

CEPC Tau Analysis



CEPC Workshop 2019
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Content

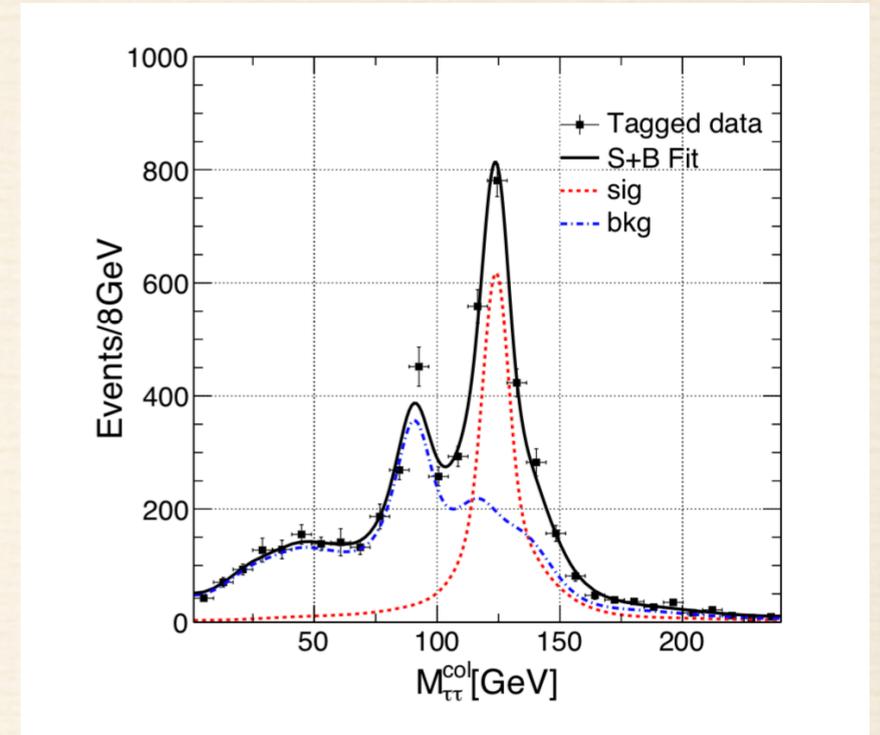
- ❖ The CEPC $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ signal strength analysis
 - ❖ Dedicate package
 - ❖ Combined accuracy
- ❖ CEPC τ decay mode analysis
 - ❖ Possible biases
 - ❖ Current status

Motivation

- ❖ Tau is the heaviest SM lepton - large coupling to Higgs boson $\text{Br}(H \rightarrow \tau\tau): 6.27\%$
- ❖ Rich relevant physics
- ❖ Performance rely on particle separation
 - ❖ Testbed for PFA/Objectives for detector optimization

Signal Strength Analysis (without jets)

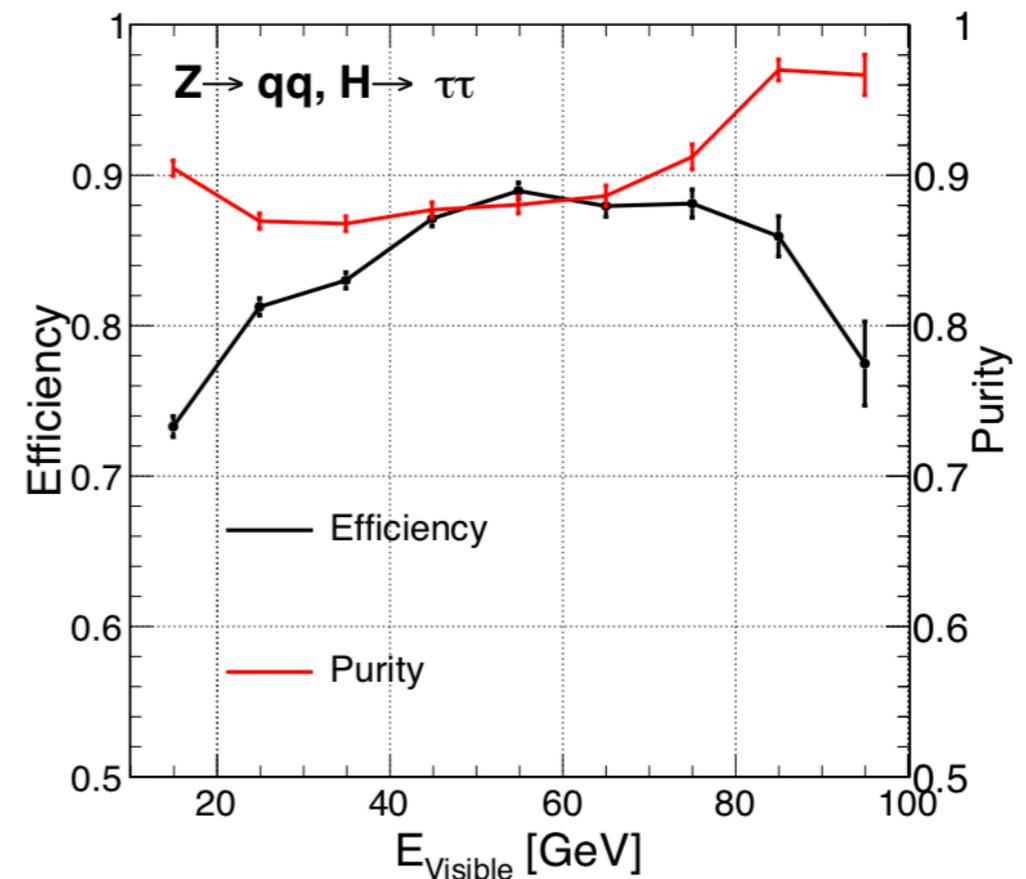
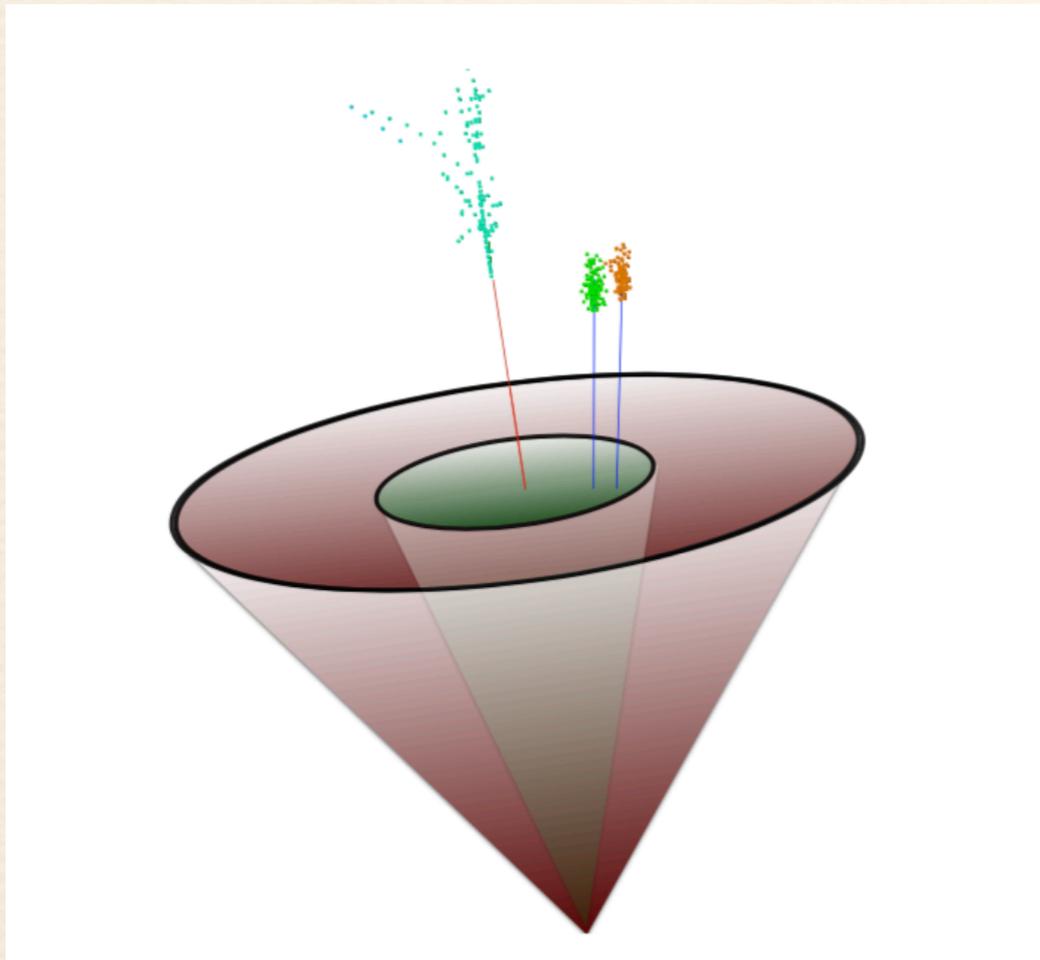
- ❖ Veto the two isolate lepton
- ❖ Divide the whole space into 2 part
- ❖ Use the **multiplicity** and **impact parameter** for $\tau\tau$ event selection.
- ❖ Fit the collinear mass for signal and background statistics



	$\mu\mu H\tau\tau$	$2f$	SW	SZ	WW	ZZ	mixed	ZH	total Bkg	$\sqrt{S+B}/S(\%)$
total generated	2388	801152078	19517399	9072946	50826211	6389424	21839941	1102582	909900581	1263.17
$N_{\mu^+} > 1, N_{\mu^-} > 1$	2341	22894549	37923	720547	1335231	831861	1251657	567636	27639404	233.56
$115\text{GeV} < M_{recoil} < 160\text{GeV}$	2186	864849	154	155502	396485	112837	164225	3114	1697166	61.75
$60\text{GeV} < M_{invariant} < 105\text{GeV}$	2118	662042	0	31145	111376	56642	99874	987	962066	48.08
$E_{Le} < 65\text{GeV}$	2101	658199	0	17760	111340	56516	99822	957	944594	48.02
$N_{Trk}(A/B) < 6$ & $N_{Ph}(A/B) < 7$	1977	78	0	996	2576	8019	29	105	11803	6.16
BDT > 0.78	1891	0	0	264	231	3682	9	39	4225	4.26
$M_{\tau\tau}^{col} > 0$	1853	0	0	259	88	3099	9	35	3490	4.07
$\tau\tau$ collinear mass fit result										2.75

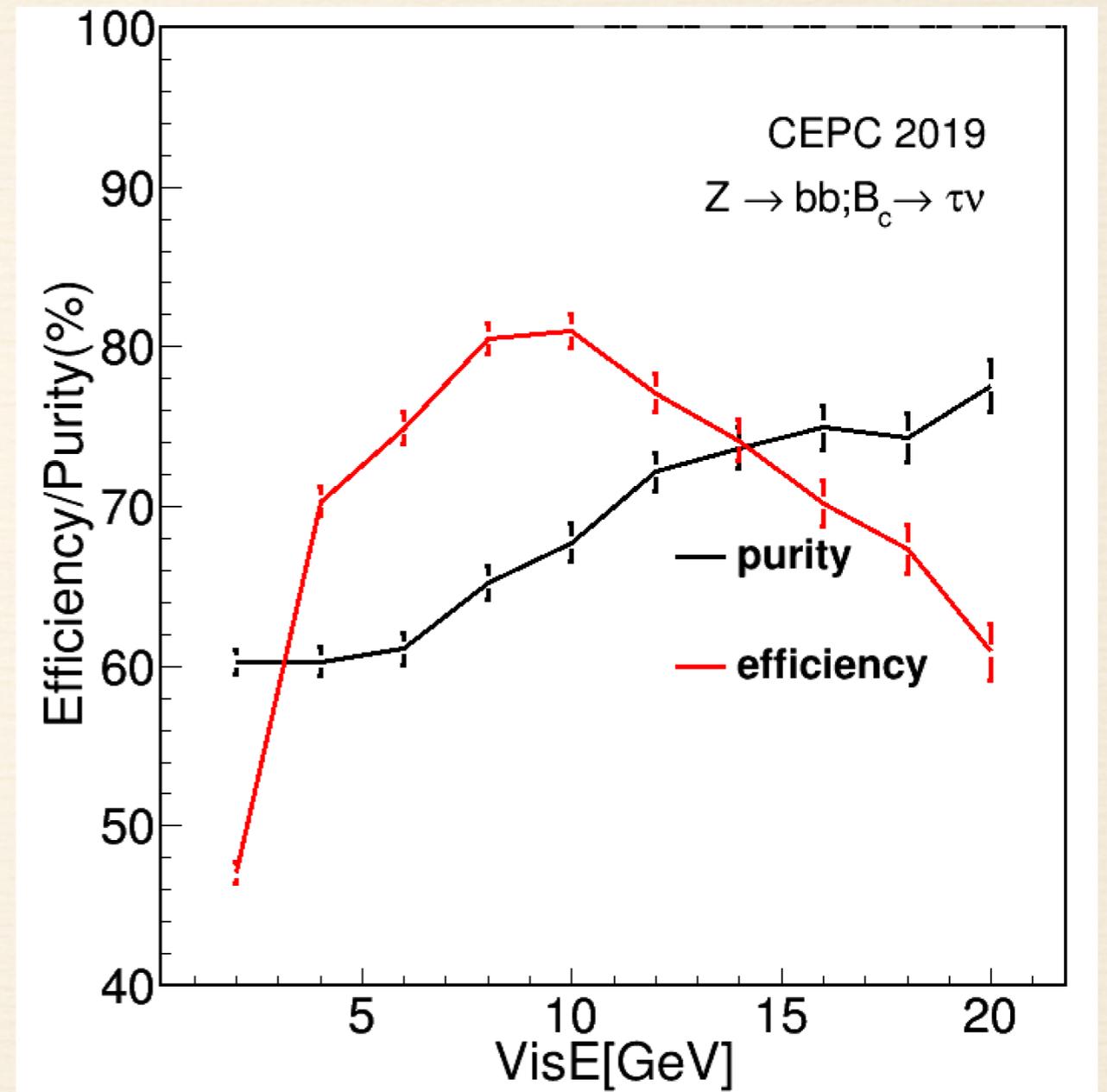
Signal Strength Analysis (with jets)

- ❖ TAURUS: A dedicate τ reconstruction package based on double cone algorithm
- ❖ Leading τ pair as the Higgs products



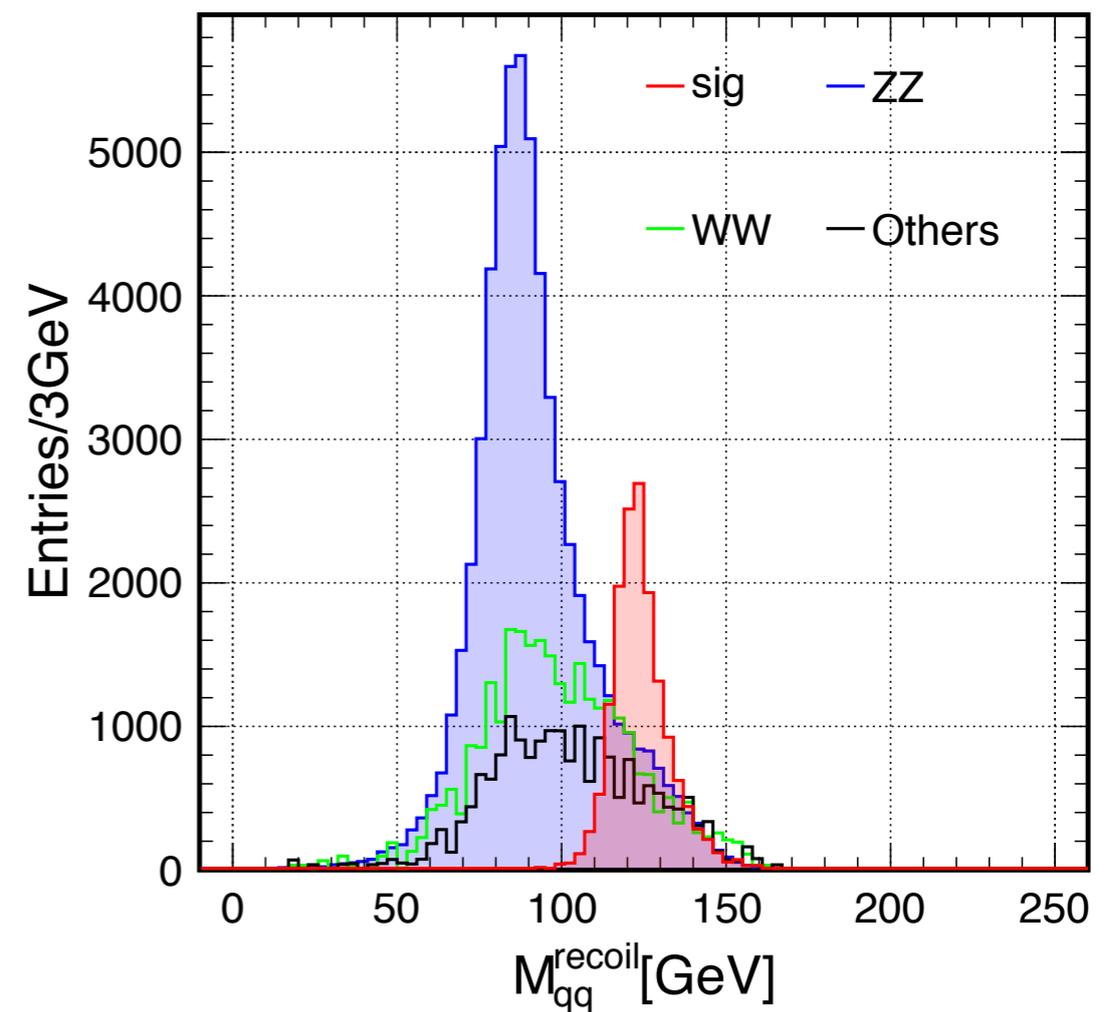
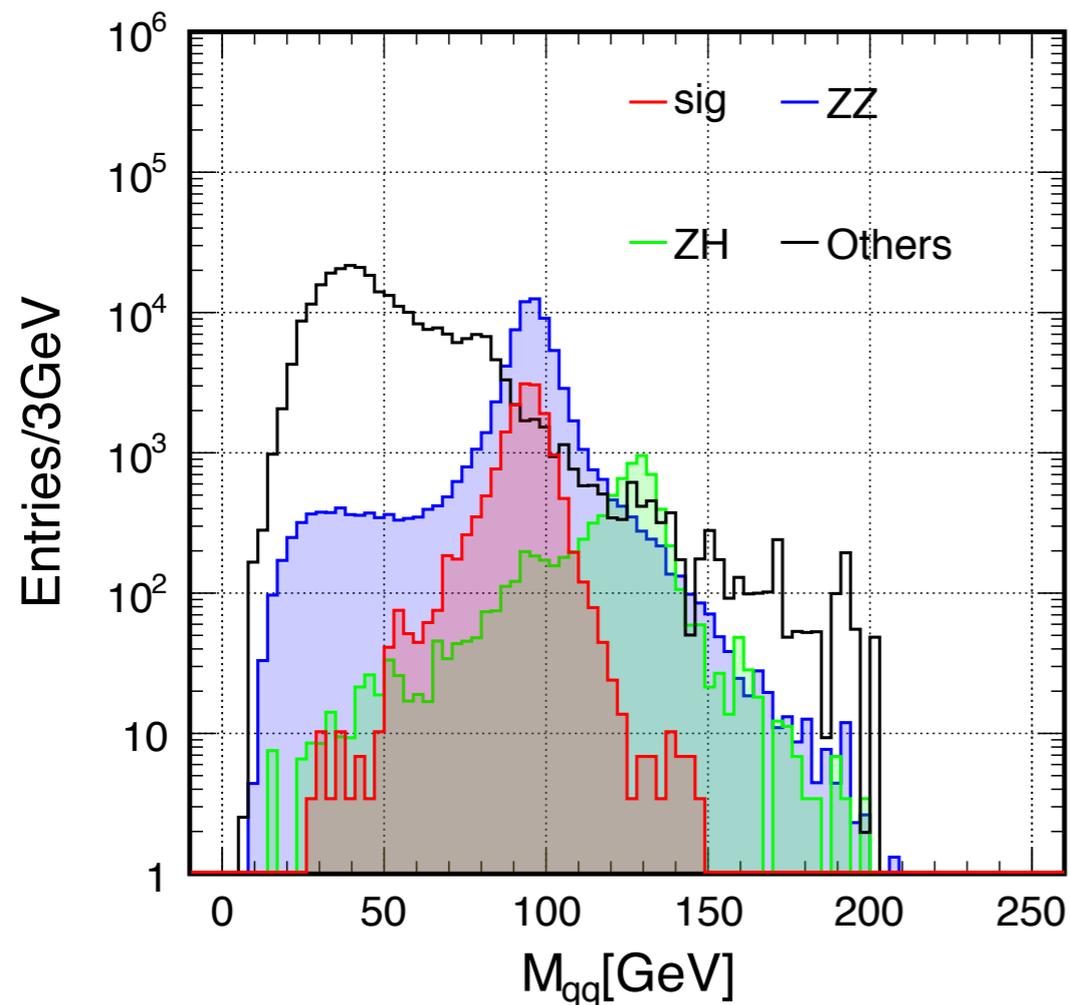
Tau in jets

- ❖ Sample:
- ❖ $B_c \rightarrow \tau \nu$
- ❖ Re-optimized with maximized $\text{eff} \cdot \text{pur}$



Signal Strength Analysis (with jets)

❖ Event selection: qq system information



Signal Strength Analysis (with jets)

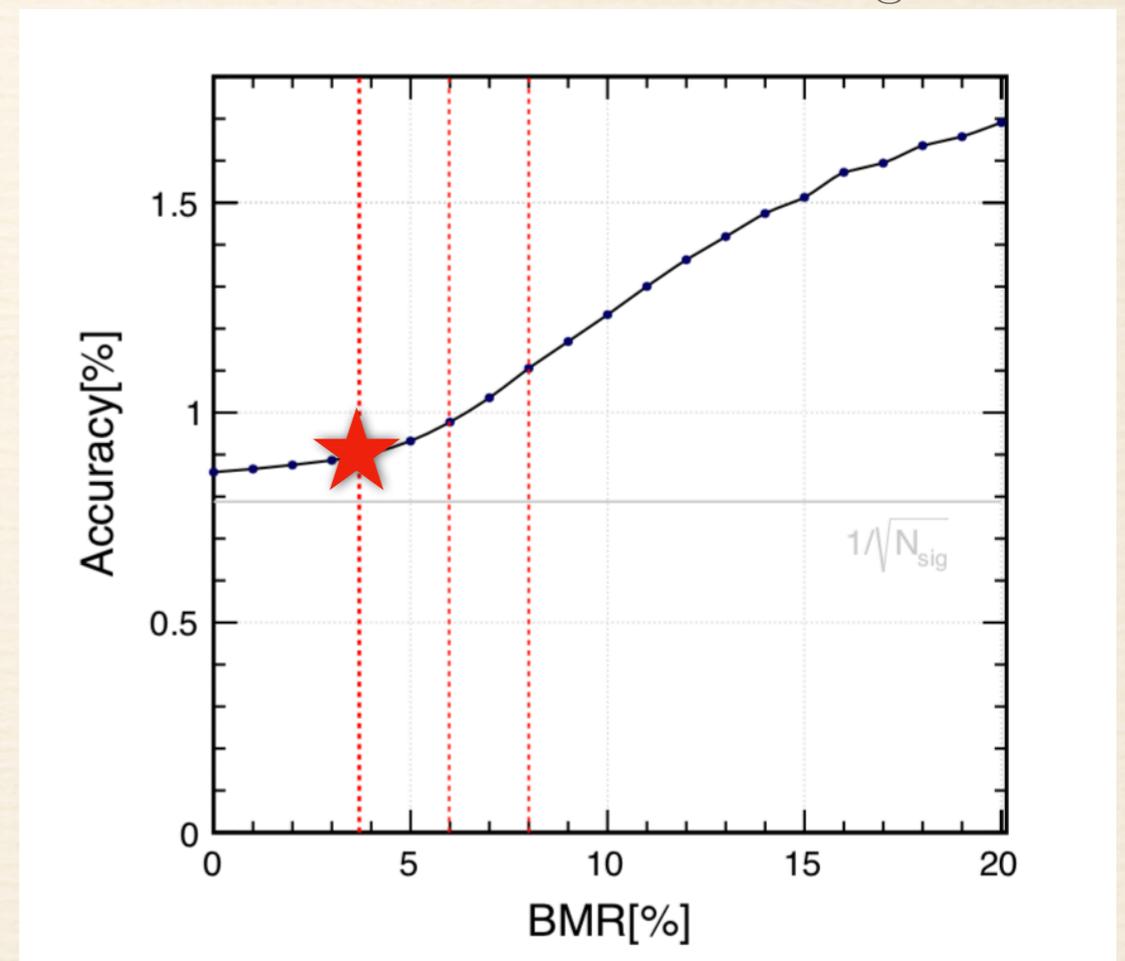
❖ Event selection: qq system information

	$qqH\tau\tau$	$2f$	SW	SZ	WW	ZZ	mixed	ZH	total Bkg	$\sqrt{S+B}/S$ (%)
Total Statistic	48266	801152078	19517399	9072946	50826211	6389424	21839941	374357	909679268	62.43
NCh>10	47347	272992986	13765307	1969972	47052263	5756249	18020636	331843	359889260	40.07
$110\text{GeV} < E_{tot} < 235\text{GeV}$	46183	173589861	13159096	942644	31297172	3239464	5154115	264535	227646887	32.67
$E_{Le} < 45\text{GeV}, E_{L\mu} < 65\text{GeV}$	44093	169589868	3413790	707027	22428227	2911836	4985026	237240	204273014	32.41
$N_{\tau^+} > 0, N_{\tau^-} > 0$	24214	401147	212183	13999	1129502	171380	193055	16821	2138087	6.55
$90\text{GeV} < M_{\tau\tau}^{col} < 160\text{GeV}$	17176	9717	21483	1689	135538	62721	7722	5305	244175	2.97
$70\text{GeV} < M_{qq} < 110\text{GeV}$	16257	1596	4119	1012	26823	52307	1818	717	88392	1.98
$M_{qq}^{rec}(\text{GeV}) > 100\text{GeV}$	16211	0	1463	637	11071	13814	1265	647	28897	1.31
2-D impact parameter fit result										0.93

Results & BMR Dependency

- ❖ Combined Accuracy: 0.8%
- ❖ BMR: boson mass resolution, Separate W/Z/H in hadronic decays
- ❖ 3.8% for the current Detector+PFA
- ❖ qqH signal strength accuracy degrades by 20% if the boson mass resolution degrades from 3.8% to 8%.

	$\delta(\sigma \times \text{BR}) / (\sigma \times \text{BR})$
$\mu\mu H$	2.8%
eeH	5.1%
$\nu\nu H$	7.9%
qqH	0.9%
combined	0.8%

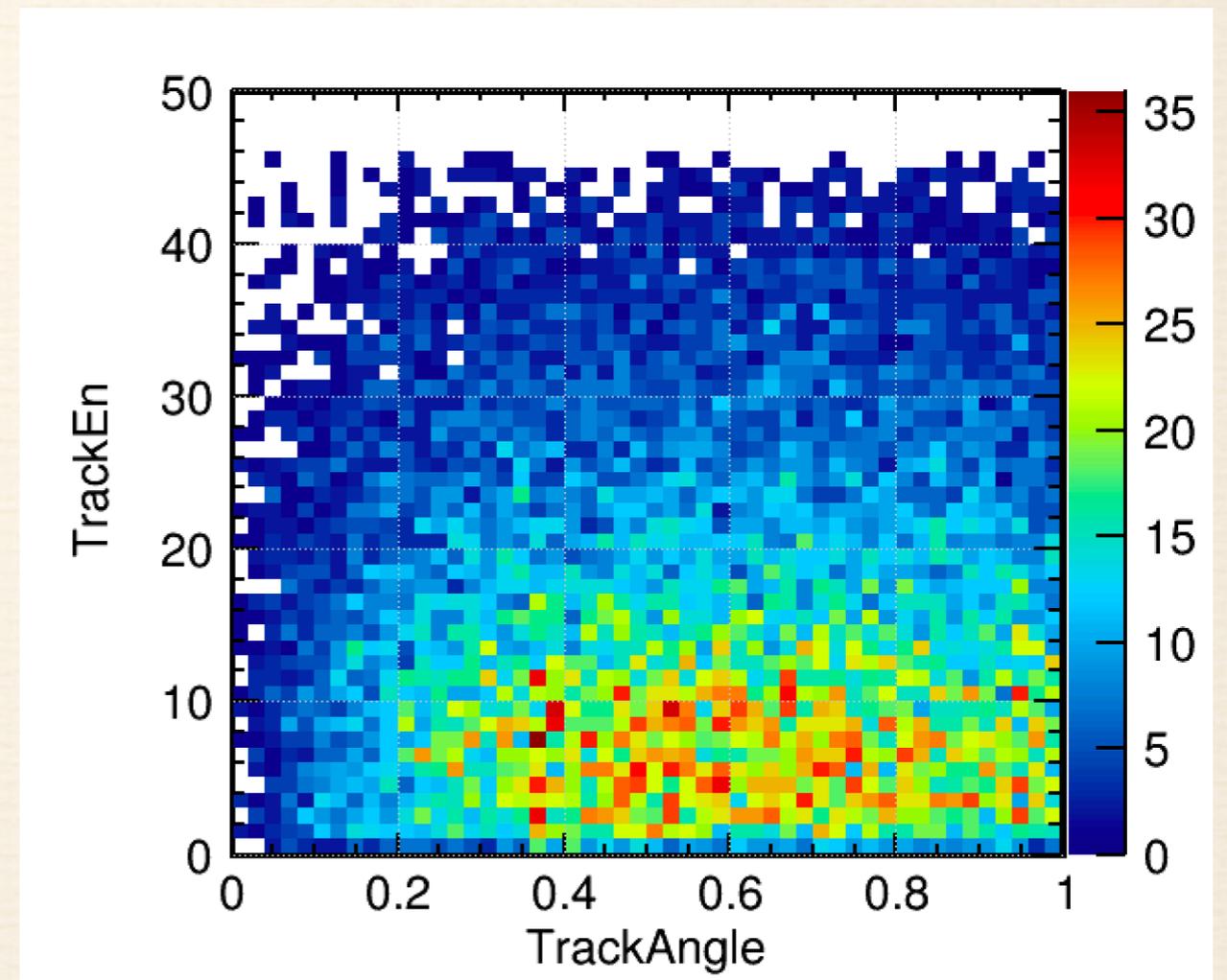
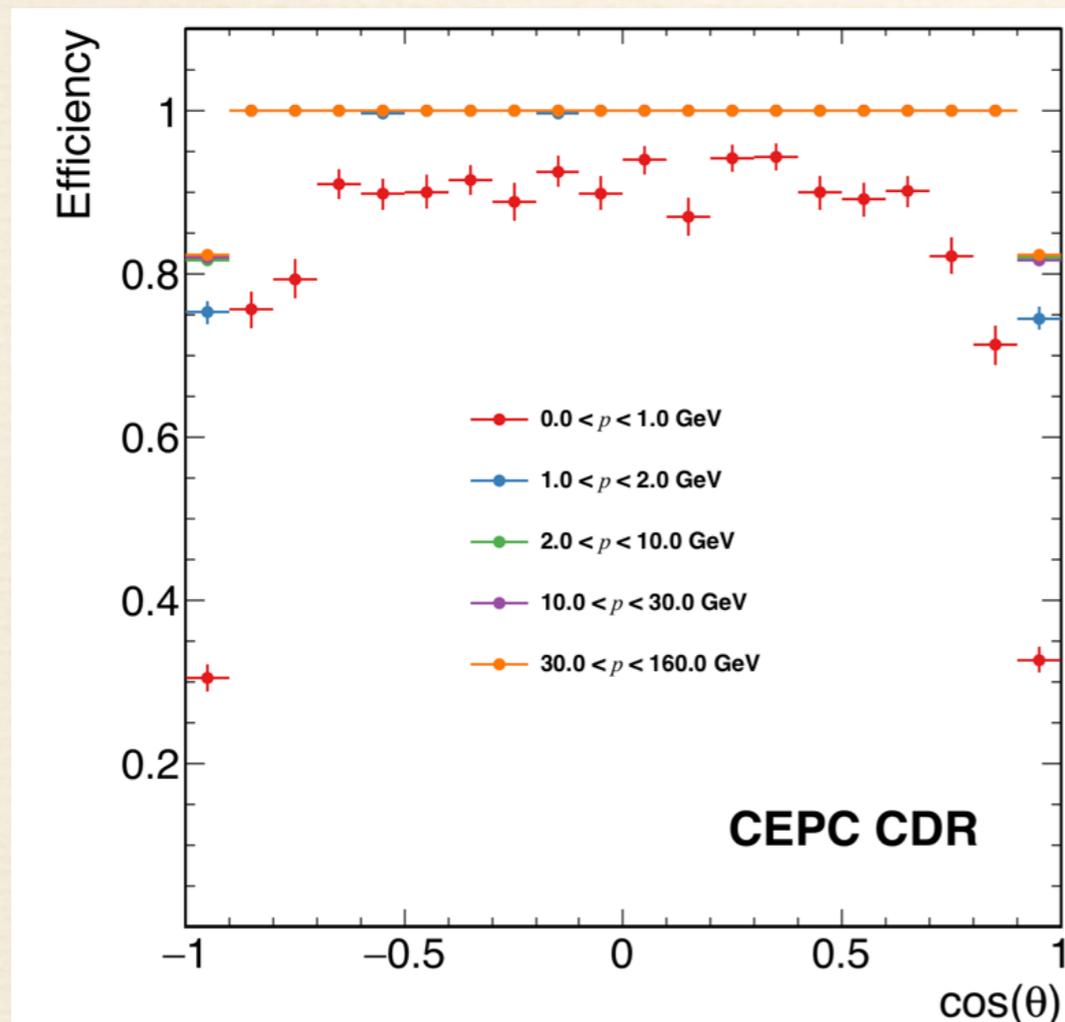


Next

- ❖ Taurus in other ZH channels
 - ❖ $\tau\tau H$ accuracy: 14% (low statistics)
- ❖ Tau in jets
- ❖ Measurement of polarization, CPV
 - ❖ Decay modes identification
 - ❖ event selection, non- τ background
 - ❖ photon detection efficiency, bremsstrahlung and radiative photons
 - ❖ charged particle identification, tracking of charged particles, converted photons, photon identification, fake photons, π^0 reconstruction

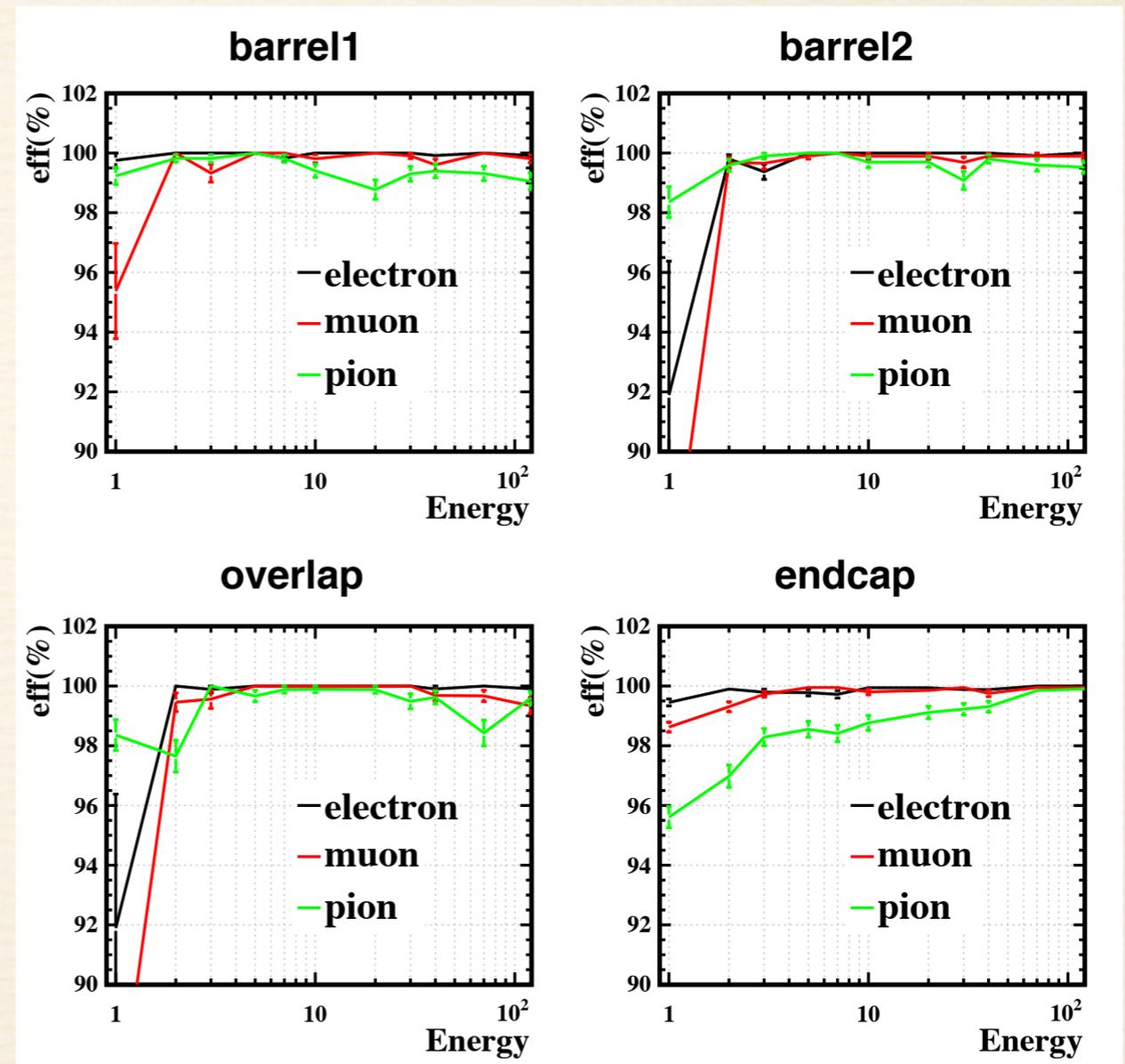
Tracking of Charged Particles

- ❖ Tracking efficiency in CDR
- ❖ Energy vs Angle of tracks decayed from Z pole to τ events
- ❖ Generally 97% for Z pole to τ events



Particle Identification

- ❖ LICH: lepton identification package
- ❖ Tracks in τ are isolated
- ❖ Performance comparable to single particle
- ❖ **>97% for $E_n > 2\text{GeV}$**



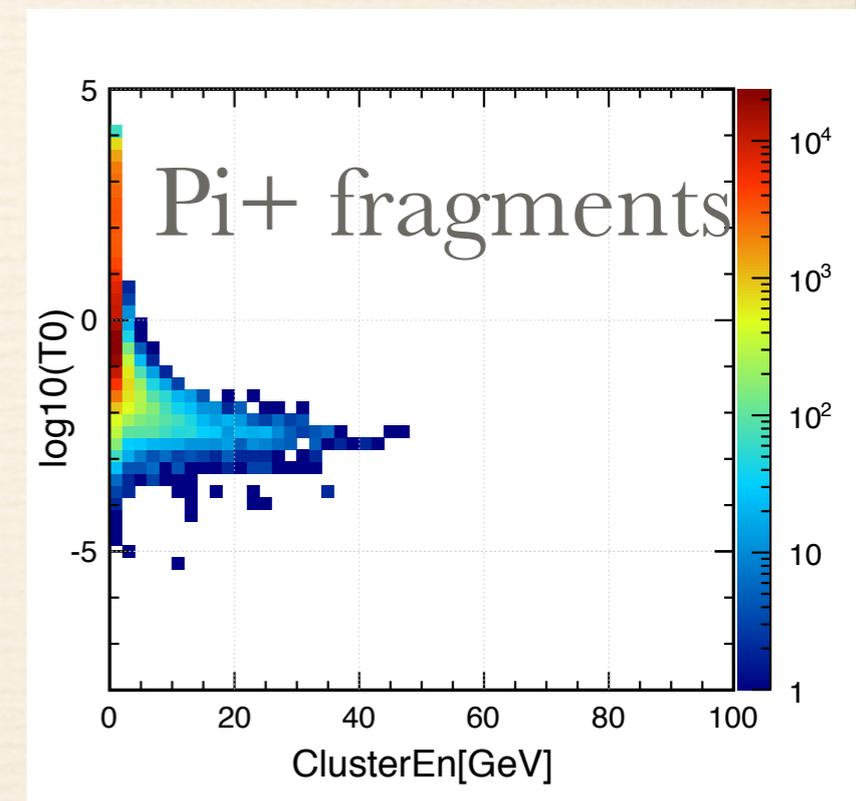
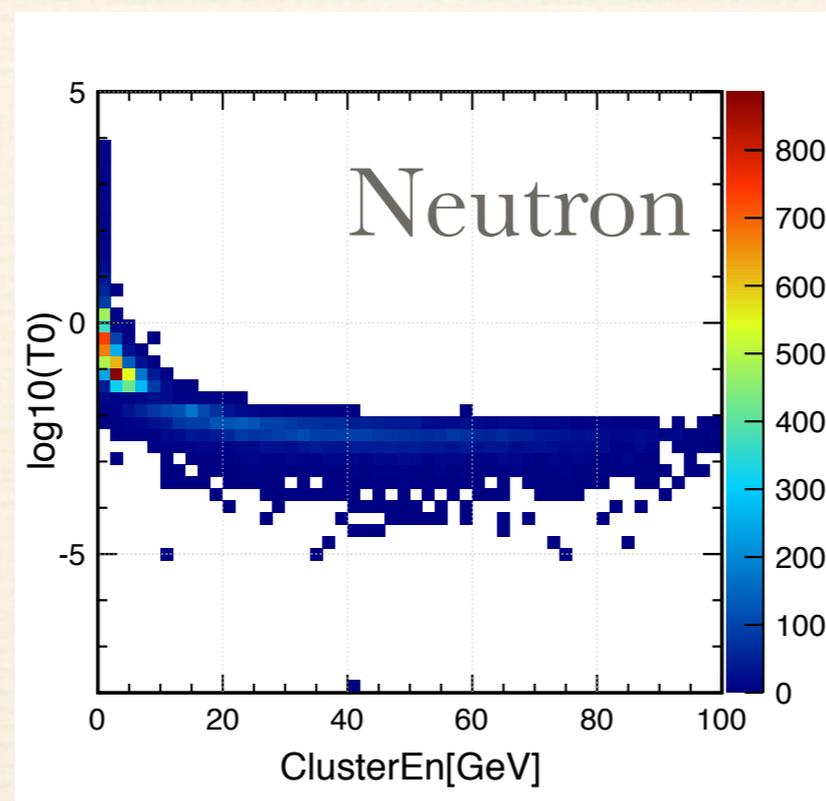
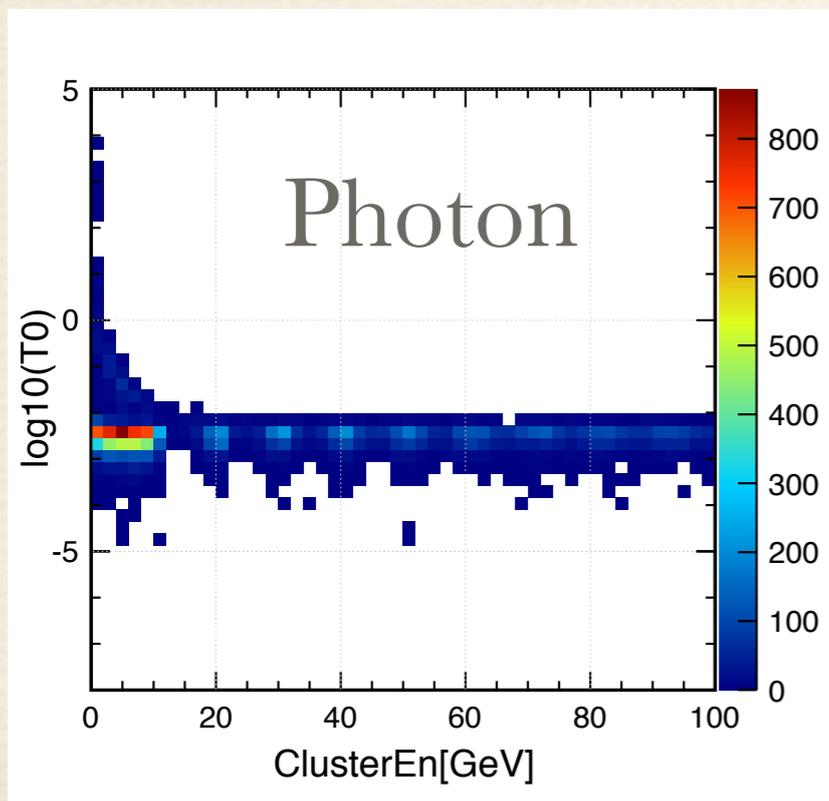
Photon Identification

- ❖ efficiency vs mis-id rate
- ❖ No neutron mis-id
- ❖ Probability for tracks to have no fragments:
 - ❖ e : 90.26%
 - ❖ μ : 88.66%
 - ❖ π : 65.11%

	<1GeV	1-5GeV	>5GeV
Photon	99.37	99.34	99.85
EM Fragment s	39.53	45.08	33.44
Hadron Fragment s	0	0.04	3.71
Neutron	0	0.02	4.7

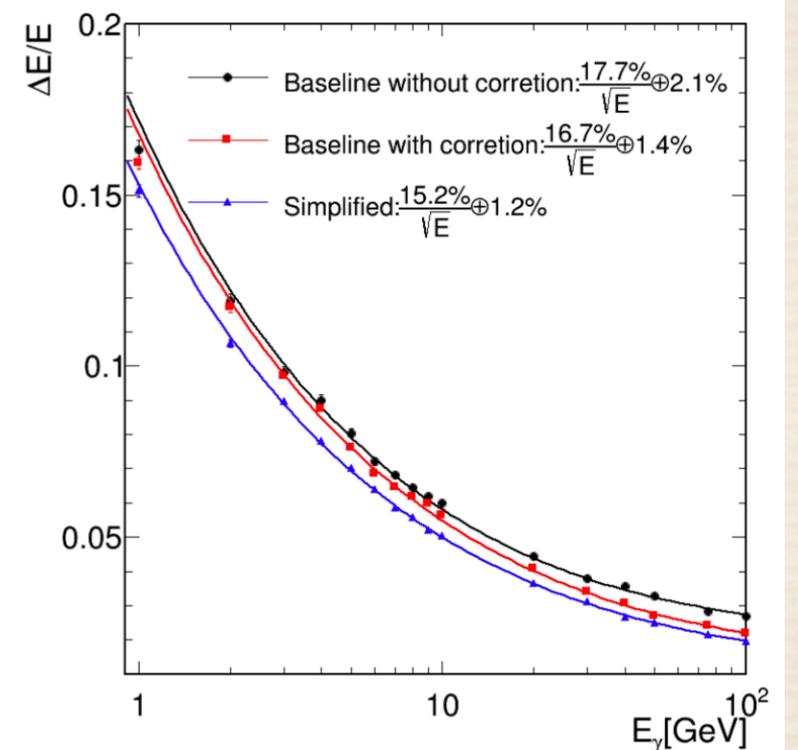
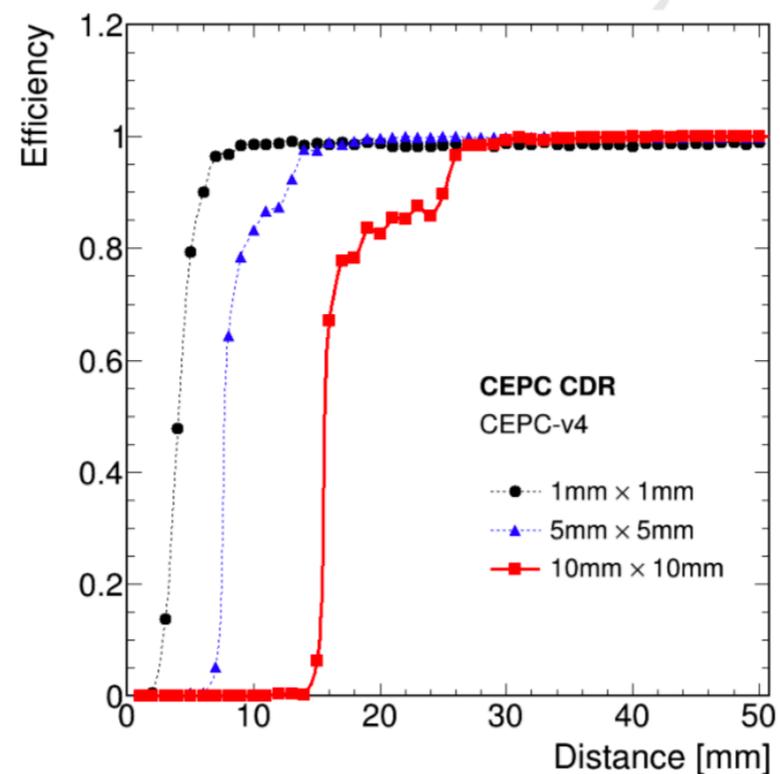
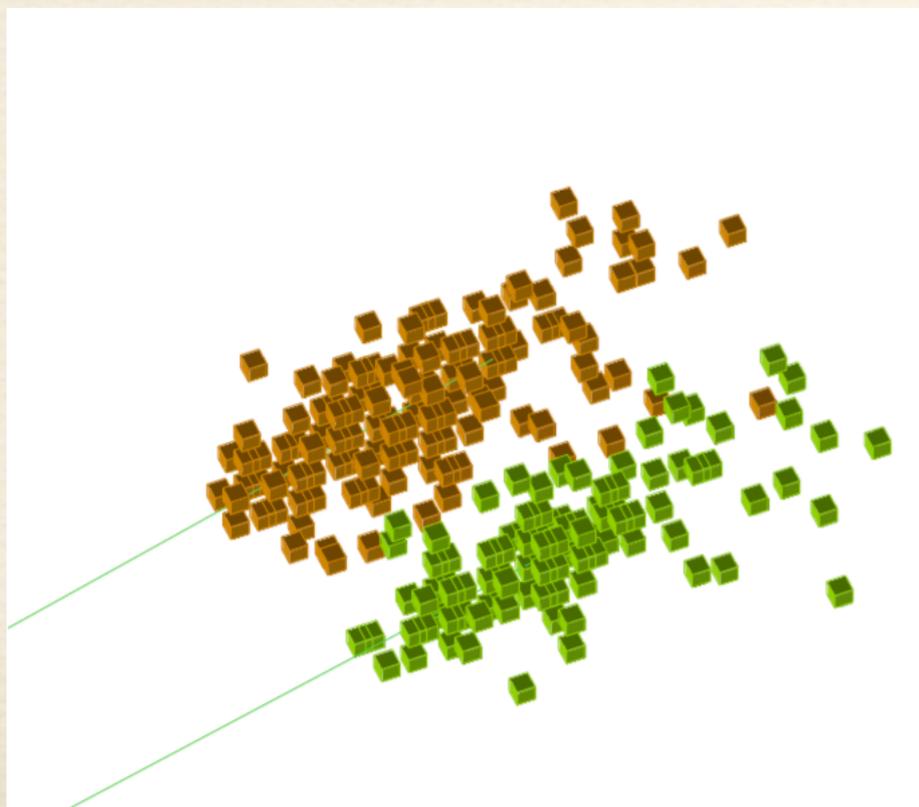
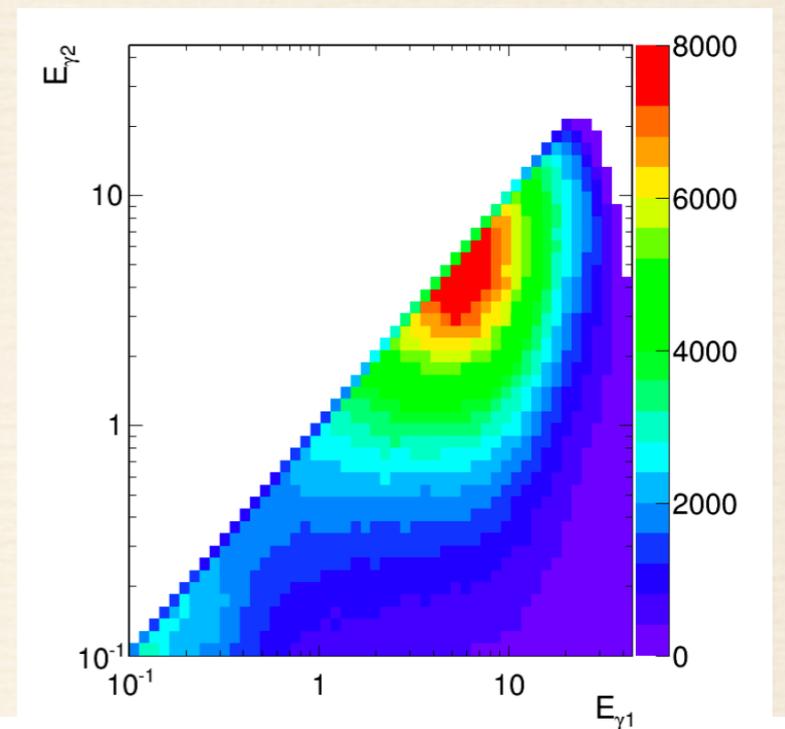
Fake Photons

- ❖ Fluctuations of a shower can generate “fake photons” which are artefacts of the clustering algorithm or true photons produced by secondary interactions in the ECAL.
- ❖ **Time (Truth)**
- ❖ Distance to the closest charged track



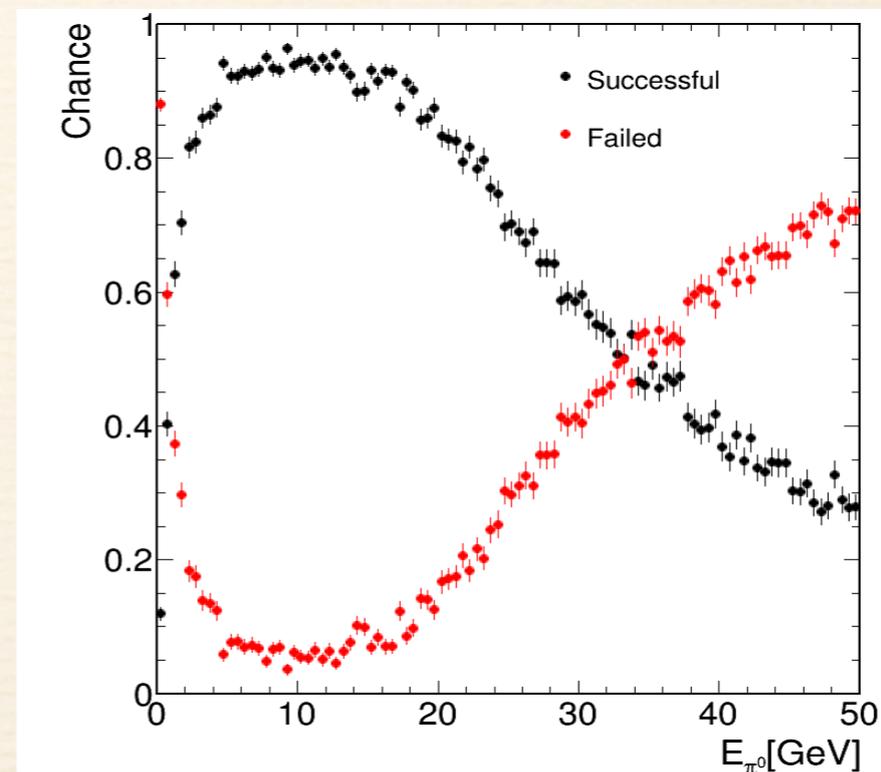
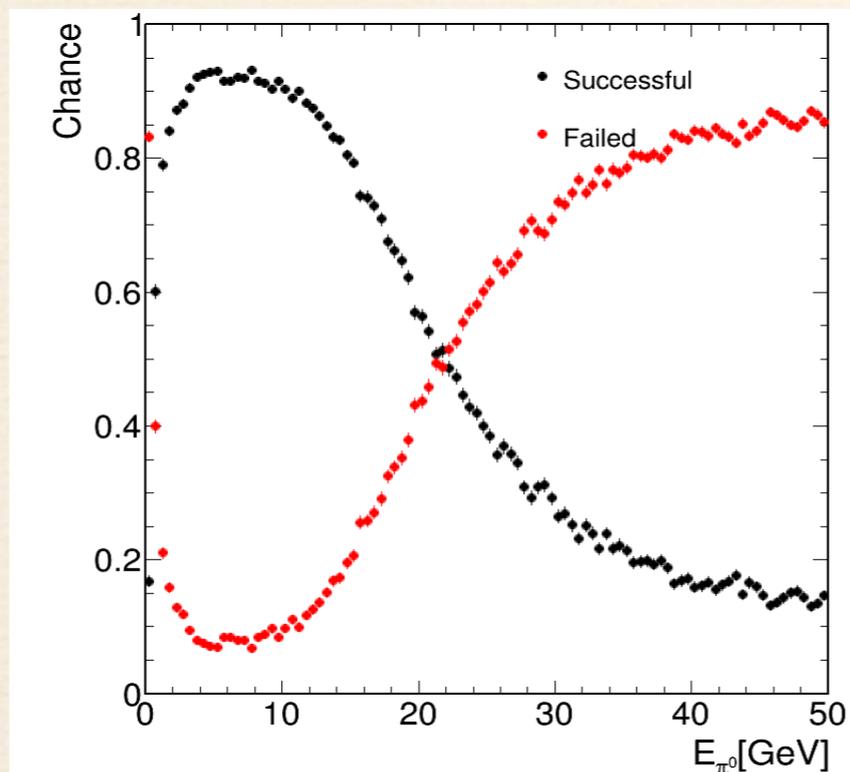
π^0 reconstruction

- ❖ No dedicated π^0 reconstruction yet — Efficiency of well separating photon pair
- ❖ photon distance ($>15\text{mm}$)
 - ❖ photons well separated $\sim 90\%$
- ❖ photon energy resolution
- ❖ Pairing: can take care of not detected photons, FSR, ISR...



π^0 reconstruction

The chance of the successfully reconstructed π^0 is defined as the probability of successfully reconstructed two photons at least and with the leading invariant mass between $(0.135-5\sigma, 0.135+5\sigma)$ MeV.



Estimate Efficiency

- ❖ Detector&Physics dependency not included
 - ❖ no FSR/ISR events
 - ❖ Photons energy $> 0.2\text{GeV}$ events

	1-prong(l)	1-prong(h)	1prong + 2photon	1prong + 4photon	3prong	3prong + 2photon
Reco Dependency Estimate	95%	94%	63%	42%	90%	59%

Current Migration Matrix

	No Trk	1-prong(l)	1-prong(h)	1prong + 1photon	1prong + 2photon	1prong + 3photon	1prong + 4photon	1prong + 5photon	3prong	3prong+ 2photon	other
1-prong(l)	3.58	88.42	3.17	2.58	0.04	0	0	0	0.35	0	Ntrk>1
1-prong(h)	5.90	5.76	78.17	4.49	0.82	0.20	0.06	0	1.16	0	Ntrk>1
1prong + 2photon	2.47	1.31	0.88	29.01	58.34	3.27	0.21	0.01	0.03	1.59	Ntrk>1
1prong + 4photon	1.93	1.23	0.17	1.78	9.75	31.07	45.01	3.24	0	0.19	Ntrk>1
3prong	1.34	1.93	0.34	0.15	0.05	0	0	0	88.44	0.24	Ntrk=2
3prong + 2photon	1.12	1.68	0.14	0.10	0.33	0.10	0.02	0.01	1.08	63.94	Nph=1

Summary

- ❖ $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ signal strength accuracy 0.8%
- ❖ Dependence on BMR studied
- ❖ τ decay mode study on going
 - ❖ Reconstruction tools
 - ❖ photon reconstruction, fragments absorption, π^0 reconstruction
 - ❖ Polarization, CPV, ...

Thank you!