

# Jet Tomography in HIC

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热烈祝贺华南师大量子物质研究院成立!

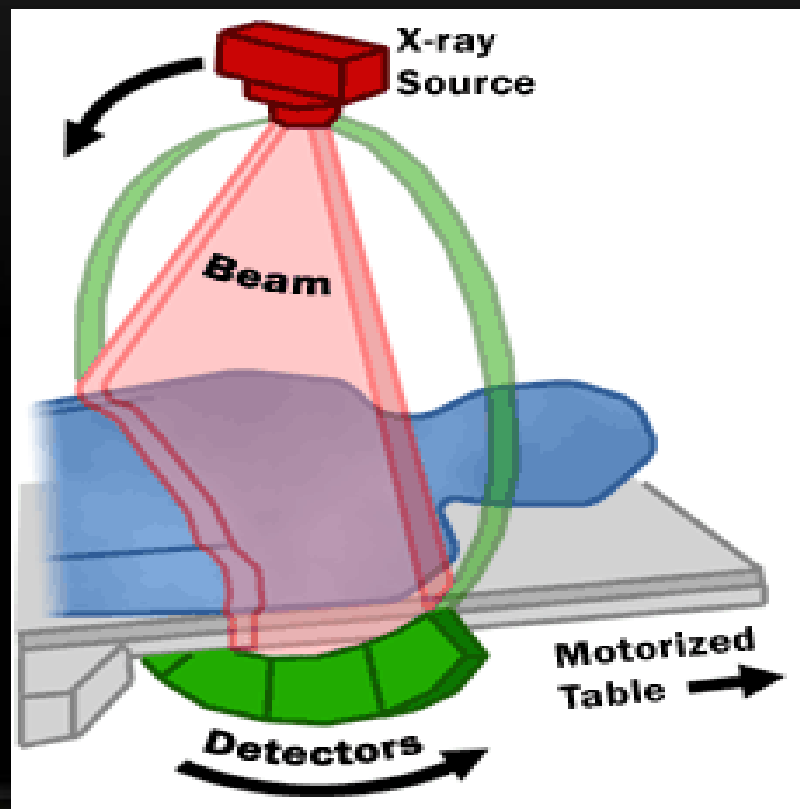
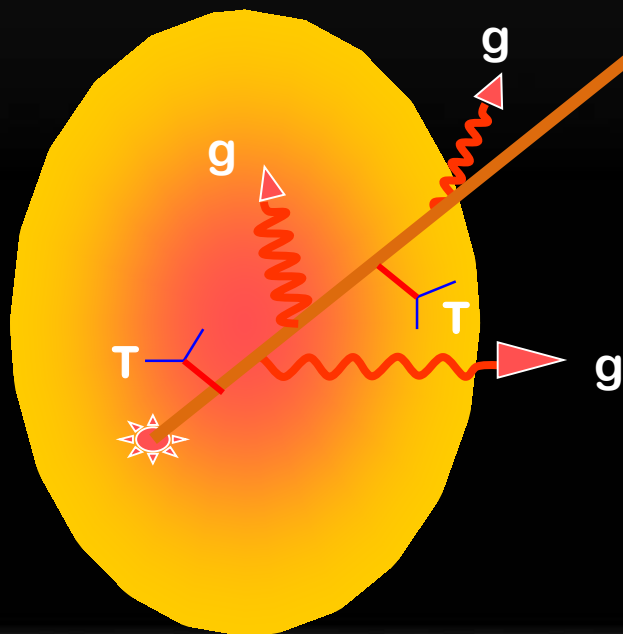
# Outline

- Introduction
- Leading hadron productions
- Full jet observables
  - 1) Gauge boson tagged jets
  - 2) Double b-jet
  - 3) Z + b-jet
  - 4) Event shape
- Summary

# Jet quenching

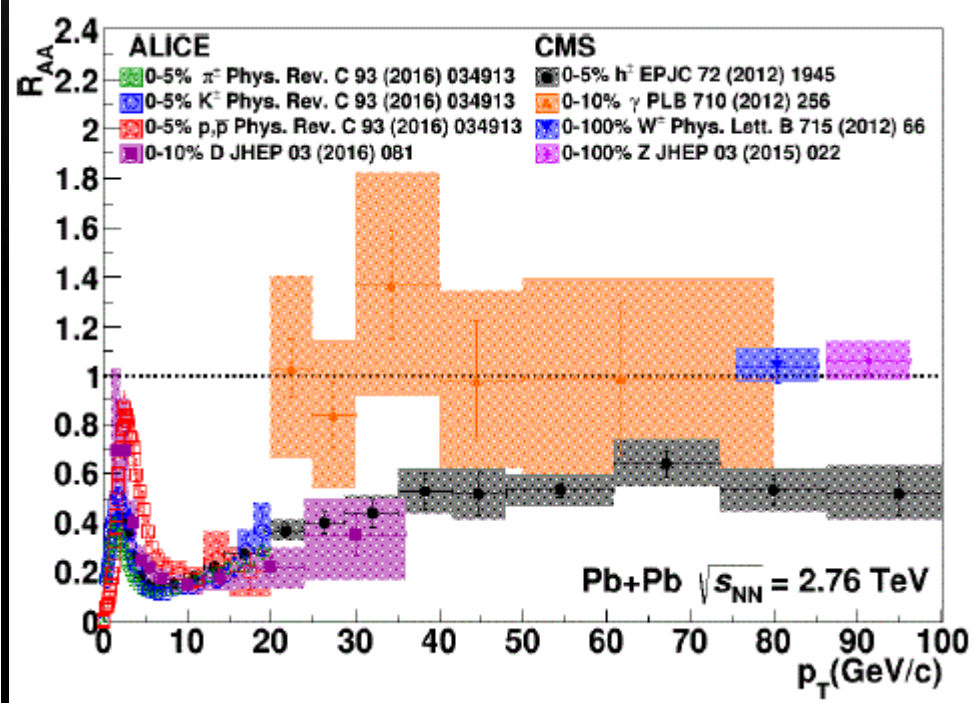
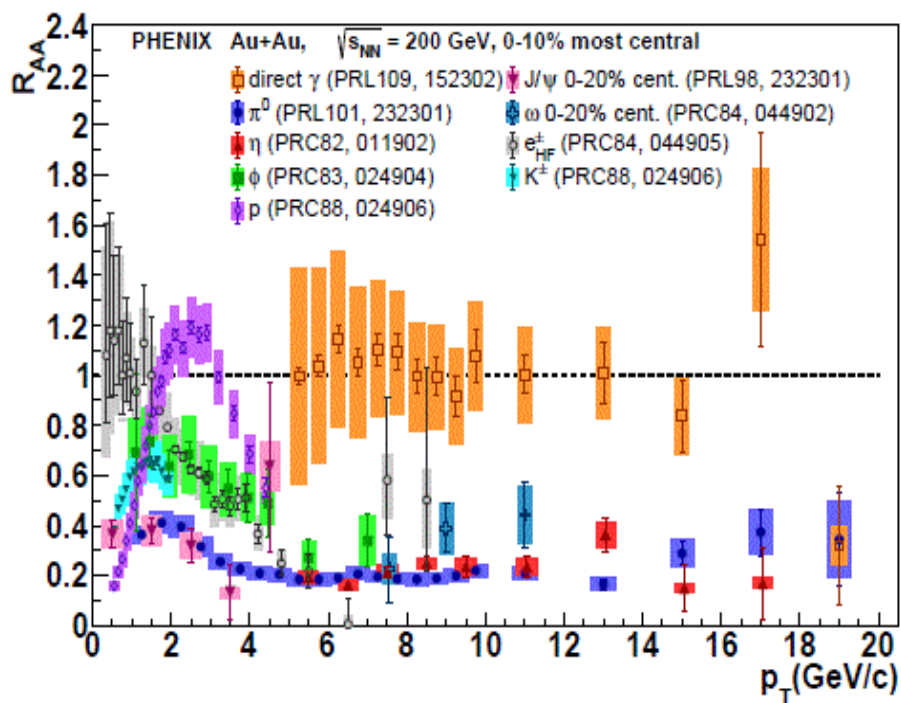
Parton energy has been proposed as an excellent probe of the hot/dense matter created at HIC.

## Single Hadron Tomography

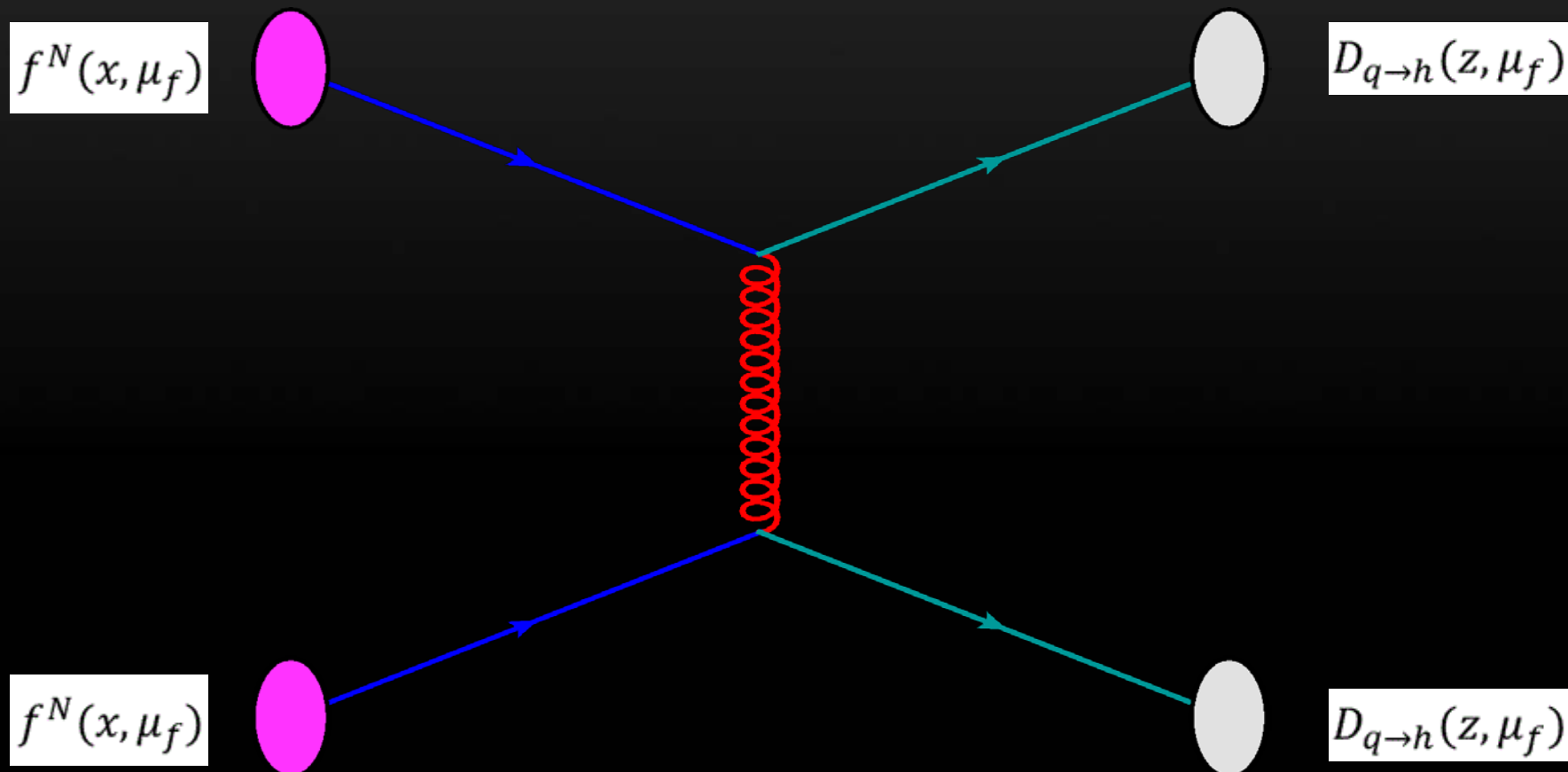


# Jet quenching at RHIC and LHC

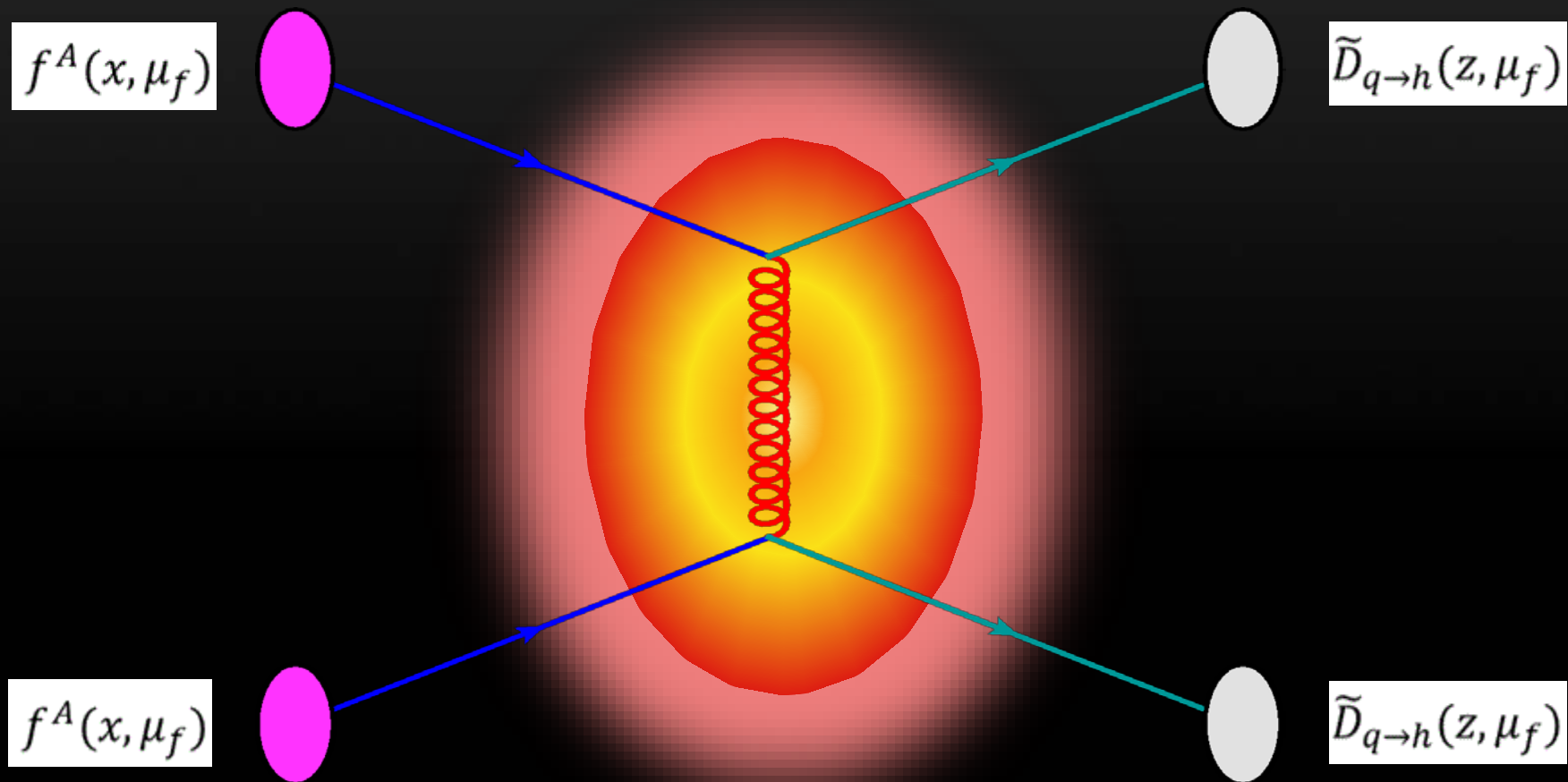
$$R_{AA} = \frac{\text{Yield}_{AA} / \langle N_{\text{binary}} \rangle_{AA}}{\text{Yield}_{pp}}$$



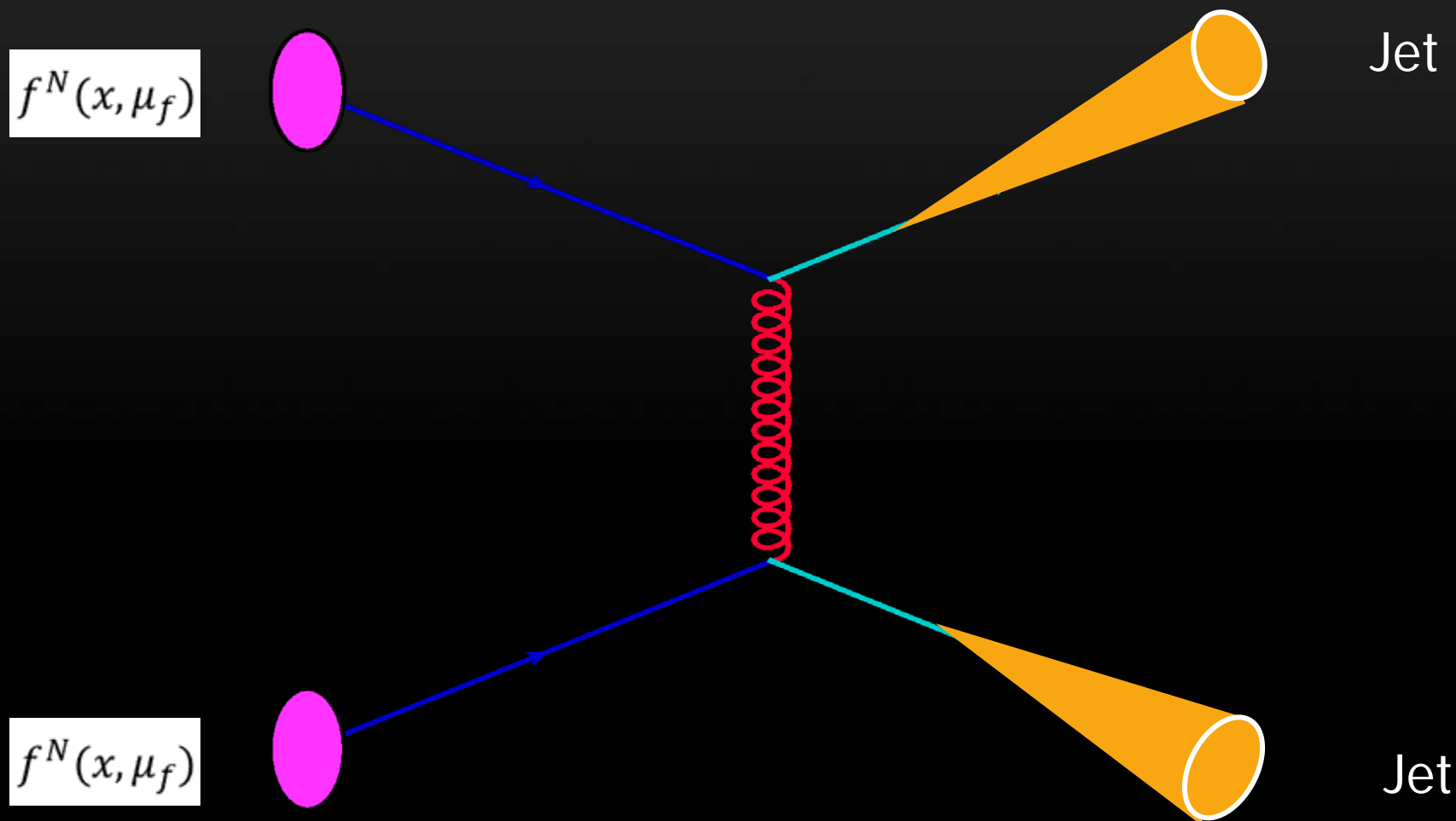
# Leading hadron production



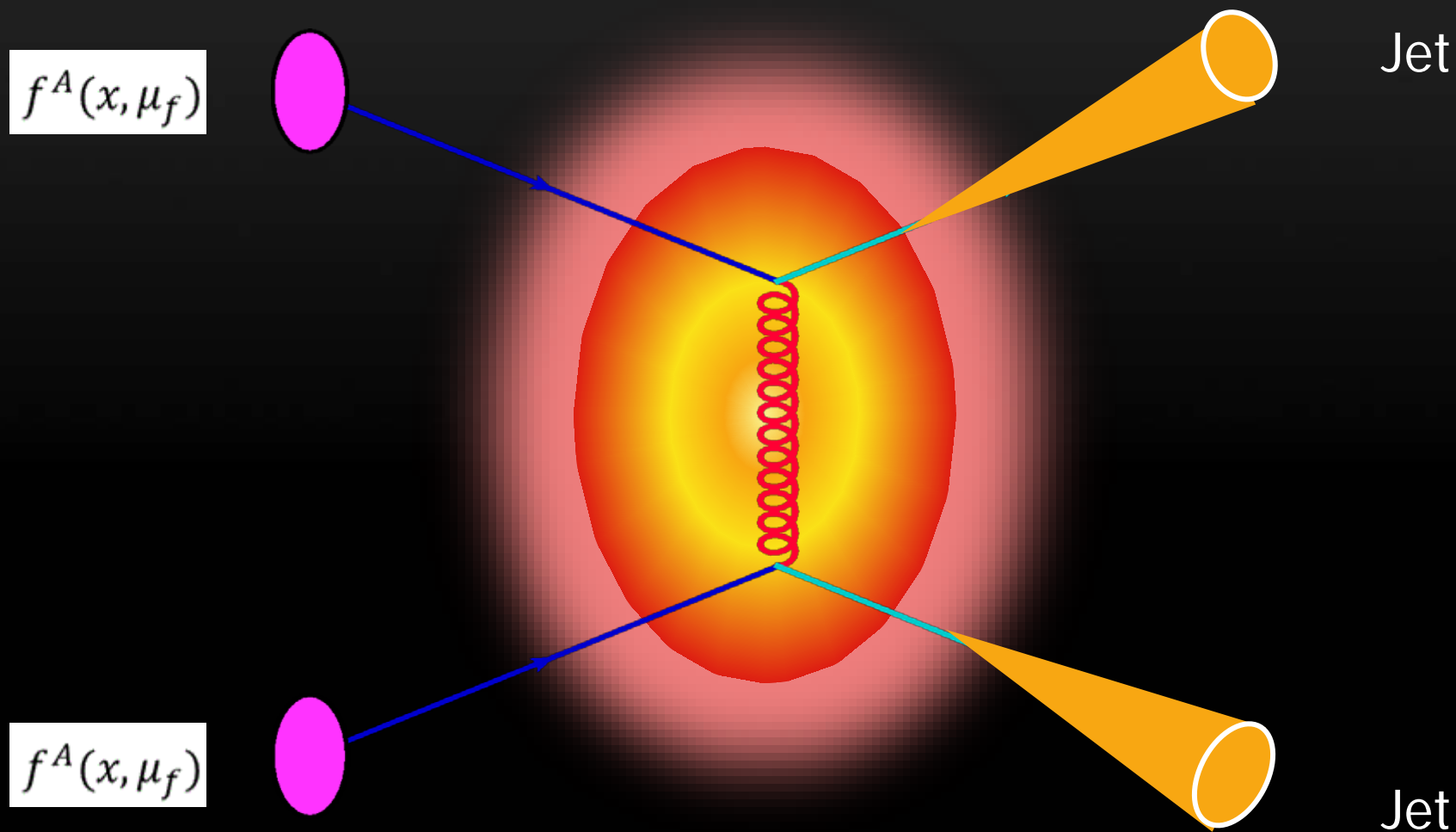
# Leading hadron production



# Full jets



# Full jets

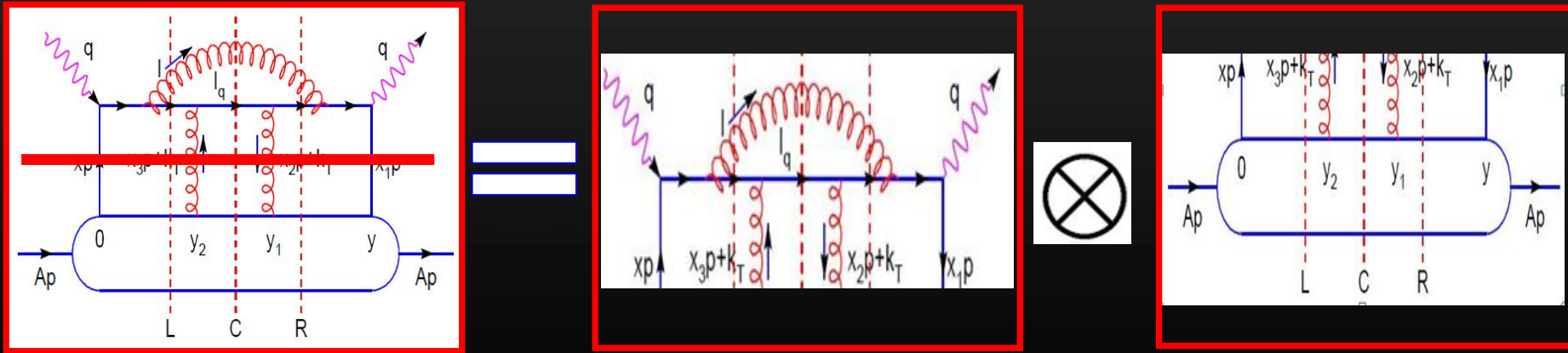




# Large $p_T$ hadrons in HIC

# Jet quenching with higher twist approach

The parton energy loss due to medium-induced gluon radiation has been calculated with higher twist approach.



$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{D}_{q \rightarrow h}(z_h, \mu^2) &\equiv D_{q \rightarrow h}(z_h, \mu^2) + \int_0^{\mu^2} \frac{d\ell_T^2}{\ell_T^2} \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \int_{z_h}^1 \frac{dz}{z} [\Delta\gamma_{q \rightarrow qg}(z, x, x_L, \ell_T^2) D_{q \rightarrow h}(z_h/z) \\ &+ \Delta\gamma_{q \rightarrow gq}(z, x, x_L, \ell_T^2) D_{g \rightarrow h}(z_h/z)] , \end{aligned}$$

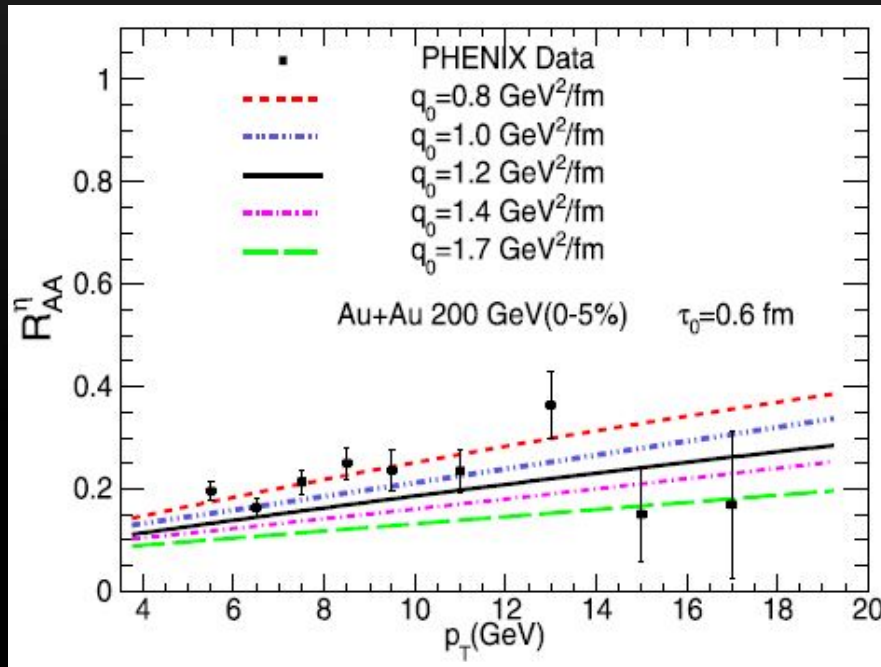
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{N_{\text{bin}}^{AB}(b)} \frac{d\sigma_{AB}^h}{dy d^2p_T} &= \sum_{abcd} \int dx_a dx_b f_{a/A}(x_a, \mu^2) f_{b/B}(x_b, \mu^2) \\ &\times \frac{d\sigma}{d\hat{t}}(ab \rightarrow cd) \frac{\langle \tilde{D}_c^h(z_h, Q^2, E, b) \rangle}{\pi z_c} + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3). \end{aligned}$$

X Guo, X N Wang, PRL(2001); X Guo, X N Wang, NPA (2001);  
BWZ, X N Wang, NPA(2003) ; BWZ, E Wang, X N Wang, PRL (2004)

# $\eta$ in heavy-ion collisions at NLO

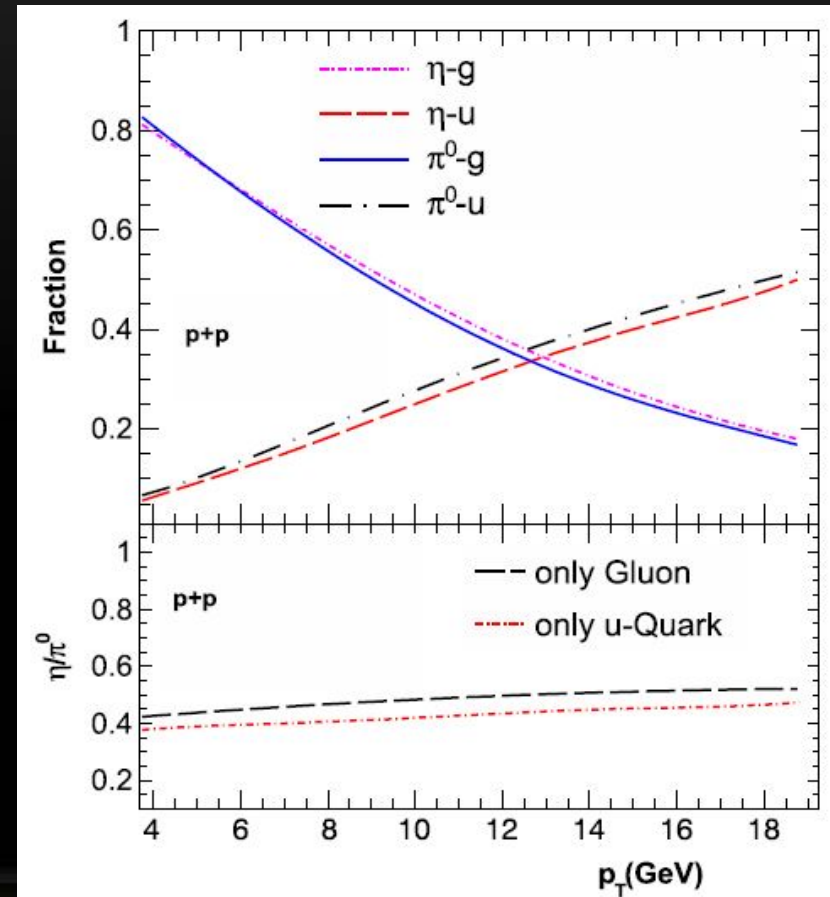
- Production of eta meson in HIC has been calculated;
- Flavor composition has very small effect on the ratio  $\eta/\pi^0$ .

$$(dE/dx)_{\text{rad}} = -C_2 \hat{q} L$$



$$G^{\eta, \pi^0}(p_T) = \frac{\int f_g(\frac{p_T}{z_h}) \cdot D_{g \rightarrow \eta, \pi^0}(z_h, p_T) \frac{dz_h}{z_h^2}}{\frac{1}{p_T} \frac{d\sigma_{\pi^0, \eta}}{dp_T}}$$

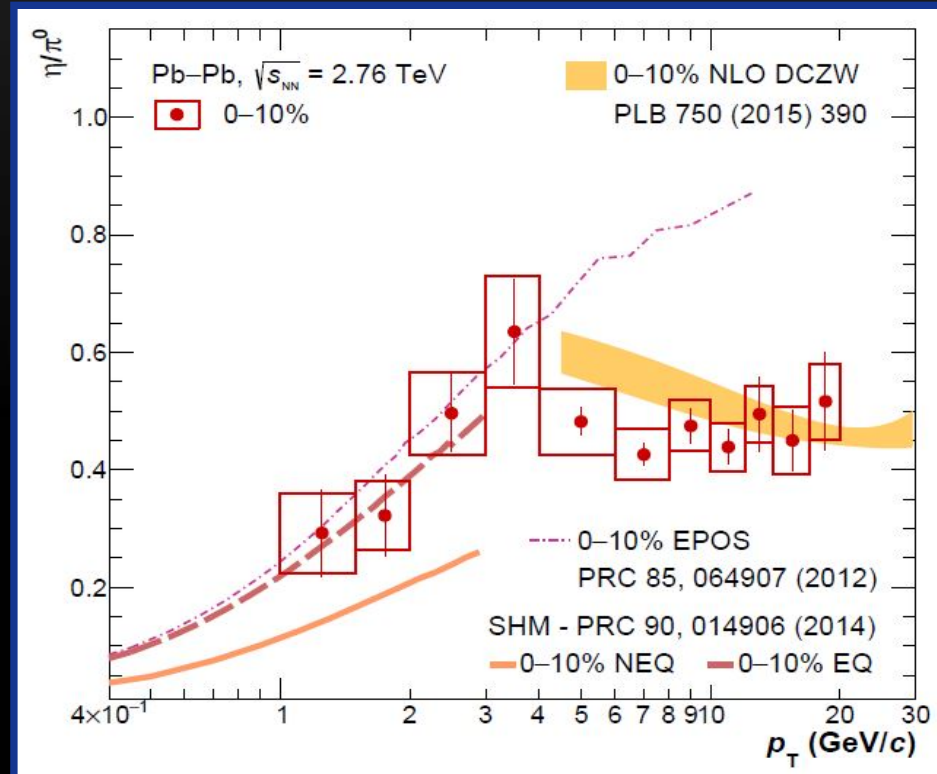
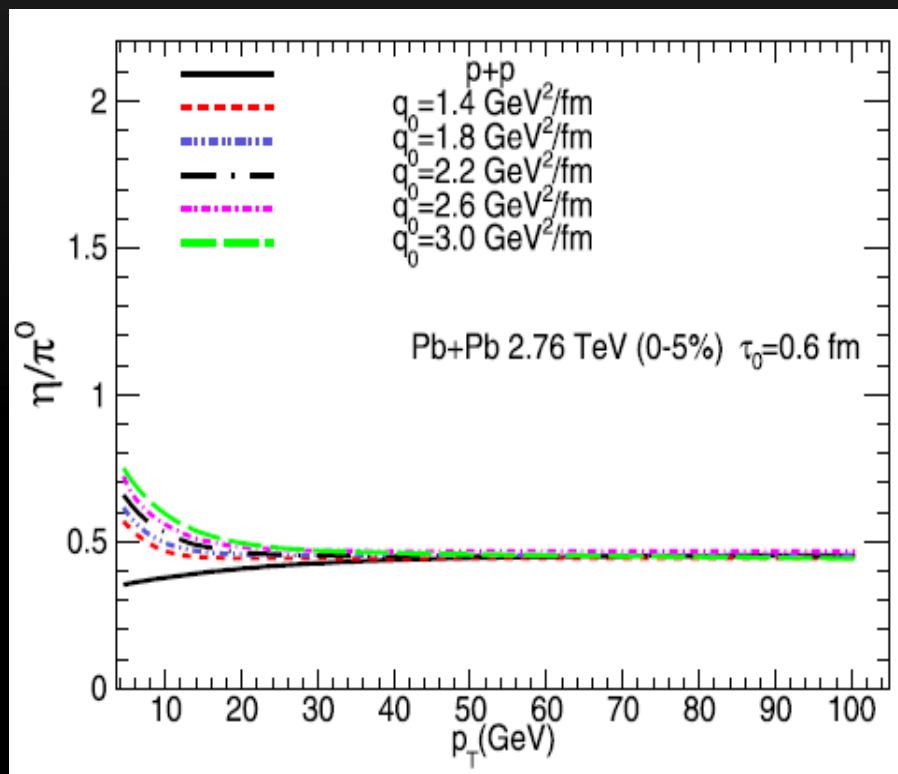
$$G^{\pi^0}(p_T) \approx G^{\eta}(p_T)$$



# $\eta/\pi^0$ in HIC at NLO

12

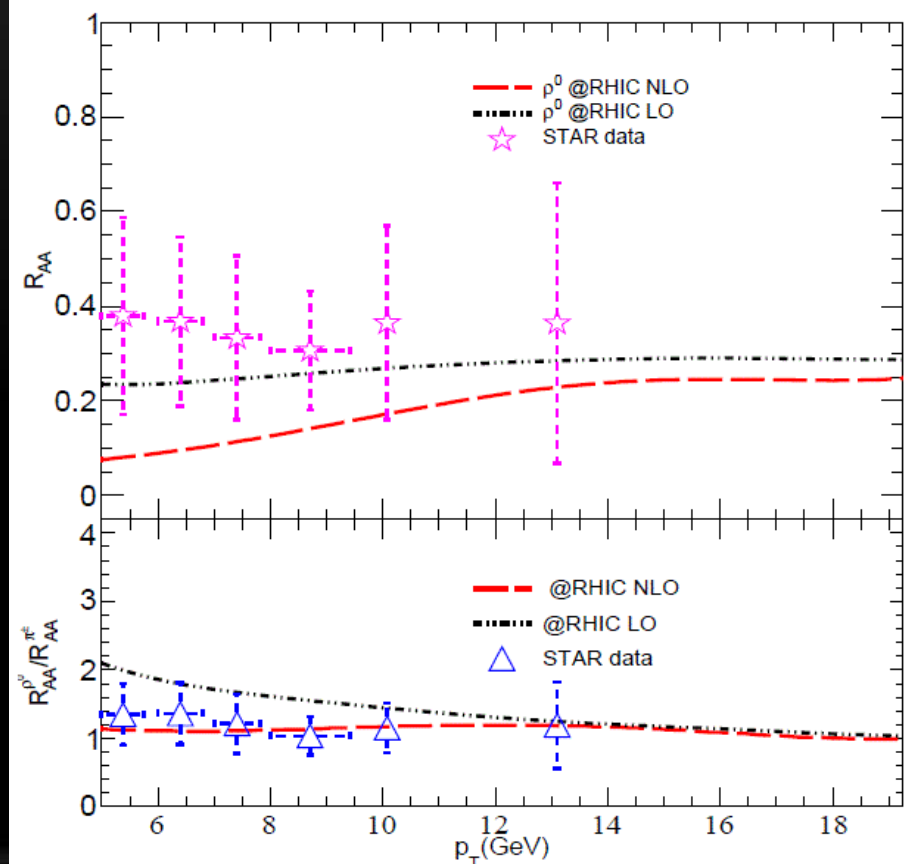
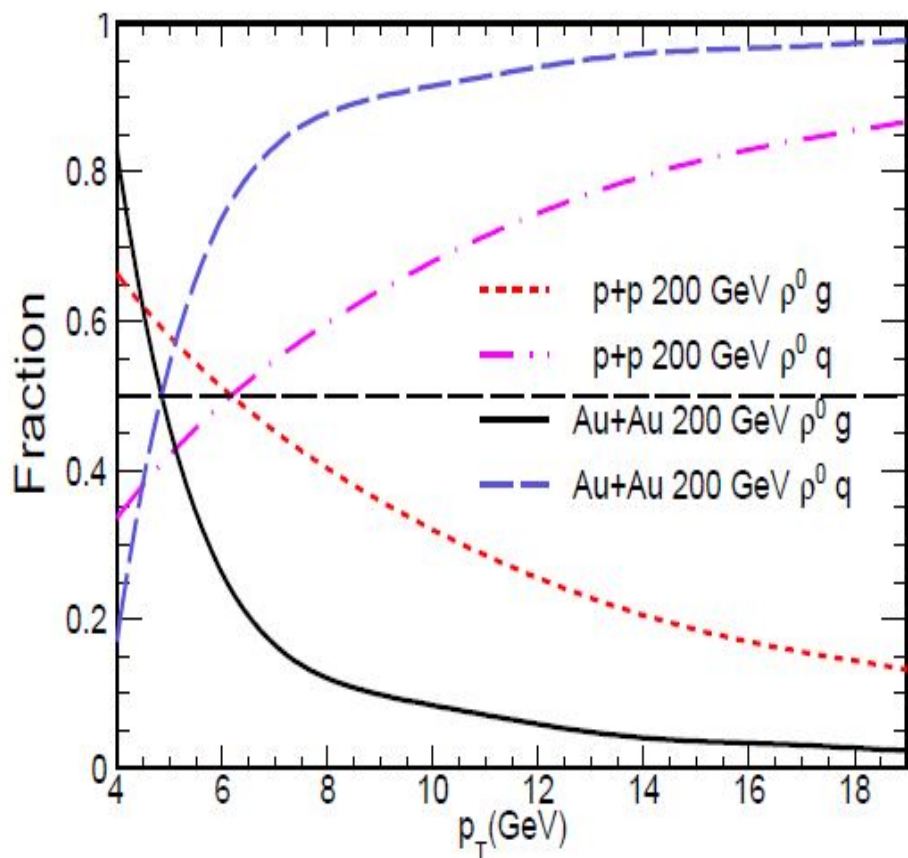
- $\eta/\pi^0$  ratio is almost same ( $\sim 0.5$ ) for p+p, Au+Au and Pb+Pb collision.
- Prediction on  $\eta/\pi^0$  ratio has been confirmed by ALICE.



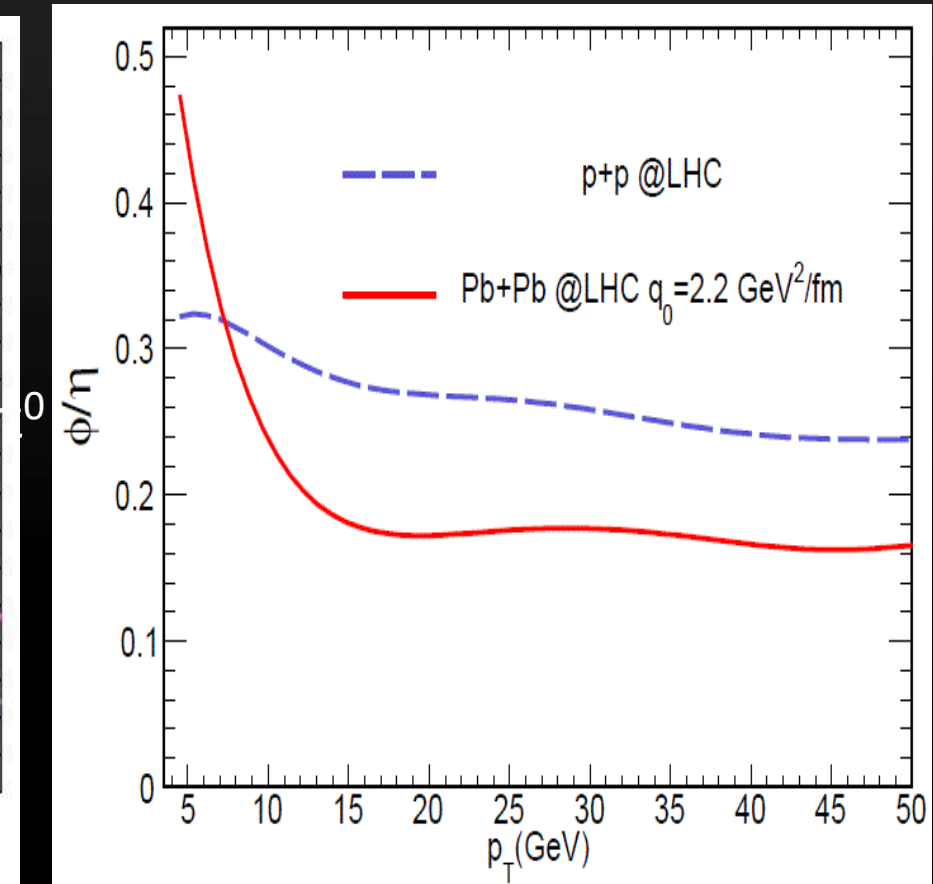
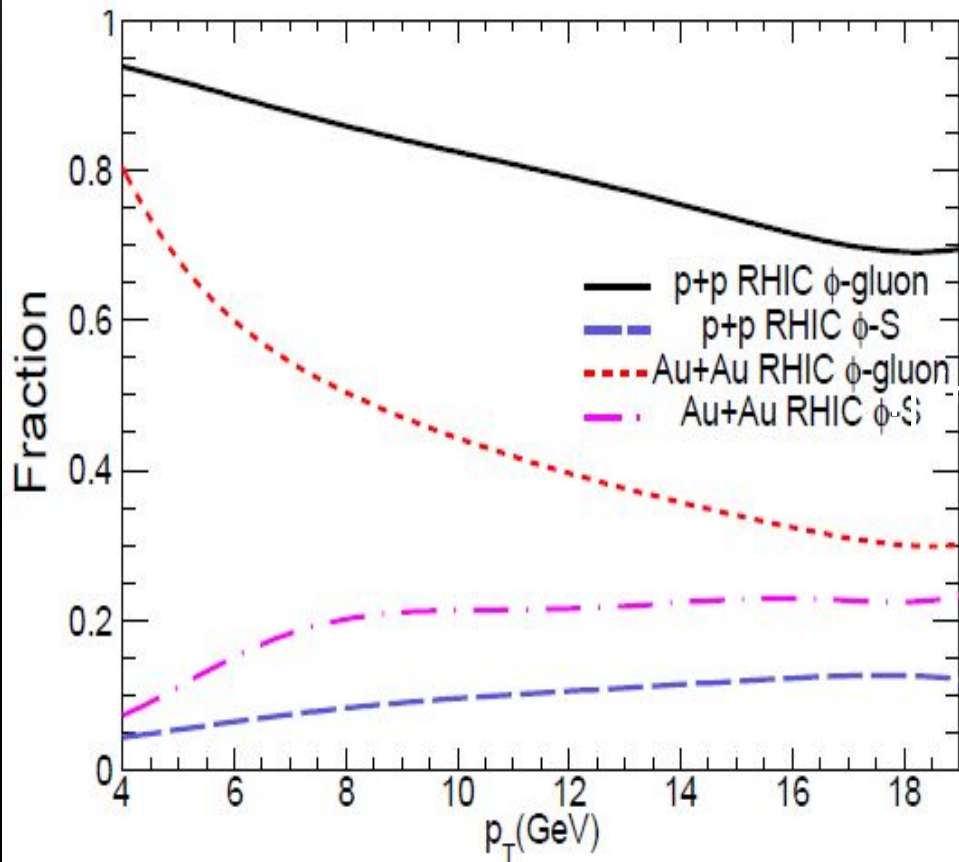
ALICE, arXiv: 1803.05490

# $\rho$ production in A+A at NLO

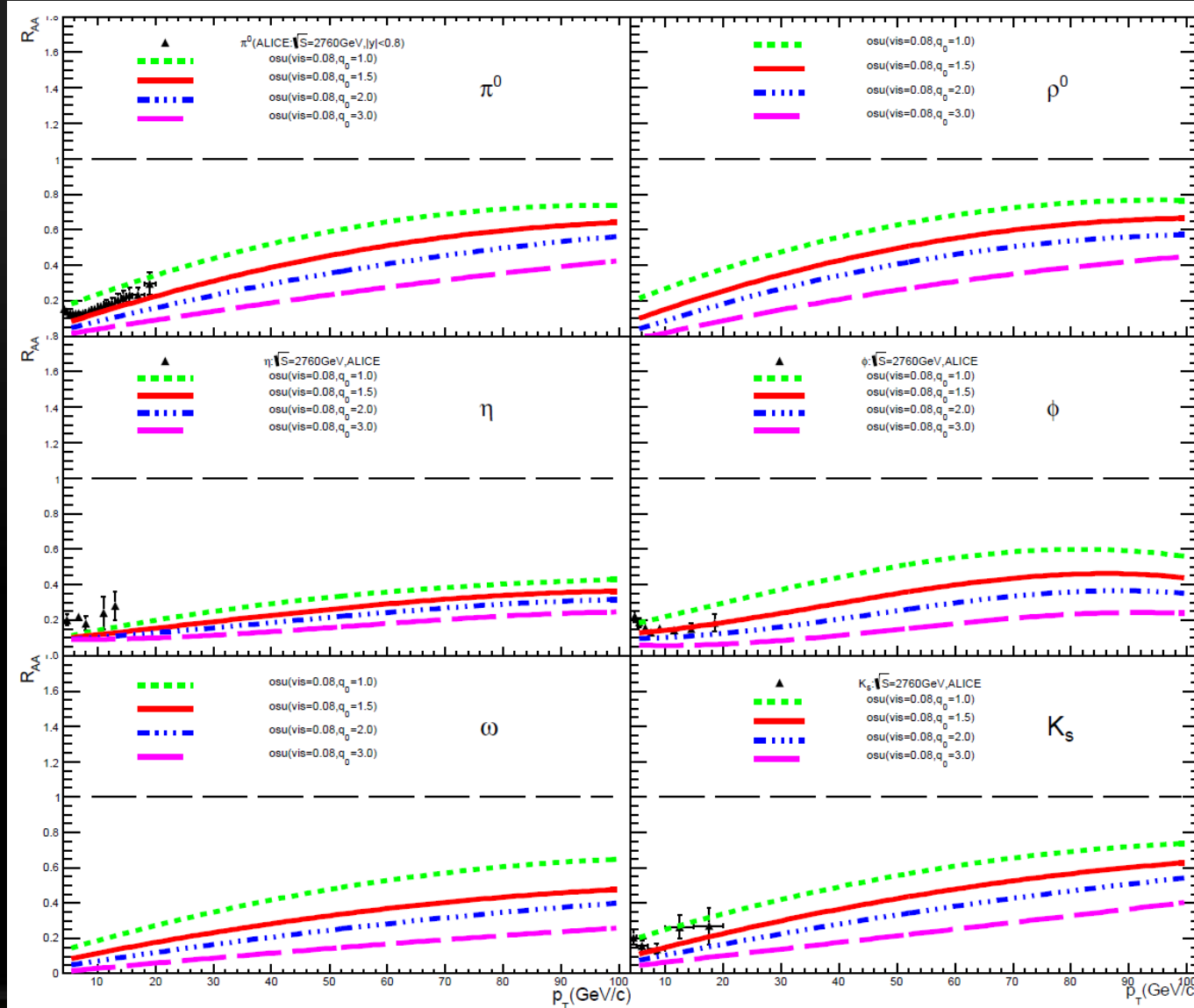
- A broken SU(3) model has been utilized to get  $\rho$  FFs in p+p.
- Dominant contributions of quark fragmentations both in p+p and in A+A.



# Production of $\phi$ in HIC at NLO

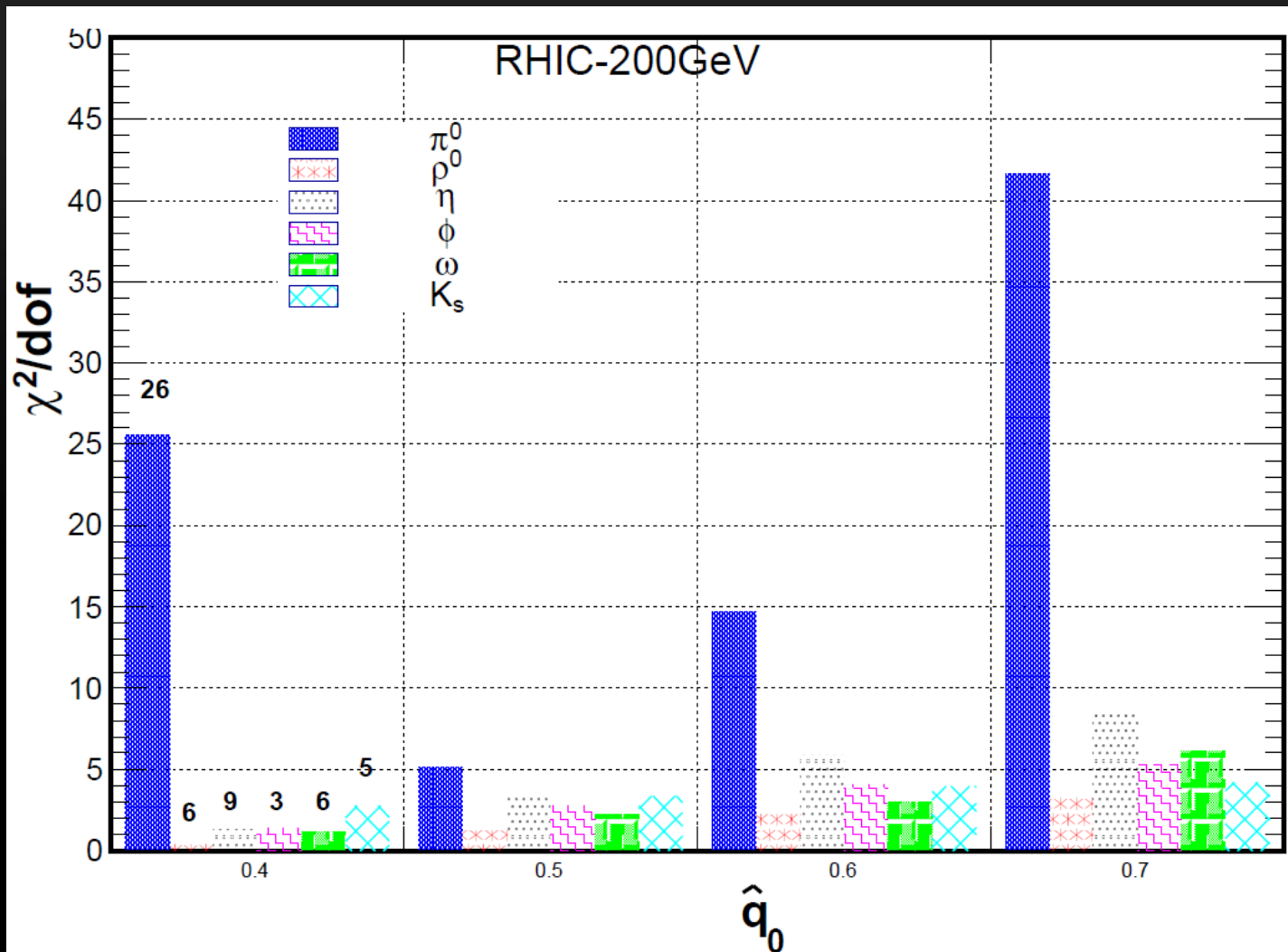


# Identified meson in HIC at NLO



iEBE-VISHNU  
hydro

# Global extraction of $\hat{q}$



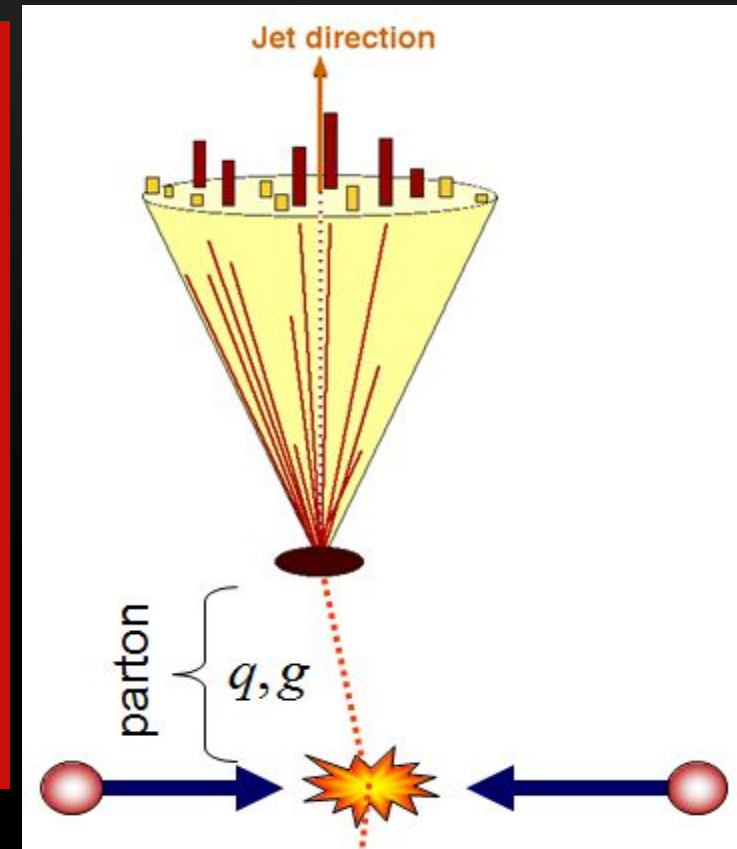


# Jets in HIC



# What is a jet?

- A jet is a spray of final-state particles roughly moving in the same direction and defined by jet finding algorithms.
- At LO pQCD, jet  $\approx$  parton.
- In pQCD local-parton-hadron duality (LPHD) is used
- Jet: more precise and powerful



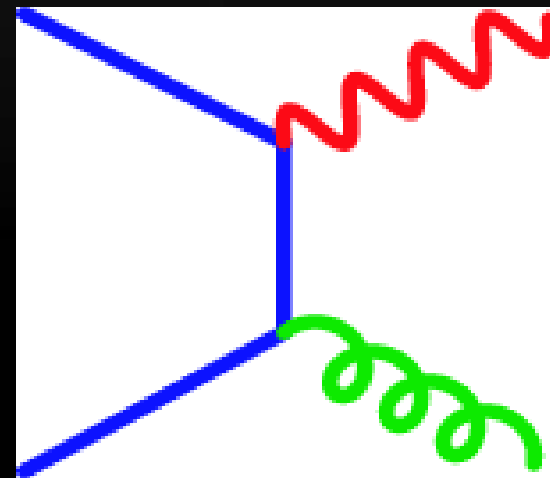
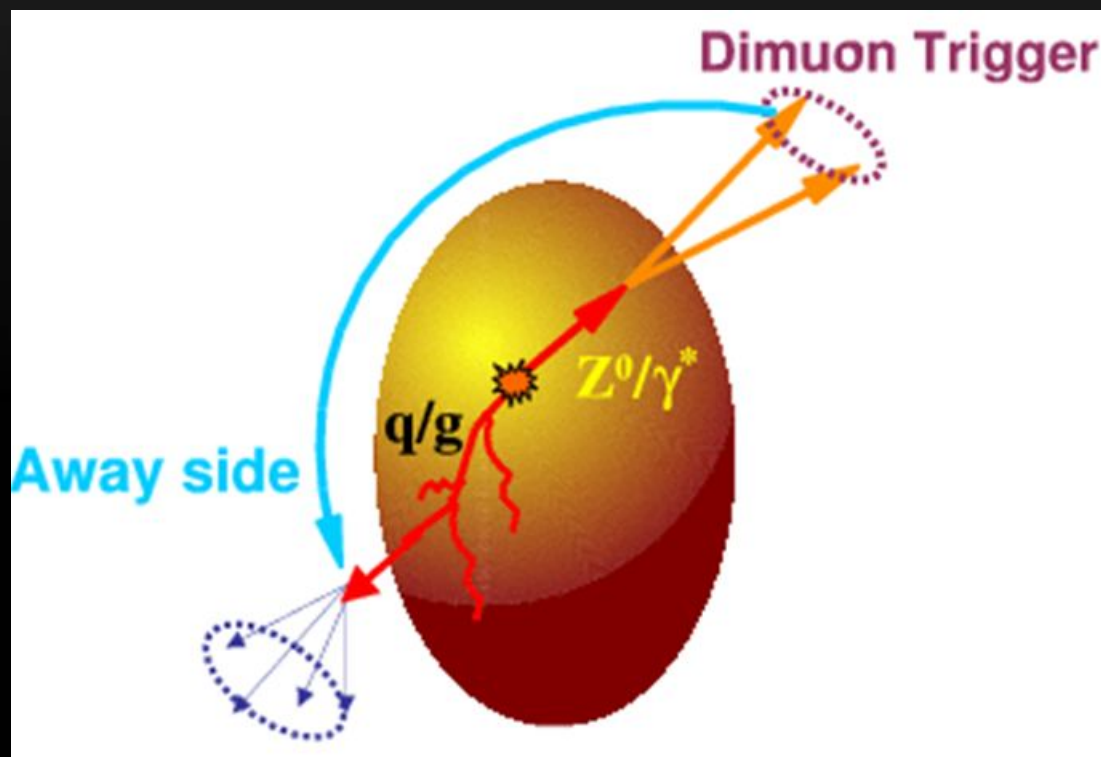
$$E_T = \sum_{i \in \text{jet}} E_{T,i}$$

$$y = \sum_{i \in \text{jet}} y_i E_{T,i} / E_T$$

$$\phi = \sum_{i \in \text{jet}} \phi_i E_{T,i} / E_T$$

$$R_{ij} = \sqrt{(y_i - y_j)^2 + (\phi_i - \phi_j)^2}$$

# Tagged jet production in HIC



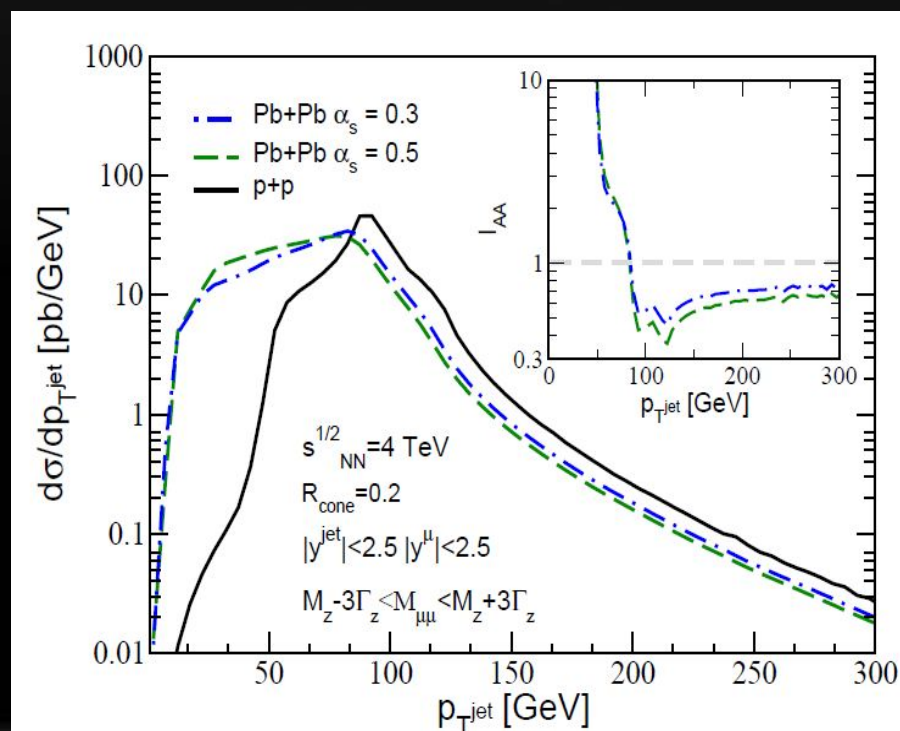
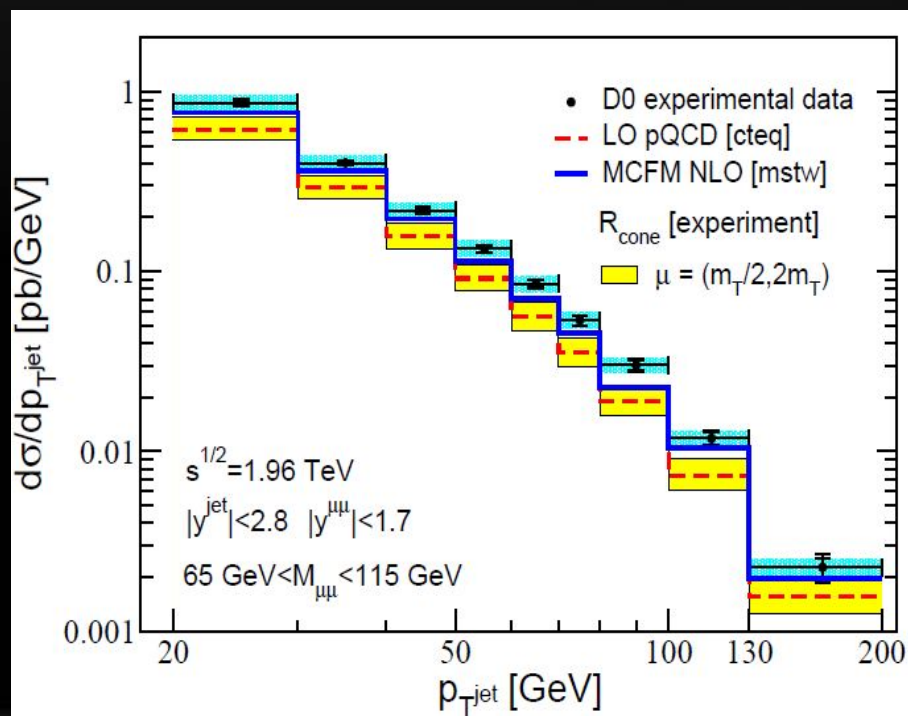
"golden channel"

# Z<sup>0</sup> + jet in A+A: Iaa

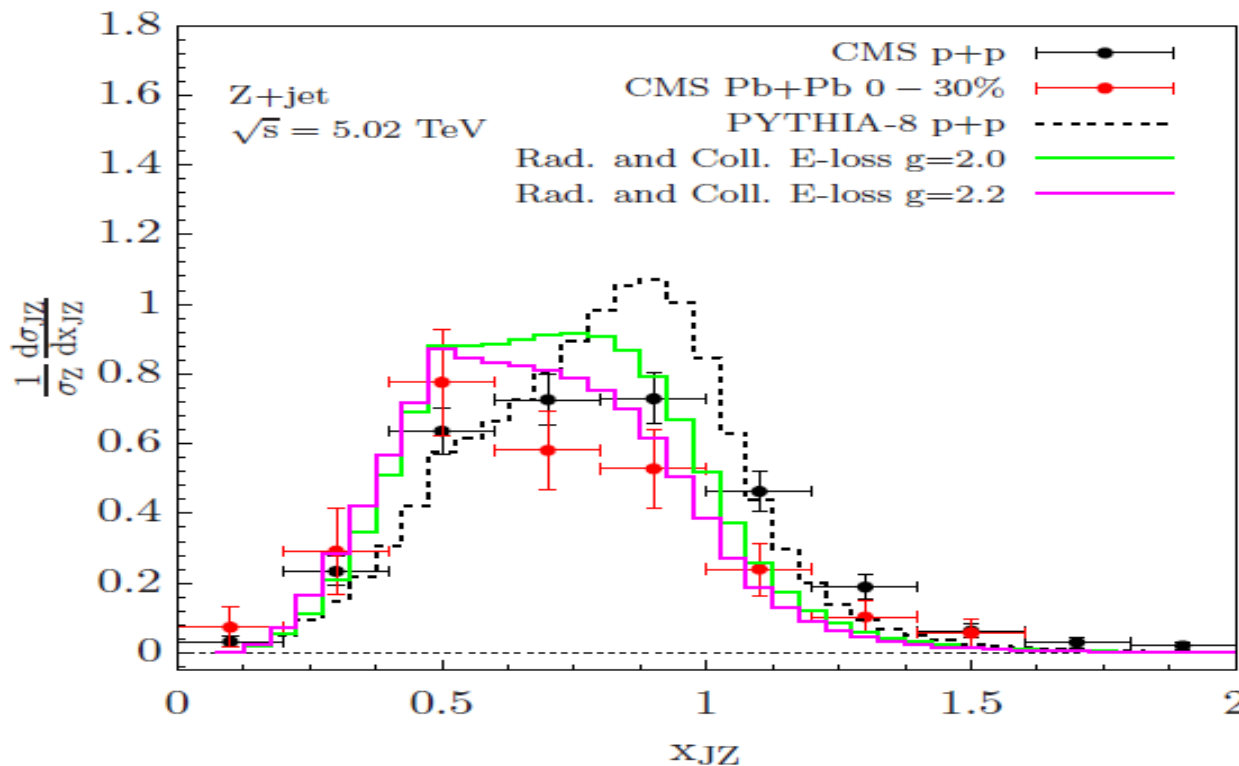
- A sharp transition from tagged jet suppression above  $\sim p_T$  of Z to tagged jet enhancement below  $\sim p_T$  of Z

$$I_{AA}^{\text{jet}}(R, \omega_{\text{min}}) = \frac{1}{\langle N_{\text{bin}} \rangle} \frac{d\sigma_{AA}}{dp_T(Z) dp_T(Q)} \bigg/ \frac{d\sigma_{pp}}{dp_T(Z) dp_T(\text{jet})}$$

NLO



# Z<sup>0</sup> + jet in A+A: asymmetry



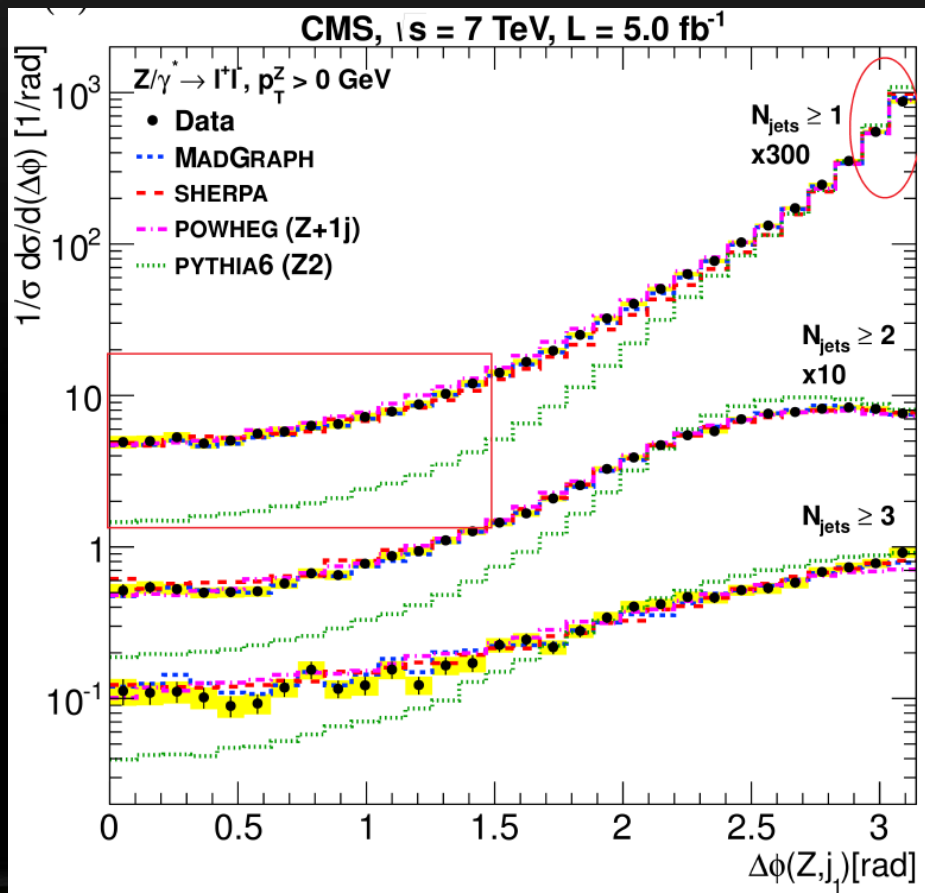
LO +PS  
(parton  
shower)

$$x_{JV} = p_T^J / p_T^V$$

	$\Delta\langle x_{JZ} \rangle$			
$p_T^Z$ (GeV)	40 – 50	50 – 60	60 – 80	80 – 120
CMS [24]	$0.061 \pm 0.059$	$0.123 \pm 0.051$	$0.124 \pm 0.052$	$0.068 \pm 0.042$
Rad. + Coll. $g = 2.0$	0.022	0.050	0.075	0.086
Rad. + Coll. $g = 2.2$	0.024	0.058	0.093	0.119

# Angular correlation in Z+jet

- NLO calculations fail at angular difference  $\sim \pi$ ;
- LO+PS calculations fail at small angular difference.
- Z+jet in A+A: NLO+PS+Eloss



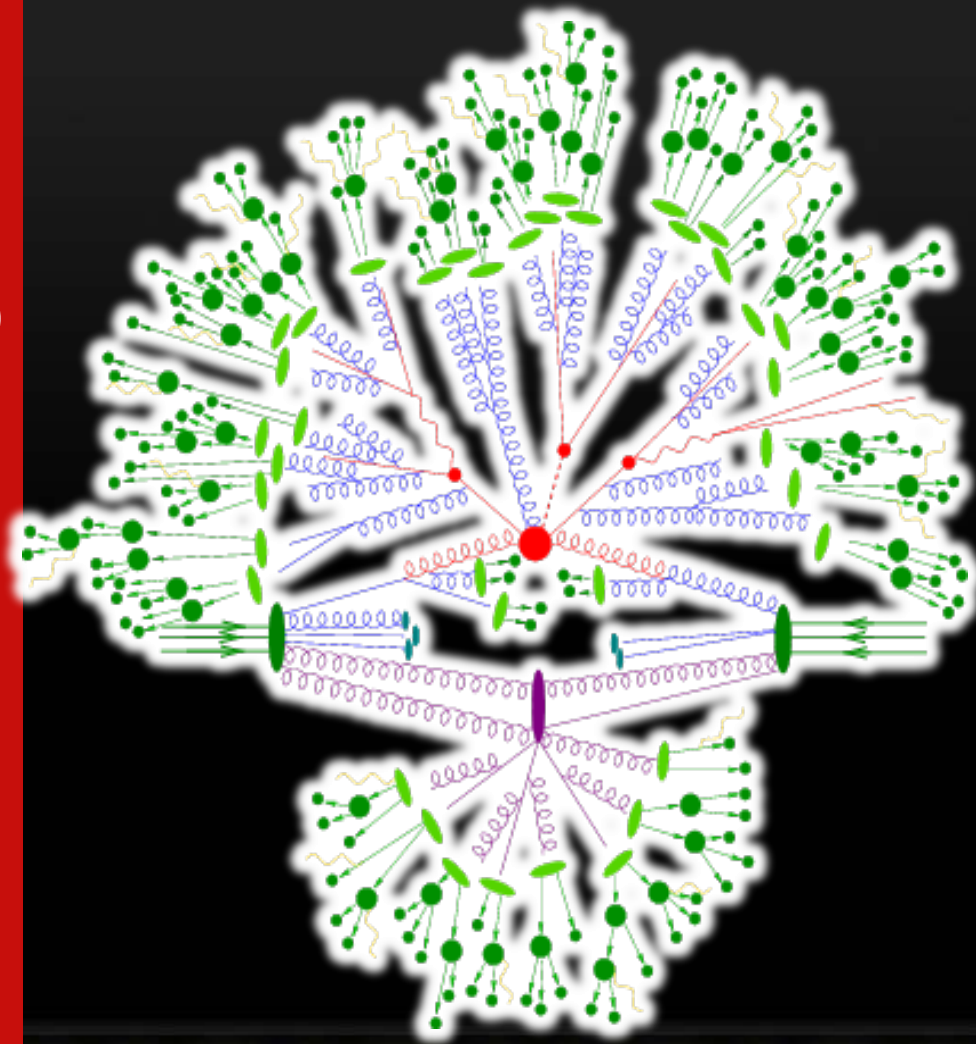
CMS, PLB

722 (2013) 238

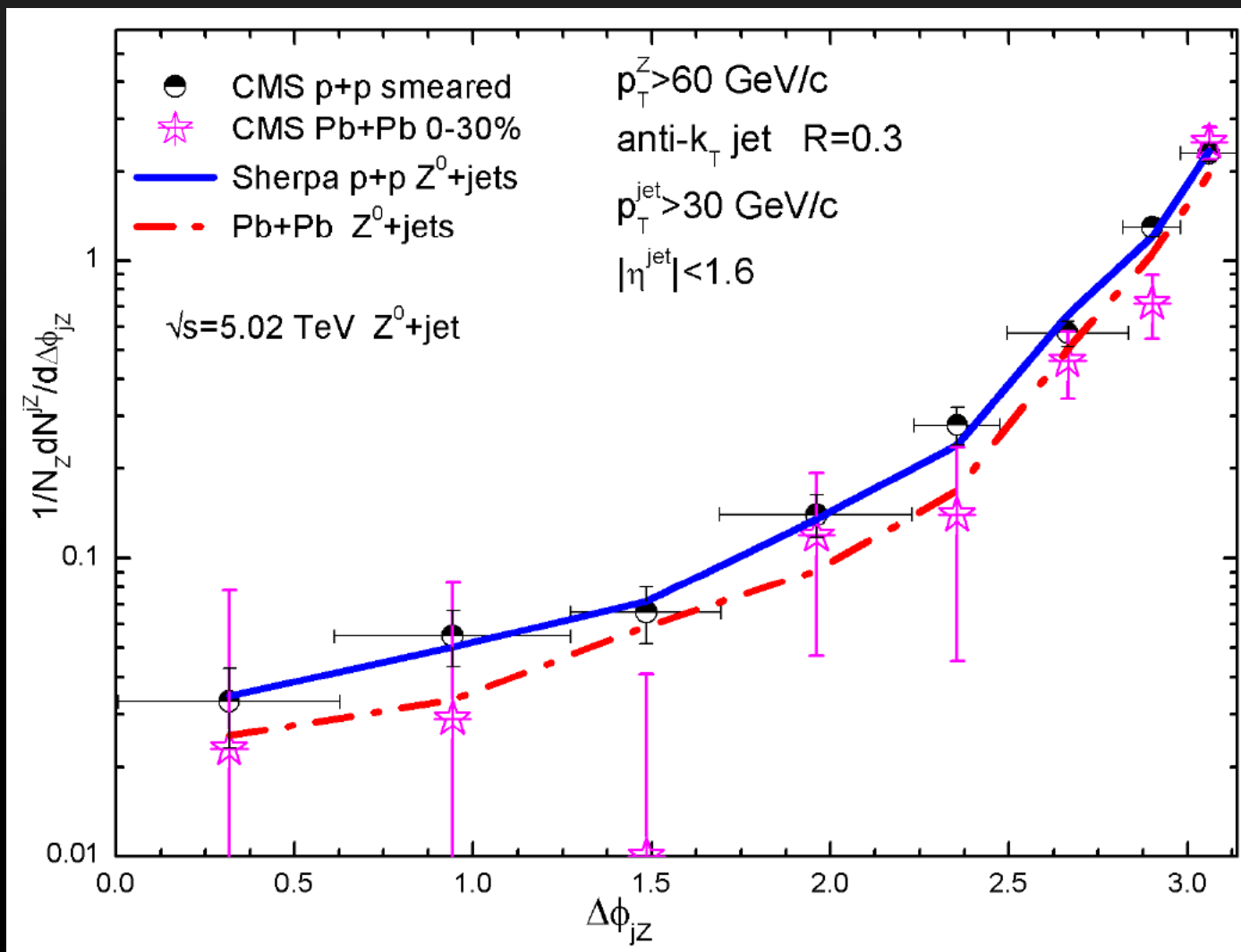
NLO +PS  
+ELOSS

# Sherpa: NLO+PS

- Initial state parton shower(PS)
- Final state PS
- NLO matrix elements (ME)
- Signal process
- Fragmentation
- Hadron decays
- Underlying event
- QED radiation



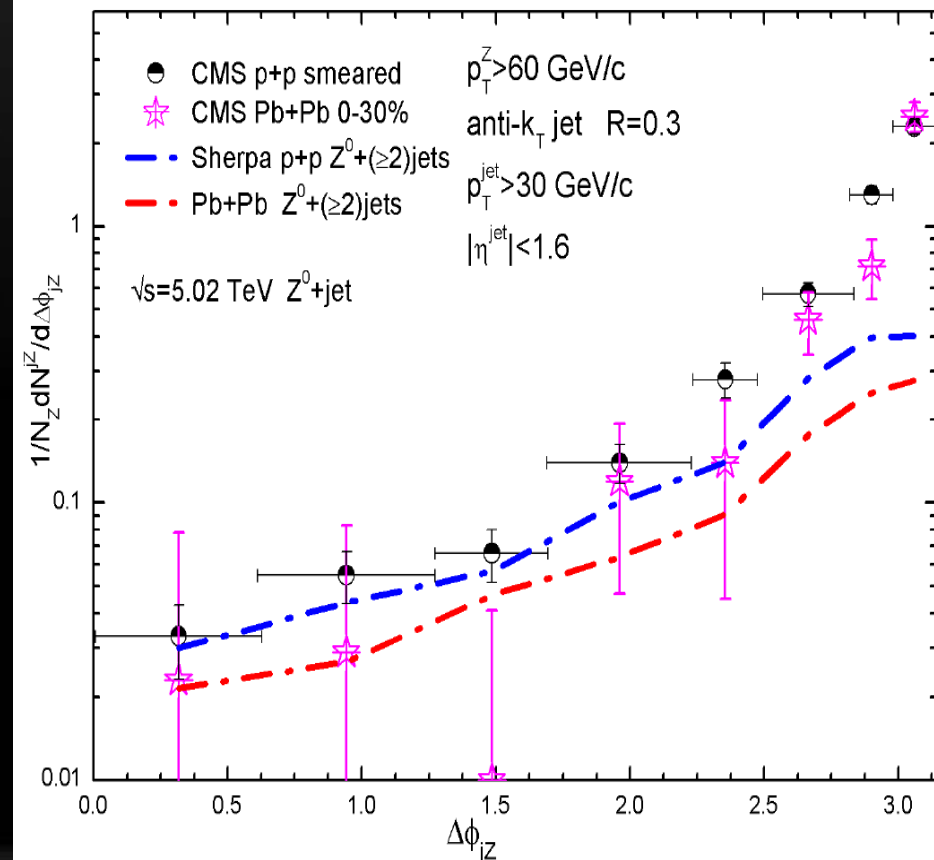
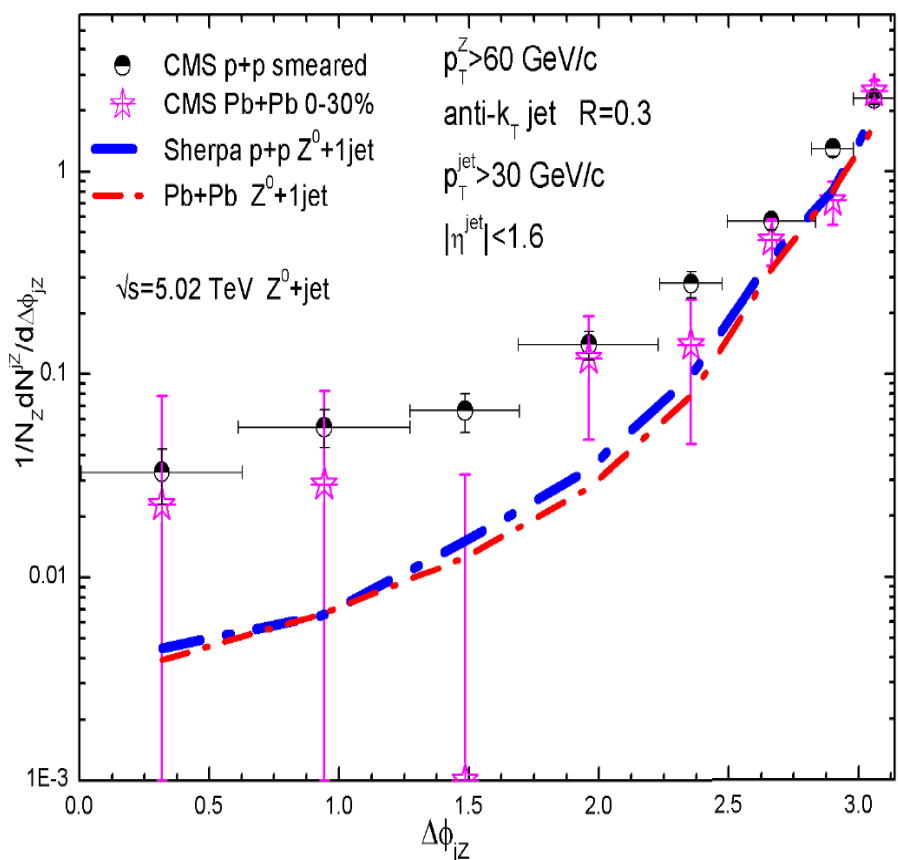
# Angular Correlation of Z+jet (I)





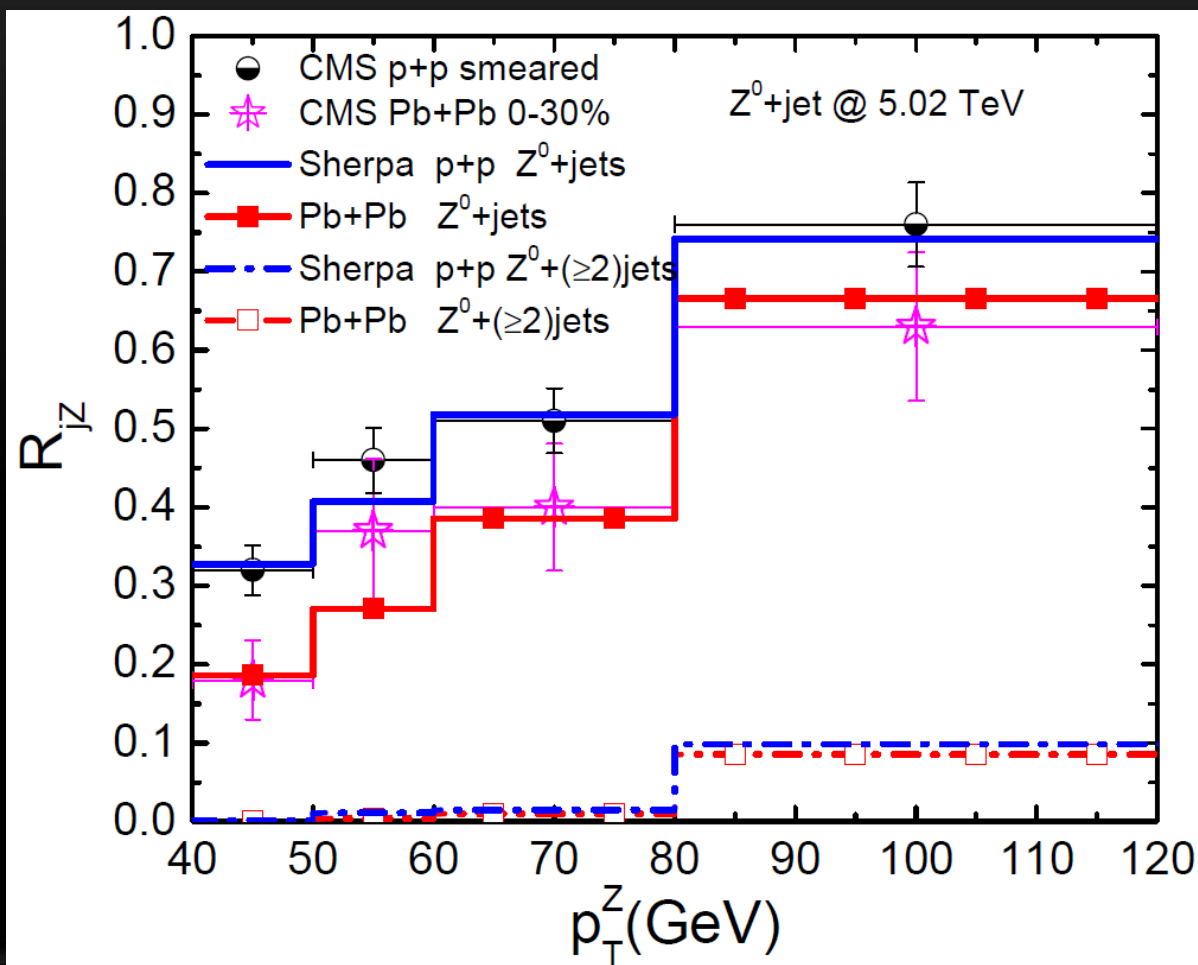
# Angular Correlation of Z+jet (II)

- Suppression to Z+1jet processes is rather small;
- Considerable suppression to Z+ (>2)jets is observed due to jet quenching effect; kinematical cut:  $p_T > 30$  GeV

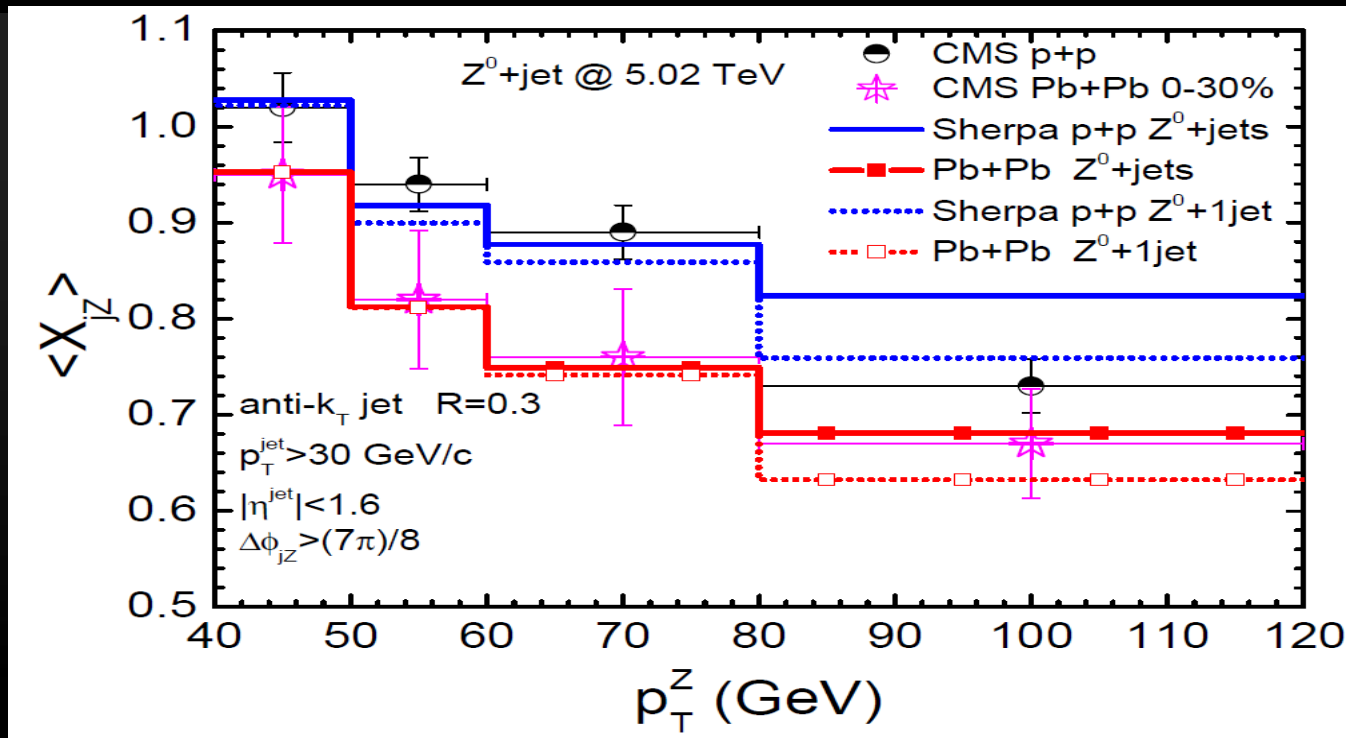


# Averaged number of tagged jets

$$R_{jZ} = N_{jZ}/N_Z$$



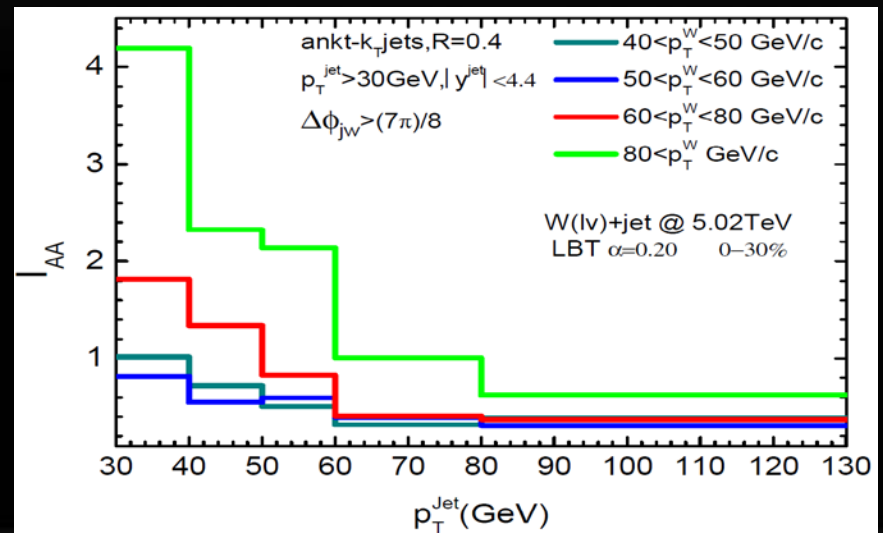
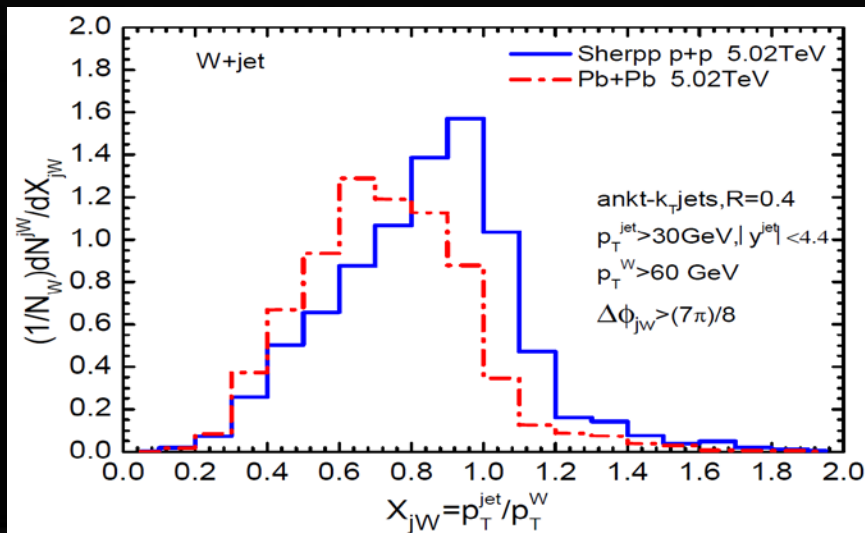
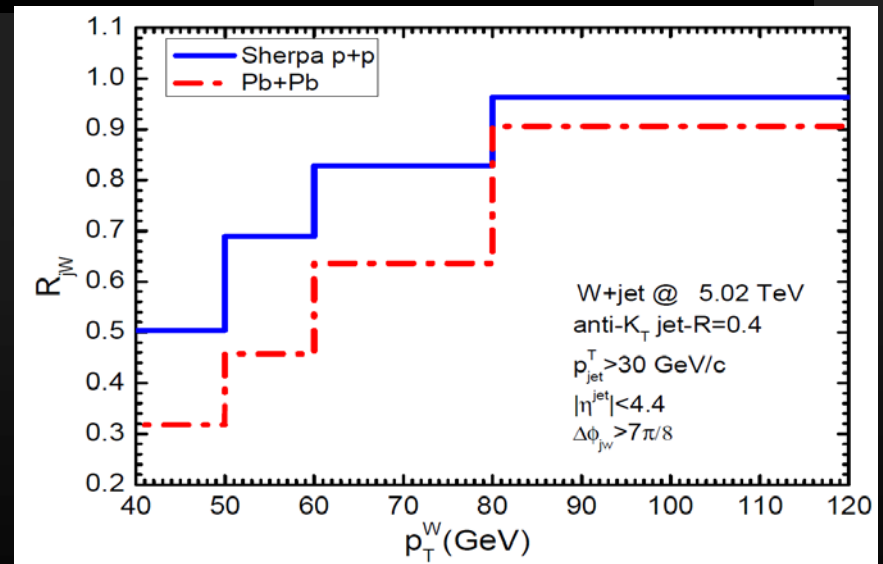
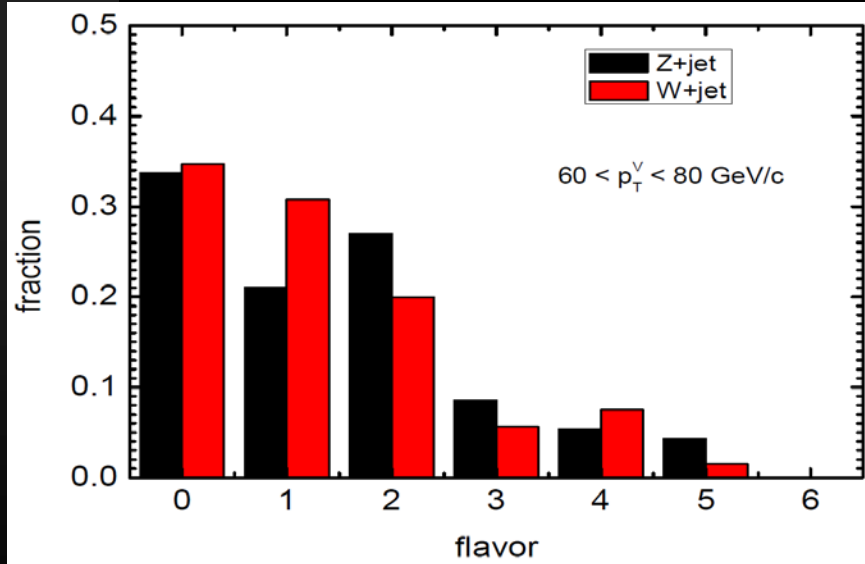
# Momentum imbalance



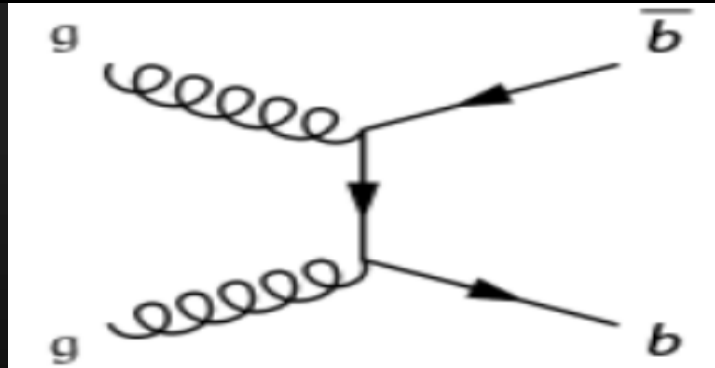
$$\Delta\langle x_{jZ} \rangle = \langle x_{jZ} \rangle_{p+p} - \langle x_{jZ} \rangle_{Pb+Pb}$$

$p_T^Z$ (GeV)	40-50	50-60	60-80	> 80
CMS data	$0.07 \pm 0.106$	$0.12 \pm 0.148$	$0.13 \pm 0.158$	$0.06 \pm 0.088$
$\Delta\langle x_{jZ} \rangle$	0.075	0.106	0.128	0.143

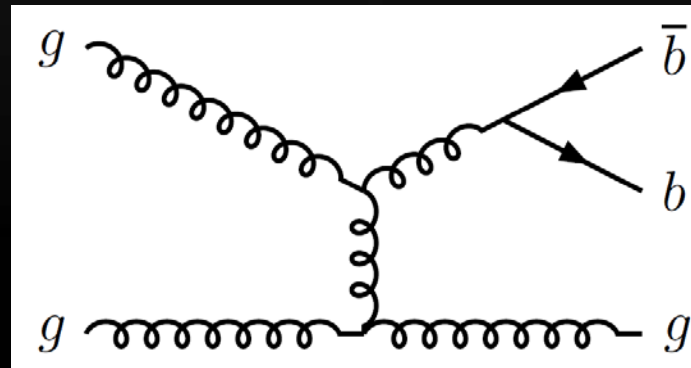
# W+jet in HIC



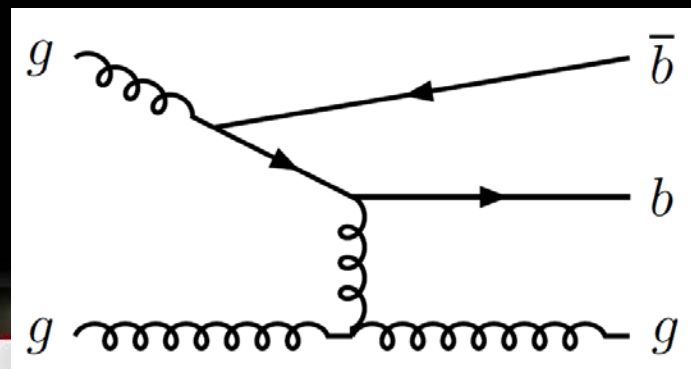
# double b-jet production



flavor creation (FCR)



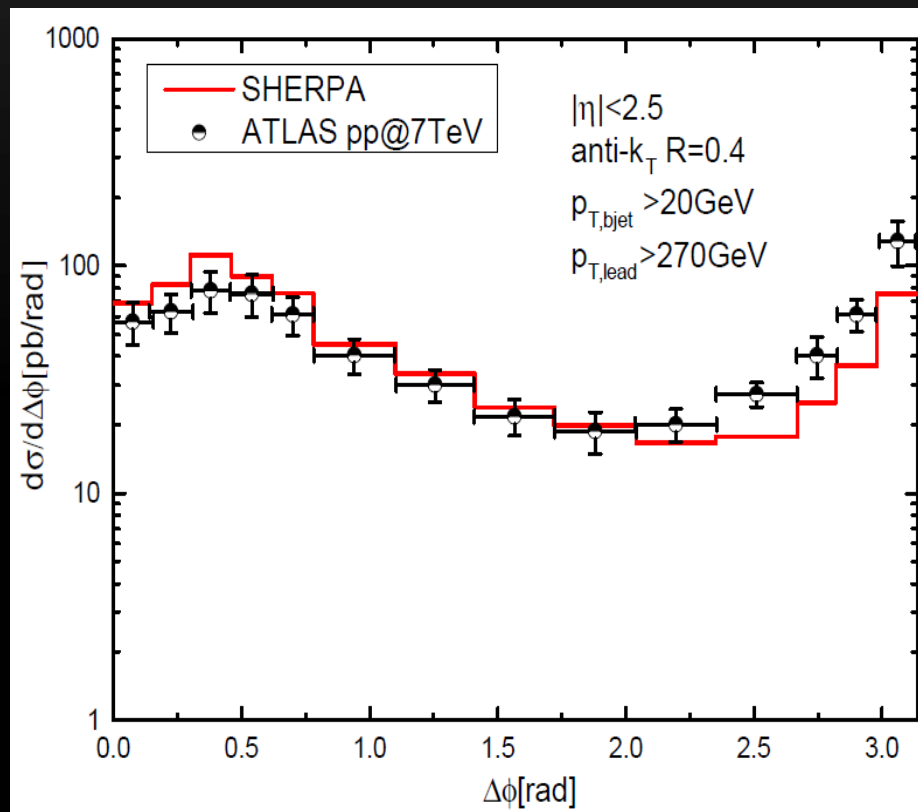
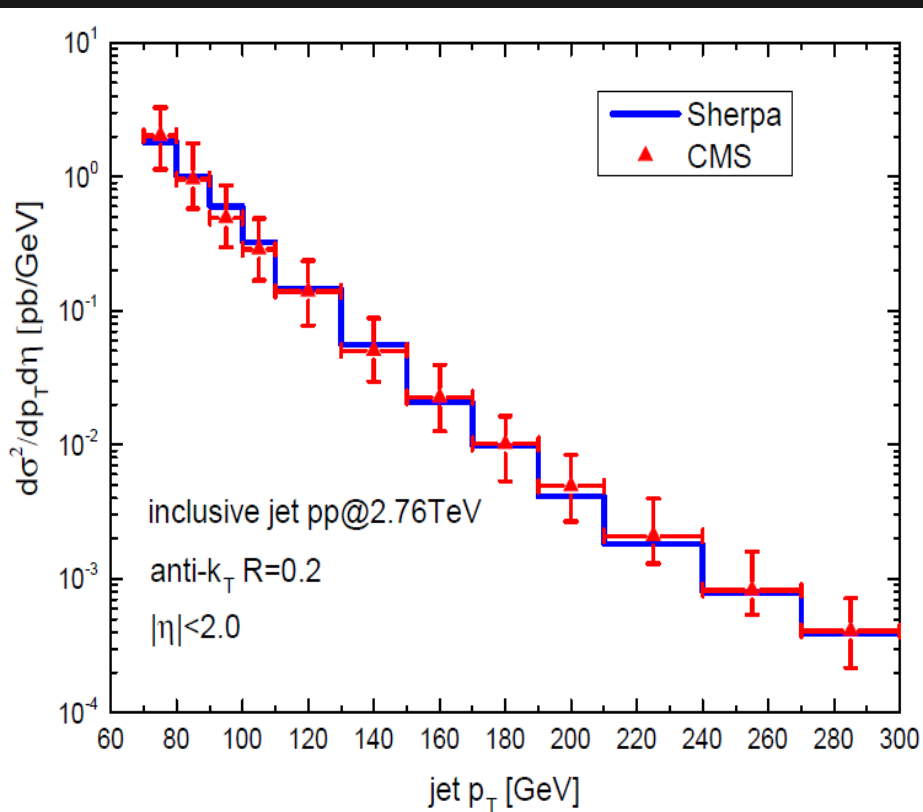
gluon splitting (GSP)



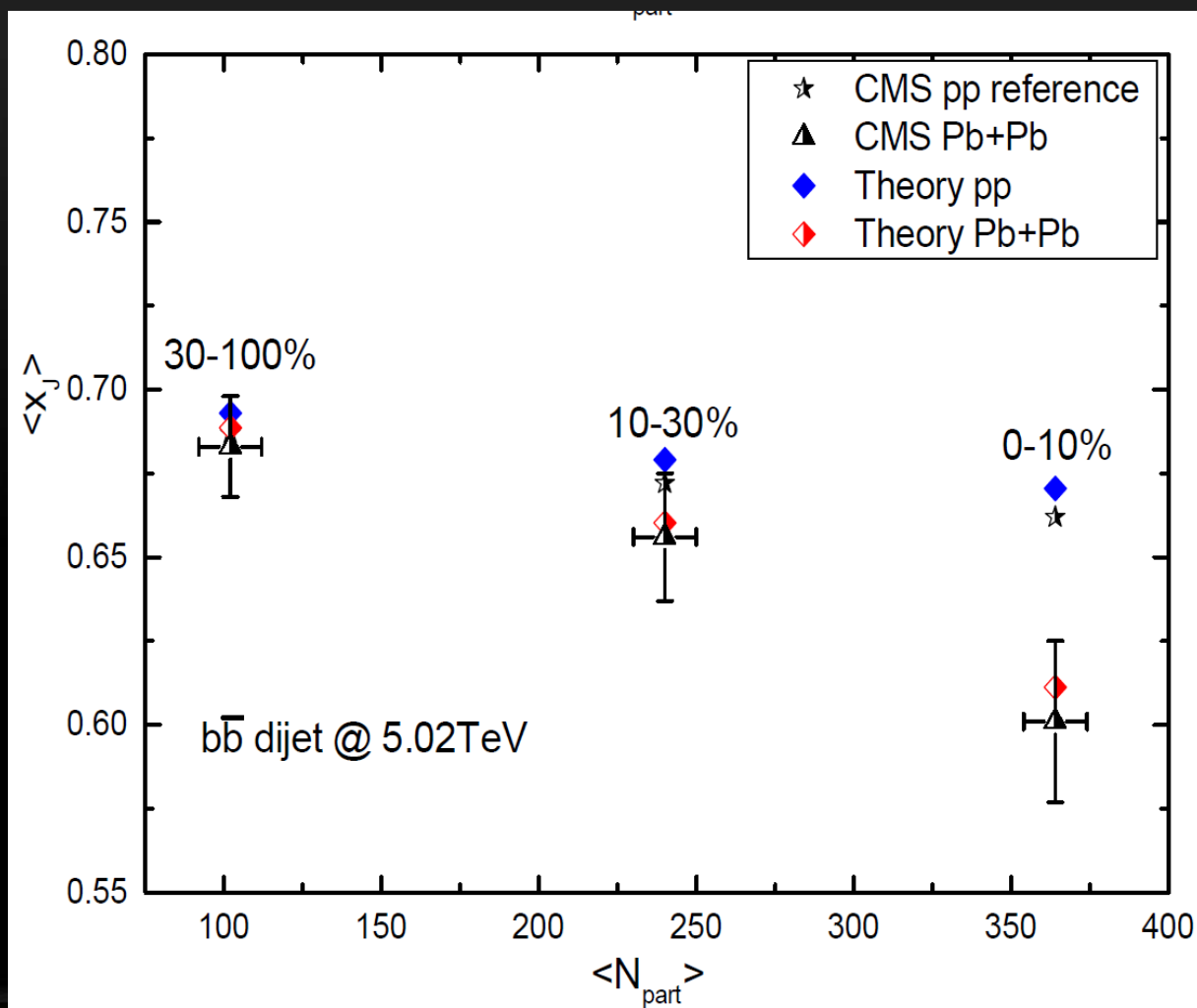
flavor excitation (FEX)

# p+p baseline for double b-jet

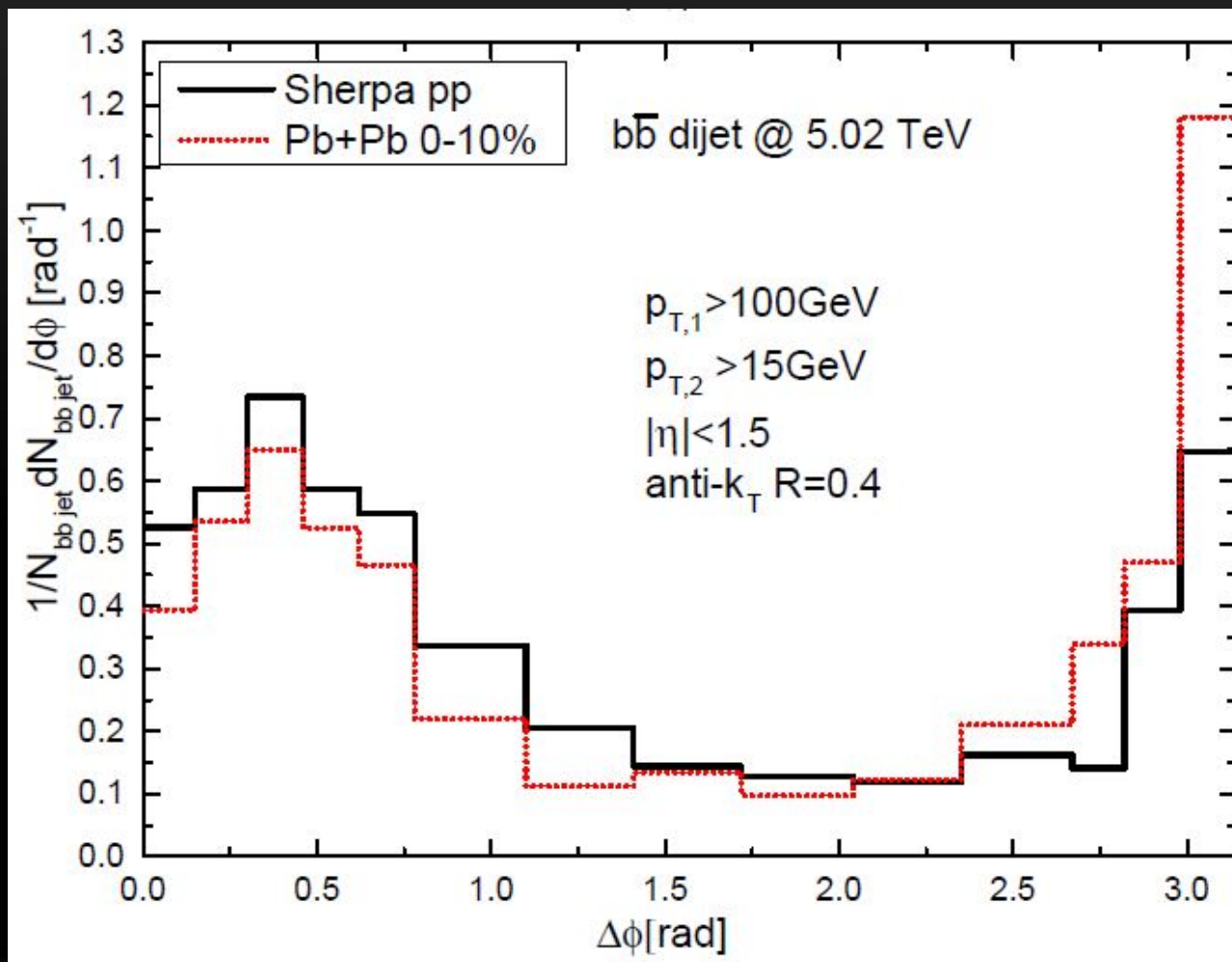
- Simulations with NLP+PS by Sherpa should give very nice descriptions on inclusive jets, dijets as well as double b-jet.



# Mean values of momentum imbalance



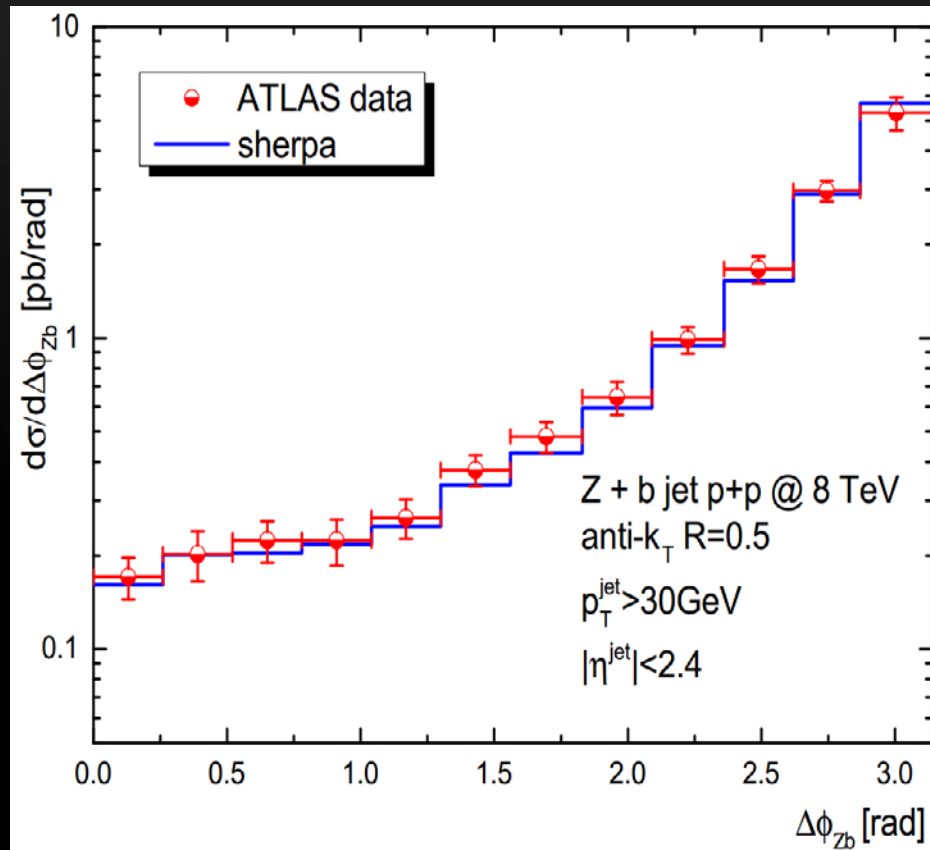
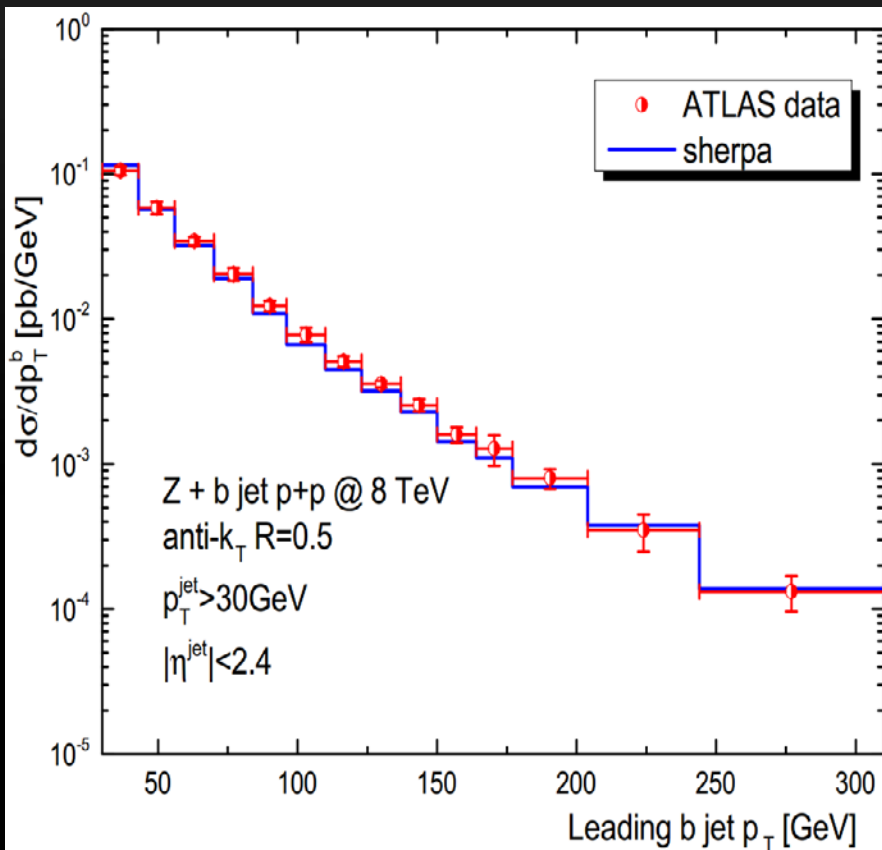
# Angle correlation of double b-jet





# Z tagged b-jet production (I)

- B-jet production in association with Z boson in HIC could be calculated in the same formalism (NLO+PS+Eloss)



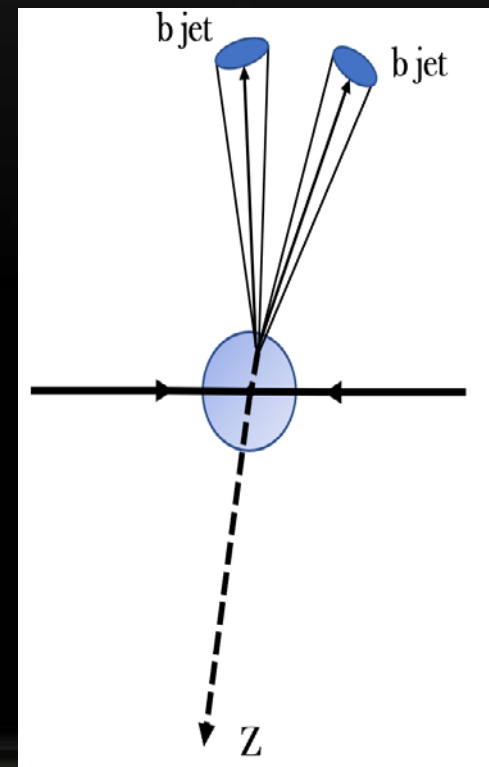
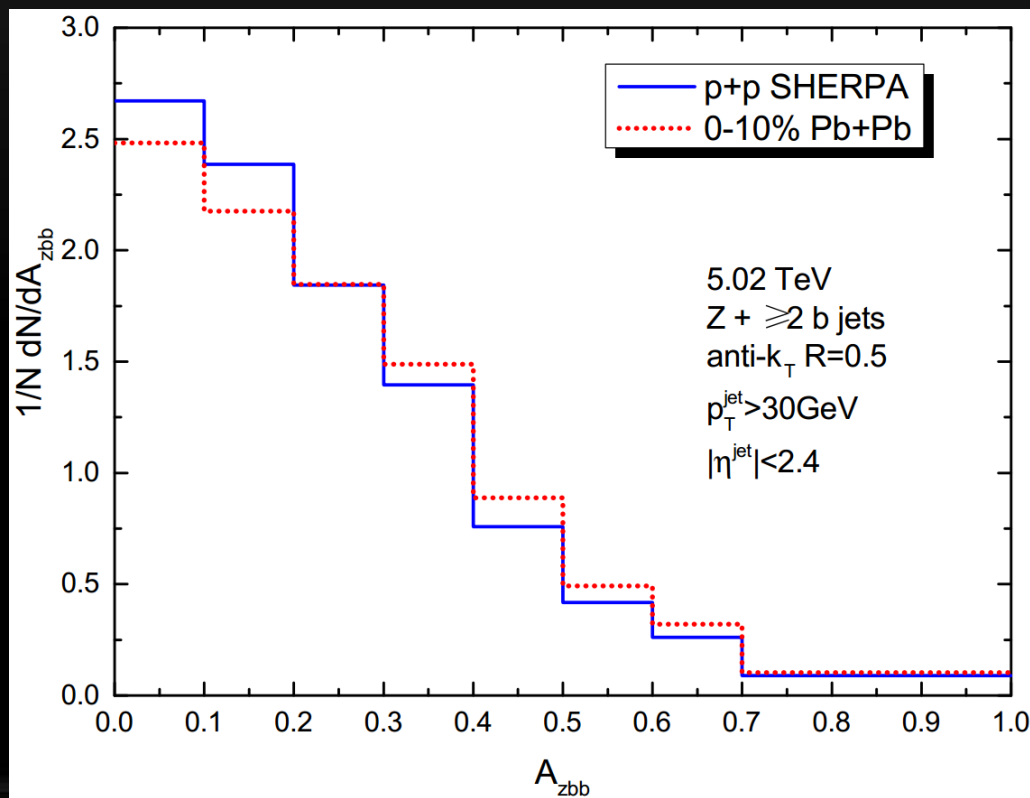
$$\Delta\phi_{zb} = |\phi_Z - \phi_{bjet}|$$

# Z tagged b-jet production (II)

- B-jet production in association with Z boson in HIC could be calculated in the same formalism (NLO+PS+Eloss)

$$\Delta R_{zb} = \sqrt{(\Delta\phi_{zb})^2 + (\Delta\eta_{zb})^2}$$

$$A_{Zbb} = \frac{\Delta R_{Zb}^{max} - \Delta R_{Zb}^{min}}{\Delta R_{Zb}^{max} + \Delta R_{Zb}^{min}}$$



# Transverse sphericity

- Event shape observables measure geometrical properties of the energy flow in QCD final states: transverse sphericity

$$M_{xyz} = \sum_i \begin{pmatrix} p_{xi}^2 & p_{xi}p_{yi} & p_{xi}p_{zi} \\ p_{yi}p_{xi} & p_{yi}^2 & p_{yi}p_{zi} \\ p_{zi}p_{xi} & p_{zi}p_{yi} & p_{zi}^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

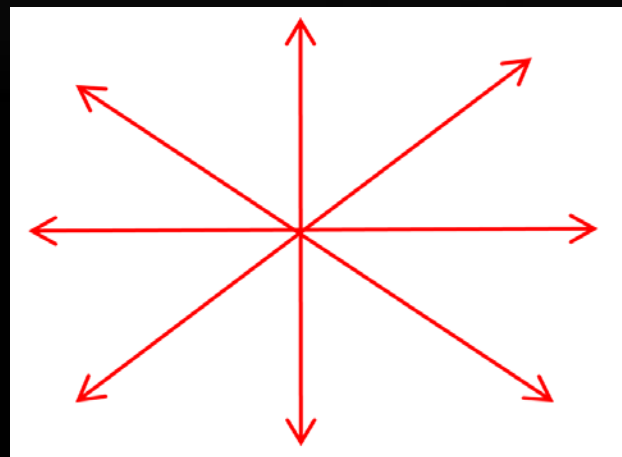
Ordering the eigenvalues

$$S_{\perp} = \frac{2\lambda_2}{\lambda_1 + \lambda_2} \quad 0 \leq S_{\perp} < 1$$

$p_{T,2}$    $p_{T,1}$



$S_{\perp}=0$  (pencil-like)

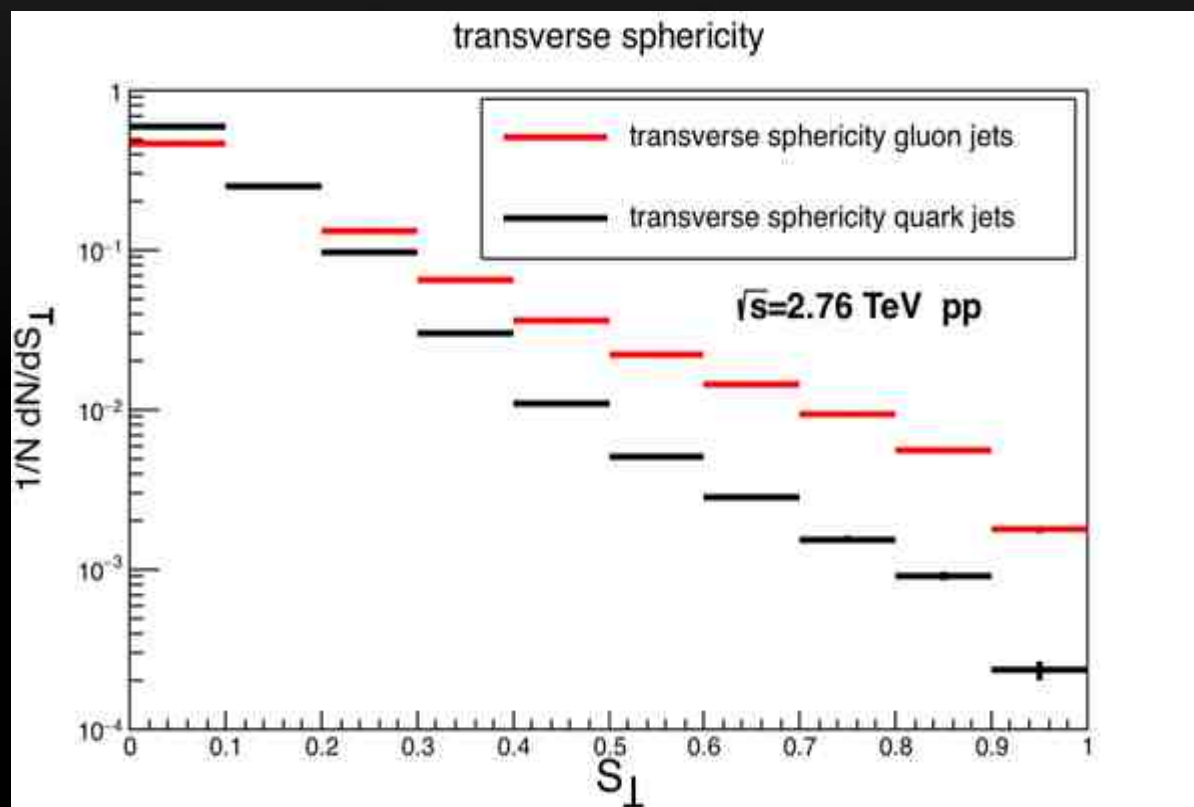


$S_{\perp}=1$  (sphere-like)

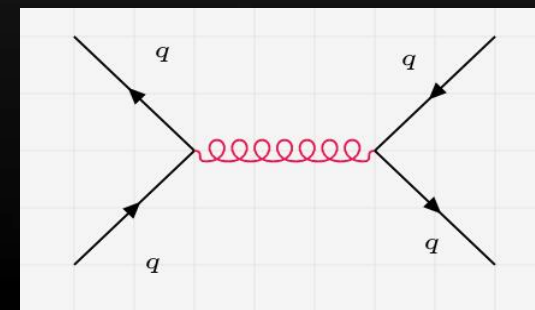


# $S_{\perp}$ : gluon VS quark

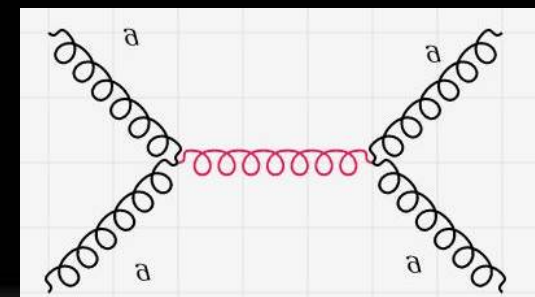
- Events with gluon-initiated jets are more isotropic than that with quark-initiated jets.
- At large  $S_{\perp}$  the distribution of gluon jets are larger.



quark jets

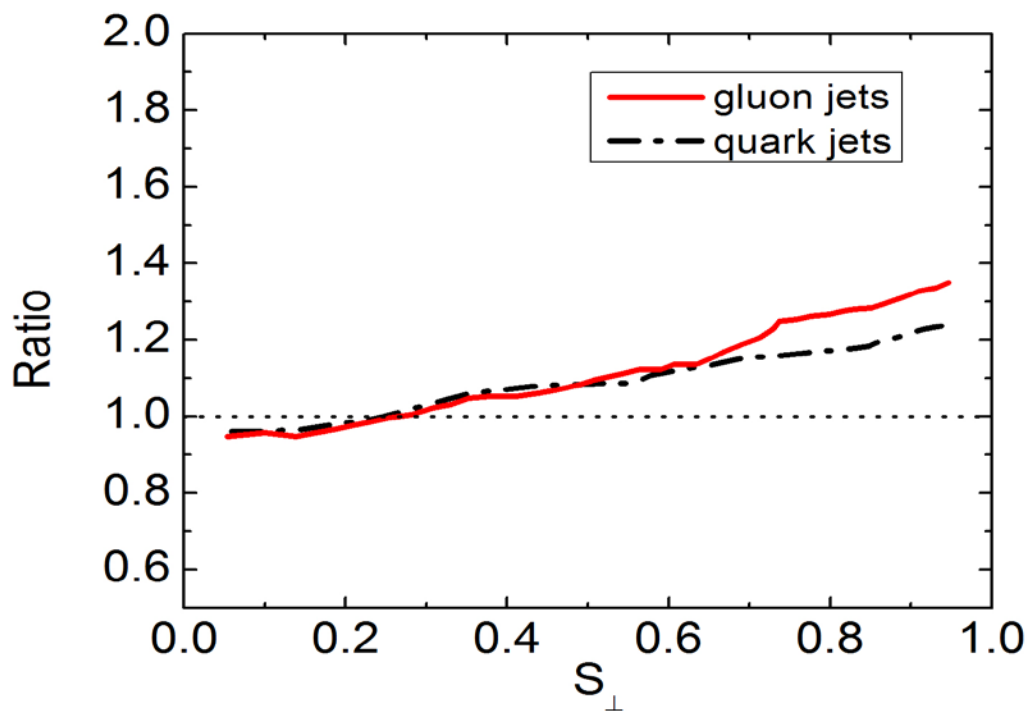


gluon jets



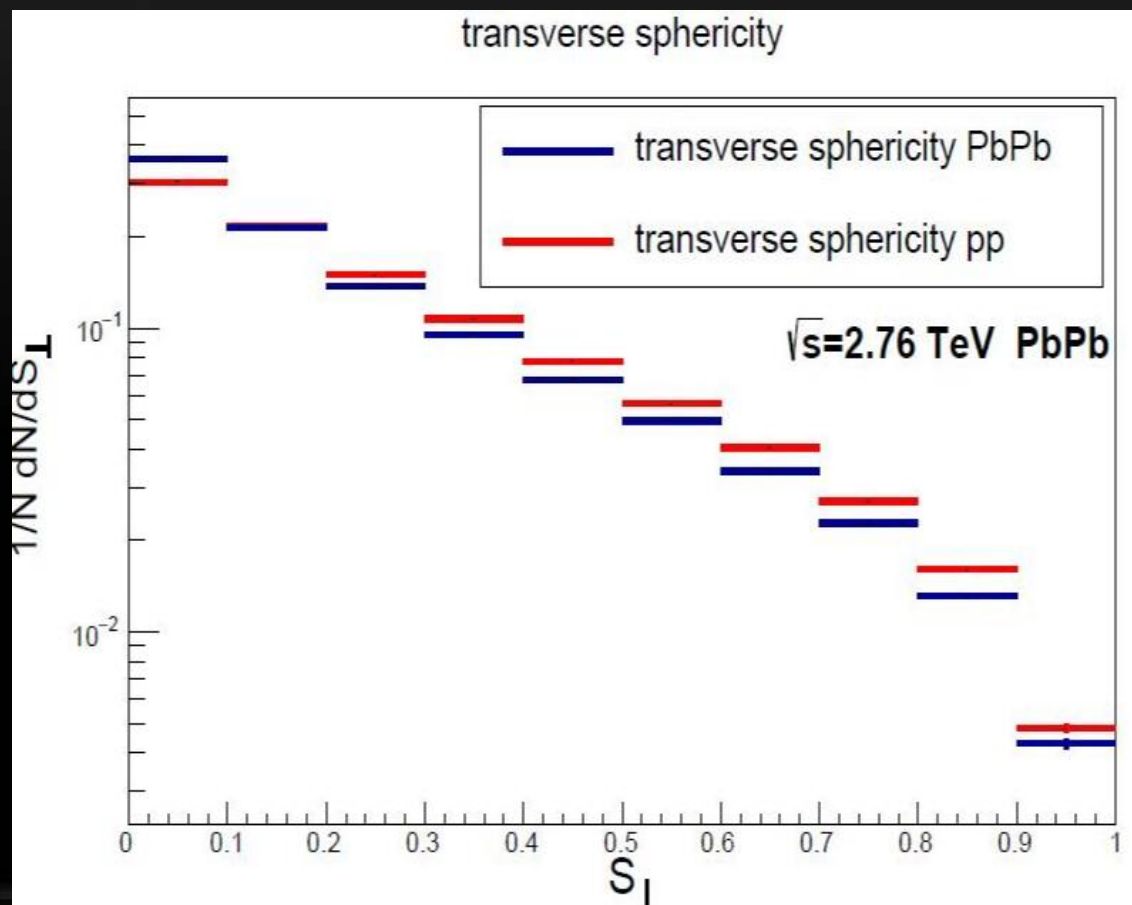
# Energy loss effect

- Energy loss effect will make the event more isotropic, i.e. enhancement.
- The fact that gluon will lose more energy than quark leads to a suppression of the distribution at large  $S_{\perp}$  relative to p+p.



# Transverse sphericity in HIC(I)

- Transverse sphericity in HIC is computed with NLO+PS+Eloss.
- A suppression is observed in large  $S_{\perp}$ , and enhancement in small  $S_{\perp}$ .



$110 < p_{T,1} < 170 \text{ GeV}$   
 $p_{T,2} > 30 \text{ GeV} \quad p_{T,n} > 20 \text{ GeV}$   
 $|\eta_n| < 2.4 \quad \text{anti-K}_T : R = 0.4$

# Summary

- A systematic study of identified mesons at NLO in HIC has been made.
- A framework of combining NLO+PS for initial hard production with parton energy loss in the QGP has been developed.
- Our calculations provide nice descriptions of experimental data on Z+jet and double b-jet.
- Predictions on several novel jet observables are provided to study flavor dependence of Energy loss.

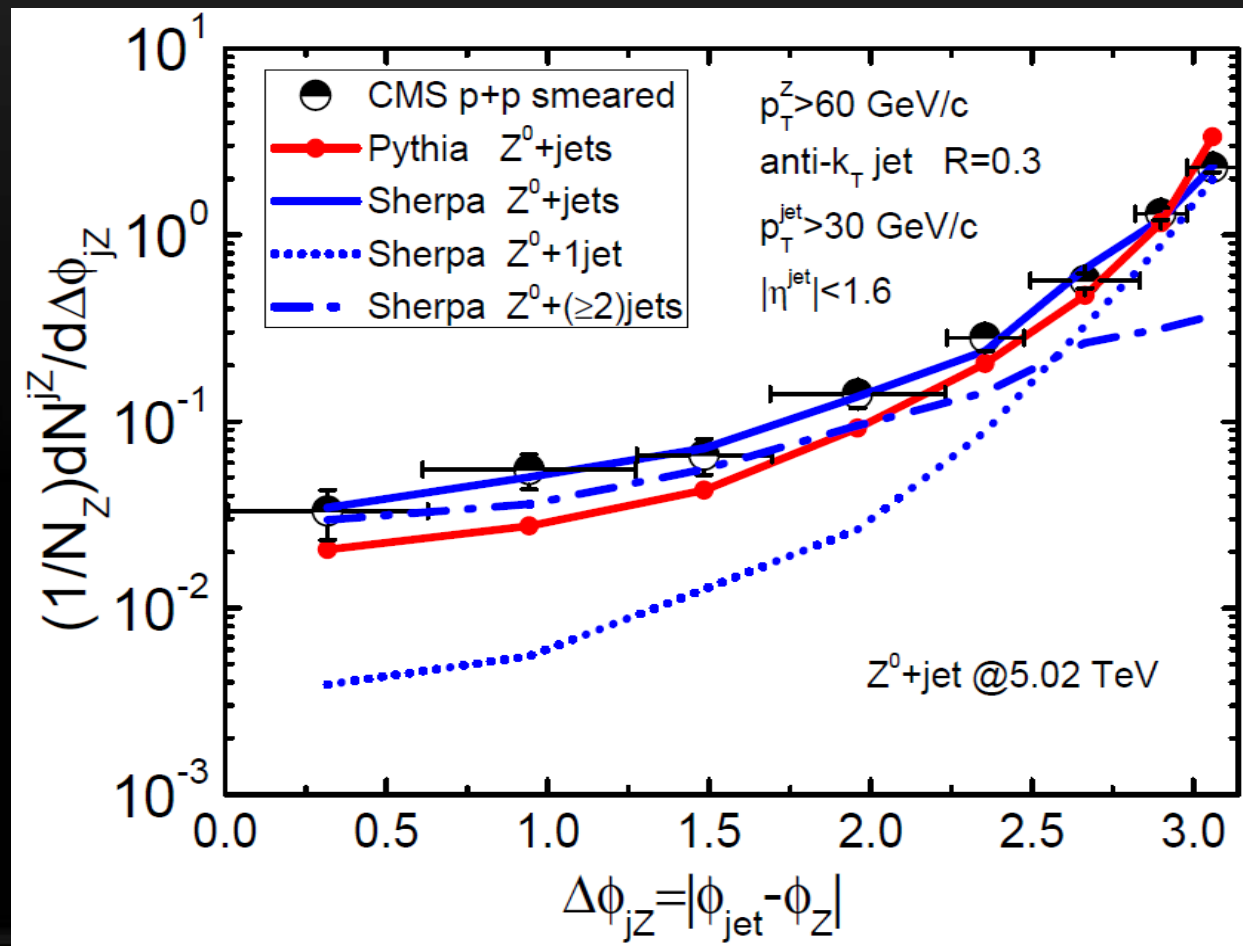
# Backup





# Z+jet in p+p: NLO+PS

- Results with NLO+PS by Sherpa give good descriptions on angular correlation and momentum imbalance of in p+p



# Linear Boltzmann Transport Model

- Elastic scattering:

$$\begin{aligned}
 p_1 \cdot \partial f_1(p_1) &= - \int dp_2 dp_3 dp_4 (f_1 f_2 - f_3 f_4) |M_{12 \rightarrow 34}|^2 \\
 &\quad \times (2\pi)^4 \delta^4(P_1 + P_2 - P_3 - P_4) \\
 dp_i &\equiv \frac{d^3 p_i}{2E_i (2\pi)^3}, \quad |M_{12 \rightarrow 34}|^2 = C g^2 (s^2 + u^2) / (t + \underline{\mu}^2)^2 \\
 f_i &= 1 / (e_i^{p \cdot u / T} \pm 1) \quad (i = 2, 4), \quad f_i = (2\pi)^3 \delta^3(\vec{p} - \vec{p}_i) \delta^3(\vec{x} - \vec{x}_i) \quad (i = 1, 3)
 \end{aligned}$$

X N Wang, Y Zhu, PRL(2013); He, Luo, Wang, Zhu, PRC (2015)

- Inelastic scattering by the higher twist approach:

$$\frac{dN_g}{dx dk_{\perp}^2 dt} = \frac{6\alpha_s C_A P(x) \hat{q}}{\pi k_{\perp}^4} \left( \frac{k_{\perp}^2}{k_{\perp}^2 + x^2 M^2} \right)^2 \sin^2 \left( \frac{t - t_i}{2\tau_f} \right)$$

Guo, X N Wang, PRL(2002); BWZ, X Wang, NPA(2003);

BWZ, E Wang, X N Wang, PRL (2004); Majumder, PRD(2012)

# Inclusive jet and b-jet in HIC

