





Geant4 (G)UI

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A lot of material by J. Pipek

The 2nd Geant4 School in China, Shandong University, Qingdao, March 25th- 29th, 2019 Three ways of steering the simulation

1) hard-coded application

- no user interaction
- everything specified in the C++ source
- re-compile needed to apply changes

2) batch session

• commands in external macro file

3) interactive session

- real-time command input by user
- textual, graphical, (network-based)

Select the way of control

main.cc

```
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
   G4RunManager* runManager = new G4RunManager;
   runManager->SetUserInitialization(new MyDetectorConstruction());
```

// Physics list
G4VModularPhysicsList* physicsList = new MyPhysicsList;
physicsList->SetVerboseLevel(1);
runManager->SetUserInitialization(physicsList);

// User actions initialization
runManager->SetUserInitialization(new MyActionInitialization());

Insert the control code here!

delete runManager;

1 Hard-coded C++

```
// ...
// User actions initialization
runManager->SetUserInitialization(new MyActionInitialization());
runManager->Initialize();
```

```
runManager->BeamOn(1000);
```

```
// ...
delete runManager;
```

}

```
You must initialize and start the run by issuing
"beam on"
```

Even the number of events has to be specified!

2 Batch session

}

```
// ...
// User actions initialization
runManager->SetUserInitialization(new MyActionInitialization());
G4UImanager* UImanager = G4UImanager::GetUIpointer();
G4String command = "/control/execute ";
G4String fileName = argv[1]; <
UImanager->ApplyCommand(command + fileName);
// ...
delete runManager;
```

This example gets the file name of the macro from the command-line argument:

./myApplication my-macro.mac

Macro file: example basic/B1



The contents of the file, excluding #comments, are executed line by line in the application (\rightarrow previous slide)

3 Interactive session

- Many different session types, inheriting from G4UIsession class:
 - command-line based (dumb terminal)
 - graphical
 - special
 - your own? ☺
- G4UIExecutive class enabling to select the appropriate session at runtime, based on the environment variables (recommended)

3a: Concrete UI session



Session types:

- G4UIterminal command-line (like C-shell)
- G4UI (t) csh csh- or tcsh-like specific terminal
- G4UIQt modern graphical UI (recommended)
- G4UIWin32 for windows only
- G4UIWt experimental web-browser based
- G4UIGAG for GAG java UI

G4UIQt session exampleB1 **i** 📮 🔅 \oplus \triangleleft Icons Scene tree, Help, History viewer-0 (OpenGLStoredQt) 🗵 Useful tips 🗵 ihu May 11 14:46:06 2017 Scene tree Help History Search : Command + control 🕀 units + process 🕂 analysis 🕀 gui Geant4 🗄 particle exampleB1 geometry ± tracking Output 🗄 event Q + cuts Ī 🗄 run random # To get nice view Output (Cout) # Make the "World" box invisible 🕀 material /vis/geometry/set/visibility World 0 false physics_lists /vis/scene/notifyHandlers 🗄 gun # "Envelope" is transparent blue to represent water 🗄 vis /vis/geometry/set/colour Envelope 0 0 0 1 .3 🗄 heptst /vis/scene/notifyHandlers Command

physics_engine

tree

Command input

Session :

Visualization

×

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3b G4UIExecutive

- G4UIExecutive behaves like a G4UIsession, but it selects the most appropriate concrete session:
 - from constructor argument
 - from environment variables: G4UI_USE_QT, ...
 - from \$HOME/.g4Session file
 - from the list (first that applies):

Available UI session types: [Qt, GAG, tcsh, csh]

→ See from *hands-on session*

```
// ...
G4UIExecutive* ui = new G4UIExecutive(argc, argv);
ui->SessionStart();
delete ui;
// ...
You may add a third
argument here, i.e.
the session name
```

(2)(3) Universal batch/interactive approach



- Mode selected based on application argument:
 - No argument = interactive mode
 - One argument = batch mode

Executing macro commands

Hard-coded (!)

```
// ...
G4UImanager* UImanager = G4UImanager::GetUIpointer();
G4String command = "put your command here";
UImanager->ApplyCommand(command);
// ...
```

Batch session

put the command in the macro file

Interactive session

just type the command in the window or in the terminal line

Example UI commands: a few useful ones...

- /run/verbose 1 sets how much output the run manager will print (similar for other classes)
- /run/initialize initializes the run (constructing the geometry, physics and preparing the user actions)
- /run/beamOn 100 starts a run with 100 events
- /control/execute macroName run all commands contained in a macro file
- A complete list of built-in commands is available in the Geant4 Application Developers Guide, Chapter 7.1

Hands-on: ready to start!

Hands-on

All slides (so far) available in

- http://indico.ihep.ac.cn/event/9624/
- Let us start with the exercises:
 - http://202.122.35.42/introduction
 - Bookmark this link: all exercises will be uploaded here
 - Now task0 available