THE 2019 INTERNATIONAL WORKSHOP ON THE HIGH ENERGY CIRCULAR ELECTRON POSITRON COLLIDER

November 18-20, 2019

Institute of High Energy Physics, Beijing, China

# High Field Magnet R&D for SPPC

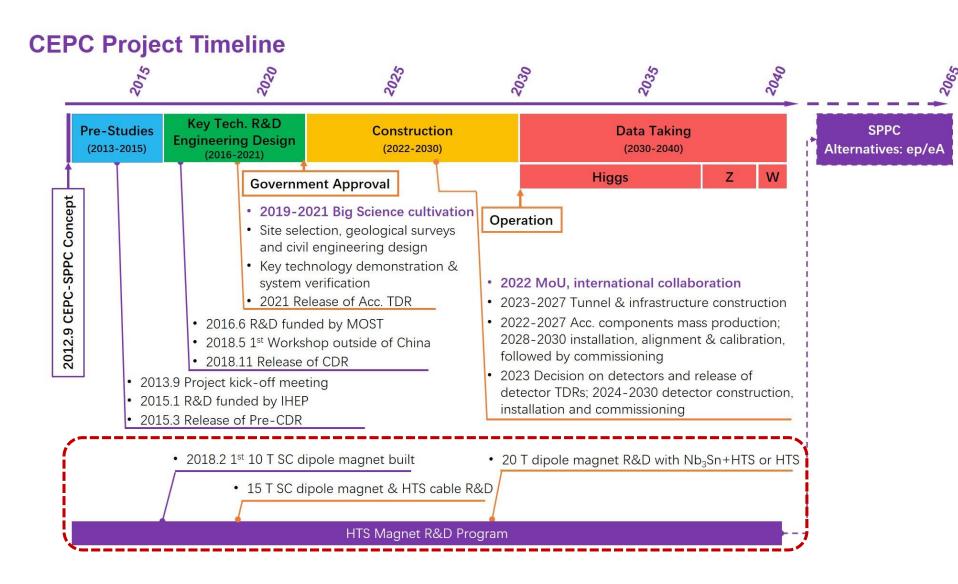
Qingjin XU Institute of High Energy Physics (IHEP) Chinese Academy of Sciences (CAS) Nov 19 2019

# Team Members & Collaborators

IHEP-CAS: Xiangchen Yang, Chengtao Wang, Yingzhe Wang, Ershuai Kong,
Zhan Zhang, Shaoqing Wei, Lingling Gong, Juan Wang, Huanli Yao,
Quanling Peng, Zhen Zhang, Jinrui Shi, Qing Qin, Yifang Wang
IEE-CAS: Xianping Zhang, Dongliang Wang, Yanwei Ma
HIPS-CAS: Huajun Liu, Tao Zhao, Yanlan Hu,...
IMP-CAS: Wei Wu, Yu Liang, Wenjie Liang, Lizhen Ma,...
WST: Bo Wu, Yanmin Zhu, Jianwei Liu, Jianfeng Li, Meng Li, Chao Li, ...
Toly Electric: Yu Zhao, Hean Liao, Bingxing Lu,...

\*Work supported by the Strategic Priority Research Program of the Chinese Academy of Sciences (CAS) Grant No. XDB25000000, the Hundred Talents Program of CAS and the National Natural Science Foundation of China Grant No. 11675193, 11575214, 11604335.

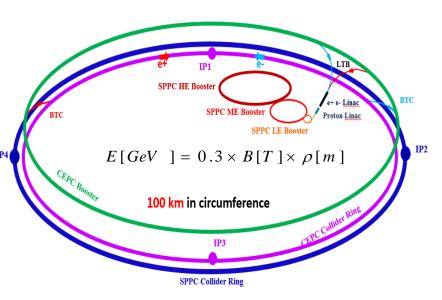
# **CEPC-SPPC** Project Timeline



# SPPC Magnet Design Scope

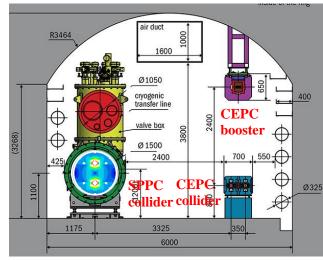
### Main dipoles

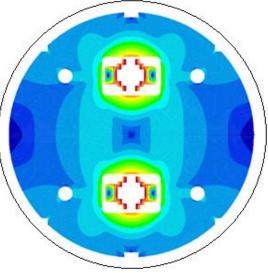
- Field strength: 12-24 Tesla to get 75-150 TeV in a 100-km tunnel
- Baseline Iron-Based Superconductor (IBS), Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn/ReBCO as options
- Aperture diameter: 40~50 mm
- Field quality: 10<sup>-4</sup> at the 2/3 radius



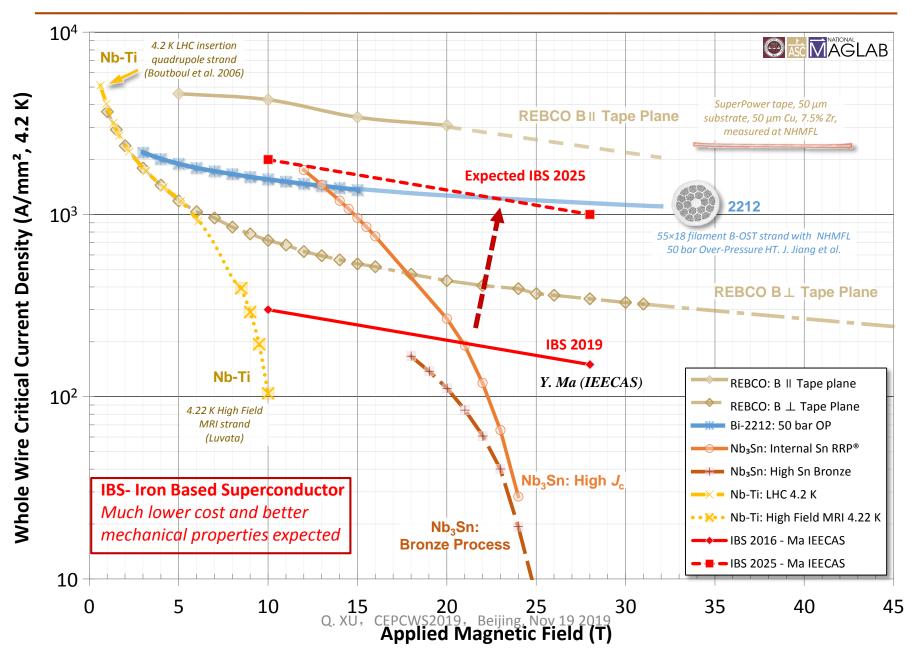
#### Site study of the CEPC-SPPC 6-m width Tunnel for CEPC-SPPC SPPC 12-T Dipole with IBS







# $J_{e}$ of IBS: 2016-2025

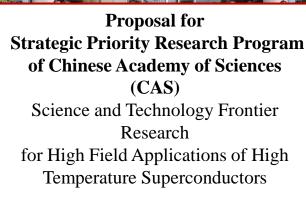


# Domestic Collaboration for HTS R&D

Applied High Temperature Superconductor Collaboration (AHTSC)

- R&D from Fundamental sciences of superconductivity, advanced HTS superconductors to Magnet & SRF technology.
- Regular meetings every 3 months from Oct. 2016
- ➤ Goal:
- Increasing J<sub>c</sub> of iron-based superconductor by 10 times.
- Reducing the cost of HTS conductors to be similar with "NbTi conductor"
- Industrialization of the advanced superconductors, magnets and cavities



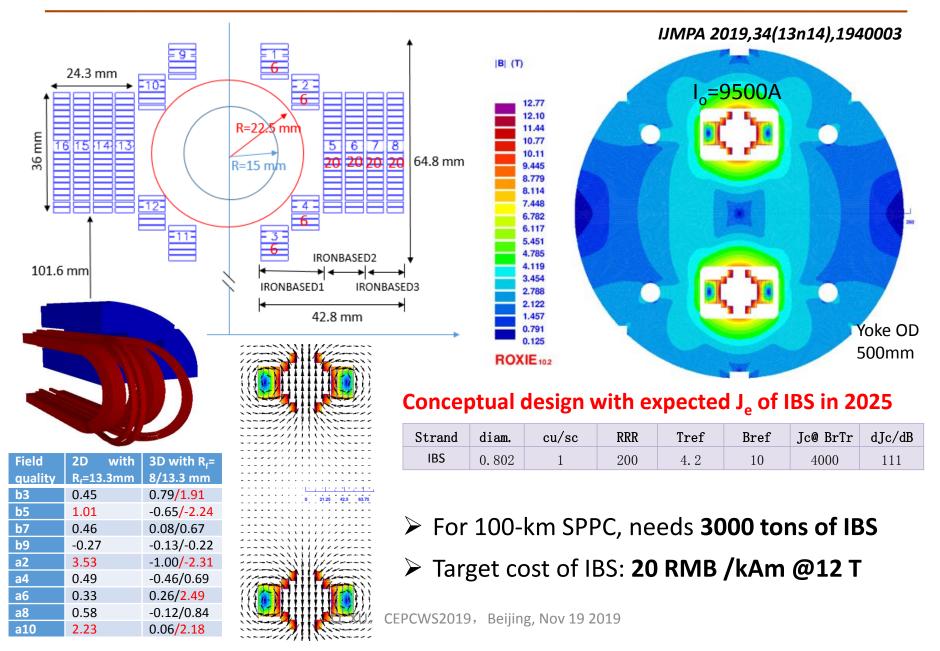


Ranked No. 1 in 7 candidates by Academic Committee of CAS

XU, CE600032B10,BE9102018v2022819



# The 12-T Fe-based Dipole Magnet



# **R&D** Fabrication Procedures and Challenges

Tension control, deformation J<sub>c</sub> and RRR degradation, Flux jump...



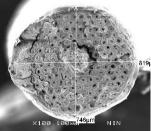
*Temperature control,* Thermal stress control J<sub>c</sub> and RRR degradation.



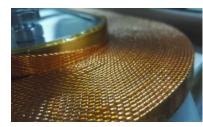


Pre-stress control Stress of coils, Mechanical Stability...

### Cabling $\rightarrow$ Coil winding $\rightarrow$ HT $\rightarrow$ VPI $\rightarrow$ Magnet assembly $\rightarrow$ Test



Material, Structure, Processing,... J<sub>c.</sub> RRR, Cu ratio,



Stress control, Size control, Electrical insulation *J<sub>c</sub>* and Field quality degradation,



*Impregnation quality control:* type of epoxy, procedures; Mechanical strength and Filament size... Electrical short... Q. XUStability2019, Beijing, Nov 19 2019



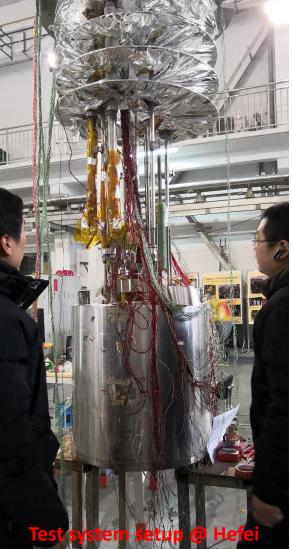
EM force, Quench protection Training, Strain of coils...

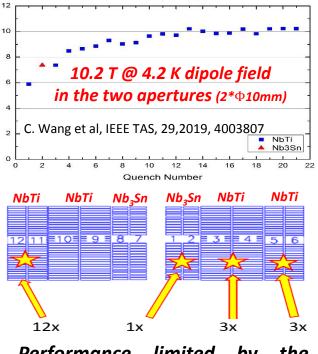
### The 1st High-Field Dipole Magnet LPF1

### Test results of LPF1

(NbTi+Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn)

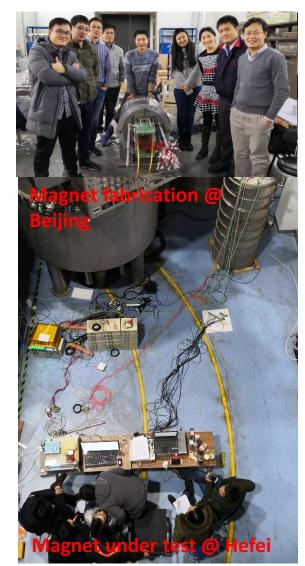
Field (T)





- Performance limited by the outermost NbTi coil.
- Very possibly caused by less of pre-stress.
  - Being tested again now with higher Pre-stress (from 30 MPa **to 80 MPa).** Q. XU,CEPCWS2019,Beijing, Nov 19

2019



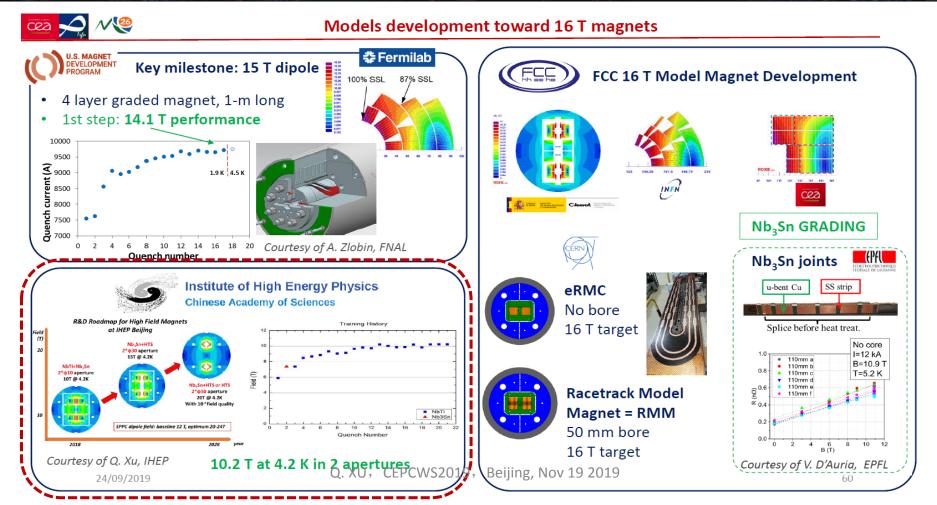
### International Conference on Magnet Technology

September 22 - 27, 2019.

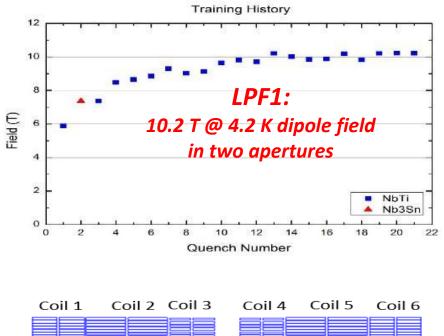
Hosted by

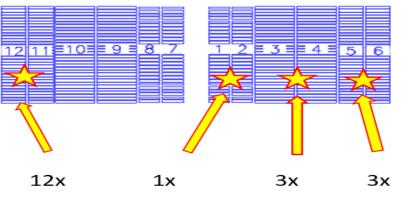
**%TRIUMF** 

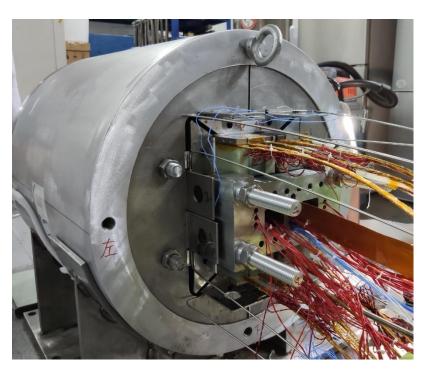


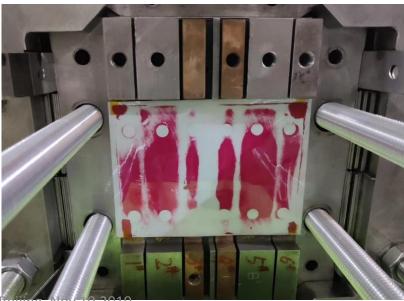


# LPF1s:LPF1 with improved pre-stress





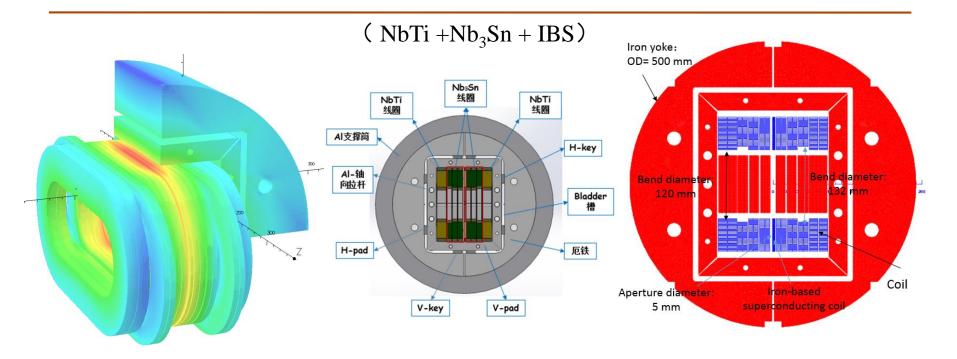




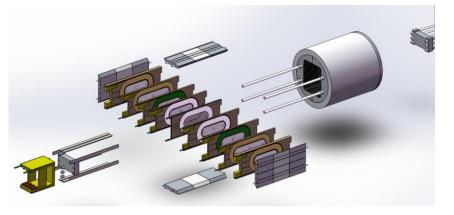
### Test preparation of LPF1s



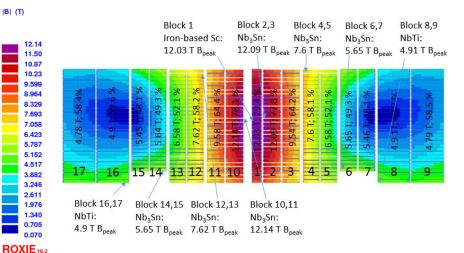
## Development of LPF2



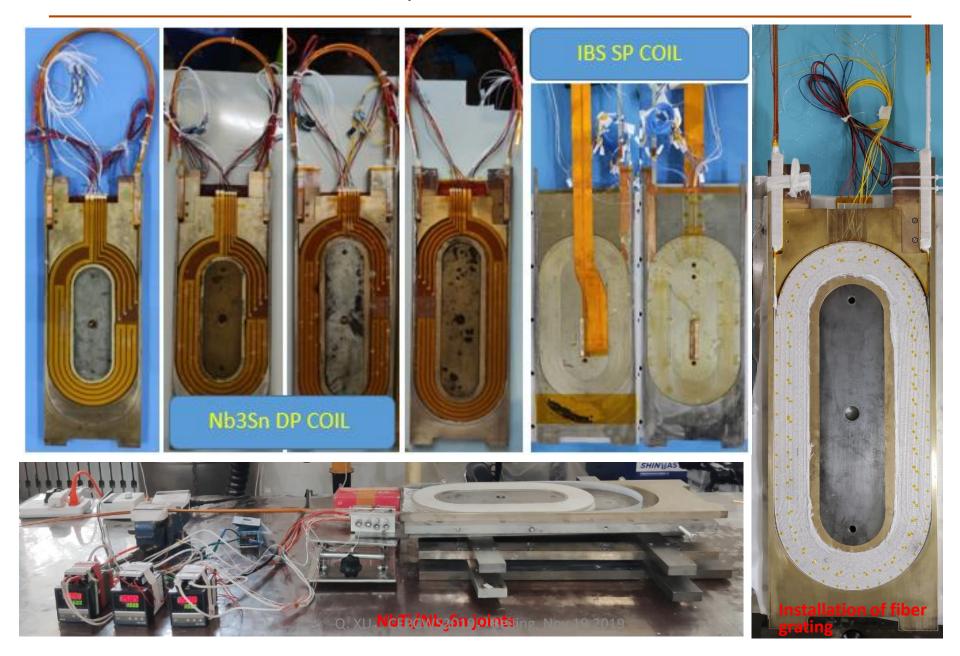
#### 3D Magnetic & Mechanical model



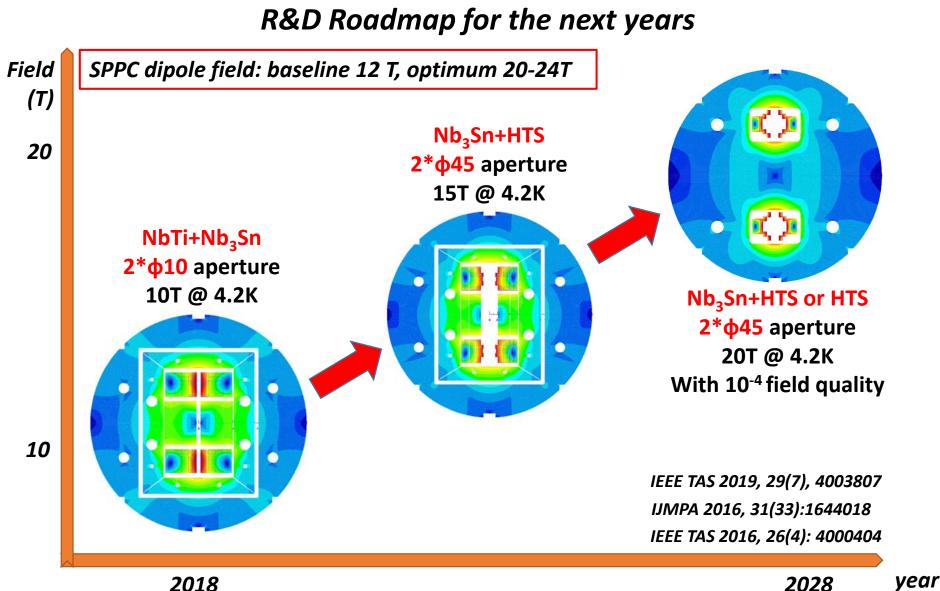
#### Cross section of the magnet



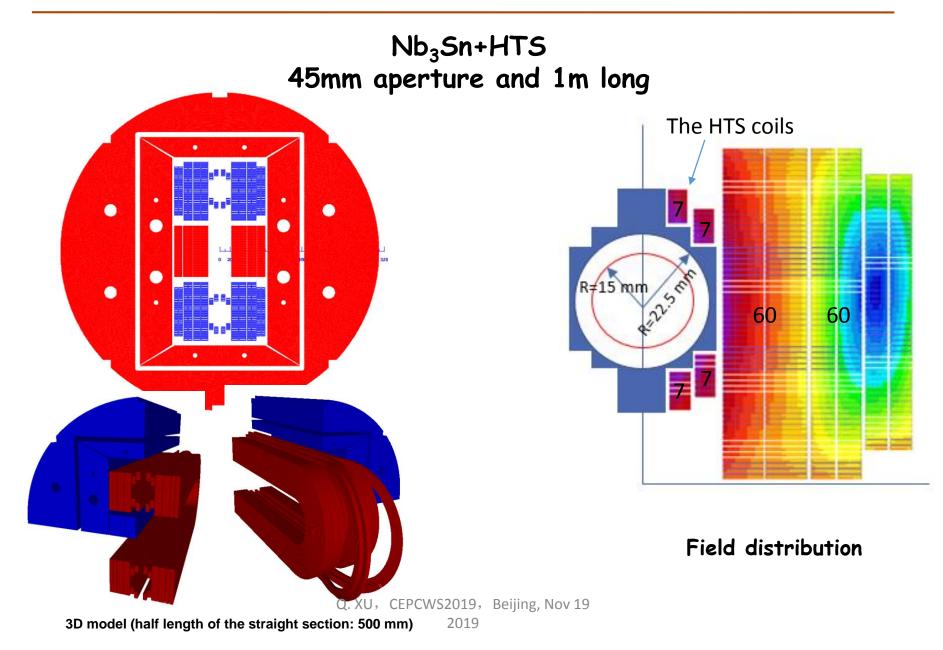
## Development of LPF2



### **R&D** of High Field Dipole Magnets



## LPC:12~16T Prototype Dipole with Field Quality



## Performance of the 1st IBS solenoid Coil

### Fabrication and test of IBS solenoid coil at 24T



IOP Publishing Supercond. Sci. Technol. 32 (2019) 04LT01 (5pp) Superconductor Science and Technology

https://doi.org/10.1088/1361-6668/ab09a4

Letter

#### First performance test of a 30mm iron-based superconductor single pancake coil under a 24T background field

Dongliang Wang<sup>1,2,5</sup>, Zhan Zhang<sup>3,5</sup>, Xianping Zhang<sup>1,2</sup>, Donghui Jiang<sup>4</sup>, Chiheng Dong<sup>1</sup>, He Huang<sup>1,2</sup>, Wenge Chen<sup>4</sup>, Qingjin Xu<sup>3,6</sup> and Yanwei Ma<sup>1,2,6</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Key Laboratory of Applied Superconductivity, Institute of Electrical Engineering, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100190, People's Republic of China

<sup>2</sup> University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, People's Republic of China <sup>3</sup> Institute of High Energy Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, People's Republic of China

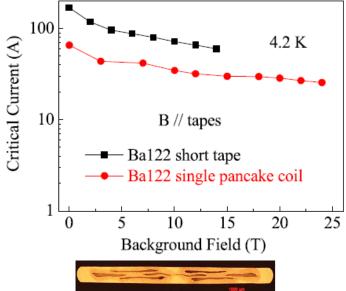
4 High Magnetic Field Laboratory, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Hefei 230031, People's Republic of China

### Viewpoint by NHMFL

'From a practical point of view, IBS are ideal candidates for applications. Indeed, some of them have quite a high critical current density, even in strong magnetic fields, and a low superconducting anisotropy.

Moreover, the cost of IBS wire can be four to five times lower than that of Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn.....





**IOP** Publishing

Supercond. Sci. Technol. 32 (2019) 070501 (3pp)

Superconductor Science and Technology https://doi.org/10.1088/1361-6668/ab1fc

Viewpoint



### Constructing high field magnets is a real tour de force

Jan Jaroszynski National High Magnetic Field, Laboratory, Tallahassee, FL. 32310, United States of America E-mail: jaroszy@magnet.fsu.edu

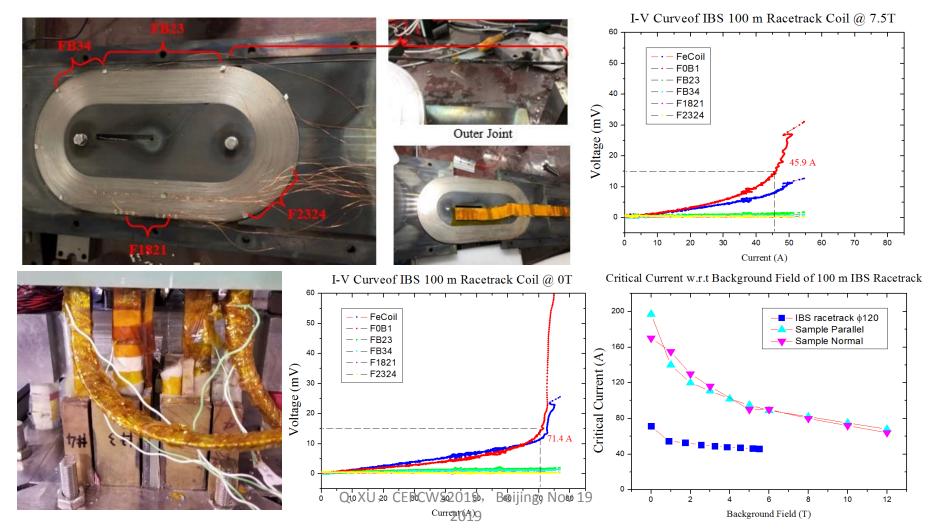
This is a viewpoint on the letter by Dongliang Wang et al (2019 Supercond. Sci. Technol. 32 04LT01).

Following the discovery of superconductivity in 1911, Heike Kamerlingh Onnes foresaw the generation of strong magnetic fields as its possible application. He designed a 10 T electromagnet made of lead-tin wire, citing only the difficulty

### Fabrication and test of the 1<sup>st</sup> IBS racetrack coil at 8T



- The 1<sup>st</sup> racetrack coil with 100m long IBS tape fabricated and tested with up to 8T background field. Performance limited by unsatisfying joints.  $\triangleright$ 
  - The 2<sup>nd</sup> IBS racerack coil has been fabricated and to be tested at 10-12T.





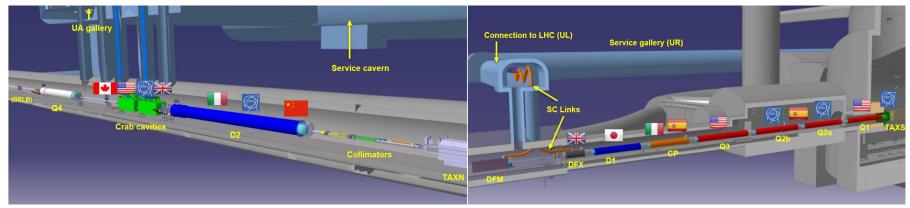
## R&D of HL-LHC CCT Magnets



**China provides 12+1 units CCT corrector magnets for HL-LHC before 2022** 2\*2.6T dipole field in the two apertures. 2.2m prototype being fabricated.



Agreement For HL-LHC CCT Magnets Signned in Sep 2018

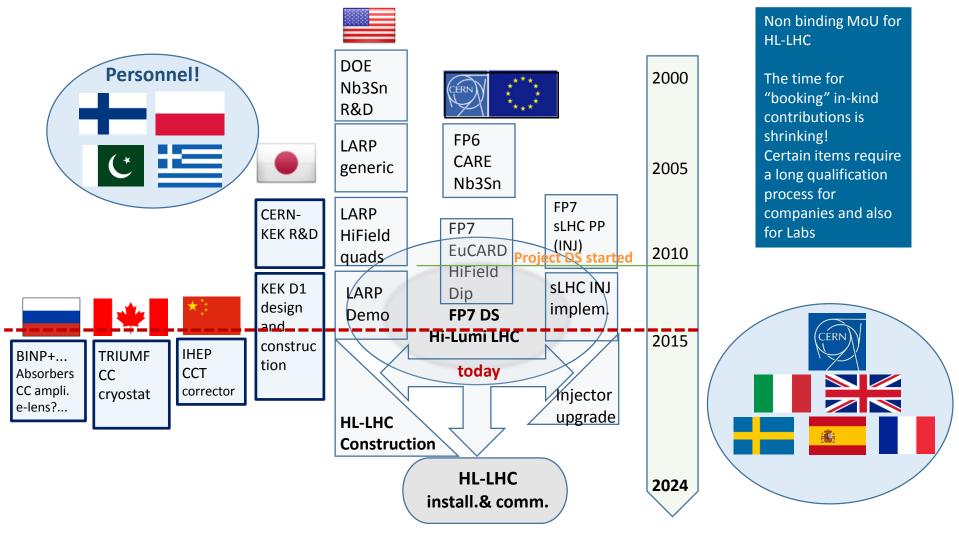


### Layout of the HL-LHC Magnets and Contributors

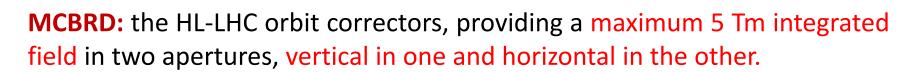


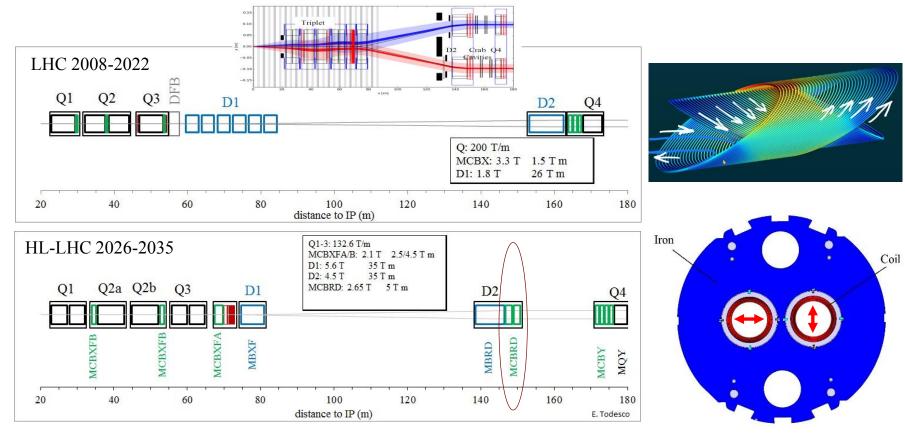
### **R&D of HL-LHC CCT Magnets**











IMF



### **R&D of HL-LHC CCT Magnets**



0.5m prototype completed. 2.2m prototype being fabricated and to be tested and delivered to CERN by Feb. 2020. Prodution to be started in spring 2020.



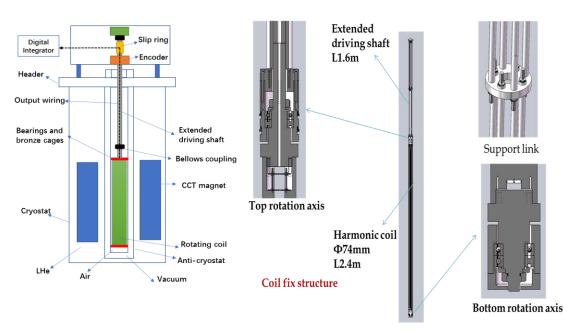
Fabrication of the 2.2m prototype CCT Magnet Q. XU, CEPCWS2019, Beijing, Nov 19 2019

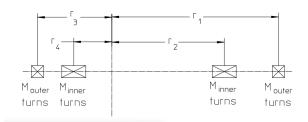




### Field Measurement System at 4.2K

Harmonic coil parameters						
r1/mm	r2/mm	r3/mm	r4/mm	Mout/turns	Min/turns	Rref/mm
35	23	-25	-17	80	120	35





- Mainly by the rotating coil.
- Subsidiarily by Hall probe and NMR probe.
- The field measurement system is ready.
- Two radius coils symmetric to the axis;
- Outer Coil :main winding
- Inner Coil :dipole bucking which cancel the dipole component: V\_A-V\_B
- Typical accuracy of the system :10<sup>-4</sup>.
- The rotating coil is positioned in two anticryostats.

# Summary

- **High field magnet technology** is the key to the success of the high energy accelerators in future.
- SPPC design scope: 12-24 T IBS magnets to reach 75-150 TeV with 100 km circumference.
- Strong domestic collaboration for the advanced HTS conductor R&D: Make IBS the High-T<sub>c</sub> and High-Field "NbTi" conductor in 10 years!
- R&D of high field magnet technology: the 1<sup>st</sup> twin-aperture model dipole (NbTi+Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn) reached 10.2 T @ 4.2 K; 12-16 T model dipole being developed.
- CERN & China Collaboration on accelerator technology: Start with the HL-LHC CCT magnets, and more in future.
- More collaborations with worldwide labs in future.

Thanks for your attention