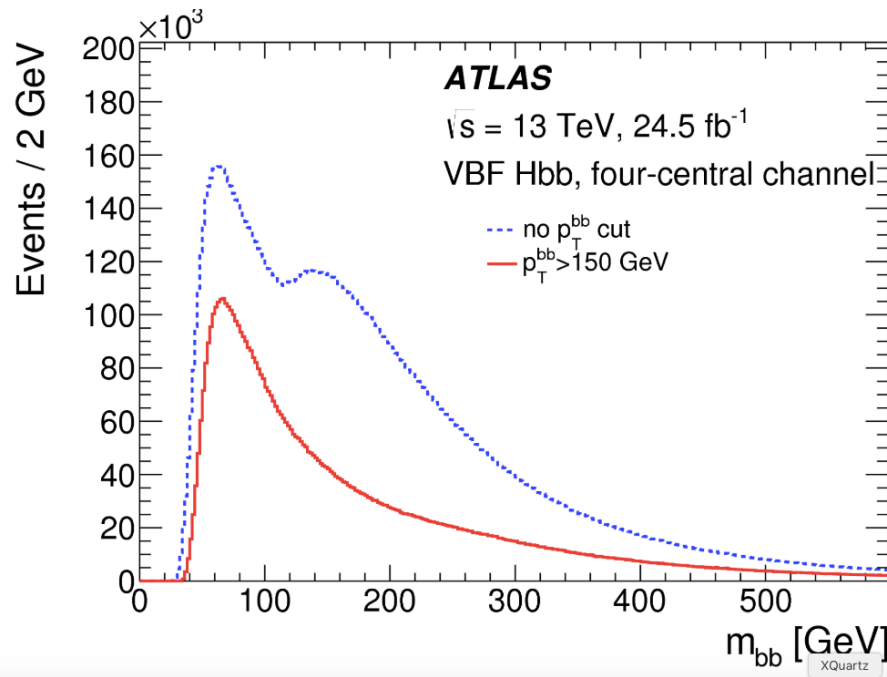
- Simultaneous  $m(bb)$  Fit to all 9 regions
  - Signal shape is modelled by crystal ball function
  - Background shape is modelling by polynomial function



# VBF H(bb) result and major issue

- $\sim 2\sigma$  significance using VBF H(bb)
  - Statistics uncertainty dominated
- Inclusive VBF H(bb) is limited by
  - Jet Trigger  $p_T$  threshold too high
  - Need very high  $p_T(bb)$  cut to reduce trigger bias
  - Z+jets modelling unc. in high  $p_T(bb)$  is large

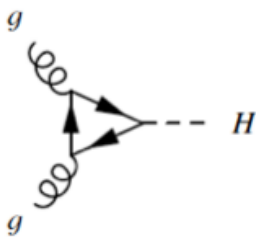
Phys. Rev. D 98 (2018) 052003



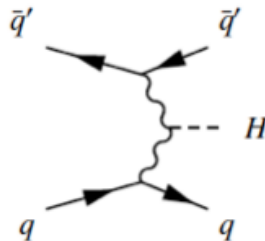
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  - $\rightarrow$  need a clear signature for trigger at hadron collider

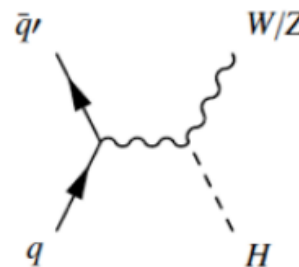
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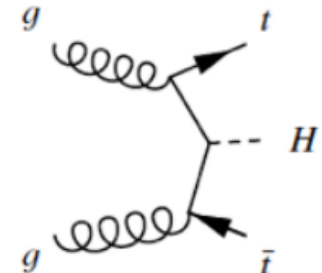
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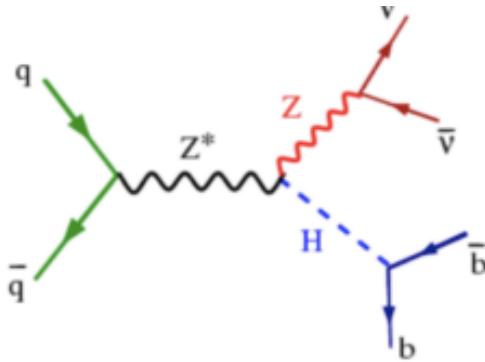
ttH:  $\sigma = 0.50 \text{ pb}$



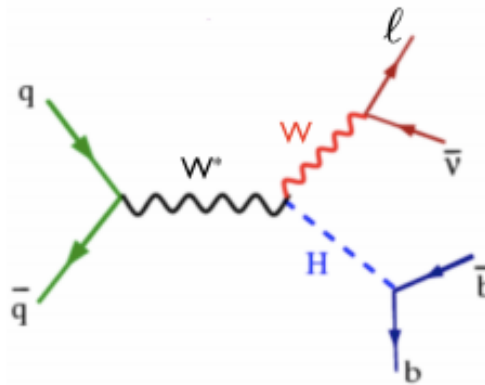
Xsec @ 13 TeV

# VH(bb) analysis

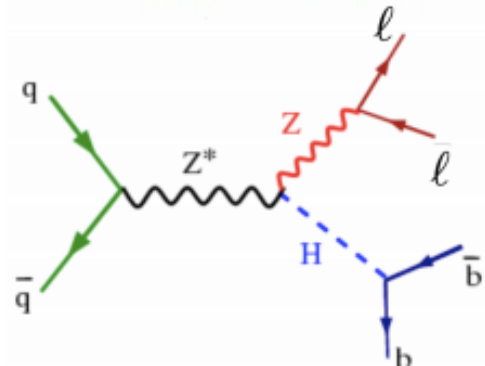
0-lepton



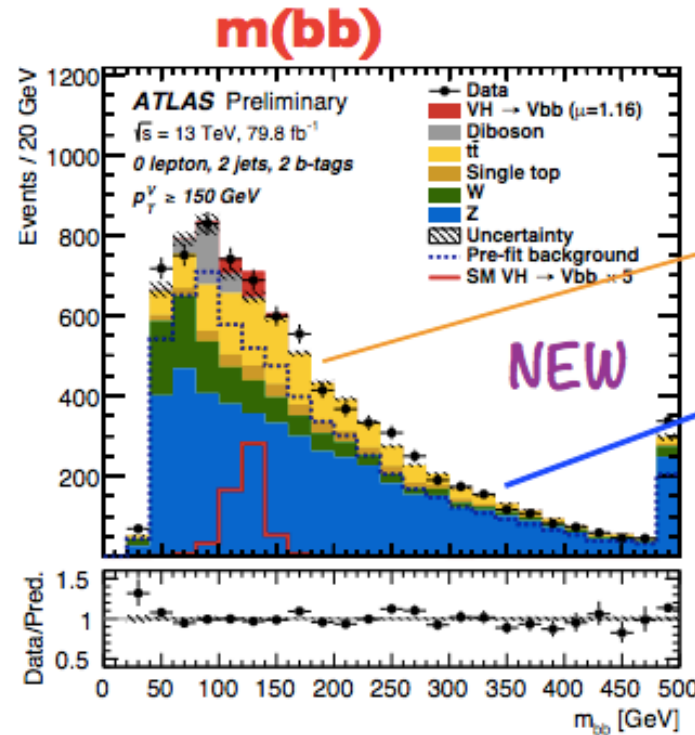
1-lepton



2-lepton



- VH production most sensitive mode for  $H \rightarrow bb$  at the LHC
- 3 channels (0-, 1-, 2 charged leptons from  $V=W/Z$  boson)
- Select 2  $b$ -tagged jets and  $p_T(V) > 75$  or 150 GeV
- Main discriminant variables  $m(bb)$ ,  $p_T(V)$  and  $\Delta R(bb)$  (combined into a Boosted Decision Tree)



Non-resonant backgrounds:  
 **$t\bar{t}$ bar,**  
**single top**  
 (NLO, PowHeg)  
**W+jets**  
**Z+jets**  
 (NLO for up to 2 extra jets, Sherpa 2.2.1)

Overall strategy:  
 normalization from data, shapes from MC

# VH(bb) result

Fit result with 79.8 fb<sup>-1</sup> of Run-2 data

$$\mu = \sigma_{\text{meas}} / \sigma_{\text{SM}} = 1.16_{-0.25}^{+0.27}$$

Significance: **4.9σ** (4.3σ expected)

Combination with Run-I:

$$\mu = 0.98 \pm 0.14(\text{stat.})_{-0.16}^{+0.17}(\text{syst.})$$

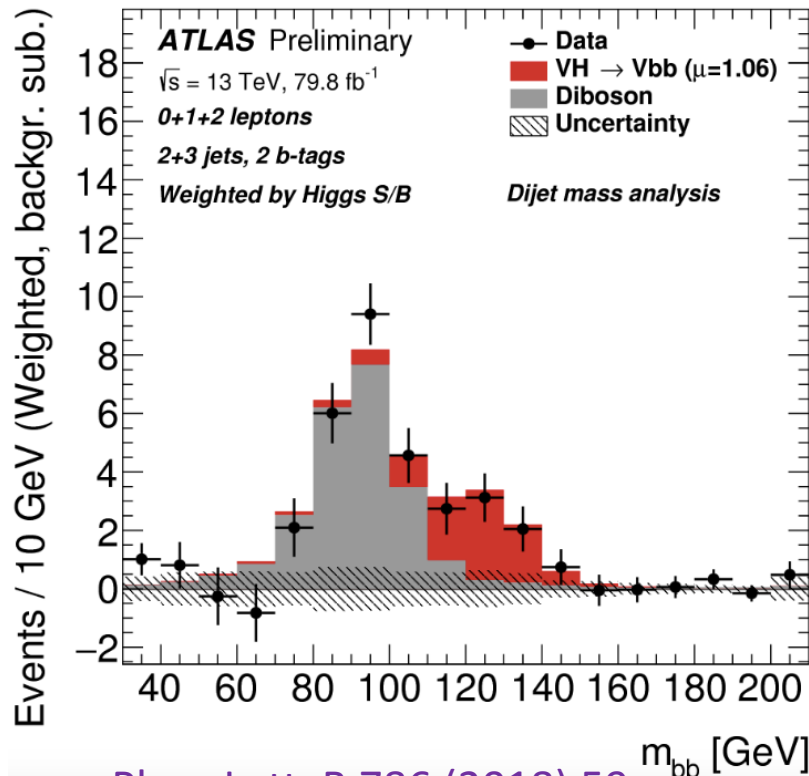
Significance: **4.9σ** (5.1σ expected)

With VH(bb) from 2016/17 at 13 TeV, 77.2 fb<sup>-1</sup>

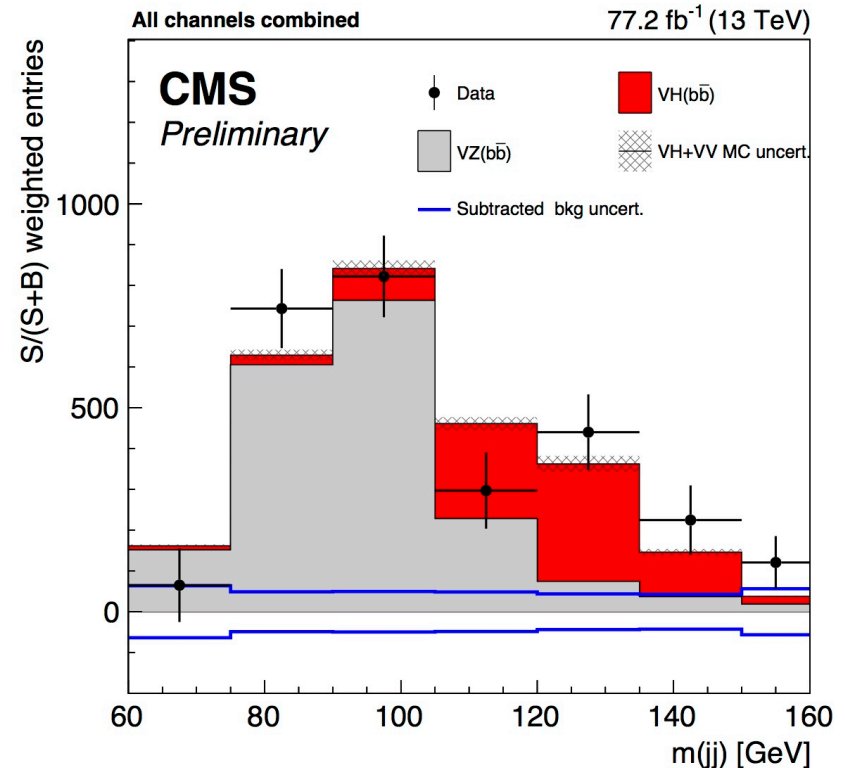
- Significance: **4.4 σ obs** (4.2 exp)

With VH(bb) including also 7 and 8 TeV

- Significance: **4.8 σ obs** (4.9 exp)



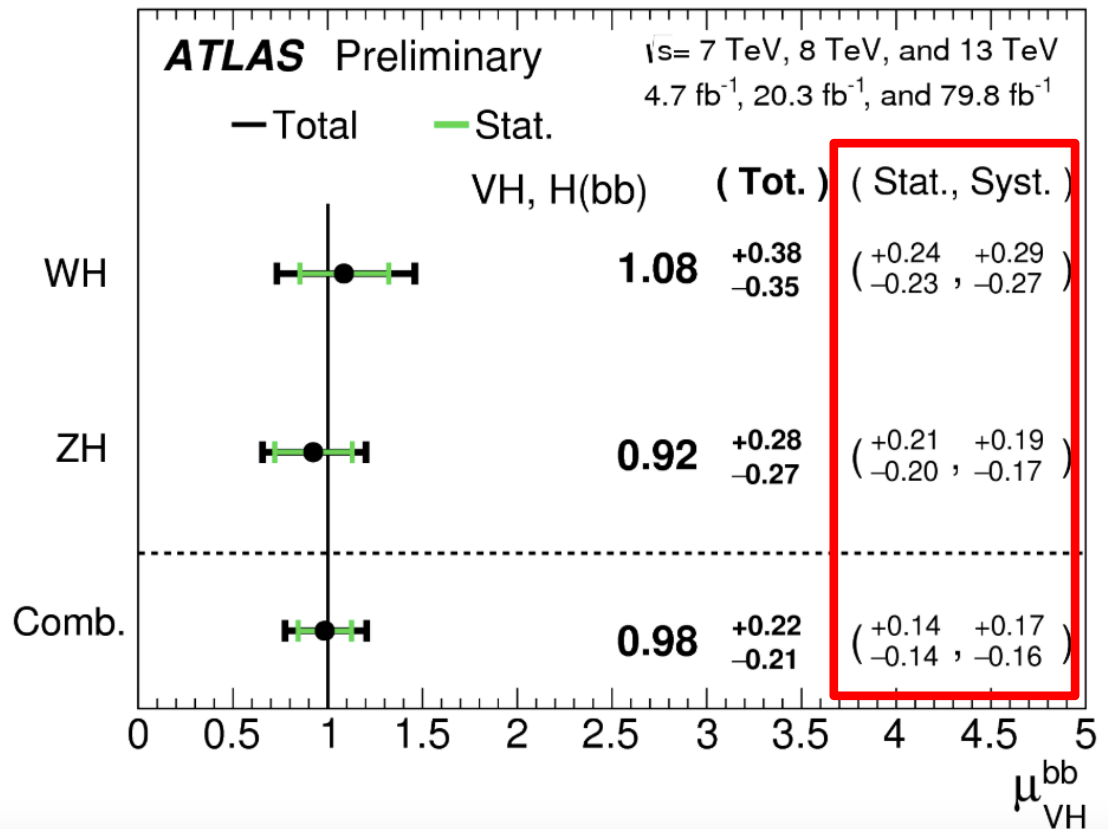
Phys. Lett. B 786 (2018) 59



CMS PAS HIG-18-016

# VH(bb) major systematics

- Systematics is comparable to statistics uncertainty
- Major systematics :
  - $W$ +jet  $p_T(W)$  modelling
  - $m_{bb}$  shape in  $Z$ +jets

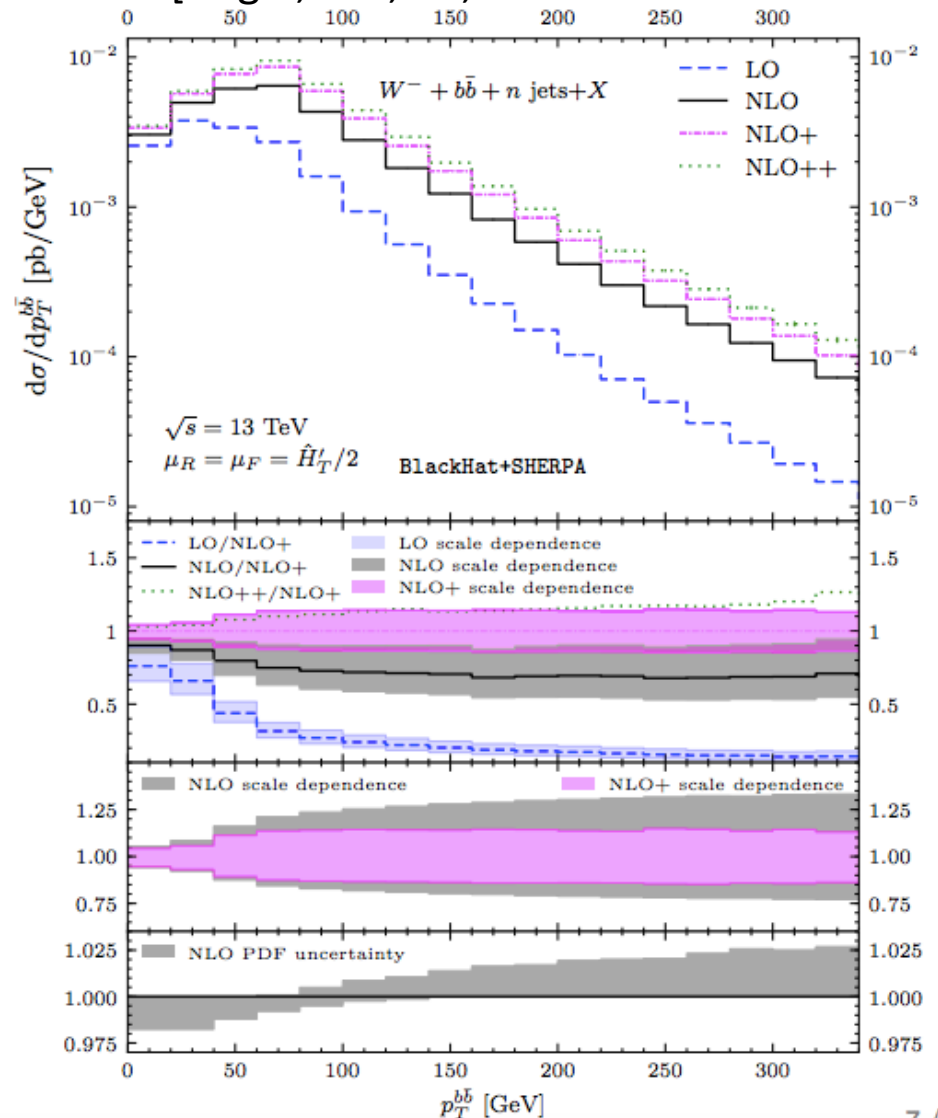
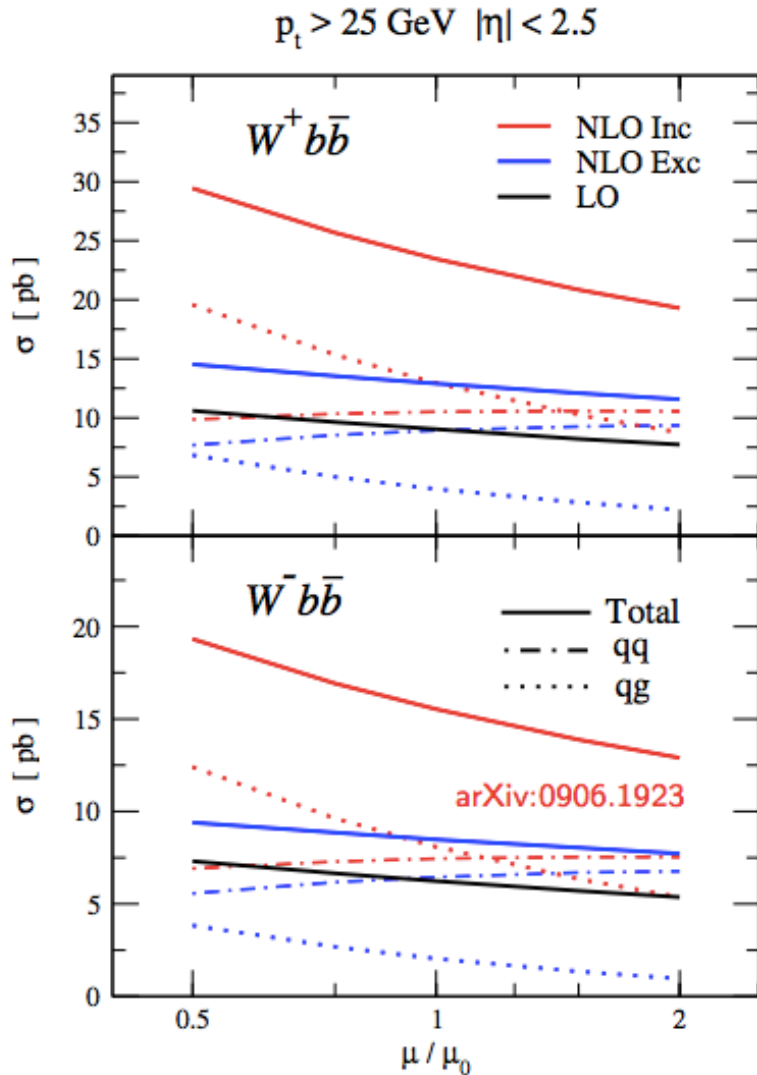




# VH(bb) major issue

- Large QCD scale uncertainty in W+bjets BG modelling

[Anger, FFC, Ita, Sotnikov arXiv:1712.05721]



# H→bb observation in ICHEP2018

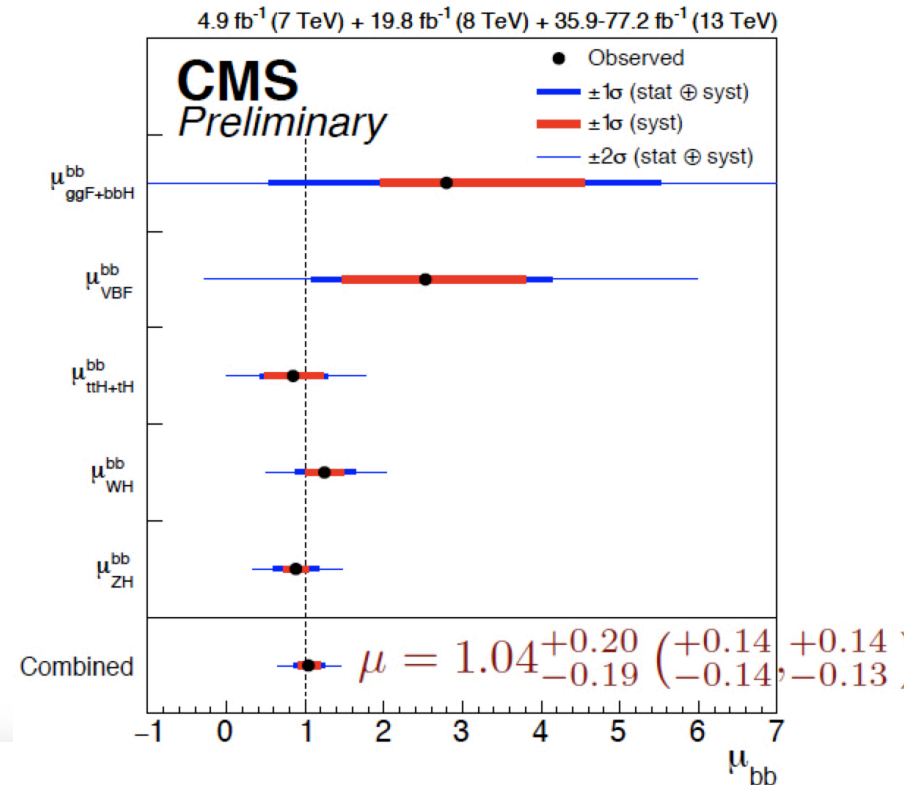
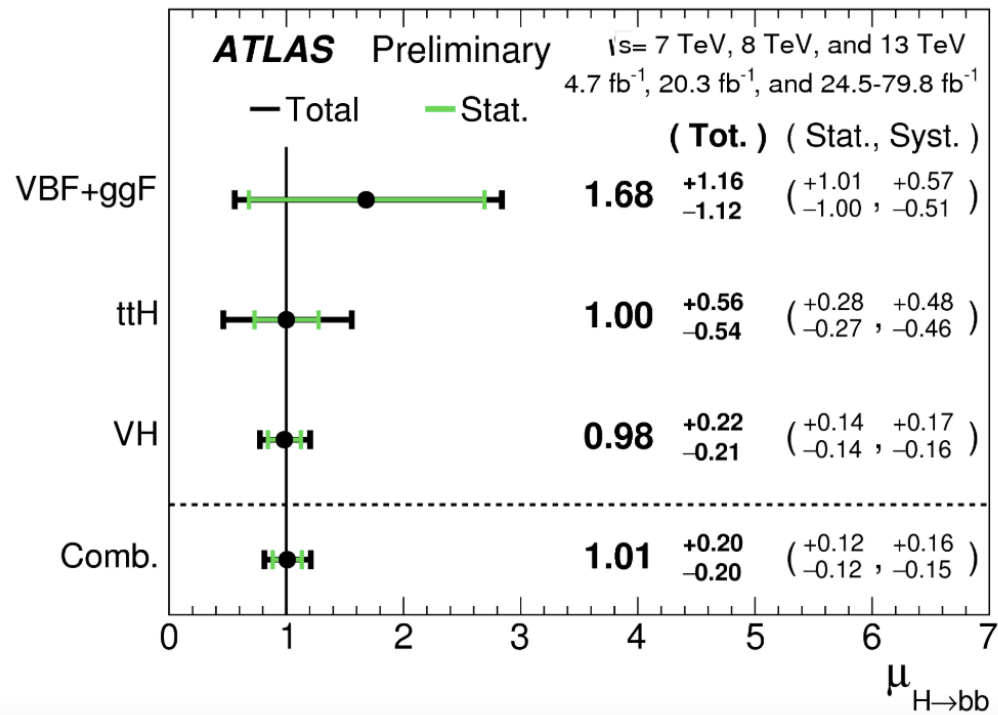
- ATLAS presented H→bb observation in ICHEP2018 (5.4σ)
- China Science Daily reported this news in its front page
  - NJU,USTC,SDU and SJTC made key contribution to VH(bb) analysis
  - IHEP made key contribution to VBF H(bb) analysis



# H → bb Combination

ATLAS Hbb (Run1+Run2): 5.4  $\sigma$  (5.5  $\sigma$  exp.)

CMS Hbb (Run1+Run2): 5.6  $\sigma$  (5.5  $\sigma$  exp.)

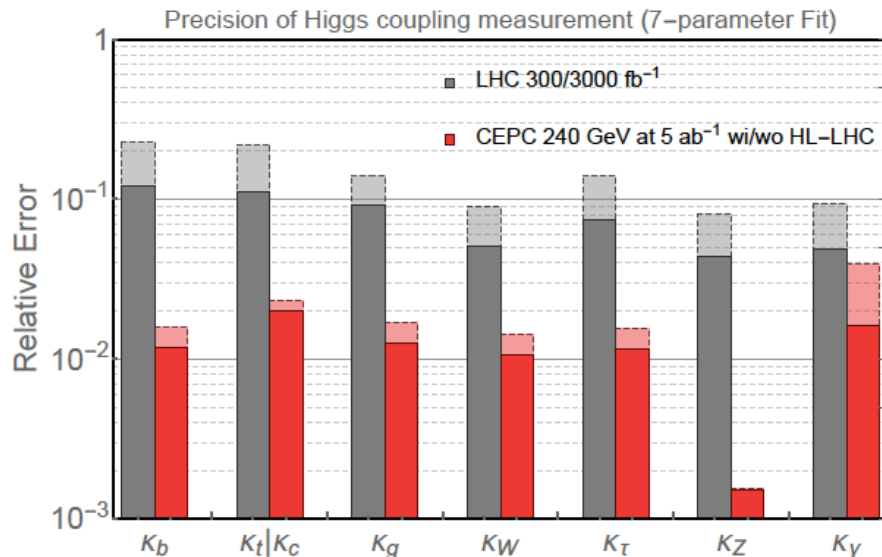
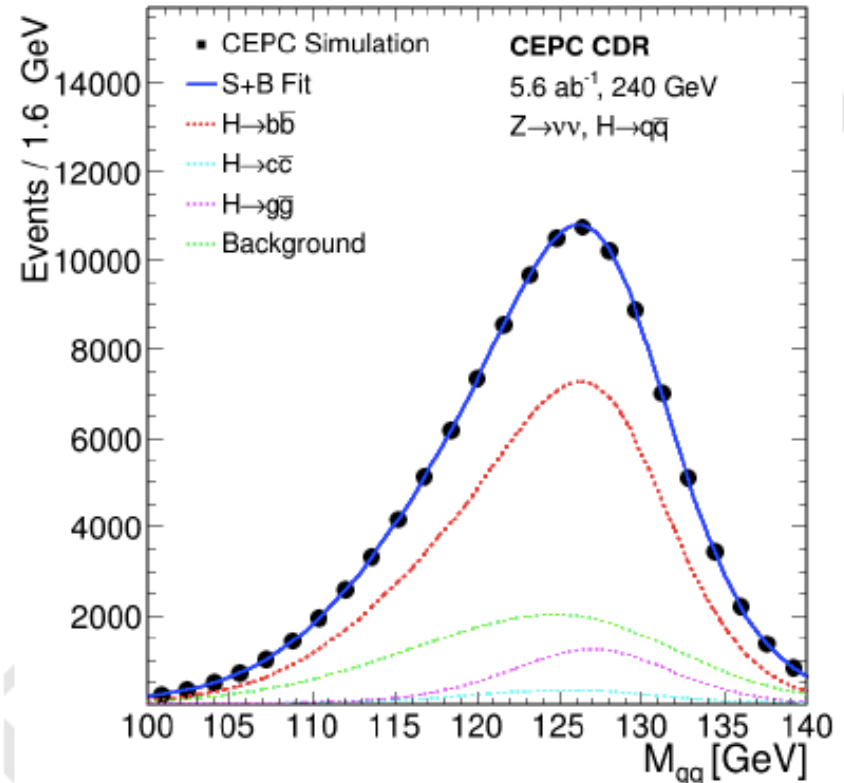


CMS confirmed H → bb observation in Vitnam2018 (5.6 $\sigma$ )

# H- $\rightarrow$ bb measurement in the future

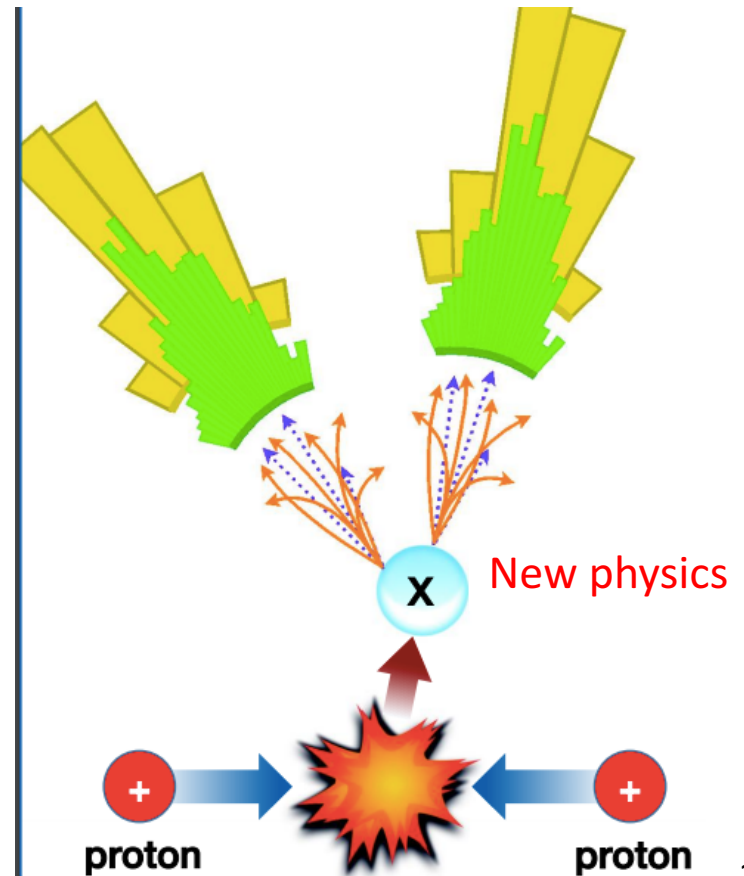
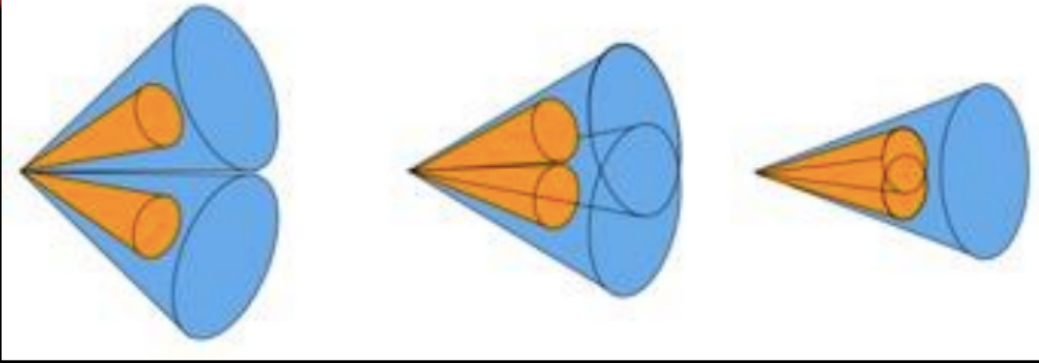
- Current LHC precision is about 20%
- HL-LHC can measure H- $\rightarrow$ bb to 10% level.
  - H- $\rightarrow$ cc and H- $\rightarrow$ gg are not likely be observed in LHC
- CEPC can improve H- $\rightarrow$ bb measurement by two order of magnitude.
  - 0.3% level for H- $\rightarrow$ bb, 3% for H- $\rightarrow$ cc, 1% for H- $\rightarrow$ gg.

Precision	CEPC	HL-LHC
H- $\rightarrow$ bb	0.3%	$\sim$ 10%
H- $\rightarrow$ cc	$\sim$ 3%	NA
H- $\rightarrow$ gg	$\sim$ 1%	NA



# General issue in TeV scale

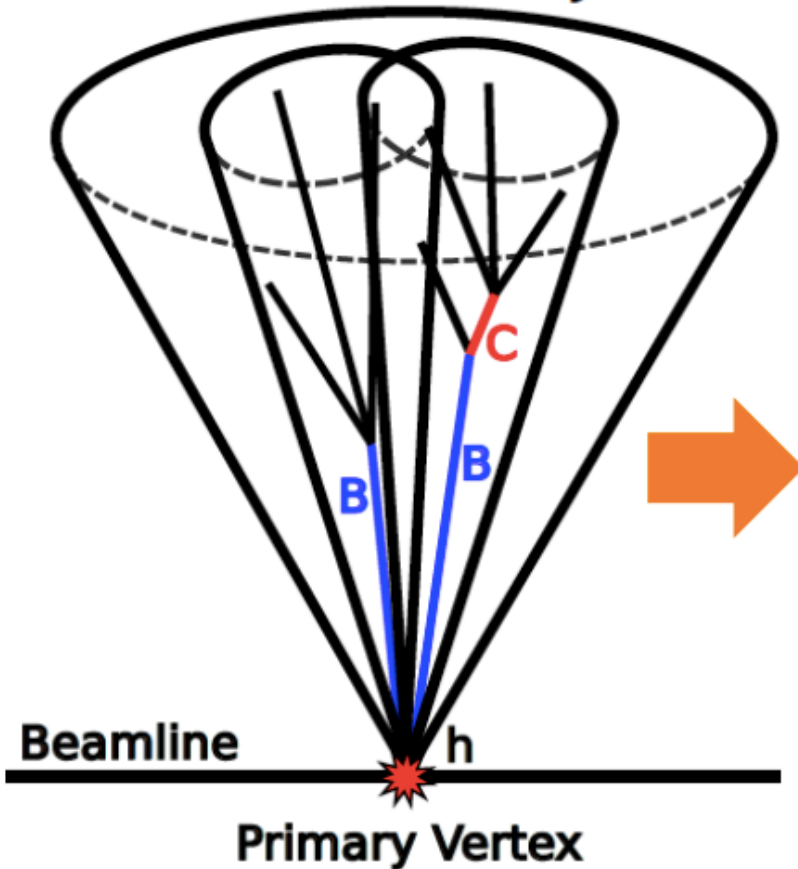
- Two b jets from boosted Higgs decay merge into one
- Difficult to reconstruct Higgs boson in jet final state
- Two new analysis technique used in this analysis
  - B tagging on track jets
  - Jet substructure



# B tagging on track jet

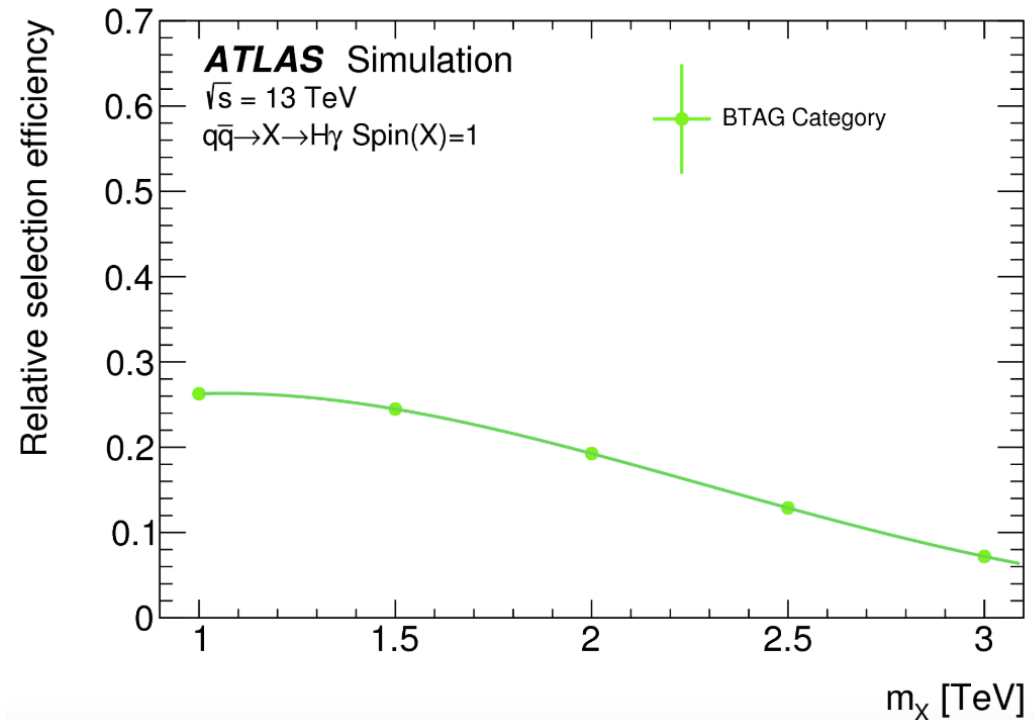
- B tagging based on track jet  
Track jets overlapping for Higgs with very high momentum

R=0.2 Track Jets



Significant efficiency loss for resonance with higher mass

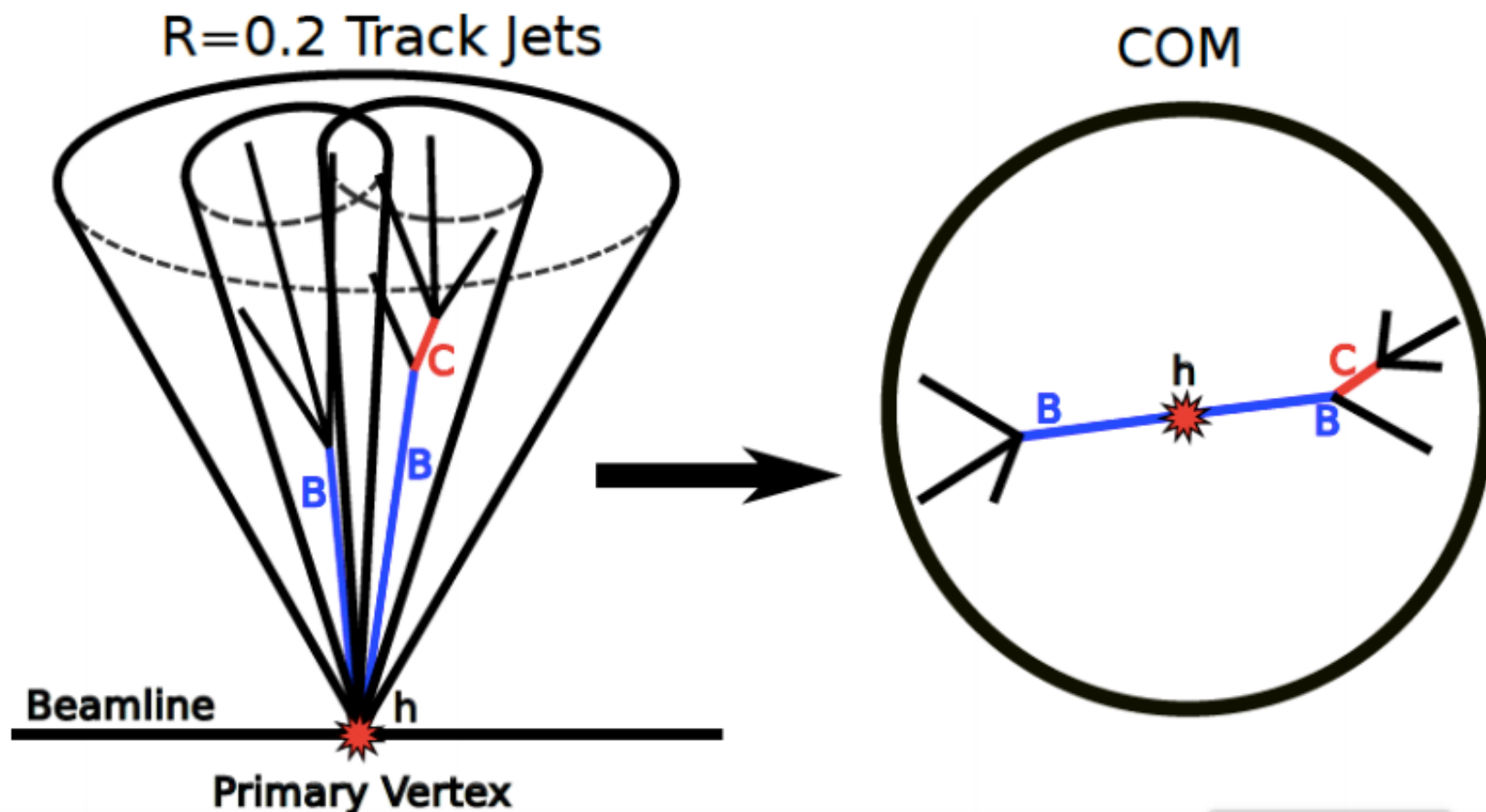
[arXiv:1805.01908](https://arxiv.org/abs/1805.01908)



# Prospect of future $X \rightarrow H + \gamma$ search

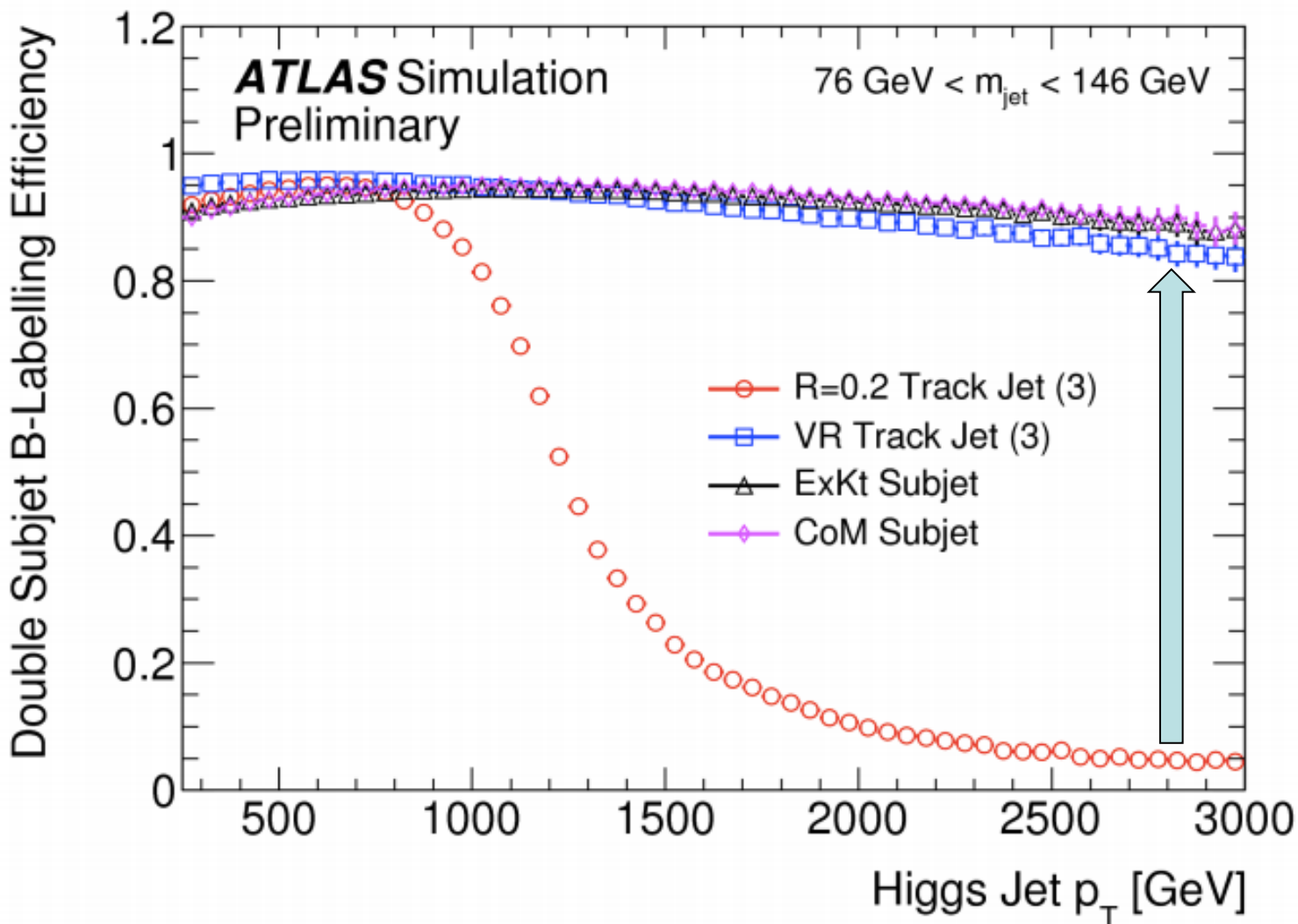
- Development in advanced double b jet tagger

- Boost to the Higgs jet center of mass frame (COM)
- Use Higgs jet constituents to cluster 2 EECambridge subsets
- Use angular separation in COM for track-to-subjet association
- Boost back to the lab frame to apply for b-tagging



# Prospect of future $X \rightarrow H + \gamma$ search

Expect significant improvement in full run-2 dataset  
In double b tagging efficiency



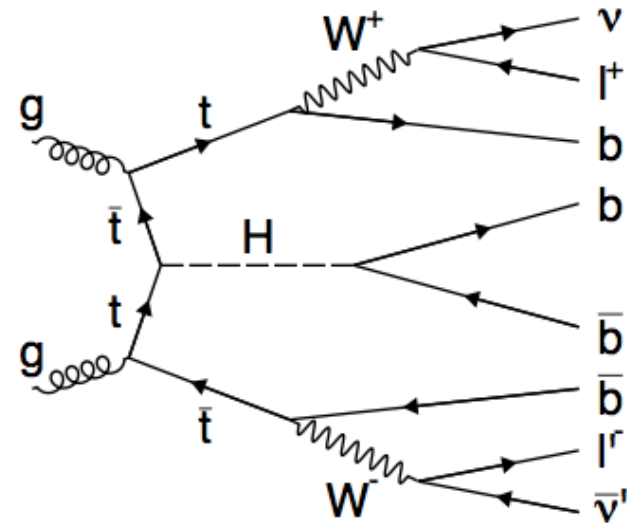
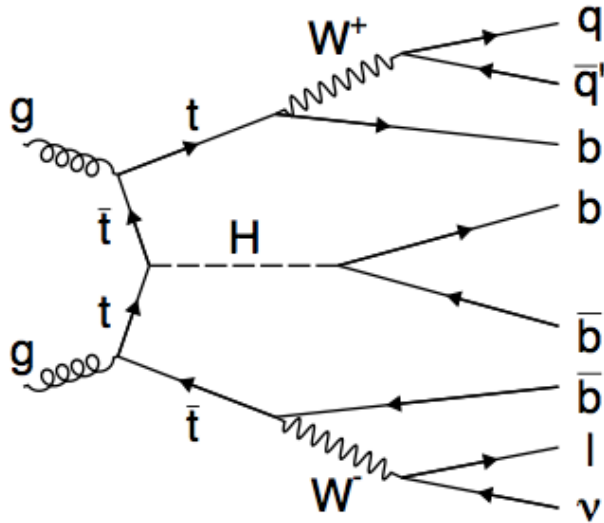


# Summary

- First observation of  $H \rightarrow bb$  decay mode by ATLAS and CMS
  - Chinese group made key contribution
- Some major theory systematics need more study in next steps
  - Modelling of  $W+b$  jets,  $Z+jets$  in high  $p_T$  region
  - $tt+bb$  background
- Boosted Higgs reconstruction technique in BSM search

# ttH(bb)

[Phys. Rev. D 97 \(2018\) 072016](#)



## Single Lepton Channel

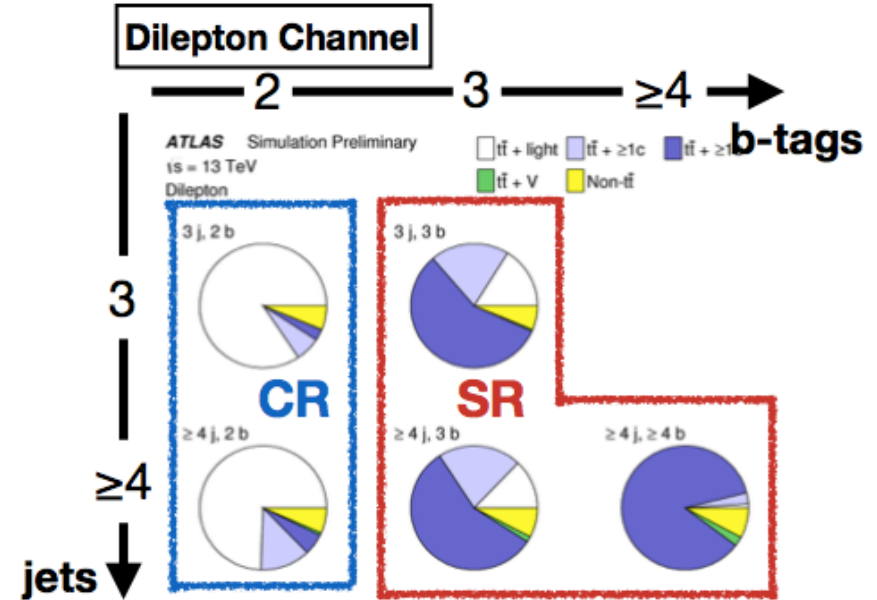
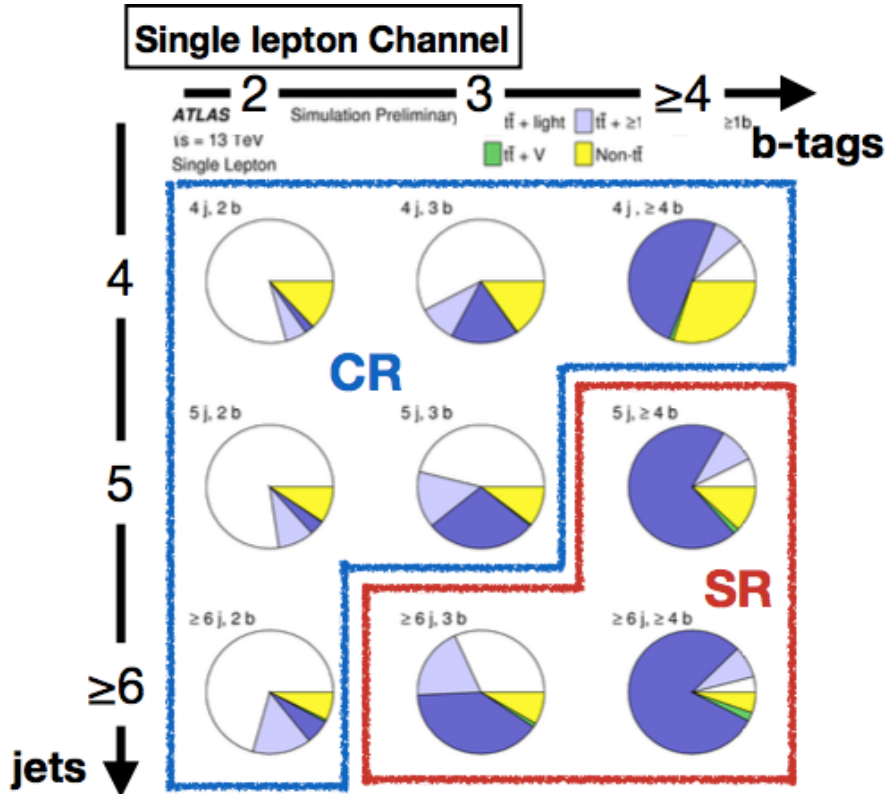
- 1 light lepton ( $e, \mu$ )
- At least 4 jets
- At least 2 b-tagged jets

## Dilepton Channel

- 2 opposite charge light leptons ( $e, \mu$ )
- At least 3 jets
- At least 2 b-tagged jets
- Z mass veto

# ttH(bb)

*Phys. Rev. D 97 (2018) 072016*



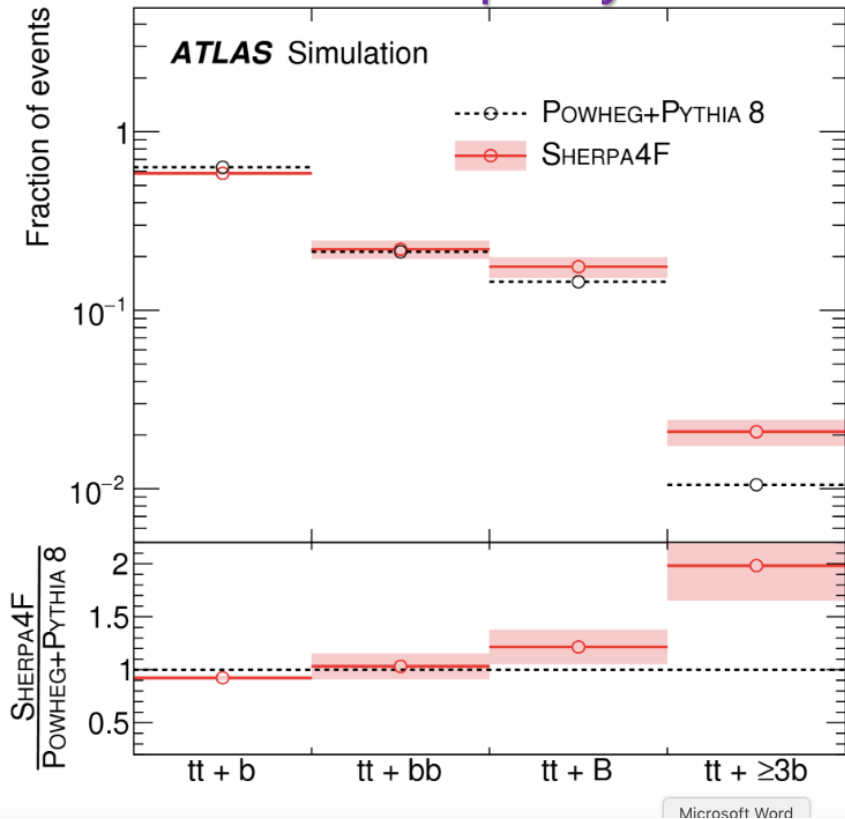
**Signal Region (SR)** : Enriched in signal.

**Control Region (CR)** : Use to constraint backgrounds.

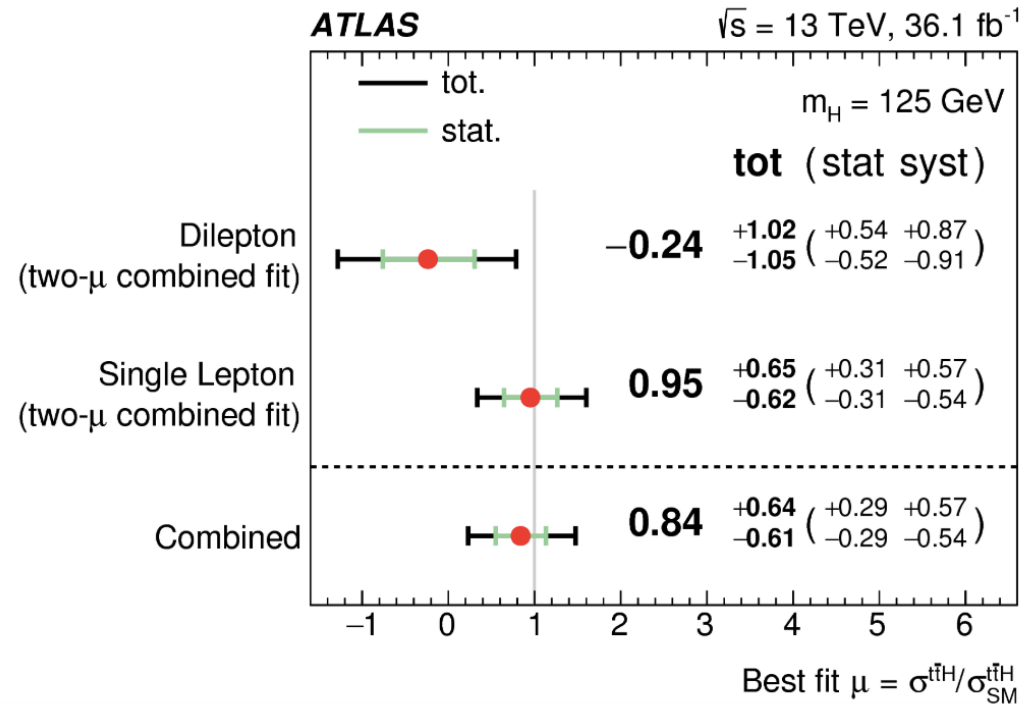
$t\bar{t}$  +  $\geq 1$  bjet,  $t\bar{t}$  +  $\geq 1$  cjet, and  $t\bar{t}$  + light jets are the dominant backgrounds

# ttH(bb)

- 1.4 $\sigma$  significance using ttH(bb)
  - Systematics uncertainty dominated
- Major systematics:
  - ttbar+bb background modelling systematics
  - The discrepancy between Sherpa 4 flavor scheme and Powheg



[\*Phys. Rev. D 97 \(2018\) 072016\*](#)



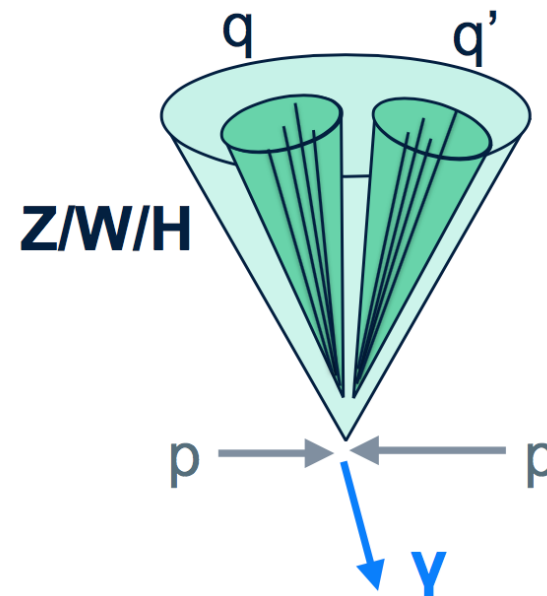
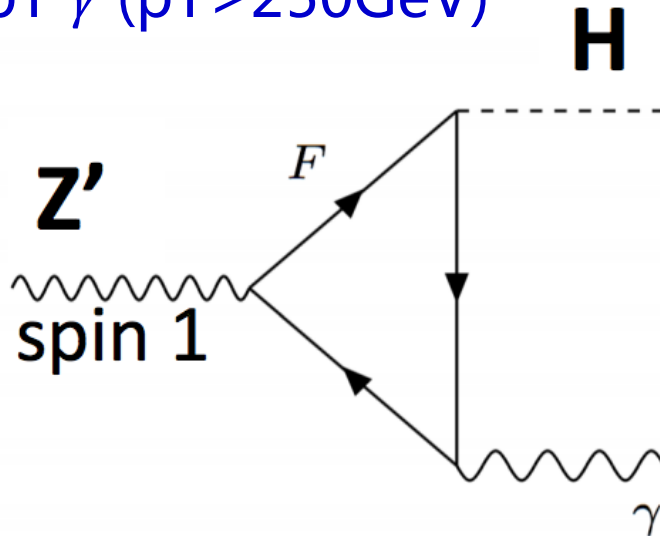
# Introduction search for $X \rightarrow H(bb)\gamma$

- Motivation

- According to Liantao yesterday, **V+H search** is very promising
- Search for anomalous magnetic moments of H (or W/Z)
  - Several models predict a new massive scalar decaying into  $H\gamma$

- Event selection :

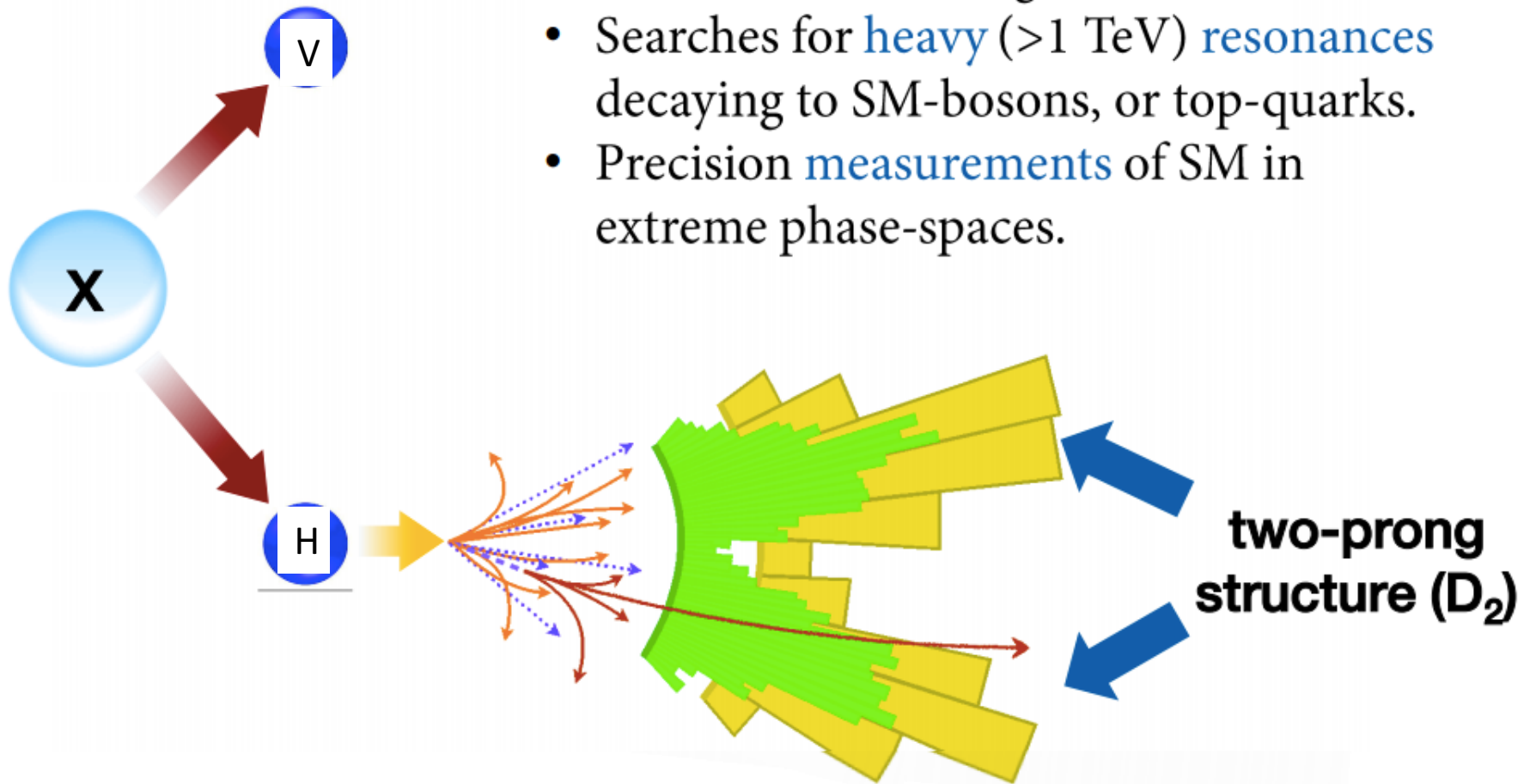
- boosted jet ( b tagging) -- from H, W or Z decay
- high  $p_T \gamma$  ( $p_T > 250\text{GeV}$ )



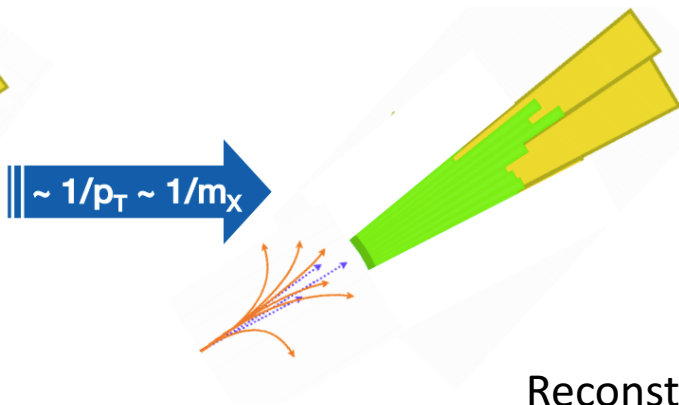
# Jet Substructure

Jet substructure crucial tool for:

- Inclusive search for and measurement of  $H \rightarrow bb$  in boosted regime.
- Searches for heavy ( $>1$  TeV) resonances decaying to SM-bosons, or top-quarks.
- Precision measurements of SM in extreme phase-spaces.



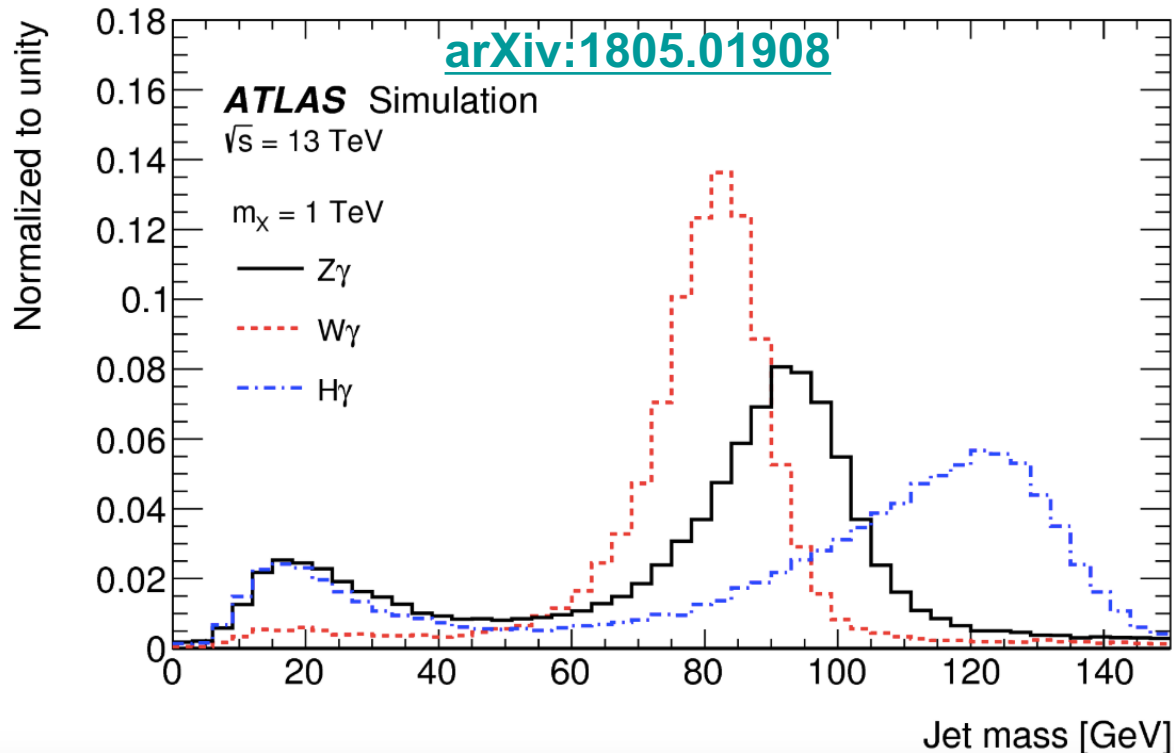
# Jet mass



jet mass:

$$m^{\text{calo}} = \sqrt{\left(\sum_{i \in J} E_i\right)^2 - \left(\sum_{i \in J} \vec{p}_i\right)^2}$$

Reconstructed boosted H, Z and W boson

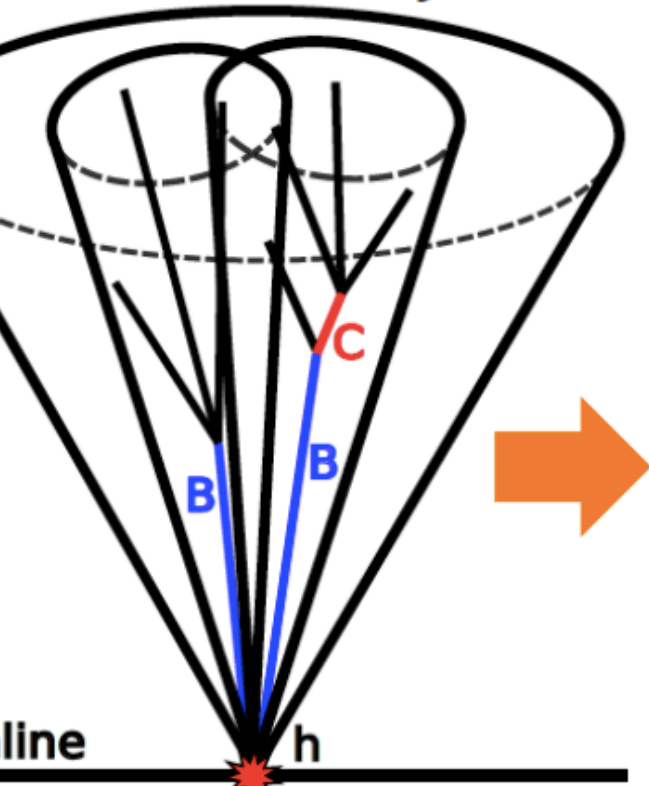


# B tagging on track jet

- B tagging based on track jet

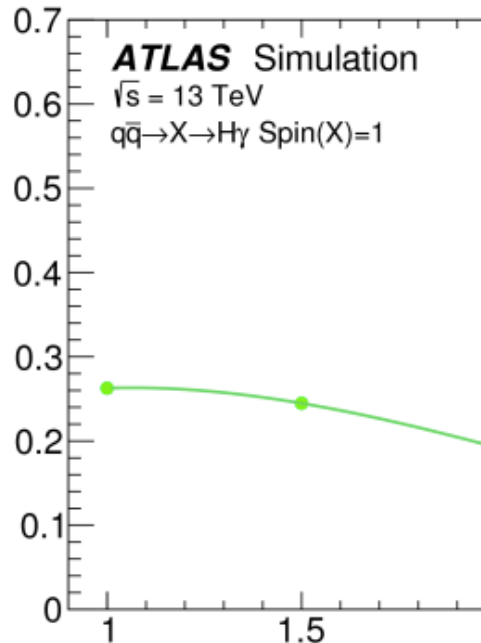
Track jets overlapping for Higgs with high momentum

R=0.2 Track Jets

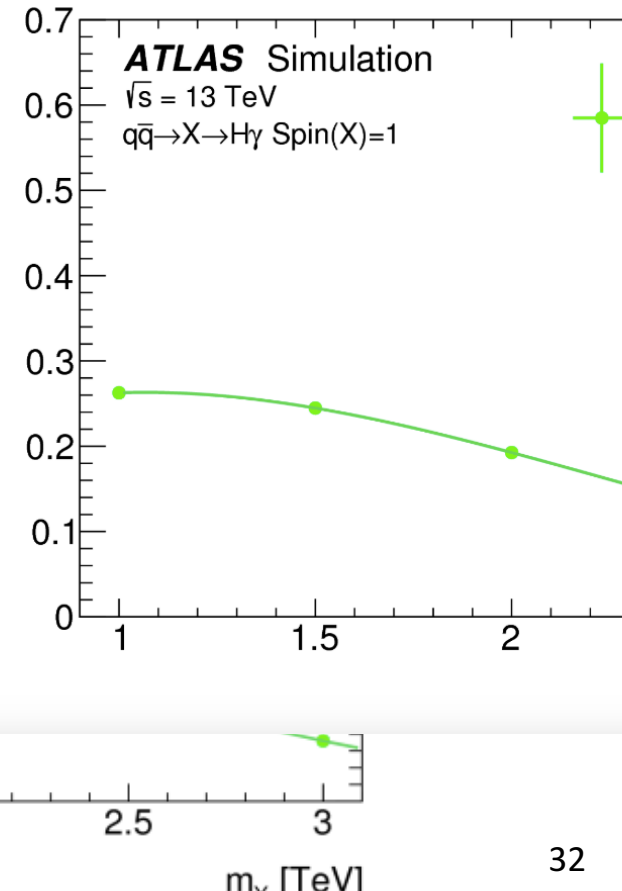


Significant efficiency loss for resonance with high momentum [arXiv:1805.01908](https://arxiv.org/abs/1805.01908)

Relative selection efficiency



Relative selection efficiency

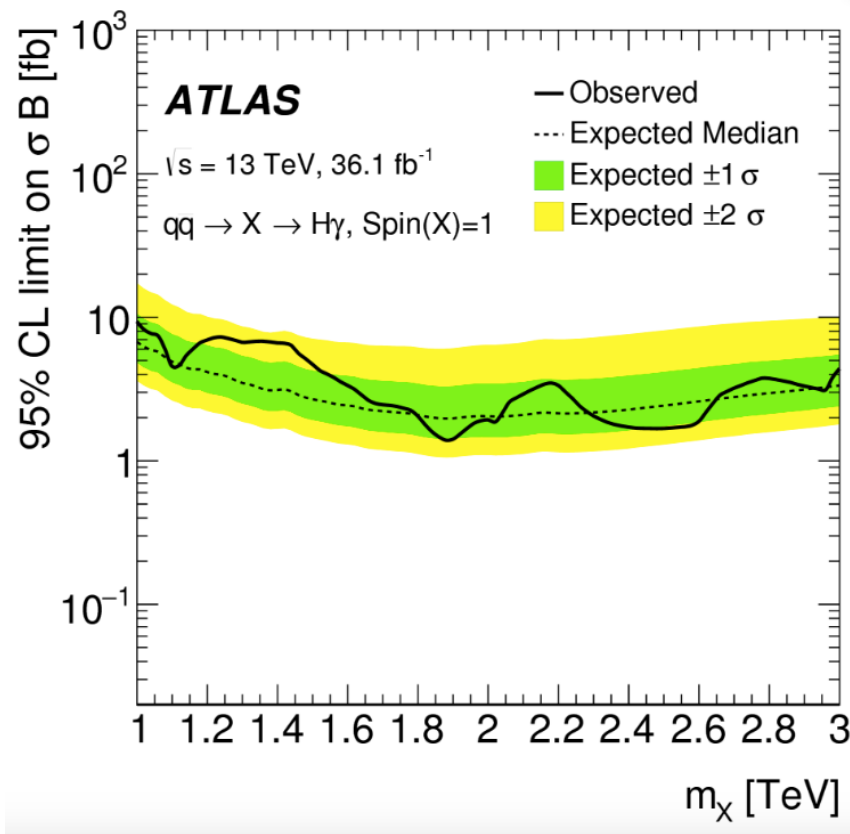
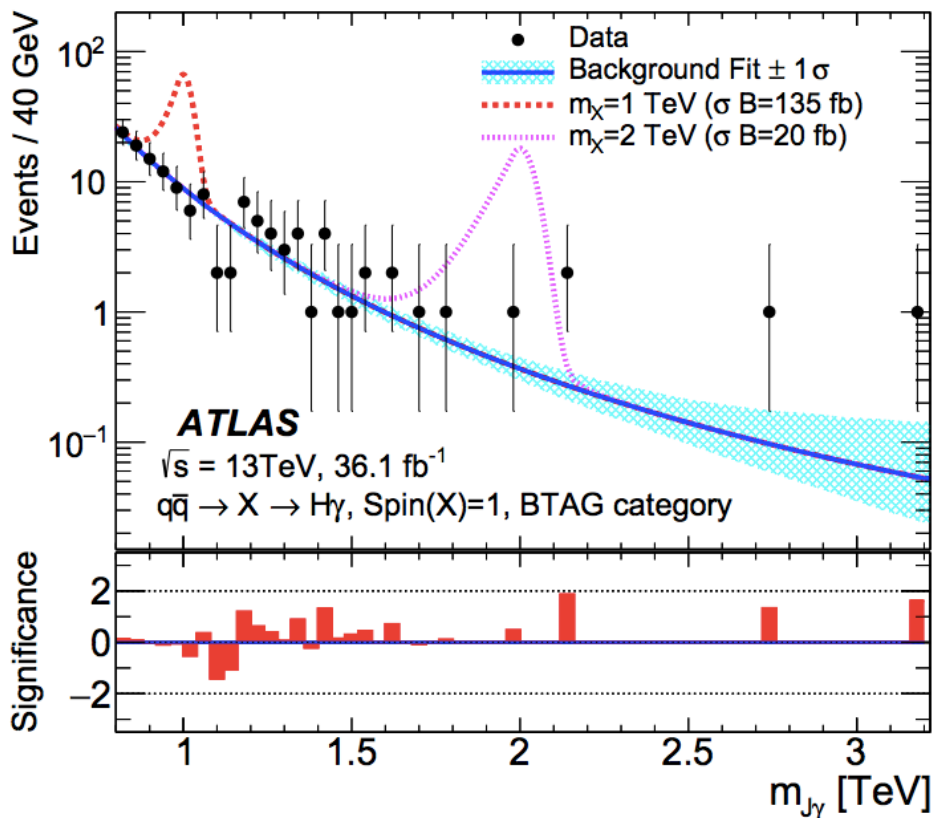




# Limit setting of $X \rightarrow H\gamma$ search

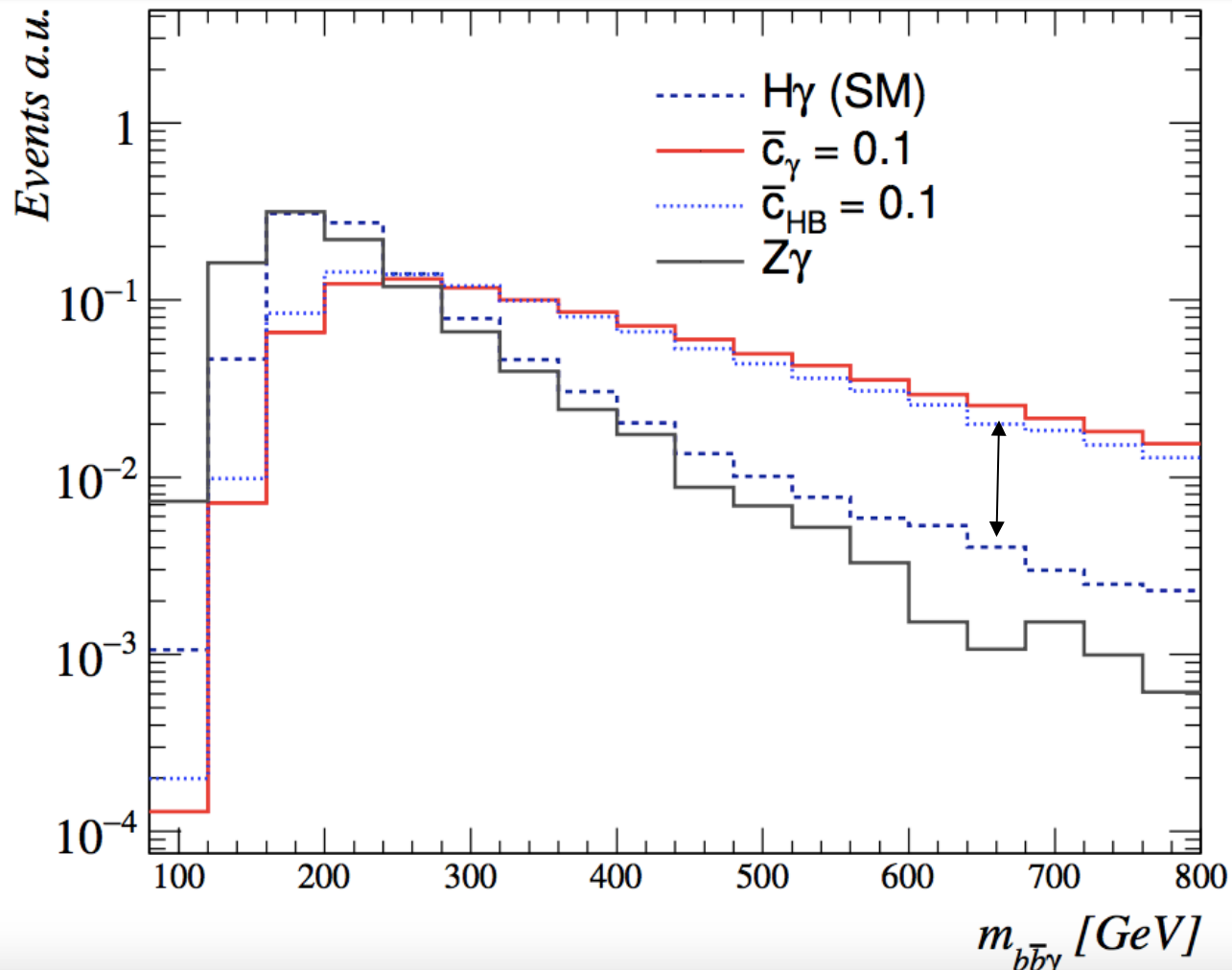
- Use analytic function to fit fast falling background from
  - $\gamma$ jets,  $Z\gamma$ , SM VBF  $H\gamma$
- The first  $X \rightarrow H\gamma$  limits (from 1TeV to 3TeV)
- IHEP/TDLI played a leading role in this analysis

[arXiv:1805.01908](https://arxiv.org/abs/1805.01908)



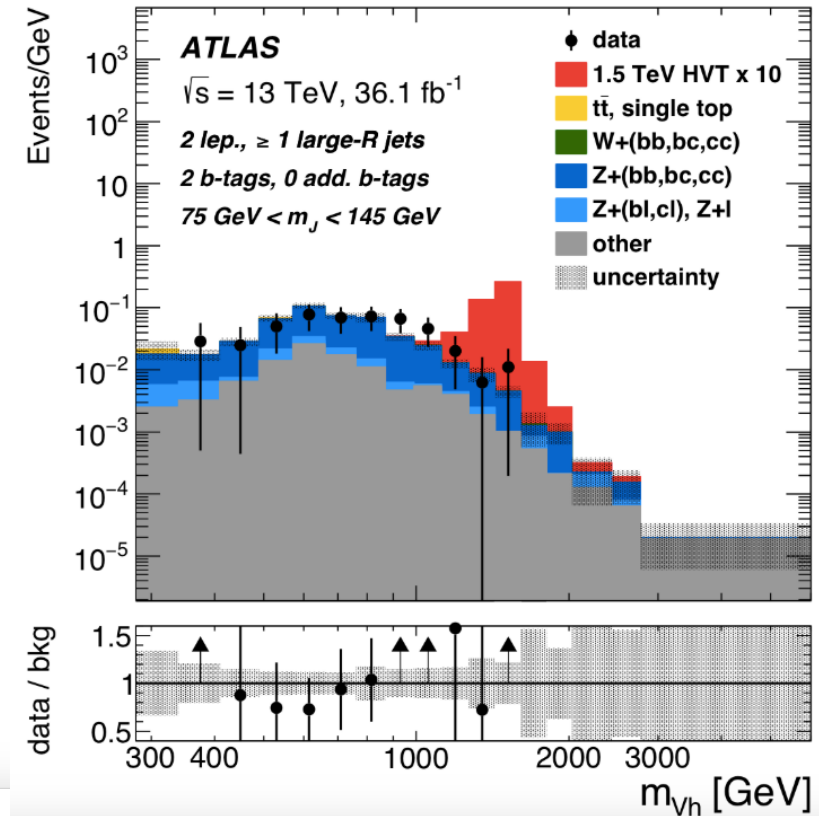
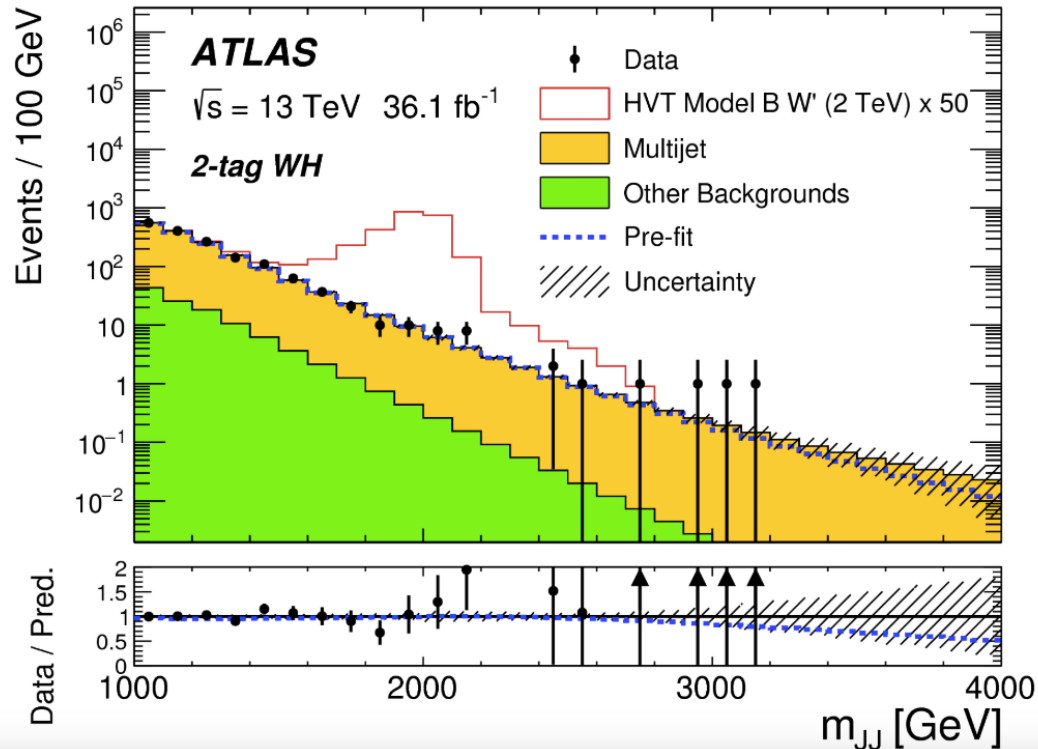
# X $\rightarrow$ H $\gamma$ search

- H $\gamma$  mass spectrum can also be used for Higgs coupling study
  - strongly interacting light Higgs (SILH) model as an example



# X-> VH search

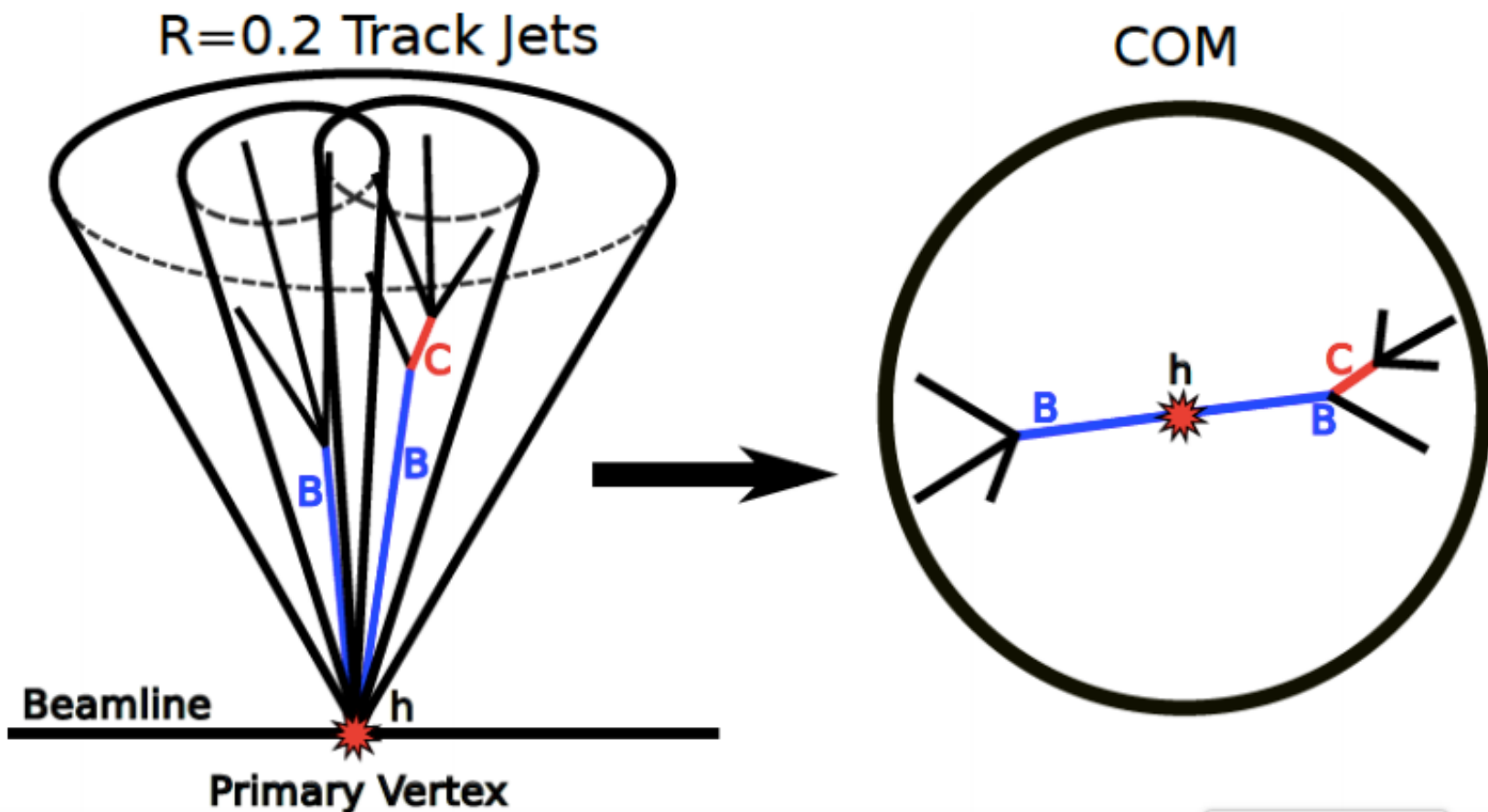
- No new physics yet



# Prospect of future $X \rightarrow H + \gamma$ search

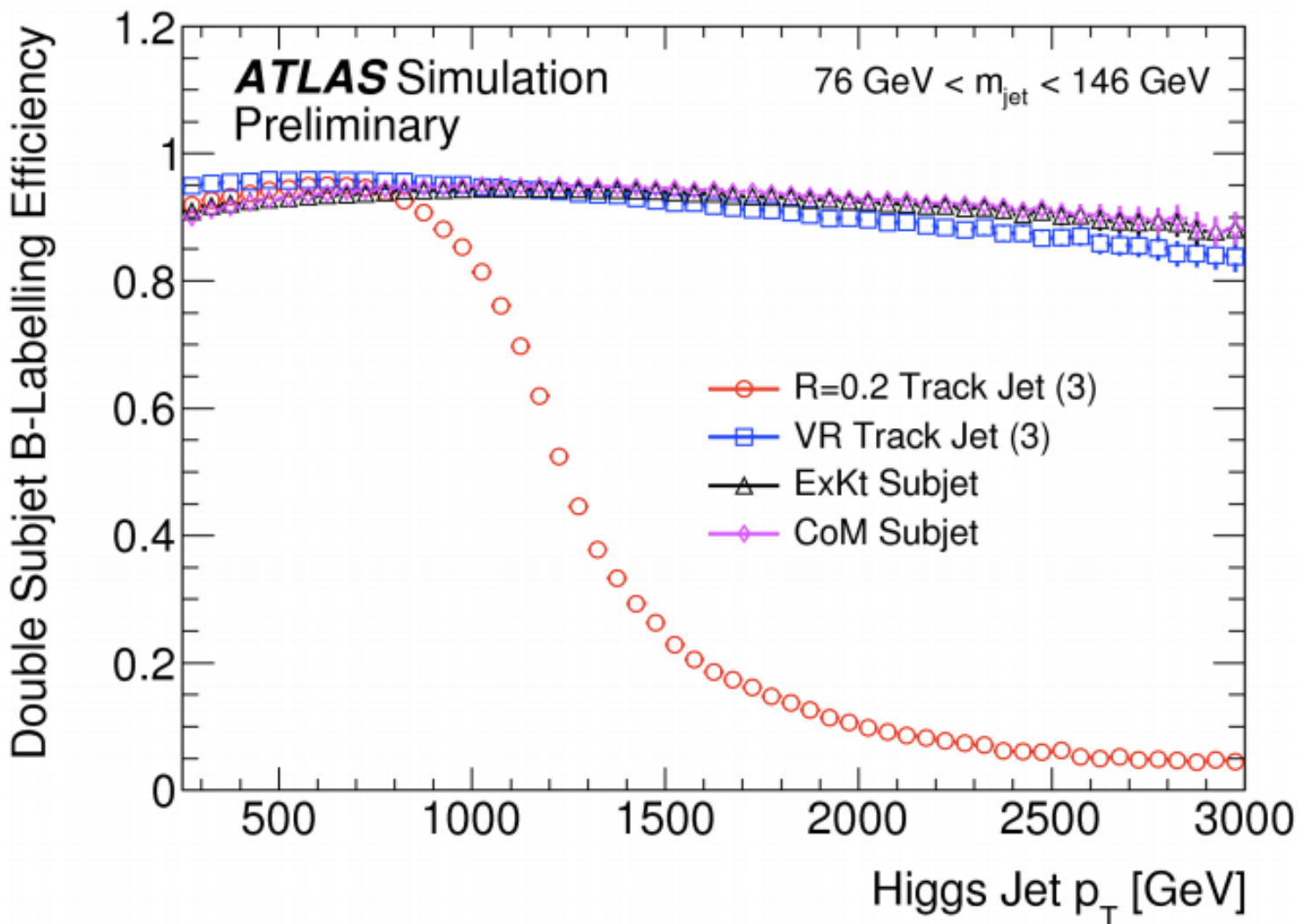
- Development in advanced double b jet tagger

- Boost to the Higgs jet center of mass frame (COM)
- Use Higgs jet constituents to cluster 2 EECambridge subjets
- Use angular separation in COM for track-to-subjet association
- Boost back to the lab frame to apply for b-tagging



# Prospect of future $X \rightarrow H + \gamma$ search

Expect significant improvement in full run-2 dataset  
In double b tagging efficiency



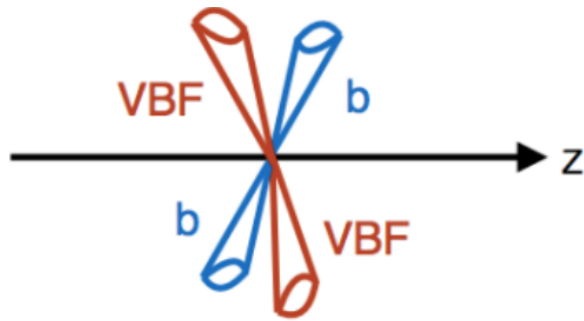
# Summary

- First observation of  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  decay mode by ATLAS and CMS
  - Chinese group made key contribution
- Some major theory systematics need more study in next steps
  - Modelling of  $W+b$  jets,  $Z+jets$  in high  $p_T$  region
  - $t\bar{t}+b\bar{b}$  background
- Boosted Higgs reconstruction technique in BSM search

# Trigger

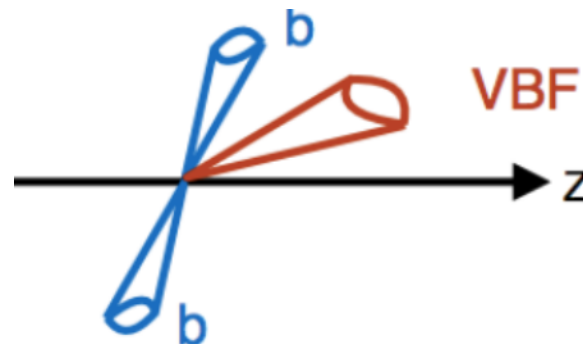
- divided into 3 channels based on triggers:
  - VBF inclusive
    - Two central**: 4 central jets with 2 bjet(2b+2j)
    - Four central**: 2 central + 1 forward trigger jet (1fj+2b)
  - VBF+photon
    - Photon**: photon + 2bjet+2 forward jets ( $\gamma+2b+2fj$ )

L1 trigger: 4 central Jet



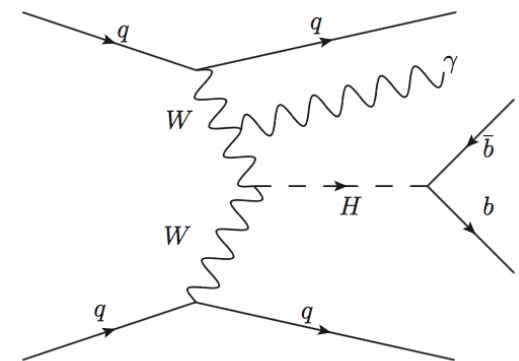
Four central  
Channel (2b+2j)

L1: 1 forward jet  
+2 central jets



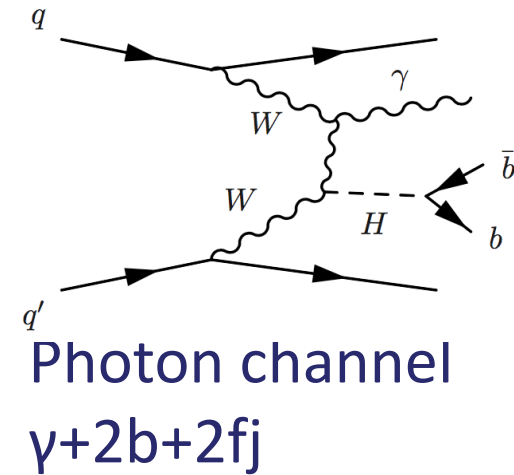
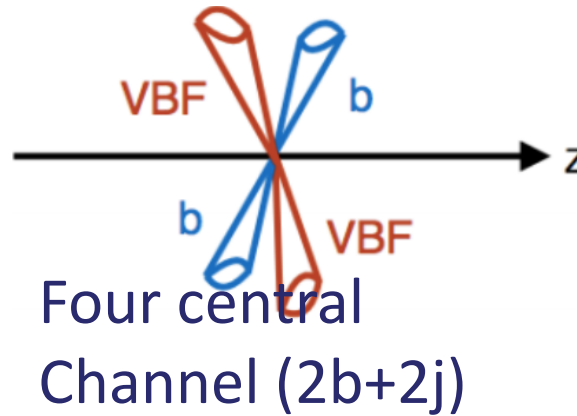
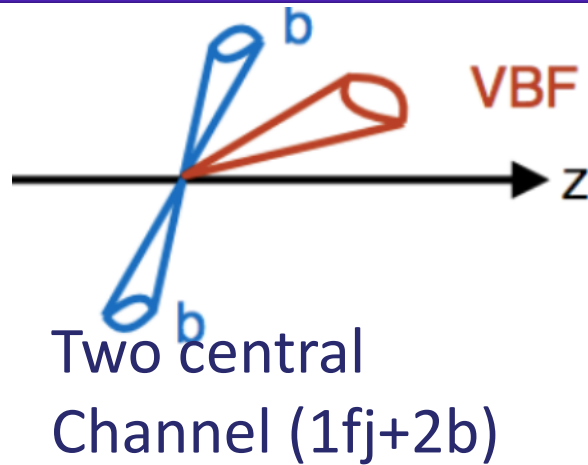
Two central  
Channel (1fj+2b)

L1: 1 EM object



Photon channel  
 $\gamma+2b+2fj$

# Event Selection



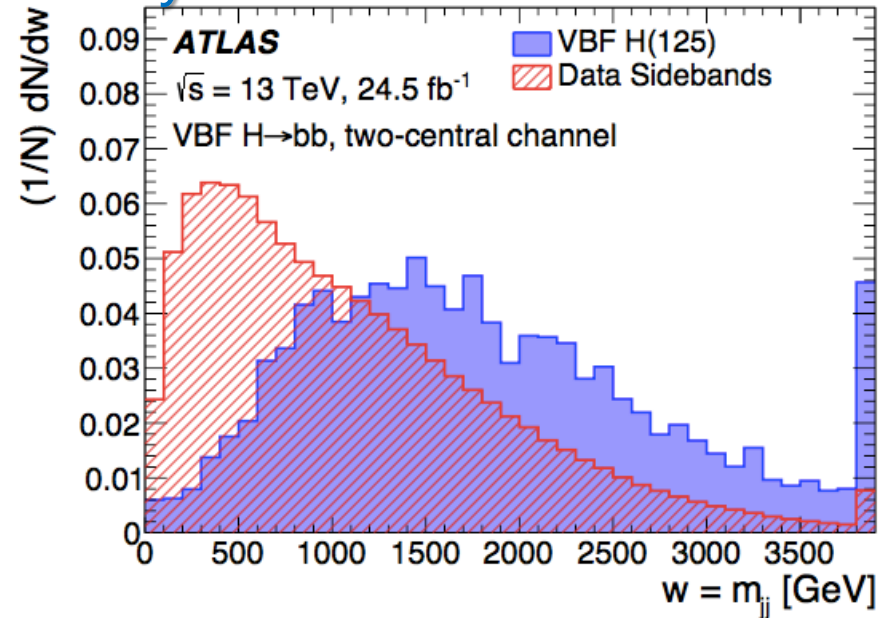
	Two central	Four central	Photon
2 b-jet	$p_T > 95\text{GeV}$ $p_T > 70\text{GeV}$	$p_T > 55\text{GeV}$	$p_T > 40\text{GeV}$
2 VBF jets	$p_T > 60\text{GeV}, 3.2 <  \eta  < 4.4$ $p_T > 20\text{GeV},  \eta  < 4.4$	$p_T > 55\text{ GeV},  \eta  < 4.4$ Veto event with jet $p_T > 60\text{GeV}, 3.2 <  \eta  < 4.4$	$p_T > 40\text{GeV}$ $ \eta  < 4.4$
Photon			$E_T > 30\text{GeV}$
Event topology	$p_T(bb) > 160\text{GeV}$	$p_T(bb) > 150\text{GeV}$	$p_T(bb) > 80\text{GeV}$ $M(jj) > 800\text{GeV}$

Inclusive analysis veto data events in photon channel  
orthogonality between different channels



# Boost decision tree analysis

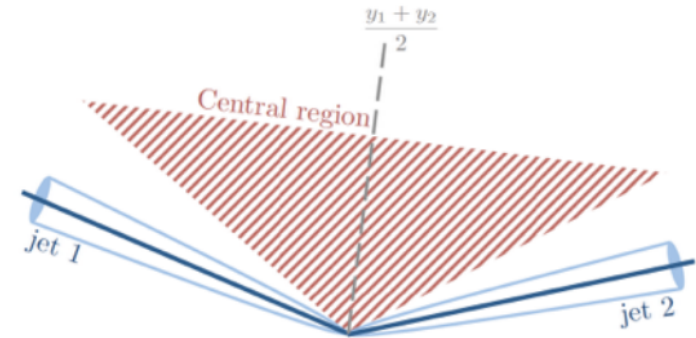
- More than 10 variable used in BDT analysis



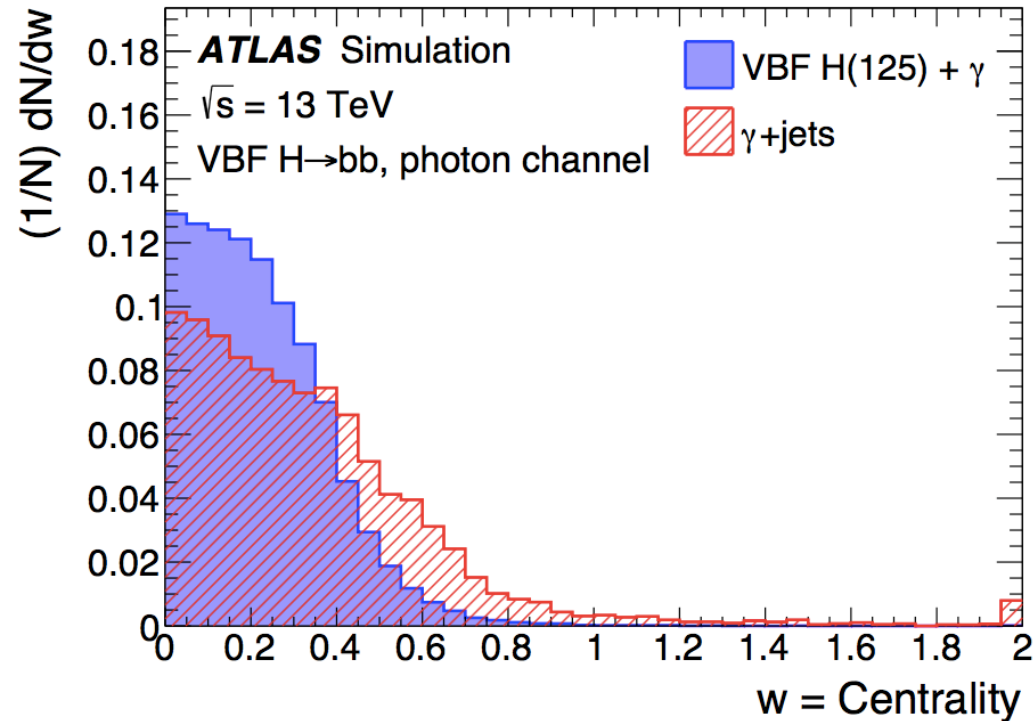
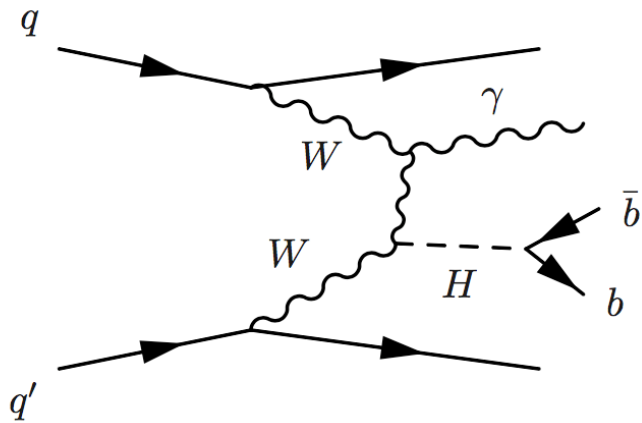
	VBF H(bb) Inclusive	VBF H(bb)+Photon
g/q separation	Ntrk(j1),Ntrk(j2) min $\Delta R$ (J1),min $\Delta R$ (J2)	Ntrk(j1),Ntrk(j2)
VBF jets	$p_T$ (JJ), M(JJ), $\Delta M$ (JJ) Max( $\eta$ (J1), $\eta$ (J2))	$p_T$ (JJ), M(JJ), $\Delta\eta$ (JJ)
Color connection	$p$ balance $\eta^{*T}$ (Higgs centrality)	$p$ balance Photon Centrality
Angular	cos $\theta$ (bb,jj)	$\Delta R$ (b1, $\gamma$ ), $\Delta R$ (b2, $\gamma$ ), $\Delta\phi$ (bb,jj),cos $\theta$

# MVA Input variable: photon centrality

$$\text{centrality}(\gamma) = \left| \frac{y_\gamma - \frac{y_{j_1} + y_{j_2}}{2}}{y_{j_1} - y_{j_2}} \right|$$

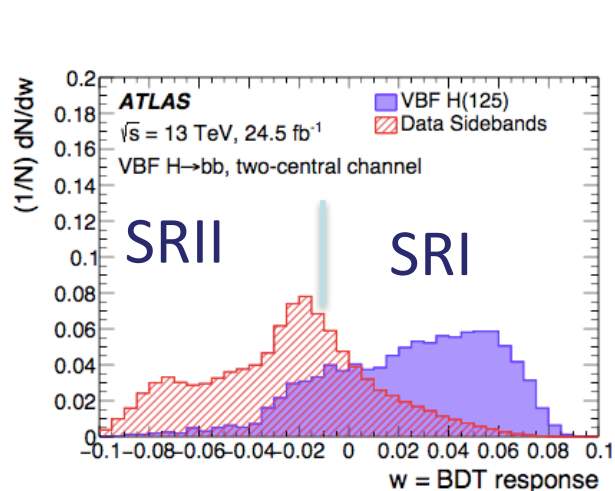


No color connection between VBF jets and b jets in signal

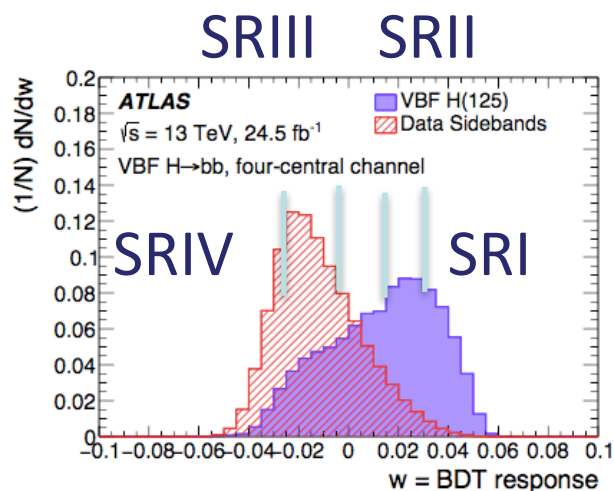


# BDT response

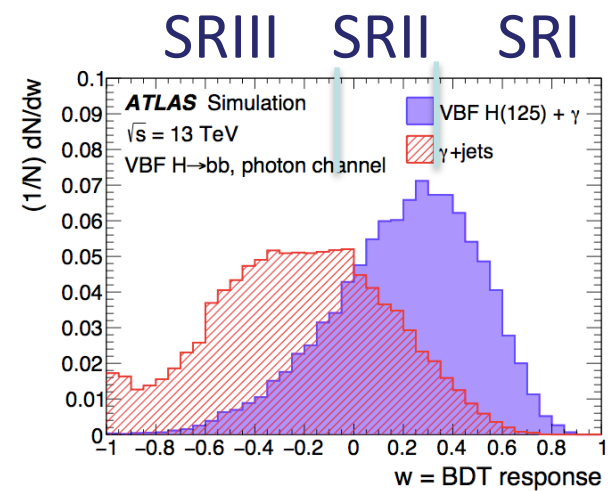
- Divide into 9 categories based on BDT weight
  - Expected Higgs and Z events in  $100\text{GeV} < m(bb) < 140\text{GeV}$



Two central



Four central



Photon channel

Channel	<i>two-central</i>		<i>four-central</i>				<i>photon</i>		
Region	SR I	SR II	SR I	SR II	SR III	SR IV	SR I	SR II	SR III
Higgs									
VBF	101.2 $\pm$ 2.0	22.2 $\pm$ 0.9	51.6 $\pm$ 1.1	28.4 $\pm$ 0.9	43.1 $\pm$ 1.0	41.9 $\pm$ 1.1	6.2 $\pm$ 0.1	5.5 $\pm$ 0.1	2.3 $\pm$ 0.1
ggF	23.8 $\pm$ 2.6	75.7 $\pm$ 6.1	11.3 $\pm$ 2.2	13.2 $\pm$ 1.5	43.4 $\pm$ 3.8	127.0 $\pm$ 6.5	0.5 $\pm$ 0.2	0.3 $\pm$ 0.1	0.8 $\pm$ 0.3
VH	0.2 $\pm$ 0.2	6.0 $\pm$ 1.2	1.2 $\pm$ 0.9	0.7 $\pm$ 0.3	3.9 $\pm$ 0.8	28.9 $\pm$ 2.6	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
ttH	2.0 $\pm$ 0.2	14.6 $\pm$ 0.7	0.3 $\pm$ 0.1	1.0 $\pm$ 0.1	5.7 $\pm$ 0.3	20.2 $\pm$ 0.5	<0.1	<0.1	0.4 $\pm$ 0.1
Z+jets (Z $\gamma$ )	183.1 $\pm$ 50.6	515.1 $\pm$ 73.4	76.42 $\pm$ 14.8	119.4 $\pm$ 21.9	385.4 $\pm$ 48.5	1224.6 $\pm$ 97.9	2.4 $\pm$ 0.1	6.9 $\pm$ 0.1	13.0 $\pm$ 0.1

# VH(bb)

- Major systematics :
  - W+jet  $p_T(W)$  modelling
  - $m_{bb}$  shape in Z+jets
  - $m_{bb}$  shape in diboson
  - Signal acceptance

