# Update the study of $\eta_c \rightarrow \Lambda \overline{\Lambda}$ in J/ $\psi$ radiative decay

Guangrui LIAO<sup>1</sup>, Ronggang PING<sup>2</sup> 1.GXNU 2.IHEP Jan. 22th, 2019 Charmonium group meeting

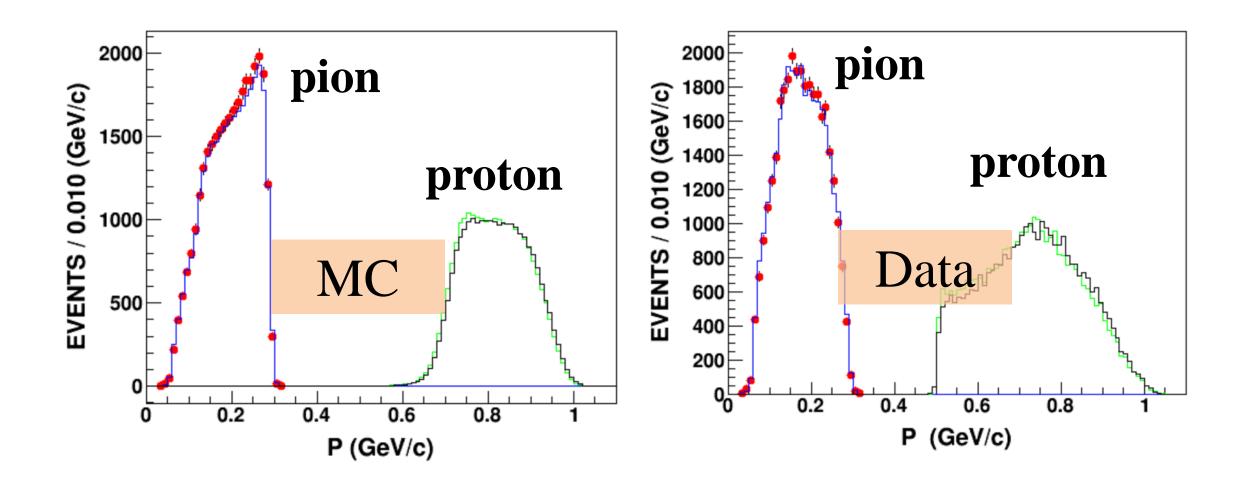
## OUTLINE

- Event selection
- Efficiency check
- Background study
- Summary

#### • Initial selection

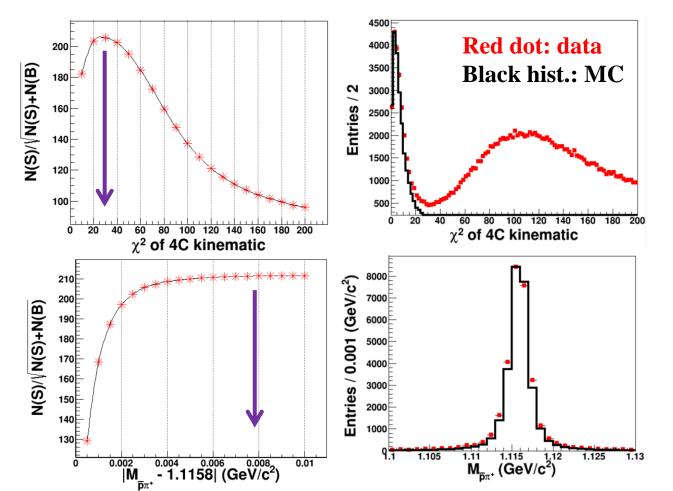
 $\succ$  Charged track :  $N_p = N_{\overline{p}} = N_{\pi+} = N_{\pi-}$ 1) No requirements for Vz and Vr 2) No PID(proton and pion are separated by their momentum). 3)  $\Lambda$  reconstruction: secondary-vertex reconstruction  $\succ$  Neutral track: N<sub>y</sub>  $\geq 1$ 1)  $E_{\gamma} > 25 \text{ MeV (Barrel)}, E_{\gamma} > 50 \text{ MeV (End cap)}$ 2)  $\theta(\gamma, \overline{p}) > 30^{\circ}, \theta(\gamma, p_{\gamma}, \pi^{\pm}) > 20^{\circ}$ 

**>** The 4C kinematic fit ( $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \Lambda \overline{\Lambda}$  hypothesis)



#### • Further selection

#### $S / \sqrt{S} + B$ is used to optimize the selection

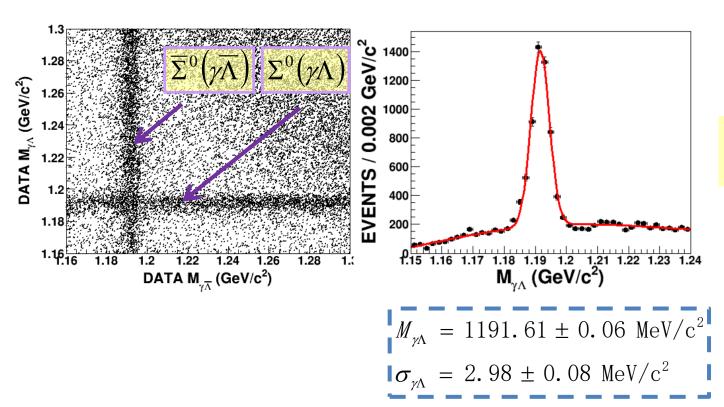


• 
$$\chi^2 < 30$$
  
•  $\left| M_{p\pi} - 1.116 \right| < 0.008 \text{ GeV/c}^2$ 

#### • Further selection

 $S / \sqrt{S + B}$  is used to optimize the selection

 $\Sigma^0$  and  $\overline{\Sigma}{}^0$  should be suppressed.



• 
$$\chi^2 < 30$$
  
•  $|M_{p\pi} - 1.116| < 0.008 \text{ GeV/c}^2$ 

• 
$$|M_{\gamma\Lambda(\overline{\Lambda})} - 1.192| > 0.009 \text{ GeV/c}^2$$

## **Efficiency check**

	Date	09		12		17 and 18	
	MC (10 <sup>7</sup> ) Efficiency(%)		12.76	14.39		12.48	
	Data samula	22	23.7×10 <sup>6 [1]</sup>	1086.9×10 <sup>6 [1]</sup>		4600×10 <sup>6 [2]</sup>	
	Data sample		1177	6840		24410	
Blue Green	dots : all hist. : 09 n hist. 12 hist. 17 and 18	1800 1600 1400 1200 1200 1000 000 000 000 100	2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.3		Vol.41 [2]http	Ablikim, et. al, Chin. Ph , No.1(2007). p://english.ihep.cas.cn/be ?tdsourcetag=s_pcqq_ai	es/doc

 $M_{\Lambda\overline{\Lambda}}$  (GeV/c<sup>2</sup>)

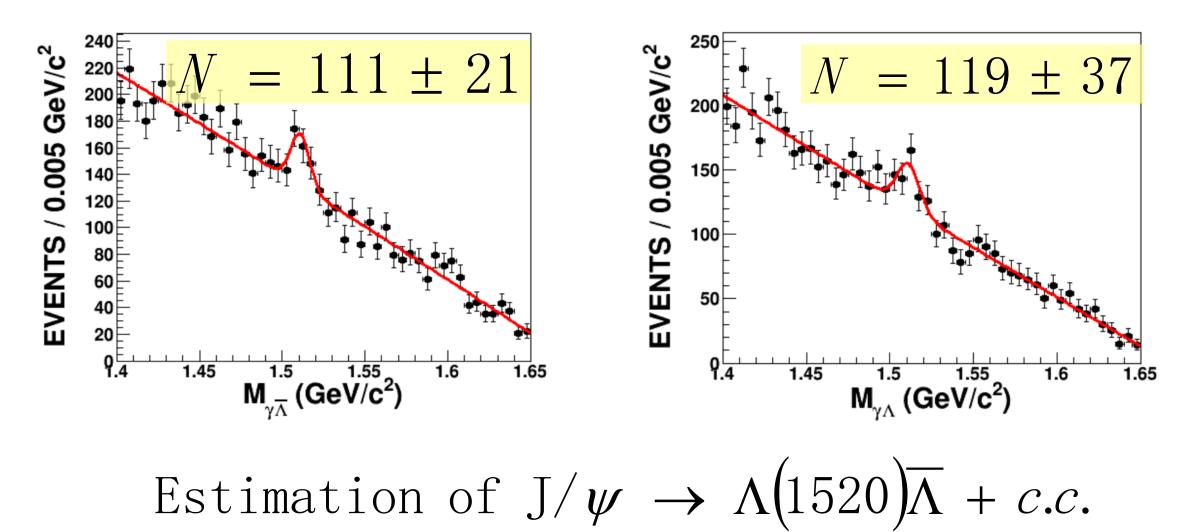
## **Efficiency check**

#### MC sample : 10<sup>7</sup>

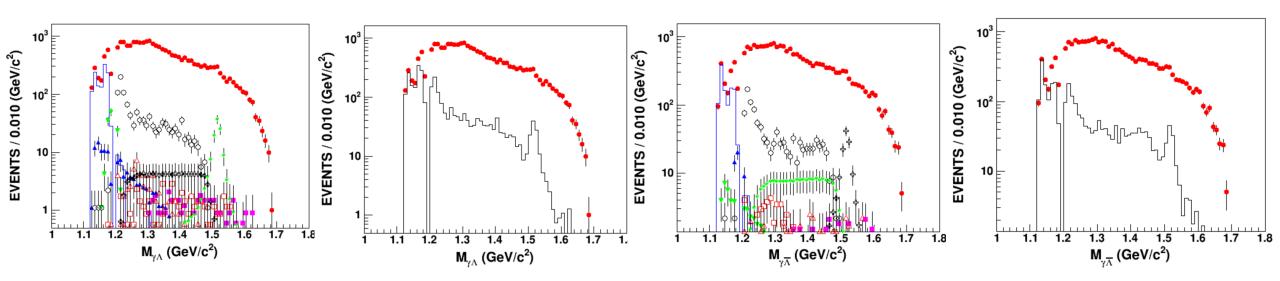
cut data	Good track	Good photon	Vertex fit	<b>4</b> C	Mass of pπ	Mass of $\gamma \Lambda / \overline{\Lambda}$
09	498037	470640	438243	162446	155869	127649
12	515885	487373	457567	183238	175653	143904
17 and 18	486800	460283	426917	158307	151867	124823

The difference of detection efficiency between these data samples maybe caused by the intensity of magnetic field.

## **Background study**

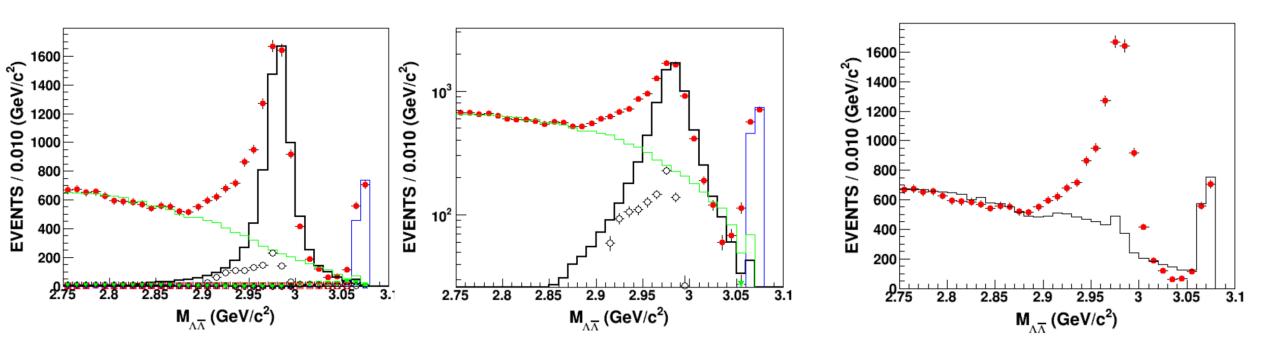


## **Background study**



**1.Red dot: data 3.Green Hist. :**  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \Lambda \overline{\Lambda}$ **5.Blue Triangle:**  $J/\psi \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \overline{\Lambda}$ **7.Black Circle:**  $J/\psi \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \overline{\Sigma}^0$  2.Blue Hsit. :  $J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda \Lambda$ 4.Purple Squre:  $J/\psi \rightarrow \pi^0 \Lambda \overline{\Lambda}$ 6.Green Anti-triangle:  $J/\psi \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \overline{\Lambda}$ 8.Green star:  $J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda(1520) \overline{\Lambda} + c.c.$ 

## **Background study**



**1.Red dot: data 3.Blue Hsit. :**  $J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda \overline{\Lambda}$ **5.Purple Squre:**  $J/\psi \rightarrow \pi^0 \Lambda \overline{\Lambda}$ **7.Green Anti-triangle:**  $J/\psi \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \overline{\Lambda}$ **9.Green star:**  $J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda (1520) \overline{\Lambda} + c.c.$ 

2.Black hist.:  $\eta_c \rightarrow \Lambda \overline{\Lambda}$ 4.Green Hist. :  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \Lambda \overline{\Lambda}$ 6.Blue Triangle:  $J/\psi \rightarrow \overline{\Sigma}^0 \Lambda$ 8.Black Circle:  $J/\psi \rightarrow \overline{\Sigma}^0 \Sigma^0$ 

## Summary

• Preliminary study of  $\eta_c \rightarrow \Lambda \Lambda$ 

1)Proton and pion can be separated by their momentum for the channel;

- 2) Efficiency of different data samples are not same;
- 3) Background study:

Contribution of  $J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)\Lambda + c.c.$  is estimated by fitting data, and other backgrounds are estimated according to their branching fractions.

- Next work:
  - 1) Fixed the selection;
  - CHUMK YOU? 2) Analyze the mass spectrum of  $\Lambda\overline{\Lambda}$  with all J/ $\psi$  sample.