

Recent jet results in Heavy-Ion collisions at RHIC

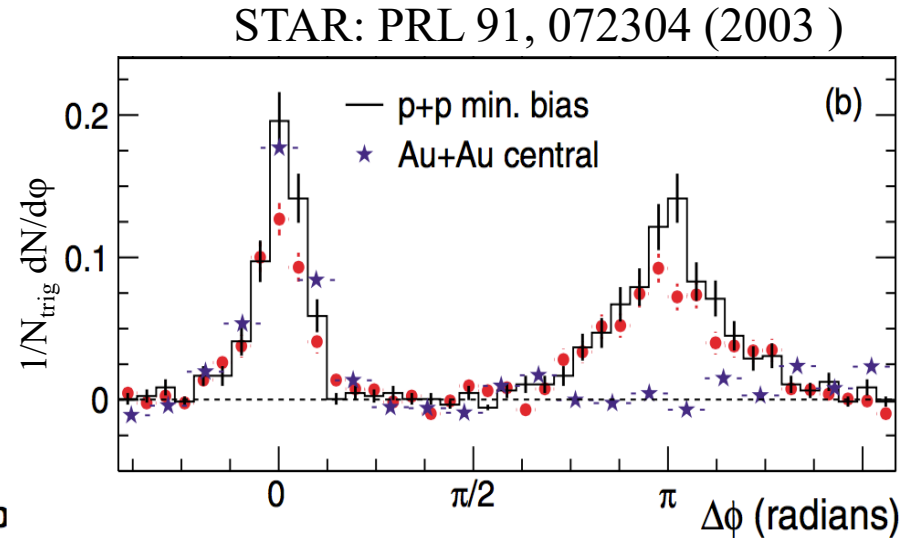
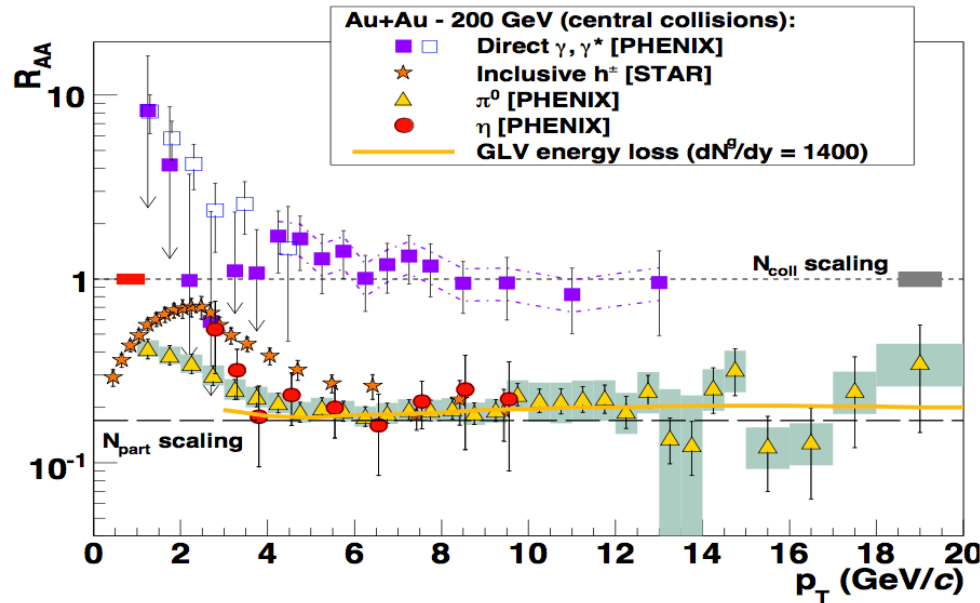
Nihar Ranjan Sahoo
Shandong University



QPT 2019, Enshi, China
Aug 17-20, 2019

Jet quenching in RHIC

Early RHIC measurements



- Suppression of inclusive charged/neutral hadrons at high- p_T
- No suppression of vector-bosons (γ , W, Z)
- Away-side jet suppression

Indication of Hot-dense QCD medium (QGP)

What we want to study about the jet-quenching in HIC?

Quantitative understanding of parton energy loss in QCD medium

- Parton energy loss as a function of path length, color factor, initial parton energy, etc.
- Redistribution of lost energy inside the medium [Jet radius/medium]
- RHIC vs. LHC [dependence on temp. and initial gluon density]

What about lower beam energy in HIC? Any threshold for pQCD?

- Modification jet shape inside a finite temp. QCD medium

Important to understand QCD at finite temperature(QGP)

Many theoretical developments are still underway for a deeper understanding of the heavy-Ion data...

Let's focus on RHIC heavy-Ion results...

Challenges in heavy-ion collisions to study jet

In hot-dense QCD medium: simultaneous effect of vacuum shower and medium-induced gluon radiation

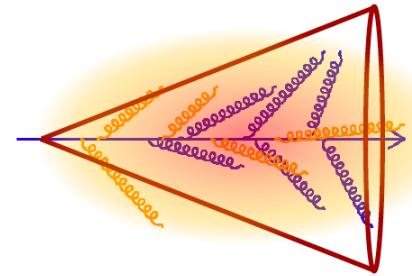
In Heavy-Ion collisions:

Soft-background fluctuations and uncorrelated jet background contributions make life difficult

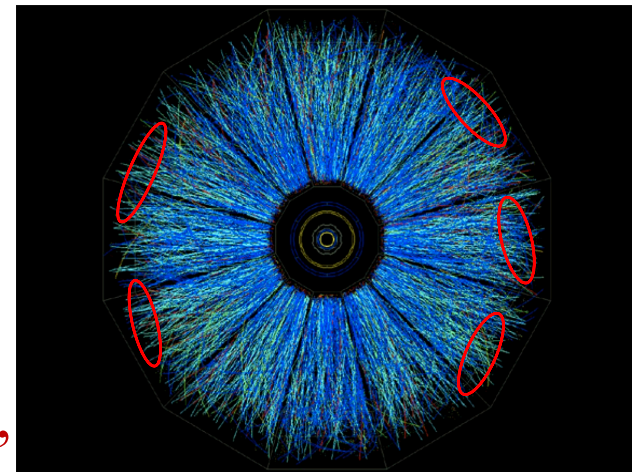
Recently, in STAR (PHENIX) experiment we developed some techniques to overcome these huddles.

- Jet+hadron, γ +hadron, h+Jet, γ +Jet, Dijet, Inclusive jet, SoftDrop-grooming, etc.

(All are not covered due to the time limit, only selected results.)

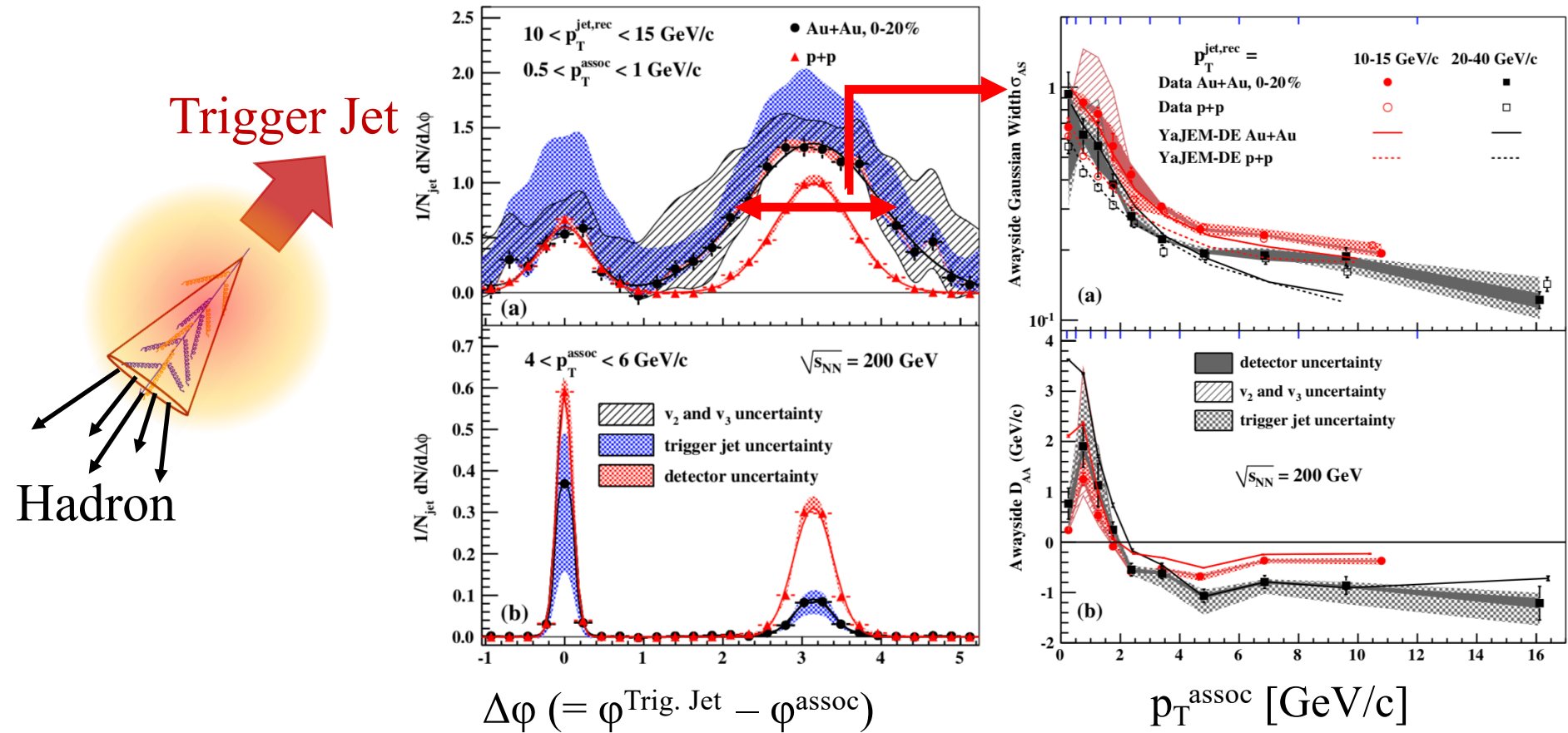


Au+Au collisions



Jet + hadron correlations

STAR: PRL112, 122301 (2014)

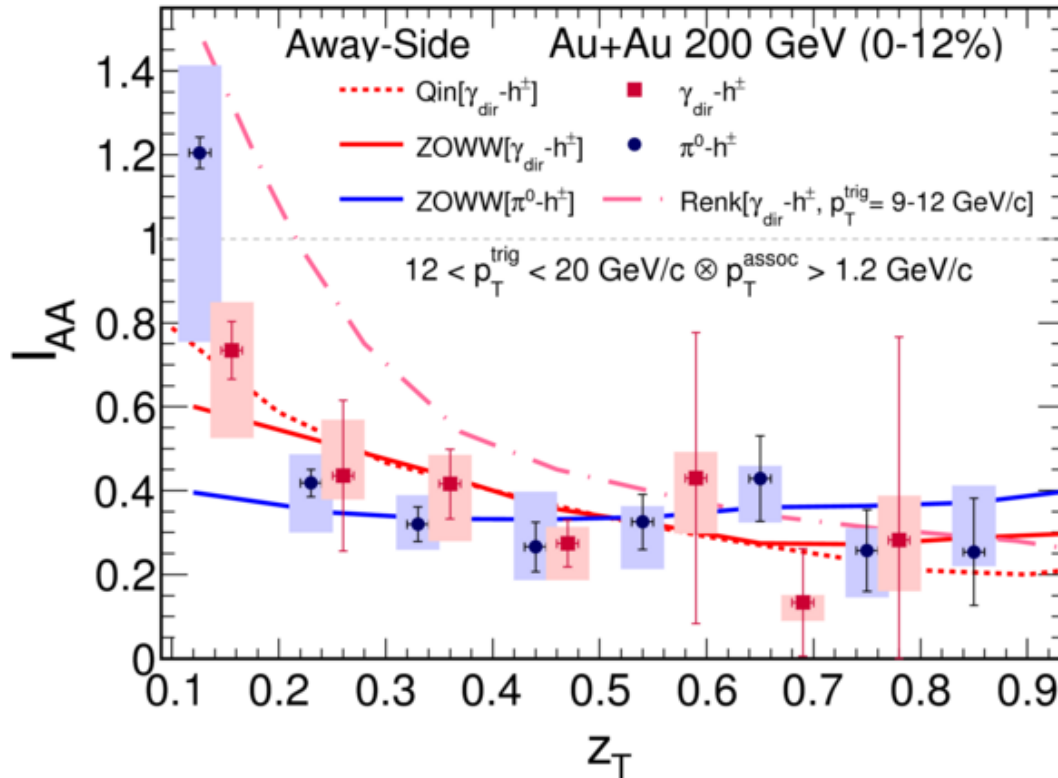


High- p_T balanced by Low p_T enhancement
 Away-side jet width \rightarrow medium-induced broadening

Jet-like γ_{dir} +hadron and π^0 +hadron correlations

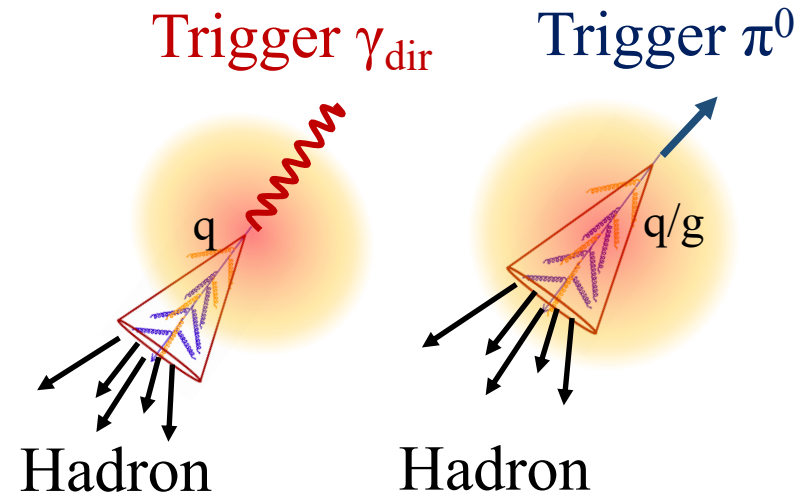
$$I_{AA}(x) = \frac{Y^{Au+Au}(x)}{Y^{p+p}(x)}$$

STAR: PLB 760 (2016) 689



Trigger Bias:

Color factor and path length effect?



$$z_T = p_{T,i}^h / p_T^{\text{trig}}$$

- Soft associated particles are less suppressed compared with high p_T
Consistent with Jet+hadron correlation result
- Within uncertainty, no trigger ($\gamma_{\text{dir}}/\pi^0$) bias can be observed

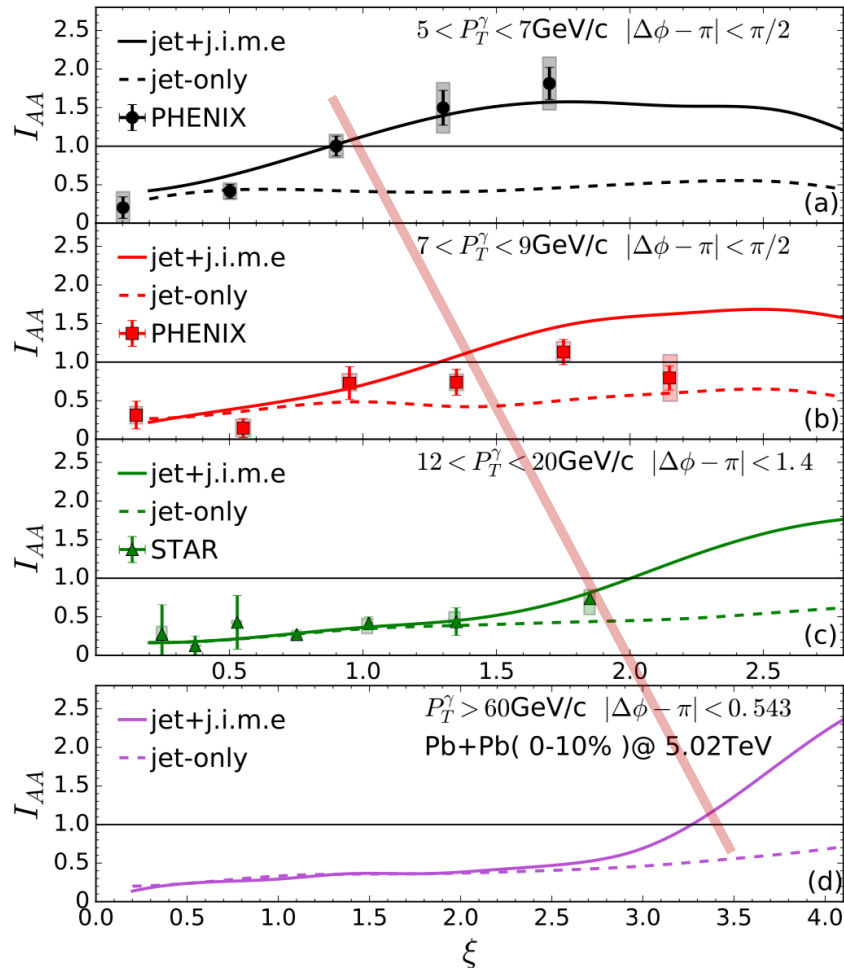
Jet-like γ_{dir} +hadron correlation: Theory comparison

W. Chen, et al. PLB 777, 86 (2018)

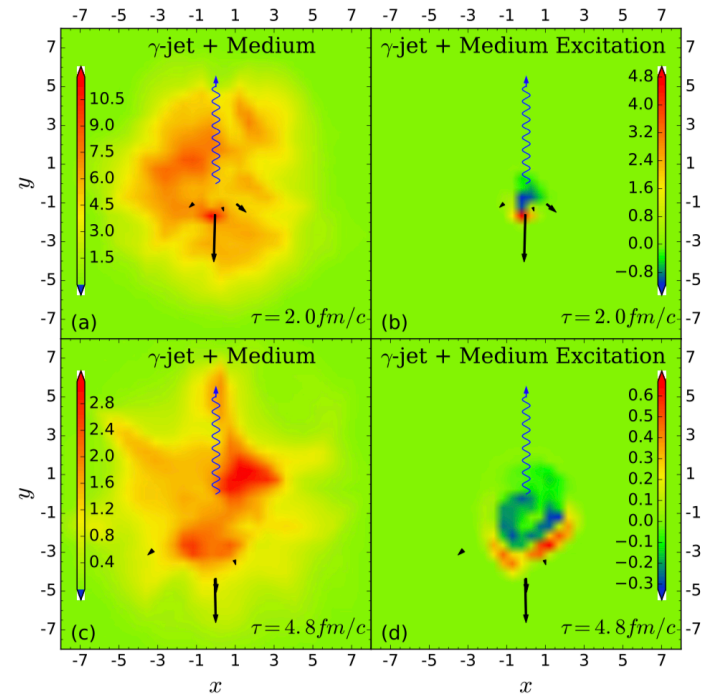
Coupled linear Boltzmann Transport and 3+1D hydro (CoLBT-hydro)

Hard

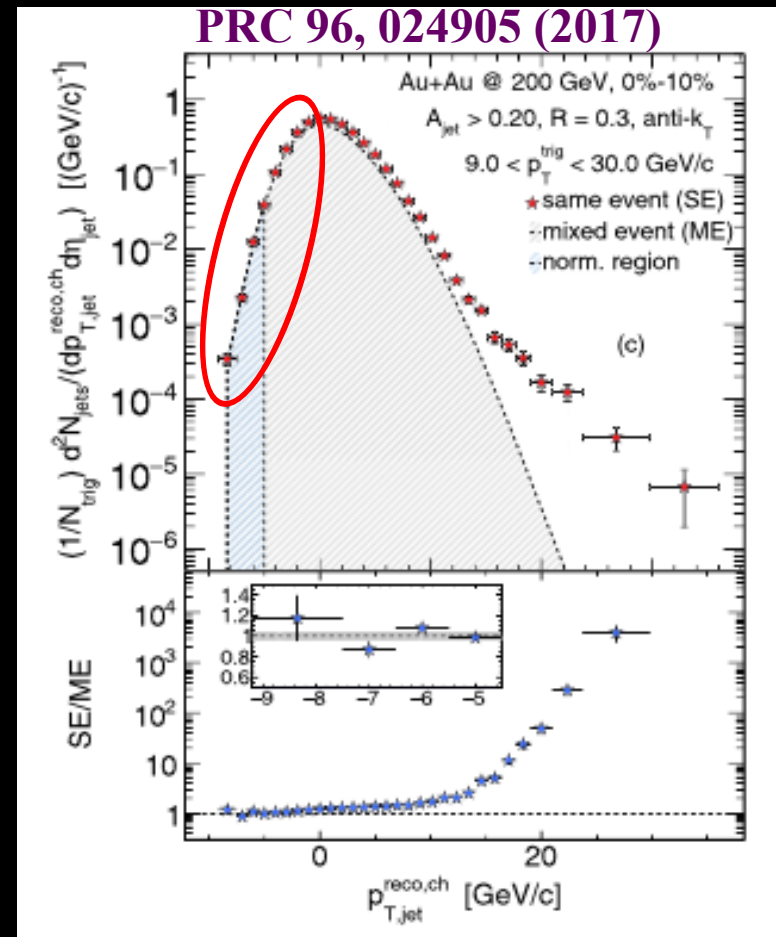
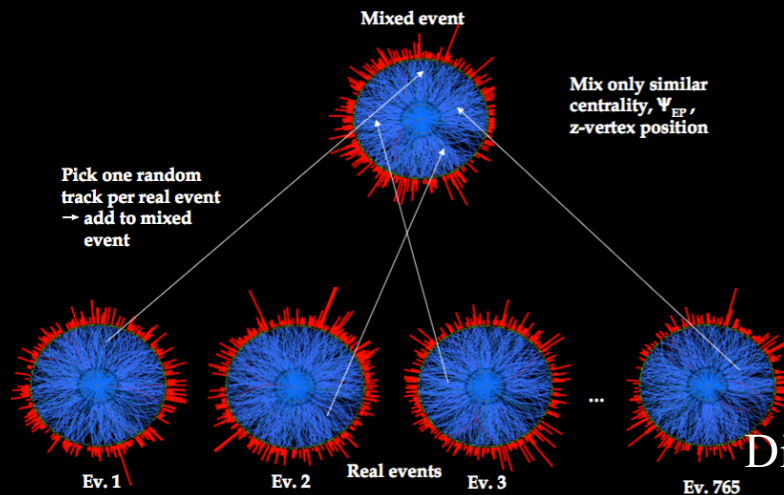
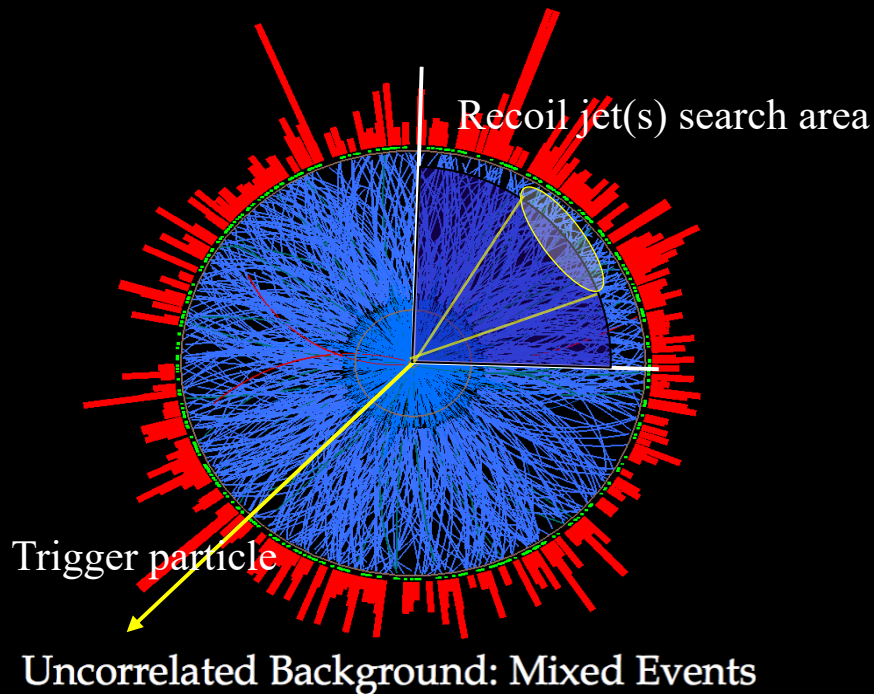
soft



- Enhancement of soft hadrons due to jet-induced medium excitation



h+jet in STAR experiment



$$p_{T,jet}^{reco, ch} = p_{T,jet}^{raw, ch} - \rho \cdot A$$

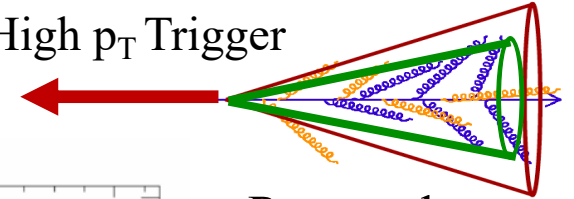
Distribution matches with mixed event background.

h+Jet yield suppression

STAR:PRC 96, 024905 (2017)

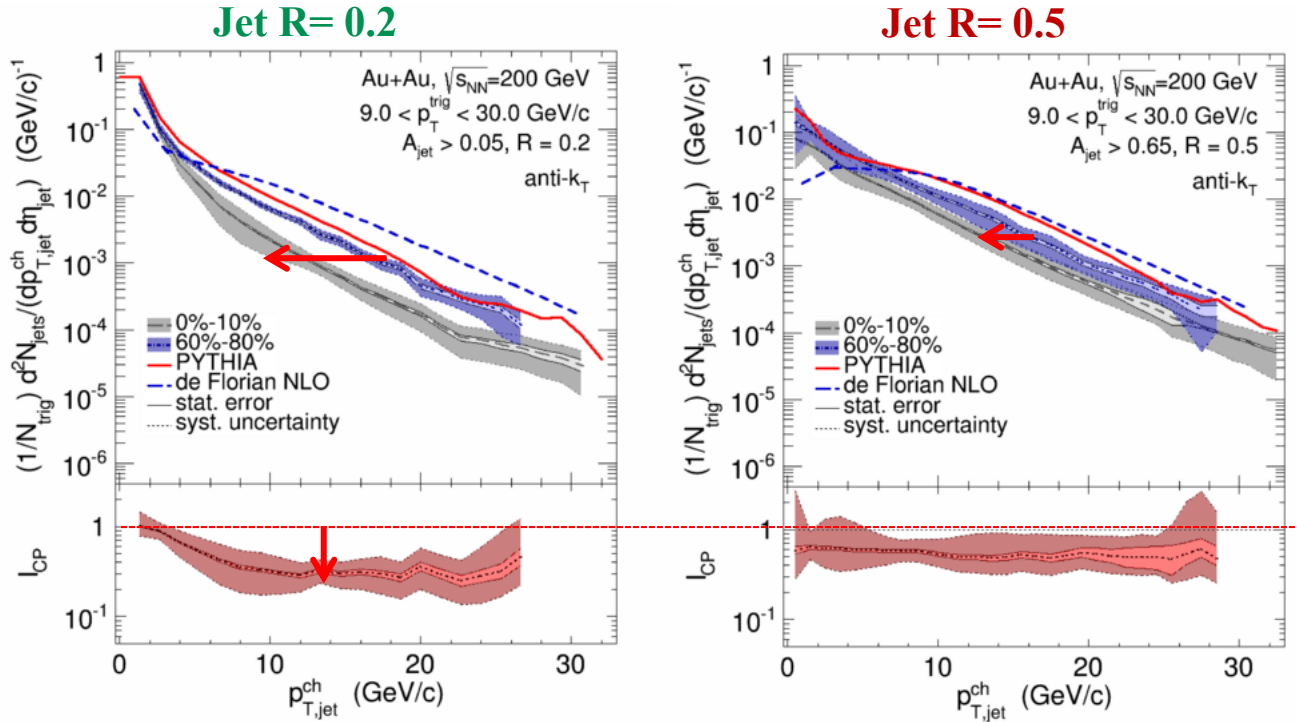
R=0.2 **R=0.5**

High p_T Trigger



Parton shower

Ratio Per trigger yield



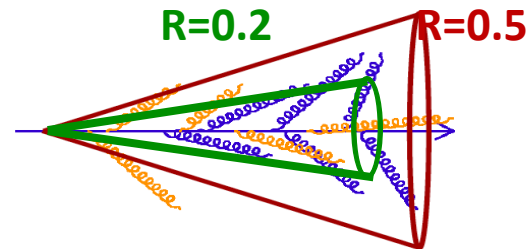
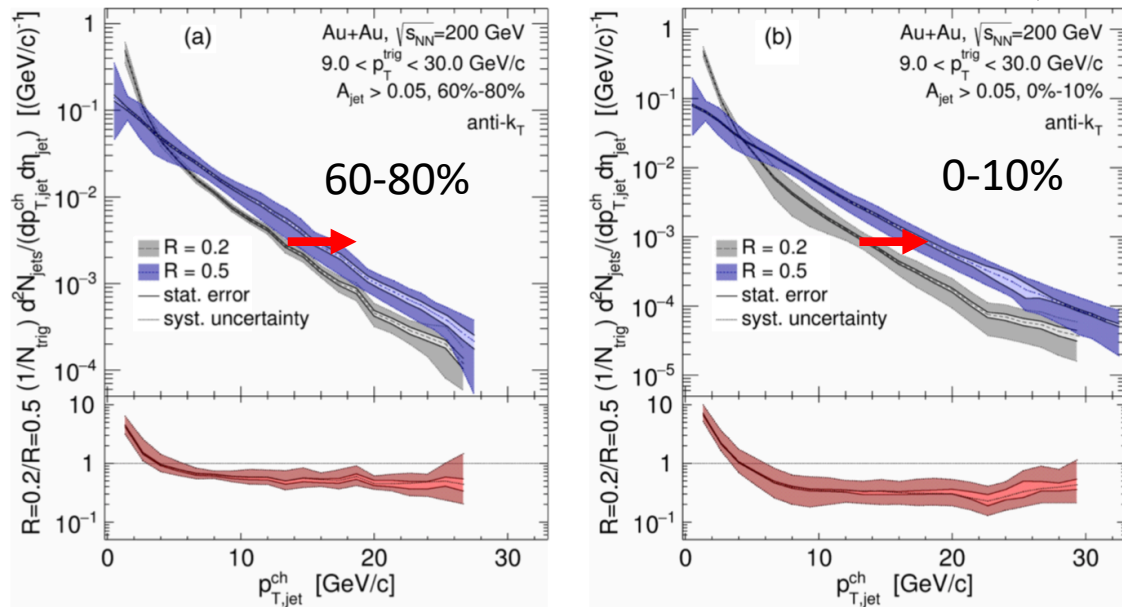
Transverse momentum of the recoil jet in GeV/c

- Energy transported out of the cone due to jet-quenching (Partonic energy loss)

Modification of jet shape: h+jet

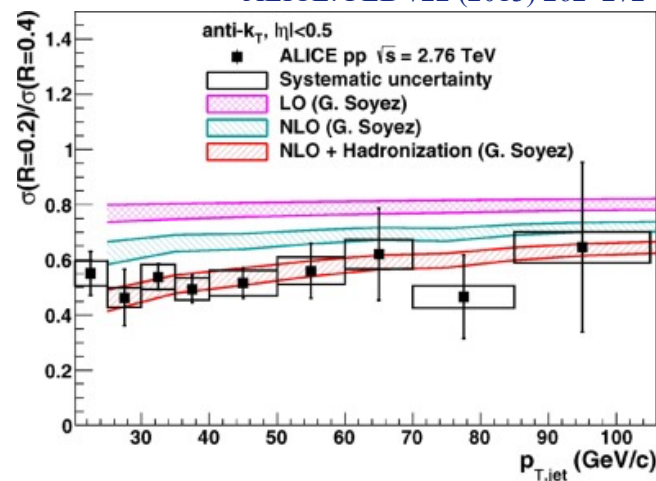
Medium induced broadening!

STAR:PRC 96, 024905 (2017)



Intrajet distribution of energy
transverse to the jet axis

ALICE: PLB 722 (2013) 262–272



- Horizontal p_T -shift between 10-20 GeV/c:

60-80%: $2.9 \pm 0.4(\text{stat}) \pm 1.9(\text{sys})$ GeV/c

0-10%: $5.0 \pm 0.5(\text{stat}) \pm 2.3(\text{sys})$ GeV/c

Consistent within uncertainty

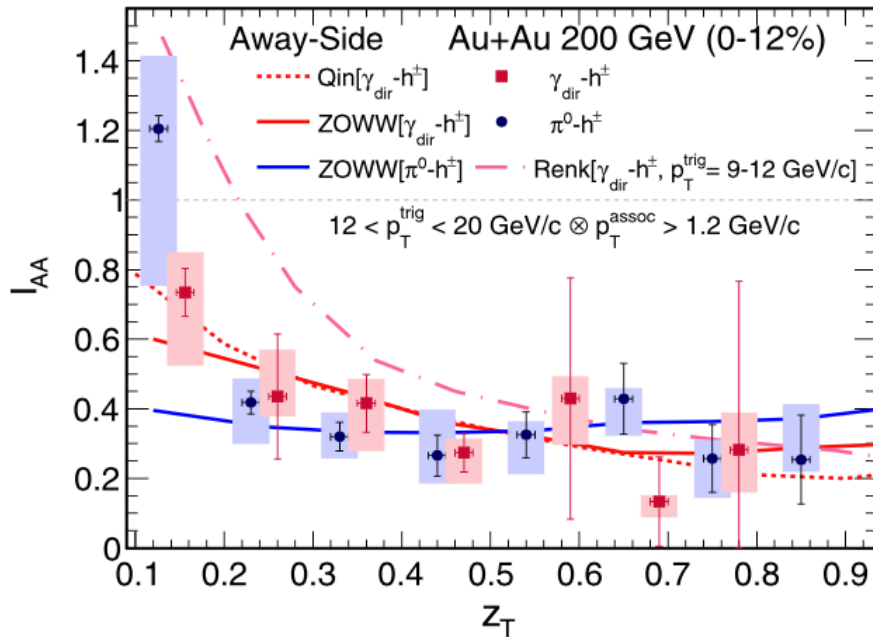
No evidence of broadening of the jet shower due
to jet quenching like in p+p and Pb+Pb at LHC

Two important tools developed in STAR

γ_{dir} +hadron and π^0 +hadron correlation

STAR: PLB 760 (2016) 689

- $\gamma_{\text{dir}}/\pi^0$: trigger and discrimination

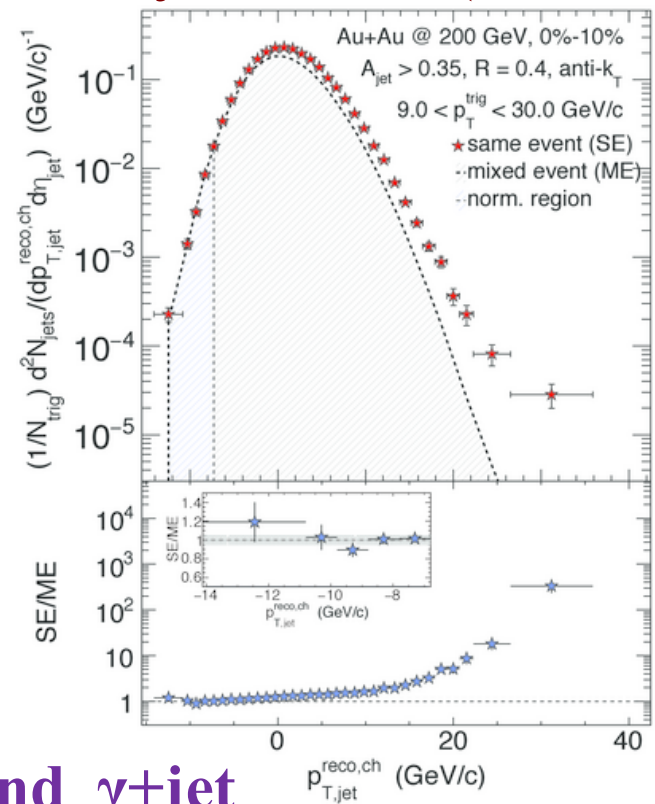


$$I_{AA}(p_T, z_T) = \frac{Y^{\text{Au+Au}}(p_T, z_T)}{Y^{\text{P+P}}(p_T, z_T)}$$

h^{\pm} +jet

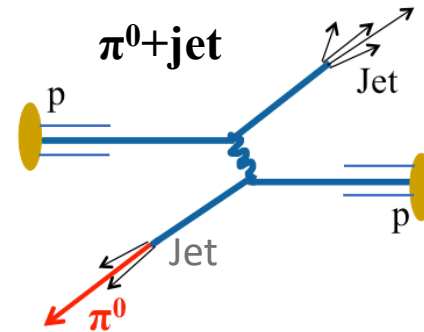
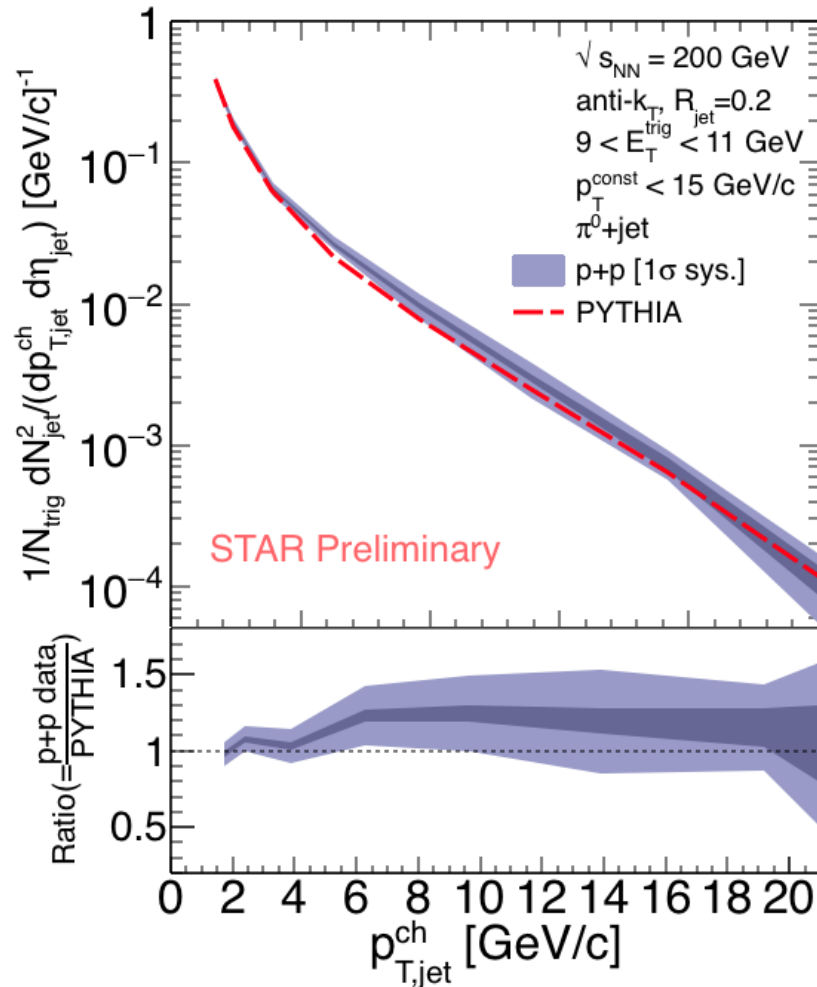
STAR: PRC 96, 024905 (2017)

- Handel over uncorrelated background jet
- Final recoil jet correction (Unfolding)



Splicing these two analyses $\rightarrow \pi^0$ +jet and γ +jet

π^0 -trigger charged recoil jets in p+p collisions

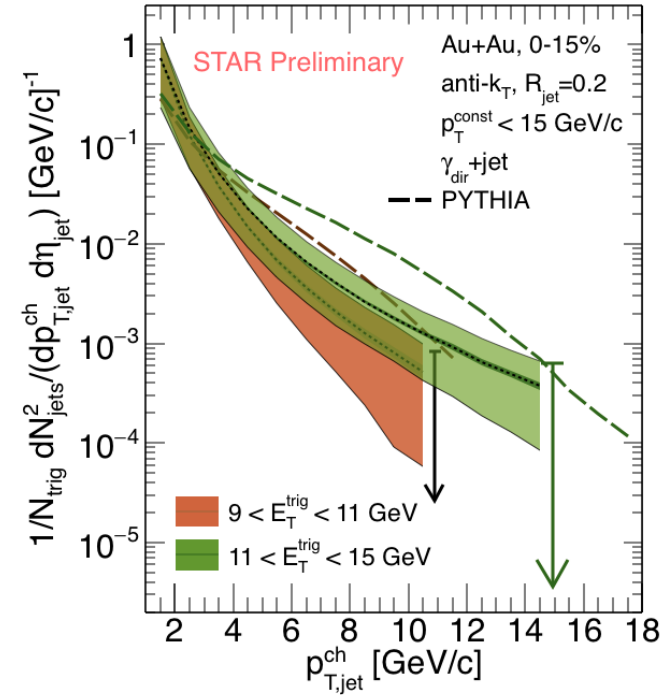
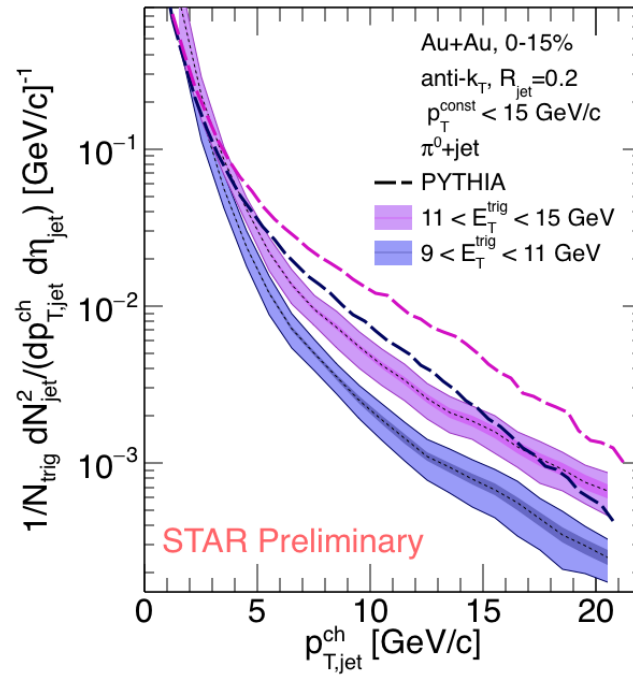


- p+p $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV/c
- π^0 triggers with $9 < E_T^{trig} < 11$ GeV, fully unfolded charged jets
- π^0 -triggered charged-jet spectrum consistent with PYTHIA8.

Nihar Sahoo: HP2018 talk

γ_{dir} +jet and π^0 +jet in Au+Au collisions

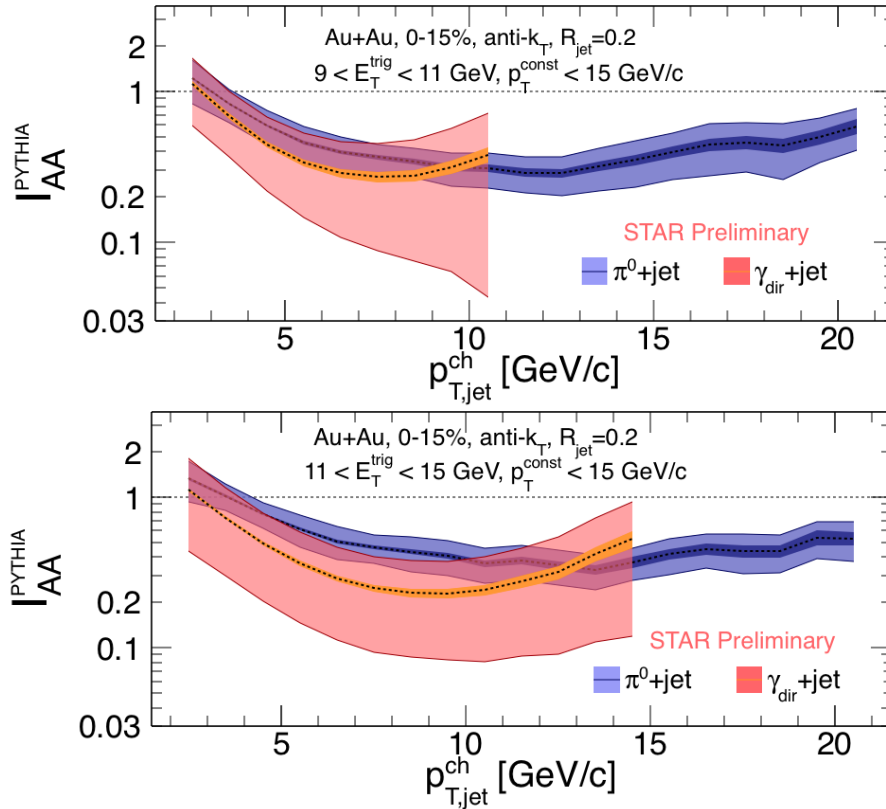
Nihar Sahoo: HP2018 talk



- A clear difference between recoil-jet spectra for different π^0 trigger- E_T : $9 < E_T^{\text{trig}} < 11 \text{ GeV}$ vs. $11 < E_T^{\text{trig}} < 15 \text{ GeV}$
- Indication of difference between γ_{dir} trigger recoil-jet
- Clear suppression with respect to pp reference (PYTHIA8)

Recoil jet yield suppression: $\gamma_{\text{dir}}+\text{jet}$ vs. $\pi^0+\text{jet}$

Nihar Sahoo: HP2018 talk



$$I_{\text{AA}} = \frac{Y(p_{\text{T,jet}}^{\text{ch}})^{\text{Au+Au}}}{Y(p_{\text{T,jet}}^{\text{ch}})^{\text{p+p}}}$$

$I_{\text{AA}}^{\text{PYTHIA}}$: PYTHIA as p+p reference

[Systematic uncertainty has been improved in the current study for QM2019]

- $I_{\text{AA}}^{\text{PYTHIA}}$ is the ratio of per triggered recoil jet yield in central Au+Au collisions to PYTHIA
- Clear suppression for both trigger types with respect to PYTHIA8
- Similar level of suppression in $\gamma_{\text{dir}}+\text{jet}$ and $\pi^0+\text{jet}$, within uncertainties

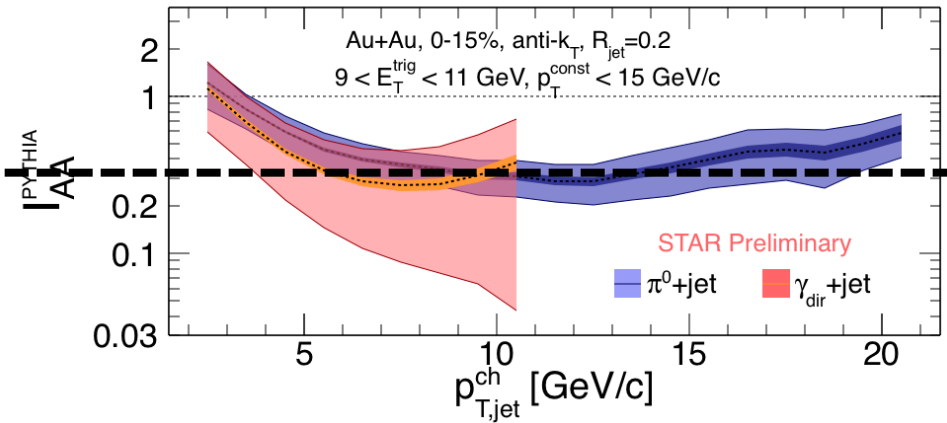
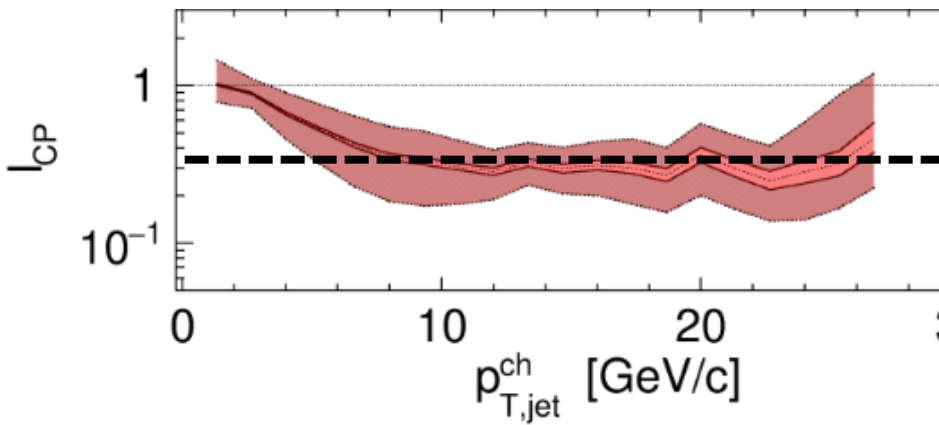
Comparison of h^\pm +jet to π^0 +jet

Au+Au 200 GeV

STAR: PRC **96**, 024905 (2017)

h^\pm +jet: $9 < p_T^{\text{trig}} < 30 \text{ GeV/c}$

This analysis: $9 < E_T^{\text{trig}} < 11 \text{ GeV}$



Systematic (lighter band)
and statistical (darker
band) uncertainties

- Same level of suppression above $p_{T,\text{jet}}^{\text{ch}} > 9 \text{ GeV/c}$
 - h^\pm +jet is I_{CP} , whereas π^0 +jet is $I_{\text{AA}}^{\text{PYTHIA}}$

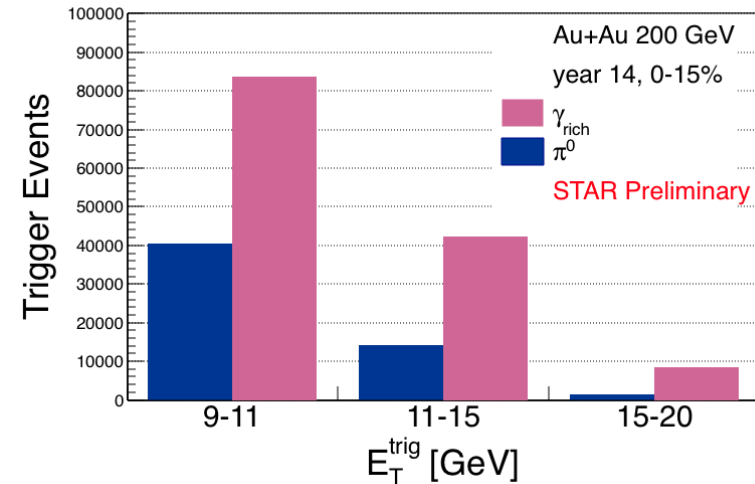
Recoil jet yield suppression: $\gamma_{\text{dir}} + \text{jet}$ vs. $\pi^0 + \text{jet}$

Two jet radii

- $R=0.2$ and 0.5 [to explore medium-induced broadening]

Three trigger E_T bins of γ_{dir} and π^0

- $9 < E_T^{\text{trig}} < 11$ GeV
- $11 < E_T^{\text{trig}} < 15$ GeV
- $15 < E_T^{\text{trig}} < 20$ GeV [STAR capability of γ_{dir} measurement at very high E_T^{trig}]



Results will be shown in Quark Matter 2019, Wuhan.



Dijet symmetry in Au+Au

Background fluctuations in Au+Au

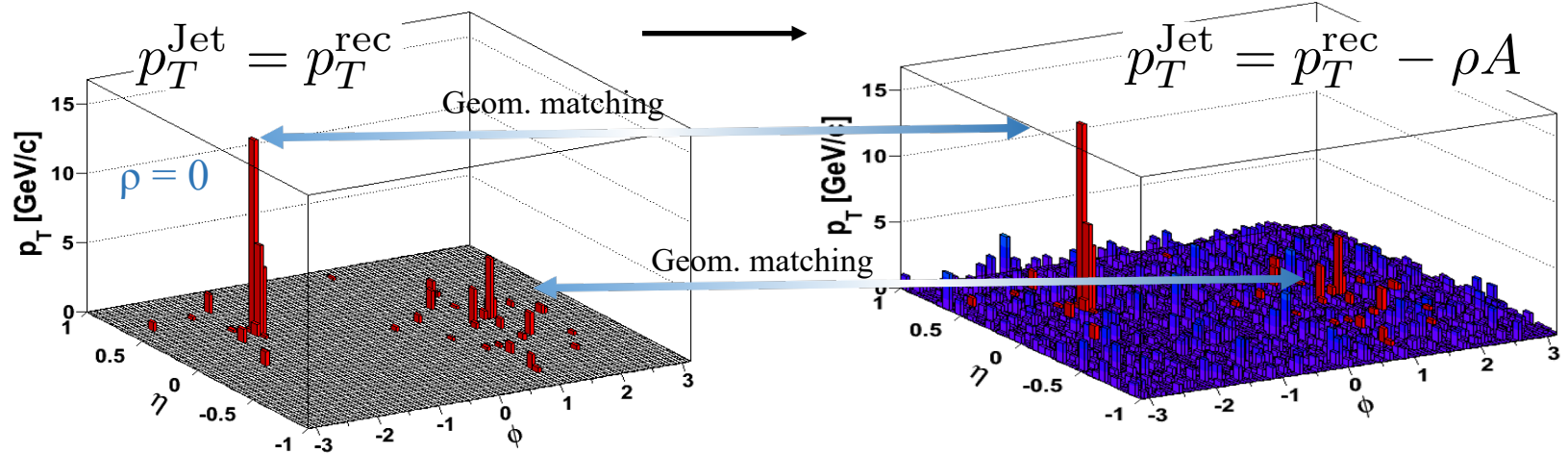
$p_T^{\text{Cut}} = 2 \text{ GeV}/c$

p+p HT

Rerun jet-finding algorithm
anti- k_T on these events

$p_T^{\text{Cut}} = 0.2 \text{ GeV}/c$

p+p HT \otimes Au+Au MB



Transverse momentum imbalance for
back-to-back di-jet pairs

$$A_J = \frac{p_T^{\text{Lead}} - p_T^{\text{SubLead}}}{p_T^{\text{Lead}} + p_T^{\text{SubLead}}}$$

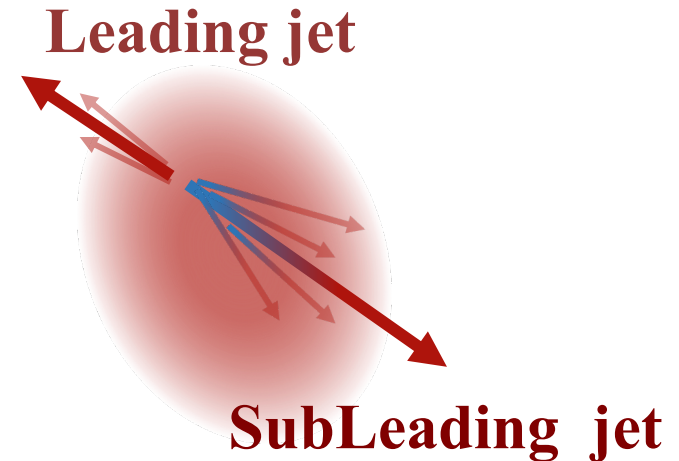
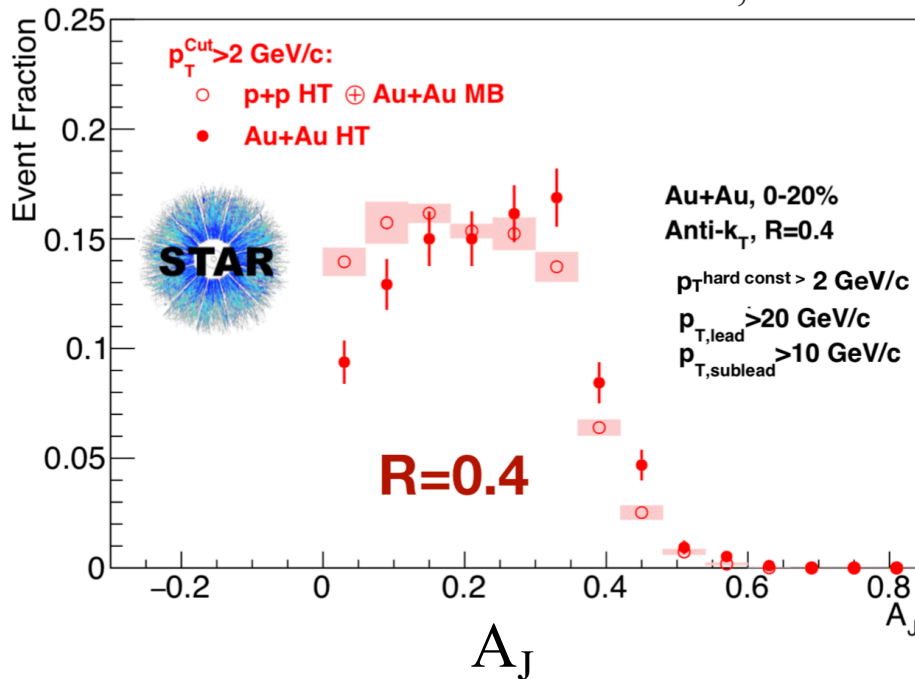
- Calculate “matched” $|A_J|$ with constituent $p_{T,\text{cut}} > 0.2 \text{ GeV}/c$ and with geometrical matching condition $\Delta R < 0.4$

Dijet asymmetry in Au+Au

Transverse momentum
imbalance for back-to-back
di-jet pairs

$$A_J = \frac{p_T^{\text{Lead}} - p_T^{\text{SubLead}}}{p_T^{\text{Lead}} + p_T^{\text{SubLead}}}$$

STAR: PRL 119, 062301 (2017)

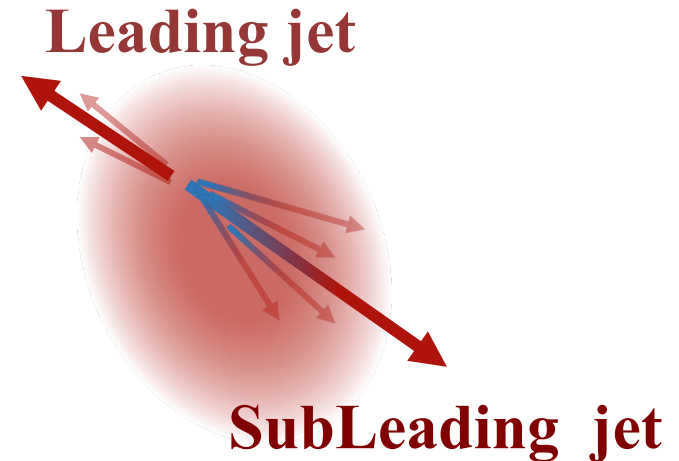
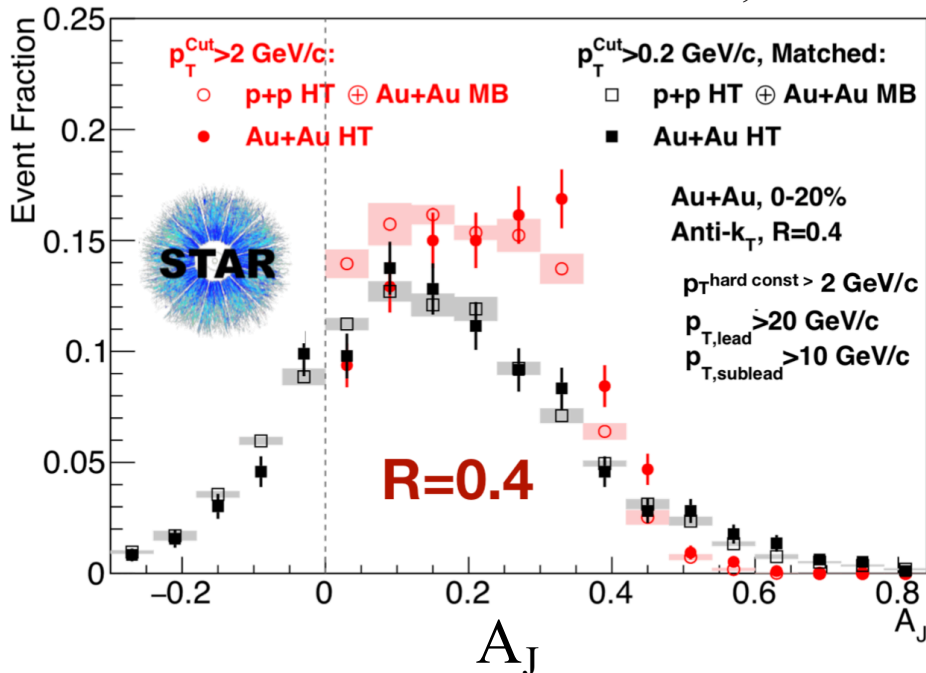


Hard core ($p_T^{\text{const.}} > 2 \text{ GeV/c}$) di-jet noticeably imbalanced w.r.t p+p

Dijet asymmetry in Au+Au

$$A_J = \frac{p_T^{\text{Lead}} - p_T^{\text{SubLead}}}{p_T^{\text{Lead}} + p_T^{\text{SubLead}}}$$

STAR: PRL 119, 062301 (2017)



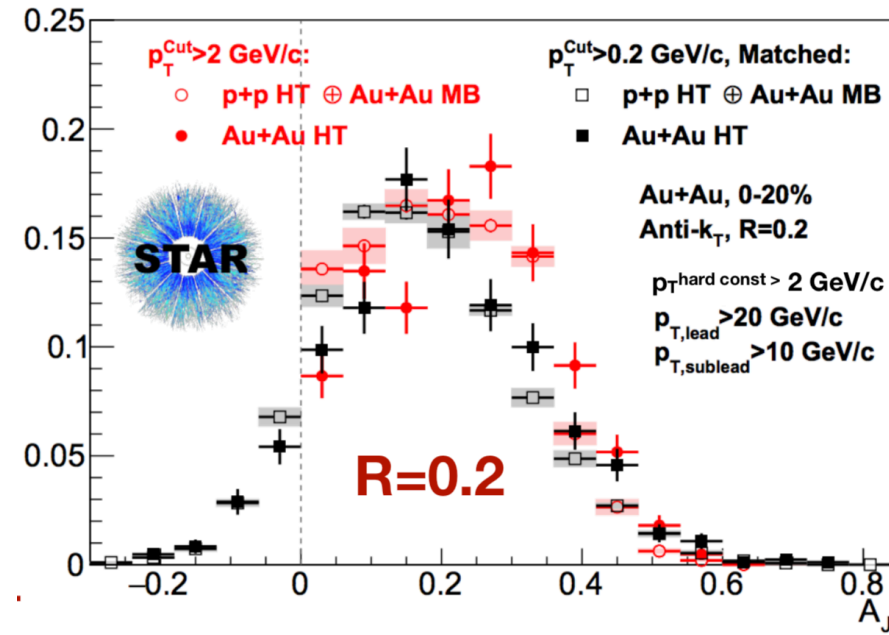
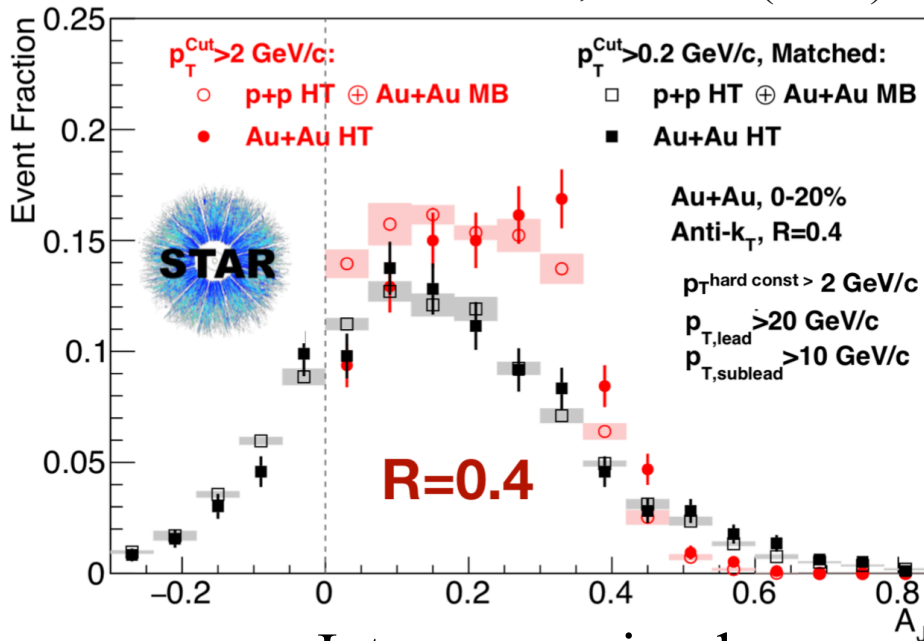
Hard core ($p_T^{\text{const.}} > 2 \text{ GeV/c}$) di-jet noticeably imbalanced w.r.t p+p
 But, including soft particles ($p_T^{\text{const.}} > 0.2 \text{ GeV/c}$), balance recovered to a level of p+p for $R=0.4$ (What about smaller $R = 0.2$?)

Dijet asymmetry in Au+Au

$$A_J = \frac{p_T^{\text{Lead}} - p_T^{\text{SubLead}}}{p_T^{\text{Lead}} + p_T^{\text{SubLead}}}$$

STAR: PRL 119, 062301 (2017)

Balance no longer restored to a level of p+p for $R=0.2$, including soft particles ($p_T^{\text{const.}} > 0.2 \text{ GeV/c}$)



Jet suppression by

- Broadening of jet from $R=0.2$ to 0.4
- Softening of jet constituents

What is the threshold of recovery?

Summary and outlook

Progress after the discovery of jet-quenching at RHIC

- Several attempts for detail information of jet quenching in HIC
STAR/PHENIX: Jet+hadron, γ +hadron, h+Jet, γ +Jet, Dijet, Inclusive jet, SoftDrop-grooming, etc.
- Experimental techniques are developed to handle Heavy-Ion challenges
Soft background fluctuations, uncorrelated jet bg., etc
- Still many open questions to answer for understanding jet-quenching in a finite temperature QCD medium (QGP)

Summary and outlook

Progress after the discovery of jet-quenching at RHIC

- Several attempts for detail information of jet quenching in HIC
STAR/PHENIX: Jet+hadron, γ +hadron, h+Jet, γ +Jet, Dijet, Inclusive jet, SoftDrop-grooming, etc.
- Experimental techniques are developed to handle Heavy-Ion challenges
Soft background fluctuations, uncorrelated jet bg., etc
- Still many open questions to answer for understanding jet-quenching in a finite temperature QCD medium (QGP)

(New results will be presented in QM2019, Wuhan)

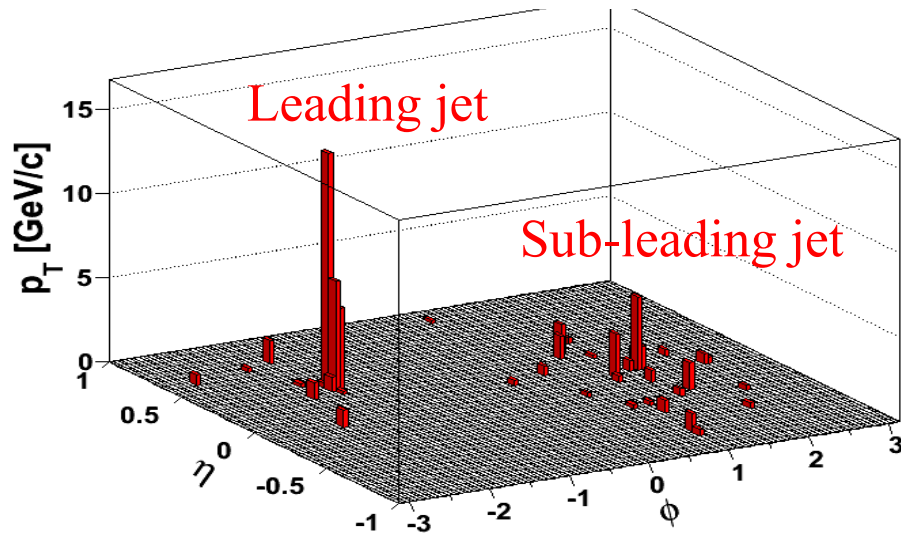


Thank you!
谢谢!

BackUp

Di-Jet imbalance

pp 200 GeV



Di-jet Selection:

Jet $p_T^{\text{Lead}} > 20$ GeV/c

Jet $p_T^{\text{SubLead}} > 10$ GeV/c

$|\Delta\phi - \pi| < 0.4$

Constituent $p_T^{\text{Cut}} > 2$ GeV/c

(Reduce background and combinatorial jets compared with including constituent $p_T^{\text{Cut}} > 0.2$ GeV/c)

Transverse momentum imbalance for
back-to-back di-jet pairs

$$A_J = \frac{p_T^{\text{Lead}} - p_T^{\text{SubLead}}}{p_T^{\text{Lead}} + p_T^{\text{SubLead}}}$$

What is the background effect in Au+Au collisions?