

*Search for  $\Sigma^0$  Dalitz Decay*

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# Outline

- 1 *Motivation*
- 2 *Event Selection*
- 3 *Branching fraction*
- 4 *Summary*

# Motivation

- A) The  $\mathcal{B}(\Sigma \rightarrow \Lambda e^+ e^-)$  is predicted to be 0.00545 by G. Feinberg at 1958. (PhysRev.109.1019)
- B) No evidence is found after 60 years.

# Method

A) Search signal in channel:

$$J/\psi \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \bar{\Sigma}^0$$

B) One  $\Sigma$  decay into  $\gamma\Lambda$

C) Search for signal in the remaining tracks.

$$\Sigma \rightarrow \Lambda e^+ e^-$$

D) DataSet: all  $J/\psi$  sample collected in 2012 years.

## I) Good charged track

- ✓ Vertex:  $V_r < 1 \text{ cm}$ ,  $V_z < 10 \text{ cm}$  (only available for electron)
- ✓ Polar angle:  $\cos\theta < 0.93$

## II) Good photons

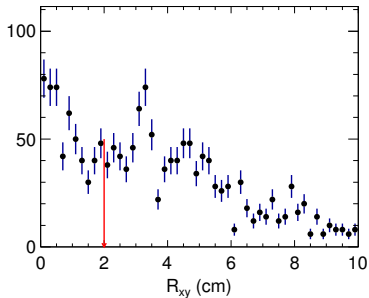
- ✓ Barrel:  $\cos\theta < 0.8$ ,  $E_\gamma > 25 \text{ MeV}$
- ✓ End Cap:  $0.86 < \cos\theta < 0.92$ ,  $E_\gamma > 50 \text{ MeV}$

## III) $\Lambda$ candidates:

- ✓ Mass:  $[1.110, 1.121] \text{ GeV}$
- ✓ vertex fit:  $\chi^2 < 100$
- ✓ No requirement on Second VertexFit

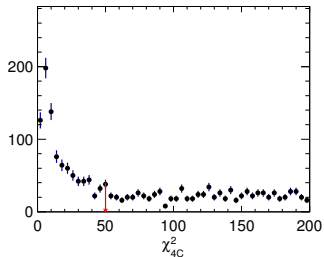
# Veto gamma conversion

- ✓ Veto the events  $R_{xy} > 2\text{cm}$

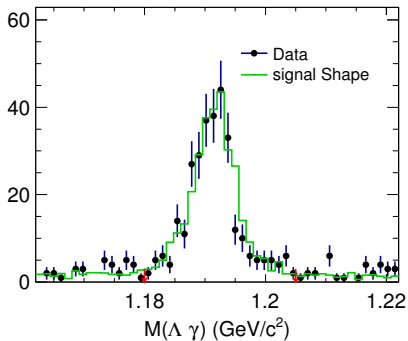


# Requirement on Kinematic Fit

✓  $\chi^2 < 50$



# Requirement on $M(\Lambda\gamma)$





✓ Total signal:  $84 \pm 9.2$

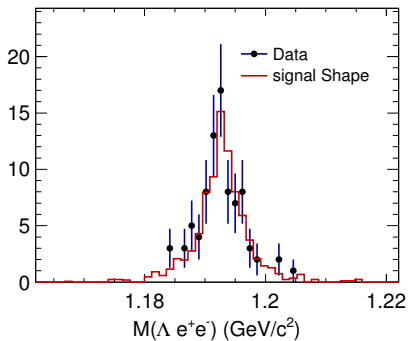


Figure:

# $\mathcal{B}(\Sigma \rightarrow \Lambda e^+ e^-)$

$$BF = \frac{n^{yield}}{N_{J/\psi} \cdot B(J/\psi \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \bar{\Sigma}^0) \cdot \epsilon} \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{array}{l|l} N_{J/\psi} & (1.310 \pm 0.007) \times 10^9 \\ \epsilon & 1.47\% \end{array}$$

✓  $BF = 0.0037 \pm 0.0004$

✓ Theory: 0.00545

## *Next to*

- A) Adopt DTag method to obtain the absolute fraction.
- B) Analysis new  $J/\psi$  data collected during 2017-2018 to improve the measurement.