

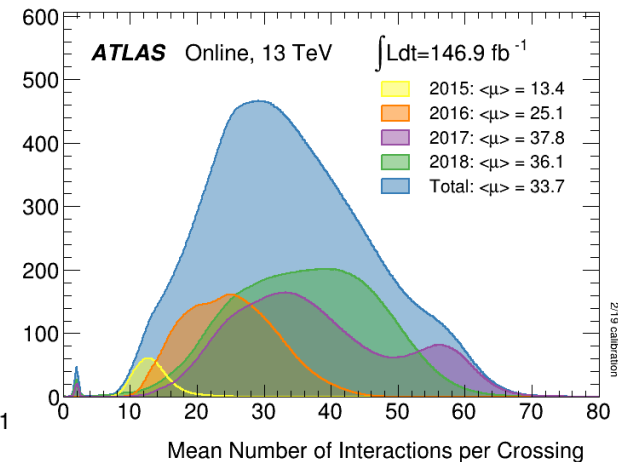
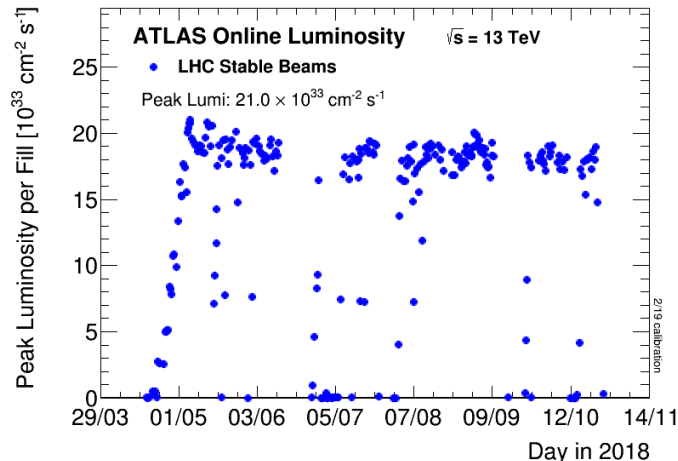
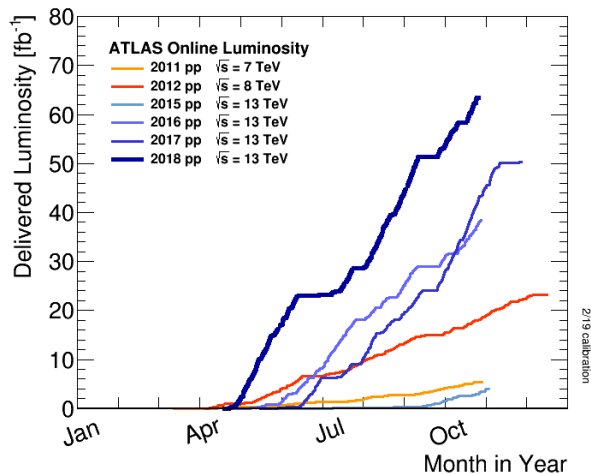
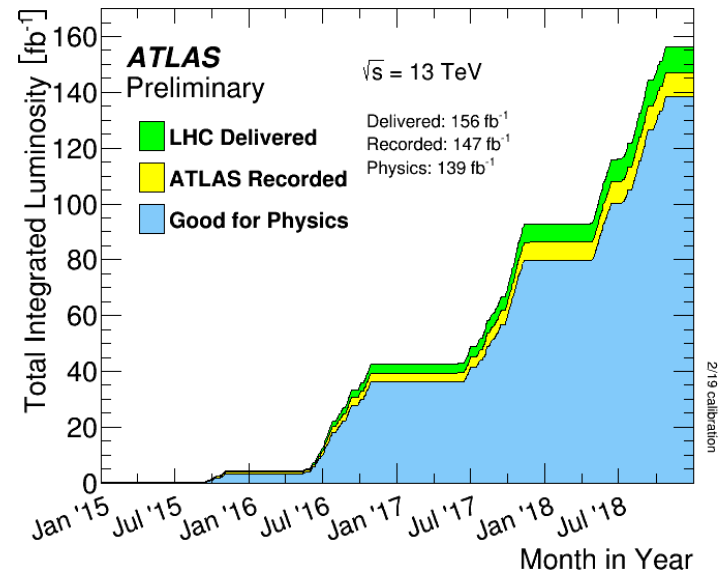
Searches at ATLAS and CMS

Jun Guo
Shanghai Jiao Tong University

Mini-workshop on the frontier of LHC
Chongqing, China, 05/19/2019

Overview

- ATLAS & CMS have kept probing new physics in Run2. However, **no discovery yet!**
- Excellent data taking efficiency (close to 100% for ATLAS); **$\sim 140 \text{ fb}^{-1}$** data is available for physics in both experiments
- Nice running of the LHC, and more challenge with higher average interactions per BC due to increasing instant luminosity



ATLAS Exotics Searches* - 95% CL Upper Exclusion Limits

Status: March 2019

ATLAS Preliminary

$$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (3.2 - 139) \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 8, 13 \text{ TeV}$$

	Model	ℓ, γ	Jets†	E_T^{miss}	$\int \mathcal{L} dt [\text{fb}^{-1}]$	Limit	Reference
Extra dimensions	ADD $G_{KK} + g/q$	$0 e, \mu$	1–4 j	Yes	36.1	M_D 7.7 TeV	$n = 2$ 1711.03301
	ADD non-resonant $\gamma\gamma$	2γ	–	–	36.7	M_S 8.6 TeV	$n = 3$ HLZ NLO 1707.04147
	ADD QBH	–	2 j	–	37.0	M_{th} 8.9 TeV	$n = 6$ 1703.09127
	ADD BH high Σp_T	$\geq 1 e, \mu$	$\geq 2 j$	–	3.2	M_{th} 8.2 TeV	$n = 6, M_D = 3 \text{ TeV}$, rot BH 1606.02265
	ADD BH multijet	–	$\geq 3 j$	–	3.6	M_{th} 9.55 TeV	$n = 6, M_D = 3 \text{ TeV}$, rot BH 1512.02586
	RS1 $G_{KK} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	2γ	–	–	36.7	G_{KK} mass 4.1 TeV	$k/\bar{M}_{Pl} = 0.1$ 1707.04147
	Bulk RS $G_{KK} \rightarrow WW/ZZ$	multi-channel	–	–	36.1	G_{KK} mass 2.3 TeV	$k/\bar{M}_{Pl} = 1.0$ 1808.02380
	Bulk RS $G_{KK} \rightarrow WW/ZZ \rightarrow qqqq$	$0 e, \mu$	2 J	–	139	G_{KK} mass 2.8 TeV	$k/\bar{M}_{Pl} = 1.0$ ATLAS-CONF-2019-003
	Bulk RS $G_{KK} \rightarrow tt$	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 1 J/2j$	Yes	36.1	G_{KK} mass 3.8 TeV	$\Gamma/m = 15\%$ 1804.10823
	2UED / RPP	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 2 b, \geq 3 j$	Yes	36.1	KK mass 1.8 TeV	Tier (1,1), $\mathcal{B}(A^{(1,1)} \rightarrow tt) = 1$ 1803.09678
Gauge bosons	SSM $Z' \rightarrow \ell\ell$	$2 e, \mu$	–	–	139	Z' mass 5.1 TeV	$\Gamma/m = 1\%$ 1903.06248
	SSM $Z' \rightarrow \tau\tau$	2τ	–	–	36.1	Z' mass 2.42 TeV	1709.07242
	Leptophobic $Z' \rightarrow bb$	–	2 b	–	36.1	Z' mass 2.1 TeV	1805.09299
	Leptophobic $Z' \rightarrow tt$	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 1 J/2j$	Yes	36.1	Z' mass 3.0 TeV	1804.10823
	SSM $W' \rightarrow \ell\nu$	$1 e, \nu$	–	Yes	79.8	W' mass 5.6 TeV	ATLAS-CONF-2018-017
	SSM $W' \rightarrow \tau\nu$	1τ	–	Yes	36.1	W' mass 3.7 TeV	1801.06992
	HVT $V' \rightarrow WW \rightarrow qqqq$ model B	$0 e, \mu$	2 J	–	139	V' mass 4.4 TeV	ATLAS-CONF-2019-003
	HVT $V' \rightarrow WH/ZH$ model B	multi-channel	–	–	36.1	V' mass 2.93 TeV	1712.06518
	LRSW $W'_R \rightarrow tb$	multi-channel	–	–	36.1	W' mass 3.25 TeV	1807.10473
CI	CI $qqqq$	–	2 j	–	37.0	Λ 21.8 TeV η_{LL}^-	1703.09127
	CI $\ell\ell qq$	$2 e, \mu$	–	–	36.1	Λ 40.0 TeV η_{LL}^-	1707.02424
	CI $tttt$	$\geq 1 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 1 j$	Yes	36.1	Λ 2.57 TeV $ C_4 = 4\pi$	1811.02305
DM	Axial-vector mediator (Dirac DM)	$0 e, \mu$	1–4 j	Yes	36.1	m_{med} 1.55 TeV	$g_a=0.25, g_s=1.0, m(\chi) = 1 \text{ GeV}$ 1711.03301
	Colored scalar mediator (Dirac DM)	$0 e, \mu$	1–4 j	Yes	36.1	m_{med} 1.67 TeV	$g=1.0, m(\chi) = 1 \text{ GeV}$ 1711.03301
	$VV\chi\chi$ EFT (Dirac DM)	$0 e, \mu$	$1 J, \leq 1 j$	Yes	3.2	M_* 700 GeV	$m(\chi) < 150 \text{ GeV}$ 1608.02372
	Scalar reson. $\phi \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ (Dirac DM)	$0-1 e, \mu$	$1 b, 0-1 J$	Yes	36.1	m_ϕ 3.4 TeV	$y = 0.4, \lambda = 0.2, m(\chi) = 10 \text{ GeV}$ 1812.09743
LQ	Scalar LQ 1 st gen	$1, 2 e$	$\geq 2 j$	Yes	36.1	LQ mass 1.4 TeV	$\beta = 1$ 1902.00377
	Scalar LQ 2 nd gen	$1, 2 \mu$	$\geq 2 j$	Yes	36.1	LQ mass 1.56 TeV	$\beta = 1$ 1902.00377
	Scalar LQ 3 rd gen	2τ	2 b	–	36.1	LQ_3^0 mass 1.03 TeV	$\mathcal{B}(LQ_3^0 \rightarrow b\tau) = 1$ 1902.08103
	Scalar LQ 3 rd gen	$0-1 e, \mu$	2 b	Yes	36.1	LQ_3^0 mass 970 GeV	$\mathcal{B}(LQ_3^0 \rightarrow t\tau) = 0$ 1902.08103
Heavy quarks	VLQ $TT \rightarrow Ht/Zt/Wb + X$	multi-channel	–	–	36.1	T mass 1.37 TeV	SU(2) doublet 1808.02343
	VLQ $BB \rightarrow Wt/Zb + X$	multi-channel	–	–	36.1	B mass 1.34 TeV	SU(2) doublet 1808.02343
	VLQ $T_{5/3} T_{5/3} \rightarrow Wt + X$	$2(SS)/\geq 3 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 1 j$	Yes	36.1	$T_{5/3}$ mass 1.64 TeV	$\mathcal{B}(T_{5/3} \rightarrow Wt) = 1, c(T_{5/3} Wt) = 1$ 1807.11883
	VLQ $Y \rightarrow Wb + X$	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 1 j$	Yes	36.1	Y mass 1.85 TeV	$\mathcal{B}(Y \rightarrow Wb) = 1, c_R(Wb) = 1$ 1812.07343
	VLQ $B \rightarrow Hb + X$	$0 e, \mu, 2 \gamma$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 1 j$	Yes	79.8	B mass 1.21 TeV	$\kappa_B = 0.5$ ATLAS-CONF-2018-024
	VLQ $QQ \rightarrow WqWq$	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 4 j$	Yes	20.3	Q mass 690 GeV	1509.04261
Excited fermions	Excited quark $q^* \rightarrow qg$	–	2 j	–	139	q^* mass 6.7 TeV	only u^* and d^* , $\Lambda = m(q^*)$ ATLAS-CONF-2019-007
	Excited quark $q^* \rightarrow q\gamma$	1γ	1 j	–	36.7	q^* mass 5.3 TeV	only u^* and d^* , $\Lambda = m(q^*)$ 1709.10440
	Excited quark $b^* \rightarrow bg$	–	1 b, 1 j	–	36.1	b^* mass 2.6 TeV	1805.09299
	Excited lepton ℓ^*	$3 e, \mu$	–	–	20.3	ℓ^* mass 3.0 TeV	$\Lambda = 3.0 \text{ TeV}$ 1411.2921
	Excited lepton ν^*	$3 e, \mu, \tau$	–	–	20.3	ν^* mass 1.6 TeV	$\Lambda = 1.6 \text{ TeV}$ 1411.2921
Other	Type III Seesaw	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 2 j$	Yes	79.8	N^0 mass 560 GeV	$m(W_R) = 4.1 \text{ TeV}, g_L = g_R$ ATLAS-CONF-2018-020
	LRSW Majorana ν	2μ	2 j	–	36.1	N_R mass 3.2 TeV	DY production 1809.11105
	Higgs triplet $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell\ell$	$2, 3, 4 e, \mu$ (SS)	–	–	36.1	$H^{\pm\pm}$ mass 870 GeV	DY production, $\mathcal{B}(H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell\tau) = 1$ 1710.09748
	Higgs triplet $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell\tau$	$3 e, \mu, \tau$	–	–	20.3	$H^{\pm\pm}$ mass 400 GeV	DY production, $ q = 5e$ 1411.2921
	Multi-charged particles	–	–	–	36.1	multi-charged particle mass 1.22 TeV	DY production, $ g = 1g_D$, spin 1/2 1812.03673
	Magnetic monopoles	–	–	–	7.0	monopole mass 1.34 TeV	DY production, $ g = 1g_D$, spin 1/2 1509.08059
		$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$	$\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ partial data	$\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ full data			
						10 ⁻¹ 1 10 Mass scale [TeV]	

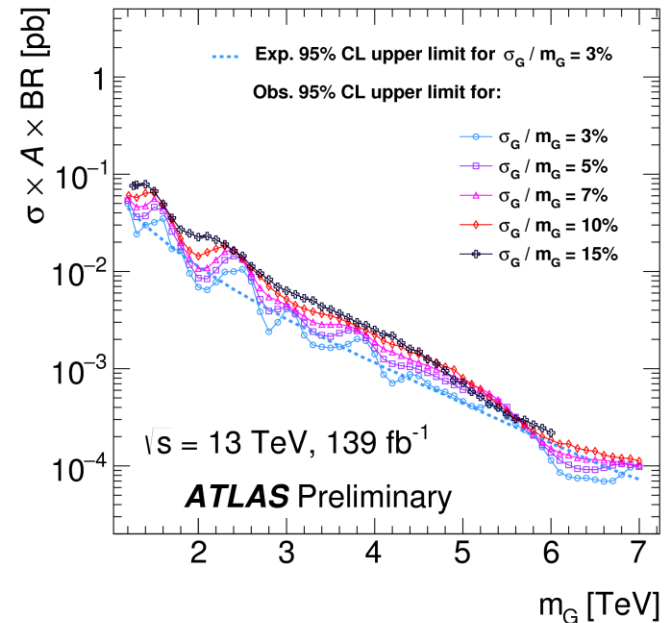
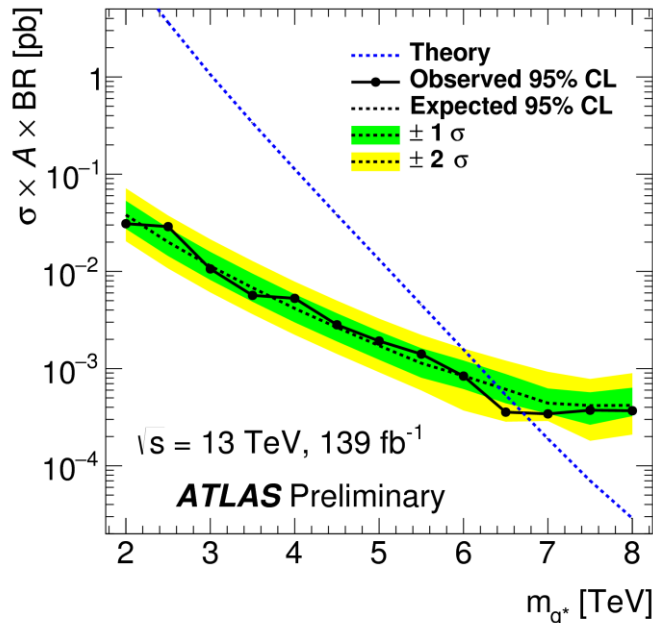
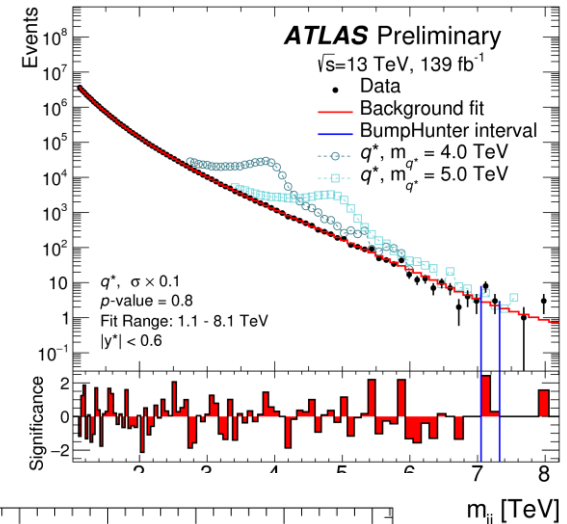
*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown.

†Small-radius (large-radius) jets are denoted by the letter j (J).

Dijet Resonances

[ATLAS-CONT-2019-007](#)

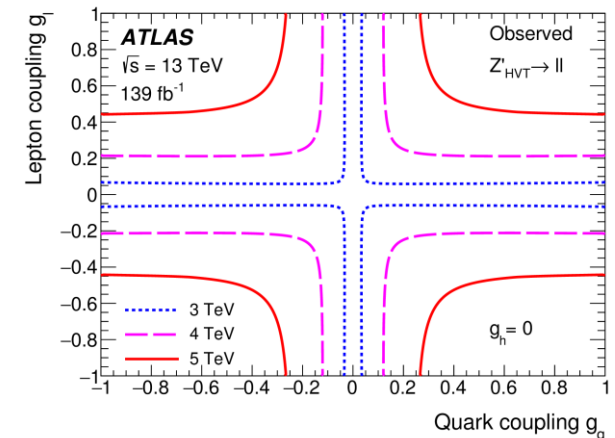
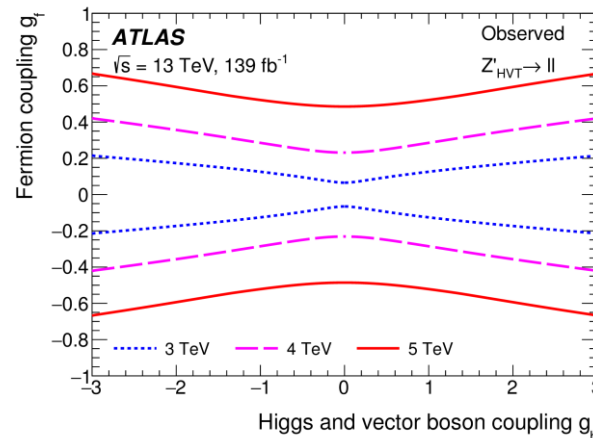
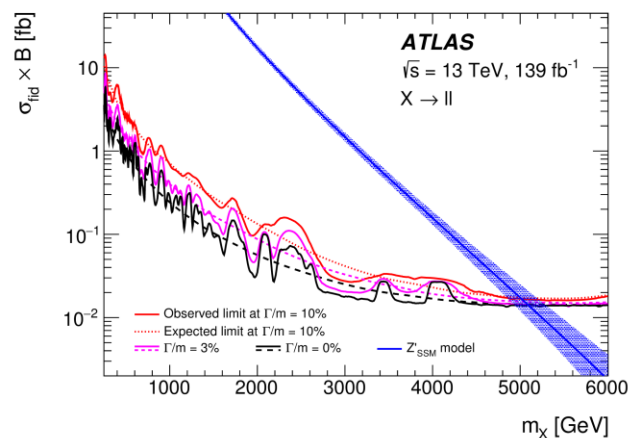
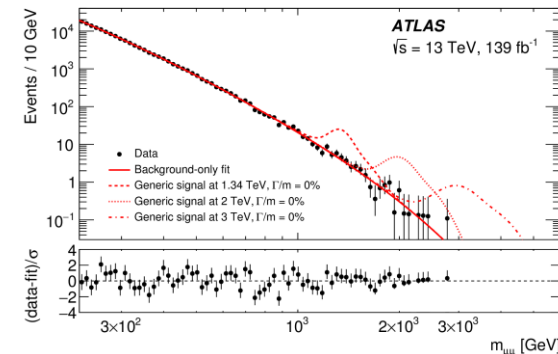
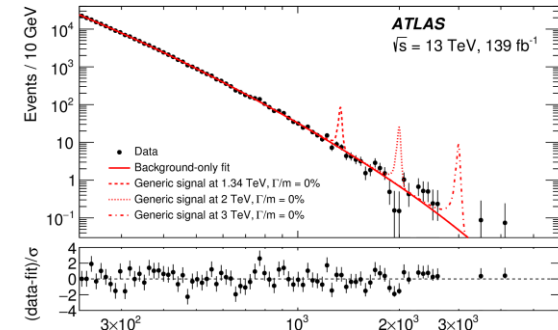
- Search for high mass resonance decaying into a pair of jets
- QCD predicts a smoothly-falling background, which is fit to data
- No excess is observed. Excited quarks(q^*) is considered for limit setting
 - Exclude q^* mass < 6.7 TeV @95% CL



Di-lepton Resonances

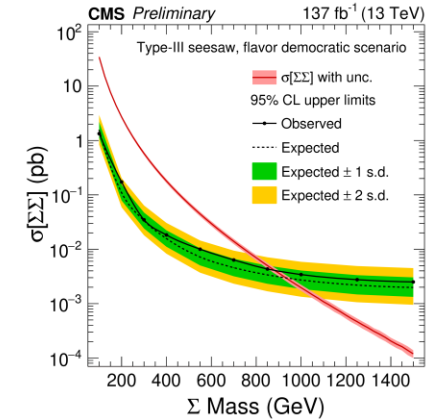
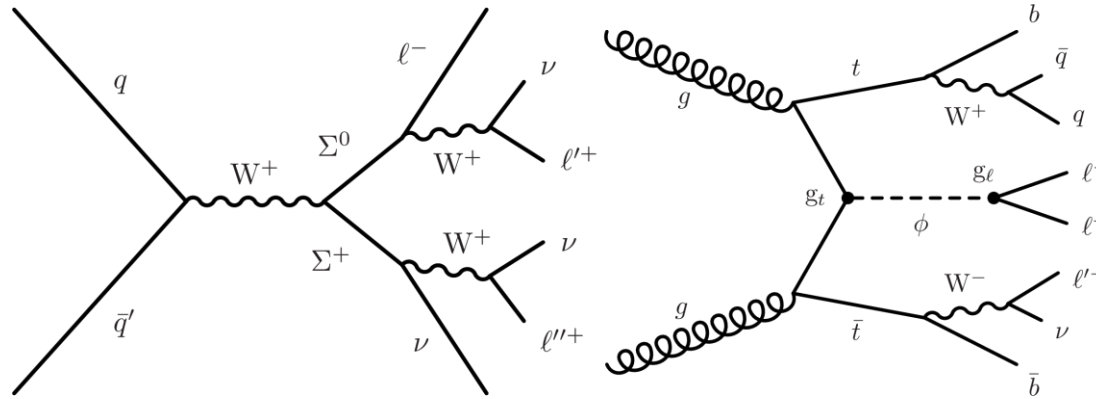
[arxiv: 1903.06248](https://arxiv.org/abs/1903.06248)

- Search for high mass resonance decaying into a pair of leptons($ee, \mu\mu$)
- Background is fitted to data using functional form
- No significant deviation from SM is observed. Exclude mass for SSM
 - ee : 4.9 TeV
 - $\mu\mu$: 4.5 TeV

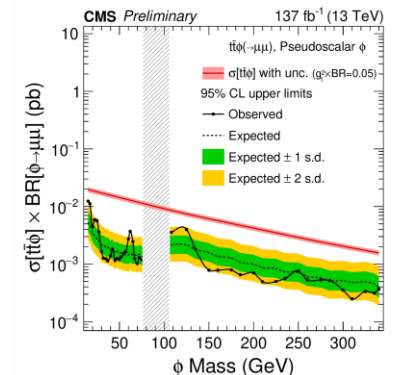
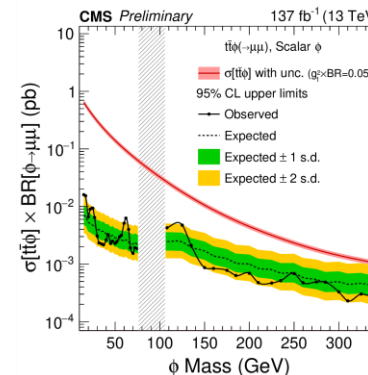
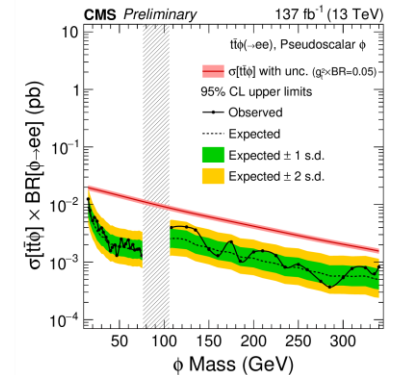
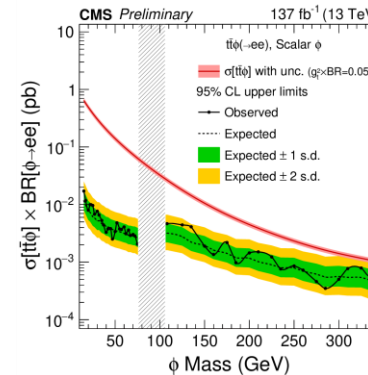


Multi-lepton final states

EXO-19-002-pas



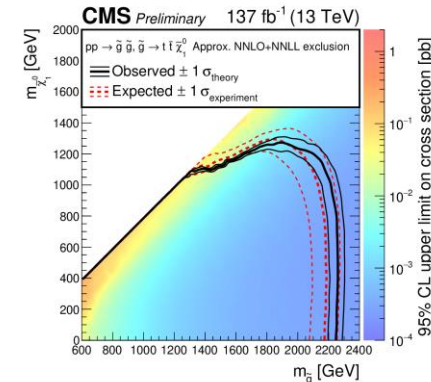
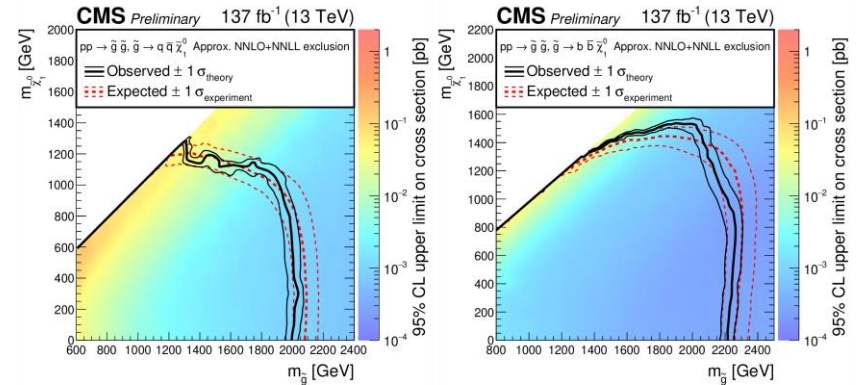
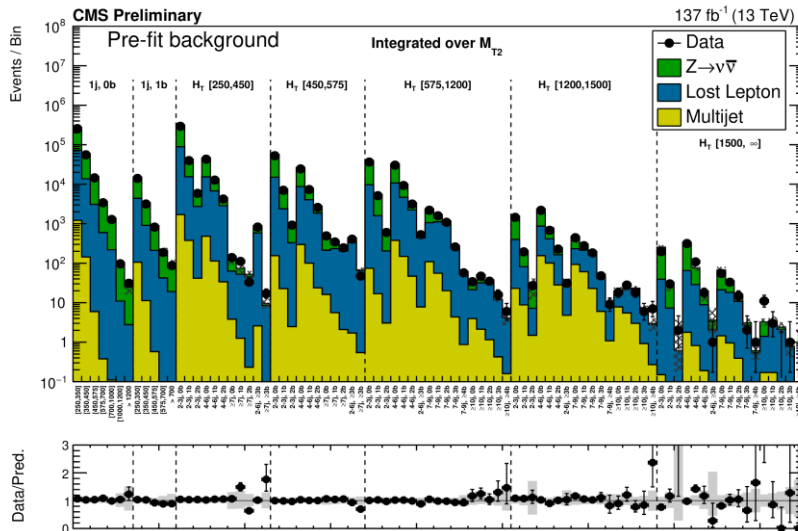
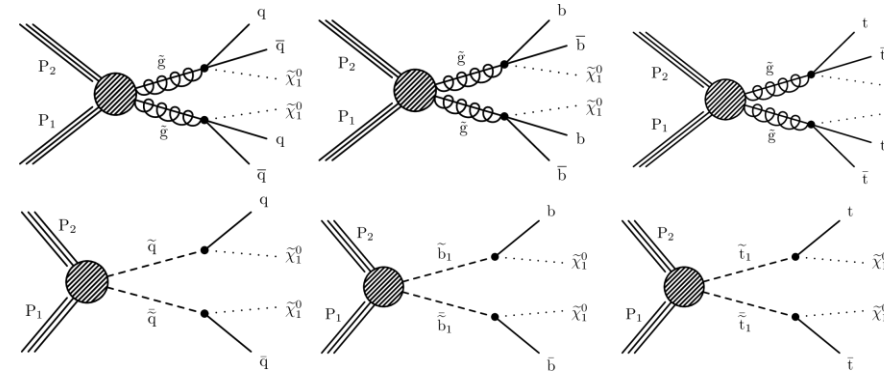
- Targeted models: type-III seesaw heavy fermions and light scalar or pseudoscalar extension to the SM
- At least 3 leptons in the final state
 - Non-resonant excess for heavy fermions
 - Resonant dilepton mass for light scalar(pseudoscalar)
- No significant excess on top of the SM:
 - Exclude heavy fermions of type-III seesaw below 880 GeV
 - First limits on light scalar(pseudoscalar), excluding mass range of 15-75 GeV and 108-340 GeV



Search for multiple jets & E_T^{miss}

[SUS-19-005-PAS](#)

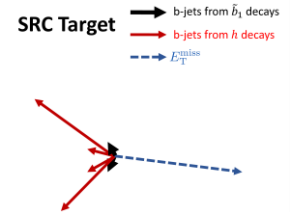
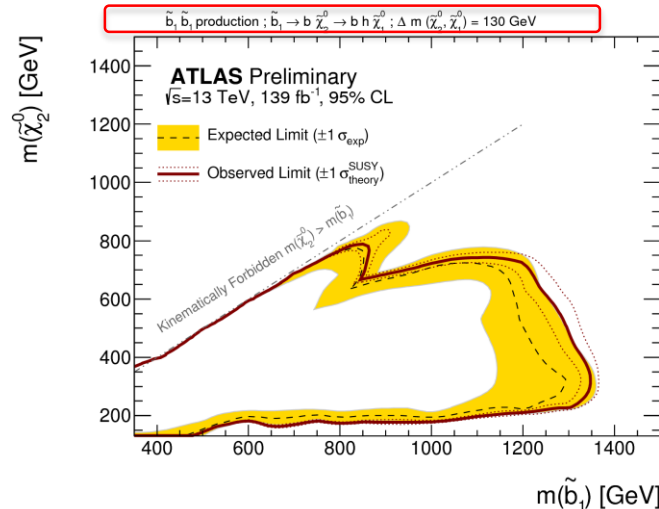
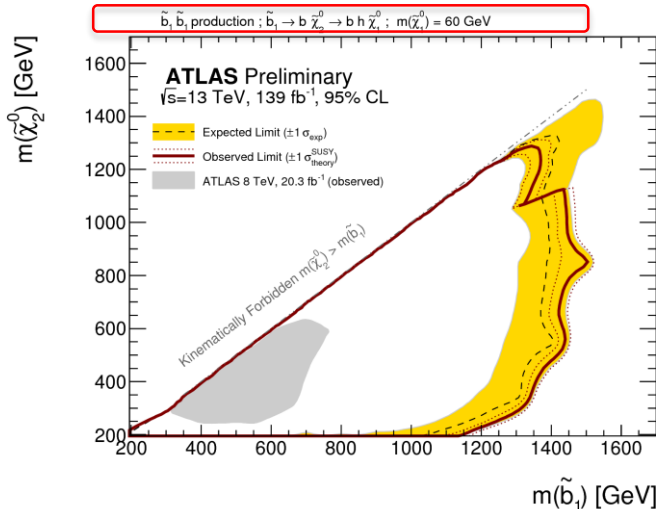
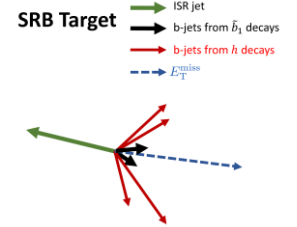
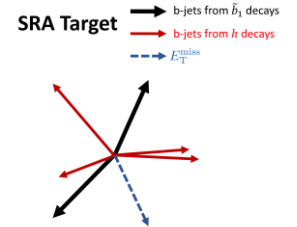
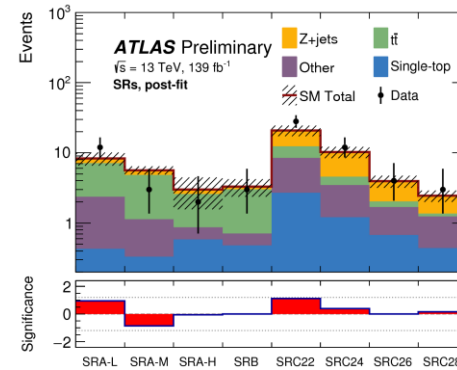
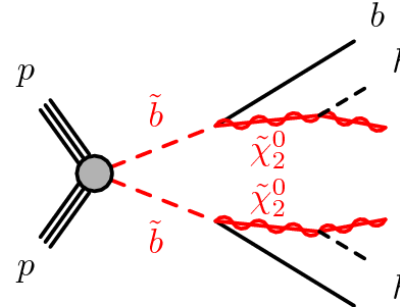
- Searches for gluinos and squarks with final states containing several jets and significant transverse momentum imbalance
- Two related searches:
 - Inclusive search using # of jets, b tagged jets, M_{T2} , ...
 - Search for disappearing tracks due to long-lived charged particles
- No excess event yield is observed
 - Exclude mass up to 2.25, 1.77, 1.26 and 1.225 TeV for gluinos, light-flavor squarks, bottom squarks and top squarks, respectively



3rd generation SUSY

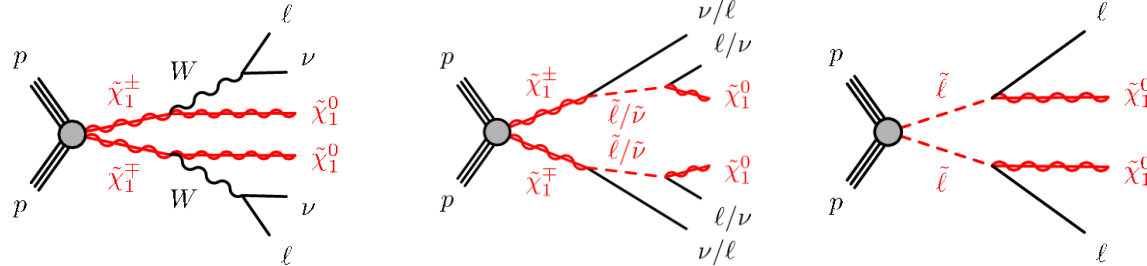
ATLAS-CONF-2019-011

- Search for pair production of sbottom quark involving Higgs bosons
- Final states contain many quarks (up to 6 b-jets), E_T^{miss} , and zero charged leptons
- Categorize 3 signal regions to target different mass scenarios
- No excess compared to the SM
 - For $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 60$ GeV, exclude sbottom up to 1.45 TeV and $m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0)$ up to 1.1 TeV
 - For $\Delta m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 130$ GeV, exclude sbottom up to 1.2 TeV for $m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0)$ up to 750 GeV

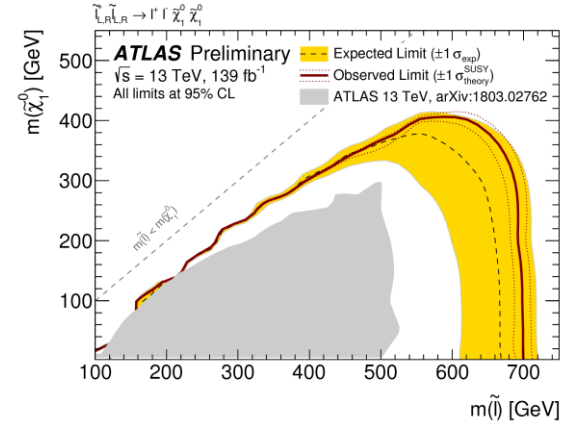
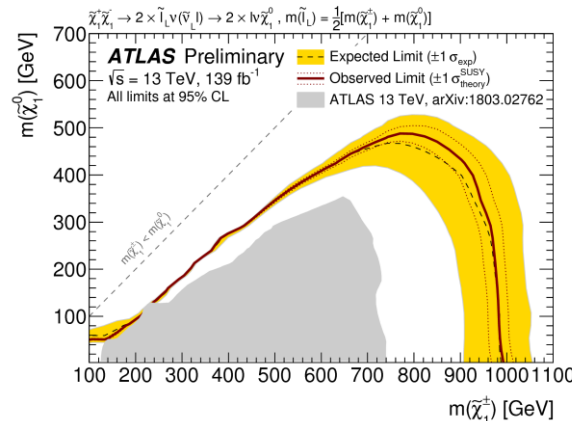
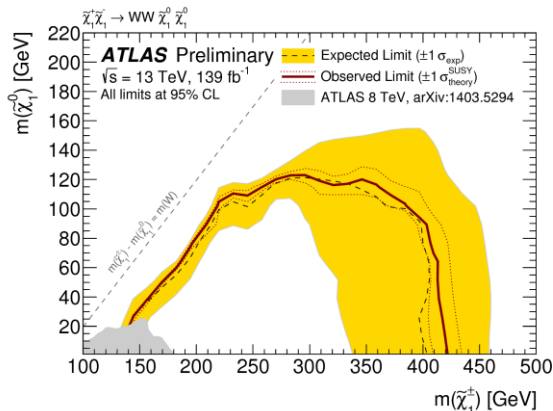
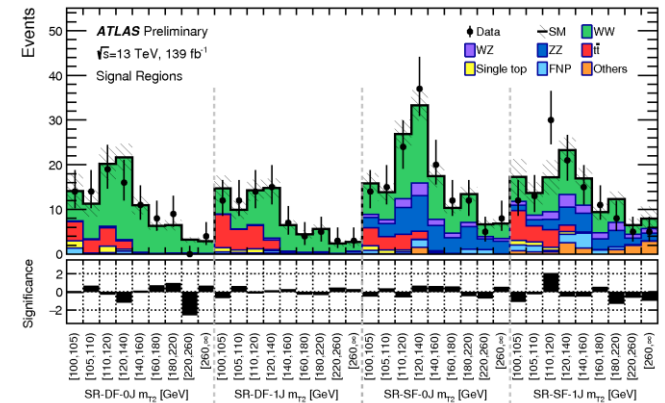


Search for EW processes

ATLAS-CONF-2019-008



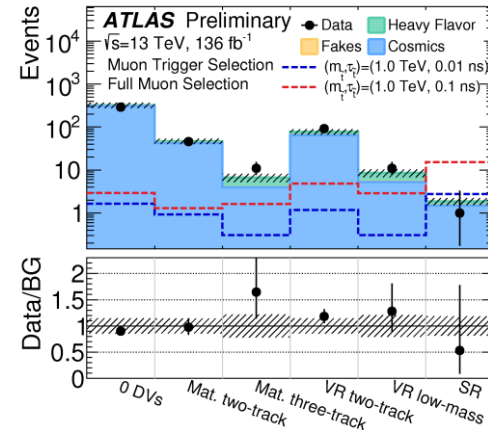
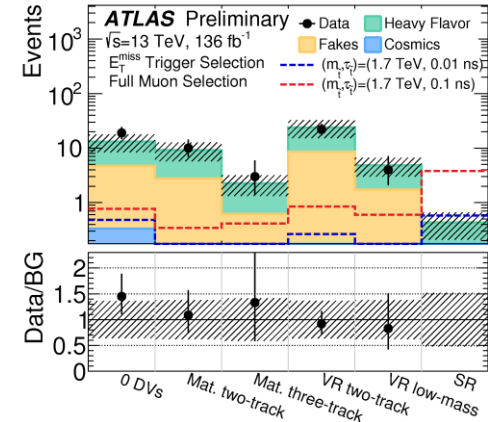
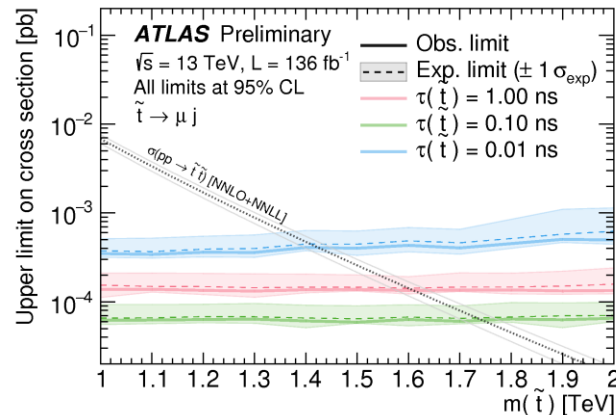
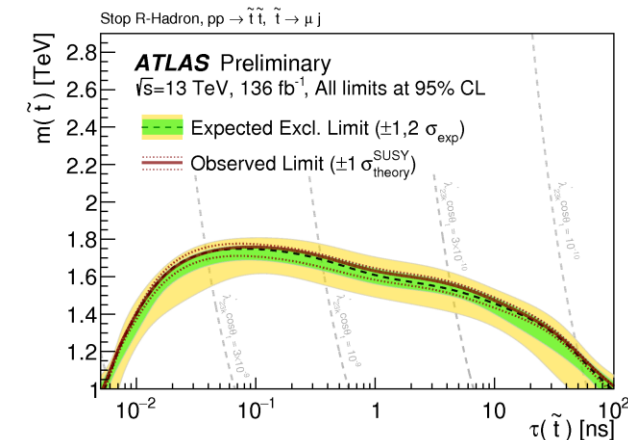
- Search for electroweak production of charginos and sleptons decaying into final states with two leptons and E_T^{miss}
- transverse mass m_{T2} is used for discrimination
- No excess is observed
 - Exclude mass $< 420, 1000, 700$ GeV when $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0$ GeV for 3 cases, respectively



Search for long-lived particles

ATLAS-CONF-2019-006

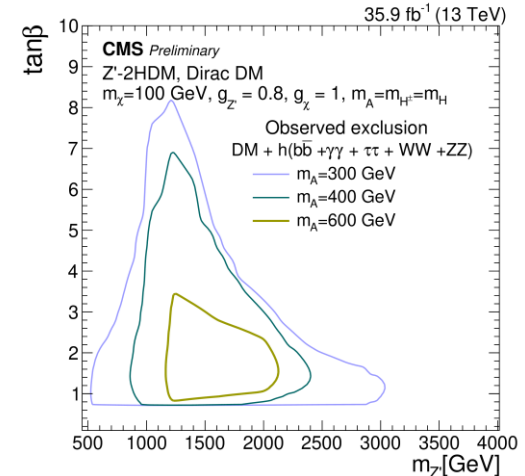
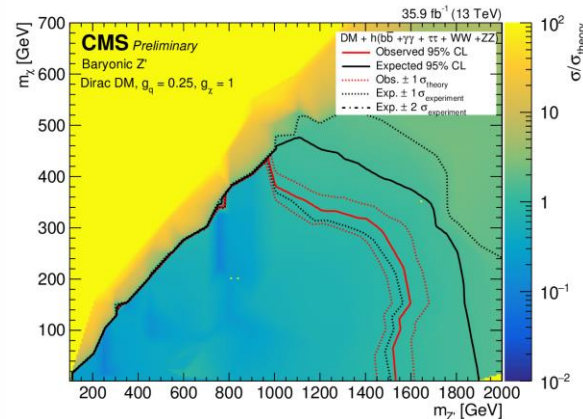
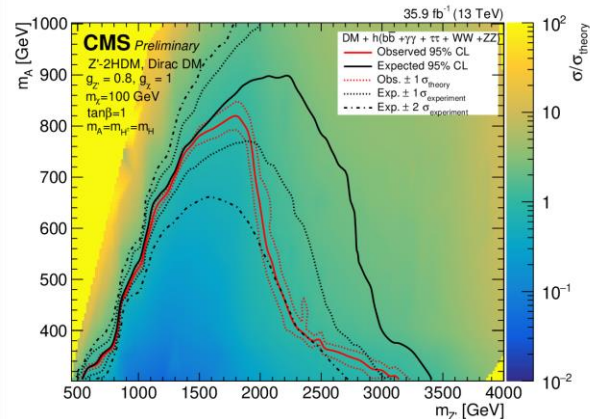
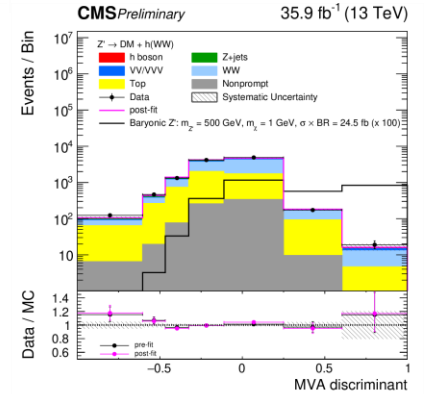
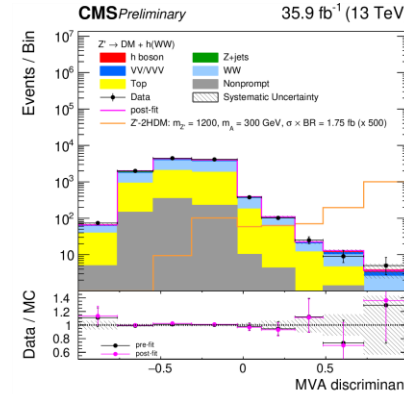
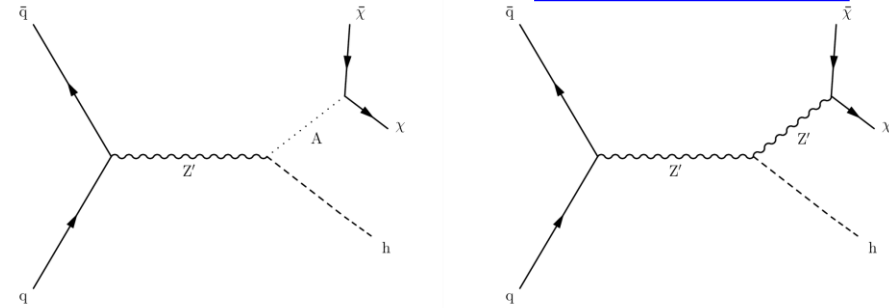
- Search for long-lived particles in RPV decaying into $\geq 1 \mu + \text{hadrons}$
- Observed events yields are compatible with the SM expectation
- Set exclusion limits for pair-production of long-lived top squarks using a small RPV coupling
 - Exclude $\text{mass} < 1.7(1.3) \text{ TeV}$ for lifetime of $0.1(0.01-30) \text{ ns}$



Dark matter associated with Higgs boson

- Search for dark matter particles using Higgs+large E_T^{miss}
- 5 Higgs decay channels are covered
 - $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}, \tau\tau, \gamma\gamma, WW, ZZ$
- No excess. Combine 5 channels to set limits for 2 benchmark simplified models
 - Z' -2HDM; Baryonic Z'

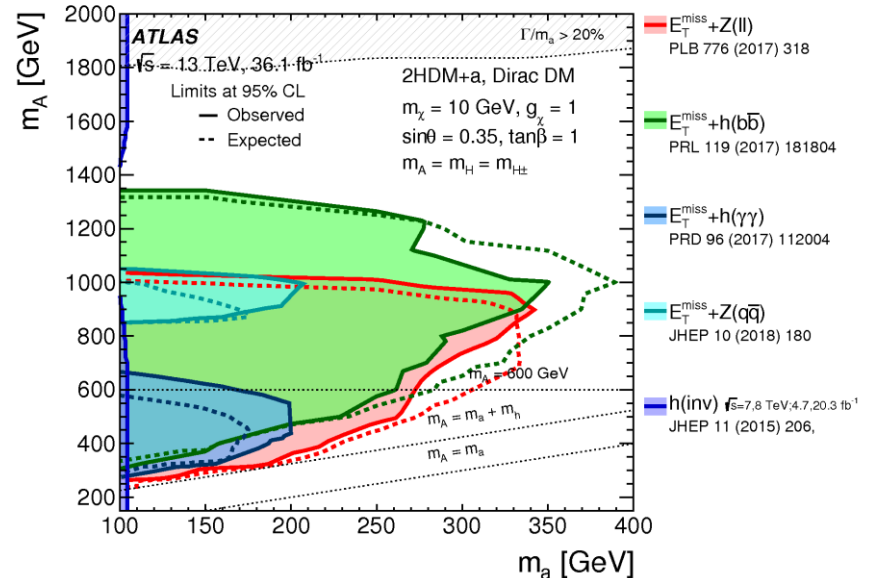
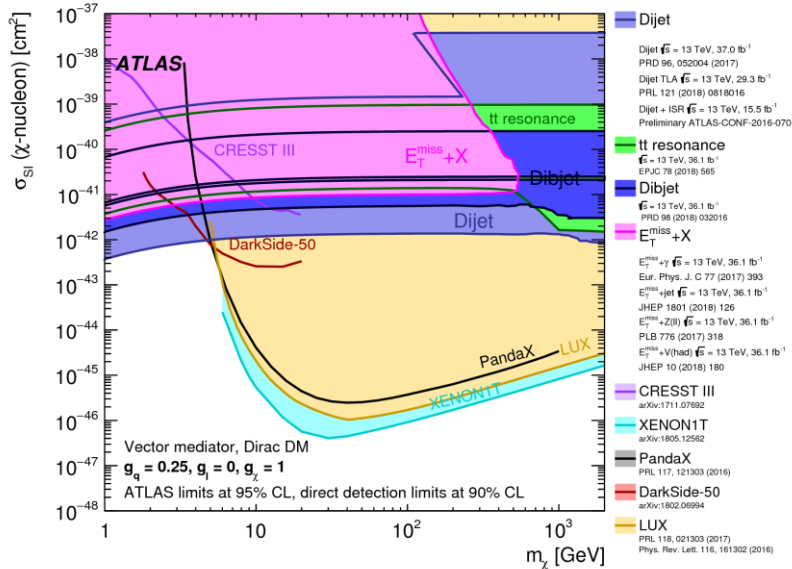
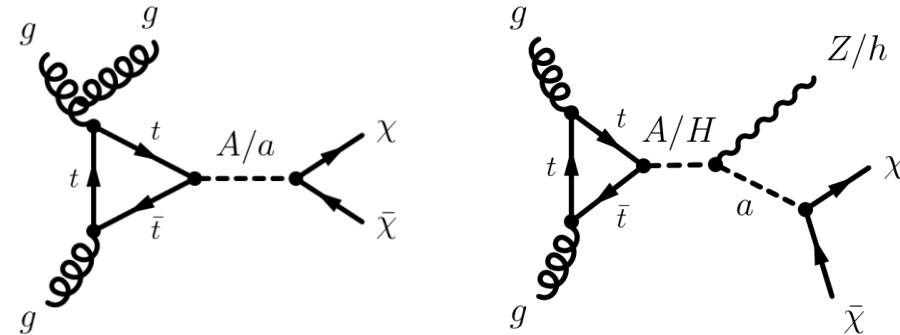
EXO-18-011-PAS



Mediator-based dark matter

- Overview of ATLAS searches for mediator-based DM
- Results of a variety of final states are interpreted in terms of different sets of models, complementary to direct searches and sensitive to low DM masses
 - Spin-1 and spin-0 single-mediator DM simplified models
 - Extended Higgs sector plus an additional vector or pseudo-scalar mediator

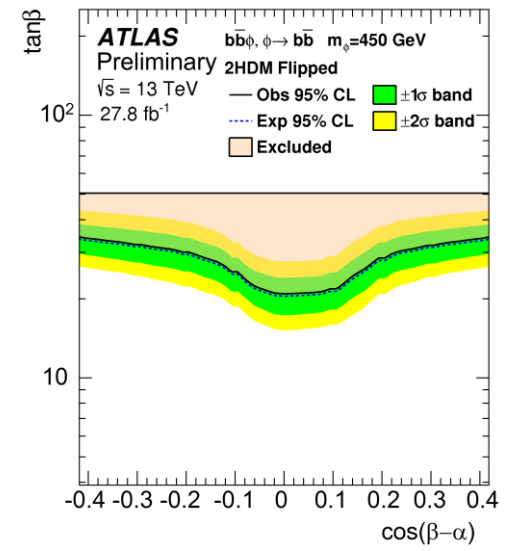
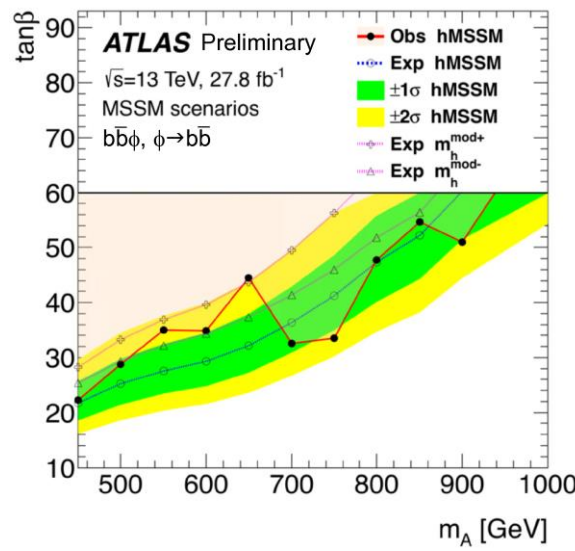
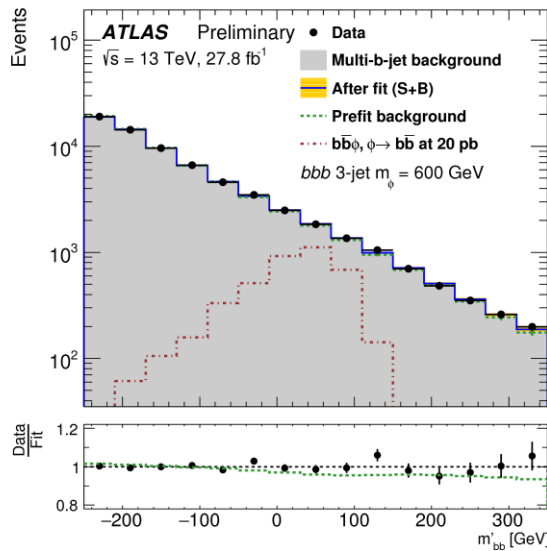
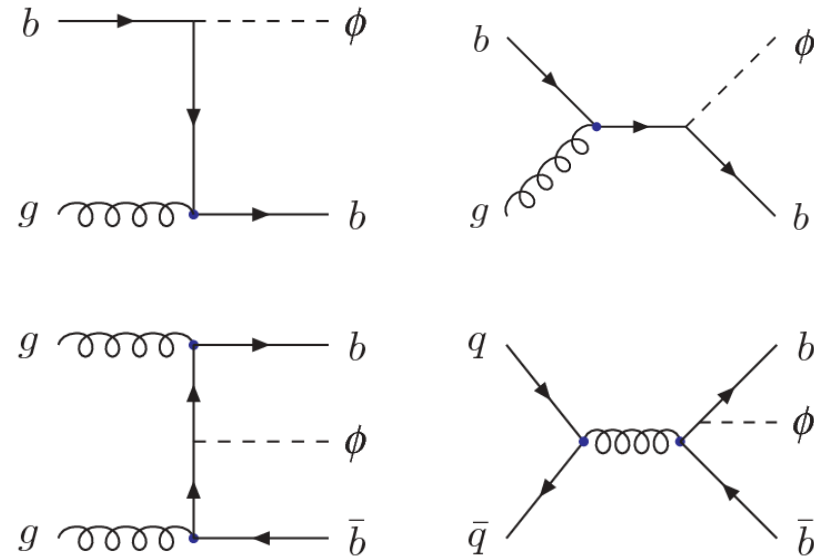
[arxiv: 1903.01400](https://arxiv.org/abs/1903.01400)



BSM Higgs (1)

[ATLAS-CONF-2019-010](#)

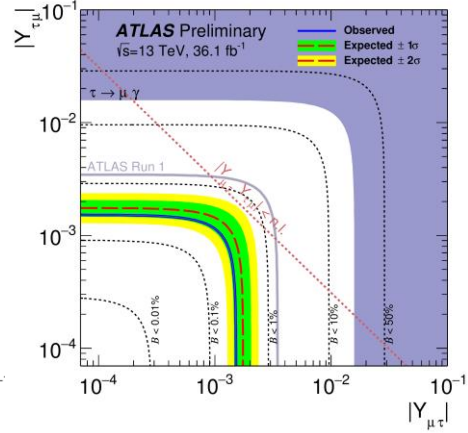
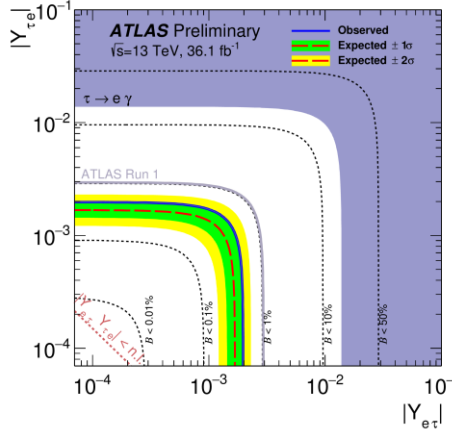
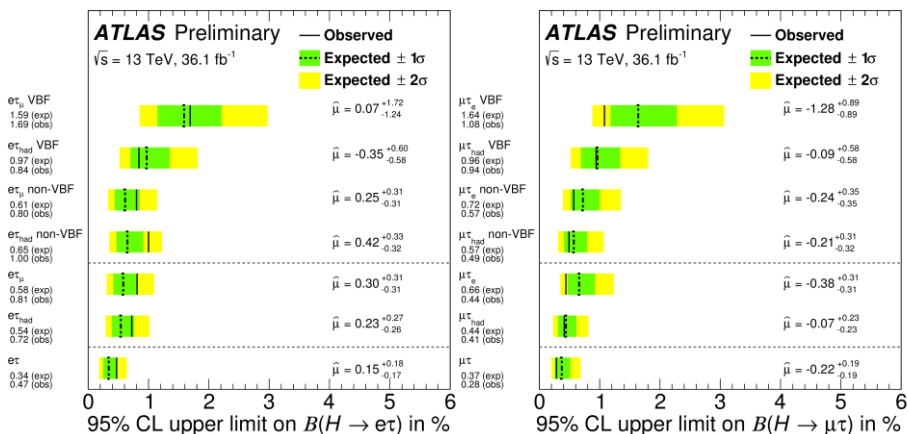
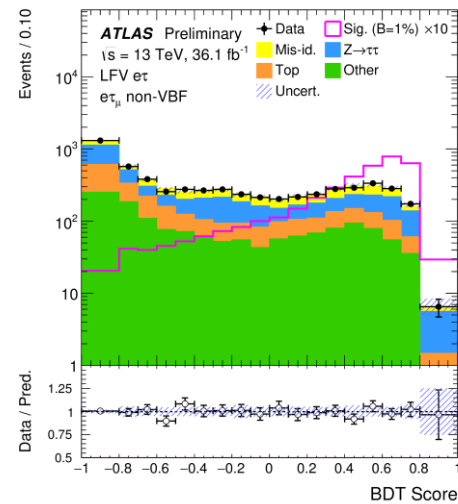
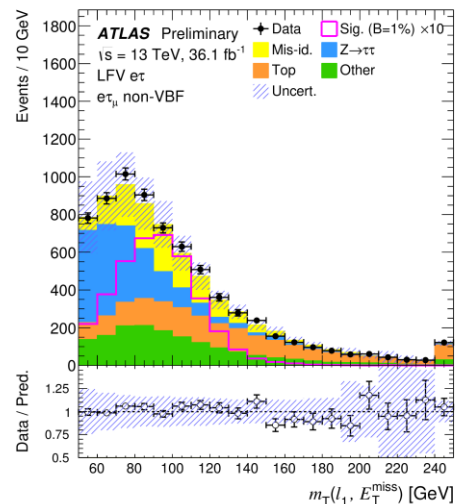
- Search for heavy neutral Higgs bosons produced in association with one or two b-quarks and decaying to b-quark pairs
- No excess is observed.
Interpret results with 2HDM and MSSM
 - Exclude mass in 450 -1400 GeV



BSM Higgs (2): LFV

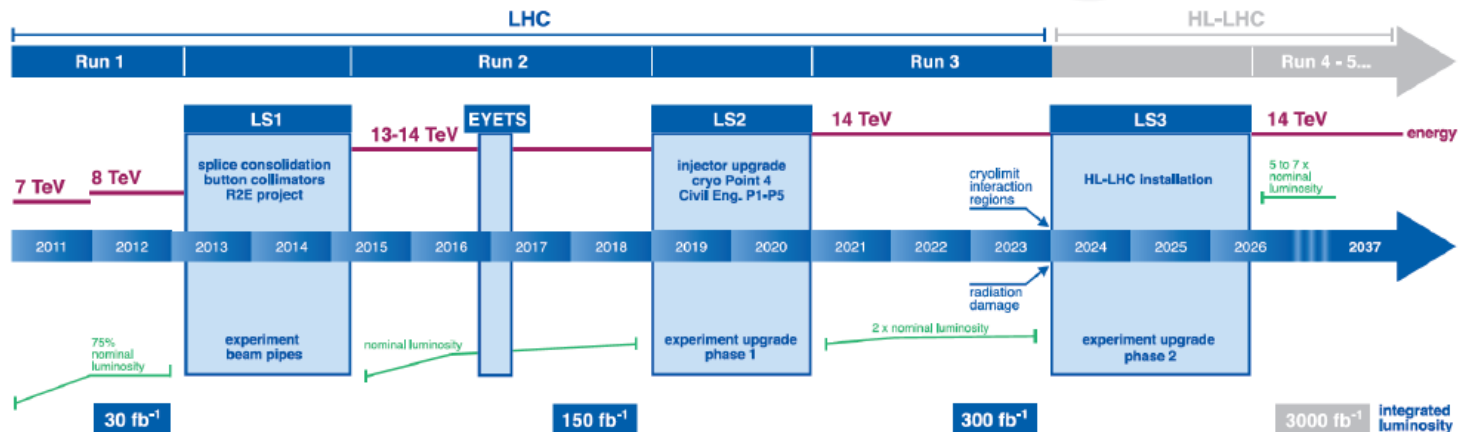
ATLAS-CONF-2019-013

- Search for Lepton Flavor Violation in Higgs boson decays, $H \rightarrow e\tau$ and $H \rightarrow \mu\tau$
- BDT is explored for better discrimination
- No signal is observed. Set upper limits on BR of the 2 channels
 - $H \rightarrow e\tau$: 0.47%
 - $H \rightarrow \mu\tau$: 0.28%



Summary

- Smooth running of the LHC and detectors
 - The peak luminosity($2 \times 10^{34} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$) is twice the designed
- Fruitful results of new physics searches in multiple aspects and tested a variety of BSM theories.
 - Some analyses have utilized the full Run2 datasets. More will do
- LHC will resume running at 14 TeV in Run3. Look forward to more exciting physics!



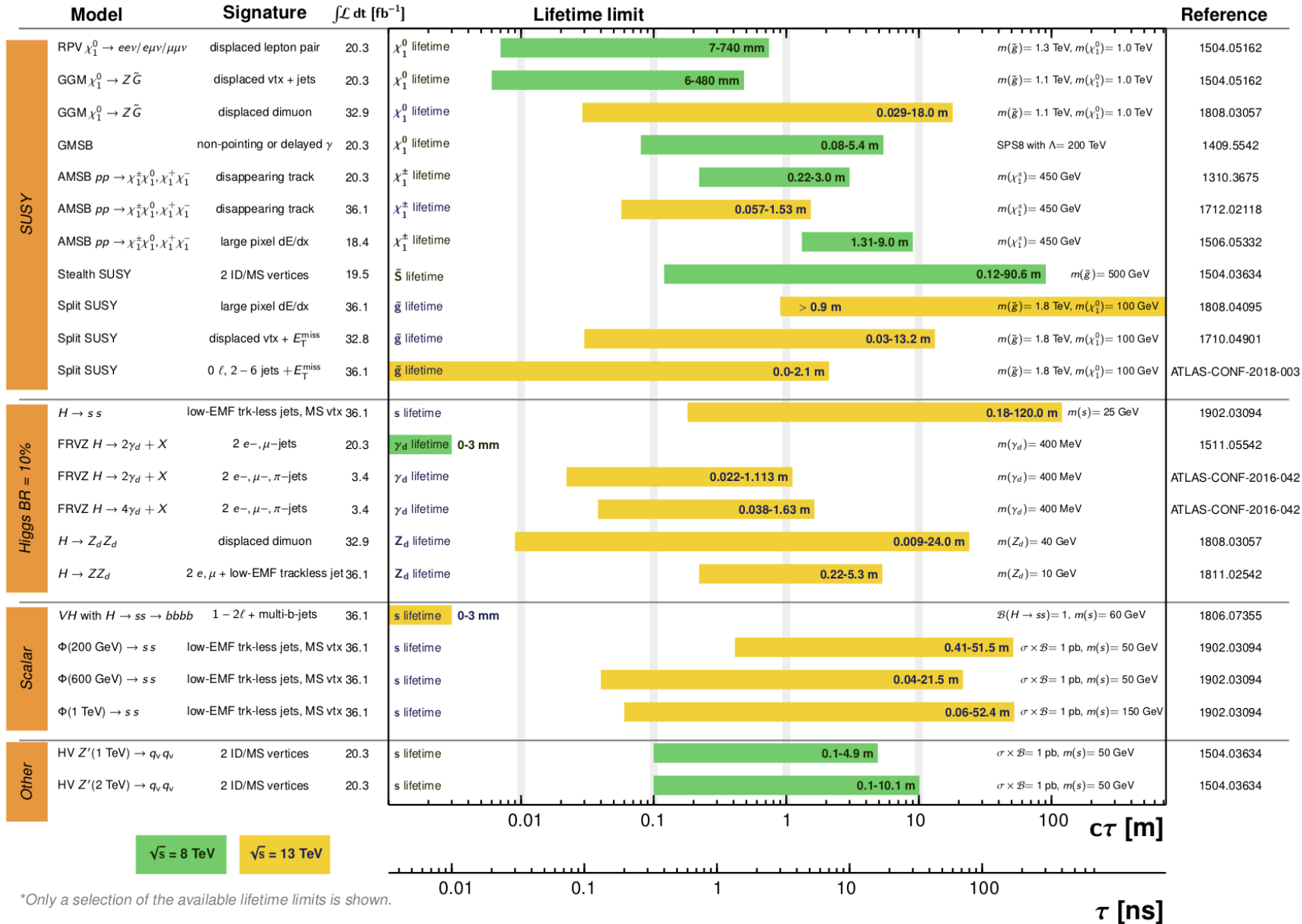
backup

ATLAS Long-lived Particle Searches* - 95% CL Exclusion

Status: March 2019

ATLAS Preliminary

$$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (3.4 - 36.1) \text{ fb}^{-1} \quad \sqrt{s} = 8, 13 \text{ TeV}$$



*Only a selection of the available lifetime limits is shown.