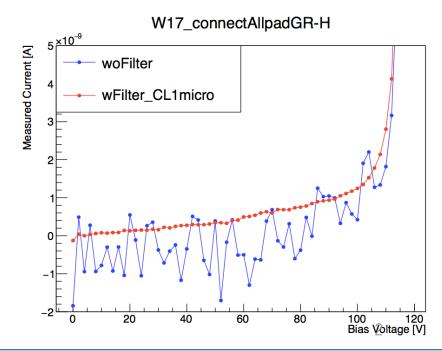
Update on the sensor test etc.

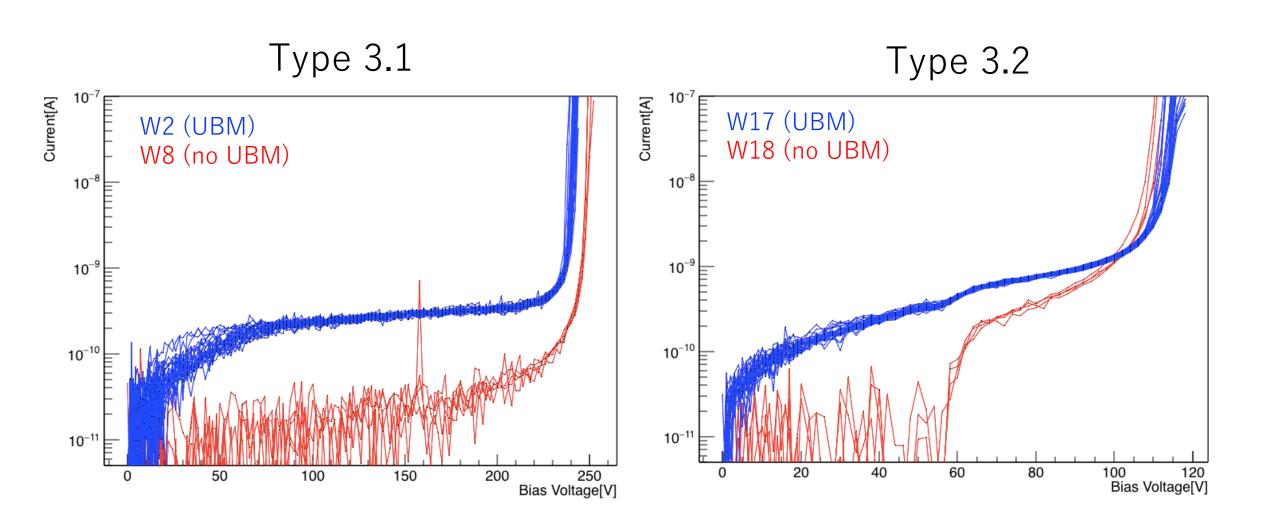
IV measurement settings

- Measurements done with all pads and the guard ring (GR) connected.
 - 24 neighbor pads and GR are connected to ground.
 - Keithley 2410 provides HV applied to the back of the sensor.
 - Keithley 2400 measures the pad current.
 - Current compliance and limit: 1μA
 - Filter enabled.

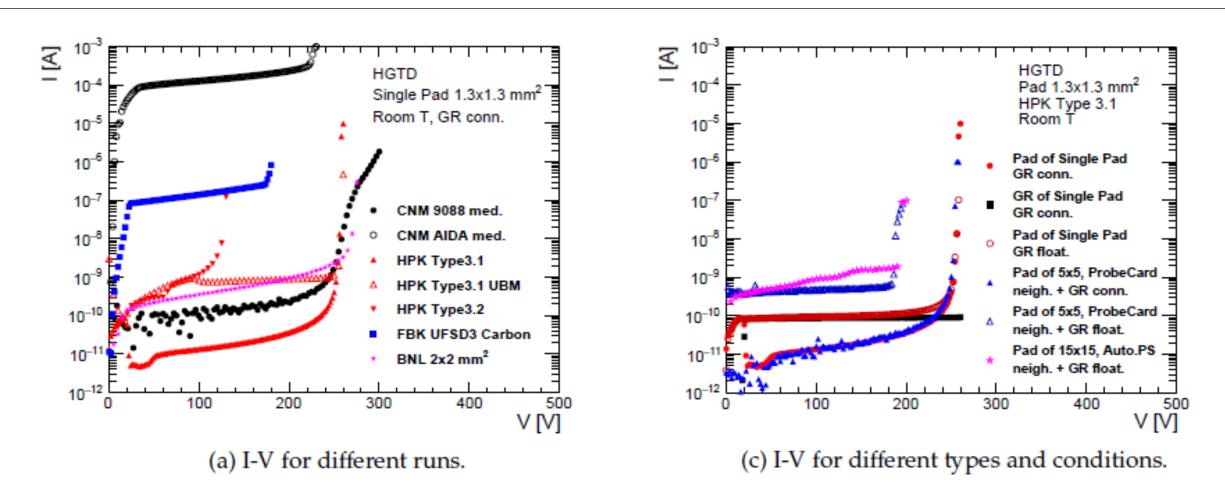
Much improved resolution with the new settings →



HPK 5x5 sensors: comparison with and w/o UBM



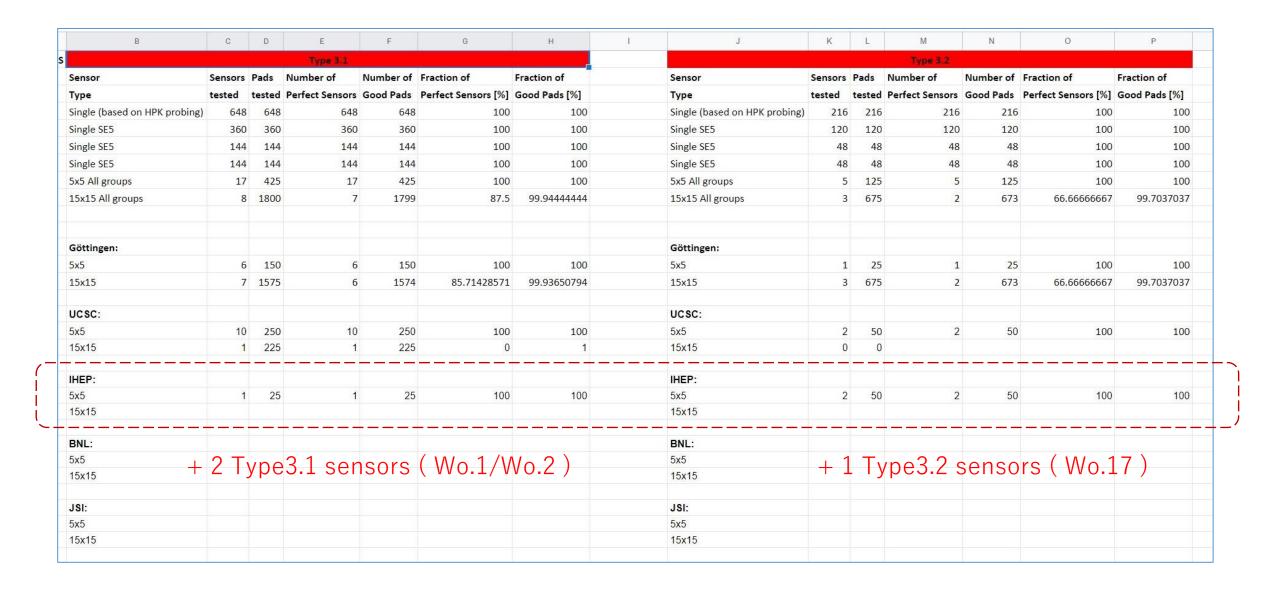
Reference: Figure 5.4, TDR (pre. ver.)



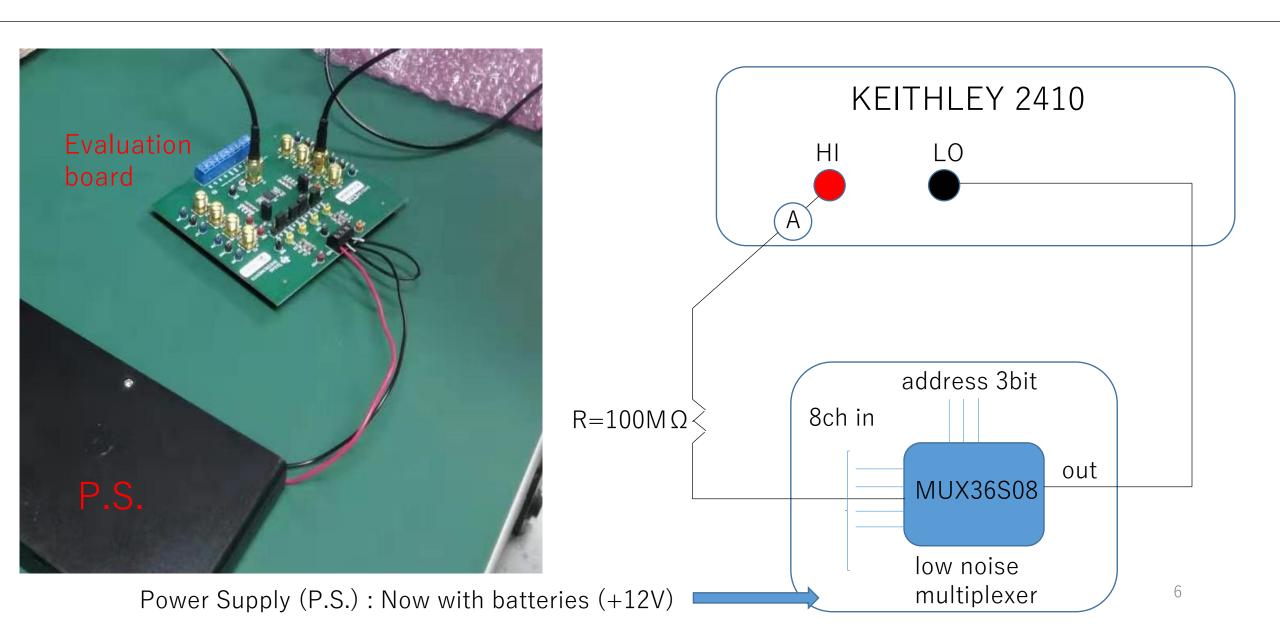
Our result looks similar to those. (Type3.2 UBM is not shown)

Order of 10⁻¹² (pA) would be needed for Type3.1 to see structures

Array test table: (final call just before this meeting ...)



Test of the MUX evaluation board



Test of the MUX evaluation board

Current fluctuation was O(10)pA
(including precision of SMU itself)



As expected from spec. sheet

• Address is controlled with shunts, therefore, the current fluctuation by using digital level from Raspberry Pi is the next issue. (personally, expecting the necessity of isolators)



Fig : $1V/1M\Omega = 0.01 \mu$ A with fluctuation

Technical document on MUX36xxx (Texas Inst.)

Г			T _A = -40°C to +125°C			58	
	On-resistance drift	V _S = 0 V			0.62		Ω/°C
		Switch state is off,		-0.04	0.001	0.04	
	I _{S(OFF)} Input leakage current	V _S = ±10 V, V _D = ±10 V ⁽¹⁾	T _A = -40°C to +85°C	-0.15		0.15	nA
			T _A = -40°C to +125°C	-1.2		1.2	
	Output off lookage	Switch state is off,		-0.15	0.01	0.15	

Next

(from my side)

- Setup Raspberry PI
- IV on 5x5 arrays with KEITHLEY 6487 (depending on the schedule)