

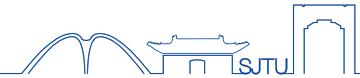


# Semi-leptonic decays of doubly heavy baryons : spin-1/2 to spin-1/2 and spin-1/2 to spin-3/2 cases

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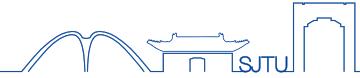


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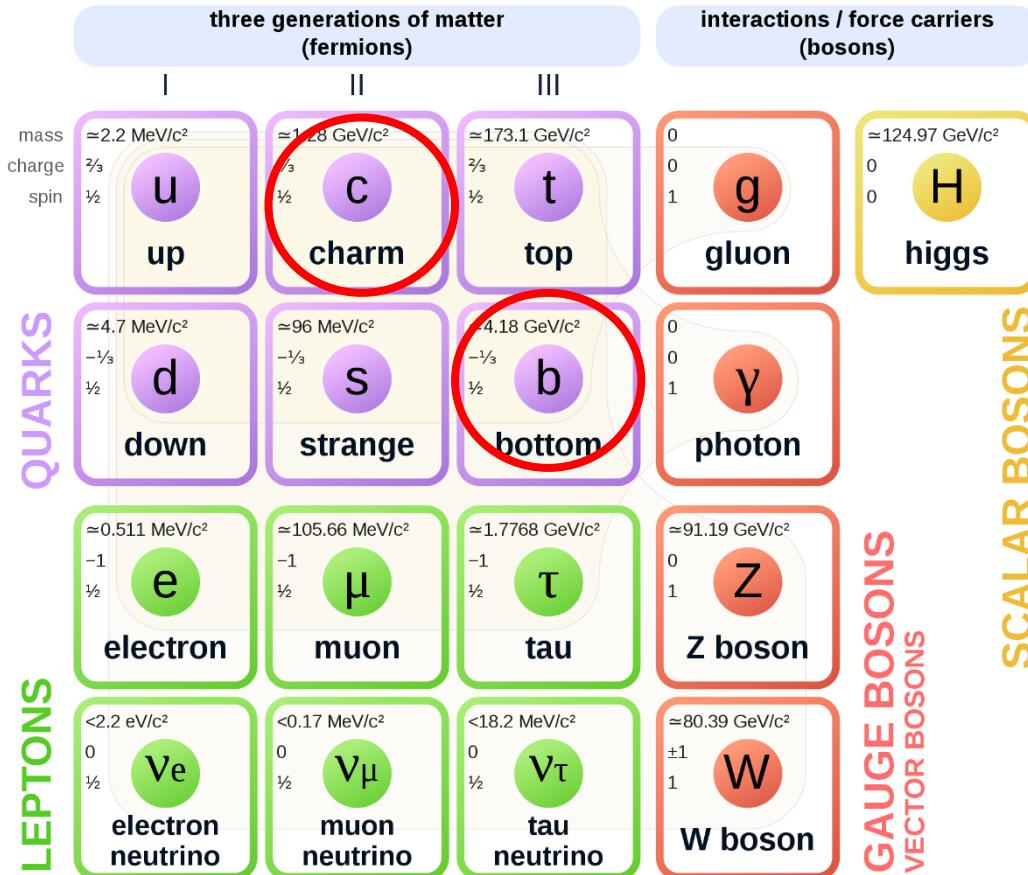
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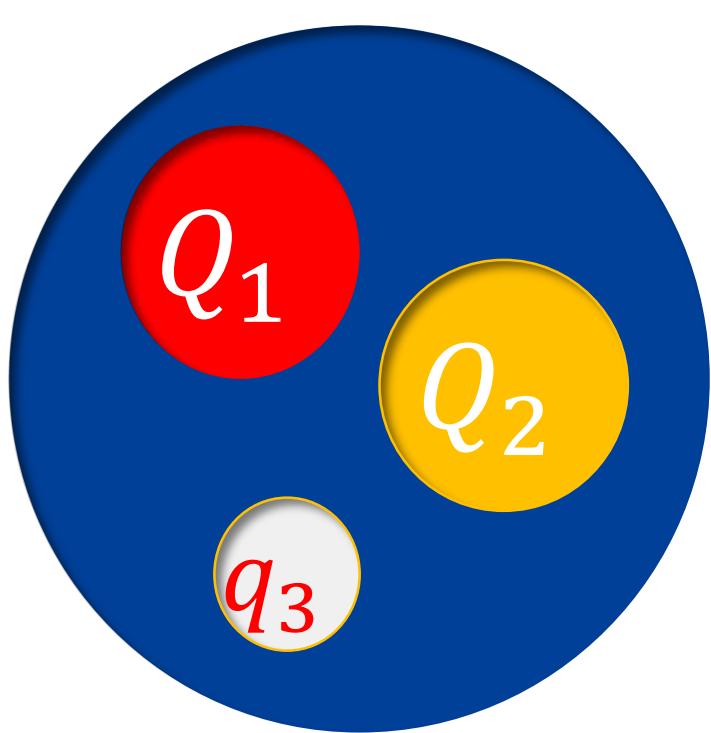


# Quark model

## Standard Model of Elementary Particles



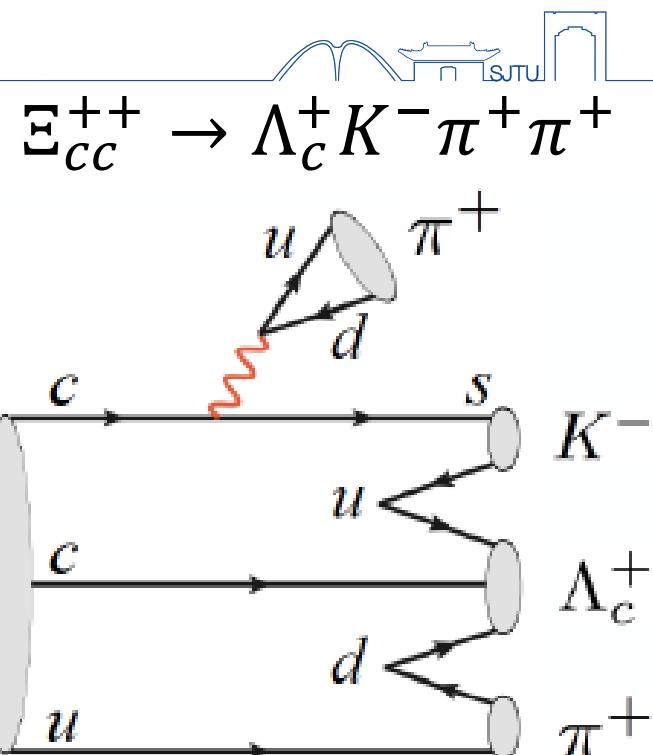
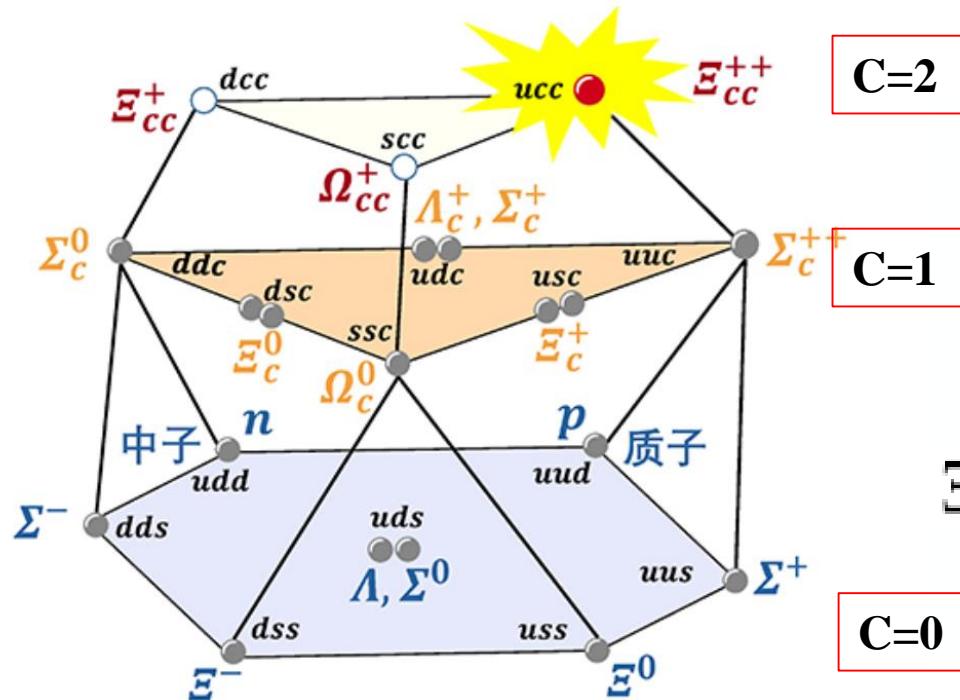
SCALAR BOSONS



Doubly heavy baryons



# Observation of $\Xi_{cc}^{++}$



Phys. Rev. Lett. 119. 112001

$$m_{\Xi_{cc}^{++}} = [3621.40 \pm 0.72(\text{stat}) \pm 0.27(\text{syst}) \pm 0.14(\Lambda_c^+)] \text{MeV}/c^2$$

$$\tau_{\Xi_{cc}^{++}} = [0.256^{+0.024}_{-0.022}(\text{stat}) \pm 0.014(\text{syst})] \text{ps}$$

Phys. Rev. Lett. 121.  
052002 (2018)



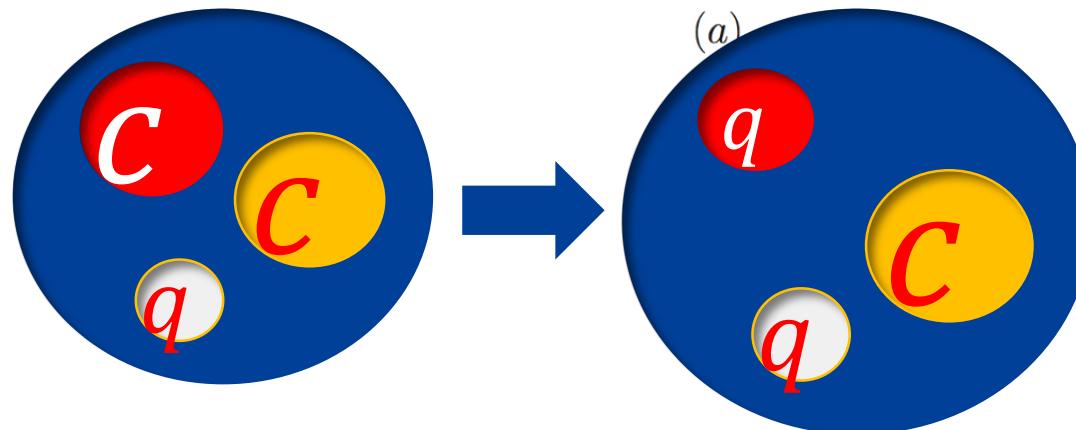
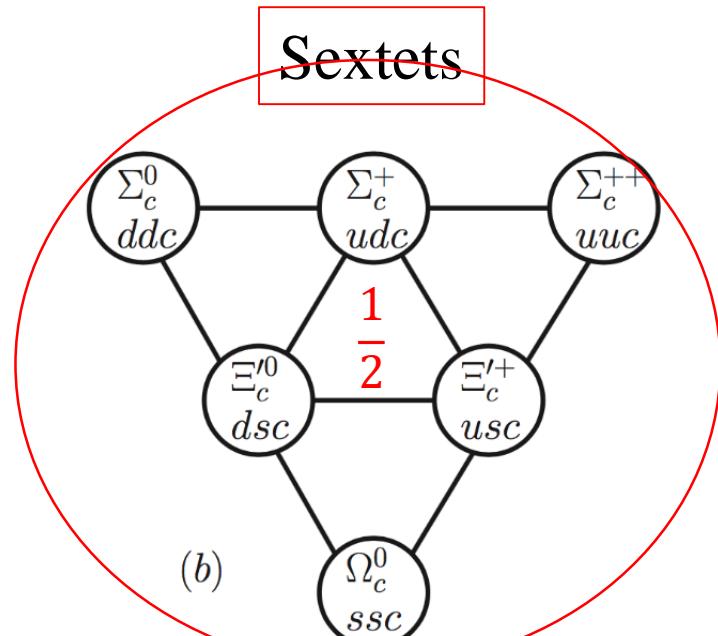
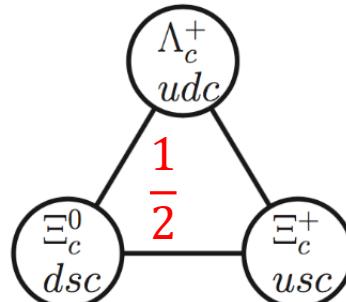
# Theoretical framework

- Doubly heavy baryons decays

Anti-triplets

$$\Xi_{QQ'} \rightarrow$$

$$Q, Q' = b, c$$



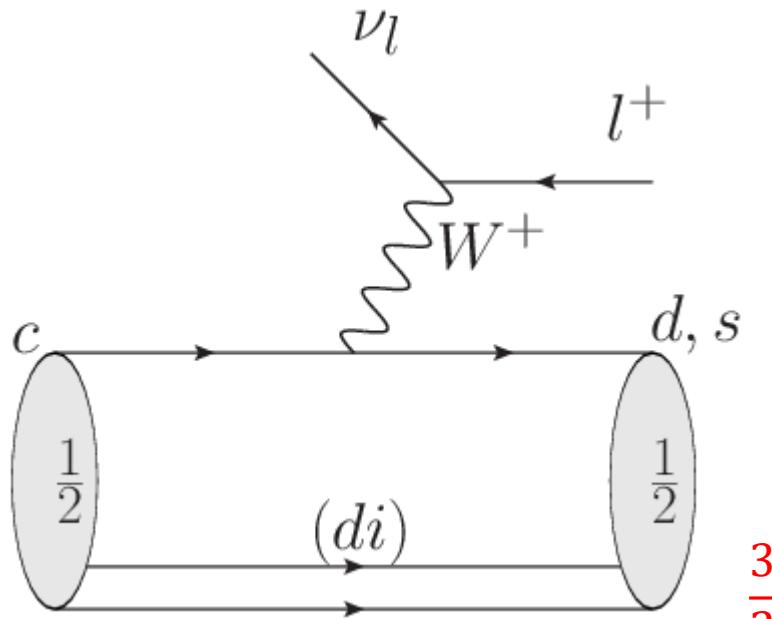
Excited states  $\frac{3}{2}$



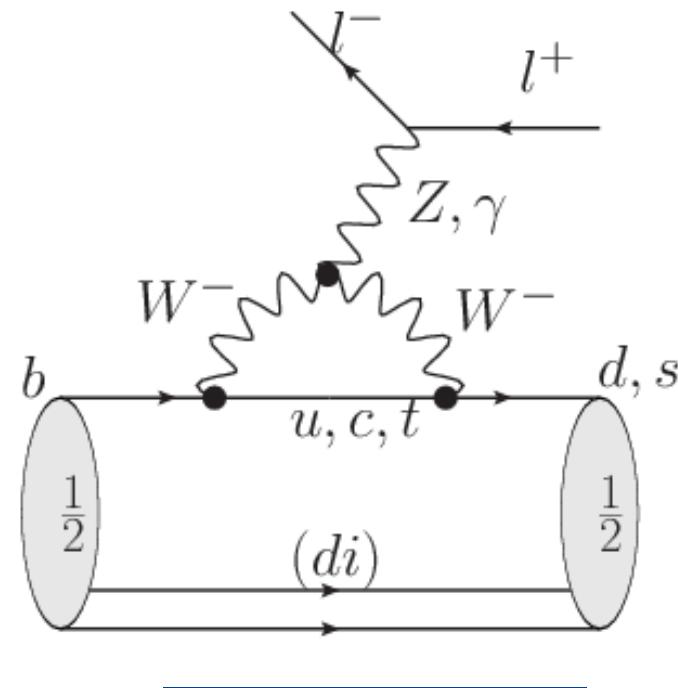
# spin $1/2 \rightarrow \text{spin } 1/2 \text{ or spin } 3/2$ : V-A current and FCNC



$\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$  Charged current



$\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$  FCNC



$\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{3}{2}$  Charged current

$\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{3}{2}$  FCNC



# The effective Hamiltonian

- The Hamiltonian for  $c \rightarrow d, s l^+ \nu_l$

$$\frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \left( V_{cs}^* [\bar{s} \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) c] [\bar{\nu}_l \gamma^\mu (1 - \gamma_5) l] + V_{cd}^* [\bar{d} \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) c] [\bar{\nu}_l \gamma^\mu (1 - \gamma_5) l] \right)$$

- The Hamiltonian for  $b \rightarrow u, cl^- \bar{\nu}_l$

$$\frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \left( V_{cb} [\bar{c} \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) b] [\bar{l} \gamma^\mu (1 - \gamma_5) \nu_l] + V_{ub} [\bar{u} \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) b] [\bar{l} \gamma^\mu (1 - \gamma_5) \nu_l] \right)$$

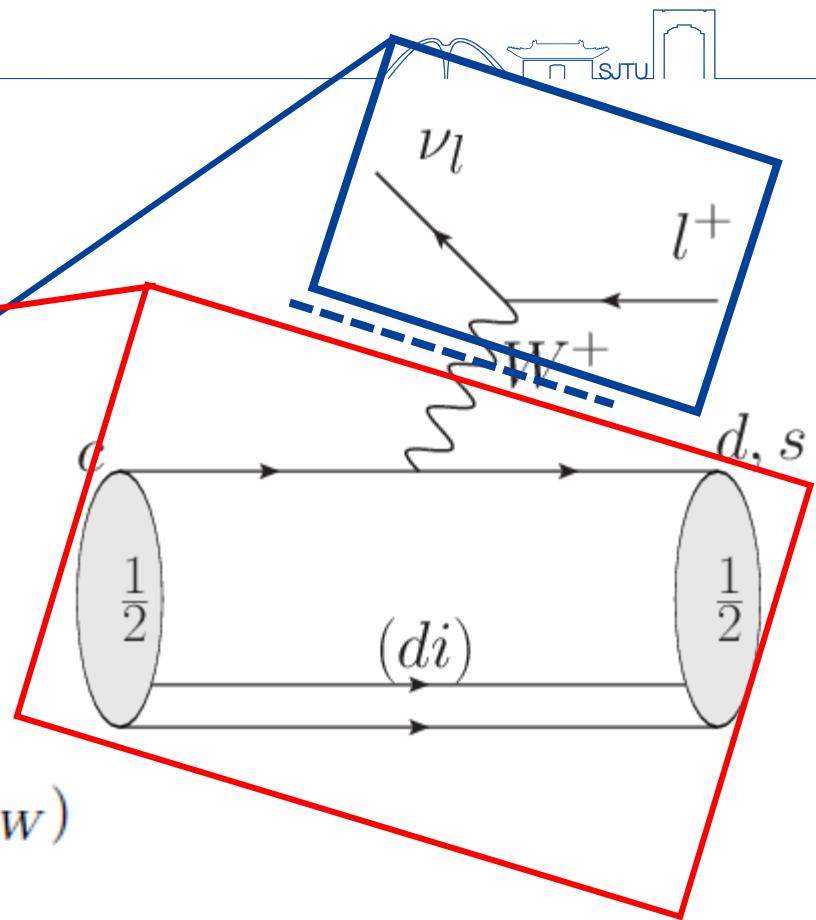
- The Hamiltonian for  $b \rightarrow sl^+ l^-$

$$\mathcal{H}_{\text{eff}}(b \rightarrow sl^+ l^-) = -\frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} V_{tb} V_{ts}^* \sum_{i=1}^{10} C_i(\mu) O_i(\mu).$$

# Helicity Amplitude

$$\mathcal{H}_{eff} = \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} V_{cd}^* [\bar{d}\gamma_\mu(1 - \gamma_5)c][\bar{\nu}_l\gamma^\mu(1 - \gamma_5)l]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{M} &= \langle \Lambda_c^+ l^+ \nu_l | \mathcal{H}_{eff} | \Xi_{cc}^{++} \rangle \\ &= \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} V_{cd}^* \langle \Lambda_c^+ | \bar{d}\gamma_\mu(1 - \gamma_5)c | \Xi_{cc}^{++} \rangle \\ &\quad \langle l^+ \nu_l | \bar{\nu}_l\gamma^\mu(1 - \gamma_5)l | 0 \rangle \end{aligned}$$



$$H_{\lambda', \lambda_W}^V \equiv \langle \mathcal{B}_f^{(*)}(\lambda') | \bar{q}\gamma^\mu Q | \mathcal{B}_i(\lambda) \rangle \epsilon_{W\mu}^*(\lambda_W)$$

$$H_{\lambda', \lambda_W}^A \equiv \langle \mathcal{B}_f^{(*)}(\lambda') | \bar{q}\gamma^\mu\gamma_5 Q | \mathcal{B}_i(\lambda) \rangle \epsilon_{W\mu}^*(\lambda_W)$$



# Helicity Amplitude

$$H_{\frac{1}{2},0}^V = -i \frac{\sqrt{Q_-}}{\sqrt{q^2}} \left( (M + M') f_1 - \frac{q^2}{M} f_2 \right),$$

$$H_{\frac{1}{2},1}^V = i \sqrt{2Q_-} \left( -f_1 + \frac{M + M'}{M} f_2 \right),$$

$$H_{\frac{1}{2},0}^A = -i \frac{\sqrt{Q_+}}{\sqrt{q^2}} \left( (M - M') g_1 + \frac{q^2}{M} g_2 \right),$$

$$H_{\frac{1}{2},1}^A = i \sqrt{2Q_+} \left( -g_1 - \frac{M - M'}{M} g_2 \right),$$

Physical form factors

For b quark decay

$$F(q^2) = \frac{F(0)}{1 - \frac{q^2}{m_{fit}^2} + \delta(\frac{q^2}{m_{fit}^2})^2}$$

For c quark decay

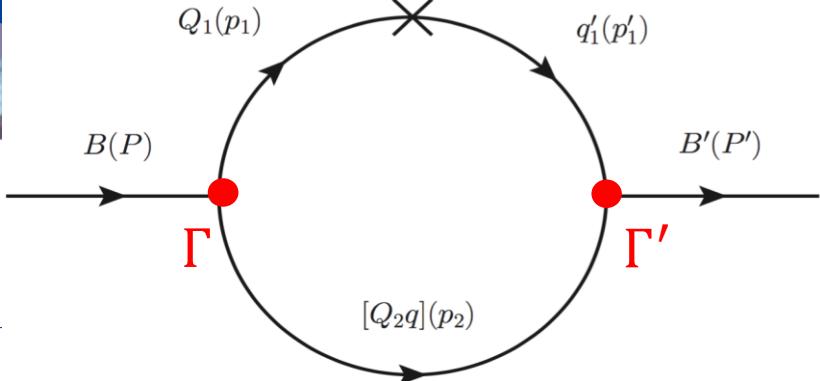
$$F(q^2) = \frac{F(0)}{1 - \frac{q^2}{m_{pole}^2}}$$

$$\frac{d\Gamma_L}{dq^2} = \frac{G_F^2 |V_{CKM}|^2}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{q^2 p}{24M^2} (|H_{\frac{1}{2},0}|^2 + |H_{-\frac{1}{2},0}|^2),$$

$$\frac{d\Gamma_T}{dq^2} = \frac{G_F^2 |V_{CKM}|^2}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{q^2 p}{24M^2} (|H_{\frac{1}{2},1}|^2 + |H_{-\frac{1}{2},-1}|^2),$$



# Light front quark model



$$|\mathcal{B}(P, S, S_z)\rangle = \int \{d^3 p_1\} \{d^3 p_2\} 2(2\pi)^3 \delta^3(P - \tilde{p}_1 - \tilde{p}_2) \\ \times \sum_{\lambda_1, \lambda_2} \Psi^{SS_z}(\tilde{p}_1, \tilde{p}_2, \lambda_1, \lambda_2) |Q_1(p_1, \lambda_1)(di)(p_2, \lambda_2)\rangle.$$

- For the baryons with spin 1/2

$$\Psi^{SS_z}(\tilde{p}_1, \tilde{p}_2, \lambda_1, \lambda_2) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2(p_1 \cdot \bar{P} + m_1 M_0)}} \bar{u}(p_1, \lambda_1) \Gamma u(\bar{P}, S_z) \phi(x, k_\perp)$$

For an axial-vector diquark

For a scalar diquark

$\Gamma = 1$

$$\Gamma = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \gamma_5 \left( \epsilon^*(p_2, \lambda_2) \boxed{- \frac{M_0 + m_1 + m_2}{\bar{P} \cdot p_2 + m_2 M_0} \epsilon^*(p_2, \lambda_2) \cdot \bar{P}} \right)$$



# Light front quark model

- For the baryons with spin 3/2

$$\Psi^{SS_z}(\tilde{p}_1, \tilde{p}_2, \lambda_1, \lambda_2) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2(p_1 \cdot \bar{P} + m_1 M_0)}} \bar{u}(p_1, \lambda_1) \Gamma_A^\alpha(p_2, \lambda_2) u_\alpha(\bar{P}, S_z) \phi(x, k_\perp)$$

$$\Gamma_A^\alpha = - \left( \epsilon^{*\alpha}(p_2, \lambda_2) - \frac{p_2^\alpha}{\bar{P} \cdot p_2 + m_2 M_0} \epsilon^*(p_2, \lambda_2) \cdot \bar{P} \right)$$

$$u^\alpha = \left( \epsilon^\alpha - \frac{1}{3} (\gamma^\alpha + v^\alpha) \not{\epsilon} \right) u$$



# Transition matrix element : LFQM

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \langle \mathcal{B}'_f(P', S' = \frac{1}{2}, S'_z) | \bar{q} \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) Q | \mathcal{B}_i(P, S = \frac{1}{2}, S_z) \rangle \\
 = & \int \{d^3 p_2\} \frac{\phi'(x', k'_\perp) \phi(x, k_\perp)}{2\sqrt{p_1^+ p_1'^+(p_1 \cdot \bar{P} + m_1 M_0)(p_1' \cdot \bar{P}' + m_1' M_0')}} \\
 & \times \sum_{\lambda_2} \bar{u}(\bar{P}', S'_z) \bar{\Gamma}'_{S(A)} (\not{p}_1' + m_1') \bar{\gamma}_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) (\not{p}_1 + m_1) \Gamma_{S(A)} u(\bar{P}, S_z) \\
 & \langle \mathcal{B}'_f^*(P', S' = \frac{3}{2}, S'_z) | \bar{q} \gamma^\mu (1 - \gamma_5) Q | \mathcal{B}_i(P, S = \frac{1}{2}, S_z) \rangle \\
 = & \int \{d^3 p_2\} \frac{\phi'(x', k'_\perp) \phi(x, k_\perp)}{2\sqrt{p_1^+ p_1'^+(p_1 \cdot \bar{P} + m_1 M_0)(p_1' \cdot \bar{P}' + m_1' M_0')}} \bar{q} i \sigma_{\mu\nu} \frac{q^\nu}{M} (1 + \gamma_5) Q \\
 & \times \sum_{\lambda_2} \bar{u}_\alpha(\bar{P}', S'_z) \left[ \bar{\Gamma}'_A^\alpha (\not{p}_1' + m_1') \gamma^\mu (1 - \gamma_5) (\not{p}_1 + m_1) \Gamma_A \right] u(\bar{P}, S_z)
 \end{aligned}$$

Tensor current

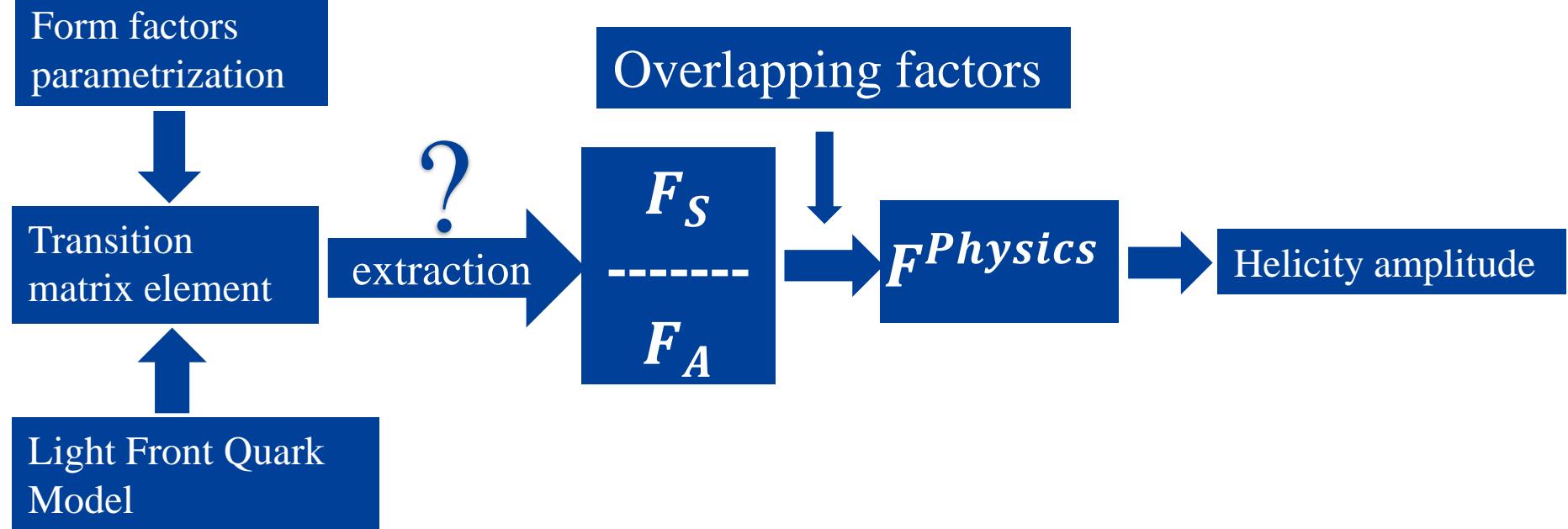
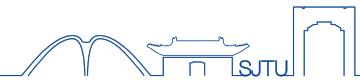
For FCNC channels



# Transition matrix element: form factors

$$\begin{aligned} & \langle \mathcal{B}'_f(P', S' = \frac{1}{2}, S'_z) | \bar{s} \gamma_\mu b | \mathcal{B}_i(P, S = \frac{1}{2}, S_z) \rangle \\ &= \bar{u}(P', S'_z) \left[ \gamma_\mu f_{1,S(A)}(q^2) + i\sigma_{\mu\nu} \frac{q^\nu}{M} f_{2,S(A)}(q^2) + \frac{q_\mu}{M} f_{3,S(A)}(q^2) \right] u(P, S_z) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \langle \mathcal{B}'_f^*(P', S' = \frac{3}{2}, S'_z) | \bar{q} \gamma^\mu Q | \mathcal{B}_i(P, S = \frac{1}{2}, S_z) \rangle \\ &= \bar{u}_\alpha(P', S'_z) \left[ f_{1,A}(q^2) \frac{P^\alpha}{M} (\gamma^\mu - \frac{q^\mu}{q^2} q^\mu) + f_{2,A}(q^2) \frac{P^\alpha}{M^2} \left( \frac{M^2 - M'^2}{q^2} q^\mu - p^\mu \right) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + f_{3,A}(q^2) \frac{P^\alpha}{M^2} \frac{M^2 - M'^2}{q^2} q^\mu + f_{4,A}(q^2) (g^{\alpha\mu} - \frac{q^\alpha q^\mu}{q^2}) \right] \gamma_5 u(P, S_z) \end{aligned}$$





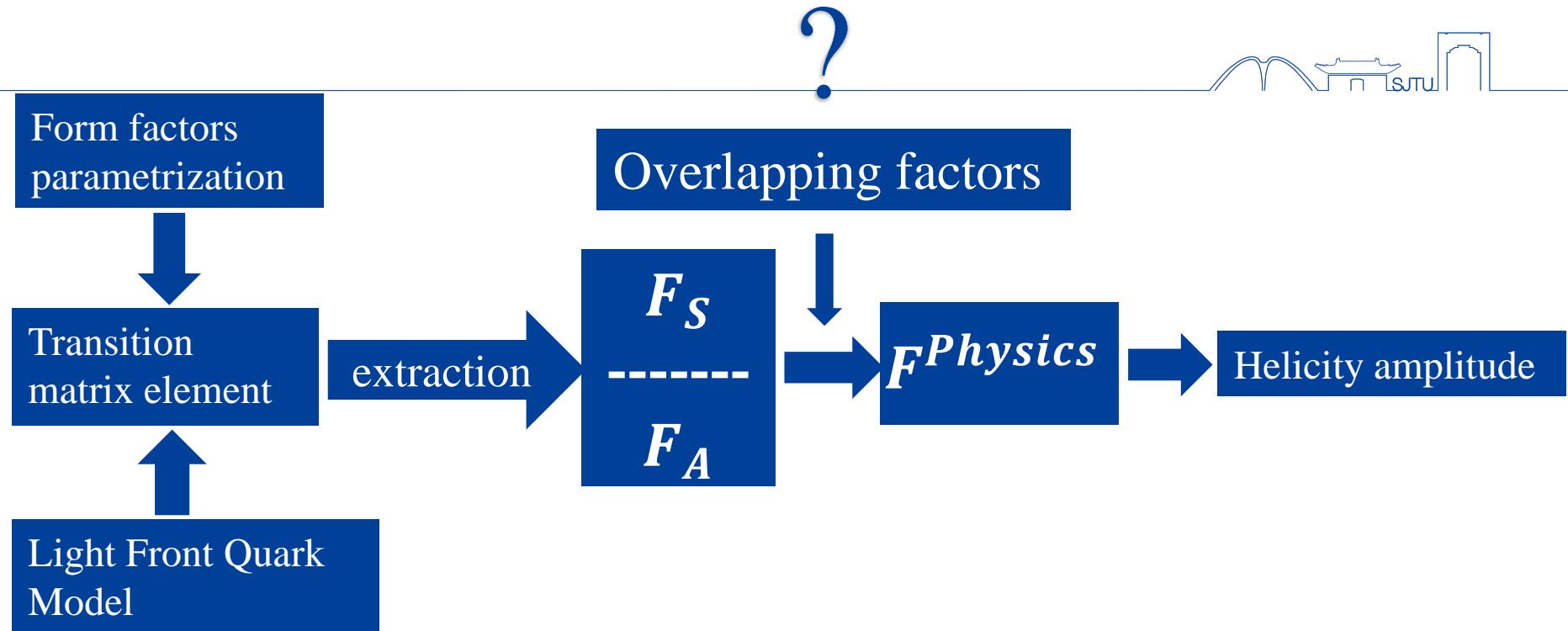
# Extraction of transition form factors

$$\langle \mathcal{B}'_f(P', S' = \frac{1}{2}, S'_z) | \bar{s} \gamma_\mu b | \mathcal{B}_i(P, S = \frac{1}{2}, S_z) \rangle$$

$$= \bar{u}(P', S'_z) \left[ \gamma_\mu f_{1,S(A)}(q^2) + i\sigma_{\mu\nu} \frac{q^\nu}{M} f_{2,S(A)}(q^2) + \frac{q_\mu}{M} f_{3,S(A)}(q^2) \right] u(P, S_z)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Tr} \left\{ (\Gamma^\mu)_i (\not{P}' + M') \left[ \gamma_\mu f_{1,S(A)}(q^2) + i\sigma_{\mu\nu} \frac{q^\nu}{M} f_{2,S(A)}(q^2) + \frac{q_\mu}{M} f_{3,S(A)}(q^2) \right] (\not{P} + M) \right\} \\ &= \int \{d^3 p_2\} \frac{\phi'(x', k'_\perp) \phi(x, k_\perp)}{\sqrt{p_1^+ p_1'^+ (p_1 \cdot \bar{P} + m_1 M_0)(p_1' \cdot \bar{P}' + m_1' M_0')}} \\ & \quad \times \sum_{\lambda_2} \text{Tr} \left[ (\Gamma^\mu)_i (\not{P}' + M'_0) \bar{\Gamma}'_{S(A)} (\not{p}'_1 + m'_1) \gamma_\mu (\not{p}_1 + m_1) \Gamma_{S(A)} (\not{P} + M_0) \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$(\Gamma^\mu)_i = \{\gamma^\mu, P^\mu, P'^\mu\}$$



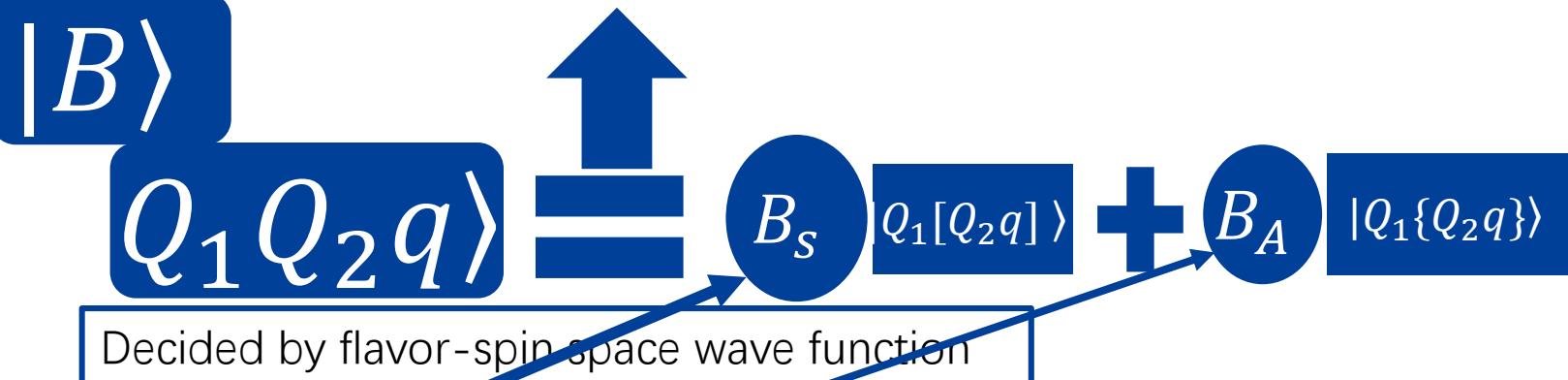
# Overlapping factors



Physical form factors

$$= C_S F_S + C_A F_A$$

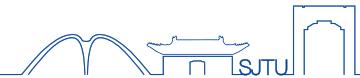
$$\begin{aligned} & \langle B' | \Gamma_\mu | B \rangle \\ &= C_S \langle q_1 [Q_2 q]_S | \Gamma_\mu | Q_1 [Q_2 q]_S \rangle + C_A \langle q_1 [Q_2 q]_A | \Gamma_\mu | Q_1 [Q_2 q]_A \rangle \end{aligned}$$



$$\mathcal{B}_{bc} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} b(cq)_S + \frac{1}{2} b(cq)_A = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} c(bq)_S + \frac{1}{2} c(bq)_A$$



## For example:



$$\Xi_{cc}^{++} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} c^1(c^2 q)_S + \frac{1}{2} c^1(c^2 q)_A + (c^1 \leftrightarrow c^2) \right]$$

$$\Lambda_c^+ = -\frac{1}{2} d(cu)_S + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} d(cu)_A$$

$c_S = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \times 2 \times \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4}$	$c_A = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) \times 2 \times \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4}$
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$$F_{Phys}^{\Xi_{cc}^{++} \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+} = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4} F_S + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4} F_A$$



$m_{B_{bc}} \sim 6.9 \text{ GeV}$

# The numerical result of form factors

$F$	$F(0)$	$m_{\text{fit}}$	$\delta$	$F$	$F(0)$	$m_{\text{fit}}$	$\delta$	$F$	$F(0)$	$m_{\text{fit}}$	$\delta$	$F$	$F(0)$	$m_{\text{fit}}$	$\delta$
$f_{1,S}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{+,0}}$	0.203	4.07	0.66	$g_{1,S}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{+,0}}$	0.167	4.99	1.32	$f_{1,A}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{+,0}}$	0.196	3.56	0.74	$g_{1,A}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{+,0}}$	-0.056	4.81	1.19
$f_{2,S}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{+,0}}$	-0.079	3.37	0.65	$g_{2,S}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{+,0}}$	0.097	2.84	0.70	$f_{2,A}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{+,0}}$	0.203	3.68	0.69	$g_{2,A}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{+,0}}$	-0.027	2.78	0.83
$f_{3,S}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{+,0}}$	0.015*	1.44*	0.74*	$g_{3,S}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{+,0}}$	-0.329	3.08	0.60	$f_{3,A}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{+,0}}$	-0.110	4.05	0.92	$g_{3,A}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{+,0}}$	0.098	3.04	0.60
$f_{1,S}^{T\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{+,0}}$	0.085	3.85	0.74	$g_{1,S}^{T\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{+,0}}$	-0.021*	0.92*	0.23*	$f_{1,A}^{T\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{+,0}}$	0.180	3.69	0.69	$g_{1,A}^{T\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{+,0}}$	-0.001*	1.90*	0.27*
$f_{2,S}^{T\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{+,0}}$	0.160	4.13	0.54	$g_{2,S}^{T\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{+,0}}$	0.202	3.86	0.47	$f_{2,A}^{T\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{+,0}}$	-0.064	5.43	0.40	$g_{2,A}^{T\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{+,0}}$	-0.064	3.88	0.46
$f_{1,S}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{\prime+,0}}$	0.204	4.04	0.64	$g_{1,S}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{\prime+,0}}$	0.174	4.66	0.99	$f_{1,A}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{\prime+,0}}$	0.197	3.53	0.72	$g_{1,A}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{\prime+,0}}$	-0.058	4.52	0.91
$f_{2,S}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{\prime+,0}}$	-0.090	3.35	0.64	$g_{2,S}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{\prime+,0}}$	0.074	2.86	0.70	$f_{2,A}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{\prime+,0}}$	0.204	3.63	0.67	$g_{2,A}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{\prime+,0}}$	-0.019	2.80	0.89
$f_{3,S}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{\prime+,0}}$	0.007	0.07	-0.00	$g_{3,S}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{\prime+,0}}$	-0.300	3.15	0.61	$f_{3,A}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{\prime+,0}}$	-0.118	3.86	0.80	$g_{3,A}^{\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{\prime+,0}}$	0.088	3.12	0.62
$f_{1,S}^{T\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{\prime+,0}}$	0.083	3.82	0.71	$g_{1,S}^{T\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{\prime+,0}}$	-0.006	0.50	-0.03	$f_{1,A}^{T\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{\prime+,0}}$	0.177	3.65	0.67	$g_{1,A}^{T\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{\prime+,0}}$	-0.006	6.30	5.21
$f_{2,S}^{T\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{\prime+,0}}$	0.169	4.01	0.51	$g_{2,S}^{T\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{\prime+,0}}$	0.200	3.95	0.52	$f_{2,A}^{T\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{\prime+,0}}$	-0.065	5.16	0.60	$g_{2,A}^{T\Xi^{(\prime)+,0} \rightarrow \Xi_c^{\prime+,0}}$	-0.063	3.98	0.52
$f_{1,S}^{\Omega^{(\prime)0} \rightarrow \Omega_c^0}$	0.192	3.91	0.66	$g_{1,S}^{\Omega^{(\prime)0} \rightarrow \Omega_c^0}$	0.165	4.40	0.90	$f_{1,A}^{\Omega^{(\prime)0} \rightarrow \Omega_c^0}$	0.187	3.45	0.74	$g_{1,A}^{\Omega^{(\prime)0} \rightarrow \Omega_c^0}$	-0.055	4.29	0.85
$f_{2,S}^{\Omega^{(\prime)0} \rightarrow \Omega_c^0}$	-0.09	3.25	0.67	$g_{2,S}^{\Omega^{(\prime)0} \rightarrow \Omega_c^0}$	0.064	2.86	0.77	$f_{2,A}^{\Omega^{(\prime)0} \rightarrow \Omega_c^0}$	0.191	3.55	0.70	$g_{2,A}^{\Omega^{(\prime)0} \rightarrow \Omega_c^0}$	-0.017	2.81	0.96
$f_{3,S}^{\Omega^{(\prime)0} \rightarrow \Omega_c^0}$	0.004*	0.98*	0.07*	$g_{3,S}^{\Omega^{(\prime)0} \rightarrow \Omega_c^0}$	-0.288	3.13	0.66	$f_{3,A}^{\Omega^{(\prime)0} \rightarrow \Omega_c^0}$	-0.114	3.72	0.80	$g_{3,A}^{\Omega^{(\prime)0} \rightarrow \Omega_c^0}$	0.085	3.11	0.67
$f_{1,S}^{T\Omega^{(\prime)0} \rightarrow \Omega_c^0}$	0.081	3.68	0.72	$g_{1,S}^{T\Omega^{(\prime)0} \rightarrow \Omega_c^0}$	-0.001*	0.90*	0.07*	$f_{1,A}^{T\Omega^{(\prime)0} \rightarrow \Omega_c^0}$	0.169	3.54	0.68	$g_{1,A}^{T\Omega^{(\prime)0} \rightarrow \Omega_c^0}$	-0.006	3.65	0.58
$f_{2,S}^{T\Omega^{(\prime)0} \rightarrow \Omega_c^0}$	0.159	3.86	0.53	$g_{2,S}^{T\Omega^{(\prime)0} \rightarrow \Omega_c^0}$	0.188	3.86	0.57	$f_{2,A}^{T\Omega^{(\prime)0} \rightarrow \Omega_c^0}$	-0.063	4.90	0.50	$g_{2,A}^{T\Omega^{(\prime)0} \rightarrow \Omega_c^0}$	-0.060	3.90	0.57



# The numerical result of decay widths

channels	$\Gamma / \text{GeV}$	$\mathcal{B}$	$\Gamma_L / \Gamma_T$	channels	$\Gamma / \text{GeV}$	$\mathcal{B}$	$\Gamma_L / \Gamma_T$
$\Xi_{cc}^{++} \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ l^+ \nu_l$	$7.97 \times 10^{-15}$	$3.63 \times 10^{-3}$	2.42	$\Xi_{bb}^0 \rightarrow \Sigma_b^+ l^- \bar{\nu}_l$	$1.06 \times 10^{-16}$	$5.96 \times 10^{-5}$	1.27
$\Xi_{cc}^{++} \rightarrow \Sigma_c^+ l^+ \nu_l$	$1.09 \times 10^{-14}$	$4.98 \times 10^{-3}$	0.86	$\Xi_{bb}^0 \rightarrow \Xi_{bc}^+ l^- \bar{\nu}_l$	$6.02 \times 10^{-14}$	$3.38 \times 10^{-2}$	1.42
$\Xi_{cc}^{++} \rightarrow \Xi_c^+ l^+ \nu_l$	$8.74 \times 10^{-14}$	$3.99 \times 10^{-2}$	3.07	$\Xi_{bb}^0 \rightarrow \Xi_{bc}'^+ l^- \bar{\nu}_l$	$3.21 \times 10^{-14}$	$1.81 \times 10^{-2}$	0.84
$\Xi_{cc}^{++} \rightarrow \Xi_c'^+ l^+ \nu_l$	$1.43 \times 10^{-13}$	$6.52 \times 10^{-2}$	0.94	$\Xi_{bb}^- \rightarrow \Lambda_b^0 l^- \bar{\nu}_l$	$2.39 \times 10^{-17}$	$1.35 \times 10^{-5}$	5.93
$\Xi_{cc}^+ \rightarrow \Sigma_c^0 l^+ \nu_l$	$2.17 \times 10^{-14}$	$3.30 \times 10^{-3}$	0.86	$\Xi_{bb}^- \rightarrow \Sigma_b^0 l^- \bar{\nu}_l$	$5.29 \times 10^{-17}$	$2.98 \times 10^{-5}$	1.27
$\Xi_{cc}^+ \rightarrow \Xi_c^0 l^+ \nu_l$	$8.63 \times 10^{-14}$	$1.31 \times 10^{-2}$	3.10	$\Xi_{bb}^- \rightarrow \Xi_{bc}^0 l^- \bar{\nu}_l$	$6.02 \times 10^{-14}$	$3.38 \times 10^{-2}$	1.42
$\Xi_{cc}^+ \rightarrow \Xi_c'^0 l^+ \nu_l$	$1.41 \times 10^{-13}$	$2.15 \times 10^{-2}$	0.95	$\Xi_{bb}^- \rightarrow \Xi_{bc}'^0 l^- \bar{\nu}_l$	$3.21 \times 10^{-14}$	$1.81 \times 10^{-2}$	0.84
$\Omega_{cc}^+ \rightarrow \Xi_c^0 l^+ \nu_l$	$5.87 \times 10^{-15}$	$8.92 \times 10^{-4}$	2.94	$\Omega_{bb}^- \rightarrow \Xi_b^0 l^- \bar{\nu}_l$	$2.18 \times 10^{-17}$	$2.65 \times 10^{-5}$	5.98
$\Omega_{cc}^+ \rightarrow \Xi_c'^0 l^+ \nu_l$	$1.03 \times 10^{-14}$	$1.57 \times 10^{-3}$	0.87	$\Omega_{bb}^- \rightarrow \Xi_b'^0 l^- \bar{\nu}_l$	$4.87 \times 10^{-17}$	$5.92 \times 10^{-5}$	1.28
$\Omega_{cc}^+ \rightarrow \Omega_c^0 l^+ \nu_l$	$2.80 \times 10^{-13}$	$4.26 \times 10^{-2}$	0.94	$\Omega_{bb}^- \rightarrow \Omega_{bc}^0 l^- \bar{\nu}_l$	$5.24 \times 10^{-14}$	$6.37 \times 10^{-2}$	1.64
				$\Omega_{bb}^- \rightarrow \Omega_{bc}'^0 l^- \bar{\nu}_l$	$2.55 \times 10^{-14}$	$3.11 \times 10^{-2}$	0.89

SU(3) Symmetry:

$$\Gamma(\Xi_{cc}^{++} \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ l^+ \nu_l) = \Gamma(\Omega_{cc}^+ \rightarrow \Xi_c^0 l^+ \nu_l)$$

$$\Gamma(\Xi_{cc}^{++} \rightarrow \Xi_c^+ l^+ \nu_l) = \Gamma(\Xi_{cc}^+ \rightarrow \Xi_c^0 l^+ \nu_l)$$

$$\Gamma(\Omega_{cc}^+ \rightarrow \Omega_c^0 l^+ \nu_l) = 2\Gamma(\Xi_{cc}^{++} \rightarrow \Xi_c'^+ l^+ \nu_l) = 2\Gamma(\Xi_{cc}^+ \rightarrow \Xi_c'^0 l^+ \nu_l)$$

$$\Gamma(\Xi_{cc}^+ \rightarrow \Sigma_c^0 l^+ \nu_l) = 2\Gamma(\Xi_{cc}^{++} \rightarrow \Sigma_c^+ l^+ \nu_l) = 2\Gamma(\Omega_{cc}^+ \rightarrow \Xi_c'^0 l^+ \nu_l)$$





# Numerical analysis

$$\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \text{ with charged current}\right) \sim (10^{-15} \sim 10^{-13})$$

$$\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{3}{2} \text{ with charged current}\right) \sim (10^{-16} \sim 10^{-14})$$

$$\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \text{ with FCNC}\right) \sim (10^{-21} \sim 10^{-19})$$

$$\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{3}{2} \text{ with FCNC}\right) \sim (10^{-22} \sim 10^{-19})$$

Number of channels	Charged current	FCNC
$\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$	57	90
$\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{3}{2}$	36	54

May be firstly examined in experiment: LHCb, Belle-II

$$\mathcal{B}(\Xi_{cc}^+ \rightarrow \Xi_c'^0 l^+ \nu_l) \sim 2.15 \times 10^{-2} \quad \mathcal{B}(\Xi_{cc}^+ \rightarrow \Xi_c^0 l^+ \nu_l) \sim 1.31 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(\Xi_{bc}^+ \rightarrow \Xi_b'^0 l^+ \nu_l) \sim 2.5 \times 10^{-2}$$



# Summary

- The transition form factors are calculated within light front quark model.
- This work modified the baryon wave function involved axial-vector diquark:  $\Gamma$
- For the baryon wave function is decided by the spin and flavor space wave function, the physics form factors is  $F^{physics} = C_S F_S + C_A F_A$ .
- This work study four kinds of the doubly baryon weak decays and find that :

$$\begin{aligned} & \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \text{ with charge current}\right) > \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{3}{2} \text{ with charge current}\right) > \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \text{ with FCNC}\right) \\ & > \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{3}{2} \text{ with FCNC}\right) \end{aligned}$$

- These channels may be firstly examined by experiment:

$$\mathcal{B}(\Xi_{cc}^+ \rightarrow \Xi_c'^0 l^+ \nu_l) \sim 2.15 \times 10^{-2} \quad \mathcal{B}(\Xi_{cc}^+ \rightarrow \Xi_c^0 l^+ \nu_l) \sim 1.31 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(\Xi_{bc}^+ \rightarrow \Xi_b'^0 l^+ \nu_l) \sim 2.5 \times 10^{-2}$$

- We compared our results with SU(3) symmetry results.



# Thank you!



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