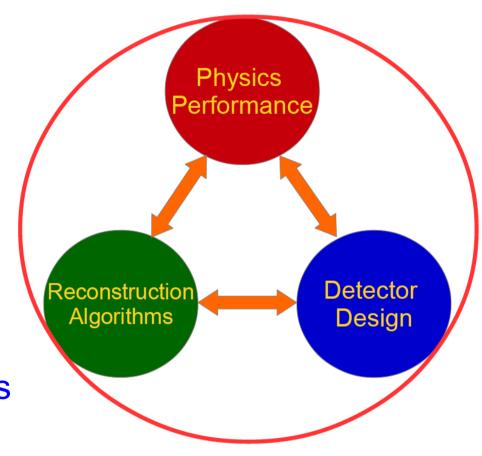
# The Performance study of the CEPC baseline detector

Manqi Ruan

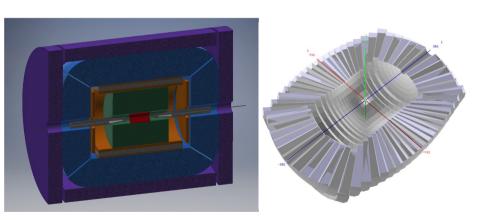
#### Performance

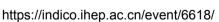
- Determined by
  - Detector concept
  - Reconstruction algorithm
- Characterized at
  - Physics Objects
  - Higgs Signal
  - Benchmark Physics Analyses (see Jianming's talk)



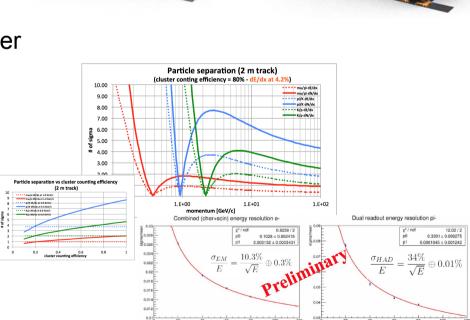
#### Two classes of Concepts

- PFA Oriented concept using High Granularity Calorimeter
  - + TPC (ILD-like, Baseline)
  - + Silicon tracking (SiD-like)
- Low Magnet Field Detector Concept (IDEA)
  - Wire Chamber + Dual Readout Calorimeter



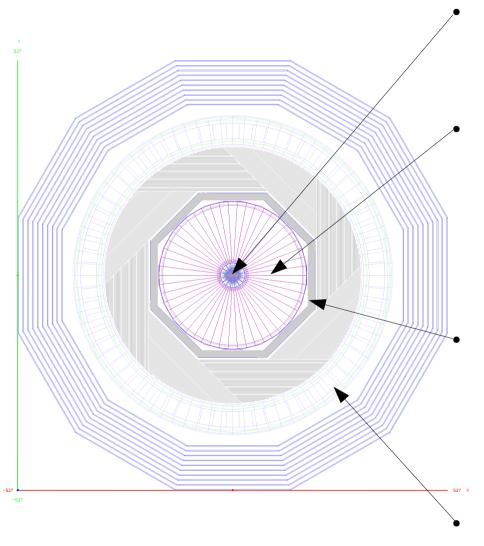


https://agenda.infn.it/conferenceOtherViews.py?view=standard&confld=14816



09/09/18 CDR Review Rehearsal

#### An ILD-like detector at the CEPC

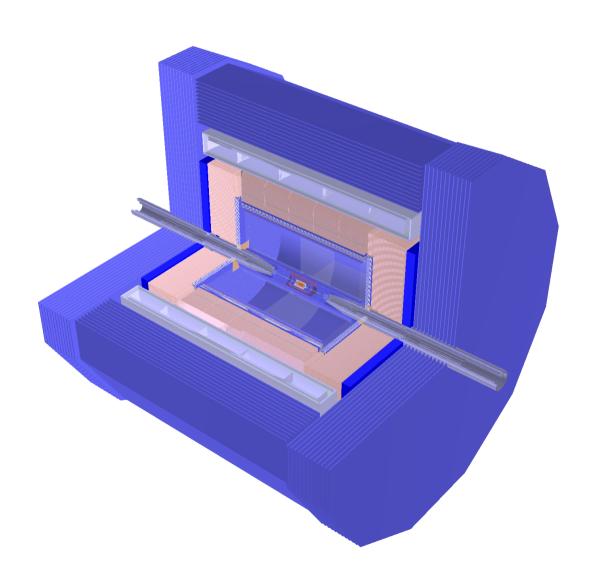


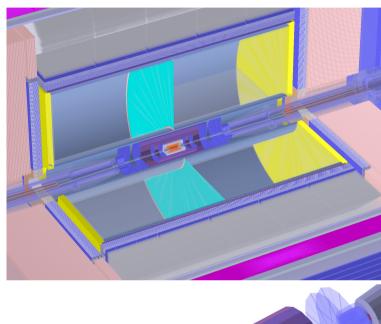
- Different collision environments/rates:
  - MDI design & Implementation: CEPC-SIMU-2017-001
  - The CEPC Event rate is significantly higher than linear colliders, charged kaon id can strongly enhance the CEPC flavor physics program
    - TPC Feasibility: JINST-12-P07005 (2017)
    - Pid using TPC dEdx and ToF: Eur. Phys. J. C (2018) 78:464

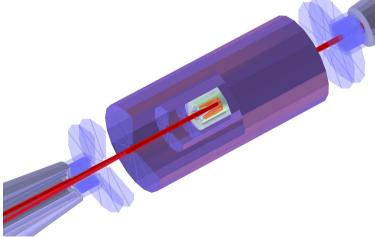
No power pulsing at CEPC detector

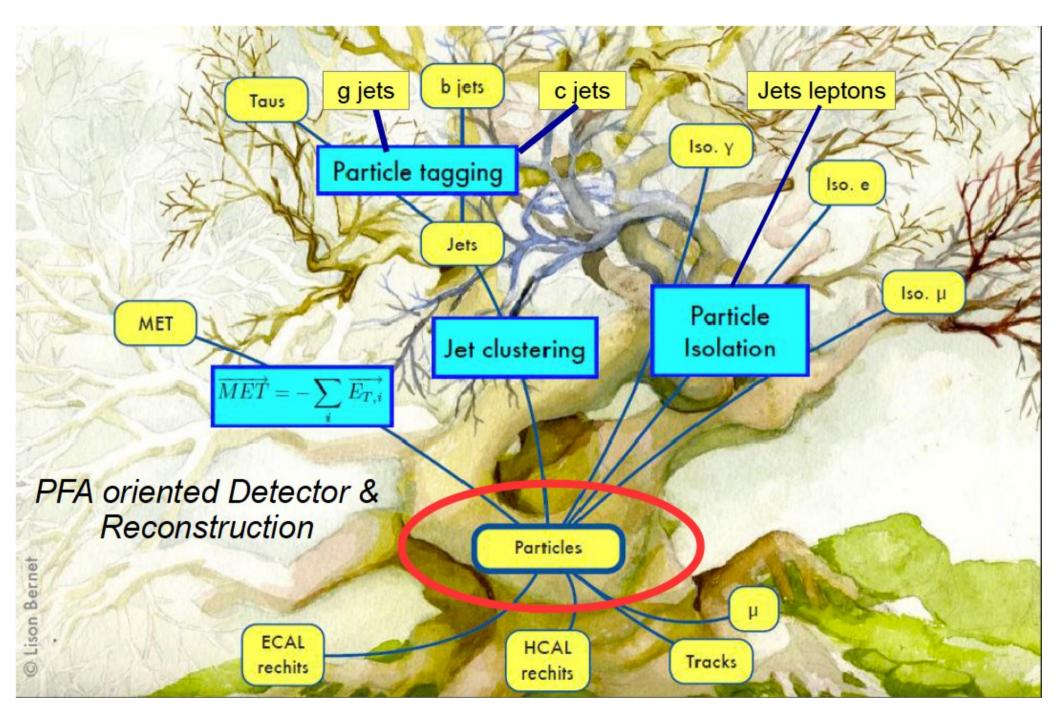
- A significant reduction of the readout channel, especially the Calorimeter Granularity: JINST-13-P03010 (2018)
- HCAL Optimization
- 3 Tesla Solenoid: requested by the Accelerator/MDI

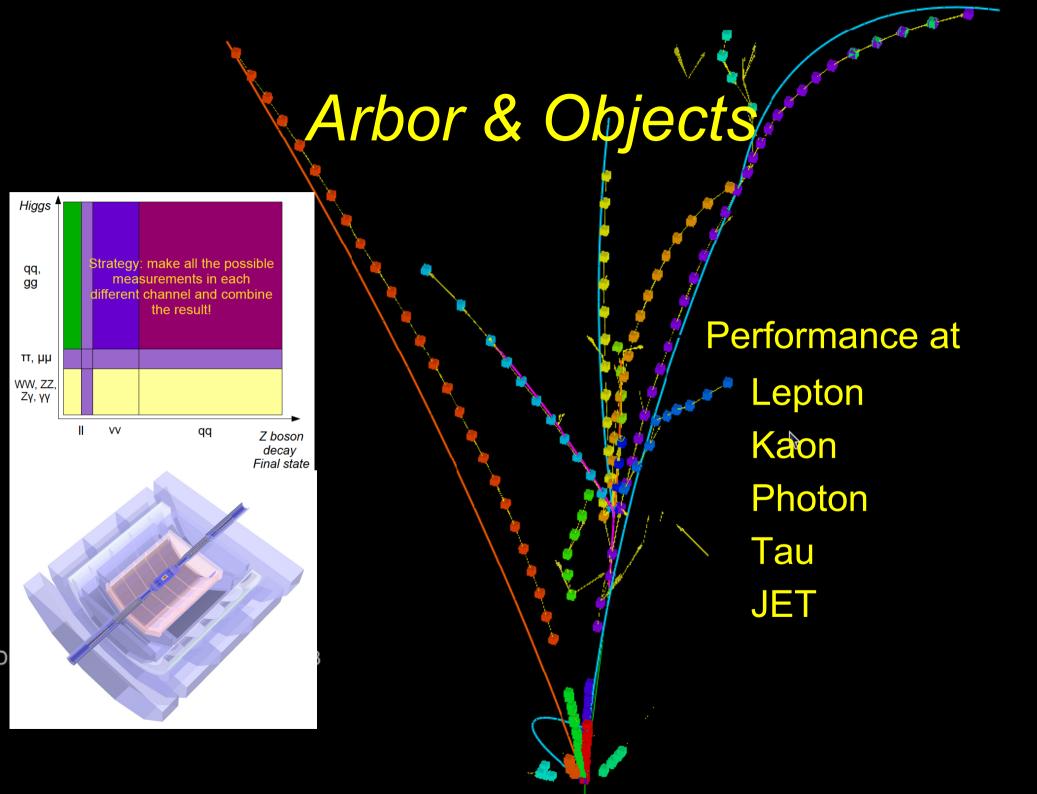
## **APODIS Geometry**



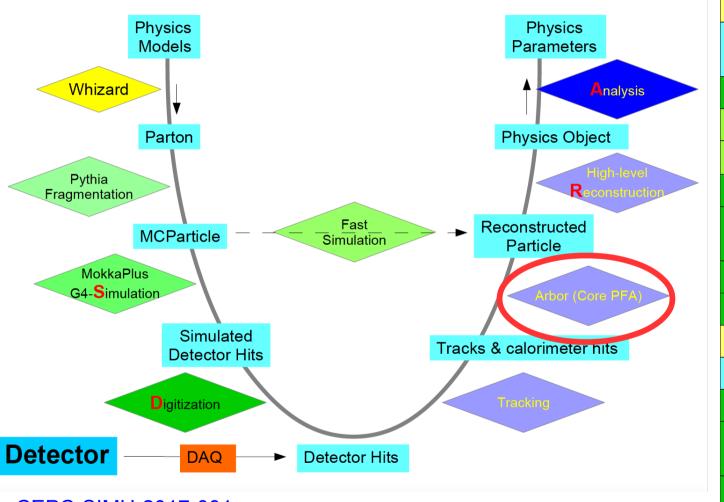








#### The Simu-Reco Chain at CEPC



Generators (Whizard & Pythia)

Data format & management (LCIO & Marlin)

Simulation (MokkaC)

**Digitizations** 

**Tracking** 

PFA (Arbor)

Single Particle Physics Objects Finder (LICH)

Composed object finder (Coral)

Tau finder

Jet Clustering (FastJet)

Jet Flavor Tagging (LCFIPLus)

**Event Display (Druid)** 

General Analysis Framework (FSClasser)

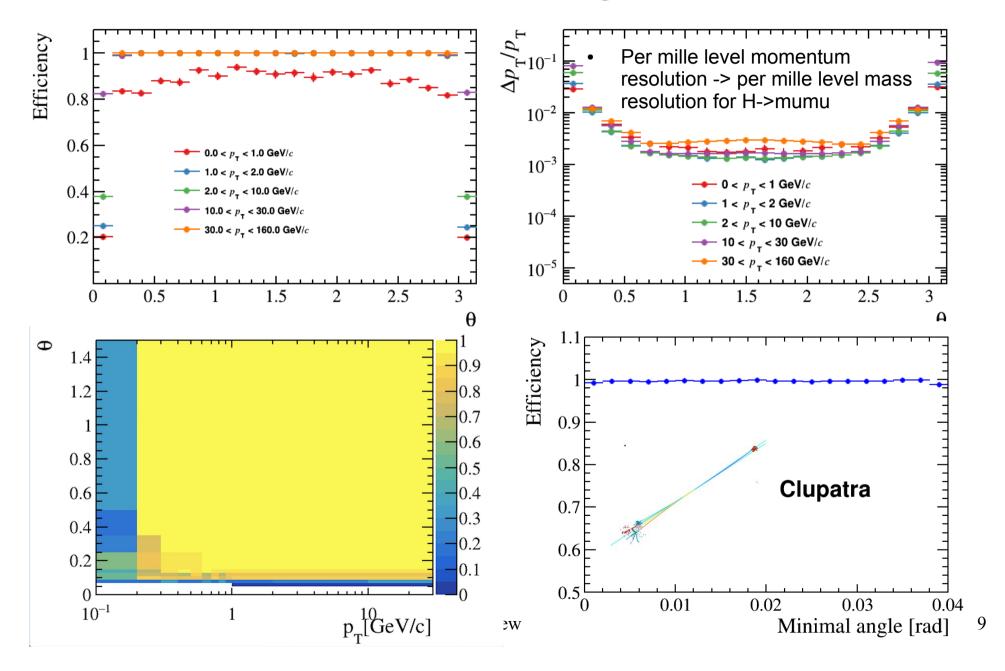
Fast Simulation (Delphes + FSClasser)

CEPC-SIMU-2017-001, CEPC-SIMU-2017-002, (DocDB id-167, 168, 173)

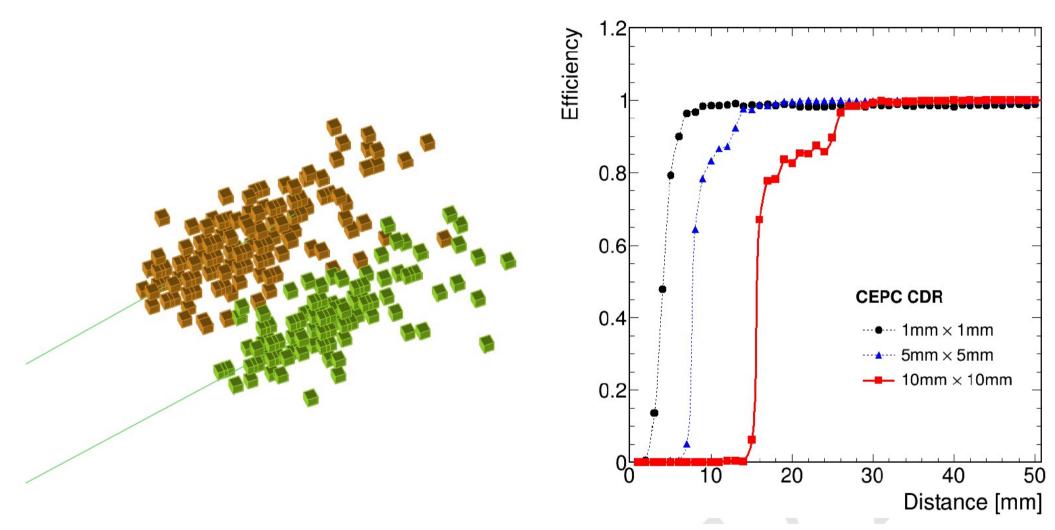
09/09/18



## Tracking

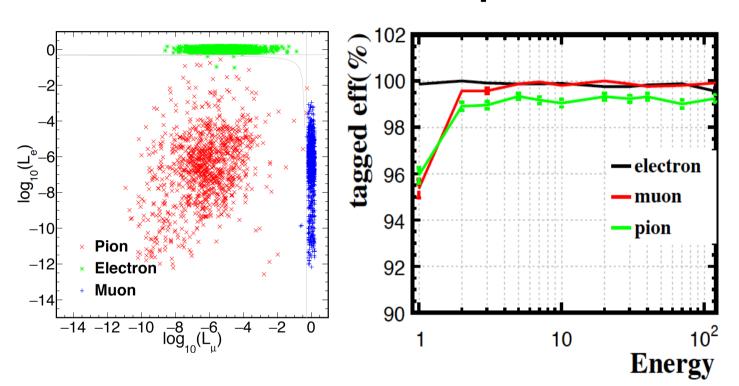


## Clustering



Critical energy to separate an evenly decay  $\pi_0$ : 30 GeV

#### Leptons

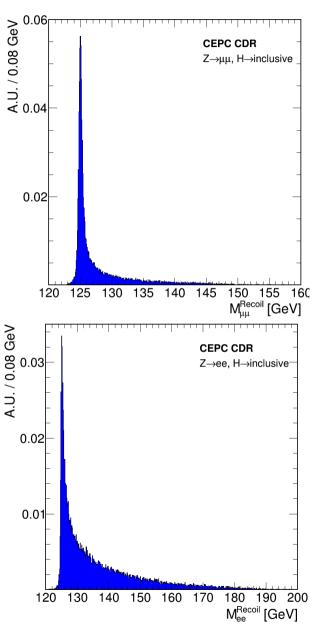


BDT method using 4 classes of 24 input discrimination variables.

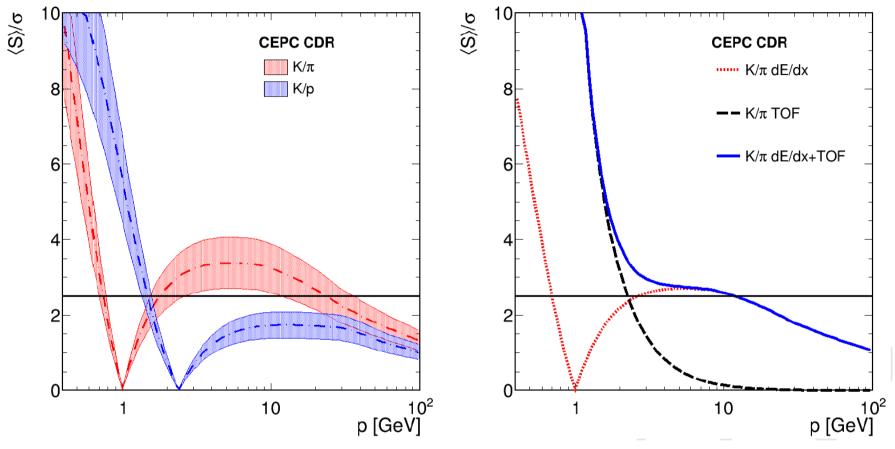
Test performance at: Electron = E\_likeness > 0.5; Muon = Mu\_likeness > 0.5 Single charged reconstructed particle, for E > 2 GeV:

lepton efficiency > 99.5% && Pion mis id rate ~ 1%

Eur. Phys. J. C (2017) 77: 591



#### Kaon



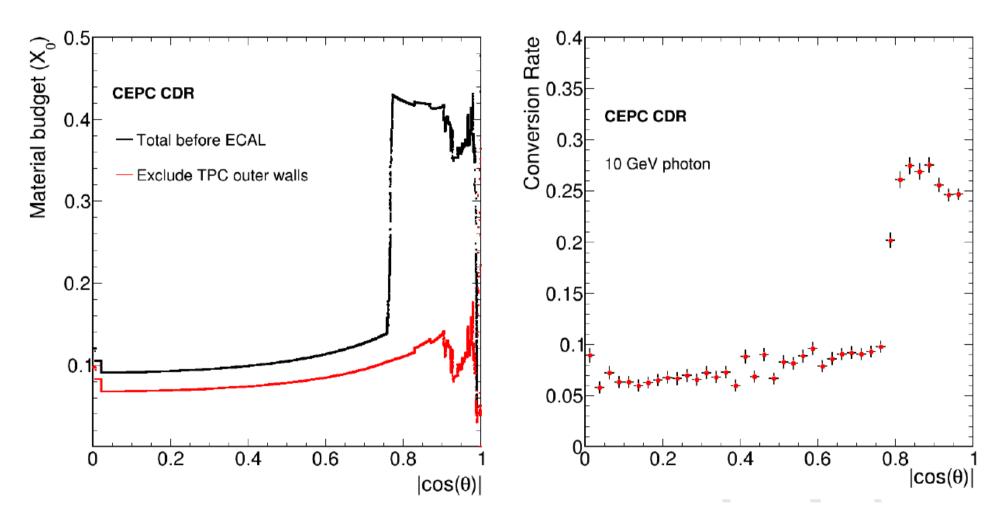
Highly appreciated in flavor physics @ CEPC Z pole TPC dEdx + ToF of 50 ps

At inclusive Z pole sample:

Conservative estimation gives efficiency/purity of 91%/94% (2-20 GeV, 50% degrading +50 ps ToF) Could be improved to 96%/96% by better detector/DAQ performance (20% degrading + 50 ps ToF)

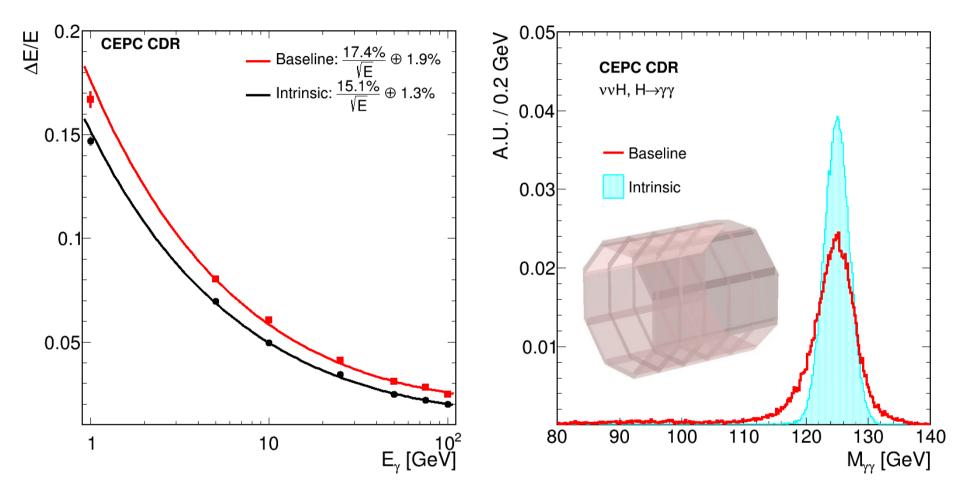
Eur. Phys. J. C (2018) 78:464

#### Photons - conversion



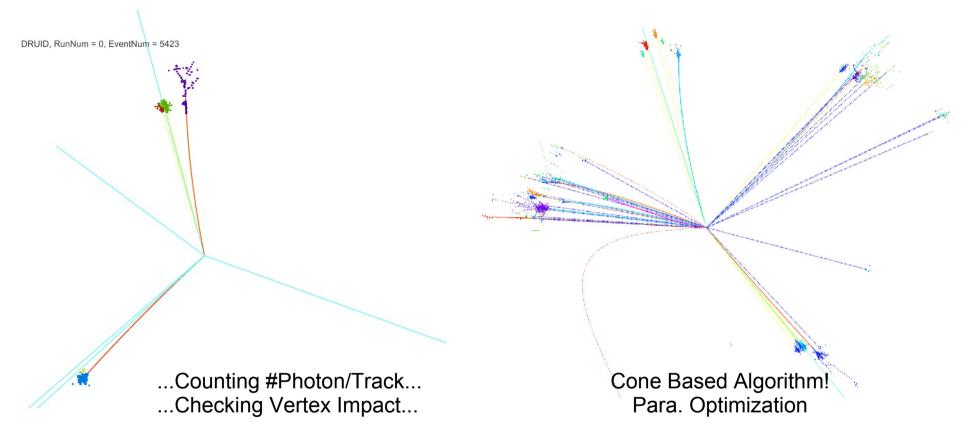
In the barrel region: Roughly 6-10% of the photons converts before reaching the Calorimeter.

#### Photon resolution



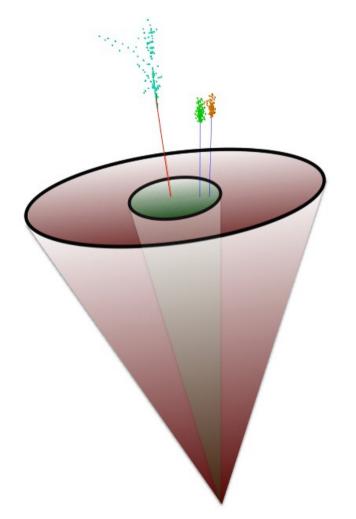
- A Higgs mass resolution of 1.7/2.5% is achieved in the Higgs to di-photon final states with simplified/APODIS geometry
- The geometry defects correction is mandatory (in progress)...

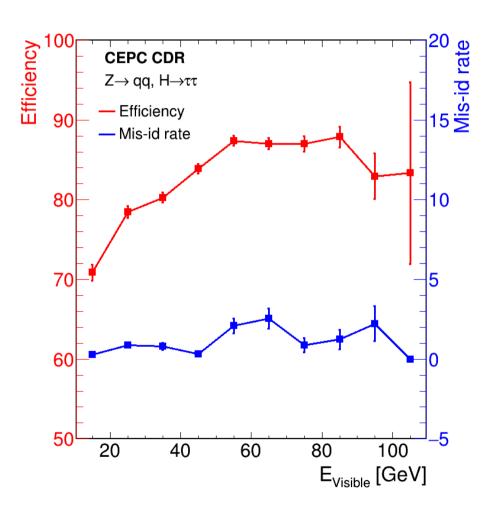
#### Tau



- Two catalogues:
  - Leptonic environments: i.e, IIττ(ZZ/ZH), ννττ(ZZ/ZH/WW), Z→ττ;
  - Jet environments: i.e, ZZ/ZH→qqττ, WW→qqντ;

## Tau finding





TAURUS (Tau Reconstruction tools) optimization in progress

#### **Jets**

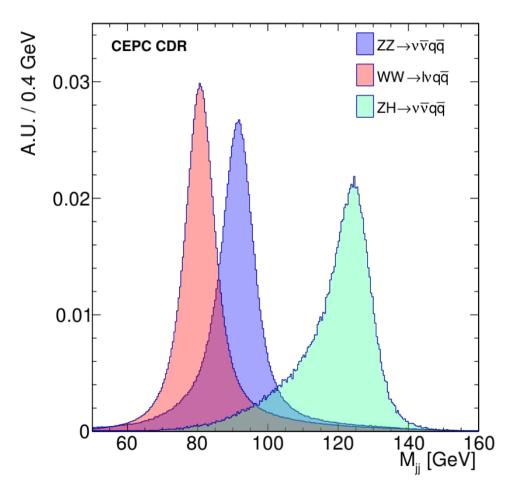
- Boson Mass Resolution: Separate W, Z and Higgs in hadronic decay mode
  - Essential for Higgs measurement
    - Separate Higgs from Z/W (relatively easy)
    - Separate H→ZZ/WW events (challenging)
  - Appreciated in Triplet Gauge Boson Coupling measurements
    - Separate WW (Signal) from ZZ, ISR return Z, etc.

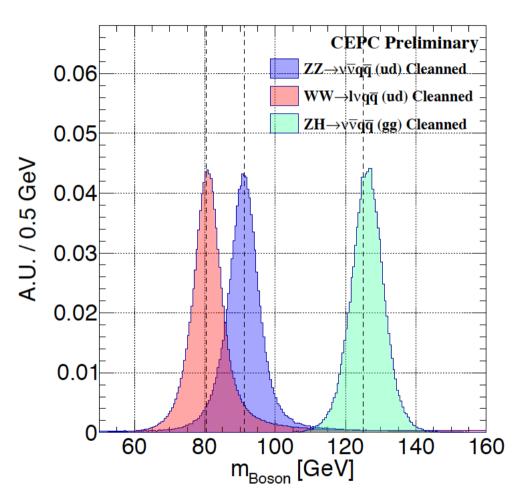
- ...

- Jet Clustering & Single jet response
  - To understand the Degrading induced by Jet Clustering, Matching, etc
  - Search for the most suited jet clustering algorithm (Presumably channel dependent) – Understand the Corresponding Systematic

- ...

#### Massive Boson Separation



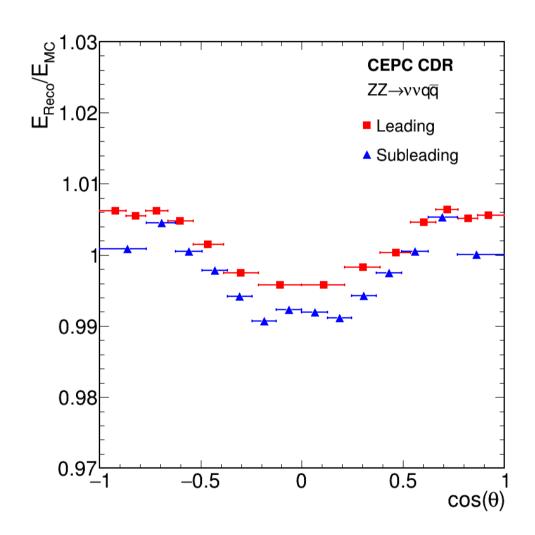


WW sample: using µvqq sample, Plot: the visible mass without the muon

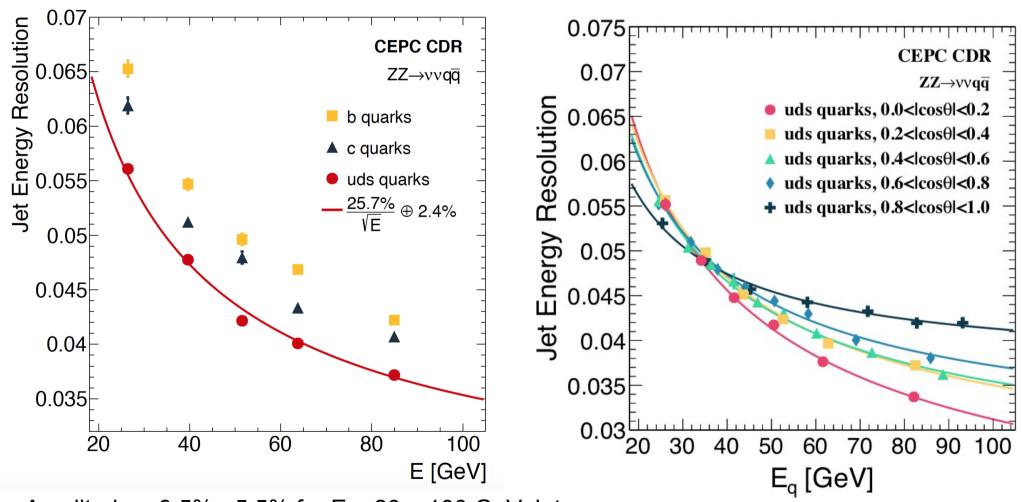
CEPC-RECO-2017-002 (DocDB id-164), CEPC-RECO-2018-002 (DocDB id-171),

## Jet Energy Scale

- JES ~ with 1% of the unity (without correction)
- Larger JES Observed at
  - Leading jets (correlated with energy)
  - Overlap/endcap region (Larger confusion term)
- JES ~ with 0.1% of unity anticipated after correction (geometry/energy dependent)

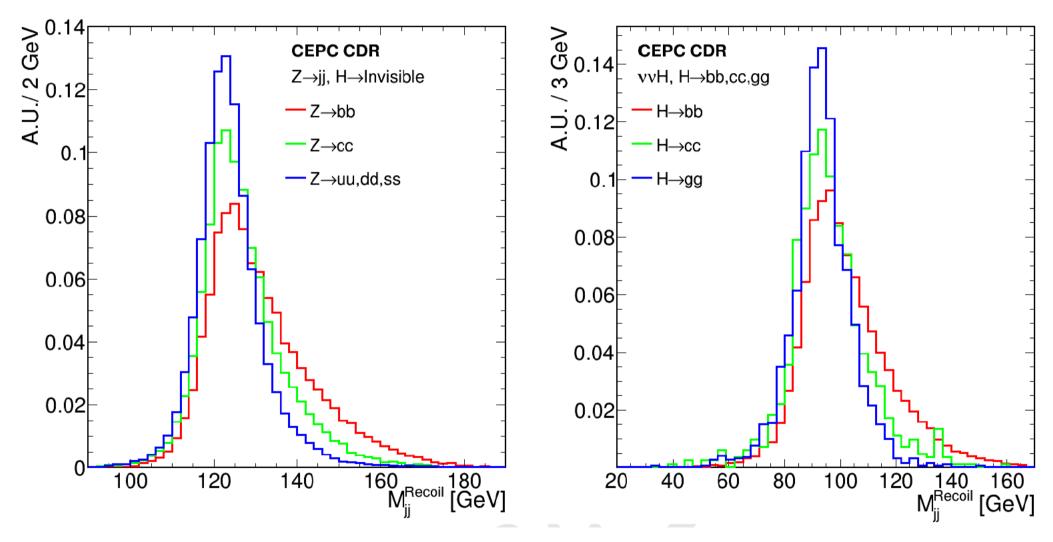


## Jet Energy Resolution



Amplitude  $\sim 3.5\%$  - 5.5% for E  $\sim 20 - 100$  GeV Jets Depends on the Flavor, direction and jet energy Superior to LHC experiments by 3-4 times 09/09/18

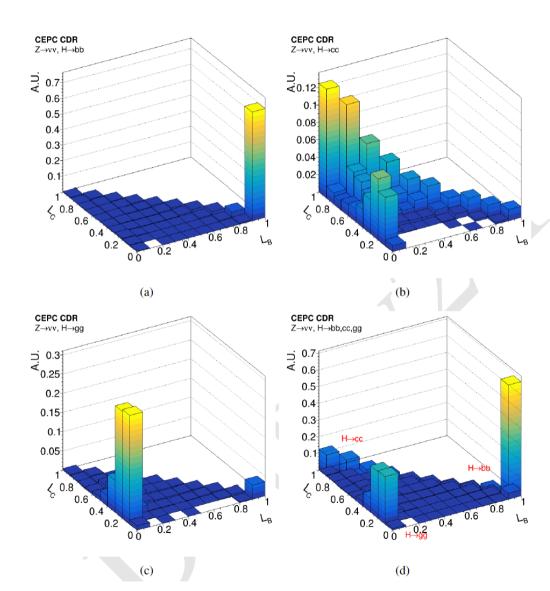
## Missing Energy & Momentum



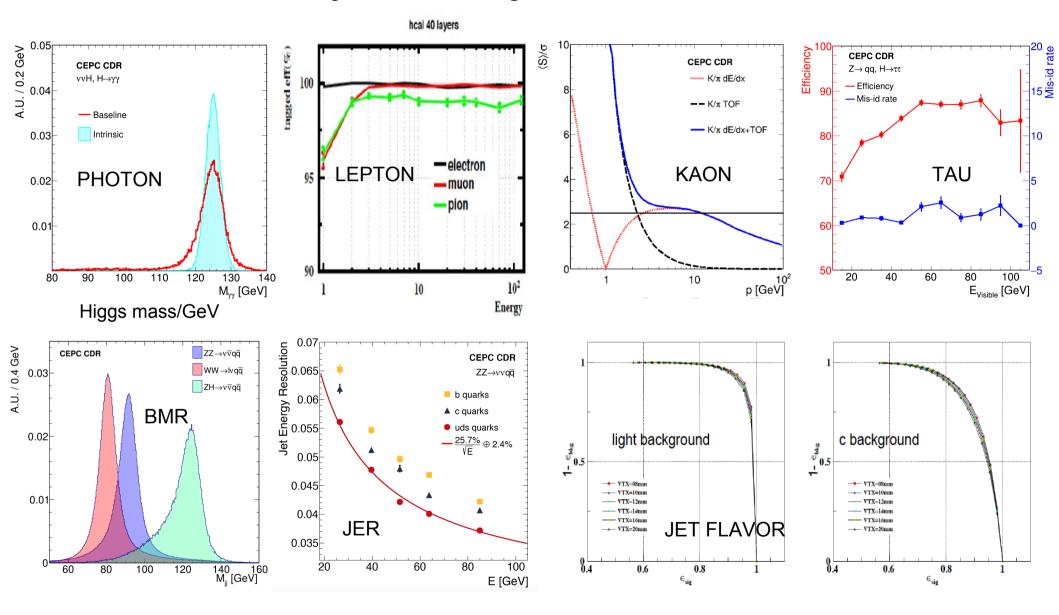
Width of the Light jets: 6GeV/8GeV (Left/Right Plots)

## Flavor Tagging

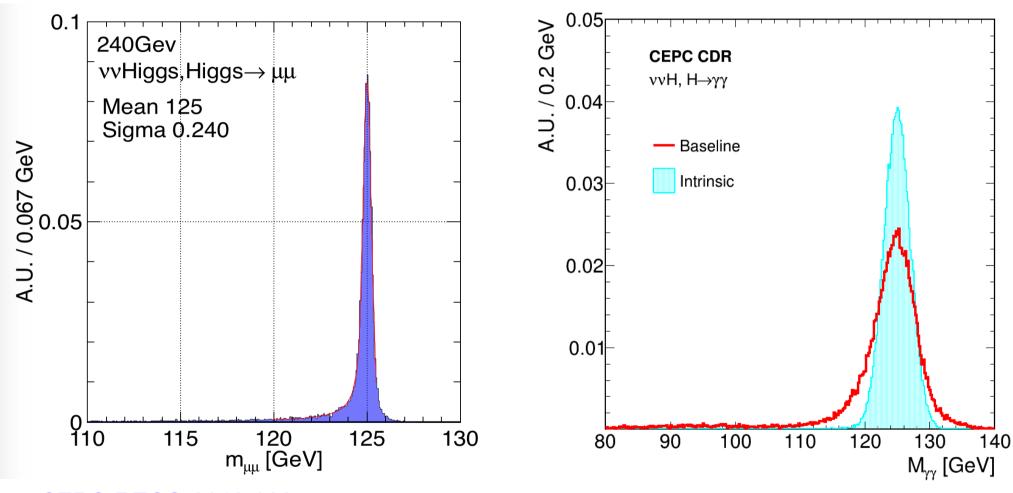
- Using LCFIPlus Package from ilcsoft
- At Higgs->2 jet samples:
  - Clear separation between different decay modes
- Typical Performance at Z pole sample:
  - B-tagging: eff/purity = 80%/90%
  - C-tagging: eff/purity = 60%/60%



#### Physics Objects: Tamed



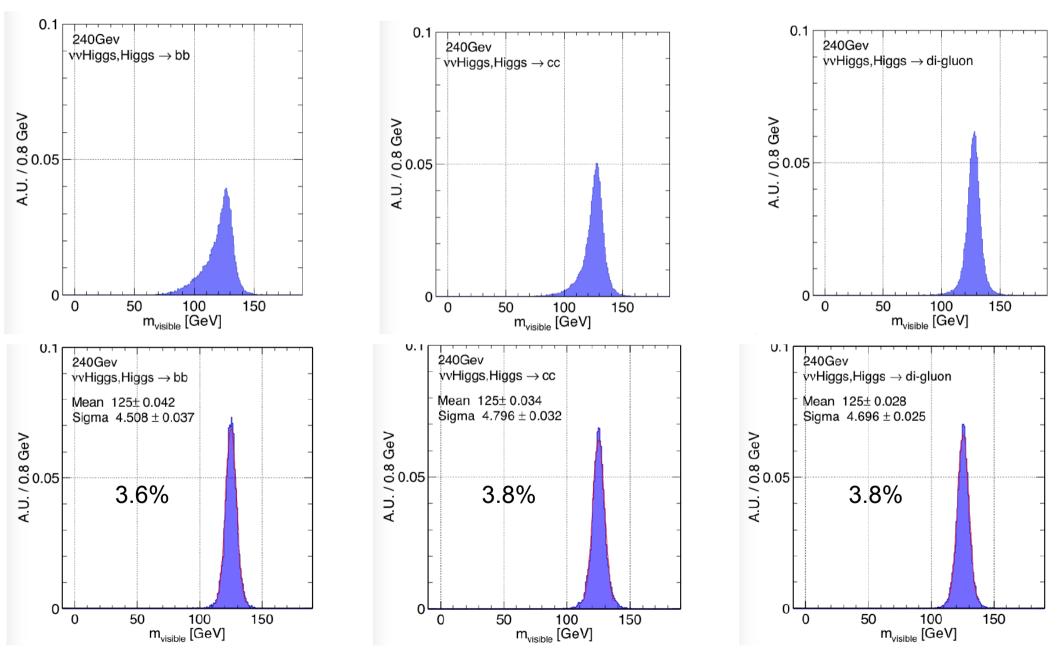
## Higgs Signal at APODIS



CEPC-RECO-2018-002 CEPC-Doc id 174, 175

Lepton tracks & Photon Clusters

#### Higgs to bb, cc, gg (Jets)



## Higgs to WW, ZZ (Jets + leptons + neutrinos)

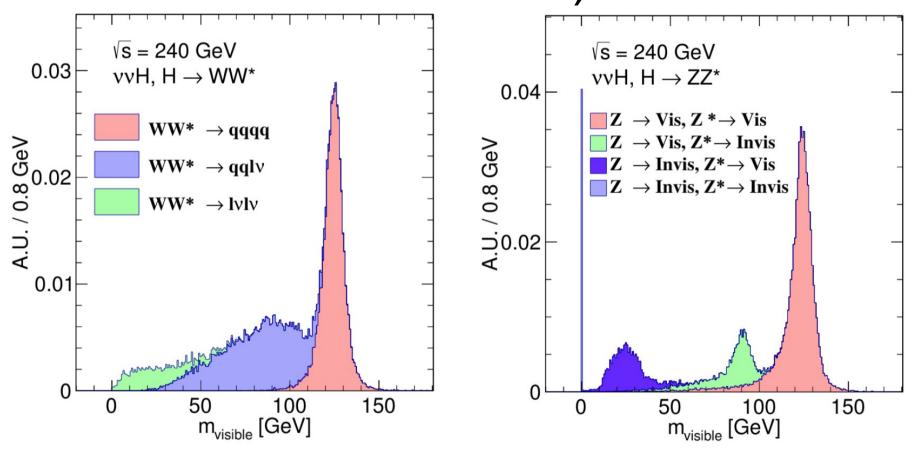


Table 2. Benchmark resolutions  $(\sigma/Mean)$  of reconstructed Higgs boson mass, comparing to LHC results.

	${ m Higgs}{ ightarrow}\mu\mu$	${ m Higgs}{ ightarrow}\gamma\gamma.$	${ m Higgs}{ ightarrow}{ m bb}$
CEPC (APODIS)	0.20%	$2.59\%^1$	3.63%
LHC (CMS, ATLAS)	$\sim$ 2% [19, 20]	$\sim 1.5\% \ [21, \ 22]$	$\sim 10\%$ [23, 24]

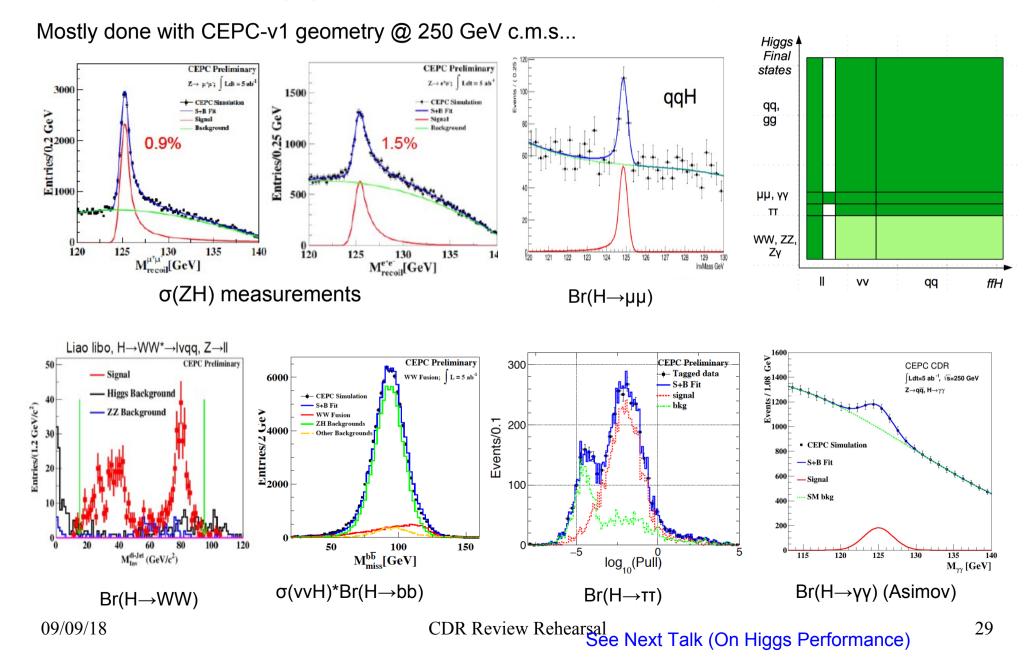
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> primary result without geometry based correction and fine-tuned calibration. https://arxiv.org/abs/1806.04992

## Summary

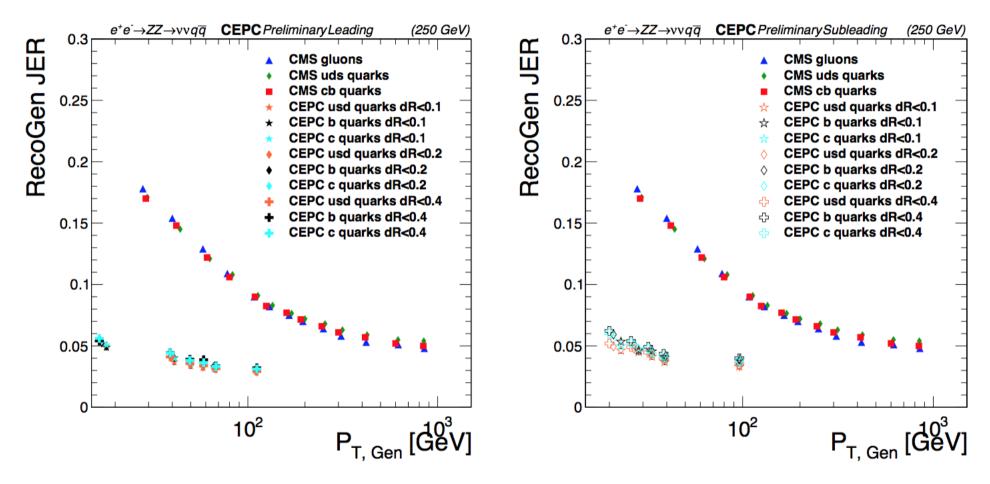
- CEPC, a super Higgs/W/Z factory, requests high efficiency/purity and high precision reconstruction of all key physics objects
- Performance at the baseline design (PFA: APODIS + Arbor)
  - All key physics objects tamed
  - Clear Higgs signature in all SM Higgs decay modes
  - Clear distinguish between the Signal and SM backgrounds → 0.1% 1% relative error in Higgs coupling measurements (see Jianming's talk)
  - Fulfills the physics requirements of the CEPC Higgs operation
- To do
  - Reconstruction development/Optimization, iterate with detector design
  - Identification of Jet flavor, gluon jets, and color singlets
  - Data preservation, deep learning, parallel computing
  - Lots of challenges & excitements

## backup

#### Higgs benchmark analyses



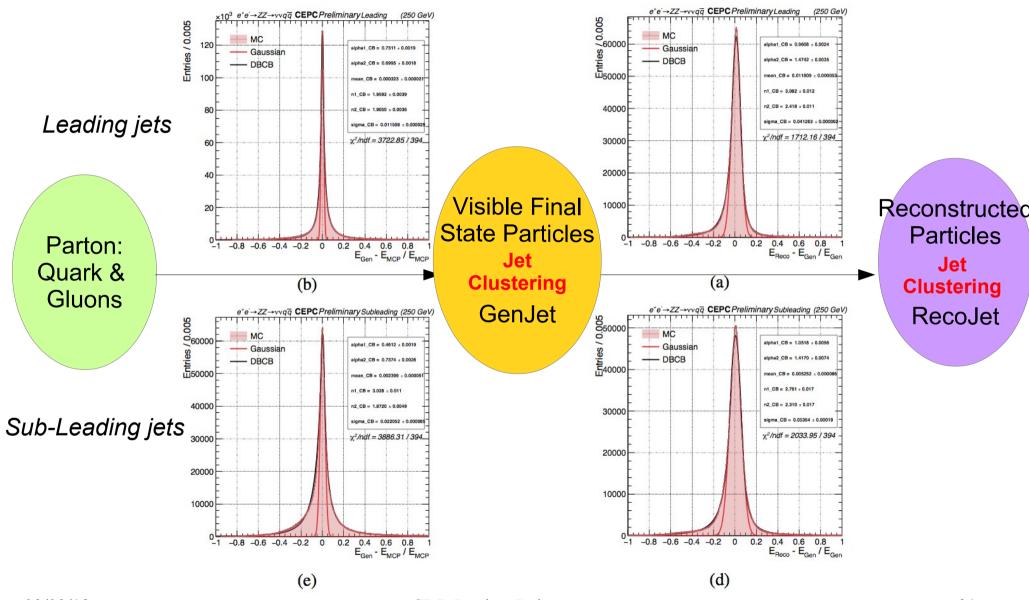
## Jet Energy Resolution



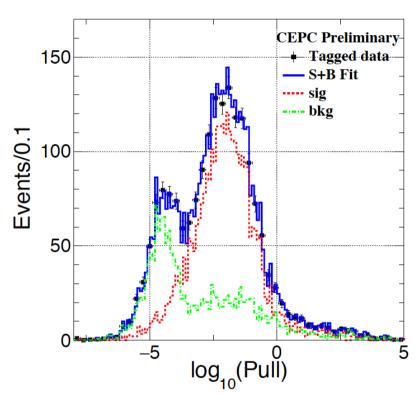
CMS Reference: CMS-JME-13-004,

Jet energy scale and resolution in the CMS experiment in pp collisions at 8 TeV

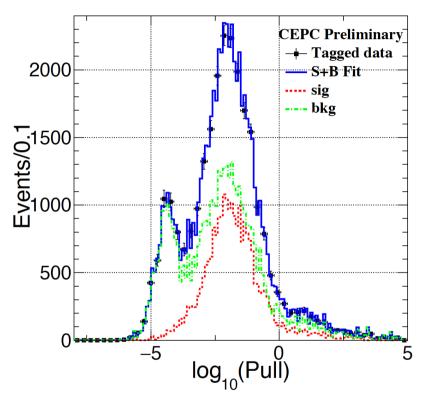
## Impact of Jet Clustering: Significant



## g(Hтт) measurement

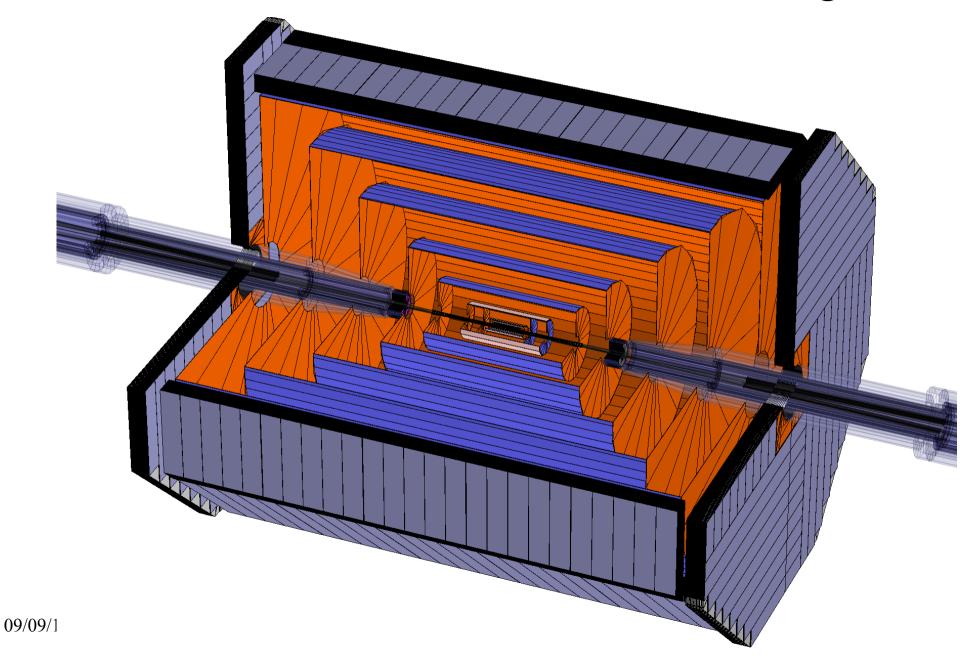


- ZH→µµтт
- Extremely Efficient Event Selection
- Signal efficiency of 93% entire SM background reduced by 5 orders of magnitude



- ZH→qqтт
- Cone based tau finding algorithm,
   Compromise the efficiency & purity
- Signal efficiency of 51%

#### APODIS with Full Silicon Tracking...



#### Issues to be addressed

#### Tracking

- Dedx/material effect correction (induces o(100) MeV bias in Higgs mass at in H->mumu) (20, 30, 20)
- Development, Performance analysis & Integration of CEPC tracking (Arbor & Conformal & ...) (50, 90, 90)

#### PFA

- Cluster energy estimator development
  - Photon (EM Shower) Geometry dependent energy correction (50, 90, 20)
  - HAD? (40, 50, 50)
- Usage of Timing information... (60, 90, 80)
- Optimization of HCAL geometry (50, 60, 70)
- Lepton ID & P ID:

Urgency, Importance, Difficulties

Integration & Usage of Timing information (60, 80, 20)

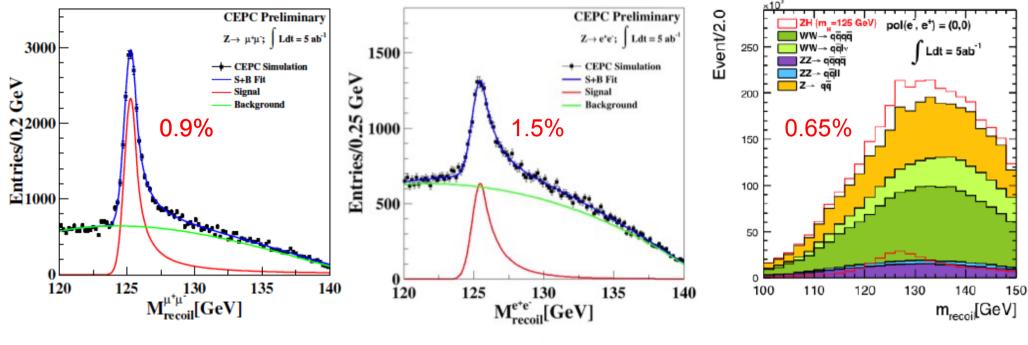
#### Issues to be addressed

- Composited object finder: CORAL (finding Pi0, Kshort, Lambda, J/Psi, ...)
  - Framework is ready... and lots of performance study and optimization awaits (40, 90, 50)
- Jets

- Urgency, Importance, Difficulties
- Jet Clustering: finding the color singlet? (40, 90, 90)
- Distinguish between 2 jet, 3 jet, 4 jet, 5 jet, 6 jet events.... (80, 80, 60)
  - Mila's analysis (ZH->6 jets) gives a very good example
- Jet Flavor Tagging (90, 99, 80)
  - The efficiency of reconstruct 2<sup>nd</sup> Vertex in Z->cc events is ONLY 20%!!!
- Separation of gluon to quark jets? (50, 50, 50)
- Usage of Deep learning at reconstruction... (30, 90, 50)
- ...Lots Lots of Detector Optimization & Integration....

#### Model-independent measurement of $\sigma(ZH)$

Zhenxing Chen & Yacine Haddad



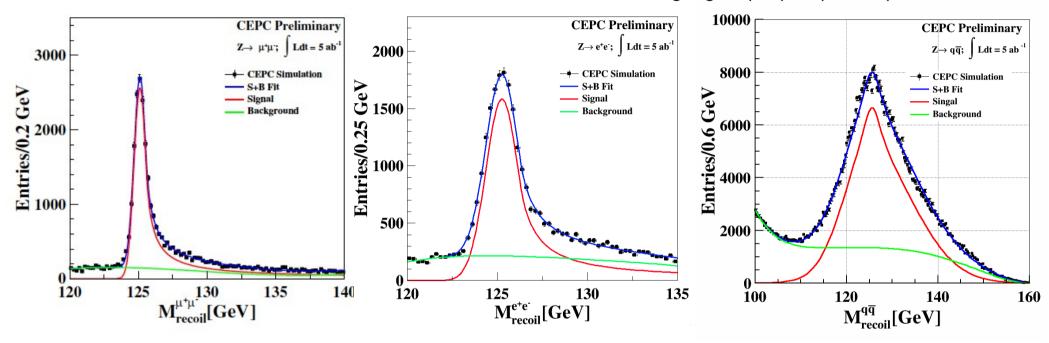
- Recoil mass method. Combined precision:
   δσ(ZH)/σ(ZH) = 0.5% -
  - $\delta\sigma(ZH)/\sigma(ZH) = 0.5\%$   $\delta g(HZZ)/g(HZZ) = 0.25\%$
- Indirect Access to g(HHH)

$$\sigma_{Zh} = \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{e} \\ \mathbf{h} \end{vmatrix}^2 + 2 \operatorname{Re} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{z} \\ \mathbf{h} \end{bmatrix}^2 +$$

M. McCullough, 1312.3322

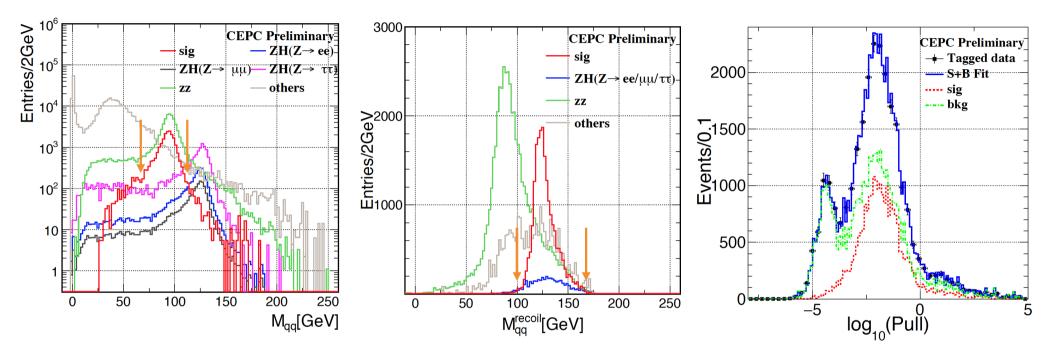
#### Exotic: Higgs invisible decays

Assuming sigma(ZH)\*Br(H->inv) = 200 fb



Invisible up limit at CEPC: ~0.3% at 95% C.L

#### An Analysis Example (Dan): g(HTT) at qqH



- Cone based tau finding: di-tau system
- The other particles are define as the di-jet system: to distinguish the qqtt background
- Isolated tracks are intensionally defined as tau candidate: be distinguished by the VTX

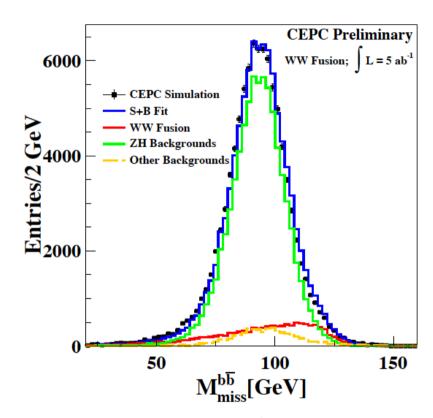
	m <sub>jj</sub>	m jj-recoil
Signal: Z(qq)H(ττ)	91.2	125
Z(ττ)H(qq)	125	91.2
ZZ	91.2	91.2

Ph.D thesis of D. Yu

## Higgs width measurement

• 
$$g^2(HXX) \sim \Gamma_{H \to XX} = \Gamma_{total} *Br(H \to XX)$$

- Branching ratios: determined simply by
  - $\sigma(ZH)$  and  $\sigma(ZH)*Br(H \rightarrow XX)$
- Γ<sub>total</sub>: determined from:
  - $\sigma(ZH)$  ( $\sim g^2(HZZ)$ )  $\sigma(ZH)*Br(H \rightarrow ZZ)$  ( $\sim g^4(HZZ)/\Gamma_{total}$ )
  - $\sigma(ZH)*Br(H\rightarrow bb)$ ,  $\sigma(vvH)*Br(H\rightarrow bb)$ ,  $\sigma(ZH)*Br(H\rightarrow WW)$ ,  $\sigma(ZH)$



Br(H->ZZ): relative error of 6.9% achieved with ZH->ZZZ\*->vv(Z)llqq(H) final states. Extrapolation of TLEP result leads to 4.3% relative error

 $\sigma(vvH)*Br(H->bb)$ : relative error of 2.8%

A combined accuracy of 2.8% for the Higgs total width measurements

#### Arbor: photon reconstruction

