

# Update on $\Psi(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-J/\Psi$ , $J/\Psi \rightarrow$ invisible

Suyu Xiao, Qian Chen, Ryuta Kiuchi, Kai Liu, Xinchou Lou, Xin Shi,  
Dayong Wang, Chi Zhang, Shenjian Chen and Jingzhi Zhang

20180910

# Outline

- **Result for 2012 data set**
- **Updated items**
- **Checking items**
- **Combined Method**
- **Question & Discussion**

# Result for 2012 data set

# Number of $\Psi(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-J/\Psi$ , $J/\Psi \rightarrow$ invisible

$$\begin{aligned} & N(J / \Psi \rightarrow \text{invisible} ) \\ &= N_{\text{invisible}} - N_{\text{peaking}} - N_{\text{others}} \times \epsilon_{\text{trig}} \\ &= (396471 \pm 683) - (443620 \pm 9357) - 13779 \times (99.8 \pm 0.04)\% \\ &= -60900 \pm 683 (\text{stat.}) \pm 9541 (\text{syst.}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & N(J / \Psi \rightarrow \text{invisible} ) \\ &= (137770 \pm 406) - (134586 \pm 2919) - 3877 \times (99.4 \pm 0.1)\% \\ &= -670 \pm 406 (\text{stat.}) \pm 2979 (\text{syst.}) \quad \mathbf{2009 \text{ result for comparison}} \end{aligned}$$

# Updated items

# Trigger efficiency

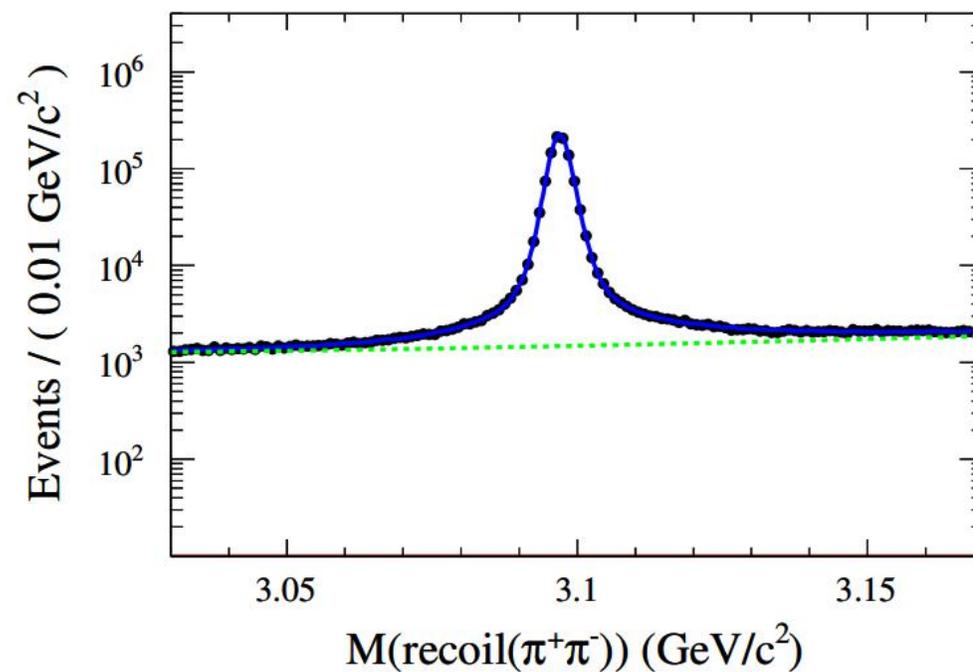
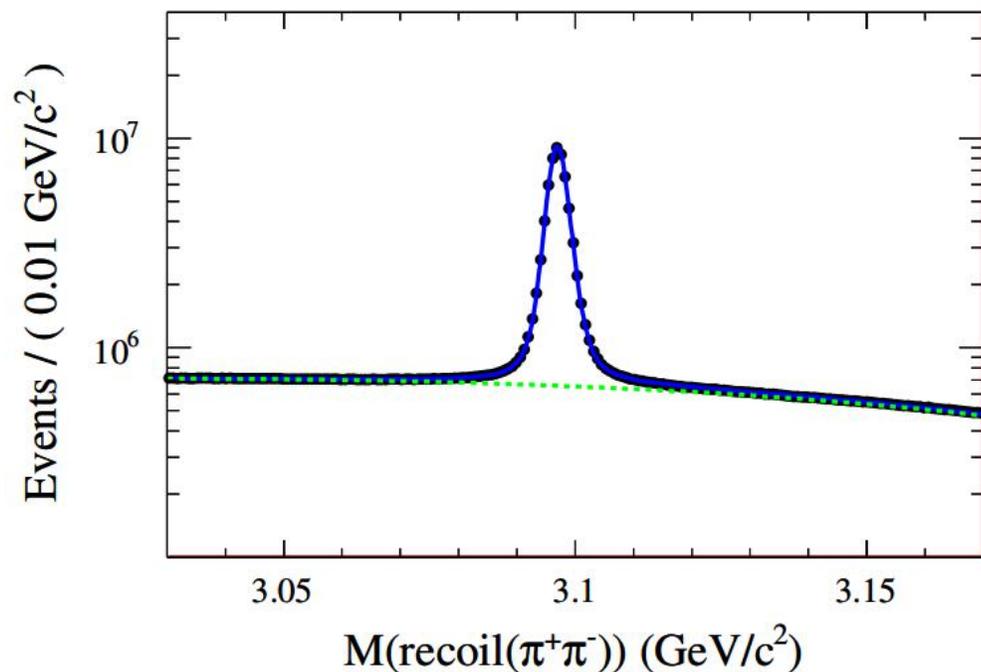
Table 13: Trigger setting for the 2012  $\psi(3686)$  running. Compared with the condition in 2009, Channel 2 is deactivated and a new neutral trigger, Channel 8, is added.

Channel	Conditions
0	STrk_BB && NETOF.GE.1 && NEClus.GE.1
1	NLTrk.GE.2 && NBTOF.GE.2 && NBClus.GE.1
3	LTrk_BB && BTOF_BB
4	NLTrk.GE.1 && NBTOF.GE.1 && Etot_L
5	NLTrk.GE.2 && NBTOF.GE.1 && NBClus.GE.1
8	NClus.GE.1 && BEtot_H
9	random trigger at 60 Hz
11	NClus.GE.2 && Etot_M

$$\varepsilon = \frac{N(\text{Channel } 0 - 5 \ \&\& \ \text{Channel } 11)}{N(\text{Channel } 11)} = \frac{11911}{11934} = (99.8 \pm 0.04)\%$$

# Signal yield after fitting on anything & invisible

Take  $J/\Psi \rightarrow e^+e^-$  as signal shape, 2nd-order polynomial as background:



$$N(\Psi(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J / \Psi) = (57901.4 \pm 8.9) \times 10^3$$

$$N_{invisible} = 396471 \pm 683$$

# Signal yield for $\Psi(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-J/\Psi$ , $J/\Psi \rightarrow$ invisible

$$N_{peaking} = N(\Psi(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-J/\Psi) \times B_{2B} \times \epsilon_{2B} \times \epsilon_{trig}$$

Channel	$B_{2B}(\%)$	$\epsilon_{2B}(\%)$	$\epsilon_{trig}(\%)$	Event number
$J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$	$5.961 \pm 0.033$	$6.24 \pm 0.02$	$99.8 \pm 0.04$	$214949 \pm 4338$
$J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-$	$5.971 \pm 0.032$	$6.32 \pm 0.02$	$99.8 \pm 0.04$	$218030 \pm 4460$
$J/\psi \rightarrow n\bar{n}$	$0.209 \pm 0.016$	$6.13 \pm 0.02$	$99.8 \pm 0.04$	$7403 \pm 3076$
$J/\psi \rightarrow p\bar{p}$	$0.2120 \pm 0.0029$	$2.64 \pm 0.02$	$99.8 \pm 0.04$	$3238 \pm 72$
Total				$443620 \pm 9357$

↑  
little higher

# Systematic error study

Summary of the relative systematic uncertainties (%) in the yield extraction for 2012

Sources	$J/\psi \rightarrow \text{invisible}$	$J/\psi \rightarrow \text{anything}$	$J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
Fitting range	0.47	0.40	
Signal shape	0.03	0.03	
BG shape		0.01	
Bin size		0.22	
$\mu$ track-finding			0.2
E/p ratio cut			0.03
Mass window on $M_{\mu^+\mu^-}$			0.31
Mass window on $M_{\pi^+\pi^-}^{rec}$			0.32
Background components in counting			0.02
Total	0.47	0.46	0.49

consistent with 2009 data set

# Systematic error study

Summary of the relative systematic uncertainties (%) in the peaking background estimation

Sources	$J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$	$J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-$	$J/\psi \rightarrow n\bar{n}$	$J/\psi \rightarrow p\bar{p}$
$N(\pi^+\pi^- J/\psi)$ statistics		0.02		
Fit in $N(\pi^+\pi^- J/\psi)$		0.46		
$N_\gamma = 0$		1.90		
Trigger		0.04		
$\mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow 2B)$	0.55	0.54	7.66	1.37
MC statistics	0.32	0.32	0.33	0.76
$N_{\text{extra trk(shower)}} = 0$	0.5	0.6	54.8	1.3

→ common relative systematic error

→ individual relative systematic error

$$\Delta = \sqrt{\left(\sum_i N_i\right)^2 \sum_i \sigma_{com,i}^2 + \sum_i \left(N_i^2 \sum_j \sigma_{unc,i,j}^2\right)} = 9541$$

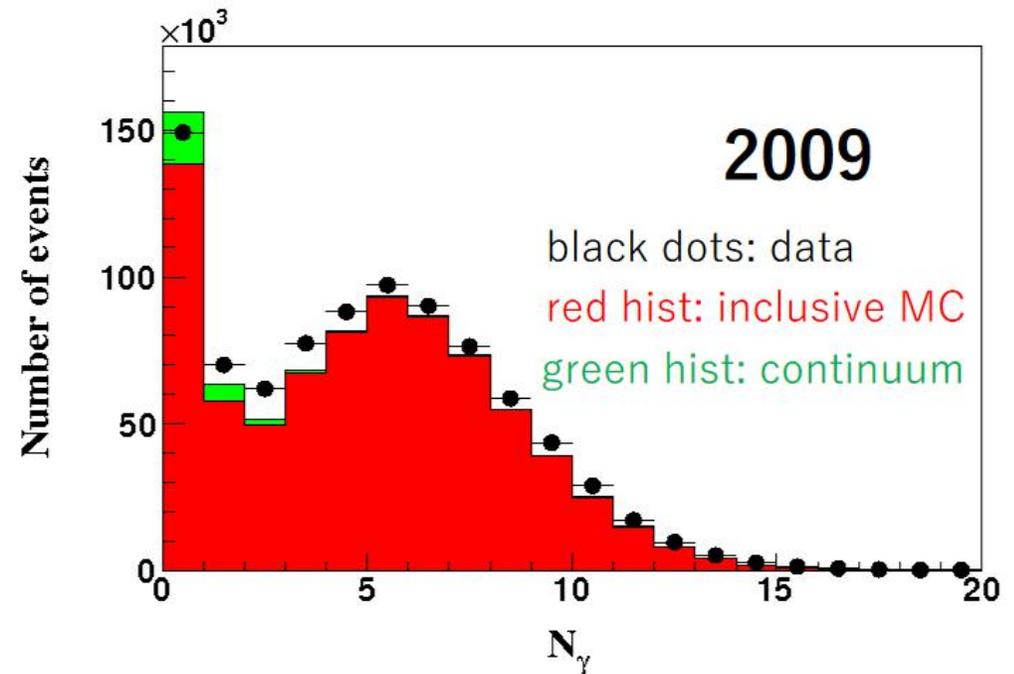
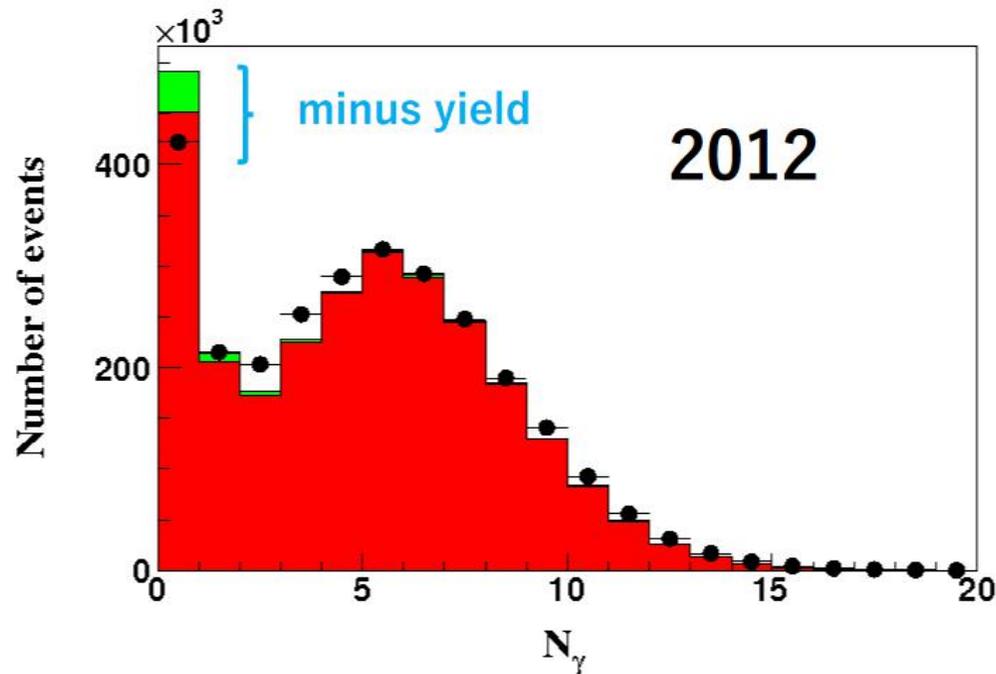
# Checking items

➤ Check items in every process:

Ratio for  $\Psi(2S)$  real data 12/09:  $341/106 = 3.22$

Channel	$B_{2B}(\%)$	$\epsilon_{2B}(\%)$	$\epsilon_{trig}(\%)$	Number of Events(12)	Number of Events(09)	Ratio 12/09
J/ $\Psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$	$5.961 \pm 0.033$	$6.24 \pm 0.02$	$99.8 \pm 0.04$	$214949 \pm 4338$	$65558 \pm 1388$	3.26 <span style="color: blue;">↑</span>
J/ $\Psi \rightarrow e^+e^-$	$5.971 \pm 0.032$	$6.32 \pm 0.02$	$99.8 \pm 0.04$	$218030 \pm 4460$	$65668 \pm 1405$	3.30 <span style="color: blue;">↑</span>
J/ $\Psi \rightarrow n\bar{n}$	$0.209 \pm 0.016$	$6.13 \pm 0.02$	$99.8 \pm 0.04$	$7403 \pm 3076$	$2361 \pm 997$	3.34 <span style="color: blue;">↑</span>
J/ $\Psi \rightarrow p\bar{p}$	$0.2020 \pm 0.0029$	$2.64 \pm 0.02$	$99.8 \pm 0.04$	$3238 \pm 72$	$999 \pm 28$	3.12 <span style="color: red;">↓</span>
Total (total/anything)				$443620 \pm 9357$ (0.763%)	$134586 \pm 2919$ (0.721%)	3.30 <span style="color: blue;">↑</span> (1.058)
$N_{others}$ (others/peaking)				13779 (3.106%)	3877 (2.881%)	3.55 <span style="color: blue;">↑</span> (1.076)
$N_{anything}$				$(57901.4 \pm 8.9) \cdot 10^3$	$(18658.1 \pm 5.0) \cdot 10^3$	3.10 <span style="color: red;">↓</span>
$N_{invisible}$		$39.25 \pm 0.07$		$396471 \pm 683$	$137770 \pm 406$	2.88 <span style="color: red;">↓</span>

➤ Check number of good photons:



The histogram for 2012 data set suggests the total number, especially  $N = 0$  differs.  
**<= Number of 'peaking bkg' or EMC response between data & MC is different.**

➤ Comparison of tracks between Data & MC:

As mentioned in the paper, there is discrepancy at large polar angle.

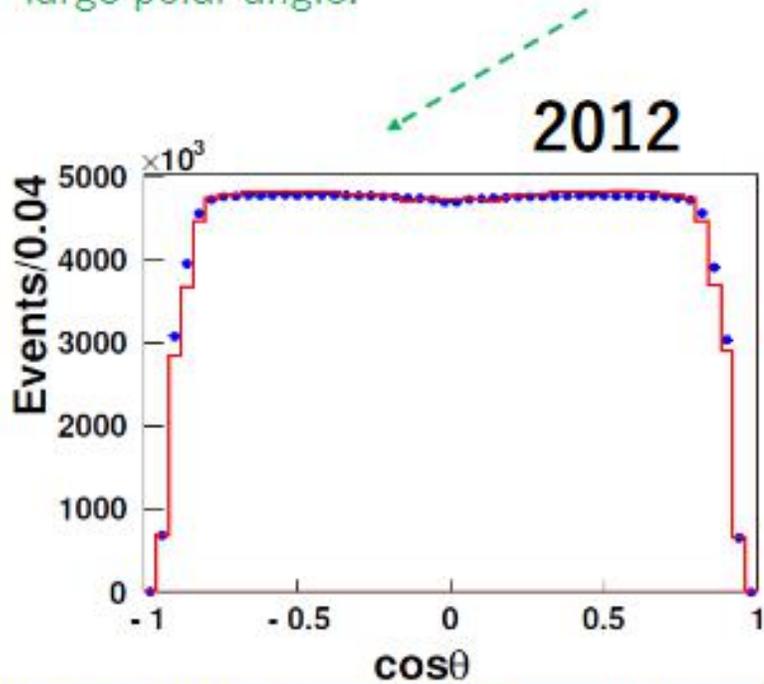


Fig.7 (top-left) from the reference below:

“Determination of the number of  $\Psi$  events at BESIII”, Chinese Phys. C Vol.42, No.2 (2018) 023001

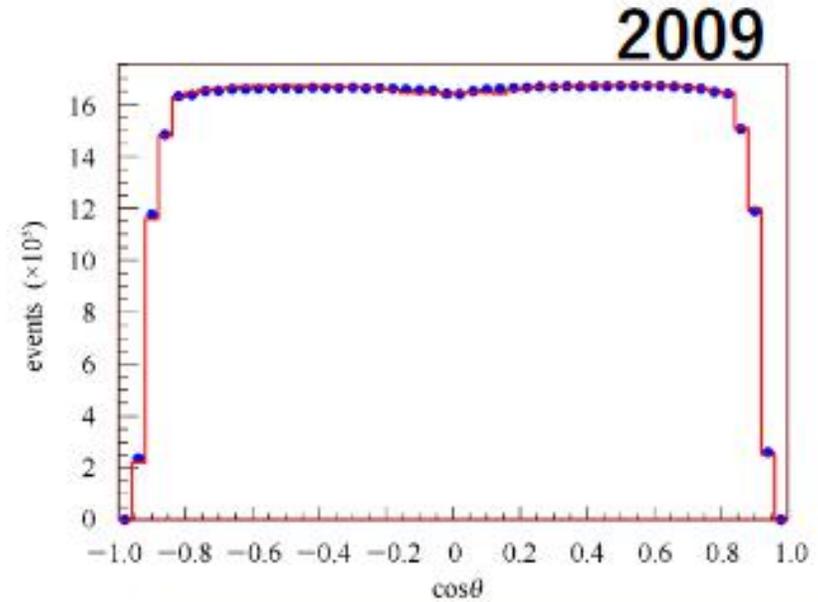
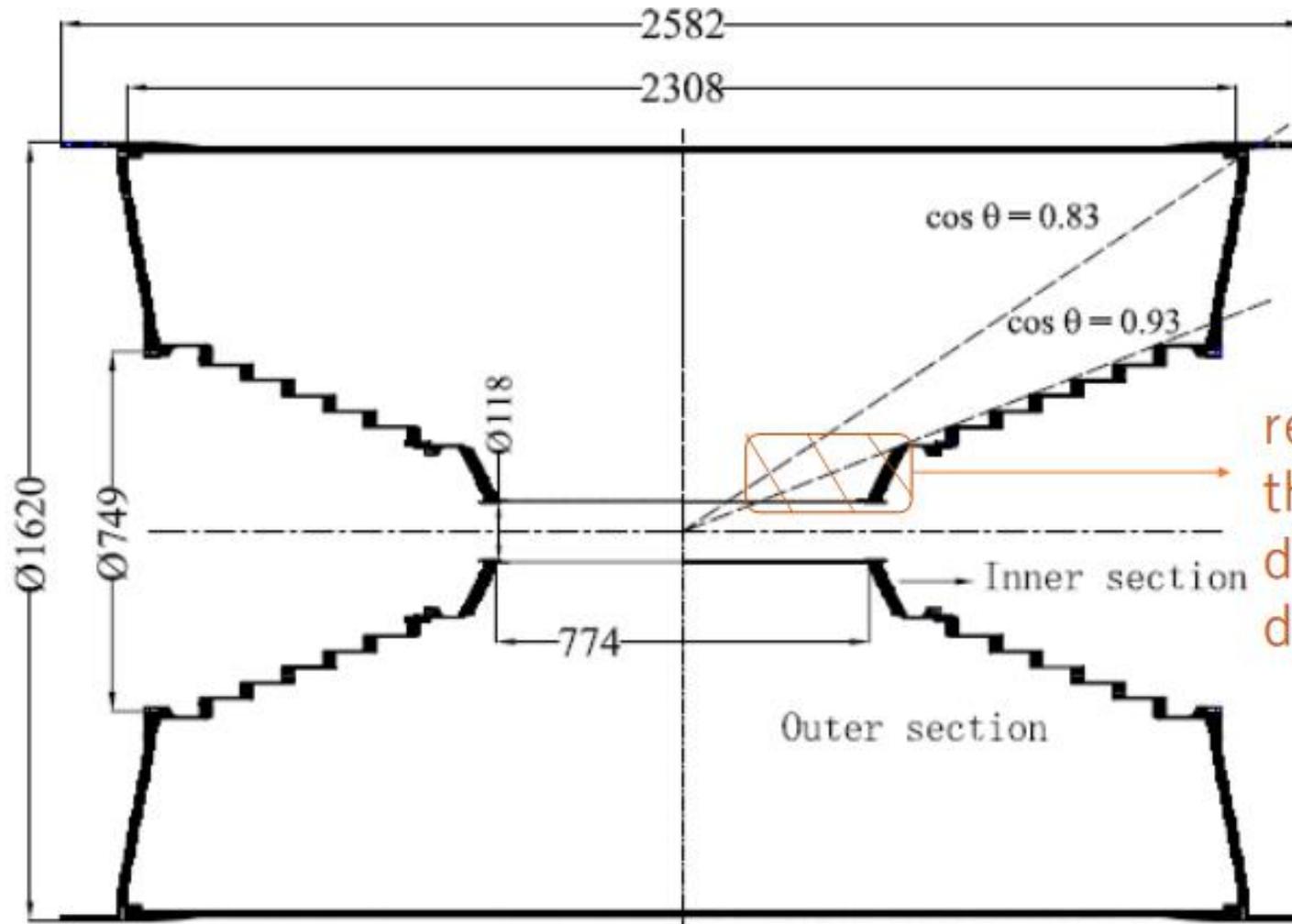


Fig.7 from the reference below :

“Determination of the number of  $\Psi$  events at BESIII”, Chinese Phys. C Vol.37, No.6 (2013) 063001

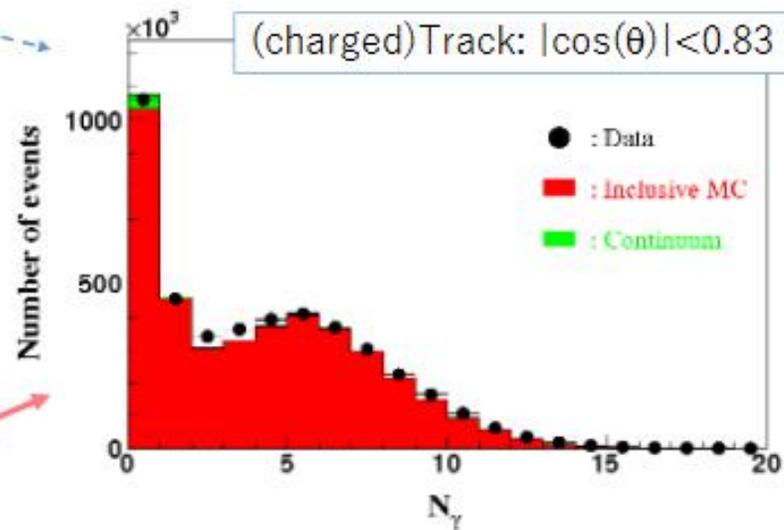
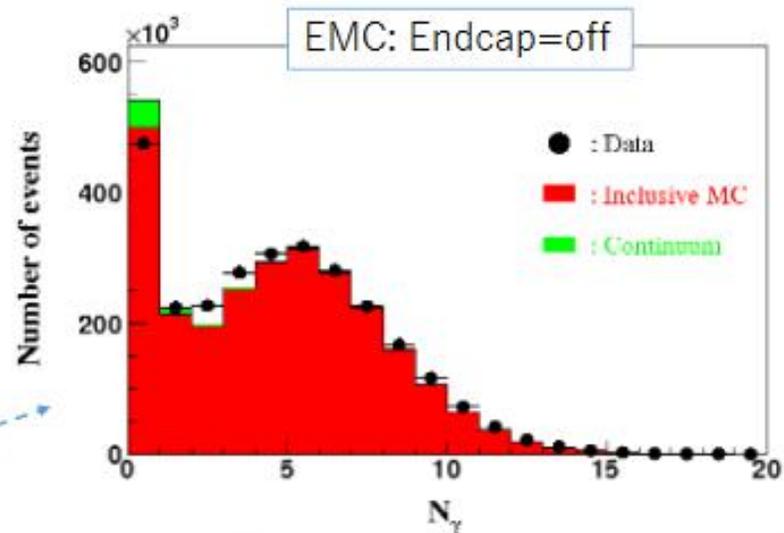
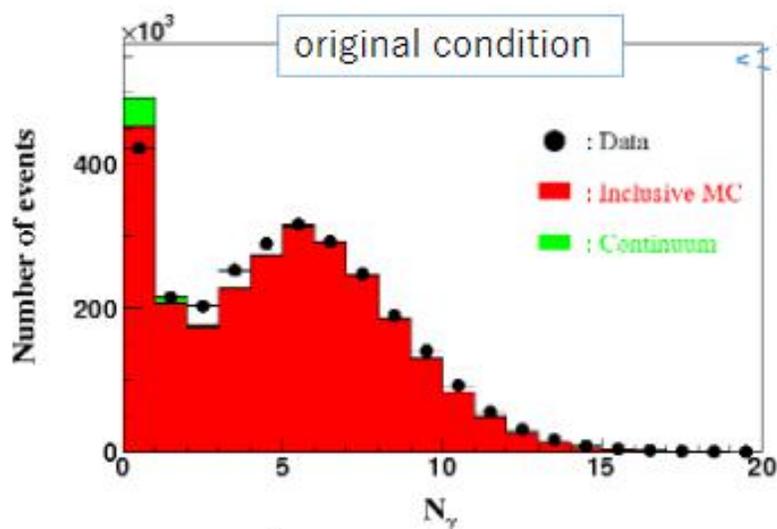
➤ Comparison of tracks between Data & MC:



response around  
this region is  
different between  
data & MC ?

# 2012 $\Psi(2S)$ Data

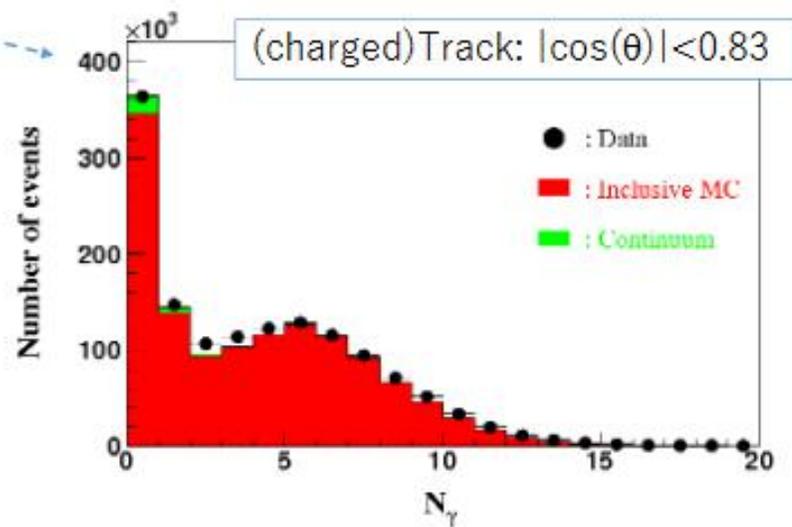
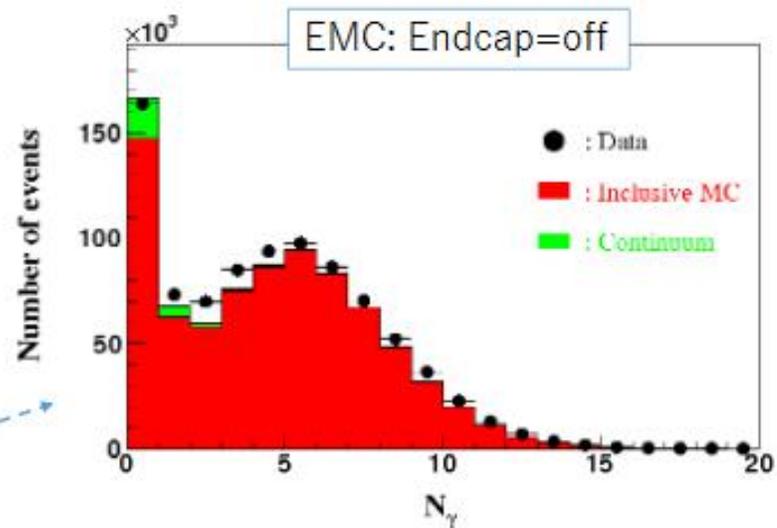
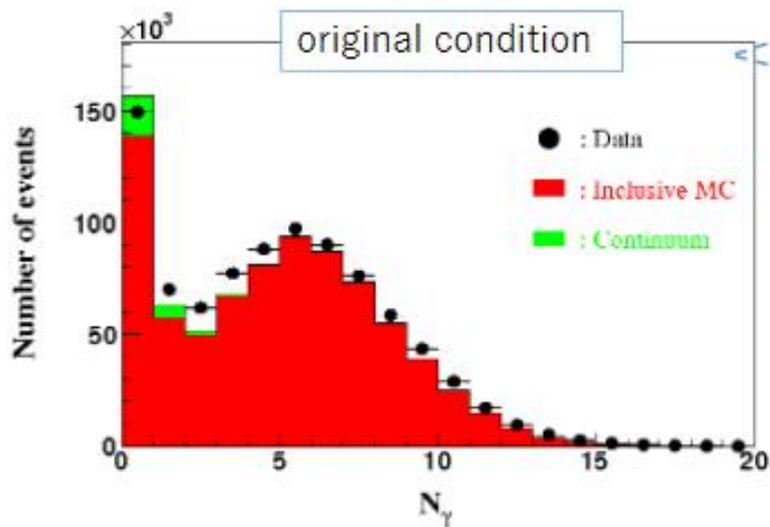
Number of good photon distribution after the invisible cut criteria, except  $N_\gamma=0$ , are applied.



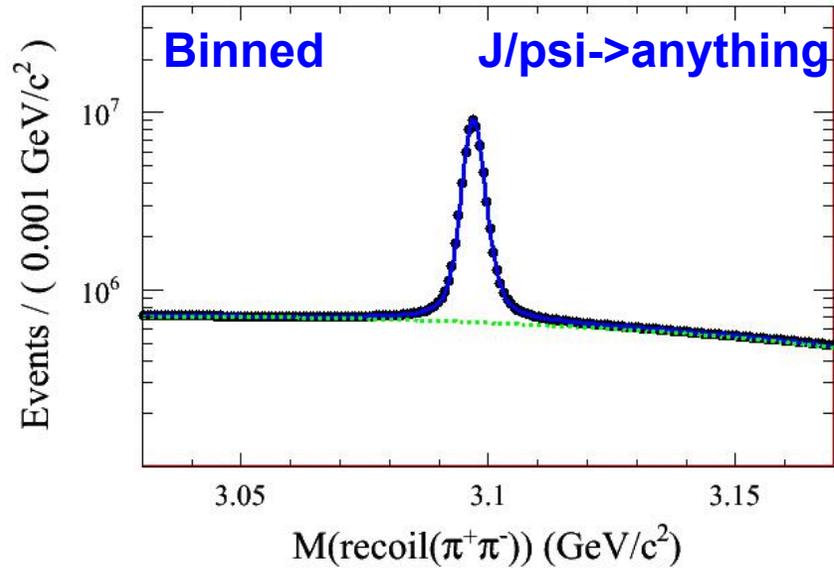
Masking the (charged) track region  $0.83 < |\cos(\theta)| < 0.93$  changes the data&MC ratio.

# 2009 $\Psi(2S)$ Data

For 2009, the effect of masking the EMC endcap or  $0.83 < |\cos(\theta)| < 0.93$  for tracks has been observed but small. (to compared with that of 2012 )

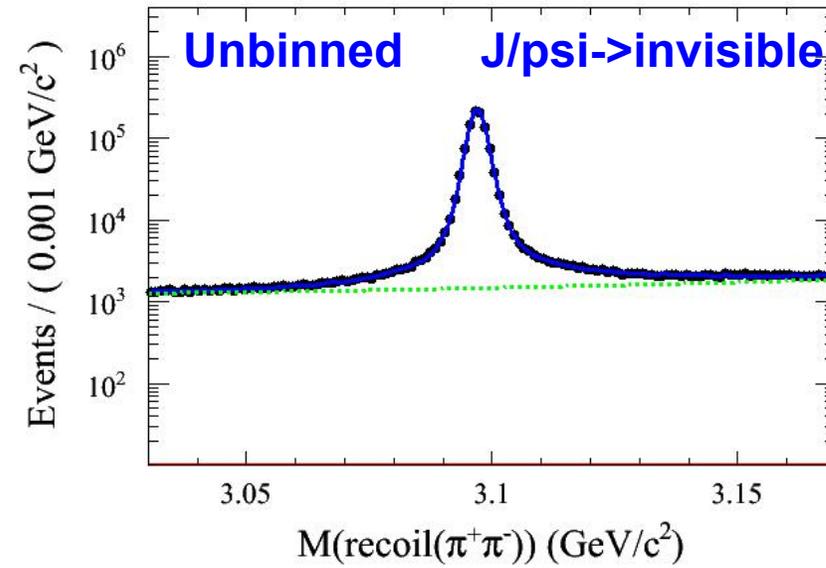


➤ Masking charged tracks region:



$$n_{sig} = 57957900 \pm 8873$$

$$n_{bkg} = 126360000 \pm 12129$$



$$n_{sig} = 1064400 \pm 1098$$

$$n_{bkg} = 211849 \pm 594$$

➤ Masking charged tracks region:

Condition		mumu	ee	nn	pp	nunu	
$ \cos\theta  < 0.83$	invisible	<b>139638</b>	<b>136498</b>	<b>39338</b>	<b>33943</b>	invi	<b>119250</b>
	anything	<b>1511873</b>	<b>1279041</b>	1009248	<b>1005591</b>	total	500000
	$\text{eff}_{\text{acceptance}}(\%)$	<b>9.24</b>	<b>10.67</b>	<b>3.90</b>	<b>3.38</b>	eff	<b>23.85</b>
$ \cos\theta  < 0.93$	invisible	93770	94983	61413	26370	invi	196600
	anything	1502682	1503130	1001934	997676	total	500000
	$\text{eff}_{\text{acceptance}}(\%)$	6.24	6.32	6.13	2.64	eff	39.32
<b>eff_new/eff_old</b>		<b>1.48</b>	<b>1.69</b>	<b>0.64</b>	<b>1.28</b>	<b>0.6166</b>	

➤ Masking charged tracks region:

Channel	$\mathcal{B}_{2B}(\%)$	$\epsilon_{2B}(\%)$	$\epsilon_{\text{trig}}(\%)$	Event number
mumu	$5.961 \pm 0.033$	<b><math>9.24 \pm 0.02</math></b>	$99.8 \pm 0.04$	<b><math>318457 \pm 6427</math></b>
ee	$5.971 \pm 0.032$	<b><math>10.67 \pm 0.02</math></b>	$99.8 \pm 0.04$	<b><math>368580 \pm 7539</math></b>
nn	$0.209 \pm 0.016$	<b><math>3.90 \pm 0.02</math></b>	$99.8 \pm 0.04$	<b><math>4711 \pm 1958</math></b>
pp	$0.2020 \pm 0.0029$	<b><math>3.38 \pm 0.02</math></b>	$99.8 \pm 0.04$	<b><math>3944 \pm 93</math></b>
Total				<b><math>695693 \pm 14011</math></b>

Channel	$\mathcal{B}_{2B}(\%)$	$\epsilon_{2B}(\%)$	$\epsilon_{\text{trig}}(\%)$	Event number
$J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$	$5.961 \pm 0.033$	$6.24 \pm 0.02$	$99.8 \pm 0.04$	$214949 \pm 4338$
$J/\psi \rightarrow e^+ e^-$	$5.971 \pm 0.032$	$6.32 \pm 0.02$	$99.8 \pm 0.04$	$218030 \pm 4460$
$J/\psi \rightarrow n\bar{n}$	$0.209 \pm 0.016$	$6.13 \pm 0.02$	$99.8 \pm 0.04$	$7403 \pm 3076$
$J/\psi \rightarrow p\bar{p}$	$0.2120 \pm 0.0029$	$2.64 \pm 0.02$	$99.8 \pm 0.04$	$3238 \pm 72$
Total				$443620 \pm 9357$

## ➤ Checking Inclusive MC generator:

$\Psi(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J/\Psi$	0.3504	JPIPI	2012	09				12			Type
	0.3230	JPIPI	2009	BF		Number	Scale to 12	BF		Number	
J/psi->e+e-	0.0594	0	65296	274896	0.0594	0	252586	PHOTOS VLL			
J/psi->mu+mu-	0.0593	1	65229	274614	0.0593	1	247075	PHOTOS VLL			
J/psi->n nbar	0.0022	2	2565	10799	0.0022	2	9116	J2BB1			
J/psi->p pbar	0.00217	3	1068	4496	0.00217	3	3760	J2BB1			
J/psi->n pi0 nbar	-	4	201	846	-	4	671	-			
J/psi->rho+ pi-	0.00565	8	129	543	0.00563333	5	626	HELAMP			
J/psi->rho0 pi0	0.00560	-	-	-	0.00563333	6	593	HELAMP			
J/psi->rho- pi+	0.00565	6	141	594	0.00563333	7	579	HELAMP			
J/psi->lambd anti-lambda	0.00161	5	144	606	0.00161	8	561	J2BB1			
lambda->p pi-, anti-lambda->pbar pi+	0.6390 for each				0.6390 for each			PHSP			
J/psi->pbar n pi+	0.00106	-	-	-	0.00247	9	550	PHSP			
J/psi->K*+ K-	0.000545	10	117	493	0.00256	10	534	HELAMP			
K*+->K0 pi+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
J/psi->K*- K+	0.000545	9	126	530	0.00256	-	-	HELAMP			
K*->anti-K0 pi-	-				-			-			
J/psi->anti-sigma+ sigma-	-	7	132	556	-	-					
anti-sigma+>nbar pi+, sigma->n pi-	-				-						

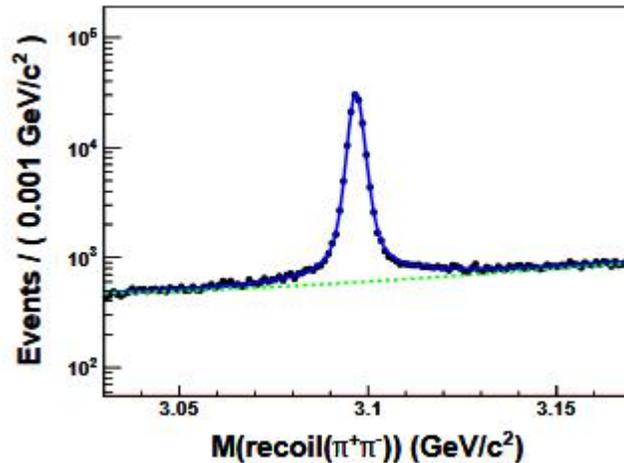
$$Scale_{2009} = \frac{400}{106} \times \frac{0.3504}{0.3230} = 4.21$$

## BF & number of events  
## different BF between 09 & 12

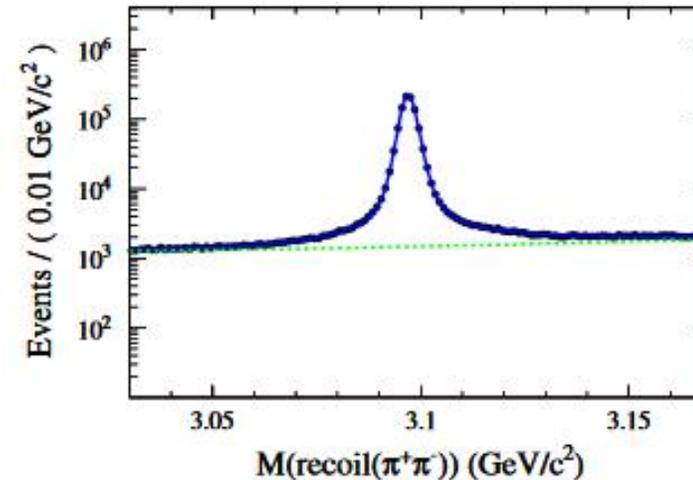
## different number of events between 09 & 12  
## comparison of scaled 2009 events and 2012

HELAMP 1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 -1.0 0.0

➤ Checking mass resolution:



From Figure 32 in memo,  
distribution of J/psi  $\rightarrow$  invisible  
for 2009 data set

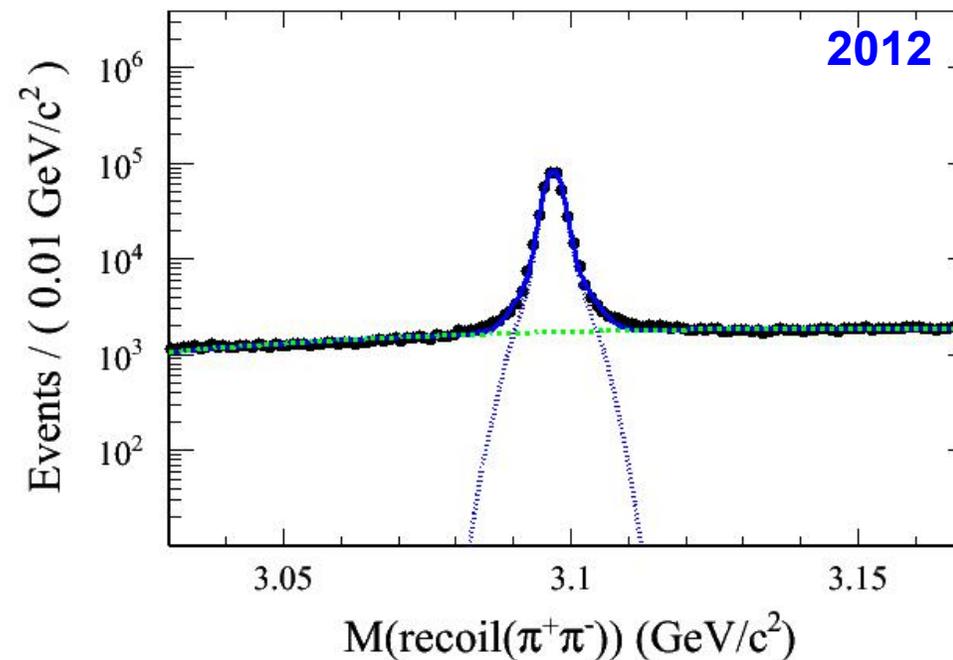
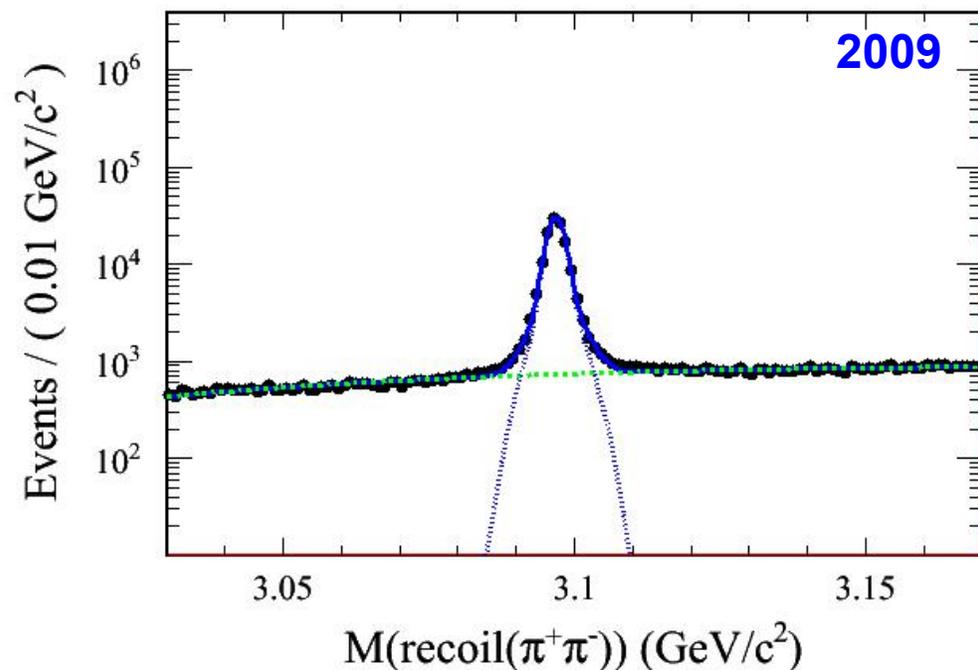


From Figure 65 in memo,  
distribution of J/psi  $\rightarrow$  invisible  
for 2012 data set

**Suggestion from Fang Liu:**

**Background level seems not the same, is the background function reasonable?  
For signal, check mass resolution between two data samples.**

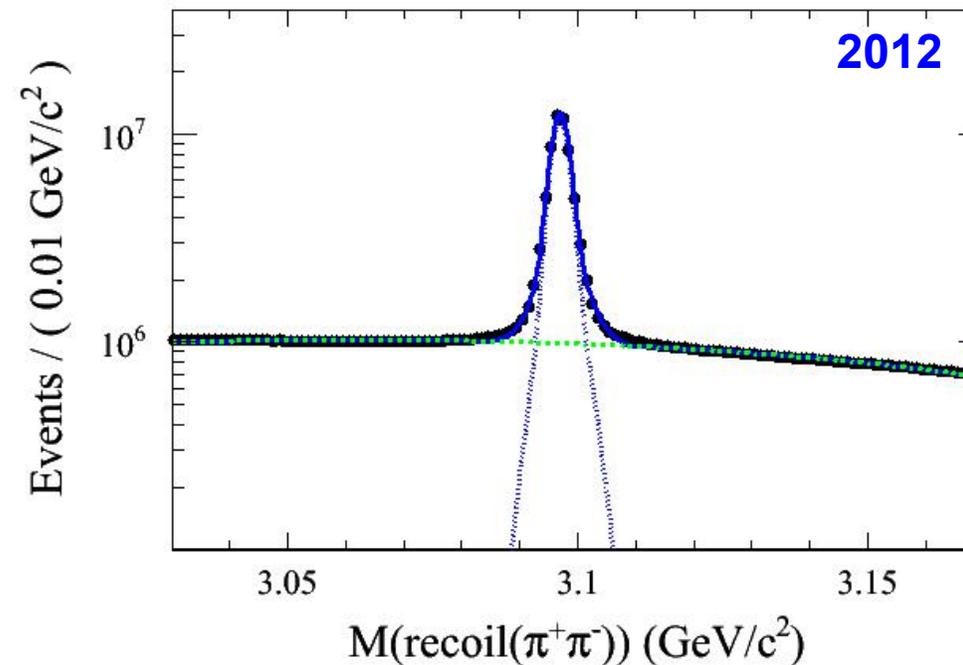
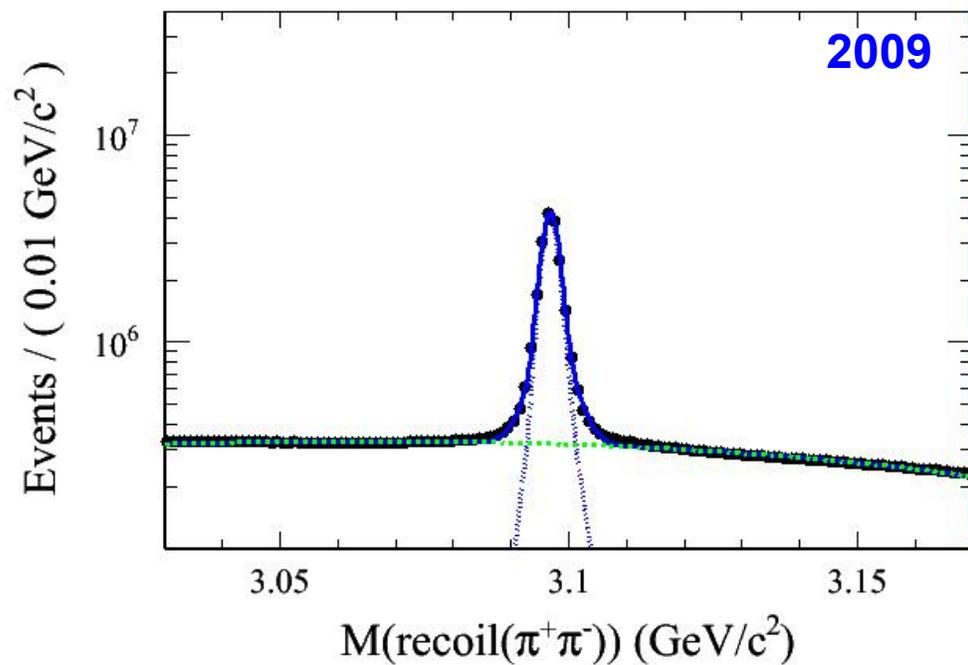
➤ Checking mass resolution:  $J\psi \rightarrow \text{invisible}$



Items	Bkg		Double-Gaussian				%	N		EDM
	c0	c1	mean	mean1	sigma	sigma1	sigfrac	nbkg	nsig	
2009	3.200e+01	-6.550e-02	3.097	3.097	1.454e-03	3.596e-03	7.521e-01	9.977e+04	1.265e+05	5.518e-05
2012	2.504e+01	-8.776e-02	3.097	3.097	1.546e-03	4.099e-03	7.690e-01	2.306e+05	3.687e+05	1.555e-05

**12/09: 2.31 2.91**

➤ Checking mass resolution: Jpsi -> anything



Items	Bkg		Double-Gaussian				%	N		EDM
	c0	c1	mean	mean1	sigma	sigma1	sigfrac	nbkg	nsig	
2009	-1.643e+01	-8.162e-02	3.097	3.097	1.475e-03	3.570e-03	7.178e-01	4.255e+07	1.723e+07	2.799e-05
2012	-1.779e+01	-7.925e-02	3.097	3.097	1.540e-03	3.681e-03	7.135e-01	1.306e+08	5.377e+07	3.685e-04

12/09: 3.07 3.12

Items	Bkg		Double-Gaussian				%	N		EDM
	c0	c1	mean	mean1	sigma	sigma1	sigfrac	nbkg	nsig	
2009 invi	3.200e+01	-6.550e-02	3.097	3.097	1.454e-03	3.596e-03	7.521e-01	9.977e+04	1.265e+05	5.518e-05
	3.201e+01	5.628e-02						8.827e+04	1.380e+05	5.148e-05
								13.03%	8.33%	
2012 invi	2.504e+01	-8.776e-02	3.097	3.097	1.546e-03	4.099e-03	7.690e-01	2.306e+05	3.687e+05	1.555e-05
	2.409e+01	3.666e-02						2.017e+05	3.976e+05	3.829e-05
								14.33%	7.27%	
2009 incl	-1.643e+01	-8.162e-02	3.097	3.097	1.475e-03	3.570e-03	7.178e-01	4.255e+07	1.723e+07	2.799e-05
	-1.769e+01	-5.020e-02						4.113e+07	1.866e+07	3.751e-07
								3.45%	7.66%	
2012 incl	-1.779e+01	-7.925e-02	3.097	3.097	1.540e-03	3.681e-03	7.135e-01	1.306e+08	5.377e+07	3.685e-04
	-1.902e+01	-4.982e-02						1.264e+08	5.790e+07	2.972e-06
								3.32%	7.13%	

## double gaussian fit

## Jpsi->ee shape fit

## uncertainty for fit method

# Combined method

➤ Take 2009 & 2012 as one data set:

$$\frac{B(J / \Psi \rightarrow invisible)}{B(J / \Psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)} = \frac{\frac{N_{invi}}{\epsilon_{invi} \cdot \epsilon_{trig}}}{\frac{N_{\mu\mu}}{\epsilon_{\mu\mu}}}$$

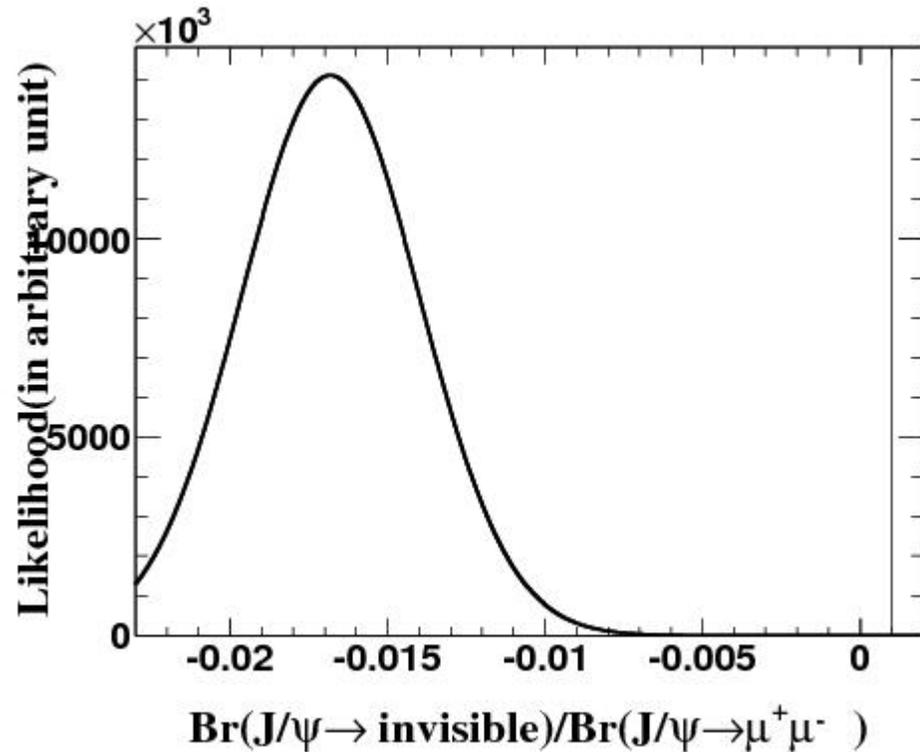
Items	$N_{invi}$	$\epsilon_{invi}(\%)$	$\epsilon_{trig}(\%)$	$N_{\mu\mu}$	$\epsilon_{\mu\mu}(\%)$	$B_{invi}/B_{\mu\mu}(*10^{-4})$	UL @ 90%(*10 <sup>-3</sup> )
2009	-670±406±2987	40.48±0.07	99.4±0.1	713652±693±3497	32.36±0.03	-26.6±4.4±30.0	5.08
2012	-60900±683±9901	39.25±0.07	99.8±0.04	2224671±1275±10901	31.44±0.03	-219.72±2.47±35.74	1.11
<b>Combine</b>	<b>-61570±784±10342</b>	<b>39.86±0.07</b>	<b>99.7±0.04</b>	<b>2938323±1451±11448</b>	<b>31.90±0.03</b>	<b>-168.17±2.17±28.26</b>	<b>0.987</b>

 mean value  
 (500,000 \* 2 MC sample)

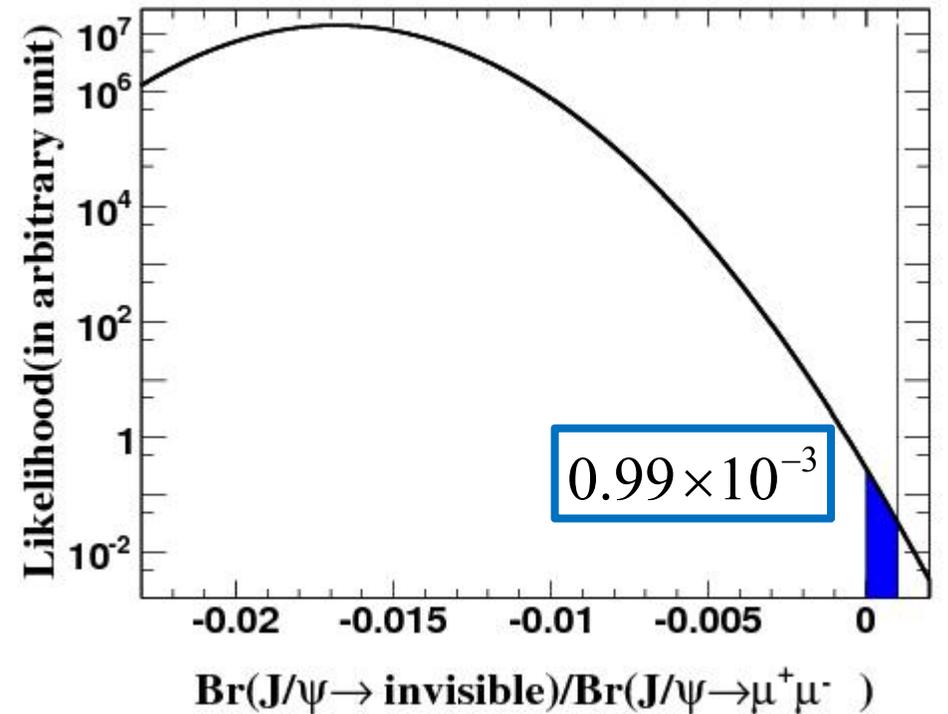
  $\frac{4212 + 11911}{4237 + 11934}$

 mean value  
 (3,000,000 \* 2 MC sample)

➤ Take 2009 & 2012 as one data set:



in log scale



Upper limit for 2009:  $5.08 \times 10^{-3}$

Upper limit for 2012:  $1.11 \times 10^{-3}$

# Question & Discussion

- We've checked some possible items that may cause the value of  $N(J/\psi \rightarrow \text{invisible})$  much smaller than 0, but we failed to find out the main reason.

Is there any other item we need to check?

- What will we do if we check all the items collected today but nothing helps?

- Is there any good suggestion for the combined method?

**Thank you!**