

Ab initio resonance and continuum Gamow shell model: applied to calcium isotopes up to beyond dripline

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Based on the realistic nuclear force of the high-precision CD-Bonn potential, we have performed comprehensive calculations for neutron-rich calcium isotopes using the Gamow shell model method (CGSM) which includes resonance and continuum. The GSM calculations will produce the binding energies and single-neutron separation energies of the calcium isotopes, predicting that ^{57}Ca is the last bound odd isotope and even-even ^{70}Ca is the dripline nucleus in calcium chain. Resonant states are predicted, which provides useful information for experiments on particle instability in neutron-rich calcium isotopes. The evolutions of the shell structure around the neutron numbers of $N = 32, 34$ and 40 in the calcium chain are understood via the calculations of effective single-particle energies and the energies of the first 2^+ states, as well as two-neutron separation energies. Our calculations support the sub-shell closures in ^{52}Ca ($N = 32$) and ^{54}Ca ($N = 34$) and predict that the $N = 40$ sub-shell closure disappears in calcium chain. The possible shell closure at $N=50$ and the dripline position at ^{70}Ca are predicted. Effects from the continuum coupling are discussed.

Abstract Type

Talk

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