



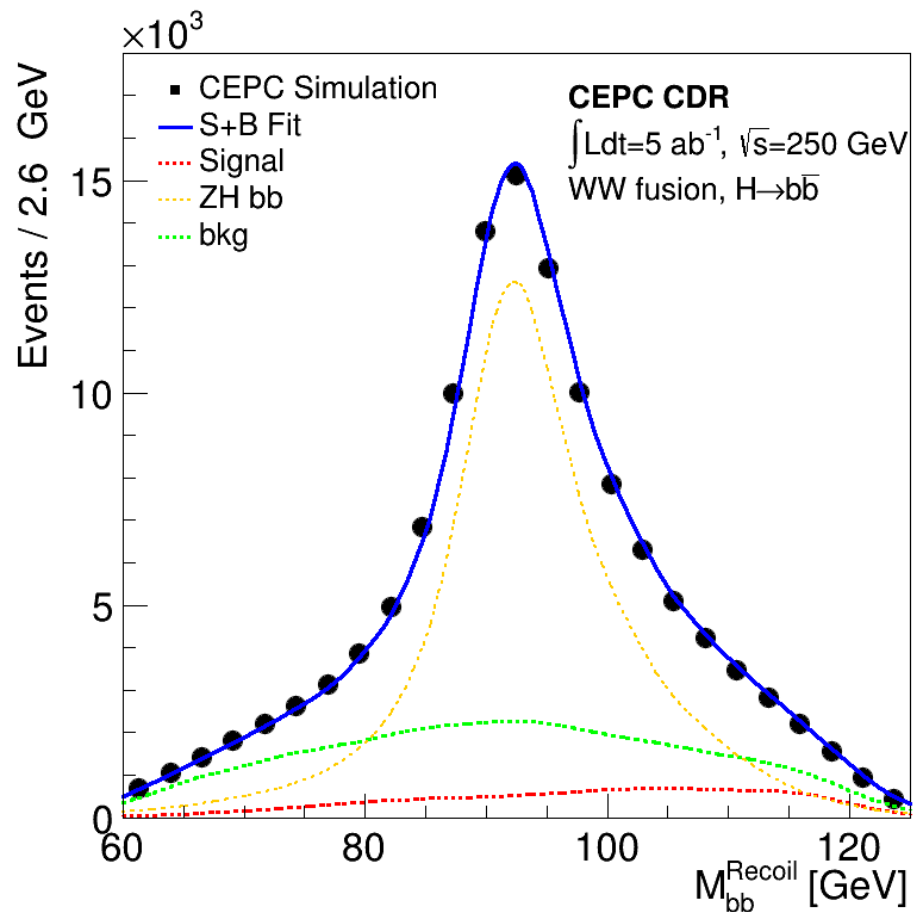
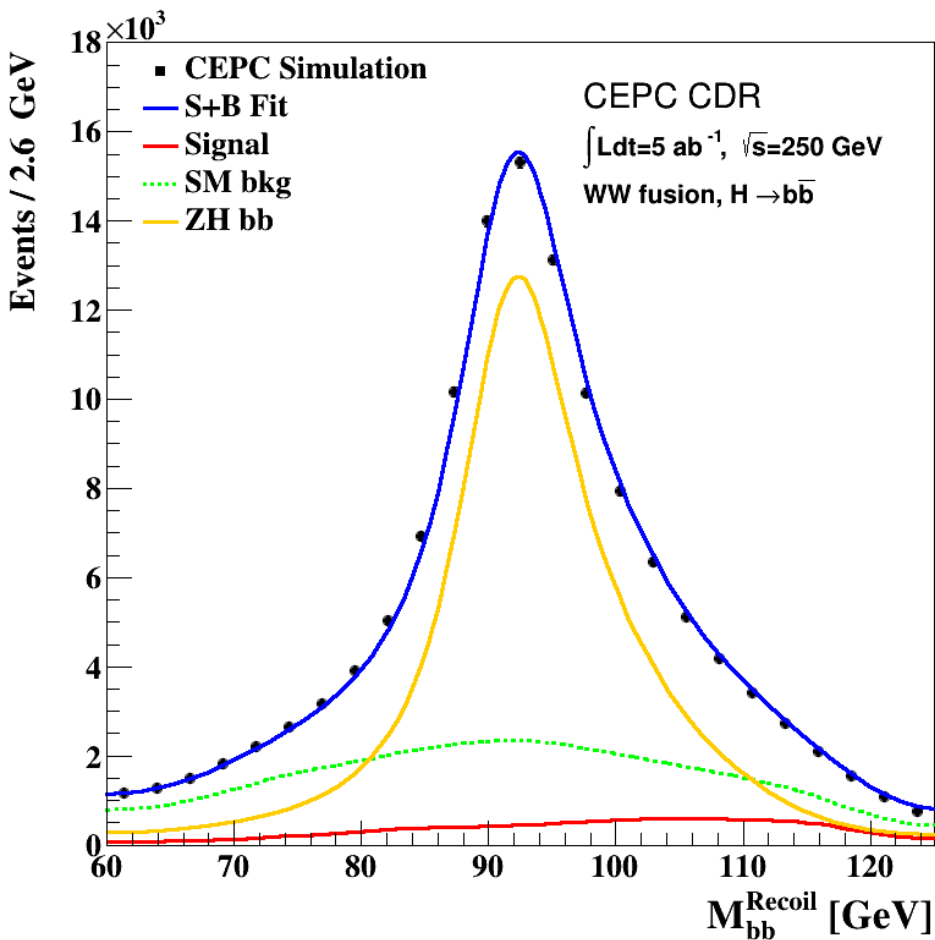
CEPC CDR updates

Kaili

2018.07.12

Plot style change

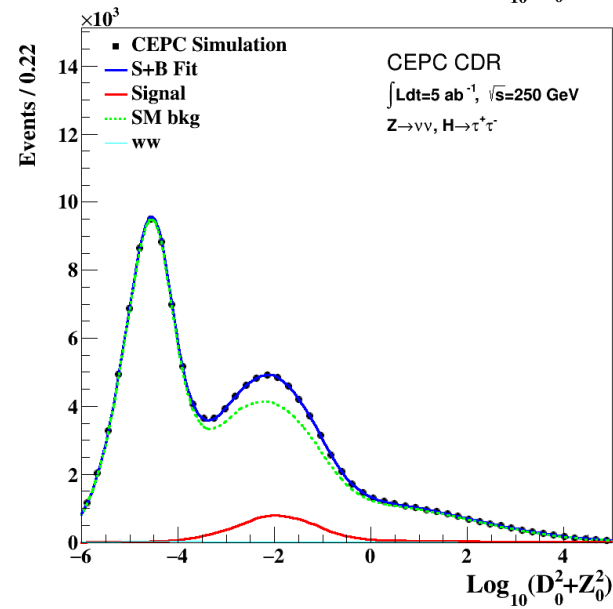
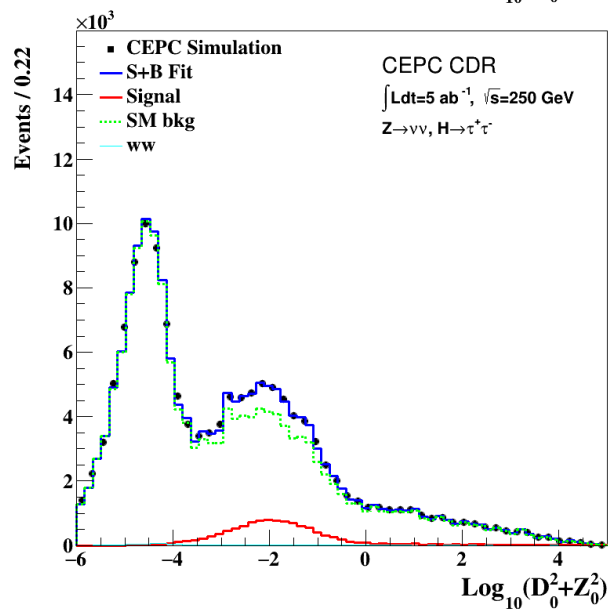
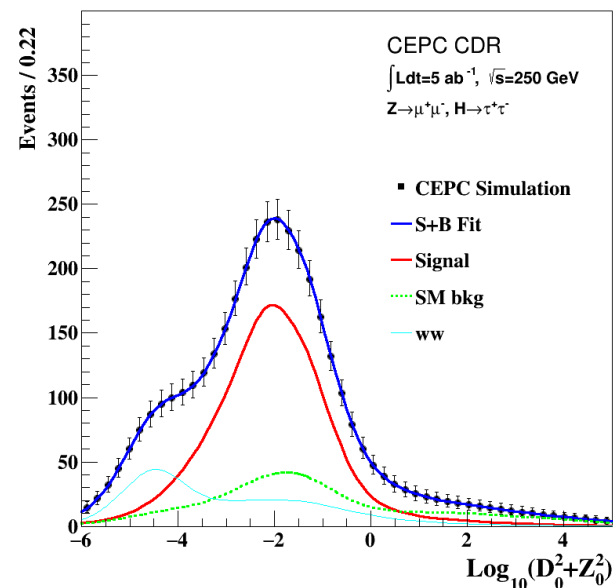
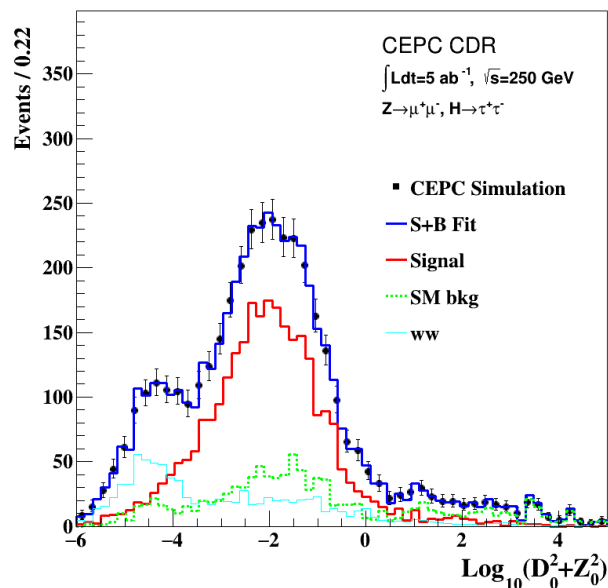
Larger text, marker;
Sans serif font;
All Asimov Data;
Dotted style.....



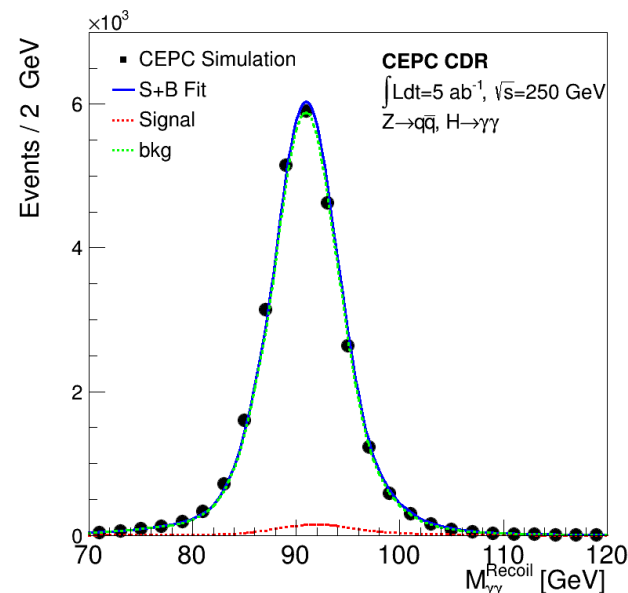
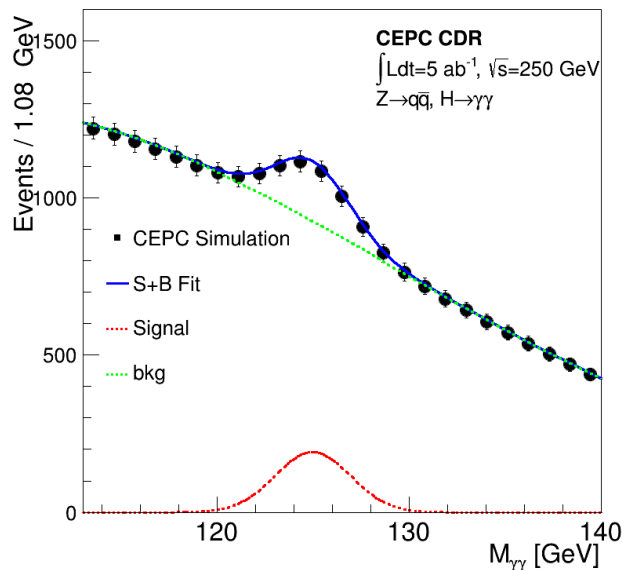
Improve binned fit quality

- ww fusion processes firstly use 2d, 15×15 bins in fit.
 - bin number cannot improve since we can't let bin content be zero;
 - lose lots shape information
 - turn to continuum unbinned mass fit+ 50 bin for $\cos \theta$;
 - 3.11% $\rightarrow$ 3.01%
- Use unbinned fit as long as we can;
 - And enlarge the bin number for RooHistPdf (for θ and flavor tagging)
 - Applied for $Z \rightarrow ee/mm$ $H \rightarrow qq$; $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$

binned -> unbinned



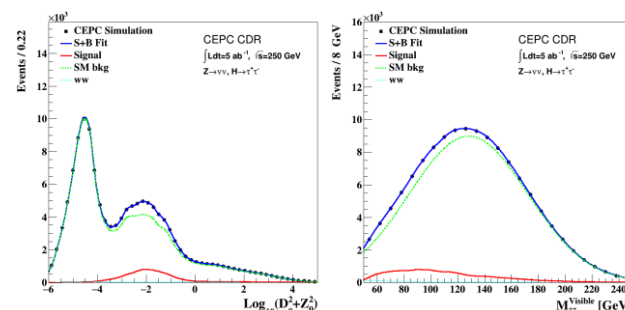
Try 2d fit for possible channel



- 2d pdf has more information to distinguish the s/b.
 - for $m_{\gamma\gamma}$ and $m_{\gamma\gamma}^{Recoil}$? m_{ll} and m_{ll}^{Recoil} can also be used;
 - Currently applied for $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma, \tau\tau, H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow qqqq$;
 - No significant improvement for most channels
 - But for $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu, H \rightarrow \tau\tau$,
 - impact parameter+ mass 2.65%
 - mass 3.11%

Under further study

Kaili Zhang



bb/cc/gg

$$\Delta = \frac{\Delta\sigma_{240} - \Delta\sigma_{250}}{\Delta\sigma_{250}}$$

Signal		250	240	Difference
Z	H			
H→qq				
ee	bb	1.30%	1.35%	3.85%
	cc	11.78%	12.35%	4.84%
	gg	6.17%	6.51%	5.51%
μμ	bb	1.00%	1.03%	3.00%
	cc	9.44%	9.77%	3.50%
	gg	4.90%	5.08%	3.67%
qq	bb	0.48%	0.49%	2.08%
	cc	11.73%	12.45%	6.14%
	gg	3.68%	3.94%	7.07%
vv	bb	0.41%	0.41%	2.32%
	cc	3.90%	4.10%	5.13%
	gg	1.54%	1.61%	4.55%
vvH(WW fusion)				
vvH	bb	3.01%		
zh	bb	0.32%	0.32%	1.82%
ZH				
Z	bb	0.28%	0.29%	3.22%
	cc	3.30%	3.45%	4.55%
	gg	1.31%	1.37%	4.65%

red: difference since last week's report

bb 0.28% take wwf events as ZH; if not, 0.32%;



WW/ZZ



Signal		250	240	Difference
Z	H			
H->WW				
ee	lvlv	9.36%	9.79%	4.59%
	evqq	4.57%	4.77%	4.38%
	$\mu\nu$ qq	3.95%	4.10%	3.80%
$\mu\mu$	lvlv	7.35%	7.54%	2.59%
	evqq	4.01%	4.07%	1.50%
	$\mu\nu$ qq	3.97%	4.07%	2.52%
vv	qqqq	2.03%	2.14%	5.42%
	evqq	4.69%	4.89%	4.26%
	$\mu\nu$ qq	4.18%	4.35%	4.07%
	lvlv	11.30%	11.60%	2.65%
qq	qqqq	1.84%	1.93%	4.89%
H->ZZ				
vv	$\mu\mu$ qq	7.96%	8.21%	3.14%
vv	eeqq	39.50%	42.19%	6.81%
$\mu\mu$	$\nu\nu$ qq	7.38%	7.56%	2.44%
ZH bkg		10.01%	10.40%	3.85%
ZH				
Z	WW	1.05%	1.07%	2.35%
	ZZ	5.12%	5.21%	1.82%

Others

Signal		250	240	Difference
Z	H			
H->Invisible				
qq	zz(vvvv)	220.00%	235.00%	6.82%
ee		325.00%	349.00%	7.38%
μμ		229.00%	250.00%	9.17%
Tot		150.24%	159.88%	6.42%
H→γγ				
μμ+ττ	γγ	38.18%	41.10%	7.65%
νν		10.33%	10.90%	5.52%
qq		9.58%	10.40%	8.56%
Tot		6.90%	7.38%	6.96%
H→μμ				
qq	μμ	17.75%	18.70%	5.40%
ee		61.38%	64.71%	5.42%
μμ		86.10%	90.74%	5.39%
νν		53.32%	56.93%	6.77%
Tot		15.90%	16.84%	5.91%
H→ττ				
ee	ττ	2.72%	2.69%	-1.10%
μμ		2.26%	2.21%	-2.21%
qq		0.93%	0.97%	4.30%
νν		2.65%	\	\
Tot		0.79%	0.82%	3.06%

for γγ channel,
we use 240 data, and extrapolate
it back the 250 result.

Use Dan's result in ee and mm;
Due to the better significance in v4.

Result



As ww fusion channel is important, I suggest update to 3.01%. But channels like $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$ $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ do not change and wait for further study;

	250GeV	240GeV	Difference
$\sigma(ZH)$	0.50%	0.50%	\
$\sigma(ZH) * Br(H \rightarrow bb)$	0.28%	0.29%	3.22%
$\sigma(ZH) * Br(H \rightarrow cc)$	3.30%	3.45%	4.55%
$\sigma(ZH) * Br(H \rightarrow gg)$	1.31%	1.37%	4.65%
$\sigma(ZH) * Br(H \rightarrow WW)$	1.05%	1.07%	2.35%
$\sigma(ZH) * Br(H \rightarrow ZZ)$	5.12%	5.21%	1.82%
$\sigma(ZH) * Br(H \rightarrow \tau\tau)$	0.79%	0.82%	3.06%
$\sigma(ZH) * Br(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$	6.90%	7.38%	6.96%
$\sigma(ZH) * Br(H \rightarrow \mu\mu)$	15.9%	16.8%	5.91%
$\sigma(\nu\nu H) * Br(H \rightarrow bb)$	3.01%		
$Br_{\text{upper}}(H \rightarrow inv.)$	0.42%	0.44%	6.42%
$\sigma(ZH) * Br(H \rightarrow Z\gamma)$	4σ	4σ	\

backup

Cross Section current

Cross Section, 250GeV cited from [Moxin's note on cepcdoc](#) and 240GeV calculated by Gang in Whizard 1.9.5

Type	250 GeV	240 GeV	Ratio
Signal (fb)			
Total	212.13	200.66	96.0%
Sum	214.13	203.65	95.1%
eeH	7.60	7.05	92.8%
mmH	7.10	6.77	95.4%
$\tau\tau$ H	7.08	6.75	95.3%
$\nu\nu$ H	48.96	46.32	94.6%
qqH	143.39	136.76	95.4%
eeH(ZZ fusion)	0.63	0.28	44.4%
$\nu\nu$ H(WW fusion)	6.85	6.19	90.3%

Ratio=250GeV/240GeV;

Technical issue makes a difference in Total Cx and Sum Cx.

These 5 channels conclude fusion.

Calculated by e1e1h-e2e2h, n1n1h-n2n2h. (Ignore the interference)
 WW fraction from 14%(250GeV) to 13.3%(240GeV).
 Add all the interferences to $\nu\nu$ H would underestimate 250GeV result, and overestimate 240GeV result.

bkg Cross Section

Type	250 GeV	240 GeV	Ratio
2 fermion			
e+e-	24992.2	24770.9	99.1%
$\mu+\mu-$	4991.9	5332.7	106.8%
$\tau+\tau-$	4432.2	4752.9	107.2%
$\nu\nu$	53598.4	54099.5	100.9%
veve	45390.8	45390.8	\
$\nu\mu\nu\mu$	4416.3	4416.3	\
$\nu\tau\nu\tau$	4410.3	4410.3	\
qq	50105.4	54106.9	108.0%
uu	10110.4	10899.3	107.8%
dd	10010.1	10711.0	107.0%
cc	10102.8	10862.9	107.5%
ss	9924.4	10737.8	108.2%
bb	9957.7	10769.8	108.2%

Type	250 GeV	240 GeV	Ratio	Type	250 GeV	240 GeV	Ratio
4 fermion				4 fermion			
sw_l0mu	429.8	436.7	101.60%	zz_h0cc_nots	95.7	99.0	103.4%
sw_l0tau	429.8	435.9	101.40%	zz_h0dtdt	225.3	233.5	103.6%
sw_sl0qq	2583.6	2612.6	101.10%	zz_h0utut	82.8	85.7	103.5%
sze_l0e	82.5	78.5	95.20%	zz_h0uu_notd	95.6	98.6	103.1%
sze_l0mu	0	845.8	\	zz_l04mu	14.5	15.6	107.3%
sze_l0nunu	29.6	28.9	97.90%	zz_l04tau	4.4	4.6	105.3%
sze_l0tau	150.3	147.3	98.00%	zz_l0mumu	18.2	19.4	106.7%
sze_sl0dd	128.7	125.8	97.70%	zz_l0taumu	17.6	18.7	106.3%
sze_sl0uu	195.9	190.2	97.10%	zz_l0tautau	9.2	9.6	104.6%
szeorsw_l0l	249.8	249.5	99.90%	zz_sl0mu_down	127.8	136.1	106.5%
sznu_l0mumu	43.2	43.4	100.50%	zz_sl0mu_up	82.5	87.4	106.0%
sznu_l0tautau	14.6	14.6	99.70%	zz_sl0nu_down	135.2	139.7	103.4%
sznu_sl0nu_down	91.4	90	98.60%	zz_sl0nu_up	81.8	84.4	103.1%
sznu_sl0nu_up	56.1	55.6	99.10%	zz_sl0tau_down	64.4	67.3	104.6%
ww_h0ccbs	5.7	5.9	102.80%	zz_sl0tau_up	39.8	41.6	104.5%
ww_h0ccds	165.8	170.2	102.70%	zzbosons	1066.4	1110.4	104.1%
ww_h0cuxx	3395.6	3478.9	102.50%	zzorww_h0cscs	1565.4	1607.6	102.7%
ww_h0uubd	0.1	0.1	100.00%	zzorww_h0udud	1572.9	1610.3	102.4%
ww_h0uusd	166.6	170.5	102.30%	zzorww_l0mumu	214.7	221.1	103.0%
ww_l0ll	393.9	403.7	102.50%	zzorww_l0tautau	205.4	211.2	102.8%
ww_sl0muq	2366.4	2423.4	102.40%				
ww_sl0tauq	2362.3	2423.6	102.60%				
wwbosons	16218.2	16721.8	103.10%				

In most channels, the dominant bkg is 4 fermion; **3%**

bkg extrapolation

- Most channel use bkg **+3%**
 - 4 fermion bkg dominant; 2 fermion are reducible after selection
- Except:
 - Z->qq/vv, H->bb/cc/gg: $2f:4f=3:1$; +4%;
 - As well as Z->qq, H->vvvv; (Not in H->WW->4q; 4f dominant, +3%;
 - H->mm Z->qq/vv, : zz_{l04mu} , +6%;
 - H->mm Z->mm: $zz_{sl0mu_down/up}$, +7%;
 - H->yy 2fermion;
 - Z->mm: +7%; Z->qq: +8%; Z->vv: +1%;

Signal extrapolation

- For all ZH events,
 - eeH: -7.2%;
 - mmH: -4.6%
 - qqH: -4.6%
 - vvH: -5.6%
- For $vvH, H \rightarrow bb$,
 - use the weight after selection by Liang Hao
 - WW fusion process: *0.971537
 - ZH process: *1.013535
 - SM bkg: *1.052864